SUNGARD DATA SYSTEMS INC Form 10-Q October 29, 2010

United States Securities and Exchange Commission Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-0

(Mark One) b Quarterly report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2010 OR Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from _ **Commission file numbers:** SunGard Capital Corp. 000-53653 SunGard Capital Corp. II 000-53654 **SunGard Data Systems Inc.** 001-12989 SunGard® Capital Corp. SunGard® Capital Corp. II SunGard® Data Systems Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 20-3059890
Delaware 20-3060101
Delaware 51-0267091
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

680 East Swedesford Road, Wayne, Pennsylvania 19087 (Address of principal executive offices, including zip code) 484-582-2000

(Registrants telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

SunGard Capital Corp.	Yes þ	No o
SunGard Capital Corp. II	Yes þ	No o
SunGard Data Systems Inc.	Yes b	No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

SunGard Capital Corp.	Yes o	No o
SunGard Capital Corp. II	Yes o	No o
SunGard Data Systems Inc.	Yes o	No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

SunGard Capital Corp. Large accelerated filer o. Accelerated filer o. Non-accelerated filer þ. Smaller reporting company o. SunGard Capital Corp. II Large accelerated filer o. Accelerated filer o. Non-accelerated filer þ. Smaller reporting company o. SunGard Data Systems Inc. Large accelerated filer o. Accelerated filer o. Non-accelerated filer þ. Smaller reporting company o. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

SunGard Capital Corp.	Yes o	No þ
SunGard Capital Corp. II	Yes o	No þ
SunGard Data Systems Inc.	Yes o	No þ

The number of shares of the registrants common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2010:

SunGard Capital Corp. 255,482,475 shares of Class A common stock and 28,386,870 shares of Class L

common stock

SunGard Capital Corp. II 100 shares of common stock SunGard Data Systems 100 shares of common stock

Inc.

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Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Explanatory Note

This Form 10-Q is a combined quarterly report being filed separately by three registrants: SunGard Capital Corp. (SCC), SunGard Capital Corp. II (SCCII) and SunGard Data Systems Inc. (SunGard). SCC and SCC II are collectively referred to as the Parent Companies. Unless the context indicates otherwise, any reference in this report to the Company, we, us and our refer to the Parent Companies together with their direct and indirect subsidiaries, including SunGard. Each registrant hereto is filing on its own behalf all of the information contained in this quarterly report that relates to such registrant. Each registrant hereto is not filing any information that does not relate to such registrant, and therefore makes no representation as to any such information.

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Item 1. Financial Statements

SunGard Capital Corp. Consolidated Balance Sheets (In millions except share and per-share amounts) (Unaudited)

	December 31, 2009		Se	September 30, 2010	
Assets					
Current:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	664	\$	787	
Trade receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$49 and \$61		955		805	
Earned but unbilled receivables		181		189	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		189		168	
Clearing broker assets		332		240	
Deferred income taxes		22		22	
Total current assets		2,343		2,211	
Property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation of \$936 and \$1,095		925		907	
Software products, less accumulated amortization of \$1,091 and \$1,261		1,020		867	
Customer base, less accumulated amortization of \$954 and \$1,133		2,294		2,111	
Other intangible assets, less accumulated amortization of \$24 and \$22		195		172	
Trade name, less accumulated amortization of \$10 and \$6		1,025		1,023	
Goodwill		6,178		5,838	
Total Assets	\$	13,980	\$	13,129	
Liabilities and Equity					
Current:					
Short-term and current portion of long-term debt	\$	64	\$	64	
Accounts payable		72	•	63	
Accrued compensation and benefits		319		265	
Accrued interest expense		146		92	
Other accrued expenses		412		408	
Clearing broker liabilities		294		201	
Deferred revenue		1,040		975	
Total current liabilities		2,347		2,068	
Long-term debt		8,251		8,234	
Deferred income taxes		1,318		1,221	
Total liabilities		11,916		11,523	

Commitments and contingencies

Noncontrolling interest in preferred stock of SCCII subject to a put option	51	57
Class L common stock subject to a put option	88	92
Class A common stock subject to a put option	11	12
Stockholders equity:		
Class L common stock, convertible, par value \$.001 per share; cumulative		
13.5% per annum, compounded quarterly; aggregate liquidation preference of		
\$4,151 million and \$4,594 million; 50,000,000 shares authorized, 28,613,930		
and 28,657,755 shares issued		
Class A common stock, par value \$.001 per share; 550,000,000 shares		
authorized, 257,529,758 and 257,924,310 shares issued		
Capital in excess of par value	2,678	2,693
Treasury stock, 248,414 and 270,885 shares of Class L common stock; and		
2,239,549 and 2,441,835 shares of Class A common stock	(27)	(29)
Accumulated deficit	(2,209)	(2,809)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(121)	(146)
Total SunGard Capital Corp. stockholders equity (deficit)	321	(291)
Noncontrolling interest in preferred stock of SCCII	1,593	1,736
Total equity	1,914	1,445
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 13,980	\$ 13,129

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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SunGard Capital Corp. Consolidated Statements of Operations (In millions) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		Э,	
	2009		2010	2009		2010
Revenue:						
Services	\$ 1,198	\$	1,130	\$ 3,687	\$	3,408
License and resale fees	93		82	236		285
Total products and services	1,291		1,212	3,923		3,693
Reimbursed expenses	46		30	118		96
	1,337		1,242	4,041		3,789
Costs and expenses:						
Cost of sales and direct operating	629		568	1,999		1,764
Sales, marketing and administration	266		275	798		836
Product development	86		89 72	258		278
Depreciation and amortization	74		73	215		220
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible	150		126	404		251
assets	150		126	404		371
Goodwill impairment charges and merger and other costs			330	1		339
other costs			330	1		339
	1,205		1,461	3,675		3,808
Income (loss) from operations	132		(219)	366		(19)
Interest income	5		1	6		2
Interest expense and amortization of deferred						
financing fees	(165)		(160)	(471)		(479)
Other income (expense)	(15)		(10)	6		4
Loss before income taxes	(43)		(388)	(93)		(492)
Benefit from income taxes	3		10	12		39
Net loss Income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	(40)		(378)	(81)		(453)
(including \$1, \$1, \$1 and \$4 in temporary equity)	(46)		(51)	(132)		(147)
Net loss attributable to SunGard Capital Corp.	\$ (86)	\$	(429)	\$ (213)	\$	(600)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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SunGard Capital Corp. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In millions) (Unaudited)

		Nine Mon Septem		
		2009	2	2010
Cash flow from operations:	Φ.	(0.1)	4	(450)
Net loss	\$	(81)	\$	(453)
Reconciliation of net loss to cash flow from operations:		610		5 04
Depreciation and amortization		619		591
Goodwill impairment charge		(00)		328
Deferred income tax benefit		(82)		(96)
Stock compensation expense		22		24
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount		31		33
Other noncash items		(7)		(3)
Accounts receivable and other current assets		20		181
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(138)		(104)
Clearing broker assets and liabilities, net		(19)		(1)
Deferred revenue		(1)		(68)
Cash flow from operations		364		432
Investment activities:				
Cash paid for acquired businesses, net of cash acquired		(12)		(62)
Cash paid for property and equipment and software		(255)		(223)
Other investing activities		3		10
Cash used in investment activities		(264)		(275)
Financing activities:				
Cash received from issuance of common stock		1		1
Cash received from issuance of preferred stock		1		
Cash received from borrowings, net of fees		211		22
Cash used to repay debt		(814)		(51)
Cash used to purchase treasury stock		(4)		(3)
Other financing activities		(3)		(1)
Cash used in financing activities		(608)		(32)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		12		(2)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(496)		123
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		975		664

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Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 479	\$ 787
Supplemental information:		
Acquired businesses:		
Property and equipment	\$	\$ 5
Software products	8	16
Customer base	4	23
Goodwill	4	29
Other intangible assets		2
Deferred income taxes	(1)	(3)
Purchase price obligations and debt assumed	(1)	(12)
Net current liabilities assumed	(2)	2
Cash paid for acquired businesses, net of cash acquired of \$1 and \$8, respectively	\$ 12	\$ 62

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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SunGard Capital Corp. II Consolidated Balance Sheets (In millions except share and per-share amounts) (Unaudited)

	December 31, 2009		September 30, 2010	
Assets				
Current:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	664	\$	787
Trade receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$49 and \$61		955		805
Earned but unbilled receivables		181		189
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		189		168
Clearing broker assets		332		240
Deferred income taxes		22		22
Total current assets		2,343		2,211
Property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation of \$936 and \$1,095		925		907
Software products, less accumulated amortization of \$1,091 and \$1,261		1,020		867
Customer base, less accumulated amortization of \$954 and \$1,133		2,294		2,111
Other intangible assets, less accumulated amortization of \$24 and \$22		195		172
Trade name, less accumulated amortization of \$10 and \$6		1,025		1,023
Goodwill		6,178		5,838
Total Assets	\$	13,980	\$	13,129
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity				
Current:				
Short-term and current portion of long-term debt	\$	64	\$	64
Accounts payable		72		63
Accrued compensation and benefits		319		265
Accrued interest expense		146		92
Other accrued expenses		412		408
Clearing broker liabilities		294		201
Deferred revenue		1,040		975
Total current liabilities		2,347		2,068
Long-term debt		8,251		8,234
Deferred income taxes		1,318		1,221
Total liabilities		11,916		11,523
		,		-, -

Commitments and contingencies

Preferred stock subject to a put option	38	40
Stockholders equity:		
Preferred stock, par value \$.001 per share; cumulative 11.5% per annum,		
compounded quarterly; aggregate liquidation preference of \$1,627 million and		
\$1,775 million; 14,999,000 shares authorized, 9,904,863 and 9,920,038 issued		
Common stock, par value \$.001 per share; 1,000 shares authorized, 100 shares		
issued and outstanding		
Capital in excess of par value	3,724	3,743
Treasury stock, 86,008 and 93,789 shares	(10)	(11)
Accumulated deficit	(1,567)	(2,020)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(121)	(146)
Total stockholders equity	2,026	1,566
Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity	\$ 13,980	\$ 13,129

