GENERAL CABLE CORP /DE/ Form 10-Q/A January 21, 2014 <u>Table of Contents</u>

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A Amendment No. 1

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 29, 2013 OR

.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission file number: 1-12983

GENERAL CABLE CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	06-1398235
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
4 Tesseneer Drive Highland Heights, KY (Address of principal executive offices)	41076-9753 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (859) 572-8000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

 (Check one):
 Large accelerated filer x
 Accelerated filer "

 Non-accelerated filer "
 Smaller reporting company"

 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange

 Act). Yes " No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: Class Outstanding at May 3, 2013

Common Stock, \$0.01 par value

49,759,161

GENERAL CABLE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES INDEX TO QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q/A

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

Restatement of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Restatement No. 1

As previously reported, on October 29, 2012, General Cable Corporation (the "Company") announced that it had identified historical accounting errors relating to inventory. The inventory accounting issues resulted in understated cost of sales for the three fiscal months ended March 30, 2012. The Company believes that the inventory accounting issues are, to a significant extent, attributable to a complex theft scheme in Brazil and, to a somewhat lesser extent, accounting errors, primarily in Brazil, affecting work in process and finished goods inventory that were not detected due to a deficient reconciliation process.

The Company also identified the following additional errors:

The Company incorrectly recorded foreign currency adjustments related to certain intercompany transactions between the Company's U.S. and Canadian subsidiaries.

The Company also made erroneous foreign currency adjustments related to inventory and property, plant and equipment within the Company's Mexican subsidiary.

As a result, the Company restated its previously issued consolidated financial statements and the quarterly operating results (unaudited), included in its Amendment No. 1 to the Company's 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K/A, and the previously issued condensed consolidated financial statements included in its Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q/A for the quarterly periods ended March 30, 2012 and June 29, 2012 filed on March 1, 2013.

The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 29, 2013 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 7, 2013 (the "Original Filing") and this Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for the quarterly period ended March 29, 2013 (the "Amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A") include the restated Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three months ended March 30, 2012 and the restated Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 30, 2012. The restatement of previously issued condensed consolidated financial statements is referred to as "Restatement No. 1". Restatement No. 2

In remediating the material weaknesses associated with Restatement No. 1, subsequent to the Original Filing, the Company undertook an evaluation to re-examine its historical revenue recognition accounting practices with regard to bill and hold sales in Brazil related to aerial transmission projects. "Bill and hold" sales generally are sales meeting specified criteria under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") to recognize revenue at the time title to goods and ownership risk is transferred to the customer, even though the seller does not ship the goods until a later time. In typical sales transactions other than those accounted for as bill and hold, title to goods and ownership risk is transferred to the customer or delivery. As a result of this evaluation, the Company identified instances where the requirements for revenue recognition under GAAP with respect to the bill and hold sales were not met.

Also, in remediating the material weaknesses associated with Restatement No. 1, subsequent to the Original Filing, the Company undertook an evaluation to determine whether certain recorded value added tax ("VAT") assets in Brazil associated with the inventory theft and related accounting errors were recoverable. Based on its evaluation, the Company determined that it will not recover VAT assets that were previously recognized from 2008 to 2012. On October 10, 2013, the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company, upon the recommendation of the Company's executive officers, concluded that due to the accounting errors described above, in the aggregate, related to (i) revenue recognition in connection with historical "bill and hold" transactions for aerial transmission projects in Brazil and (ii) VAT assets, the Company's previously issued condensed consolidated financial statements for the fiscal years 2008 through 2012 and the interim periods during those years, and the interim financial statements

as of and for the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 should no longer be relied upon. The Company has corrected these errors in the accompanying restated condensed consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Company corrected other immaterial errors in the accompanying restated condensed consolidated financial statements (the "Other Immaterial Adjustments"). The restatement of previously issued condensed consolidated financial statements for the bill and hold, VAT and Other Immaterial Adjustments is referred to as "Restatement No. 2".

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This Amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A includes the restated condensed consolidated financial statements for Restatement No. 1 and Restatement No. 2 described above.

See Note 23 - Restatement of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In connection with the Original Filing, the Company's CEO and CFO concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were not effective as the end of the period covered by the Original Filing (the "Evaluation Date") as a result of its identification of material weaknesses, namely inventory control deficiencies in Brazil and control deficiencies related to Rest of World ("ROW") former executive management. For a description of the material weaknesses in internal controls and actions taken and to be taken to remediate the material weaknesses, see "Part II - Item 9A - Controls and Procedures." in the Company's Amendment No. 1 to the 2012 Report on Annual Form 10-K/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 21, 2014 and Part I, Item 4 Controls and Procedures, herein.

This Amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A does not reflect events occurring after the Original Filing or modify or update those disclosures affected by subsequent events. Disclosures not affected by the restatement or the revisions are unchanged and reflect the disclosures made at the time of the Original Filing. The following items have been amended:

Part I, Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited);

Part I, Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations;

Part I, Item 4. Controls and Procedures;

Part II, Item 6. Exhibits

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer are providing currently dated certifications in connection with this Amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A; the certifications are filed as Exhibits 31.1, 31.2 and 32.1.

The Company is concurrently filing an amended Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, Amendment No. 2 of its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q/A for each of the first three fiscal quarters of 2012 and the Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended June 28, 2013 and September 27, 2013.

