JORGENSEN EARLE M CO /DE/ Form S-4/A February 09, 2007

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 9, 2007

Registration No. 333-139790

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 1
to
Form S-4
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

RELIANCE STEEL & ALUMINUM CO.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

California505195-1142616(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

350 South Grand Avenue, Suite 5100 Los Angeles, California 90071 (213) 687-7700

(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

David H. Hannah Chief Executive Officer Reliance Steel & Aluminum Co. 350 South Grand Avenue, Suite 5100 Los Angeles, California 90071 (213) 687-7700

(Name, Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Agent For Service)

Copies to:

Kay Rustand
Vice President and General Counsel
Reliance Steel & Aluminum Co.

Alan F. Denenberg Davis Polk & Wardwell 1600 El Camino Real

350 South Grand Avenue, Suite 5100 Los Angeles, California 90071 (213) 687-7700 Menlo Park, California 94025 (650) 752-2000

Duanagad Marrimum

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: From time to time after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If the securities being registered on this Form are being offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, check the following box: o

If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price per Unit(1)	Aggregate Offering Price(1)	Amount of Registration Fee
6.200% Senior Notes due 2016	\$350,000,000	100%	\$350,000,000	\$37,450(3)
Guarantees of 6.200% Senior	Ψ330,000,000	100 /6	ψ330,000,000	Ψ37,130(3)
Notes due 2016				(2)
6.850% Senior Notes due				
2036	\$250,000,000	100%	\$250,000,000	\$26,750(3)
Guarantees of 6.850% Senior				
Notes due 2036				(2)

- (1) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the amount of the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457 under the Securities Act of 1933.
- (2) Pursuant to Rule 457(n) under the Securities Act of 1933, no registration fee is required with respect to the guarantees.
- (3) Previously paid on January 3, 2007

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this

Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

TABLE OF ADDITIONAL REGISTRANT GUARANTORS

	State or Other I.R.S.		
	Jurisdiction of	Employer -	Industrial Classification
Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter(1)	Incorporation or Organization	Identification Number	Code Number
Allegheny Steel Distributors, Inc.	Pennsylvania	25-1248044	5051
Aluminum and Stainless, Inc.	Louisiana	72-0681494	5051
American Metals Corporation	California	68-0284528	5051
American Steel, L.L.C.	Oregon	93-1178411	5051
AMI Metals, Inc.	Tennessee	62-1191178	5051
CCC Steel, Inc.	Delaware	95-2504064	5051
Chapel Steel Corp.	Pennsylvania	23-1890801	5051
Chatham Steel Corporation	Georgia	58-0676215	5051
Crest Steel Corporation	California	95-2307217	5051
Durrett Sheppard Steel Co., Inc.	California	52-2074599	5051
Earle M. Jorgensen Company	Delaware	95-0886610	5051
Encore Metals (USA), Inc.	Washington	47-0938943	5051
Industrial Metals and Surplus, Inc.	Georgia	58-1318220	5051
LBT, Inc.	Illinois	36-3937176	5051
Liebovich Bros., Inc.	Illinois	36-2416641	5051
Lusk Metals	California	95-2097536	5051
Pacific Metal Company	Oregon	37-1433982	5051
PDM Steel Service Centers, Inc.	California	95-4769488	5051
Phoenix Corporation	Georgia	58-1455083	5051
Precision Strip, Inc.	Ohio	34-1207681	5051
Precision Strip Transport, Inc.	Ohio	34-1595224	5051
RSAC Management Corp.	California	95-4773660	8741
Service Steel Aerospace Corp.	Delaware	22-2998678	5051
Siskin Steel & Supply Company, Inc.	Tennessee	62-0470512	5051
Toma Metals, Inc.	Pennsylvania	25-1538276	5051
Viking Materials, Inc.	Minnesota	41-1226051	5051
Yarde Metals, Inc.	Connecticut	06-0970894	5051

⁽¹⁾ The address and telephone number of each co-registrant s principal executive offices is 350 South Grand Avenue, Suite 5100, Los Angeles, California 90071, (213) 687-7700.

Table of Contents

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and we are not soliciting offers to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED FEBRUARY 9, 2007

PROSPECTUS

Reliance Steel & Aluminum Co.

Offer to Exchange 6.200% Senior Notes due 2016 6.850% Senior Notes due 2036

for

6.200% Senior Notes due 2016 6.850% Senior Notes due 2036

We are offering to exchange up to \$350,000,000 of our new 6.200% Senior Notes due 2016 (the New 2016 Notes) for up to \$350,000,000 of our existing 6.200% Senior Notes due 2016 (the Old 2016 Notes) and up to \$250,000,000 of our new 6.850% Senior Notes due 2036 (the New 2036 Notes and, together with the New 2016 Notes, the New Notes) for up to \$250,000,000 of our existing 6.850% Senior Notes due 2036 (the Old 2036 Notes and, together with the Old 2016 Notes, the Old Notes). The terms of the New Notes are identical in all material respects to the terms of the Old Notes, except that the New Notes will be issued in a transaction registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), and the transfer restrictions and registration rights relating to the Old Notes will not apply to the New Notes.

To exchange your Old Notes for New Notes:

you are required to make the representations described on page 42 to us;

you must complete and send the letter of transmittal that accompanies this prospectus to the exchange agent, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association by midnight, New York time, on March , 2007; and

you should read the section called The Exchange Offer for further information on how to exchange your Old Notes for New Notes.

See Risk Factors beginning on page 7 for a discussion of risk factors that should be considered by you prior to tendering your Old Notes in the exchange offer.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities to be issued in the exchange offer or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

February, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements	ii
Summary	1
Risk Factors	7
Where You Can Find More Information	16
Information Incorporated by Reference	16
Use of Proceeds	17
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	17
Description of the New Notes	18
The Exchange Offer	36
Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Exchange Offer	43
Plan of Distribution	43
Validity of New Notes	44
<u>Experts</u>	44
EXHIBIT 5.1	
EXHIBIT 5.2	
EXHIBIT 5.3	
EXHIBIT 5.4 EXHIBIT 5.5	
EXHIBIT 5.6	
EXHIBIT 5.7	
EXHIBIT 5.8	
EXHIBIT 5.9	
EXHIBIT 5.10 EXHIBIT 23.11	
EXHIBIT 23.12	

The prospectus incorporates important business and financial information about the company that is not included in or delivered with the prospectus. This information is available without charge to security holders upon written or oral request to Reliance s Investor Relations department by calling (213) 687-7700, by writing to Investor Relations, Reliance Steel & Aluminum Co., 350 South Grand Avenue, Suite 5100, Los Angeles, California 90071. To obtain timely delivery, security holders must request the information no later than March , 2007, which is five business days before the expiration date of the Exchange Offer.

In this prospectus, the term Reliance refers to Reliance Steel & Aluminum Co.; the term subsidiary guarantors refers to those wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries of Reliance that guarantee the Old Notes and will guarantee the New Notes; we, us and our refer to Reliance and its subsidiaries (including the subsidiary guarantors).

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The forward-looking statements include the discussions of our business strategies and our expectations concerning future operations, margins, profitability, liquidity, and capital resources. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, expects. intends. plans. anticipates. believes. thinks, estimates. seeks. predicts. potential and simi These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from those in the future that are implied by these forward-looking statements. These risks and other factors include those described under Risk Factors and elsewhere in this prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference. Those factors, among others, could cause our actual results and performance to differ materially from the results and performance projected in, or implied by, the forward-looking statements. As you read and consider this prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference, you should carefully understand that the forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance or results.

All future written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or any person acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this section. New risks and uncertainties arise from time to time, and we cannot predict those events or how they may affect us. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements after the date of this prospectus as a result of new information, future events or developments, except as required by the federal securities laws.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Various factors, such as the factors listed below and further discussed in detail in Risk Factors, may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements. Among the factors that could cause our results to differ are the following:

The interest rates on our debt could change. The interest rates on our variable rate debt increased steadily during 2005 and 2006.

Foreign currency exchange rates could change, which could affect the price we pay for certain metals and the results of our foreign operations.

Our future operating results depend on a number of factors beyond our control, such as the prices for and the availability of metals, which could cause our results to fluctuate significantly over time. During periods of low customer demand it could be more difficult for us to pass through price increases to our customers, which could reduce our gross profit and net income. A significant or rapid increase or decrease in costs from current levels could also have a severe negative impact on our gross profit.

We service industries that are highly cyclical, and downturns in our customers industries could reduce our revenue and profitability.

The success of our business is affected by general economic conditions and, accordingly, our business was adversely impacted by the economic slowdown or recession in 2001, 2002 and 2003. This could occur in future periods.

We operate in a very competitive industry and increased competition could reduce our gross profit margins and net income.

As a decentralized business, we depend on both senior management and our operating employees; if we are unable to attract and retain these individuals, our results of operations may decline.

We may not be able to consummate future acquisitions, and those acquisitions that we do complete may be difficult to integrate into our business.