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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SunGard Capital Corp. II Consolidated Statements of Operations (In millions) (Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2009		2010		2009		2010	
Revenue:	Φ.	1 100	ф	1 120	Φ.	2.605	ф	2 400	
Services	\$	1,198	\$	1,130	\$	3,687	\$	3,408	
License and resale fees		93		82		236		285	
Total products and services		1,291		1,212		3,923		3,693	
Reimbursed expenses		46		30		118		96	
		1,337		1,242		4,041		3,789	
Costs and expenses:									
Cost of sales and direct operating		629		568		1,999		1,764	
Sales, marketing and administration		266		275		798		836	
Product development		86		89		258		278	
Depreciation and amortization		74		73		215		220	
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible									
assets		150		126		404		371	
Goodwill impairment charges and merger and									
other costs				330		1		339	
		1,205		1,461		3,675		3,808	
Income (loss) from operations		132		(219)		366		(19)	
Interest income		5		1		6		2	
Interest expense and amortization of deferred									
financing fees		(165)		(160)		(471)		(479)	
Other income (expense)		(15)		(10)		6		4	
Loss before income taxes		(43)		(388)		(93)		(492)	
Benefit from income taxes		3		10		12		39	
Net loss	\$	(40)	\$	(378)	\$	(81)	\$	(453)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SunGard Capital Corp. II Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In millions) (Unaudited)

	Nine Mont Septemb 2009					
Cash flow from operations:	4	2007	_	.010		
Net loss	\$	(81)	\$	(453)		
Reconciliation of net loss to cash flow from operations:	Ψ	(01)	Ψ	(100)		
Depreciation and amortization		619		591		
Goodwill impairment charge				328		
Deferred income tax benefit		(82)		(96)		
Stock compensation expense		22		24		
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount		31		33		
Other noncash items		(7)		(3)		
Accounts receivable and other current assets		20		181		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(138)		(104)		
Clearing broker assets and liabilities, net		(19)		(1)		
Deferred revenue		(1)		(68)		
Cash flow from operations		364		432		
Investment activities:						
Cash paid for acquired businesses, net of cash acquired		(12)		(62)		
Cash paid for property and equipment and software		(255)		(223)		
Other investing activities		3		10		
Cash used in investment activities		(264)		(275)		
Financing activities:						
Cash received from issuance of preferred stock		1				
Cash received from borrowings, net of fees		211		22		
Cash used to repay debt		(814)		(51)		
Cash used to purchase treasury stock		(1)		(1)		
Other financing activities		(5)		(2)		
Cash used in financing activities		(608)		(32)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		12		(2)		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(496)		123		
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		975		664		

Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 479	\$ 787	
Supplemental information:			
Acquired businesses:			
Property and equipment	\$	\$ 5	
Software products	8	16	
Customer base	4	23	
Goodwill	4	29	
Other intangible assets		2	
Deferred income taxes	(1)	(3)	
Purchase price obligations and debt assumed	(1)	(12)	
Net current liabilities assumed	(2)	2	
Cash paid for acquired businesses, net of cash acquired of \$1 and \$8, respectively	\$ 12	\$ 62	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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SunGard Data Systems Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets (In millions except share and per-share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Dec	cember 31, 2009	Se	eptember 30, 2010
Assets				
Current:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	664	\$	787
Trade receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$49 and \$61		955		805
Earned but unbilled receivables		181		189
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		189		168
Clearing broker assets		332		240
Deferred income taxes		22		22
Total current assets		2,343		2,211
Property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation of \$936 and \$1,095		925		907
Software products, less accumulated amortization of \$1,091 and \$1,261		1,020		867
Customer base, less accumulated amortization of \$954 and \$1,133		2,294		2,111
Other intangible assets, less accumulated amortization of \$24 and \$22		195		172
Trade name, less accumulated amortization of \$10 and \$6		1,025		1,023
Goodwill		6,178		5,838
Total Assets	\$	13,980	\$	13,129
Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity				
Current:				
Short-term and current portion of long-term debt	\$	64	\$	64
Accounts payable		72		63
Accrued compensation and benefits		319		265
Accrued interest expense		146		92
Other accrued expenses		413		410
Clearing broker liabilities		294		201
Deferred revenue		1,040		975
Total current liabilities		2,348		2,070
Long-term debt		8,251		8,234
Deferred income taxes		1,314		1,216
Total liabilities		11,913		11,520

Commitments and contingencies

Stockholder s equity:

Common stock, par value \$.01 per share; 100 shares authorized, issued and

outstanding		
Capital in excess of par value	3,755	3,775
Accumulated deficit	(1,567)	(2,020)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(121)	(146)
Total stockholder s equity	2,067	1,609
Total Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity	\$ 13,980	\$ 13,129

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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SunGard Data Systems Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations (In millions) (Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2009		2010		2009		2010	
Revenue:	Φ.	1 100	ф	1 120	Φ.	2.605	ф	2 400	
Services	\$	1,198	\$	1,130	\$	3,687	\$	3,408	
License and resale fees		93		82		236		285	
Total products and services		1,291		1,212		3,923		3,693	
Reimbursed expenses		46		30		118		96	
		1,337		1,242		4,041		3,789	
Costs and expenses:									
Cost of sales and direct operating		629		568		1,999		1,764	
Sales, marketing and administration		266		275		798		836	
Product development		86		89		258		278	
Depreciation and amortization		74		73		215		220	
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible									
assets		150		126		404		371	
Goodwill impairment charges and merger and									
other costs				330		1		339	
		1,205		1,461		3,675		3,808	
Income (loss) from operations		132		(219)		366		(19)	
Interest income		5		1		6		2	
Interest expense and amortization of deferred									
financing fees		(165)		(160)		(471)		(479)	
Other income (expense)		(15)		(10)		6		4	
Loss before income taxes		(43)		(388)		(93)		(492)	
Benefit from income taxes		3		10		12		39	
Net loss	\$	(40)	\$	(378)	\$	(81)	\$	(453)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SunGard Data Systems Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In millions) (Unaudited)

	2	led 010		
Cash flow from operations:				
Net loss	\$	(81)	\$	(453)
Reconciliation of net loss to cash flow from operations:				
Depreciation and amortization		619		591
Goodwill impairment charge				328
Deferred income tax benefit		(83)		(97)
Stock compensation expense		22		24
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount		31		33
Other noncash items		(7)		(3)
Accounts receivable and other current assets		20		181
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(137)		(102)
Clearing broker assets and liabilities, net		(19)		(1)
Deferred revenue		(1)		(68)
Cash flow from operations		364		433
Investment activities:				
Cash paid for acquired businesses, net of cash acquired		(12)		(62)
Cash paid for property and equipment and software		(255)		(223)
Other investing activities		3		10
Cash used in investment activities		(264)		(275)
Financing activities:				
Cash received from borrowings, net of fees		211		22
Cash used to repay debt		(814)		(51)
Other financing activities		(5)		(4)
Cash used in financing activities		(608)		(33)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		12		(2)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Beginning cash and cash equivalents		(496) 975		123 664
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	479	\$	787
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Supplemental information:

Acquired businesses:			
Property and equipment	\$	\$	5
Software products	8		16
Customer base	4		23
Goodwill	4		29
Other intangible assets			2
Deferred income taxes	(1)		(3)
Purchase price obligations and debt assumed	(1)		(12)
Net current liabilities assumed	(2)		2
		_	
Cash paid for acquired businesses, net of cash acquired of \$1 and \$8, respectively	\$ 12	\$	62

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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SUNGARD CAPITAL CORP. SUNGARD CAPITAL CORP. II SUNGARD DATA SYSTEMS INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. Basis of Presentation:

SunGard Data Systems Inc. (SunGard) was acquired on August 11, 2005 (the Transaction) in a leveraged buy-out by a consortium of private equity investment funds associated with Bain Capital Partners, The Blackstone Group, Goldman Sachs & Co., Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co., Providence Equity Partners, Silver Lake and TPG (collectively, the Sponsors).

SunGard is a wholly owned subsidiary of SunGard Holdco LLC, which is wholly owned by SunGard Holding Corp., which is wholly owned by SunGard Capital Corp. II (SCCII), which is a subsidiary of SunGard Capital Corp. (SCC). All four of these companies were formed for the purpose of facilitating the Transaction and are collectively referred to as the Holding Companies . SCC, SCCII and SunGard are separate reporting companies and, together with their direct and indirect subsidiaries, are collectively referred to as the Company .

The Company has four reportable segments: Financial Systems (FS), Higher Education (HE), Public Sector (PS) and Availability Services (AS). The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated. The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), consistent in all material respects with those applied in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. Interim financial reporting does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for annual financial statements. The interim financial information is unaudited, but, in the opinion of management, includes all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary to provide a fair statement of results for the interim periods presented. Operating results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2010.

The presentation of certain prior year amounts has been revised to conform to the current year presentation.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board issued new revenue recognition guidance for arrangements with multiple deliverables. The new guidance, whose scope excludes software revenue recognition, modifies the fair value requirements for revenue recognition by providing best estimate of selling price in addition to vendor specific objective evidence, or VSOE, and vendor objective evidence, now referred to as third-party evidence, or TPE, for determining the selling price of a deliverable. Since the Company will be able to use an estimate of the selling price for the deliverables in an arrangement, all deliverables will be separate units of accounting, provided (a) a delivered item has value to the customer on a standalone basis, and (b) if the arrangement includes a general right of return relative to the delivered item, delivery or performance of the undelivered item is considered probable and substantially in the control of the Company. As a result of the requirement to use the best estimate of the selling price when VSOE or TPE of the selling price cannot be determined, the residual method is no longer permitted. The Company plans to adopt the guidance during the fourth quarter of 2010 and is currently finalizing the assessment of the impact that this guidance will have on the consolidated financial statements but does not expect the impact to be material.

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2. Acquisitions and Goodwill:

Acquisitions

The Company seeks to acquire businesses that broaden its existing product lines and service offerings by adding complementary products and service offerings and by expanding its geographic reach. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the Company completed two acquisitions in its FS segment and one acquisition in its AS segment. Cash paid, net of cash acquired and subject to certain adjustments, was \$62 million. The allocation of purchase price for our most recent acquisition, which occurred in the third quarter of 2010, is preliminary due primarily to valuation of intangible assets. These acquisitions were not material to the consolidated financial statements.

Goodwill

Generally accepted accounting principles in the United States require the Company to perform a goodwill impairment test, a two-step test, annually and more frequently when negative conditions or a triggering event arise. The Company completes its annual goodwill impairment test as of July 1 for each of its 16 reporting units. In step one, the estimated fair value of each reporting unit is compared to its carrying value. The Company estimated the fair values of each reporting unit by a combination of (i) estimation of the discounted cash flows of each of the reporting units based on projected earnings in the future (the income approach) and (ii) a comparative analysis of revenue and EBITDA multiples of public companies in similar markets (the market approach). If there is a deficiency (the estimated fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value), a step two test is required. In step two, the amount of any goodwill impairment is measured by comparing the implied fair value of the reporting unit is goodwill to the carrying value of goodwill, with the resulting impairment reflected in operations. The implied fair value is determined in the same manner as the amount of goodwill recognized in a business combination.