PART I. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) GENERAL CABLE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (in millions, except per share data)

(unaudited)

	2013		2012	
	as restated	(1)	as restated (1)	
Net sales	\$1,543.7		\$1,449.5	
Cost of sales	1,386.8		1,300.4	
Gross profit	156.9		149.1	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	124.1		94.8	
Operating income	32.8		54.3	
Other income (expense)	(52.7)	6.8	
Interest income (expense):				
Interest expense	(29.5)	(24.7)
Interest income	1.5		1.7	
	(28.0)	(23.0)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(47.9)	38.1	
Income tax (provision) benefit	3.8		(11.8)
Equity in earnings of affiliated companies	0.2			
Net income (loss) including non-controlling interest	(43.9)	26.3	
Less: preferred stock dividends	0.1		0.1	
Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interest	1.8		1.3	
Net income (loss) attributable to Company common shareholders	\$(45.8)	\$24.9	
Earnings (loss) per share				
Earnings (loss) per common share-basic	\$(0.92)	\$0.50	
Weighted average common shares-basic	49.7		49.7	
Earnings (loss) per common share-assuming dilution	\$(0.92)	\$0.49	
Weighted average common shares-assuming dilution	49.7		51.1	
Comprehensive income (loss):				
Net income (loss)	\$(43.9)	\$26.3	
Currency translation gain (loss)	(3.6)	41.7	
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of an immaterial tax effect in 2013 and 2012	2.7			
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of tax of \$0.4 million in 2013 and \$3.4 million	(0.5	`	6.0	
in 2012	(0.3))	6.0	
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(45.3)	74.0	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest, net of tax	2.5		4.4	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Company common shareholders interest,	\$(47.8	`	\$69.6	
net of tax	φ(47.0)	Φ07.0	
See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.				
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(1) See Note 23 - Restatement of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Fiscal Months Ended

March 30,

March 29,

GENERAL CABLE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (in millions, except share data) (unaudited)

Assets	March 29, 2013 as restated ⁽¹⁾	December 31 2012 as restated ⁽¹⁾	-
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$484.4	\$622.3	
Receivables, net of allowances of \$39.3 million at March 29, 2013 and \$38.3 million at			
December 31, 2012	1,212.3	1,182.1	
Inventories, net	1,365.3	1,273.6	
Deferred income taxes	39.8	39.5	
Prepaid expenses and other	129.9	133.0	
Total current assets	3,231.7	3,250.5	
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,161.1	1,193.9	
Deferred income taxes	15.9	12.8	
Goodwill	197.2	187.6	
Intangible assets, net	201.7	202.9	
Unconsolidated affiliated companies	18.8	18.9	
Other non-current assets	65.4	66.0	
Total assets	\$4,891.8	\$4,932.6	
Liabilities and Total Equity			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$968.3	\$1,003.0	
Accrued liabilities	457.1	496.1	
Current portion of long-term debt	611.3	511.2	
Total current liabilities	2,036.7	2,010.3	
Long-term debt	936.7	938.9	
Deferred income taxes	217.6	223.9	
Other liabilities	279.4	292.7	
Total liabilities	3,470.4	3,465.8	
Commitments and contingencies			
Redeemable non-controlling interest	18.0	18.6	
Total equity:			
Redeemable convertible preferred stock, at redemption value (liquidation preference of			
\$50.00 per share):			
March 29, 2013 – 76,002 shares outstanding			
December 31, 2012 – 76,002 shares outstanding	3.8	3.8	
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, issued and outstanding shares:			
March 29, 2013 – 49,751,373 (net of 8,680,253 treasury shares)			
December 31, 2012 – 49,693,532 (net of 8,738,094 treasury shares)	0.6	0.6	
Additional paid-in capital	677.0	676.7	
Treasury stock	· /	(137.0)
Retained earnings	846.4	892.2	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	· /	(104.6)
Total Company shareholders' equity	1,284.7	1,331.7	
Non-controlling interest	118.7	116.5	

Total equity	1,403.4	1,448.2
Total liabilities and equity	\$4,891.8	\$4,932.6
See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.		
(1) See Note 23 - Restatement of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements		

GENERAL CABLE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in millions) (unaudited)

Three Fiscal Months Ended March 29. March 30. 2013 2012 as restated (1) as restated (1)Cash flows of operating activities: Net income (loss) including non-controlling interest \$(43.9) \$26.3 Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash flows of operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 33.1 26.9 Amortization of restricted stock awards 0.3 0.8 Foreign currency exchange (gain) loss 41.8 0.8 Deferred income taxes (3.6) 10.0 Excess tax (benefits) deficiencies from stock-based compensation (0.1)) (0.1) Convertible debt instruments noncash interest charges 5.7 5.4 (Gain) loss on disposal of property 0.3 Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisitions and divestitures: (Increase) decrease in receivables (55.4) (81.7) (Increase) decrease in inventories (101.9) (1.4) (Increase) decrease in other assets (2.8)) 0.6 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable, accrued and other liabilities) (22.2 (53.5) Net cash flows of operating activities (180.0)) (34.6 Cash flows of investing activities: Capital expenditures (26.7)) (35.9) Proceeds from properties sold 0.1 4.2 Other 0.2 Net cash flows of investing activities (26.4)) (31.7) Cash flows of financing activities: Preferred stock dividends paid (0.1)) (0.1) Excess tax benefits (deficiencies) from stock-based compensation 0.1 0.1 Proceeds from other debt 299.0 450.0 Repayments of other debt) (398.3 (204.5)) Dividends paid to non-controlling interest (0.3)) (0.6) Proceeds from exercise of stock options 0.5 0.1 Net cash flows of financing activities 94.7 51.2 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents) 8.1 (26.2)Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (137.9) (7.0) Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period 622.3 434.1 Cash and cash equivalents - end of period \$484.4 \$427.1 Supplemental Information Cash paid during the period for: Income tax payments, net of refunds \$6.5 \$13.7 Interest paid \$8.9 \$14.8 Non-cash investing and financing activities: Capital expenditures included in accounts payable \$12.8 \$28.0 See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

(1) See Note 23 - Restatement of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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GENERAL CABLE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of General Cable Corporation and Subsidiaries ("General Cable" or the "Company") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Results of operations for the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the full year. The December 31, 2012 condensed consolidated balance sheet amounts are derived from the audited financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto in General Cable's 2012 Amended No. 1 on its Annual Report on Form 10-K/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 21, 2014 ("2012 Amended Annual Report on Form 10-K/A"). The Company's fiscal quarters consist of 13-week periods ending on the Friday nearest to the end of the calendar months of March, June and September.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of General Cable Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Investments in 50% or less owned joint ventures in which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. All intercompany transactions and balances among the consolidated companies have been eliminated.