Our acquisitions might fail to perform as we anticipate. This could result in an impairment charge to write off some or all of the goodwill for that entity. Acquisitions may also result in our becoming responsible for unforeseen liabilities that may adversely affect our financial condition and liquidity.

ii

Table of Contents

We are subject to various environmental and other governmental regulations which may require us to expend significant capital and incur substantial costs.

We may discover internal control deficiencies in our decentralized operations or in an acquisition that must be reported in our SEC filings, which may result in a negative impact on the ratings of our debt.

The foregoing factors are not exhaustive, and new factors may emerge or changes to the foregoing factors may occur that could impact our business. Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future performance or results. We are not obligated to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. You should consider these risks when reading any forward-looking statements and review carefully the section captioned Risk Factors in this prospectus for a more complete discussion of the risks of an investment in the New Notes.

iii

SUMMARY

This summary highlights the more detailed information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus and you should read the entire prospectus and the documents incorporated herein carefully.

Reliance Steel & Aluminum Co.

We are one of the largest metals service center companies in the United States. Our network of 26 divisions, 25 operating subsidiaries and a 70%-owned company operates at more than 160 locations in 37 states, Belgium, Canada, China and South Korea. Through this network, we provide metals processing services and distribute a full line of more than 90,000 metal products, including alloy, aluminum, brass, copper, carbon steel, titanium, stainless steel and specialty steel products, to more than 95,000 customers in a broad range of industries. Many of our metals service centers process and distribute only specialty metals.

Our primary business strategy is to enhance our operating results through strategic acquisitions, expansion of our existing operations and improved operating performance at our locations. We believe that our geographic, customer and product diversification makes us less vulnerable to regional or industry-specific economic volatility. In 2005, we achieved our highest ever levels of net sales of \$3.4 billion and net income of \$205.4 million. With the strong business conditions and significant acquisitions that we have completed by the end of the third quarter of 2006, we had already surpassed our 2005 results with net sales of \$4.2 billion and net income of \$280 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Recent Developments

Issuance of Old Notes

On November 15, 2006, we priced an offering of the Old Notes, the net proceeds of which we used to repay outstanding debt under our credit facility, including borrowings made to fund the repurchase by our subsidiary Earle M. Jorgensen Company (EMJ) of its 93/4% Senior Secured Notes due 2012 (the EMJ Notes). The Old Notes, which were offered only to qualified institutional buyers in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act, and in offshore transactions pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act, were issued under an indenture dated November 20, 2006 among Reliance, the subsidiary guarantors and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee.

Repurchase of EMJ Notes

On October 12, 2006, our subsidiary EMJ launched a cash tender offer to purchase any and all of its \$250 million aggregate principal amount of the EMJ Notes and a related consent solicitation to amend the indenture governing the notes to eliminate substantially all of the restrictive covenants and security interests in EMJ s assets. The consent solicitation expired on October 25, 2006, with sufficient notes tendered to effect the requested amendments upon EMJ s acceptance of the tendered notes. The tender offer expired on November 8, 2006. EMJ accepted for payment all of the \$249.7 million aggregate principal amount of EMJ Notes that were tendered in the tender offer. This transaction settled on November 9, 2006 for \$277.8 million, which included consent payments and accrued and unpaid interest.

New Credit Facility

On November 9, 2006 we entered into a syndicated credit agreement providing for a \$1.1 billion, five-year, unsecured revolving credit facility that replaced our previous \$700 million revolving credit facility and our short-term

\$100 million credit facility. The credit agreement permits us to increase this facility by up to \$500 million, subject to certain customary conditions. We have used funds borrowed under the new credit facility to fund the repurchase of the EMJ Notes described above and the repayment of amounts outstanding under our previous credit facilities, a portion of which was subsequently repaid with the proceeds from the issuance and sale of the Old Notes. We expect to use future borrowings under the new credit facility for working capital and general corporate purposes, including acquisitions, capital expenditures, debt repayments, dividend payments and stock repurchases.

1

Table of Contents

Recent Acquisitions

On November 1, 2006, we entered into an agreement to acquire Crest Steel Corporation, a metals service center company headquartered in Carson, California, with facilities in Riverside, California and Phoenix, Arizona. Crest specializes in the processing and distribution of carbon steel products including flat-rolled, plate, bars and structurals. Crest s net sales for the 2005 fiscal year were approximately \$129 million. This transaction was completed on January 2, 2007.

On December 6, 2006, we entered into an agreement to acquire Industrial Metals and Surplus, Inc., a metals service center company headquartered in Atlanta, Georgia, and a related company, Athens Steel, Inc., located in Athens, Georgia. Industrial Metals was founded in 1978 and specializes in the processing and distribution of carbon steel products and ornamental iron products. Industrial Metals net sales for the 2005 fiscal year were approximately \$72 million. This transaction was completed on January 2, 2007.

On December 22, 2006, we entered into an agreement to acquire the net assets and business of the Encore Group of metals service center companies (Encore Metals, Encore Metals (USA), Inc., Encore Coils, and Team Tube) headquartered in Edmonton, Alberta, Canada. Encore specializes in the processing and distribution of alloy and carbon bar and tube, as well as stainless steel sheet, plate and bar and carbon steel flat-rolled products, through its 17 facilities located mainly in Western Canada. Encore s net sales for the 2006 fiscal year were approximately C\$259 million. This transaction was completed as of February 1, 2007.

Long-Term Debt Rating

Moody s Investors Service Inc. and Standard & Poor s rate the Old Notes Baa3 (stable outlook) and BBB- (stable outlook), respectively, as of the date of the prospectus. A rating reflects only the views of a rating agency and is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold the notes. Any rating can be revised upward or downward or withdrawn at any time by a rating agency if it decides the circumstances warrant that change. Each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating.

Reliance is a California corporation. The principal executive offices of Reliance are located at 350 South Grand Avenue, Suite 5100, Los Angeles, California 90071, and the telephone number is (213) 687-7700. Reliance maintains a website at www.rsac.com where general information about the company is available. The contents of the website are not incorporated into this prospectus or the registration statement of which it forms a part.

2

The Exchange Offer

Securities Offered We are offering up to \$350,000,000 aggregate principal amount of New

2016 Notes and up to \$250,000,000 aggregate principal amount of New 2036 Notes, all of which will be registered under the Securities Act and

which will be guaranteed by the subsidiary guarantors.

The Exchange OfferWe are offering to issue the New Notes in exchange for a like principal

amount of your Old Notes. We are offering to issue the New Notes to satisfy our obligations contained in the registration rights agreement entered into when the Old Notes were sold in transactions permitted by Rule 144A and Regulation S under the Securities Act and therefore not registered with the SEC. For procedures for tendering, see The Exchange

Offer.

Tenders, Expiration Date, Withdrawal The exchange offer will expire at midnight New York City time on

March , 2007 unless it is extended. If you decide to exchange your Old Notes for New Notes, you must acknowledge that you are not engaging in, and do not intend to engage in, a distribution of the New Notes. If you decide to tender your Old Notes in the exchange offer, you may withdraw them at any time prior to March , 2007. If we decide for any reason not to accept any Old Notes for exchange, your Old Notes will be returned to you without expense to you promptly after the exchange offer expires.

Material U.S. Federal Income Tax

Consequences

Your exchange of Old Notes for New Notes in the exchange offer will not result in any income, gain or loss to you for U.S. federal income tax

purposes. See Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the

Exchange Offer.

Use of ProceedsWe will not receive any proceeds from the issuance of the New Notes in

the exchange offer.

Exchange Agent Wells Fargo Bank, National Association is the exchange agent for the

exchange offer.

Failure to Tender Your Old Notes If you fail to tender your Old Notes in the exchange offer, you will not

have any further rights under the registration rights agreement, including any right to require us to register your Old Notes or to pay you additional

interest.

You will be able to resell the New Notes without registering them with the SEC if you meet the requirements described below:

Based on interpretations by the SEC s staff in no-action letters issued to third parties, we believe that New Notes issued in exchange for Old Notes in the exchange offer may be offered for resale, resold or otherwise transferred by you without registering the New Notes under the Securities Act or delivering a prospectus, unless you are a broker-dealer receiving securities for your own account, so long as:

you are not one of our affiliates, which is defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act;

you acquired the Old Notes to be exchanged for New Notes in the exchange offer in the ordinary course of your business;

you do not have any arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution (within the meaning of the Securities Act) of the Old Notes or the New Notes; and

3

Table of Contents

you are not engaged in, and do not intend to engage in, a distribution (within the meaning of the Securities Act) of the Old Notes or the New Notes.

If you are an affiliate of Reliance or you are engaged in, intend to engage in or have any arrangement or understanding with respect to, the distribution of New Notes acquired in the exchange offer, you (1) should not rely on our interpretations of the position of the SEC s staff and (2) must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction.

If you are a broker-dealer and receive New Notes for your own account in the exchange offer:

you must represent that you do not have any arrangement with us or any of our affiliates to distribute the New Notes;

you must acknowledge that you will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of the New Notes you receive from us in the exchange offer; the letter of transmittal states that by so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus, you will not be deemed to admit that you are an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act; and

you may use this prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, for a period of 180 days from the latest date that tendered Old Notes are accepted for exchange pursuant to the exchange offer, in connection with the resale of New Notes received in exchange for Old Notes acquired by you as a result of market-making or other trading activities.