Estimating the fair value of a reporting unit requires various assumptions including projections of future cash flows, perpetual growth rates and discount rates. The assumptions about future cash flows and growth rates are based on management s assessment of a number of factors including the reporting unit s recent performance against budget, performance in the market that the reporting unit serves, as well as industry and general economic data from third party sources. Discount rate assumptions are based on an assessment of the risk inherent in those future cash flows. Changes to the underlying businesses could affect the future cash flows, which in turn could affect the fair value of the reporting unit. For the July 1, 2010 impairment test, the discount rates and perpetual growth rates used were between 10% and 11% and 3% and 4%, respectively.

Based on the results of the step one tests, the Company determined that the carrying value of the Public Sector North America (PS NA), Public Sector United Kingdom (PS UK) and Higher Education Managed Services (HE MS) reporting units were in excess of their respective fair values and a step two test was required for each of these reporting units. The primary drivers for the decline in the fair value of the reporting units compared to the prior year is the reduction in the perpetual growth rate assumption used for each of these three reporting units, stemming from the recent disruption in the global financial markets coupled with the challenging current recession, particularly the markets in which these three reporting units serve. Furthermore, there was a decline in the cash flow projections for the PS NA and PS UK reporting units, compared to those used in the 2009 goodwill impairment test as a result of decline in the overall outlook of these two reporting units. Additionally, the discount rate assumption used for the PS UK reporting unit was higher than the discount rate used in the 2009 impairment test.

A one percentage point increase in the perpetual growth rate or a one percentage point decrease in the discount rate would have resulted in the HE MS reporting unit having a fair value in excess of carrying value and a step two test would not have been required and there would have been no impairment charge incurred.

Prior to completing the step two tests, the Company first evaluated the long-lived assets, primarily the software, customer base and property and equipment, for impairment. In performing the impairment tests for long-lived assets, the Company estimated the undiscounted cash flows for the asset groups over the remaining useful lives of the reporting unit s primary asset and compared that to the carrying value of the asset groups. There was no impairment of the long-lived assets.

In completing the step two tests to determine the implied fair value of goodwill and therefore the amount of impairment, management first determined the fair value of the tangible and intangible assets and liabilities. Based on

the testing performed, the Company determined that the carrying value of goodwill exceeded its implied fair value for each of the three reporting units that required a step two test and recorded a goodwill impairment charge of \$328 million.

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The following table summarizes the goodwill impairment charge by reporting unit (in millions):

		Goodw balanc					odwill ance
Segment	Reporting Unit	before impairment		•	Impairment charge		fter irment
Public Sector	PS UK	\$	141	\$	(91)	\$	50
Public Sector	PS NA		534		(205)		329
Higher Education	HE MS		213(1)		(32)		181
		\$	888	\$	(328)	\$	560

(1) HE MS goodwill represents approximately 22% of total HE goodwill before the impairment charge. The remainder of the HE goodwill is associated with the core software business which did not have an impairment charge.

The Company has three other reporting units, whose goodwill balances in the aggregate total \$2.0 billion as of September 30, 2010, where the excess of the estimated fair value over the carrying value of the reporting unit was less than 10% of the carrying value. A one percentage point decrease in the perpetual growth rate or a one percentage point increase in the discount rate would cause each of these reporting units to fail the step one test and require a step two analysis, and some or all of this goodwill could be impaired. Furthermore, if any of these units fail to achieve expected performance levels in the next twelve months or experience a downturn in the business below current expectations, goodwill could be impaired.

The Company s remaining 10 reporting units, whose goodwill balances in aggregate total \$3.1 billion at September 30, 2010, each have estimated fair values in excess of 25% more than the carrying value of the reporting unit. The following table summarizes changes in goodwill by segment (in millions):

		Cost		Accumulated Impairment					
FS	HE	PS	\mathbf{AS}	Subtotal	HE	PS	AS	Subtotal	Total
\$ 3,457	\$ 950	\$814	\$ 2.211	\$ 7,432	\$	\$ (128)	\$ (1.126)	\$ (1.254)	\$6,178

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Balance at December 31,											
2009											
2010 acquisitions	28			1	29					29	
Impairment charges						(32)	(296)		(328)	(328)	
Adjustments related to the											
Transaction and prior year											
acquisitions	(2)				(2)					(2)	
Effect of foreign currency											
translation	(23)		(10)	(6)	(39)					(39)	
Balance at September 30,											
2010	\$3,460	\$950	\$ 804	\$ 2,206	\$ 7,420	\$ (32)	\$ (424)	\$ (1,126)	\$ (1,582)	\$5,838	

3. Clearing Broker Assets and Liabilities:

Clearing broker assets and liabilities are comprised of the following (in millions):

	ember 31, 009	Se	ptember 30, 2010
Segregated customer cash and treasury bills	\$ 153	\$	38
Securities owned	40		62
Securities borrowed	116		127
Receivables from customers and other	23		13
Clearing broker assets	\$ 332	\$	240
Payables to customers	\$ 163	\$	25
Securities loaned	95		115
Customer securities sold short, not yet purchased	9		
Payable to brokers and dealers	27		61
Clearing broker liabilities	\$ 294	\$	201

Segregated customer cash and treasury bills are held by the Company on behalf of customers. Clearing broker securities consist of trading and investment securities at fair market values, which are based on quoted market rates. Securities borrowed and loaned are collateralized financing transactions which are cash deposits made to or received from other broker/dealers. Receivables from and payables to customers represent amounts due or payable on cash and margin transactions.

4. Debt and Derivatives:

Debt

On September 30, 2010, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit and Security Agreement (Agreement) related to its receivables facility. Among other things, the amendment (a) increased the borrowing capacity under the facility from \$317 million to \$350 million, (b) extended the maturity date to September 30, 2014, (c) removed the 3% LIBOR floor and set the interest rate to one-month LIBOR plus 3.5%, which at September 30, 2010 was 3.76%, and (d) amended certain terms. Approximately \$8 million of fees were paid in connection with the Agreement.

Derivatives

The Company uses interest rate swap agreements to manage the amount of its floating rate debt in order to reduce its exposure to variable rate interest payments associated with the senior secured credit facilities. Each of these swap agreements is designated as a cash flow hedge. SunGard pays a stream of fixed interest payments for the term of the swap, and in turn, receives variable interest payments based on LIBOR. The net receipt or payment from the interest rate swap agreements is included in interest expense. The Company does not enter into interest rate swaps for speculative or trading purposes. A summary of the Company s interest rate swaps follows:

Inception	Maturity	An	tional nount nillions)	Interest rate paid	Interest rate received (LIBOR)		
	February				3-Month		
February 2006	2011	\$	800	5.00%			
January 2008			750	3.17%	3-Month		

	February			
	2011			
	February			1-Month
January/February 2009	2012	1,200	1.78%	
January/February 2010	May 2013	500	1.99%	3-Month
Total / Weighted Average interest rate		\$ 3,250	2.93%	

The fair values of interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedging instruments, included in other accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheets, are \$70 million and \$61 million as of December 31, 2009 and September 30, 2010, respectively.

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The table below summarizes the impact of the effective portion of interest rate swaps on the balance sheets and statements of operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2010 (in millions):

Three N	M onths	Nine N	Months					
Enc	ded	Ended						
Septem	ber 30,	Septem	ber 30,					
2009	2010	2009	2010					

Classification

Gain

(loss) recognized in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

(OCI) \$ (4) \$ 6 \$ 8 \$ 9 OCI

Gain

(loss) reclassified

from accumulated

OCI into income (22) **21** (56) **(19)** Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing fees The Company has no ineffectiveness related to its swap agreements.

The Company expects to reclassify in the next twelve months approximately \$47 million from OCI into earnings related to the Company s interest rate swaps based on the borrowing rates at September 30, 2010.

5. Fair Value Measurements:

The following table summarizes assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2010 (in millions):

		Fair V					
Clearing broker assets Clearing broker assets clearing broker assets securities owned	Le	evel 1	Level 2		Level 3	7	otal
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents money market funds	\$	207	\$		\$	\$	207
Clearing broker assets treasury bills		9					9
Clearing broker assets securities owned		62					62
	\$	278	\$		\$	\$	278
Liabilities Interest rate swap agreements and other	¢		\$	58	\$	¢	58
interest rate swap agreements and other	Ψ		Ψ	56	Ψ	Ψ	56

The following table summarizes assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2009 (in millions):

		evel 1	Level 2	Level 3	T	'otal
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents money market funds	\$	168	\$	\$	\$	168
Clearing broker assets U.S. treasury bills		151				151
Clearing broker assets securities owned		40				40
	\$	359	\$	\$	\$	359

Liabilities

Clearing broker liabilities customer securities sold				
short, not yet purchased	\$ 9	\$	\$ \$	9
Interest rate swap agreements		70		70
	\$ 9	\$ 70	\$ \$	79

A Level 1 fair value measure is based upon quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. A Level 2 fair value measure is based upon quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are observable. A Level 3 fair value measure is based upon inputs that are unobservable (for example, cash flow modeling inputs based on assumptions).

Cash and cash equivalents money market funds and Clearing broker assets U.S. treasury bills are recognized and measured at fair value in the Company s financial statements. Clearing broker assets and liabilities securities owned and customer securities sold short, not yet purchased are recorded at closing exchange-quoted prices. Fair values of the interest rate swap agreements are calculated using a discounted cash flow model using observable applicable market swap rates and assumptions and are compared to market valuations obtained from brokers.

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Fair Value Measurements:

The following table summarizes assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at September 30, 2010 (in millions):

	Fair	Total Gains					
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Le	vel 3	(Losses)		
Goodwill	\$	\$	\$	560	\$	(328)	

The following table summarizes assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at December 31, 2009 (in millions):

	Fair	Fair Value Measures Using								
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Le	evel 3	(Losses)					
Goodwill	\$	\$	\$	928	\$	(1.126)				

The fair value of goodwill is categorized in Level 3, fair value measurement using significant unobservable inputs, and is estimated by a combination of (i) discounted cash flows based on projected earnings in the future (the income approach) and (ii) a comparative analysis of revenue and EBITDA multiples of public companies in similar markets (the market approach). This requires the use of various assumptions including projections of future cash flows, perpetual growth rates and discount rates. The \$328 million impairment loss, which is reflected in operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, relates to certain of the Company s reporting units, as discussed further in Note 2. The \$1,126 million impairment loss, which is reflected in operations for the year ended December 31, 2009, relates to one of the Company s reporting units, as discussed further in the Company s 2009 Form 10-K.

The following table presents the carrying amount and estimated fair value of the Company s debt, including current portion and excluding the interest rate swaps, as of December 31, 2009 and September 30, 2010 (in millions):

	December 31, 2009				September 30,			0, 2010	
	Carrying Value			Fair Value		arrying	Fair		
						Value		Value	
Floating rate debt Fixed rate debt	\$	4,967 3,348	\$	4,815 3,507	\$	4,945 3,353	\$	4,847 3,482	

The fair value of the Company s floating rate and fixed rate long-term debt is primarily based on market rates.