2. Accounting Standards

The Company's significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 to the audited annual consolidated financial statements in the Amended Annual 2012 Form 10-K/A. In the three months ended March 29, 2013, there have been no significant changes to these policies. In the three months ended March 29, 2013, there have been no accounting pronouncements issued that are expected to have a significant effect on the condensed consolidated financial statements. The following accounting pronouncements were adopted and became effective with respect to the Company in 2013 and 2012:

In February 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-02 ("ASU 2013-02"), "Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income," which amends ASC 220, "Comprehensive Income." The amended guidance requires an entity to report the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in its entirety to net income. For other amounts that are not required under U.S GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety from accumulated other comprehensive income to net income in the same reporting period, an entity is required to cross-reference other disclosures required under GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. ASU 2013-02 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The Company has adopted the provisions of ASU 2013-02 as required.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-11, "Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities." The amendments in this update require enhanced disclosures around financial instruments and derivative instruments that are either (1) offset in accordance with either ASC 210-20-45 or ASC 815-10-45 or (2) subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement, irrespective of whether they are offset in accordance with either ASC 210-20-45 or ASC 210-20-45 or ASC 815-10-45. The Company provided the disclosures required by those amendments retrospectively for all comparative periods presented. The amendments are effective during interim and annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

3. Acquisitions and Divestitures

Alcan Cable North America

On September 4, 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of the North American business of Alcan Cable North America for \$151.0 million, subject to additional customary adjustments of \$20.3 million as anticipated in the purchase agreement, primarily related to estimated working capital levels at closing. The Company paid \$171.3

million in cash to the sellers at closing in consideration for the North American business and expensed \$3.3 million in fees and expenses related to the acquisition, reported within selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A").

Alcan Cable North America employs over 750 employees in North America and is a leading supplier of aluminum strip products and a leading supplier of both electrical and mechanical rod alloys around the globe. The acquisition is expected to create synergies, expand the range of product offerings, increase production capacity and complement the Company's current investments. In 2011,

the last full year before the acquisition, Alcan Cable North America reported net sales of approximately \$610 million. Alcan Cable North America's sales and financial results are consolidated in the North America operating segment.

The following table represents a purchase price allocation based on the estimated fair values, or other measurements as applicable, of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, in millions:

	September 4,
	2012
Cash	\$—
Accounts receivable ⁽¹⁾	74.7
Inventories	70.7
Property, plant and equipment	72.7
Intangible assets	5.9
Goodwill	3.5
Other current and noncurrent assets	2.2
Total assets	\$229.7
Current liabilities	\$57.1
Other liabilities	1.3
Total liabilities	\$58.4
	1 6 1 6

(1) Accounts receivable represents gross contractual value. As of the acquisition date, the fair value of accounts receivable approximated carrying value.

The primary factors that contributed to the acquisition price in excess of the fair value of net assets acquired and the establishment of goodwill was the expansion of product lines and production capacity in the United States and Canada as well as the strategic benefit of adding additional presence in the Mexican market. The resulting goodwill is amortizable for tax purposes.

The amount of net sales and operating income included in the Company's actual consolidated results of operations from the acquisition of Alcan Cable North America were \$144.2 million and \$15.9 million, respectively, for the three months ended March 29, 2013.

Productora de Cables Procables S.A.S. ("Procables")

On October 1, 2012, the Company acquired 60% of Procables from the existing shareholders (the "Seller" or "Minority Shareholder") who maintained control of the remaining 40% of the shares for \$27.4 million which was retained by the Company of which \$24.0 million was used to pay down the assumed existing debt of \$48.1 million. For a 36-month period commencing on the expiration of the no-transfer period of four years, the Minority Shareholder may exercise a put option to sell all of their shares, 40% of the shares, to the Company. The Company shall be irrevocably obligated to purchase the shares ("Put Option"). In addition, the Company has a call option ("Call Option") to purchase the additional 40% of the shares. For a 36-month period commencing on the expiration of the no-transfer period of four years, the Company may exercise a Call Option right to purchase all of the Sellers' shares (the remaining 40%). The consideration to be exchanged, per share in the event of a Put Option or Call Option shall be the higher of the following (1) the final per share purchase price; or (2) a price per Share based on the Company's enterprise value equal to seven times the average of its earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") over the two most recently audited year-end financial statements immediately prior to the option being exercised, minus the 12-month average Net Indebtedness of the Company for the most recent audited fiscal year ("EBITDA average"). The Company expensed \$0.6 million in fees and expenses related to the acquisition, reported within SG&A. Procables employs over 500 employees, through its two manufacturing facilities in Bogota and Barranquilla in ROW, and offers a broad range of wire and cable products, including low and medium voltage power cables, building wire, industrial, communications, and bare aluminum conductors as well as operating copper and aluminum rod mills. The acquisition of Procables is expected to enhance the Company's presence in the Andean Region, create synergies, increase production capacity and complement the Company's current investments in ROW. In 2011, the last full year before the acquisition, Procables reported revenues of \$120 million. Procables' sales and financial results are

consolidated in the ROW operating segment.

The following table represents a purchase price allocation based on the estimated fair values, or other measurements as applicable, of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, in millions:

	October 1, 2012
Cash	\$28.8
Accounts receivable ⁽¹⁾	28.2
Inventories	19.3
Property, plant and equipment	27.0
Intangible assets	10.6
Goodwill	3.7
Other current and noncurrent assets	4.4
Total assets	\$122.0
Current liabilities	\$67.8
Other liabilities	8.5
Total liabilities	\$76.3
Redeemable non-controlling interest	\$18.3
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(1) Accounts receivable is gross contractual value. As of the acquisition date, the fair value of accounts receivable approximated carrying value.

The primary factor which contributed to an acquisition price in excess of the fair value of net assets acquired and the establishment of goodwill was the strategy to enhance the Company's presence in this strategically important market in the Andean Region further solidifying the Company's geographic coverage throughout the Americas which is one of the most extensive in the wire and cable industry. The resulting goodwill is not amortizable for tax purposes.