For a period of 90 days after the consummation of the exchange offer, we will make this prospectus available to any broker-dealer for use in connection with any resale described above.

4

Summary Description of the Notes

The terms of the New Notes and the Old Notes are identical in all material respects, except that the New Notes will be issued in a transaction registered under the Securities Act, and the transfer restrictions and registrations rights relating to the Old Notes will not apply to the New Notes.

Issuer

Reliance Steel & Aluminum Co.

Subsidiary Guarantors

The Notes will be unconditionally guaranteed by the subsidiary guarantors, consisting of each wholly-owned domestic subsidiary of Reliance that is a borrower under or guarantees the obligations under our credit agreement and our outstanding private notes. Additional wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries will be required to guarantee the Notes, and the guarantees of the subsidiary guarantors with respect to the Notes will terminate or be released, in each case in the circumstances set forth under Description of Notes Guarantees. As of September 30, 2006, Reliance and the subsidiary guarantors accounted for approximately \$3.6 billion, or 97%, of our total consolidated assets. Reliance and the subsidiary guarantors also accounted for approximately \$4.0 billion, or 97%, of our total consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Maturity Date

The New 2016 Notes will mature on November 15, 2016 and the New 2036 Notes will mature on November 15, 2036, in each case unless earlier redeemed or repurchased.

Interest Rates

The New 2016 Notes will bear interest at the rate of 6.200% per annum and the 2036 notes will bear interest at the rate of 6.850% per annum, each from the most recent interest payment date for which interest has been paid.

Interest Payment Dates

May 15 and November 15 of each year, on the interest payment date next occurring after the initial issuance of the New 2016 Notes and the New 2036 Notes, respectively.

Ranking of Notes and Guarantees

The Notes will be our senior unsecured obligations and will rank equally with all of our existing and future unsubordinated and unsecured obligations. So long as the guarantees are in effect, each subsidiary guaranter s guarantee will be the senior unsecured obligation of such subsidiary guarantor and will rank equally with its existing and future unsubordinated and unsecured obligations.

The Notes and the guarantees will be effectively junior to all existing and future secured indebtedness of Reliance and, so long as they are in effect, the guarantees of any subsidiary guarantors will be effectively junior to all secured indebtedness of those subsidiaries, in each case, to the extent of the assets securing such indebtedness. As of September 30, 2006, Reliance and the subsidiary guarantors had secured indebtedness of approximately \$2.1 million and \$4.1 million, respectively (excluding the repurchased

EMJ Notes).

Sinking Fund None.

Optional Redemption We may redeem the Notes of either series, in whole or in part, at any time

at redemption prices determined as set forth under the heading Description

of Notes Optional Redemption.

5

Table of Contents

Change of Control Repurchase Event

Upon the occurrence of a change of control repurchase event, as defined under Description of Notes Purchase of Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event, we will be required to make an offer to purchase the Notes at a price equal to 101% of their principal amounts, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of repurchase.

Certain Covenants

The indenture governing the Notes contains covenants limiting our ability and our subsidiaries ability to:

create certain liens;

enter into sale and leaseback transactions; and

consolidate or merge with, or convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all our assets to, another person.

However, each of these covenants is subject to a number of significant exceptions. You should read Description of Notes Covenants for a description of these covenants.

Form and Denominations

We will issue the Notes in fully registered form in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. Each of the Notes will be represented by one or more global securities registered in the name of a nominee of The Depository Trust Company, or DTC.

You will hold beneficial interests in the Notes through DTC, and DTC and its direct and indirect participants will record your beneficial interest in their books. Except under limited circumstances, we will not issue certificated Notes.

Further Issuances

We may create and issue additional notes ranking equally with the Notes of each series initially offered in this offering and otherwise similar in all respects (other than the issue date and public offering price or the first payment of interest following the issue date of such further notes). These additional notes would be guaranteed by the subsidiary guarantors on the same basis as the Notes. These additional notes and related guarantees would be consolidated and form a single series with the Notes and related guarantees of the relevant series.

Use of Proceeds

We will not receive any proceeds from the exchange of New Notes for Old Notes.

Governing Law

New York

6

RISK FACTORS

In considering whether to exchange your Old Notes for the New Notes, you should carefully consider all the information that has been included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. In particular, you should carefully consider the risk factors described below. Our business, results of operations and financial condition may be materially adversely affected due to any of the following risks. The risks described below are not the only ones we face. Additional risks of which we are not presently aware or that we currently believe are immaterial may also harm our business.

Risks Related to Our Business and Industry

Our indebtedness could impair our financial condition and reduce the funds available to us for other purposes and our failure to comply with the covenants contained in our debt instruments could result in an event of default that could adversely affect our operating results.

We have substantial debt service obligations. As of September 30, 2006, we had aggregate outstanding indebtedness of approximately \$1.26 billion. This indebtedness could adversely affect us in the following ways:

our ability to obtain additional financing in the future for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, general corporate purposes or other purposes may be impaired;

a significant portion of our cash flow from operations must be dedicated to the payment of interest and principal on our debt, which reduces the funds available to us for our operations or other purposes;

some of the interest on debt is, and will continue to be, accrued at variable rates, which may result in higher interest expense in the event of increases in interest rates;

because we may be more leveraged than some of our competitors, our debt may place us at a competitive disadvantage;

our leverage may increase our vulnerability to economic downturns and limit our ability to withstand adverse events in our business by limiting our financial alternatives; and

our ability to capitalize on significant business opportunities, including potential acquisitions, and to plan for, or respond to, competition and changes in our business may be limited.

Our existing debt agreements contain, and our future debt agreements may contain, financial and restrictive covenants that limit our ability to incur additional debt, including to finance future operations or other capital needs, and to engage in other activities that we may believe are in our long-term best interests, including to dispose of or acquire assets or other companies or to pay dividends to our shareholders. Our failure to comply with these covenants may result in an event of default which, if not cured or waived, could accelerate the maturity of our indebtedness or prevent us from accessing availability under our credit facility. If our indebtedness is accelerated, we may not have sufficient cash resources to satisfy our debt obligations, and we may not be able to continue our operations as planned.

We may not be able to generate sufficient cash flow to meet our existing debt service obligations.

Our annual debt service obligations until November 8, 2011, when our revolving credit facility is scheduled to mature, will be primarily limited to interest and principal payments on multiple series of privately placed senior notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$298 million, which we refer to in this prospectus as the private notes and interest on the Old Notes or, to the extent exchanged, the New Notes offered hereby and on borrowings under our \$1.1 billion credit facility. Our ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations to make scheduled payments on our debt obligations, including the Old Notes or, to the extent exchanged, the New Notes offered hereby, will depend on our future financial performance, which will be affected by a range of economic, competitive and business factors, many of which are outside of our control. For example, we may not generate sufficient cash flow from operations to repay amounts drawn under our credit facility when it matures in 2011, our private notes when they mature on various dates between 2007 and 2013 or our industrial revenue bonds when they mature in 2009 and 2014. If we do not generate sufficient cash flow from operations to satisfy our debt obligations, we expect

7

Table of Contents

to undertake alternative financing plans, such as refinancing or restructuring our debt, selling assets, reducing or delaying capital investments or seeking to raise additional capital. We may not be able to consummate any such transaction at all or on a timely basis or on terms, or for proceeds, that are acceptable to us. Furthermore, these transactions may not be permitted under the terms of our various debt instruments then in effect. Our inability to generate sufficient cash flow to satisfy our debt obligations, or to timely refinance our obligations on acceptable terms, could adversely affect our ability to serve our customers and could cause us to reduce or discontinue our planned operations.

The costs that we pay for metals fluctuate due to a number of factors beyond our control, and such fluctuations could adversely affect our operating results, particularly if we cannot pass on higher metal prices to our customers.

We purchase large quantities of carbon, alloy, stainless steel, aluminum and other metals, which we sell to a variety of end-users. In 2004 the costs for carbon steel increased significantly and rapidly from historic low levels. Although these costs declined somewhat through mid-2005, the costs increased in the fourth quarter of 2005, with moderate increases in 2006. Overall carbon steel costs remain at historically high levels. Costs for aluminum products, excluding aerospace-related products, rose steadily in 2004, with continued increases in 2005 and 2006. Costs for stainless steel products rose steadily in 2004 and increased more rapidly in 2005 and 2006. Stainless steel costs are currently at unprecedented high levels, primarily due to the high nickel surcharges resulting from low global nickel supply. Costs for aerospace-related products increased significantly beginning in late 2004 and continued to increase through all of 2005 and into 2006, although at a slower rate than in 2005. We attempt to pass these cost increases on to our customers with higher selling prices but we may not always be able to do so. The costs to us for these metals and the prices that we charge customers for our products may change depending on many factors outside of our control, including general economic conditions (both domestic and international), competition, production levels, customer demand levels, import duties and other trade restrictions, currency fluctuations and surcharges imposed by our suppliers.