6. Comprehensive Income (Loss):

Comprehensive income (loss) consists of net income (loss) adjusted for other increases and decreases affecting stockholder s equity that are excluded from the determination of net income (loss). The calculation of comprehensive income (loss) follows (in millions):

	7	Three Mor Septem			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
Net loss		009	2	2010	2	009	2	2010	
		(40)	\$	(378)	\$	(81)	\$	(453)	
Foreign currency translation gains (losses)		33		105		93		(34)	
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments		(4)		6		8		9	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(11)	\$	(267)	\$	20	\$	(478)	

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7. Equity:

A rollforward of SCC s equity for 2010 follows (in millions):

		SunC	ard (Capital	Corp	. stockho	lders	Noncontrolling interest					
		lass	Cl	ass A									
	I			-									
	temp	orary	tem	porary	Per	manent	'	Tem	porary	/ Per	manent		
	eq	uity	ec	quity	e	quity	Total	eq	uity	e	quity	Total	
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$	88	\$	11	\$	321	\$ 420	\$	51	\$	1,593	\$ 1,644	
Net income (loss)						(600)	(600)		4		143	147	
Foreign currency translation						(34)	(34)						
Net unrealized gain on derivative													
instruments						9	9						
Comprehensive income (loss)						(625)	(625)		4		143	147	
Stock compensation expense						24	24						
Termination of put options due to													
employee terminations and other		(2)					(2)		(1)		1		
Purchase of treasury stock						(1)	(1)				(1)	(1)	
Transfer intrinsic value of vested													
restricted stock units		6		1		(10)	(3)		3			3	
Balance at September 30, 2010	\$	92	\$	12	\$	(291)	\$ (187)	\$	57	\$	1,736	\$ 1,793	

A rollforward of SCC s equity for 2009 follows (in millions):

	SunC	Gard C	apital	Corp	. stockho	olders	Noncontrolling interest				
	lass L -										
	porary luity		orary uity		manent quity	Total		porary uity		manent quity	Total
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$ 111	\$	12	\$	1,458	\$ 1,581	\$	60	\$	1,411	\$ 1,471
Net income (loss) Foreign currency translation Net unrealized gain on derivative					(213) 93	(213) 93		1		131	132
instruments					8	8					
Comprehensive income (loss) Stock compensation expense					(112) 22	(112) 22		1		131	132
Termination of put options due to employee terminations and other	(33)		(3)		40	4		(12)		7	(5)
Issuance of common and preferred	, ,		(3)		10			(12)		,	(3)
stock Purchase of treasury stock Transfer intrinsic value of vested	1				(2)	1 (2)				(1)	(1)
restricted stock units	6		1		(6)	1		(2)			(2)

Balance at September 30, 2009 \$ 85 \$ 10 \$ 1,400 \$ 1,495 \$ 47 \$ 1,548 \$ 1,595

During June 2010, the Company amended the terms of unvested performance awards granted in 2007 and thereafter by reducing performance targets for 2011 though 2014 to each year s consolidated Internal EBITA (defined as income from operations before amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets, stock compensation expense and certain other items) budget. There was no expense recognized at this time as a result of the modifications.

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8. Segment Information:

The Company has four reportable segments: FS, HE and PS, which together form the Company s Software & Processing Solutions business, and AS. The Company evaluates the performance of its segments based on operating results before interest, income taxes, amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets, stock compensation and certain other costs. The operating results apply to each of SCC, SCCII and SunGard unless otherwise noted. The operating results for each segment follow (in millions):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2009		2010		2009		2010
Revenue:							
Financial systems	\$ 724	\$	659	\$	2,232	\$	2,021
Higher education	125		121		389		372
Public sector	103		96		289		296
Software & processing solutions	952		876		2,910		2,689
Availability services	385		366		1,131		1,100
	\$ 1,337	\$	1,242	\$	4,041	\$	3,789
Depreciation and amortization:							
Financial systems	\$ 20	\$	22	\$	58	\$	61
Higher education	3		3		10		9
Public sector	2		2		6		7
Software & processing solutions	25		27		74		77
Availability services	49		46		141		143
	\$ 74	\$	73	\$	215	\$	220
Income (loss) from operations:							
Financial systems	\$ 157	\$	134	\$	414	\$	395
Higher education	33		28		95 5.5		90
Public sector	19		21		55		57
Software & processing solutions	209		183		564		542
Availability services	103		86		291		240
Corporate and other items (1)	(180)		(466)		(488)		(770)
Merger and other costs			(22)		(1)		(31)
	\$ 132	\$	(219)	\$	366	\$	(19)
Cash paid for property and equipment and software:							
Financial systems	\$ 16	\$	26	\$	60	\$	67
Higher education	2	•	5		6	•	9
Public sector	4		3		10		8

Software & processing solutions Availability services	22 66	34 41	76 179	84 138
Corporate administration				1
	\$ 88	\$ 75	\$ 255	\$ 223

(1) Includes corporate administrative expenses, goodwill impairment charges, stock compensation expense, management fees paid to the Sponsors, other items and amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets of \$150 million and \$126 million for the three month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2010, respectively, and \$404 million and \$371 million for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2010, respectively.

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Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets by segment follows (in millions):

	,	Three Mon Septeml			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2	009	2	010	2	2009	2	010	
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets:									
Financial systems	\$	91(1)	\$	67 ₍₁₎	\$	227(1)	\$	193 ₍₁₎	
Higher education		8		8		25		25	
Public sector		8		7		23		24	
Software & processing solutions		107		82		275		242	
Availability services		42		43		127		128	
Corporate administration		1		1		2		1	
	\$	150	\$	126	\$	404	\$	371	

(1) Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets in 2009 includes approximately \$16 million and \$10 million of impairment charges related to customer base and software, respectively, for subsidiaries in the FS segment. Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets in 2010 includes approximately \$1 million and \$2 million of impairment charges related to customer base and software, respectively, for subsidiaries in the

FS segment.

The FS Segment is organized to align with customer-facing business areas. FS revenue by these business areas follows (in millions):

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	,	Three Mon	Nine Months Ended								
						September 30,					
	2	2009	2	010		2009	,	2010			
Trading Systems	\$	169	\$	94	\$	633	\$	328			
Wealth Management		98		96		280		283			
Capital Markets		72		82		203		237			
Brokerage & Clearance		67		72		209		230			
Global Trading		65		62		177		193			
Institutional Asset Management		54		50		154		148			
Corporations		44		46		132		143			
Banks		39		44		110		125			
All other		116		113		334		334			
Total Financial Systems	\$	724	\$	659	\$	2,232	\$	2,021			

9. Related Party Transactions:

In accordance with the Management Agreement between the Company and affiliates of the Sponsors, the Company recorded \$4 million of management fees in sales, marketing and administration expenses during each of the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 2010. In each of the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2010, the Company recorded \$11 million of management fees in sales, marketing and administration expenses. At each of December 31, 2009 and September 30, 2010, \$4 million was included in other accrued expenses.

10. Supplemental Guarantor Condensed Consolidating Financial Statements:

SunGard s senior notes are jointly and severally, fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis and the senior subordinated notes are jointly and severally, fully and unconditionally guaranteed on an unsecured senior subordinated basis, in each case, subject to certain exceptions, by substantially all wholly owned, domestic subsidiaries of SunGard (collectively, the Guarantors). Each of the Guarantors is 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by SunGard. None of the other subsidiaries of SunGard, either direct or indirect, nor any of the Holding Companies guarantee the senior notes and senior subordinated notes (Non-Guarantors). The Guarantors and SunGard Holdco LLC also unconditionally guarantee the senior secured credit facilities.

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The following tables present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of SunGard (referred to as Parent Company for purposes of this note only), the Guarantor subsidiaries, the Non-Guarantor subsidiaries and Eliminations as of December 31, 2009 and September 30, 2010, and for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2010 to arrive at the information for SunGard on a consolidated basis. SCC and SCCII are neither parties to nor guarantors of the debt issued as described in the notes to consolidated financial statements included in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

	Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet December 31, 2009										
	P	Parent	G			on-Guarantor	0,				
(in millions)	Co	mpany	Su	bsidiaries	S	Subsidiaries	El	iminations	Co	nsolidated	
Assets											
Current:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	126	\$	(9)	\$	547	\$		\$	664	
Intercompany balances		(6,563)		5,787		776					
Trade receivables, net				734		402				1,136	
Prepaid expenses, taxes and other current											
assets		2,017		77		417		(1,968)		543	
Total current assets		(4,420)		6,589		2,142		(1,968)		2,343	
Property and equipment, net		1		603		321				925	
Intangible assets, net		164		3,756		614				4,534	
Intercompany balances		961		(691)		(270)					
Goodwill				4,895		1,283				6,178	
Investment in subsidiaries		13,394		2,490				(15,884)			
Total Assets	\$	10,100	\$	17,642	\$	4,090	\$	(17,852)	\$	13,980	
Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity Current:											
Short-term and current portion of											
long-term debt	\$	45	\$	7	\$	12	\$		\$	64	
Accounts payable and other current											
liabilities		272		2,901		1,079		(1,968)		2,284	
Total current liabilities		317		2,908		1,091		(1,968)		2,348	
Long-term debt		7,687		3		561				8,251	
Intercompany debt		82		103		(31)		(154)			
Deferred income taxes		(53)		1,234		133				1,314	
Total liabilities		8,033		4,248		1,754		(2,122)		11,913	
Total stockholder s equity		2,067		13,394		2,336		(15,730)		2,067	
Total Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity	\$	10,100	\$	17,642	\$	4,090	\$	(17,852)	\$	13,980	

		Sup	plen			lensed Consolid		ng Balance	Sh	eet
	F	Parent	Gı			lon-Guarantor				
(in millions)	Co	mpany	Sul	bsidiaries		Subsidiaries	Eli	minations	C	onsolidated
Assets		1 0								
Current:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	192	\$	(8)	5	603	\$		\$	787
Intercompany balances		(7,212)		6,421		791				
Trade receivables, net		1		683		310				994
Prepaid expenses, taxes and other current										
assets		2,277		81		455		(2,383)		430
		_,						(=,===)		
Total current assets		(4,742)		7,177		2,159		(2,383)		2,211
Property and equipment, net		(1,712)		597		310		(2,505)		907
Intangible assets, net		142		3,456		575				4,173
Intercompany balances		277		(9)		(268)				4,175
Goodwill		211		4,657		1,181				5,838
Investment in subsidiaries		13,880		2,505		1,101		(16,385)		5,050
investment in substataties		13,000		2,303				(10,363)		
Total Assets	\$	9,557	\$	18,383	9	3,957	\$	(18,768)	\$	13,129
Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity Current: Short-term and current portion of										
long-term debt	\$	45	\$	3	9	\$ 16	\$		\$	64
Accounts payable and other current										
liabilities		207		3,259		923		(2,383)		2,006
Total current liabilities		252		3,262		939		(2,383)		2,070
Long-term debt		7,656		3		575		(=,000)		8,234
Intercompany debt		86		96		(35)		(147)		o, _ e .
Deferred income taxes		(46)		1,142		120		(117)		1,216
Deferred medine taxes		(40)		1,172		120				1,210
Total liabilities		7,948		4,503		1,599		(2,530)		11,520
Total stockholder s equity		1,609		13,880		2,358		(16,238)		1,609
Total Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity	\$	9,557	\$	18,383	9	\$ 3,957	\$	(18,768)	\$	13,129
		Supplen				ed Consolidatin hs Ended Septe	_		_	erations

	Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Schedule of Operations Three Months Ended September 30, 2009									
(in millions)	Parent Company			Non-Guara Subsidia		Eliminat	tions	Consol	idated	
Total revenue	\$	\$	842	\$	520	\$	(25)	\$	1,337	

Costs and expenses:					
Cost of sales and direct operating		354	300	(25)	629
Sales, marketing and administration	23	137	106		266
Product development		44	42		86
Depreciation and amortization		54	20		74
Amortization of acquisition-related					
intangible assets	1	99	50		150
Merger costs					
	24	688	518	(25)	1,205
Income (loss) from operations	(24)	154	2		132
Net interest income (expense)	(141)	13	(32)		(160)
Other income (expense)	238	(55)	(15)	(183)	(15)
Income (loss) before income taxes	73	112	(45)	(183)	(43)
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	(113)	126	(10)	. ,	3
Net income (loss)	\$ (40) \$	238 \$	(55) \$	(183) \$	(40)

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	Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Schedule of Operations Three Months Ended September 30, 2010												
(in millions)	Parent Company	Guar		Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Consolidated							
Total revenue	\$	\$	888	\$ 396	\$ (42)	\$ 1,242							
Costs and expenses:													
Cost of sales and direct operating			382	228	(42)	568							
Sales, marketing and administration	27		134	114		275							
Product development			27	62		89							
Depreciation and amortization			50	23		73							
Amortization of acquisition-related													
intangible assets			102	24		126							
Merger costs			239	91		330							
	27		934	542	(42)	1,461							
Income (loss) from operations	(27	')	(46)	(146)		(219)							
Net interest income (expense)	(146	5)	(81)	68		(159)							
Other income (expense)	(265	<u>(</u>)	(39)	(10)	304	(10)							
Income (loss) before income taxes	(438	5)	(166)	(88)	304	(388)							
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	60)	(99)	49		10							
Net income (loss)	\$ (378	\$) \$	(265)	\$ (39)	\$ 304	\$ (378)							

	Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Schedule of Operations Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009										
(in millions)	Parent Company	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations Consolidated							
Total revenue	\$	\$ 2,532	\$ 1,579	\$ (70) \$ 4,041							
Costs and expenses: Cost of sales and direct operating Sales, marketing and administration Product development Depreciation and amortization Amortization of acquisition-related	68	1,091 434 126 160	978 296 132 55	(70) 1,999 798 258 215							
intangible assets Merger costs	2 1	302	100	404 1							
	71	2,113	1,561	(70) 3,675							

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Income (loss) from operations Net interest income (expense)	(71) (411)	419 36	18 (90)		366 (465)
Other income (expense)	402	(66)	6	(336)	6
Income (loss) before income taxes	(80)	389	(66)	(336)	(93)
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	(1)	13			12
Net income (loss)	\$ (81) \$	402 \$	(66) \$	(336) \$	(81)

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Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Schedule of Operation Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 Parent Guarantor Non-Guarantor									
(in millions)	Company	Subsidiaries			Consolidated				
Total revenue	\$	\$ 2,670	\$ 1,237	\$ (118)	\$ 3,789				
Costs and expenses:									
Cost of sales and direct operating		1,153	729	(118)	1,764				
Sales, marketing and administration	77	427	332		836				
Product development		83	195		278				
Depreciation and amortization		155	65		220				
Amortization of acquisition-related	1	304	66		371				
intangible assets Merger costs	1	240	99		339				
Weiger costs		240	77		339				
	78	2,362	1,486	(118)	3,808				
Income (loss) from operations	(78)	308	(249)		(19)				
Net interest income (expense)	(441)	(204)	, ,		(477)				
Other income (expense)	(113)	(31)	4	144	4				
Income (loss) before income taxes	(632)	73	(77)	144	(492)				
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	179	(186)	46		39				
Net income (loss)	\$ (453)) \$ (113)	\$ (31)	\$ 144	\$ (453)				
	Supplem	nental Conden	sed Consolidating	g Schedule of (Cash Flows				

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009												
	P	arent				on-Guarantor	ıbc	1 50, 2007					
(in millions)	Co	mpany	Su	bsidiaries	S	Subsidiaries	El	iminations	Co	onsolidated			
Cash Flow From Operations													
Net income (loss)	\$	(81)	\$	402	\$	(66)	\$	(336)	\$	(81)			
Non cash adjustments		(343)		451		138		336		582			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		(165)		(294)		322				(137)			
Cash flow provided by (used in)													
operations		(589)		559		394				364			
Investment Activities													
Intercompany transactions		923		(384)		(539)							
Cash paid for businesses acquired by the Company, net of cash acquired				(12)						(12)			

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Cash paid for property and equipment and software Other investing activities		(182) 1	(73) 2	(255) 3
Cash provided by (used in) investment activities	923	(577)	(610)	(264)
Financing Activities Net borrowings (repayments) of long-term debt Other financing activities	(833) (5)	(7)	237	(603) (5)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(838)	(7)	237	(608)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash			12	12
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Beginning cash and cash equivalents	(504) 511	(25) 16	33 448	(496) 975
Ending cash and cash equivalents \$	7 \$	(9) \$	481 \$	\$ 479
	23	3		

	Su	pplem			-	g Schedule of on the state of t	Cash	Flows
(in millions)		rent pany		rantor idiaries	-Guarantor Ibsidiaries	Eliminations	Con	ısolidated
Cash Flow From Operations								
Net income (loss)	\$	(453)	\$	(113)	\$ (31)	\$ 144	\$	(453)
Non cash adjustments		174		636	210	(144)		876
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		(312)		398	(76)		\$	10
Cash flow provided by (used in)								
operations		(591)		921	103			433
Investment Activities								
Intercompany transactions		706		(704)	(2)		\$	
Cash paid for businesses acquired by the								
Company, net of cash acquired				(57)	(5)		\$	(62)
Cash paid for property and equipment and		(1)		(167)	(55)		ď	(222)
software		(1)		(167) 13	(55)		\$ \$	(223) 10
Other investing activities		(1)		13	(2)		Ф	10
Cash provided by (used in) investment								
activities		704		(915)	(64)			(275)
				,	,			,
Financing Activities								
Net borrowings (repayments) of long-term								
debt		(43)		(5)	19		\$	(29)
Other financing activities		(4)					\$	(4)
Cash provided by (used in) financing								
activities		(47)		(5)	19			(33)
detivities		(17)		(3)	1)			(33)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash					(2)			(2)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash		((1	5.0			100
equivalents Beginning cash and cash equivalents		66 126		1 (9)	56 547		\$	123 664
beginning cash and cash equivalents		120		(9)	347		Ф	004
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	192	\$	(8)	\$ 603	\$	\$	787
			24					
			<i>2</i> 4					

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Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Introduction

The following discussion and analysis supplement the management s discussion and analysis in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 and presume that readers have read or have access to the discussion and analysis in that filing. The following discussion and analysis includes historical and certain forward-looking information that should be read together with the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements, related footnotes, and the discussion below of certain risks and uncertainties that could cause future operating results to differ materially from historical results or from the expected results indicated by forward-looking statements. The following discussion reflects the results of operations and financial condition of SCC, which are materially the same as the results of operations and financial condition of SCCII and SunGard. Therefore, the discussions provided are applicable to each of SCC, SCCII and SunGard unless otherwise noted.

Results of Operations:

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain amounts included in our Consolidated Statements of Operations, the relative percentage that those amounts represent to consolidated revenue (unless otherwise indicated), and the percentage change in those amounts from period to period. Percentages may not add due to rounding.

	Three Months Ended September 30,			End		Percent Increase (Decrease) 2010 vs.	E	Months nded mber 30,	Nine M End Septem	led	Percent Increase (Decrease) 2010 vs.	
		200)9		201	10	2009	2	009	201	10	2009
<i>(</i> ' '11')			% of			% of			% of		% of	
(in millions) Revenue Financial			revenue			revenue)		revenue		revenue	
systems (FS) Higher	\$	724	54%	\$	659	53%	6 (9)%	\$ 2,23	2 55%	\$ 2,021	53%	(9)%
education (HE) Public sector		125	9%		121	10%	6 (3)%	38	9 10%	372	10%	(4)%
(PS)		103	8%		96	89	$6 \qquad (7)\%$	28	9 7%	296	8%	2%
Software & processing solutions		952	71%		876	719	% (8)%	2,91	0 72%	2,689	71%	(8)%
Availability services (AS)		385	29%		366	29%	` '	ŕ			29%	(3)%
, ,	\$	1,337	100%	\$	1,242	100%	` '	\$ 4,04			100%	(6)%
Costs and Expenses Cost of sales												
and direct operating Sales,	\$	629	47%	\$	568	46%	% (10)%	\$ 1,99	9 49%	\$ 1,764	47%	(12)%
marketing and administration Product		266	20%		275	22%	% 3%	79	8 20%	836	22%	5%
development Depreciation and		86	6%		89	7%	% 3%	25	8 6%	278	7%	8%
amortization Amortization of acquisition- related		74	6%		73	6%	% (1)%	21	5 5%	220	6%	2%
intangible assets	;	150	11% %	ó	126 330	10% 27%	` '			371 339	10% 9%	(8)% 33,800%

Goodwill
impairment
charges and
merger and
other costs

other costs												
	\$	1,205	90%	\$	1,461	118%	21% \$	3,675	91% \$	3,808	101%	4%
Income from Operations Financial												
systems (1) Higher	\$	157	22%	\$	134	20%	(15)% \$	414	19% \$	395	20%	(5)%
education (1)		33	26%		28	23%	(15)%	95	24%	90	24%	(5)%
Public sector (1)		19	18%		21	22%	11%	55	19%	57	19%	4%
Software & processing												
solutions (1) Availability		209	22%		183	21%	(12)%	564	19%	542	20%	(4)%
services (1) Corporate		103	27%		86	23%	(17)%	291	26%	240	22%	(18)%
administration Amortization of acquisition- related		(13)	(1)%		(18)	(1)%	38%	(40)	(1)%	(47)	(1)%	18%
intangible assets Goodwill	3	(150)	(11)%		(126)	(10)%	(16)%	(404)	(10)%	(371)	(10)%	(8)%
impairment charge Stock			%)	(328)	(26)%	%		%	(328)	(9)%	%
Compensation expense Merger and		(8)	(1)%		(7)	(1)%	(13)%	(22)	(1)%	(24)	(1)%	9%
other costs and other items (2)		(9)	(1)%		(9)	(1)%	%	(23)	(1)%	(31)	(1)%	35%
	\$	132	10%	\$	(219)	(18)%	(266)% \$	366	9% \$	(19)	(1)%	(105)%

(1) Percent of revenue is calculated as a percent of revenue from FS, HE, PS, Software and Processing Solutions, and AS,

respectively.