The amount of net sales included in the Company's actual consolidated results of operations from the acquisition of Procables was \$29.6 million for the three months ended March 29, 2013. The amount of net operating income (loss) included in the Company's actual consolidated results of operations from the acquisition of Procables was immaterial for the three months ended March 29, 2013.

Prestolite Wire, LLC ("Prestolite")

On November 2, 2012, the Company acquired "Prestolite" for \$59.5 million. The operations include two manufacturing locations in Paragould, Arkansas and Nogales, Mexico. The Company expensed \$0.6 million in fees and expenses related to the acquisition, reported within SG&A.

Through its manufacturing facilities in the United States and Mexico the business offers a broad range of wire and cable and wire harness products serving predominately transportation OEMs, tier 1 wire harness manufacturers and distribution customers. Prestolite employs over 700 employees. In 2011, the last full year before the acquisition, Prestolite reported revenues of \$170 million. Prestolite's sales and financial results are be consolidated in the North American operating segment.

The following table represents a purchase price allocation based on the estimated fair values, or other measurements as applicable, of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, in millions:

	November 2, 2012
Cash	\$0.7
Accounts receivable ⁽¹⁾	22.7
Inventories	17.3
Property, plant and equipment	24.6
Intangible assets	11.7
Goodwill	7.8
Other current and noncurrent assets	2.0
Total assets	\$86.8
Current liabilities	\$20.1
Other liabilities	7.2
Total liabilities	\$27.3

(1) Accounts receivable is gross contractual value. As of the acquisition date, the fair value of accounts receivable approximated carrying value.

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The primary factors that contributed to the acquisition price in excess of the fair value of net assets acquired and the establishment of goodwill were the Company's ability to strategically grow its business with existing customers to capitalize on greater opportunities to offer existing products to new markets, and strengthening of its market strategies for both new and existing specialty industrial OEM and distribution customers. A portion of the goodwill is amortizable for tax purposes.

The amount of net sales and operating income included in the Company's actual consolidated results of operations from the acquisition of Prestolite were \$54.3 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, for the three months ended March 29, 2013.

Alcan Cable China

On December 3, 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of the Chinese business of Alcan Cable ("Alcan Cable China"), a related business of Alcan Cable North America, for \$57.7 million. The Company expensed \$1.1 million in fees and expenses related to the acquisition, reported within SG&A. The final purchase price is subject to further customary adjustments primarily related to working capital levels.

Alcan Cable China employs over 300 employees in China and is expected to create synergies, expand the range of product offerings, increase production capacity and complement the Company's current investment in China. In 2011, the last full year before the acquisition, Alcan Cable China reported net sales of approximately \$65 million. Alcan Cable China's sales and financial results are consolidated in the ROW operating segment.

The following table represents a purchase price allocation based on the estimated fair values, or other measurements as applicable, of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, in millions:

	December 3, 2012
Cash	\$8.4
Accounts receivable ⁽¹⁾	8.5
Inventories	20.5
Property, plant and equipment	58.8
Intangible assets	
Goodwill	
Other current and noncurrent assets	0.2
Total assets	\$96.4
Current liabilities	\$18.6
Other liabilities	20.1
Total liabilities	\$38.7

(1) Accounts receivable is gross contractual value. As of the acquisition date, the fair value of accounts receivable approximated carrying value.

The amount of net sales included in the Company's actual consolidated results of operations from the acquisition of Alcan Cable China was \$16.4 million for the three months ended March 29, 2013. The amount of net operating income (loss) included in the Company's actual consolidated results of operations from the acquisition of Alcan Cable China was immaterial for the three months ended March 29, 2013.

The following table presents selected financial information, in millions, except per share data, from the actual condensed consolidated results of operations for the Company for the three months ended March 30, 2012 and presents selected financial information from unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated results of operations for the Company for the three months ended March 30, 2012, respectively, as though the aforementioned acquisitions had been completed as of the beginning of that period. This pro forma information is intended to provide information regarding how the Company might have looked if the acquisition had occurred as of January 1, 2012. The pro forma adjustments represent management's best estimates based on information available at the time the pro forma information was prepared and may differ from the adjustments that may actually have been required. Accordingly, the pro forma financial information should not be relied upon as being indicative of the historical results that would have been realized had the acquisition occurred as of the dates indicated or that may be achieved in the future.

	Three Fiscal Months Ended	
	March 30,	March 30,
	2012	2012
	(as restated)	(pro forma)
Net sales	\$1,449.5	\$1,694.0
Net income (loss) attributable to Company common shareholders	\$24.9	\$34.9
Earnings (loss) per common share - assuming dilution	\$0.49	\$0.69

The unaudited pro forma results are based on historical results of operations, adjusted for the allocation of purchase price and other acquisition accounting adjustments, and are not necessarily indicative of either future results of operations of results that might have been achieved had the acquisitions been completed on January 1, 2012. The unaudited pro forma financial information does not reflect any (i) integration costs that may be incurred as a result of the acquisition; (ii) synergies, operating efficiencies and costs savings that may result from the acquisition; or (iii) changes in commodities prices subsequent to the dates of such unaudited pro forma financial information does not include any transition costs, restructuring costs or recognition of compensation expenses or other one-time charges that may be incurred in connection with integrating the operations of the Company and the acquired companies.

The Company completed an acquisition in Brazil in the second quarter of 2012. The results of operations of the acquired business have been included in the condensed consolidated financial statements since the date of acquisition, and have been determined to be immaterial for disclosure purposes.