We maintain substantial inventories of metal to accommodate the short lead times and delivery requirements of our customers. Our customers typically purchase products from us pursuant to purchase orders and typically do not enter into long-term purchase agreements or arrangements with us. Accordingly, we purchase metal in quantities we believe to be appropriate to satisfy the anticipated needs of our customers based on information derived from customers, market conditions, historic usage and industry research. Commitments for metal purchases are generally at prevailing market prices in effect at the time orders are placed or at the time of shipment. During periods of rising prices for metal, we may be negatively impacted by delays between the time of increases in the cost of metals to us and increases in the prices that we charge for our products if we are unable to pass these increased costs on to our customers immediately. In addition, when metal prices decline, customer demands for lower prices could result in lower sale prices for our products and, as we use existing inventory that we purchased at higher metal prices, lower margins. Consequently, during periods in which we use this existing inventory, the effects of changing metal prices could adversely affect our operating results.

Our business could be adversely affected by economic downturns.

Demand for our products is affected by a number of general economic factors. A decline in economic activity in the U.S. and other markets in which we operate could materially affect our financial condition and results of operation.

The prices of metals are subject to fluctuations in the supply and demand for metals worldwide and changes in the worldwide balance of supply and demand could negatively impact our revenues, gross profit and net income.

Metal prices are volatile due to, among other things, fluctuations in foreign and domestic production capacity, raw material availability, metals consumption and foreign currency rates. For example, in the past few years, China has

significantly increased both its consumption and production of metals and metal products. Initially, China s large and growing demand for metals significantly affected the metals industry by diverting supply to China and contributing to the global increases in metal prices. With China s increased production of metals, it has recently

8

Table of Contents

become a net exporter of certain metals and this has somewhat reduced metal prices both within and outside of China. While this development can affect global pricing, it has yet to have a significant impact on U.S. pricing or the pricing for our products. If, in the future, China experiences a downturn in general economic conditions or increases its export of metals, this could cause a reduction in metal prices globally, which could adversely affect our revenues, gross profit and net income. Additionally, significant currency fluctuations in the United States or abroad could negatively impact our cost of metals and the pricing of our products. The decline in the dollar relative to foreign currencies in recent years has resulted in increased prices for metals and metal products in the United States as imported metals have become relatively more expensive. If, in the future, the dollar increases in value relative to foreign currencies, the U.S. market may be more attractive to foreign producers, resulting in increased supply that could cause decreased metal prices and adversely affect our revenues, gross profit and net income.

We operate in an industry that is subject to cyclical fluctuations and any downturn in general economic conditions or our customers industries could negatively impact our revenues, gross profit and net income.

The metals service center industry is cyclical and impacted by both market demand and metals supply. Periods of economic slowdown or recession in the United States or other countries, or the public perception that these may occur, could decrease the demand for our products and adversely affect our pricing. For example, the general slowing of the economy in 2001, 2002 and 2003 adversely impacted our product sales and pricing. While we have been experiencing significantly improved pricing and healthy demand levels since 2004, this trend may not continue. Changing economic conditions could depress or delay demand for our products, which could adversely affect our revenues, gross profit and net income.

We sell many products to industries that are cyclical, such as the non-residential construction, semiconductor, energy and transportation, including aerospace, industries. The demand for our products is directly related to, and quickly impacted by, demand for the finished goods manufactured by our customers in these industries, which may change as a result of changes in the general U.S. or worldwide economy, domestic exchange rates, energy prices or other factors beyond our control. If we are unable to accurately project the product needs of our customers over varying lead times or if there is a limited availability of products through allocation by the mills or otherwise, we may not have sufficient inventory to be able to provide products desired by our customers on a timely basis. In addition, if we are not able to diversify our client base and/or increase sales of products to customers in other industries when one or more of the cyclical industries that we serve is experiencing a decline, our revenues, gross profit and net income may be adversely affected.

We compete with a large number of companies in the metals service center industry, and, if we are unable to compete effectively, our revenues, gross profit and net income may decline.

We compete with a large number of other general-line distributors and specialty distributors in the metals service center industry. Competition is based principally on price, inventory availability, timely delivery, customer service, quality and processing capabilities. Competition in the various markets in which we participate comes from companies of various sizes, some of which have greater financial resources than we do and some of which have more established brand names in the local markets that we serve. Accordingly, these competitors may be better able to withstand adverse changes in conditions within our customers—industries and may have greater operating and financial flexibility than we have. To compete for customer sales, we may lower prices or offer increased services at a higher cost, which could reduce our revenues, gross profit and net income.

If we were to lose any of our primary suppliers or otherwise be unable to obtain sufficient amounts of necessary metals on a timely basis, we may not be able to meet our customers needs and may suffer reduced sales.

We have few long-term contracts to purchase metals. Therefore, our primary suppliers of carbon steel, alloy steel, stainless steel, aluminum or other metals could curtail or discontinue their delivery of these metals to us in the quantities we need with little or no notice. Our ability to meet our customers needs and provide value-added inventory management services depends on our ability to maintain an uninterrupted supply of high quality metal products from our suppliers. If our suppliers experience production problems, lack of capacity or transportation

9

Table of Contents

disruptions, the lead times for receiving our supply of metal products could be extended and the cost of our inventory may increase. If, in the future, we are unable to obtain sufficient amounts of the necessary metals at competitive prices and on a timely basis from our traditional suppliers, we may not be able to obtain these metals from acceptable alternative sources at competitive prices to meet our delivery schedules. Even if we do find acceptable alternative suppliers, the process of locating and securing these alternatives may be disruptive to our business, which could have an adverse impact on our ability to meet our customers—needs and reduce our sales, gross profit and net income. In addition, if a significant domestic supply source is discontinued and we cannot find acceptable domestic alternatives, we may need to find a foreign source of supply. Dependence on foreign sources of supply could lead to longer lead times, increased price volatility, less favorable payment terms, increased exposure to foreign currency movements and certain tariffs and duties and require greater levels of working capital.

If we do not successfully implement our acquisition growth strategy, our ability to grow our business could be impaired.

We may not be able to identify suitable acquisition candidates or successfully complete any acquisitions or integrate any other businesses into our operations. If we cannot identify suitable acquisition candidates or are otherwise unable to complete acquisitions, we are unlikely to sustain our historical growth rates, and, if we cannot successfully integrate these businesses, we may incur increased or redundant expenses. Moreover, any additional indebtedness we incur to pay for these acquisitions could adversely affect our liquidity and financial condition.

Acquisitions present many risks, and we may not realize the financial and strategic goals that were contemplated at the time of any transaction.

Historically, we have expanded both through acquisitions and internal growth. Since our initial public offering in September 1994, we have successfully purchased more than 35 businesses. From 1984 to September 1994, we acquired 20 businesses. We continue to evaluate acquisition opportunities and expect to continue to grow our business through acquisitions. Risks we may encounter in acquisitions include:

the acquired company may not further our business strategy, or we may pay more than it is worth;

the acquired company may not perform as anticipated, which could result in an impairment charge;

we may not realize the anticipated increase in our revenues if a larger than predicted number of customers decline to continue purchasing products from us;

we may have to delay or not proceed with a substantial acquisition if we cannot obtain the necessary funding to complete the acquisition in a timely manner;

we may significantly increase our interest expense, leverage and debt service requirements if we incur additional debt to pay for an acquisition or assume existing debt of an acquired company;

we may have multiple and overlapping product lines that may be offered, priced and supported differently, which could cause our gross profit margins to decline;

our relationship with current and new employees, customers and suppliers could be impaired;

our due diligence process may fail to identify risks that could negatively impact our financial condition;

we may lose anticipated tax benefits or have additional legal or tax exposures if we have prematurely or improperly combined entities;

we may face contingencies related to product liability, intellectual property, financial disclosures, tax positions and accounting practices or internal controls;

the acquisition may result in litigation from terminated employees or third parties;

our management s attention may be diverted by transition or integration issues; and

we may be unable to obtain timely approvals from governmental authorities under competition and antitrust laws.

10

Table of Contents

These factors could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition or cash flows, particularly in the case of a larger acquisition or number of acquisitions.

As a decentralized business, we depend on both senior management and our key operating employees; if we are unable to attract and retain these individuals, our ability to operate and grow our business may be adversely affected.

Because of our decentralized operating style, we depend on the efforts of our senior management, including our chief executive officer, David H. Hannah, our president and chief operating officer, Gregg J. Mollins, and our executive vice president and chief financial officer, Karla Lewis, as well as our key operating employees. We may not be able to retain these individuals or attract and retain additional qualified personnel when needed. We do not have employment agreements with any of our officers or employees, which may mean they may have less of an incentive to stay with us when presented with alternative employment opportunities. In addition, our senior management and key operating employees hold stock options that have vested and hold common stock in our employee stock ownership plan. These individuals may, therefore, be more likely to leave us if the shares of our common stock significantly appreciate in value. The loss of any key officer or employee will require remaining officers and employees to direct immediate and substantial attention to seeking a replacement. Our inability to retain members of our senior management or key operating employees or to find adequate replacements for any departing key officer or employee on a timely basis could adversely affect our ability to operate and grow our business.