(2) Merger costs and other items include merger costs, certain purchase accounting adjustments and management fees paid to the Sponsors, partially offset in each year by capitalized software development costs.

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The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain supplemental revenue data, the relative percentage that those amounts represent to total revenue and the percentage change in those amounts from period to period. Percentages may not add due to rounding.

	End	Months led ber 30,	End		Percent Increase (Decrease)	Eı	Months nded nber 30,	E	Months nded mber 30,	Percent Increase (Decrease) 2010
(in millions)	200	% of revenue	201	0 % of revenue	2010 vs. 2009	2	009 % of revenue	2	010 % of revenue	vs. 2009
Financial Systems Services License and resale fees	\$ 642 43	48%	\$ 599 37	48% 3%		\$ 2,02		\$ 1,79 15		, ,
Total products and services Reimbursed expenses	685	51% 3%	636 23	51% 2%	(41)%	2,133	2%	1,94 7	7 29	6 (22)%
Higher Education Services License and resale fees	\$ 724 102 20	54% 8% 1%	6599821	53% 8% 2%	(4)%	\$ 2,232 \$ 33	I 8%		7 89	% (7)%
Total products and services Reimbursed expenses	\$ 122 3 125	9% 9%	119 2 121	10%	(2)% % (33)%	38:	3 9% 5 9	36 %	7 109 5	% (4)% % (17)%
Public Sector Services License and resale fees Total products	\$ 73 29	5% 2%	\$ 71 24	6% 2%	(17)%	7:	5 2%	7	2 29	(4)%
and services	102	8%	95	8%	(7)%	280	5 7%	29	3 89	6 2%

Reimbursed expenses	1		%	1	%	9	6	3		%	3	%	%
	\$ 103	8%	\$	96	8%	(7)%	\$	289	79	% \$	296	8%	2%
Software & Processing Solutions													
Services License and	\$ 817	61%	\$	768	62%	(6)%	\$ 2	2,569	649	% \$	2,320	61%	(10)%
resale fees	92	7%)	82	7%	(11)%		233	69	%	284	7%	22%
Total products and services Reimbursed	909	68%)	850	68%	(6)%	,	2,802	699	%	2,604	69%	(7)%
expenses	43	3%)	26	2%	(40)%		108	39	%	85	2%	(21)%
	\$ 952	71%	\$	876	71%	(8)%	\$ 2	2,910	729	% \$	2,689	71%	(8)%
Availability													
Services													
Services License and	\$ 381	28%	\$	362	29%	(5)%	\$	1,118	289	% \$	1,088	29%	(3)%
resale fees	1		%		%	(100)%		3		%	1	%	(67)%
Total products													
and services Reimbursed	382	29%)	362	29%	(5)%		1,121	289	6	1,089	29%	(3)%
expenses	3		%	4	%	33%		10		%	11	%	10%
	\$ 385	29%	\$	366	29%	(5)%	\$	1,131	289	% \$	1,100	29%	(3)%
Total Revenue Services License and	1,198	90%	\$	1,130	91%	(6)%	\$.	3,687	919	% \$	3,408	90%	(8)%
resale fees	93	7%)	82	7%	(12)%		236	69	6	285	8%	21%
Total products and services Reimbursed	1,291	97%)	1,212	98%	(6)%	•	3,923	979	%	3,693	97%	(6)%
expenses	46	3%)	30	2%	(35)%		118	39	6	96	3%	(19)%
	\$ 1,337	100%	\$	1,242	100%	(7)%	\$ 4	4,041	1009	% \$	3,789	100%	(6)%

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Results of operations, excluding broker/dealer business

We assess our performance both with and without one of our trading systems businesses, a broker/dealer with an inherently lower margin than our other software and processing businesses, whose performance is a function of market volatility and customer mix. By excluding the broker/dealer s results, we are able to perform additional analysis of our business which we believe is important in understanding the results of both the broker/dealer and the software and processing businesses. The information excluding the broker/dealer business is used by the Company for a variety of purposes, and we regularly communicate our results excluding this business to our board of directors. The following is a reconciliation of revenue excluding the broker/dealer and income from operations excluding the broker/dealer, which are each non-GAAP measures, to the corresponding reported GAAP measures that we believe to be most directly comparable for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2010 (in millions). While these adjusted results are useful for analysis purposes, they should not be considered as an alternative to our reported GAAP results.

	Т	Three mor			07.	Nine months ended September 30,						
	:	2009		2010	change	2009			2010	% change		
Revenue												
Total Less broker/dealer business	\$	1,337 113	\$	1,242 37	(7)%	\$	4,041 463	\$	3,789 155	(6)%		
Total excluding broker/dealer business	\$	1,224	\$	1,205	(2)%	\$	3,578	\$	3,634	2%		
Financial Systems Less broker/dealer business	\$	724 113	\$	659 37	(9)%	\$	2,232 463	\$	2,021 155	(9)%		
Financial Systems excluding broker/dealer business	\$	611	\$	622	2%	\$	1,769	\$	1,866	5%		
Income from operations												
Total Less broker/dealer business	\$	132 7	\$	(219) (10)	(266)%	\$	366 30	\$	(19) (30)	(105)%		
Total excluding broker/dealer business	\$	125	\$	(209)	(267)%	\$	336	\$	11	(97)%		
Financial Systems (1) Less broker/dealer business	\$	157 8	\$	134 (10)	(15)%	\$	414 32	\$	395 (20)	(5)%		
Financial Systems excluding broker/dealer business	\$	149	\$	144	(3)%	\$	382	\$	415	9%		

(1) The Company evaluates the performance of its segments based on operating results before interest, income taxes, amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets, stock compensation and certain other costs.

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<u>Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 Compared To Three Months Ended September 30, 2009</u> Income from Operations:

Our total operating margin was -18% and 10% for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The decrease in margin is primarily due to goodwill impairment charges in PS and HE in the third quarter of 2010 which totaled \$328 million (see note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements) and a \$7 million decrease in software license fees.

Financial Systems:

The FS operating margin was 20% and 22% for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The operating margin decline is primarily due to an increase in professional services expense, a \$5 million decrease in software license fees and the reduced contribution from one of our trading systems businesses, a broker/dealer. *Higher Education:*

The HE operating margin was 23% and 26% for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The operating margin decrease was primarily due to lower margins in managed services resulting from margin pressures on renewals and new business and commissions on recent sales ahead of recognition of the corresponding revenue, primarily in the software business, offset in part by an improvement in professional services margins due to higher utilization.

Public Sector:

The PS operating margin was 22% and 18% for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The operating margin increase was due primarily to a \$4 million decrease in low-margin resale revenue coupled with higher margin maintenance and support revenue resulting from a shift from installation of products and systems to maintenance of those systems in our U.K. operation.

Availability Services:

The AS operating margin was 23% and 27% for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The lower margin was driven by the lower mix of higher margin recovery services revenue which typically use shared resources, an increase in lower margin managed services revenue, which use dedicated resources, and an absolute decline in managed services margin due mainly to higher utility costs related to cooling due to warmer summer temperatures, increased employment-related and temporary staffing costs to increase focus on service delivery, and redundant network capacity.

Revenue:

Total revenue decreased \$95 million or 7% for the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the third quarter of 2009. Organic revenue decreased 6% in the third quarter of 2010 compared to the prior year period, due to a \$76 million decline in the broker/dealer revenue. Organic revenue is defined as revenue for businesses owned for at least one year and further adjusted for the effects of businesses sold in the previous twelve months and the impact of currency exchange rates.

Financial Systems:

FS revenue decreased \$65 million or 9% in the third quarter of 2010 from the prior year period. Organic revenue decreased 8% in the quarter. Excluding the broker/dealer business, organic revenue increased 3%. Professional services revenue increased organically by \$14 million or 10% due to a general increase in demand from existing clients as well as new projects. Processing revenue increased organically by \$10 million or 5% primarily due to existing customers adding additional products, client growth and certain higher trading volumes. Software rental revenue decreased organically by \$5 million or 5% primarily due to customer attrition. Revenue from license and resale fees included software license revenue of \$33 million, a decrease of \$5 million compared to the same quarter in 2009.

Higher Education:

HE revenue decreased \$4 million or 3%, all of which was organic, for the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the corresponding period in 2009. HE services revenue decreased \$4 million, primarily due to decreases in managed services revenue mainly resulting from customers bringing their IT solutions in-house, partially offset by increased software maintenance and support revenue due to sales of new licenses in the past 12 months and annual rate increases. Revenue from license and resale fees included software license revenue of \$7 million in the three

months ended September 30, 2010, a decrease of \$1 million from the prior year period.

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Public Sector:

PS revenue decreased \$7 million or 7% for the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the corresponding period in 2009. Organic revenue decreased 4%. PS resale revenue and processing revenue decreased, partially offset by increased maintenance and support revenue primarily due to a shift from installation of products and systems to maintenance of those systems in the U.K. Revenue from license and resale fees included software license revenue of \$4 million, a decrease of \$2 million compared to the same quarter in 2009. *Availability Services:*

AS revenue decreased \$19 million or 5% in the third quarter of 2010 from the prior year period. Organic revenue decreased 4% in the quarter. In North America, revenue decreased 5% overall and organically, where decreases in recovery services and professional services revenue exceeded growth in managed services. Most of our recovery services revenue is derived from tape-based solutions. The recovery services market has been shifting from tape-based solutions to disk-based and managed service solutions. We expect this market shift to continue in the future. Revenue in Europe decreased 5%, but organically was unchanged.

Costs and Expenses:

Cost of sales and direct operating expenses as a percentage of total revenue was 46% and 47% in the three-month periods ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, largely the result of the lower volumes of the broker/dealer business previously mentioned. Also impacting the period were lower costs related to the decrease in PS resale revenue and lower FS and HE employment-related expenses, partially offset by higher AS utility costs and higher AS and PS employment-related expenses.