4. Other Income (Expense)

Other income (expense) includes foreign currency transaction gains or losses, which result from changes in exchange rates between the designated functional currency and the currency in which a transaction is denominated as well as gains and losses on derivative instruments that are not designated as cash flow hedges and ineffectiveness on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges. During the three months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012, the Company recorded other expense of \$52.7 million and other income of \$6.8 million, respectively. For the three months ended March 29, 2013, other expense was primarily attributable to \$40.9 million related to the Venezuela currency devaluation, \$10.1 million related to loses on derivative instruments that were not designated as cash flow hedges and other expense of \$1.7 million related to foreign currency transaction losses. For the three months ended March 30, 2012, other income was primarily the result \$5.5 million related to gains on derivative instruments which were not designated as cash flow hedges and other income of \$2.1 million related to foreign currency transactions. On February 13, 2013 the Venezuelan government announced the devaluation of its currency from 4.30 BsF per U.S. dollar to 6.30 BsF per U.S. dollar. Due to the impact of the devaluation of its currency by the Venezuelan government, the Company recorded a pre-tax charge of \$40.9 million in the three months ended March 29, 2013 primarily related to the remeasurement of the local balance sheet on the date of the devaluation at the 6.30 BsF per U.S. dollar rate. The functional currency of the Company's subsidiary in Venezuela is the U.S. dollar. See Item 2 - Management's Discussion & Analysis - Venezuelan Operations for additional detail. 5. Inventories

Approximately 84% of the Company's inventories are valued using the average cost method and all remaining inventories are valued using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. All inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value.

(in millions)	March 29, 2013	December 31, 2012
Raw materials	\$360.8	\$ 332.0
Work in process	237.6	211.8
Finished goods	766.9	729.8
Total	\$1,365.3	\$1,273.6
6. Property, Plant and Equipment		

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Costs assigned to property, plant and equipment related to acquisitions are based on estimated fair values on the acquisition date. Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets: buildings, from 15 to 50 years, and machinery, equipment and office furnishings, from 2 to 15 years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the asset, unless

acquired in a business combination, in which case the leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or a term that includes the reasonably assured life of the lease.

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following (in millions):

	March 29,	December 3	31,
	2013	2012	
Land	\$124.0	\$124.8	
Buildings and leasehold improvements	369.8	375.3	
Machinery, equipment and office furnishings	1,252.1	1,257.1	
Construction in progress	75.3	77.5	
Total gross book value	1,821.2	1,834.7	
Less accumulated depreciation	(660.1) (640.8)
Total net book value	\$1,161.1	\$ 1,193.9	
Demociotion surgers for the three fixed months and ad March 20, 2012 was \$20.6 m	Ilian Dannasiati		

Depreciation expense for the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 was \$29.6 million. Depreciation expense for the three fiscal months ended March 30, 2012 was \$23.9 million.

The Company periodically evaluates the recoverability of the carrying amount of long-lived assets (including property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with determinable lives) whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be fully recoverable. The Company evaluates events or changes in circumstances based mostly on actual historical operating results, but business plans, forecasts, general and industry trends, and anticipated cash flows are also considered. Impairment is assessed when the undiscounted expected future cash flows derived from an asset are less than its carrying amount. Impairment losses are measured as the amount by which the carrying value of an asset exceeds its fair value and are recognized in earnings. The Company also continually evaluates the estimated useful lives of all long-lived assets and, when warranted, revises such estimates based on current events. No impairment charges occurred during the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012.

7. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are reviewed at least annually for impairment. If the carrying amount of goodwill or an intangible asset with an indefinite life exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss would be recognized in the amount equal to the excess. Intangible assets that are not deemed to have indefinite lives are amortized over their useful lives.

The amounts of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets were as follows in millions of dollars:

	0								
Goodwil	1			Indefinit	e-Lived	Assets	– Trad	le Na	ames
North America	Europe and Mediterranean	ROW	Total	North America	Europe Medite	and rranean	ROW		Total
\$13.6	\$ 2.2	\$171.8	\$187.6	\$2.4	\$ 0.5		\$132.	9	\$135.8
5.9	_	3.7	9.6				1.8		1.8
\$19.5	\$ 2.2	\$175.5	\$197.2	\$2.4	\$ 0.5		\$134.	7	\$137.6
ble assets	for customer re	lationship	os were as	follows i	in millio	ns of do	ollars:		
							·		cember 31, 2
	North America \$13.6 5.9 \$19.5	America Mediterranean \$13.6 \$ 2.2 5.9 — \$19.5 \$ 2.2	North AmericaEurope and MediterraneanROW\$13.6\$2.2\$171.85.9—3.7\$19.5\$2.2\$175.5	North AmericaEurope and MediterraneaROWTotal\$13.6\$2.2\$171.8\$187.65.93.79.6\$19.5\$2.2\$175.5\$197.2	North AmericaEurope and MediterraneanROWTotalNorth America\$13.6\$2.2\$171.8\$187.6\$2.45.93.79.6\$19.5\$2.2\$175.5\$197.2\$2.4	North AmericaEurope and MediterraneanROWTotalNorth AmericaEurope Medite\$13.6\$2.2\$171.8\$187.6\$2.4\$0.55.9—3.79.6——\$19.5\$2.2\$175.5\$197.2\$2.4\$0.5ble assets for customer relationships were as follows in million\$1000000000000000000000000000000000000	North AmericaEurope and MediterraneanROWTotalNorth AmericaEurope and Mediterranean\$13.6\$2.2\$171.8\$187.6\$2.4\$0.55.93.79.6\$19.5\$2.2\$175.5\$197.2\$2.4\$0.5ble assets for customer relationships were asfollows in millions of definitions of	North AmericaEurope and MediterraneanROWTotalNorth AmericaEurope and MediterraneanROW\$13.6\$ 2.2\$171.8\$187.6\$2.4\$ 0.5\$132.5.9—3.79.6——1.8\$19.5\$ 2.2\$ 175.5\$ 197.2\$ 2.4\$ 0.5\$ 134.ble assetsFor customer relationships were asfollows in millions of dollars: March 29,March 29,	North AmericaEurope and MediterraneanROWTotalNorth AmericaEurope and MediterraneanROW\$13.6\$ 2.2\$171.8\$187.6\$2.4\$ 0.5\$132.95.9—3.79.6——1.8\$19.5\$ 2.2\$175.5\$197.2\$2.4\$ 0.5\$134.7ble assetsFor customer relationships were asfollows in millions of dollars: March 29,Dec