We are subject to various environmental and employee safety and health laws and regulations, which could subject us to significant liabilities and compliance expenditures.

We are subject to various foreign, federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations concerning air emissions, wastewater discharges, underground storage tanks and solid and hazardous waste disposal at or from our facilities. Our operations are also subject to various employee safety and health laws and regulations, including those concerning occupational injury and illness, employee exposure to hazardous materials and employee complaints. Environmental and employee safety and health laws and regulations are comprehensive, complex and frequently changing. Some of these laws and regulations are subject to varying and conflicting interpretations. We may be subject from time to time to administrative and/or judicial proceedings or investigations brought by private parties or governmental agencies with respect to environmental matters and employee safety and health issues. Proceedings and investigations with respect to environmental matters and any employee safety and health issues could result in substantial costs to us, divert our management s attention and result in significant liabilities, fines or the suspension or interruption of our service center activities. Some of our current properties are located in industrial areas with histories of heavy industrial use. The location of these properties may require us to incur environmental expenditures and to establish accruals for environmental liabilities that arise from causes other than our operations. In addition, we are currently investigating and remediating contamination in connection with certain properties we have acquired. Future events, such as changes in existing laws and regulations or their enforcement, new laws and regulations or the discovery of conditions not currently known to us, could result in material environmental compliance or remedial liabilities and costs, constrain our operations or make such operations more costly.

Our operating results have fluctuated, and are expected to continue fluctuating, depending on the season.

Many of our customers are in seasonal businesses, including customers in the construction and related industries. In addition, our revenues in the months of July, November and December traditionally have been lower than in other months because of increased vacation days and holiday closures for various customers. Consequently, you should not rely on our results of operations during any particular quarter as an indication of our results for a full year or any other quarter.

Table of Contents

Ongoing tax audits may result in additional taxes.

Reliance and our subsidiaries are undergoing various tax audits. These tax audits could result in additional taxes, plus interest and penalties being assessed against Reliance or one or more of our subsidiaries and the amounts assessed could be material.

Damage to our computer infrastructure and software systems could harm our business.

The unavailability of any of our information management systems for any significant period of time could have an adverse effect on our operations. In particular, our ability to deliver products to our customers when needed, collect our receivables and manage inventory levels successfully largely depends on the efficient operation of our computer hardware and software systems. Through information management systems, we provide inventory availability to our sales and operating personnel, improve customer service through better order and product reference data and monitor operating results. Difficulties associated with upgrades, installations of major software or hardware, and integration with new systems could lead to business interruptions that could harm our reputation, increase our operating costs and decrease our profitability. In addition, these systems are vulnerable to, among other things, damage or interruption from power loss, computer system and network failures, loss of telecommunications services, operator negligence, physical and electronic loss of data, or security breaches and computer viruses.

We have contracted with a third-party service provider that provides us with backup systems in the event that our information management systems are damaged. The backup facilities and other protective measures we take could prove to be inadequate.

Risks Related to the New Notes

Because the New Notes and the guarantees are not secured and are effectively subordinated to the rights of secured creditors, the New Notes and the guarantees will be subject to the prior claims of any secured creditors, and if a default occurs, we may not have sufficient funds to fulfill our obligations under the New Notes or the guarantees.

The New Notes and the guarantees are unsecured obligations, ranking equally with other senior unsecured indebtedness. The indenture governing the New Notes permits us and the subsidiary guarantors to incur additional secured debt under specified circumstances. If we or the subsidiary guarantors incur additional secured debt, our assets and the assets of the subsidiary guarantors securing such debt will be subject to prior claims by our secured creditors. As of September 30, 2006, Reliance and the subsidiary guarantors had secured indebtedness of approximately \$2.1 million and \$4.1 million (excluding the repurchased EMJ Notes), respectively. Our non-guarantor subsidiaries had approximately \$1.1 million of secured debt outstanding out of \$26 million available under secured credit facilities. In the event of bankruptcy, insolvency, liquidation, reorganization, dissolution or other winding up of either Reliance or any of the subsidiary guarantors, assets that secure debt will be available to pay obligations on the New Notes and the guarantees only after all debt secured by those assets has been repaid in full. Holders of the New Notes will participate in any remaining assets ratably with all of their respective unsecured and unsubordinated creditors, including trade creditors. If Reliance or any of the subsidiary guarantors incur any additional obligations that rank equally with the New Notes, including trade payables, the holders of those obligations will be entitled to share ratably with the holders of the New Notes in any proceeds distributed upon our bankruptcy, insolvency, liquidation, reorganization, dissolution or other winding up. This may have the effect of reducing the amount of proceeds paid to you. If there are not sufficient assets remaining to pay all these creditors, all or a portion of the New Notes then outstanding would remain unpaid.

The guarantees may be unenforceable due to fraudulent conveyance statutes, and, accordingly, you may not have a claim against the subsidiary guarantors.

The obligations of each subsidiary guarantor under its guarantee will be limited as necessary to prevent that guarantee from constituting a fraudulent conveyance or fraudulent transfer under applicable law. However, a court in some jurisdictions could, under fraudulent conveyances laws, further subordinate or void the guarantee of any subsidiary guarantor if it found that such guarantee was incurred with actual intent to hinder, delay or defraud creditors, or such subsidiary guarantor did not receive fair consideration or reasonably equivalent value for the

12

Table of Contents

guarantee and that the subsidiary guarantor was any of the following: insolvent or rendered insolvent because of the guarantee, engaged in a business or transaction for which its remaining assets constituted unreasonably small capital, or intended to incur, or believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay such debts at maturity.

If a court were to void the guarantee of a subsidiary guarantor as the result of a fraudulent conveyance, or hold it unenforceable for any other reason, holders of the New Notes would cease to have a claim against that subsidiary guarantor on its guarantee and would be creditors solely of Reliance and any other subsidiary guarantor whose guarantee is not voided or held to be unenforceable.

The guarantees will be released under certain circumstances.

The New Notes will be guaranteed by any subsidiary guarantor for so long as such subsidiary guarantor is a borrower or a guarantor of obligations under our credit agreement and the private notes referred to below. In the event that, for any reason, the obligations of any subsidiary guarantor terminate as a borrower or guarantor under our credit agreement and the private notes, that subsidiary guarantor will be deemed released from all of its obligations under the indenture and its guarantee of the New Notes will terminate. A subsidiary guarantor s guarantee will also terminate and such subsidiary guarantor will be deemed released from all of its obligations under the indenture with respect to the New Notes of a series upon legal defeasance of such series as provided below under Description of Notes Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance or satisfaction and discharge of the indenture as it relates to such series as provided below under Description of Notes Satisfaction and Discharge. A subsidiary guarantor s guarantee will also terminate and such subsidiary guarantor will be deemed released from all of its obligations under the indenture with respect to each series of New Notes in connection with any sale or other disposition by Reliance of all of the capital stock of that subsidiary guarantor (including by way of merger or consolidation) or other transaction such that after giving effect to such transaction such subsidiary guarantor is no longer a domestic subsidiary of Reliance. See Description of Notes Guarantees. If the obligations of any subsidiary guarantor as a guarantor terminate or are released, the risks applicable to our subsidiaries that are not guarantors upon consummation of the offering will also be applicable to such subsidiary guarantor.

We will depend on the receipt of dividends or other intercompany transfers from our subsidiaries to meet our obligations under the New Notes. Claims of creditors of our subsidiaries may have priority over your claims with respect to the assets and earnings of our subsidiaries.

We conduct a substantial portion of our operations through our subsidiaries. We will therefore be dependent upon dividends or other intercompany transfers of funds from our subsidiaries in order to meet our obligations under the New Notes and to meet our other obligations. Generally, creditors of our subsidiaries will have claims to the assets and earnings of our subsidiaries that are superior to the claims of our creditors, except to the extent the claims of our creditors are guaranteed by our subsidiaries. All of our wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries, which constitute the substantial majority of our subsidiaries, will be guaranteeing the New Notes at the time that they are issued. As of September 30, 2006, Reliance and the subsidiary guarantors accounted for approximately \$3.6 billion, or 97%, of our total consolidated assets. Reliance and the subsidiary guarantors accounted for approximately \$4.0 billion, or 97%, of our total consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. See Description of Notes Guarantees.

In the event of the bankruptcy, insolvency, liquidation, reorganization, dissolution or other winding up of Reliance, the holders of the New Notes may not receive any amounts with respect to the New Notes until after the payment in full of the claims of creditors of our subsidiaries that are not subsidiary guarantors.

We are permitted to incur more debt, which may intensify the risks associated with our current leverage, including the risk that we will be unable to service our debt.

Subject to certain limitations our credit facility and private notes permit us to incur additional debt. The indenture governing the New Notes does not limit the amount of additional debt that we may incur. If we incur additional debt, the risks associated with our leverage, including the risk that we will be unable to service our debt, will increase.