Sales, marketing and administration expenses as a percentage of total revenue was 22% and 20% in the three-month periods ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Increases in sales, marketing and administration expenses were primarily due to increases in FS and HE employment-related expense and professional services expenses, partially offset by decreases in PS and AS employment-related expenses. The increase in sales, marketing and administration expenses as a percentage of total revenue was also impacted by the lower volumes of the broker/dealer reducing total revenue.

Because AS product development costs are insignificant, it is more meaningful to measure product development expenses as a percentage of revenue from software and processing solutions. For the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, product development costs were 10% and 9% of revenue from software and processing solutions, respectively.

Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets as a percentage of total revenue was 10% and 11% in the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The \$24 million decrease is primarily due to a \$23 million reduction in impairment charges.

We recorded goodwill impairment charges of \$296 million in PS and \$32 million in HE in the three months ended September 30, 2010. For the three months ended September 30, 2010, HE managed services represented approximately 26% of HE revenue and 16% of HE income from operations, which excludes the impairment charge. See note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

Interest expense was \$160 million and \$165 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The decrease in interest expense was due to reduced borrowings under our revolving credit facility, lower average debt outstanding and overall interest rate decreases.

Other expense was \$10 million and \$15 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, primarily a result of foreign currency transaction losses related to our Euro denominated term loan. The effective income tax rates for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 were a benefit of 3% and 7%, respectively. The rate in the third quarter of 2010 reflects nondeductible goodwill impairment partially offset by the different mix of taxable income in various jurisdictions as well as our ability to fully utilize foreign tax credits. The reported benefit from income taxes in 2009 includes a \$12 million favorable out of period adjustment primarily related to our utilization of foreign tax credit carryforwards from a prior year.

Accreted dividends on SCCII s cumulative preferred stock were \$51 million and \$46 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. No dividends have been declared by SCCII.

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Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 Compared To Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 Income from Operations:

Our total operating margin was -1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, compared to 9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 primarily due to goodwill impairment charges in PS and HE in the third quarter of 2010 which totaled \$328 million (see note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements), higher employment-related and professional services costs and the impact of the decline in revenue of the broker/dealer, partially offset by a \$44 million increase in license fees.

Financial Systems:

The FS operating margin was 20% and 19 % for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The operating margin improvement is primarily due to a \$47 million increase in software license fees, including the recognition of \$28 million of license fee backlog that existed at December 31, 2009, and reduced facilities costs, partially offset by increased employment-related cost and the impact of changes in currency exchange rates. *Higher Education:*

The HE operating margin was 24% for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009. The \$5 million decrease in income from operations is mainly due to margin pressures on renewals and new business in managed services, partially offset by improved performance in the solutions business from higher license fee and maintenance revenue.

Public Sector:

The PS operating margin was 19% for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009. The \$2 million increase in income from operations is mainly due to improved performance in our UK operation. *Availability Services:*

The AS operating margin was 22% and 26% for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The lower margin was driven by the lower mix of higher margin recovery services revenue, which typically use shared resources, and an absolute decline in recovery services margin due mainly to higher utility costs related to cooling due to warmer summer temperatures and redundant network capacity, and an increase in lower margin managed services revenue, which use dedicated resources, and an absolute decline in managed services margin due mainly to higher utility costs, increased employment-related and temporary staffing costs to increase focus on service delivery and redundant network capacity.

Revenue:

Total revenue decreased \$252 million or 6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Organic revenue decreased 6% in the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the prior year period, primarily because of a \$308 million decline in the broker/dealer revenue, partially offset by a \$44 million increase in license fees. Excluding the broker/dealer business, organic revenue increased 1.5%. *Financial Systems*:

FS revenue decreased \$211 million or 9% in the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from the prior year period. Organic revenue decreased 9% in the period. Excluding the broker/dealer business, organic revenue increased 6%. Professional services revenue increased organically by \$30 million or 8% due to a general increase in demand from existing clients as well as new projects. Processing revenue increased organically by \$19 million primarily or 3% primarily due to existing customers adding additional products and certain higher trading volumes. Revenue from license and resale fees included software license revenue of \$139 million, an increase of \$47 million compared to the same period in 2009, reflecting the recognition in 2010 of \$28 million that was in backlog at December 31, 2009. *Higher Education:*

HE revenue decreased \$17 million or 4%, all of which was organic, for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the corresponding period in 2009. HE services revenue decreased \$24 million, primarily due to decreases in managed services revenue mainly resulting from customers bringing their IT solutions in-house and professional services mainly due to fewer and smaller-sized customer installations, partially offset by an increase in license fees and software support revenue due to sales of new licenses in the past 12 months and annual rate increases. Revenue from license and resale fees included software license revenue of \$23 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2010, an increase of \$5 million from the prior year period.

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Public Sector:

PS revenue increased \$7 million or 2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the corresponding period in 2009. Organic revenue also increased 2%. Processing revenue and maintenance and support revenue improved during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from the prior year period due to the impact of a multi-year contract signed during 2009. Professional services revenue decreased due to a shift from installation of products and systems to maintenance of those systems in the U.K. Revenue from license and resale fees included software license revenue of \$10 million, a decrease of \$8 million from the prior year period.

Availability Services:

AS revenue decreased \$31 million or 3% in the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from the prior year period. Organic revenue decreased 3% in the period. In North America, revenue decreased 4% overall and organically, where decreases in recovery services and professional services revenue exceeded growth in managed services. Most of our recovery services revenue is derived from tape-based solutions. The recovery services market has been shifting from tape-based solutions to disk-based and managed service solutions. We expect this market shift to continue in the future. Revenue in Europe increased 2% overall and organically.

Costs and Expenses:

Cost of sales and direct operating expenses as a percentage of total revenue was 47% and 49% in the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, largely the result of the lower volumes of the broker/dealer business previously mentioned. Also impacting the period were higher AS and PS employment-related expenses and higher AS utility and equipment costs related to redundant network capacity, partially offset by lower HE employment-related expenses.

Sales, marketing and administration expenses as a percentage of total revenue was 22% and 20% in the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Increases in sales, marketing and administration expenses were primarily due to increases in FS and AS employment-related expense, FS professional services expenses, currency transaction losses and corporate advertising expenses, partially offset by reduced FS facility costs and PS employment-related expenses. The increase in sales, marketing and administration expenses as a percentage of total revenue was also impacted by the lower volumes of the broker/dealer reducing total revenue.

Because AS product development costs are insignificant, it is more meaningful to measure product development expenses as a percentage of revenue from software and processing solutions. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, product development costs were 10% and 9% of revenue from software and processing solutions, respectively.

Depreciation and amortization as a percentage of total revenue was 6% and 5% in the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, primarily due to capital expenditures supporting FS and AS. Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets as a percentage of total revenue was 10% in each of the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009. The \$33 million decrease is primarily due to a \$25 million reduction in impairment charges.

We recorded goodwill impairment charges of \$296 million in PS and \$32 million in HE in the three months ended September 30, 2010. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, HE managed services represented approximately 27% of HE revenue and 26% of HE income from operations, which excludes the impairment charge. See note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

Merger and other costs are primarily costs incurred for the shutdown of the professional trading portion of the broker/dealer business. We expect to incur up to an additional \$2 million to \$4 million related to this shutdown during the remainder of 2010.

Interest expense was \$479 million and \$471 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The increase in interest expense was due primarily to interest rate increases mainly due to amending the term loan in 2009 and increased average borrowings under our receivables facility, partially offset by reduced borrowings under our revolving credit facility.

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Other income was \$4 million and \$6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The decrease is primarily attributable to a \$4 million decrease in foreign currency transaction gains related to our Euro denominated term loan.

The effective income tax rates for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 were a benefit of 8% and 13%, respectively. The rate in the nine months ended September 30, 2010 reflects nondeductible goodwill impairment partially offset by the different mix of taxable income in various jurisdictions as well as our ability to fully utilize foreign tax credits. The rate in the nine months ended September 30, 2009 reflects changes in the overall projected taxable position for the year and the expected mix of taxable income in various jurisdictions, and limitations on our ability to utilize certain foreign tax credits.

Accreted dividends on SCCII s cumulative preferred stock were \$147 million and \$132 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The increase in dividends is due to compounding. No dividends have been declared by SCCII.

Liquidity and Capital Resources:

At September 30, 2010, cash and equivalents were \$787 million, an increase of \$123 million from December 31, 2009. Cash flow provided by operations was \$432 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to \$364 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2009. The increase in cash flow from operations is due primarily to the termination in December 2008 of our off-balance sheet accounts receivable securitization program, which reduced 2009 operating cash flow and a \$50 million tax refund received in the first quarter of 2010, partially offset by a decline in earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA as defined and calculated below).

Net cash used in investing activities was \$275 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2010, comprised of cash paid for property and equipment and other assets, two businesses acquired in our FS segment and one business acquired in our AS segment. Net cash used in investing activities was \$264 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2009, comprised of cash paid for property and equipment and other assets, one business acquired in each of our FS and PS segments and payment of a contingent purchase obligation.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$32 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, primarily related to quarterly principal payments on the term loans, partially offset by increased borrowings under our receivables facility. Net cash used in financing activities was \$608 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, primarily related to repayment at maturity of the \$250 million senior secured notes and repayment of \$500 million of borrowings under the revolving credit facility, partially offset by cash received from the new receivables facility (net of associated fees). At September 30, 2010, no amount was outstanding under the revolving credit facility and \$277 million was outstanding under the receivables facility, which represented the full amount available for borrowing based on the terms and conditions of the facility. In early 2010, we entered into interest rate swap agreements, with an aggregate notional amount of \$500 million, which expire in May 2013 under which we pay fixed interest payments (at 1.99%) for the term of the swaps and, in turn, receive variable interest payments based on three-month LIBOR.

On September 30, 2010, SunGard entered into an Amended and Restated Credit and Security Agreement (Agreement) related to its receivables facility. Among other things, the amendment (a) increased the borrowing capacity under the facility from \$317 million to \$350 million, (b) extended the maturity date to September 30, 2014, (c) removed the 3% LIBOR floor and set the interest rate to one-month LIBOR plus 3.5%, which at September 30, 2010 was 3.76%, and (d) amended certain terms.

At September 30, 2010, contingent purchase price obligations that depend upon the operating performance of certain acquired businesses could total \$15 million, all of which could be due in the next 12 months, but which we only expect to pay \$0.3 million. We also have outstanding letters of credit and bid bonds that total approximately \$48 million.

At September 30, 2010, we have outstanding \$8.30 billion in aggregate indebtedness, with additional borrowing capacity of \$796 million under the revolving credit facility (after giving effect to outstanding letters of credit). Of the \$829 million of revolving credit commitments (before giving effect to outstanding letters of credit), \$249 million will terminate on August 11, 2011. The remaining \$580 million will terminate on May 11, 2013.