Amortized intangible assets:			
Amortized intangible assets	\$140.1	\$140.1	
Accumulated amortization	(76.7) (73.3)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	0.7	0.3	
Amortized intangible assets, net	\$64.1	\$67.1	

Amortized intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization as of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012. Customer relationships have been determined to have a useful life in the range of 7 to 12 years and the Company has accelerated the amortization expense to align with the historical customer attrition rates. The amortization of intangible assets for the first three

fiscal months of 2013 and 2012 was \$3.4 million and \$2.7 million, respectively. The estimated amortization expense during the twelve month periods beginning March 29, 2013 through March 31, 2018 and thereafter, based on exchange rates as of March 29, 2013, is \$12.7 million, \$11.9 million, \$11.0 million, \$9.9 million, \$6.6 million and \$12.0 million thereafter.

8. Accrued Liabilities

Included within accrued liabilities were accruals related to restructuring and warranty expenses as of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

Restructuring Accrual

The Company has incurred expenses as a result of cost reduction efforts in Europe in recent years. The expenses primarily relate to employee termination benefits that are payable under local statutory requirements. In the three months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012, the Company incurred \$3.1 million and \$0.3 million in charges related to actions taken at various operations in Europe to permanently reduce manufacturing personnel as well as charges related to the closure of a North American manufacturing facility. The accrual balance related to these actions at March 29, 2013 was \$2.0 million and was immaterial at December 31, 2012. Other expenses related to routine employee reductions for cost savings initiatives throughout the globe, with the exception of the aforementioned severance plan, were immaterial.

Warranty Accrual

The warranty accrual balance at March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was \$12.1 million and \$12.8 million, respectively. The Company accrues liabilities under service and warranty policies based upon specific claims and a review of historical warranty and service claims experience. Adjustments are made to the accruals as claims data and historical experience change. In addition, the Company incurs discretionary costs to service its products in connection with product performance issues.

Changes in the carrying amount of the service and product warranty accrual are below (in millions):

Balance, December 31, 2012	\$12.8	
Net provisions for warranties issued	0.3	
Net benefits for warranties existing at the beginning of the year	(0.1)
Payments related to the warranty accrual	(0.6)
Foreign currency translation	(0.3)
Balance, March 29, 2013	\$12.1	

9	Long-Term	Debt
٦.	Long-Term	DCUL

(in millions)	March 29, 2013	December 31, 2012
North America		
5.75% Senior Notes due 2022	\$600.0	\$600.0
Subordinated Convertible Notes due 2029	429.5	429.5
Debt discount on Subordinated Convertible Notes due 2029	(262.6)	(263.0)
0.875% Convertible Notes due 2013	355.0	355.0
Debt discount on 0.875% Convertible Notes due 2013	(15.0)	(20.4)
Senior Floating Rate Notes	125.0	125.0
Revolving Credit Facility		
Other	9.0	9.0
Europe and Mediterranean		
Spanish Term Loans	8.4	14.6
Credit facilities	24.3	14.7
Uncommitted accounts receivable facilities	14.6	4.0
Other	20.3	11.7
Rest of World ("ROW")		
Credit facilities	239.5	170.0
Total debt	1,548.0	1,450.1
Less current maturities	611.3	511.2
Long-term debt	\$936.7	\$938.9
At March 20, 2012 metalities of land terms date trained to term the second terms	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.0012 db

At March 29, 2013, maturities of long-term debt during the twelve month periods beginning March 29, 2013 through March 29, 2018 and thereafter are \$611.3 million, \$28.7 million, \$128.1 million, \$0.9 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, and \$777.7 million thereafter. As of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all debt covenants as discussed below.

The fair value of the Company's long-term debt, as noted below, was estimated using quoted market prices where available. For long-term debt not actively traded, fair values were based on valuations from third-party banks and market quotations for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

5.75% Senior Notes due 2022

On September 25, 2012, the Company completed the issuance and sale of \$600.0 million in aggregate principal amount of new senior unsecured notes (the "5.75% Senior Notes"). The 5.75% Senior Notes were jointly and severally guaranteed by each of the Company's current and future U.S. subsidiaries that is a borrower or a guarantor under the Company's Revolving Credit Facility or certain of the Company's or the guarantors' other indebtedness. The 5.75% Senior Notes were offered and sold in private transactions in accordance with Rule 144A and Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The 5.75% Senior Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an applicable exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

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The Company's 5.75% Senior Notes are summarized in the table below:

		5./5% Senio	r Notes (1)
(in millions)		March 29,	December 31,
(in millions)		2013	2012
Face Value		\$600.0	\$600.0
Fair Value (Leve	el 2)	612.0	619.5
Interest Rate		5.75%	
Interest Payment	erest Payment Semi-Annual: Apr 1 &		
Maturity Date	turity Date October 2022		2
		5.75% Senior	Notes
	Beginning Date	Percentage	
Call Option ⁽²⁾	October 1, 2017	102.875%	
	October 1, 2018	101.917%	
	October 1, 2019	100.958%	
	October 1, 2020 and thereafter	100.000%	

(1) Jointly and severally guaranteed by the Company's wholly owned U.S. subsidiaries.

The Company may, at its option, redeem the 5.75% Senior Notes on or after the stated beginning dates at percentages noted above (plus accrued and unpaid interest). Additionally, the Company, may on or prior to October 1, 2015 redeem in the aggregate up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of 5.75% Senior Notes issued with the cash proceeds from one or more equity offerings, at a redemption price in cash equal to 105.75% of

(2) the principal plus accrued and unpaid interest so long as (i) at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of the 5.75% Senior Notes issued remains outstanding immediately after giving effect to any such redemption; and (ii) notice of any such redemption is given within 60 days after the date of the closing of any such equity offering. In addition, at any time prior to October 1, 2017, the Company may redeem some or all of the 5.75% Senior Notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, plus a make whole premium.