13

Table of Contents

The provisions in the indenture that govern the New Notes relating to change of control transactions will not necessarily protect you in the event of a highly leveraged transaction.

The provisions contained in the indenture will not necessarily afford you protection in the event of a highly leveraged transaction that may adversely affect you, including a reorganization, restructuring, merger or other similar transaction involving us. These transactions may not involve a change in voting power or beneficial ownership or, even if they do, may not involve a change of the magnitude required under the definition of change of control repurchase event in the indenture to trigger these provisions, notably, that the transactions are accompanied or followed within 60 days by a downgrade in the rating of the New Notes offered under this prospectus. Except as described under Description of Notes Purchase of Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event, the indenture does not contain provisions that permit the holders of the New Notes to require us to repurchase the New Notes in the event of a takeover, recapitalization or similar transaction.

Reliance may not be able to repurchase all of the New Notes upon a change of control repurchase event.

As described under Description of Notes Purchase of Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event, we will be required to offer to repurchase the New Notes upon the occurrence of a change of control repurchase event. We may not have sufficient funds to repurchase the New Notes in cash at such time or have the ability to arrange necessary financing on acceptable terms. In addition, our ability to repurchase the New Notes for cash may be limited by law or the terms of other agreements relating to our indebtedness outstanding at the time. Under the terms of our new credit facility, we are prohibited from repurchasing the New Notes if we are in default under such credit facility.

There is no prior market for the New Notes. If one develops, it may not be liquid.

We do not intend to list the New Notes on any national securities exchange or to seek their quotation on any automated dealer quotation system. We cannot assure you that any liquid market for the New Notes will ever develop or be maintained. Further, there can be no assurance as to the liquidity of any market that may develop for the notes, your ability to sell your New Notes or the price at which you will be able to sell your New Notes. Future trading prices of the New Notes will depend on many factors, including prevailing interest rates, our financial condition and results of operations, the then-current ratings assigned to the New Notes and the market for similar securities. Any trading market that develops would be affected by many factors independent of and in addition to the foregoing, including:

time remaining to the maturity of the New Notes;

outstanding amount of the New Notes;

the terms related to optional redemption of the New Notes; and

level, direction and volatility of market interest rates generally.

Ratings of the notes may change after issuance and affect the market price and marketability of the New Notes.

We currently expect that, upon issuance, the New Notes will be rated by Moody s Investors Service Inc. and Standard & Poor s in the same manner as the Old Notes. Such ratings are limited in scope, and do not address all material risks relating to an investment in the New Notes, but rather reflect only the view of each rating agency at the time the rating is issued. An explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained from such rating agency. There is no assurance that such credit ratings will be issued or remain in effect for any given period of time or that such ratings will not be lowered, suspended or withdrawn entirely by the rating agencies, if, in each rating agency s

judgment, circumstances so warrant. It is also possible that such ratings may be lowered in connection with the application of the proceeds of this offering or in connection with future events, such as future acquisitions. Holders of New Notes will have no recourse against us or any other parties in the event of a change in or suspension or withdrawal of such ratings. Any lowering, suspension or withdrawal of such ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price or marketability of the New Notes. In addition, any decline in the ratings of the New Notes may make it more difficult for us to raise capital on acceptable terms.

14

Table of Contents

Risks Related to the Exchange Offer

If you do not exchange your Old Notes for New Notes in the exchange offer, these Old Notes will continue to be subject to restrictions on transfer.

If you do not exchange your Old Notes for New Notes in the exchange offer, you will continue to be subject to the restrictions on transfer described in the legend on your Old Notes and the offering memorandum related to the private offering of the Old Notes. The restrictions on transfer of your Old Notes arise because we issued the Old Notes in a private offering exempt from the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act. In general, you may only offer or sell the Old Notes if they are registered under the Securities Act or are offered and sold under an exemption from these requirements. Except as required by the registration rights agreement, we do not intend to register sales of the Old Notes under the Securities Act. For further information regarding the consequences of failing to tender your Old Notes in the exchange offer, see the discussion under the caption The Exchange Offer Consequences of Failure to Exchange.

The issuance of the New Notes may adversely affect the market for the Old Notes.

To the extent that Old Notes are tendered for exchange and accepted in the exchange offer, the trading market, if any, for the untendered and tendered but unaccepted Old Notes could be adversely affected due to a reduction in market liquidity and there could be a significant diminution in value of the Old Notes as compared to the value of the New Notes.

In some instances you may be obligated to deliver a prospectus in connection with resales of the New Notes.

Based on certain no-action letters issued by the staff of the SEC to third parties unrelated to us, we believe that you may offer for resale, resell or otherwise transfer the New Notes without compliance with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act, except in the instances described in this prospectus under The Exchange Offer Resale of the New Notes. For example, if you exchange your Old Notes in the exchange offer for the purpose of participating in a distribution of the New Notes, you may be deemed to have received restricted securities and, if so, will be required to comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction.

You must comply with the exchange offer procedures in order to receive freely tradable New Notes.

We will not accept your Old Notes for exchange if you do not follow the exchange offer procedures. Delivery of New Notes in exchange for Old Notes tendered and accepted for exchange pursuant to the exchange offer will be made only after timely receipt by the exchange agent of the following:

certificates for Old Notes or a confirmation of a book-entry transfer of Old Notes into the exchange agent s account at DTC, as depositary;

a completed and signed letter of transmittal (or facsimile thereof), with any required signature guarantees, or, in the case of tender through DTC s ATOP program, an agent s message in lieu of the letter of transmittal; and

any other documents required by the letter of transmittal.

Therefore, holders of Old Notes who would like to tender Old Notes in exchange for New Notes should be sure to allow enough time to comply with the exchange offer procedures. Neither we nor the exchange agent are required to notify you of defects or irregularities in tenders of Old Notes for exchange. Old Notes that are not tendered or that are

tendered but we do not accept for exchange will, following completion of the exchange offer, continue to be subject to the existing transfer restrictions under the Securities Act and, upon completion of the exchange offer, certain registration and other rights under the registration rights agreement will terminate. See The Exchange Offer Procedures for Tendering Outstanding Old Notes and The Exchange Offer Consequences of Failure to Exchange.

15

Table of Contents

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. Our SEC filings are available to the public from the SEC s website at http://www.sec.gov. You may also read and copy any document we file at the SEC s public reference room in Washington, D.C. located at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may also obtain copies of any document we file at prescribed rates by writing to the Public Reference Section of the SEC at that address. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference room. Information about us, including our SEC filings, is also available on our website at http://www.rsac.com; however, that information is not a part of this prospectus.

INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

This prospectus is a part of a registration statement filed by us with the SEC under the Securities Act. As allowed by SEC rules, this prospectus does not contain all of the information that you can find in the registration statement or the exhibits to the registration statement.

Rather than include in this prospectus some of the information that we include in reports filed with the SEC, we are incorporating such information by reference, which means that we are disclosing important information to you by referring to those publicly filed documents that contain such information. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus, and information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede the information in this prospectus.

We are incorporating by reference the following documents filed by us:

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005;

Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2006, June 30, 2006 and September 30, 2006; and

Current Reports on Form 8-K or Form 8-K/A filed January 6, 2006, January 19, 2006, March 2, 2006, March 3, 2006, March 29, 2006, April 7, 2006, May 23, 2006, June 16, 2006, July 3, 2006, July 11, 2006, September 5, 2006, October 16, 2006, November 14, 2006, November 16, 2006, November 28, 2006, January 3, 2007, January 5, 2007 and February 6, 2007.

In addition, all reports and other documents we subsequently file pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which we refer to as the Exchange Act, after the date of this prospectus (other than any information furnished pursuant to Item 2.02 or Item 7.01 of any Current Report on Form 8-K unless we specifically state in such Current Report that such information is to be considered filed under the Exchange Act, or we incorporate it by reference into a filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act) until the termination of the offering under this prospectus will be deemed to be incorporated by reference in this prospectus and to be part of this prospectus from the date of the filing of such reports and documents. Any statement contained in this prospectus or in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus to the extent that a statement contained in any subsequently filed document which is, or is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein, modifies or supersedes such statement. Any such statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this prospectus.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, we are not incorporating any document or information deemed to have been furnished and not filed in accordance with SEC rules. You may obtain a copy of any or all of the documents referred to above which may have been or may be incorporated by reference into this prospectus (excluding certain exhibits to the documents) at no cost to you by writing or telephoning us at the following address:

Reliance Steel & Aluminum Co. 350 South Grand Avenue, Suite 5100 Los Angeles, California 90071 Attn: Investor Relations Department (213) 687-7700

To obtain timely delivery of copies of these filings, you must make your request no later than March $\,$, 2007, which is five business days before the expiration date.

16

Table of Contents

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will not receive any cash proceeds from the issuance of the New Notes. The New Notes will be exchanged for Old Notes as described in this prospectus upon our receipt of Old Notes. We will cancel all of the Old Notes surrendered in exchange for New Notes.