We expect our available cash balances, cash flows from operations, combined with availability under the revolving credit facility and receivables facility, to provide sufficient liquidity to fund our current obligations, projected working capital requirements and capital spending for a period that includes at least the next 12 months.

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Covenant Compliance

Adjusted EBITDA is used to determine compliance with certain covenants contained in the indentures governing SunGard s senior notes due 2013 and 2015 and senior subordinated notes due 2015 and in SunGard s senior secured credit facilities. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA further adjusted to exclude certain adjustments permitted in calculating covenant compliance under the indentures and senior secured credit facilities. We believe that the inclusion of supplementary adjustments to EBITDA applied in presenting Adjusted EBITDA are appropriate to provide additional information to investors to demonstrate compliance with the financing covenants. The breach of covenants in SunGard s senior secured credit facilities that are tied to ratios based on Adjusted EBITDA could result in a default under that agreement and the lenders could elect to declare all amounts borrowed due and payable. Any such acceleration would also result in a default under the indentures. Additionally, under SunGard s debt agreements, our ability to engage in activities such as incurring additional indebtedness, making investments and paying dividends is also tied to ratios based on Adjusted EBITDA.

Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as follows (in millions):

	Т	hree Mon	ths E	nded	Nine Mont	Last Twelve Months September 30,		
		Septem	ber 3	0,	Septem			
	2	2009	2	2010	2009	2010		2010
Net income (loss)	\$	(40)	\$	(378)	\$ (81)	\$ (453)	\$	(1,490)
Interest expense, net		160		159	465	477		642
Taxes		(3)		(10)	(12)	(39)		(100)
Depreciation and amortization		224		199	619	591		803
Goodwill impairment charge				328		328		1,454
EBITDA		341		298	991	904		1,309
Purchase accounting adjustments								
(a)		5		3	13	10		14
Non-cash charges (b)		8		9	25	30		42
Restructuring and other charges (c)		4		12	21	37		57
Acquired EBITDA, net of disposed								
EBITDA (d)		1			2	5		6
Pro forma expense savings related								
to acquisitions (d)		1		1	3	2		3
Other (e)		17		15	6	6		6
Adjusted EBITDA senior secured credit facilities, senior notes due 2013 and 2015 and senior								
subordinated notes due 2015	\$	377	\$	338	\$ 1,061	\$ 994	\$	1,437

(a) Purchase
accounting
adjustments
include the
adjustment of
deferred revenue
and lease reserves

to fair value at the date of the Transaction and for subsequent acquisitions made by the Company and certain acquisition-related compensation expense.

- (b) Non-cash charges include stock-based compensation and loss on the sale of assets.
- (c) Restructuring and other charges include debt refinancing costs, severance and related payroll taxes, reserves to consolidate certain facilities, settlements with former owners of acquired companies and certain other expenses associated with acquisitions made by the Company.
- (d) Pro forma
 adjustments
 represent the
 full-year impact of
 savings resulting
 from
 post-acquisition
 integration
 activities.
- (e) Other includes foreign currency translation gains or losses related to

debt denominated in other than the functional currency, management fees paid to the Sponsors and franchise and similar taxes reported in operating expenses, partially offset by certain charges relating to the receivables facility.

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The covenant requirements and actual ratios for the twelve months ended September 30, 2010 are as follows. All covenants are in compliance.

	Covenant Requirements	Actual Ratios
Senior secured credit facilities (1)	-	
Minimum Adjusted EBITDA to consolidated interest expense ratio	1.70x	2.46x
Maximum total debt to Adjusted EBITDA	6.25x	5.08x
Senior notes due 2013 and 2015 and senior subordinated notes due 2015 $^{(2)}$		
Minimum Adjusted EBITDA to fixed charges ratio required to incur additional debt pursuant to ratio provisions	2.00x	2.45x

(1) The senior

secured credit

facilities require

us to maintain

an Adjusted

EBITDA to

consolidated

interest expense

ratio starting at

a minimum of

1.70x for the

four-quarter

period ended

December 31,

2009 and

increasing over

time to 1.80x by

the end of 2010

and to 2.20x by

the end of 2013.

Consolidated

interest expense

is defined in the

senior secured

credit facilities

as consolidated

cash interest

expense less

cash interest

income further

adjusted for

certain non-cash

or non-recurring

interest expense

and the

elimination of

interest expense

and fees

associated with

SunGard s

receivables

facility.

Beginning with

the four-quarter

period ending

December 31,

2009, we are

required to

maintain a

consolidated

total debt to

Adjusted

EBITDA ratio

of 6.25x and

decreasing over

time to 5.75x by

the end of 2011

and to 4.75x by

the end of 2013.

Consolidated

total debt is

defined in the

senior secured

credit facilities

as total debt less

certain

indebtedness

and further

adjusted for

cash and cash

equivalents on

our balance

sheet in excess

of \$50 million.

Failure to

satisfy these

ratio

requirements

would constitute

a default under

the senior

secured credit

facilities. If our

lenders failed to

waive any such default, our repayment obligations under the senior secured credit facilities could be accelerated, which would also constitute a default under our indentures.

(2) SunGard s ability to incur additional debt and make certain restricted payments under our indentures, subject to specified exceptions, is tied to an Adjusted EBITDA to fixed charges ratio of at least 2.0x, except that we may incur certain debt and make certain restricted payments and certain permitted investments without regard to the ratio, such as the ability to incur up to an aggregate principal amount of \$5.75 billion under credit facilities (inclusive of

amounts outstanding under the senior

credit facilities

from time to

time; as of

September 30,

2010, we had

\$4.67 billion

outstanding

under the term

loan facilities

and available

commitments of

\$796 million

under the

revolving credit

facility), to

acquire persons

engaged in a

similar business

that become

restricted

subsidiaries and

to make other

investments

equal to 6% of

our consolidated

assets. Fixed

charges is

defined in the

indentures

governing the

Senior Notes

due 2013 and

2015 and the

Senior

Subordinated

Notes due 2015

as consolidated

interest expense

less interest

income,

adjusted for

acquisitions,

and further

adjusted for non-cash

interest and the

elimination of

interest expense

and fees

associated with

the receivables

facility.

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Certain Risks and Uncertainties

Certain of the matters we discuss in this Report on Form 10-Q may constitute forward-looking statements. You can identify forward-looking statements because they contain words such as believes, expects, will, estimates, or anticipates or similar expressions which concern our strategy, plans approximately. intends. plans. intentions. All statements we make relating to estimated and projected earnings, margins, costs, expenditures, cash flows, growth rates and financial results are forward-looking statements. In addition, we, through our senior management, from time to time make forward-looking public statements concerning our expected future operations and performance and other developments. All of these forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may change at any time, and, therefore, our actual results may differ materially from those we expected. We derive most of our forward-looking statements from our operating budgets and forecasts, which are based upon many detailed assumptions. While we believe that our assumptions are reasonable, we caution that it is very difficult to predict the impact of known factors, and, of course, it is impossible for us to anticipate all factors that could affect our actual results. Some of the factors that we believe could affect our results include: our high degree of leverage; general economic and market conditions; the condition of the financial services industry, including the effect of any further consolidation among financial services firms; the integration of acquired businesses, the performance of acquired businesses, and the prospects for future acquisitions; the effect of war, terrorism, natural disasters or other catastrophic events; the effect of disruptions to our systems and infrastructure; the timing and magnitude of software sales; the timing and scope of technological advances; customers taking their information availability solutions in-house; the trend in information availability toward solutions utilizing more dedicated resources; the market and credit risks associated with clearing broker operations; the ability to retain and attract customers and key personnel; risks relating to the foreign countries where we transact business; the ability to obtain patent protection and avoid patent-related liabilities in the context of a rapidly developing legal framework for software and business-method patents; and a material weakness in our internal controls. The factors described in this paragraph and other factors that may affect our business or future financial results are discussed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including this Form 10-Q. We assume no obligation to update any written or oral forward-looking statement made by us or on our behalf as a result of new information, future events or other factors.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk:

We do not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

At September 30, 2010, we had total debt of \$8.30 billion, including \$4.94 billion of variable rate debt. We have entered into interest rate swap agreements which fix the interest rates for \$3.25 billion of our variable rate debt. Swap agreements that expire in February 2011 with a notional value of \$800 million effectively fix our interest rates at 5.00%. Swap agreements expiring in February 2011 with a notional value of \$750 million effectively fix our interest rates at 3.17%. Swap agreements expiring in February 2012 with a notional value of \$1.2 billion effectively fix our interest rates at 1.78%. Swap agreements expiring in May 2013 with a notional value of \$500 million effectively fix our interest rates at 1.99%. Our remaining variable rate debt of \$1.70 billion is subject to changes in underlying interest rates, and, accordingly, our interest payments will fluctuate. During the period when all of our interest rate swap agreements are effective, a 1% change in interest rates would result in a change in interest of approximately \$17 million per year. Upon the expiration of each interest rate swap agreement in February 2011, February 2012 and May 2013, a 1% change in interest rates would result in a change in interest of approximately \$32 million, \$44 million and \$49 million per year, respectively.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures:

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Report were effective.

No change in our internal control over financial reporting occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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Part II Other Information:

Item 1. Legal Proceedings: None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors: There have been no material changes to SCC s, SCCII s or SunGard s Risk Factors as previously disclosed in their Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds: None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities: None.

Item 4. (Removed and Reserved)

Item 5. Other Information:

(a) None.

(b) None.

Item 6. Exhibits:

Number	Document
10.1	Form of Indemnification Priority and Information Sharing Agreement dated October 28, 2010 among each Sponsor and its affiliated funds and SunGard Capital Corp., SunGard Capital Corp. II, SunGard Holding Corp., SunGard Holdco LLC and SunGard Data Systems Inc.
12.1	Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.
31.1	Certification of Cristóbal Conde, Chief Executive Officer of SunGard Capital Corp., SunGard Capital Corp. II and SunGard Data Systems Inc. required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) and Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Robert F. Woods, Chief Financial Officer of SunGard Capital Corp., SunGard Capital Corp. II and SunGard Data Systems Inc. required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) and Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Cristóbal Conde, Chief Executive Officer of SunGard Capital Corp., SunGard Capital Corp. II and SunGard Data Systems Inc. required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Robert F. Woods, Chief Financial Officer of SunGard Capital Corp., SunGard Capital Corp. II and SunGard Data Systems Inc. required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

SUNGARD CAPITAL CORP. SUNGARD CAPITAL CORP. II

Dated: October 29, 2010 By: /s/ Robert F. Woods

Robert F. Woods

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial

Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

SUNGARD DATA SYSTEMS INC.

Dated: October 29, 2010 By: /s/ Robert F. Woods

Robert F. Woods

Senior Vice President-Finance and Chief

Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

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Exhibit Index

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