The 5.75% Senior Notes' indenture contains covenants that limit the ability of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries to (i) incur additional indebtedness and guarantee indebtedness; (ii) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem the Company's capital stock; (iii) purchase, redeem or retire debt; (iv) issue certain preferred stock or similar equity securities; (v) make loans and investments; (vi) sell assets; (vii) incur liens; (viii) enter into transactions with affiliates; (ix) enter into agreements restricting the Company's subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends; and (x) consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all assets. However, these covenants are subject to exceptions and qualifications.

The 5.75% Senior Notes may also be repurchased at the option of the holders in connection with a change of control (as defined in the indenture governing the 5.75% Senior Notes) or in connection with certain asset sales. The Company used a portion of the proceeds of the 5.75% Senior Notes to redeem all of its outstanding \$200.0 million of 7.125% Senior Fixed Rate Notes that were to mature in April 2017. The Company intends to use the balance of the proceeds to (i) purchase or redeem its 0.875% Convertible Notes through a possible tender offer, purchases or payment at maturity, and for (ii) general corporate purposes, which may include repayment of borrowings under its Revolving Credit Facility. The Company capitalized \$11.8 million in deferred financing costs in connection with the 5.75% Senior Notes.

Convertible Debt Instruments

The Company's convertible debt instruments outstanding as of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are as follows:

	Subordinated Convertible		0.875% Convertible			
	Notes		Notes			
(in millions)	March 29,	December 31,	March 29,	December 31,		
(in millions)	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Face value	\$429.5	\$429.5	\$355.0	\$355.0		
Debt discount	(262.6) (263.0)	(15.0)) (20.4)		
Book value	166.9	166.5	340.0	334.6		
Fair value (Level 1)	537.4	464.1	353.7	349.7		
Maturity date	Nov 2029		Nov 2013			
Stated annual interest rate	4.50% until M	Nov 2019	0.875% until]	Nov 2013		
Stated annual interest face	2.25% until Nov 2029		0.075 % until 100V 2015			
Interest payments	Semi-annual	ly:	Semi-annually	y:		
increst payments	May 15 & No	ov 15	May 15 & No	v 15		

The 0.875% Convertible Notes are unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, on a senior unsecured basis, by the Company's wholly-owned U.S. subsidiaries. For additional information on the convertible notes, see the Company's 2012 Amended Annual Report on Form 10-K/A.

Subordinated Convertible Notes

The Company's Subordinated Convertible Notes were issued on December 15, 2009 in the amount of \$429.5 million as part of an exchange offer. The notes and the common stock issuable upon conversion were registered on a Registration Statement on Form S-4, initially filed with the SEC on October 27, 2009, as amended and as declared effective by the SEC on December 15, 2009. At issuance, the Company separately accounted for the liability and equity components of the instrument, based on the Company's nonconvertible debt borrowing rate on the instrument's issuance date of 12.5%. At issuance, the liability and equity components were \$162.9 million and \$266.6 million, respectively. The equity component (debt discount) is being amortized to interest expense based on the effective interest method. There were no proceeds generated from the transaction and the Company incurred issuance fees and expenses of approximately \$14.5 million as a result of the exchange offer which have been proportionately allocated to the liability and equity components of the Subordinated Convertible Notes. 0.875% Convertible Notes

The Company's 0.875% Convertible Notes were issued in November of 2006 in the amount of \$355.0 million. At the time of issuance, the notes and the common stock issuable upon conversion of the notes were registered on a Registration Statement on Form S-3ASR, which was renewed on September 30, 2009 when the Company filed a Renewal Registration Statement for the underlying common stock on Form S-3ASR. The Company separately accounted for the liability and equity components of the instrument, retrospectively, based on the Company's nonconvertible debt borrowing rate on the instrument's issuance date of 7.35%. At issuance, the liability and equity components were \$230.9 million and \$124.1 million, respectively. The equity component (debt discount) is being amortized to interest expense based on the effective interest method.

Concurrent with the sale of the 0.875% Convertible Notes, the Company purchased note hedges that are designed to mitigate potential dilution from the conversion of the 0.875% Convertible Notes in the event that the market value per share of the Company's common stock at the time of exercise is greater than approximately \$50.36. Under the note hedges that cover approximately 7,048,880 shares of the Company's common stock, the counterparties are required to deliver to the Company either shares of the Company's common stock or cash in the amount that the Company delivers to the holders of the 0.875% Convertible Notes with respect to a conversion, calculated exclusive of shares deliverable by the Company by reason of any additional make whole premium relating to the 0.875% Convertible Notes or by reason of any election by the company to unilaterally increase the conversion rate as permitted by the indenture governing the 0.875% Convertible Notes. The note hedges expire at the close of trading on November 15, 2013,

which is also the maturity date of the 0.875% Convertible Notes, although the counterparties will have ongoing obligations with respect to 0.875% Convertible Notes properly converted on or prior to that date as to which the counterparties have been timely notified.

The Company issued warrants to counterparties that could require the Company to issue up to approximately 7,048,880 shares of the Company's common stock in equal installments on each of the fifteen consecutive business days beginning on and including February 13, 2014. The strike price is \$76.00 per share, which represents a 92.4% premium over the closing price of the Company's shares of common stock on November 9, 2006. The warrants are expected to provide the Company with some protection against increases in the common stock price over the conversion price per share.

The note hedges and warrants are separate and legally distinct instruments that bind the Company and the counterparties and have no binding effect on the holders of the 0.875% Convertible Notes. In addition, the note hedges and warrants were recorded as a charge and an increase, respectively, in additional paid-in capital in total equity as separate equity transactions. The 0.875% Convertible Notes contain restrictions including limitation on dividends.

Proceeds from the offering were used to pay down outstanding debt by \$87.8 million, including accrued interest, under the Company's Terminated Credit Facility, to pay \$124.5 million for the cost of the note hedges, and to pay transaction costs of approximately \$9.4 million directly related to the issuance that have been allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds. Additionally, the Company received \$80.4 million in proceeds from the issuance of the warrants. At the conclusion of these transactions, the net effect of the receipt of the funds from the 0.875% Convertible Notes and the payments and proceeds mentioned above was an increase in cash of approximately \$213.7 million, which was used by the Company for general corporate purposes including acquisitions.