Our net proceeds from the sale of the Old Notes were approximately \$592 million, after deduction of the initial purchasers discounts and commissions and other expenses of the offering. We have used all of the net proceeds to repay outstanding indebtedness under our credit facility, including borrowings made to fund the repurchase by EMJ of the EMJ Notes. Our borrowings under this credit facility was \$250 million as of December 15, 2006. Our credit facility matures on November 8, 2011 and borrowings thereunder currently bear interest at a rate of 6.37% per annum.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

Our ratio of earnings to fixed charges was as follows for the respective periods indicated:

	Year Ended December 31,				Nine Months Ended
2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	September 30, 2006
3.03x	2.62x	2.54x	8.06x	10.35x	10.34x

For purposes of calculating the ratio of earnings to fixed charges, earnings is the amount resulting from (1) adding (a) pre-tax income from continuing operations before adjustment for minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries or income or loss from equity investees, (b) fixed charges, (c) amortization of capitalized interest, (d) distributed income of equity investees and (e) our share of pre-tax losses of equity investees for which charges arising from guarantees are included in fixed charges, and (2) subtracting (i) interest capitalized and (ii) the minority interest in pre-tax income of subsidiaries that have not incurred fixed charges. Fixed charges is the sum of (x) interest expensed and capitalized, (y) amortized premiums, discounts and capitalized expenses related to indebtedness and (z) an estimate of the interest within rental expense.

17

Table of Contents

DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW NOTES

The Old Notes were issued, and the New Notes will be issued, under an indenture, dated as of November 20, 2006, among Reliance, the subsidiary guarantors and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the trustee). The following summary of provisions of the indenture and the New Notes of each series does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the indenture, including definitions therein of certain terms and provisions made a part of the indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the Trust Indenture Act). This summary may not contain all information that you may find useful. You should read the indenture and the New Notes of each series, copies of which are available from Reliance upon request. Capitalized terms used and not defined in this summary have the meanings specified in the indenture. References to Reliance in this section of the prospectus are only to Reliance Steel & Aluminum Co. and not to any of its subsidiaries. Unless specifically stated, the descriptions of the terms of each series of New Notes also apply to the applicable series of Old Notes.

Reliance is offering to exchange:

up to \$350,000,000 of its new 6.200% Senior Notes due 2016 (the New 2016 Notes) for up to \$350,000,000 of its old 6.200% Senior Notes due 2016 (the Old 2016 Notes); and

up to \$250,000,000 of its new 6.850% Senior Notes due 2036 (the New 2036 Notes) for up to \$250,000,000 of its old 6.850% Senior Notes due 2036 (the Old 2036 Notes).

The Old 2016 Notes and the Old 2036 Notes are referred to collectively in this prospectus as the Old Notes, and the New 2016 Notes and the New 2036 Notes are referred to collectively in this prospectus as the New Notes. The Old Notes and the New Notes are referred to collectively in this prospectus as the Notes.

Under the indenture, the Old Notes of each series and the New Notes issued in exchange for such series, in each case together with any additional Notes of such series the obligor may issue under the indenture as described below under Issuance of Additional Notes, will be treated as a single series for all purposes under the indenture, including for purposes of determining whether the required percentage of the holders of record has given approval or consent to an amendment or waiver or joined in directing the trustee to take certain actions on behalf of all holders. Specifically,

the Old 2016 Notes, the New 2016 Notes and any additional 6.200% Senior Notes due 2016 Reliance may issue under the indenture as described below under Further Issuances (collectively, the 2016 Notes) will be treated as a single series; and

the Old 2036 Notes, the New 2036 Notes and any additional 6.850% Senior Notes due 2036 Reliance may issue under the indenture as described below under Further Issuances (collectively, the 2036 Notes) will be treated as a single series.

The terms of each series of New Notes are identical in all material respects to the terms of such series of Old Notes, except that the New Notes will be issued in a transaction registered under the Securities Act and the transfer restrictions and registration rights relating to the Old Notes will not apply to the New Notes.

General

The New Notes will have the following basic terms:

the New Notes of each series will be senior unsecured obligations of Reliance and will rank equally with all other existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations of Reliance;

the New Notes of each series will be unconditionally guaranteed on a senior basis by all of the direct and indirect wholly-owned Domestic Subsidiaries of Reliance that are borrowers or guarantors under the Credit Agreement or the private notes (see Guarantees below);

the New 2016 Notes initially will be limited to \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount and the New 2036 Notes initially will be limited to \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount (subject in each case to the rights of Reliance to issue additional notes of each series as described under Further Issuances below);

18

Table of Contents

the New 2016 Notes will accrue interest at a rate of 6.200% per year and the New 2036 Notes will accrue interest at a rate of 6.850% per year;

interest will accrue on the New Notes of each series from the most recent interest payment date to or for which interest has been paid or duly provided (or if no interest has been paid or duly provided for, from the issue date of the Old Notes), payable semiannually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning on May 15, 2007;

the New 2016 Notes will mature on November 15, 2016 and the New 2036 Notes will mature on November 15, 2036, in each case unless redeemed or repurchased prior to that date;

Reliance may redeem the New Notes of either series, in whole or in part, at any time at its option as described under Optional Redemption;

Reliance may be required to repurchase the New Notes of each series in whole or in part at your option in connection with the occurrence of a change of control repurchase event as described under Purchase of Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event;

the New Notes of each series will be issued in registered form in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof;

the New Notes of each series will be represented by one or more global notes registered in the name of a nominee of DTC, but in certain circumstances may be represented by New Notes in definitive form (see Book-entry, Delivery and Form; Global Notes); and

the New Notes of each series will be exchangeable and transferable, at the office or agency of Reliance maintained for such purposes (which initially will be the corporate trust office of the trustee).

Interest on each New Note will be paid to the person in whose name that New Note is registered at the close of business on the May 1 or November 1, as the case may be, immediately preceding the relevant interest payment date. Interest on the New Notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

If any interest or other payment date of a New Note falls on a day that is not a business day, the required payment of principal, premium, if any, or interest will be due on the next succeeding business day as if made on the date that the payment was due, and no interest will accrue on that payment for the period from and after that interest or other payment date, as the case may be, to the date of that payment on the next succeeding business day. The term business day means, with respect to any New Note, any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which banking institutions or trust companies in New York City are authorized or required by law, regulation or executive order to close.

The New Notes will not be subject to any sinking fund.

Reliance may, subject to compliance with applicable law, at any time purchase New Notes in the open market or otherwise.

Guarantees

The subsidiary guarantors will unconditionally guarantee, jointly and severally, the due and punctual payment of principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the New Notes of each series, when and as the same become due and payable, whether on a maturity date, by declaration of acceleration, upon redemption, repurchase or otherwise, and all other obligations of Reliance under the indenture. As of September 30, 2006, Reliance and the subsidiary guarantors accounted for approximately \$3.6 billion, or 97%, of our total consolidated assets. Reliance and the subsidiary guarantors accounted for approximately \$4.0 billion, or 97%, of our total consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

As of the date hereof, all of the wholly-owned Domestic Subsidiaries of Reliance will be subsidiary guarantors of the New Notes (such subsidiaries guaranteeing the New Notes, together with any other subsidiaries that subsequently become guarantors, are referred to herein as the subsidiary guarantors). None of Reliance s Foreign

19

Table of Contents

Subsidiaries or its non-wholly-owned Domestic Subsidiaries will be guarantors with respect to the New Notes. All of the subsidiaries that are guarantors under the Credit Agreement or the private notes will be subsidiary guarantors with respect to the New Notes.

In the event that, at any time, any wholly-owned Domestic Subsidiary of Reliance which is not, or has previously been released as, a subsidiary guarantor becomes a guarantor or borrower under the Credit Agreement or the private notes, that subsidiary will be required to become a subsidiary guarantor and guarantee the New Notes not later than 60 days following the date on which it becomes a guarantor or borrower under the Credit Agreement or the private notes.

In the event that, for any reason, the obligations of any subsidiary guarantor terminate as a guarantor or borrower under the Credit Agreement (including, without limitation, pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement, upon agreement of the requisite lenders under the Credit Agreement or upon the termination of the Credit Agreement or upon the replacement thereof with a credit facility not requiring such guarantees) and the private notes, that subsidiary guarantor will be deemed released from all its obligations under the indenture and its guarantee of the New Notes will terminate. A subsidiary guarantor s guarantee will also terminate and such subsidiary guarantor will be deemed released from all of its obligations under the indenture with respect to the New Notes of a series upon legal defeasance of such series as provided below under Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance or satisfaction and discharge of the indenture as it relates to such series as provided below under Satisfaction and Discharge. A subsidiary guarantor s guarantee will also terminate and such subsidiary guarantor will be deemed released from all of its obligations under the indenture with respect to each series of New Notes in connection with any sale or other disposition by Reliance of all of the capital stock of that subsidiary guarantor (including by way of merger or consolidation) or other transaction such that after giving effect to such transaction such subsidiary guarantor is no longer a Domestic Subsidiary of Reliance. Any release described in this paragraph may be evidenced by a supplemental indenture or other instrument which may be entered into without the consent of any holders of the New Notes.

The indenture will provide that the obligations of each subsidiary guarantor under its guarantee will be limited to the maximum amount that, after giving effect to all other contingent and fixed liabilities of such subsidiary guarantor, would cause the obligations of such subsidiary guarantor not to constitute a fraudulent conveyance or fraudulent transfer under any applicable law.

Credit Agreement means the Credit Agreement, dated as of November 9, 2006, among Reliance, RSAC Management Corp., the lenders party thereto and Bank of America, as administrative agent, as the same may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, and any successor credit agreement thereto (whether by renewal, replacement, refinancing or otherwise) that Reliance in good faith designates to be its principal credit agreement (taking into account the maximum principal amount of the credit facility provided thereunder, the recourse nature of the agreement and such other factors as Reliance deems reasonable in light of the circumstances), such designation (or the designation that at a given time there is no principal credit agreement) to be made by an officers certificate delivered to the trustee.

private notes means the senior unsecured notes of Reliance issued pursuant to the Note Purchase Agreements dated as of November 1, 1996, September 15, 1997, October 15, 1998 and July 1, 2003, in each case by and among Reliance and the investors party thereto, as each may be amended from time to time.

Payment and Transfer or Exchange

Principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the New Notes of each series will be payable, and the New Notes may be exchanged or transferred, at the office or agency maintained by Reliance for such purpose (which initially will be the corporate trust office of the trustee located at 707 Wilshire Blvd., 17th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90017). Payment of principal of and premium, if any, and interest on a global note registered in the name of or held by The

Depository Trust Company (DTC) or its nominee will be made in immediately available funds to DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered holder of such global note. If any of the New Notes is no longer represented by a global note, payment of interest on certificated New Notes in definitive form may, at the option of Reliance, be made by (1) check mailed directly to holders at their registered addresses or (ii) upon request

20

Table of Contents

of any holder of at least \$1,000,000 principal amount of New Notes, wire transfer to an account located in the United States maintained by the payee. See Book-entry; Delivery and Form; Global Notes below.

A holder may transfer or exchange any certificated New Notes in definitive form at the same location set forth in the preceding paragraph. No service charge will be made for any registration of transfer or exchange of New Notes, but Reliance may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any transfer tax or other similar governmental charge payable in connection therewith. Reliance is not required to transfer or exchange any New Note selected for redemption during a period of 15 days before mailing of a notice of redemption of New Notes to be redeemed.

The registered holder of a New Note will be treated as the owner of it for all purposes.

All amounts of principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the New Notes paid by Reliance that remain unclaimed two years after such payment was due and payable will be repaid to Reliance, and the holders of such New Notes will thereafter look solely to Reliance for payment.

Ranking

The Notes will be senior unsecured obligations of Reliance and will rank equally in right of payment with all existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of Reliance.

So long as they are in effect, the guarantees of the subsidiary guarantors will be senior unsecured obligations of those subsidiaries and will rank equally in right of payment with all other existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of those subsidiaries.

The Notes and the guarantees will be effectively junior to all existing and future secured indebtedness of Reliance and, so long as they are in effect, the guarantees of any subsidiary guarantors will be effectively junior to all secured indebtedness of those subsidiaries, in each ease, to the extent of the assets securing such indebtedness.

As of September 30, 2006, Reliance and the subsidiary guarantors had secured indebtedness of approximately \$2.1 million and \$4.1 million (excluding the repurchased EMJ Notes), respectively.

Reliance derives a large portion of its operating income and cash flow from its investments in its subsidiaries. Therefore, Reliance s ability to make payments when due to the holders of the Notes is, in large part, dependent upon the receipt of sufficient funds from its subsidiaries. Holders of the Notes will, however, have a claim with respect to the assets and earnings of the subsidiary guarantors so long as their respective guarantees are in effect.

Claims of creditors of Reliance s subsidiaries (other than subsidiary guarantors providing guarantees for the Notes, so long as their respective guarantees are in effect) generally will have priority with respect to the assets and earnings of such subsidiaries over the claims of Reliance s creditors and of the creditors of the subsidiary guarantors, including holders of the Notes. Accordingly, the Notes and the guarantees of the subsidiary guarantors will be effectively subordinated to creditors, including trade creditors and preferred shareholders, if any, of Reliance s subsidiaries (other than the subsidiary guarantors so long as their respective guarantees are in effect).

Optional Redemption

Reliance may redeem the Notes of either series at its option at any time, either in whole or in part. If Reliance elects to redeem the Notes of a series, it will pay a redemption price equal to the greater of the following amounts, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest thereon to, but not including, the redemption date:

100% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed; or

the sum of the present values of the Remaining Scheduled Payments.

In determining the present values of the Remaining Scheduled Payments, Reliance will discount such payments to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using a discount rate equal to the Treasury Rate plus 0.25% (25 basis points), in the case of the New 2016 Notes, and the Treasury Rate plus 0.35% (35 basis points), in the case of the New 2036 Notes.

The following terms are relevant to the determination of the redemption price.

21

Table of Contents

Treasury Rate means, with respect to any redemption date, the rate per annum equal to the semi-annual equivalent yield to maturity (computed as of the third business day immediately preceding that redemption date) of the Comparable Treasury Issue. In determining this rate, Reliance will assume a price for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable Treasury Price for such redemption date.

Comparable Treasury Issue means the United States Treasury security selected by an Independent Investment Banker as having an actual or interpolated maturity comparable to the remaining term of the Notes to be redeemed that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of such Notes.

Independent Investment Banker means Citigroup Global Markets Inc. or J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., or their respective successors as may be appointed from time to time by the trustee after consultation with Reliance; provided, however, that if any of the foregoing ceases to be a primary U.S. Government securities dealer in New York City (a primary treasury dealer), Reliance will substitute another primary treasury dealer.

Comparable Treasury Price means, with respect to any redemption date, (1) the arithmetic average of the Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations for such redemption date after excluding the highest and lowest Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, or (2) if the trustee obtains fewer than four Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, the arithmetic average of all Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations for such redemption date.

Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations means, with respect to each Reference Treasury Dealer and any redemption date, the arithmetic average, as determined by the trustee, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the trustee by such Reference Treasury Dealer as of 3:30 p.m., New York City time, on the third business day preceding such redemption date.

Reference Treasury Dealer means Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., and two other primary treasury dealers selected by Reliance, and each of their respective successors and any other primary treasury dealers selected by the trustee after consultation with Reliance.

Remaining Scheduled Payments means, with respect to any Note to be redeemed, the remaining scheduled payments of the principal of and premium, if any, and interest on such Note that would be due after the related redemption date but for such redemption; provided, however, that, if such redemption date is not an interest payment date with respect to such Note, the amount of the next scheduled interest payment thereon will be reduced by the amount of interest accrued thereon to such redemption date.

A partial redemption of the Notes of either series may be effected pro rata or by lot or by such method as the trustee may deem fair and appropriate and may provide for the selection for redemption of portions (equal to the minimum authorized denomination for the Notes or any integral multiple thereof) of the principal amount of Notes of a denomination larger than the minimum authorized denomination for the Notes.

Notice of any redemption will be mailed at least 30 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each holder of the Notes to be redeemed.

Unless Reliance defaults in payment of the redemption price, on and after the redemption date interest will cease to accrue on the Notes, or portions thereof, called for redemption.

Purchase of Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event

If a change of control repurchase event occurs, unless Reliance has exercised its right to redeem the Notes as described above, Reliance will be required to make an offer to each holder of the Notes to repurchase all or any part (in excess of \$2,000 and in integral multiples of \$1,000) of that holder s Notes at a repurchase price in cash equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes repurchased to, but not including, the date of repurchase. Within 30 days following any change of control repurchase event or, at the option of Reliance, prior to any change of control, but after the public announcement of the change of control, Reliance will mail a notice to each holder, with a copy to the trustee, describing the transaction or transactions that constitute or may constitute the change of control repurchase event and offering to

22

Table of Contents

repurchase the Notes on the payment date specified in the notice, which date will be no earlier than 30 days and no later than 60 days from the date such notice is mailed. The notice shall, if mailed prior to the date of consummation of the change of control, state that the offer to purchase is conditioned on a change of control repurchase event occurring on or prior to the payment date specified in the notice. Reliance will comply with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act, and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent those laws and regulations are applicable in connection with the repurchase of the Notes as a result of a change of control repurchase event. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with the change of control repurchase event provisions of the Notes, Reliance will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations under the change of control repurchase event provisions of the Notes by virtue of such conflict.

On the repurchase date following a change of control repurchase event, Reliance will, to the extent lawful:

- (1) accept for payment all the Notes or portions of the Notes properly tendered pursuant to its offer;
- (2) deposit with the paying agent an amount equal to the aggregate purchase price in respect of all the Notes or portions of the Notes properly tendered; and
- (3) deliver or cause to be delivered to the trustee the Notes properly accepted, together with an officers certificate stating the aggregate principal amount of Notes being purchased by Reliance.

The paying agent will promptly mail to each holder of Notes properly tendered the purchase price for the Notes, and the trustee will promptly authenticate and mail (or cause to