Senior Floating Rate Notes

The Company's \$325.0 million in aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes, comprised of \$125.0 million of Senior Floating Rate Notes due 2015 (the Senior Floating Rate Notes") and \$200.0 million of 7.125% Senior Notes due 2017, of which \$200 million was repaid on October 12, 2012, (together, the "Notes") were offered and sold in private transactions in accordance with Rule 144A and Regulation S under the Securities Act on March 21, 2007. An exchange offer commenced on June 11, 2007 and was completed on July 26, 2007 to replace the unregistered Notes with registered Notes with like terms pursuant to an effective Registration Statement on Form S-4.

		Senior Floating Rate Notes ⁽¹⁾				
(in millions)		March 29, 201	December 3	31, 2012		
Face value		\$125.0		\$125.0		
Fair value (Level 1)		124.1		122.7		
Interest rate		2.7	%	2.7	%	
3-month LIBOR				DR rate plus 2.375%		
Interest payment		Quarterly: Jan 1, Apr 1, Jul 1 & Oct 1				
Maturity date		Apr 2015				
	Beginning Date	F	Percentag	ge		
Call Option ⁽²⁾	April 1, 2012	1	03.563%	70		
	April 1, 2013	1	02.375%	70		
	April 1, 2014	1	01.880%	70		
	April 1, 2015	1	00.0%			
(1) T ' (1 1	11	1.11				

(1) Jointly and severally guaranteed by the Company's wholly-owned U.S. subsidiaries.

The Company may, at its option, redeem the Notes on or after the stated beginning dates at percentages noted (2) above (relies accurate the stated beginning dates at percentages noted above (plus accrued and unpaid interest.)

The Senior Floating Rate Notes' indenture contains covenants that limit the ability of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries to (i) pay dividends on, redeem or repurchase the Company's capital stock; (ii) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness; (iii) make investments; (iv) create liens; (v) sell assets; (vi) engage in certain transactions with affiliates; (vii) create or designate unrestricted subsidiaries; and (viii) consolidate, merge or transfer all or substantially all assets. However, these covenants are subject to important exceptions and qualifications, one of which permits the Company to declare and pay dividends or distributions on the Series A preferred stock provided there is no default on the Notes and certain financial conditions are met.

The Senior Floating Rate Notes may also be repurchased at the option of the holders in connection with a change of control (as defined in the indenture governing the Senior Floating Rate Notes) or in connection with certain asset sales.

Proceeds from the Notes of \$325.0 million, less approximately \$7.9 million of cash payments for fees and expenses that are being amortized over the life of the Notes, were used to pay approximately \$285.0 million for 9.5% Senior Notes, \$9.3 million for accrued interest on the 9.5% Senior Notes and \$20.5 million for tender fees and the inducement premium on the 9.5% Senior Notes, leaving net cash proceeds of approximately \$2.3 million which were used for general corporate purposes.

Asset-Based Revolving Credit Facility ("Revolving Credit Facility")

On July 21, 2011, the Company entered into a \$400 million Revolving Credit Facility, which was subsequently amended to, among other things, increase the Revolving Credit Facility to \$700 million, \$630 million of which may be borrowed by the U.S. borrower under the Revolving Credit Facility and \$70 million of which may be borrowed by the Canadian borrower under the Revolving Credit Facility. The Revolving Credit Facility replaced the Company's prior \$400 million Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility ("Terminated Credit Facility"), which was set to mature in July 2012. The Revolving Credit Facility contains restrictions in areas consistent with the Terminated Credit Facility, including limitations on, among other things, distributions and dividends, acquisitions and investments, indebtedness, liens and affiliate transactions. In the aggregate, however, the restrictions in the Revolving Credit Facility provide the Company greater flexibility than those under the Terminated Credit Facility, and generally only apply in the event that the Company's availability under the Revolving Credit Facility falls below certain specific thresholds.

The Revolving Credit Facility has a maturity date of July 21, 2017, and provides for a committed revolving credit line of up to \$700 million, \$630 million of which may be borrowed by the U.S. borrower under the Revolving Credit Facility and \$70 million of which may be borrowed by the Canadian borrower under the Revolving Credit Facility. The Revolving Credit Facility includes a springing maturity concept which is generally applicable only if the Company's \$355 million convertible notes due 2013 or the Company's \$125 million Senior Floating Rate Notes due 2015 are not repaid or refinanced within 90 days of their maturity unless, if such notes are not repaid or refinanced, there is at least \$100 million of availability and the fixed charge coverage ratio is not less than 1.15 to 1.00, in each case after giving pro forma effect to the repayment of such notes. The commitment amount under the Revolving Credit Facility may be increased by an additional \$100 million, subject to certain conditions and approvals as set forth in the credit agreement. The Company capitalized \$4.8 million in deferred financing costs in connection with the Revolving Credit Facility in the third quarter of 2011. Also, in the third quarter the Company expensed \$1.3 million in unamortized fees and expenses related to the Terminated Credit Facility. The Revolving Credit Facility requires maintenance of a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of one to one if availability under the Revolving Credit Facility is less than \$70 million or 10% of the then existing aggregate lender commitment under the facility. At March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all material covenants under the facility.

The Revolving Credit Facility may be used for refinancing certain existing indebtedness and will continue to be used for working capital and general corporate purposes. Indebtedness under the Revolving Credit Facility is secured by (a) for US borrowings under the facility, a first priority security interest in substantially all of the Company's domestic assets and, (b) for Canadian borrowings, a first priority security interest in substantially all of the Company's domestic and Canadian assets. In addition, the lenders under the Revolving Credit Facility have received a pledge of (i) 100% of the equity interests in substantially all of the Company's domestic subsidiaries, and (ii) 65% of the voting equity interests in and 100% of the non-voting equity interests in certain of the Company's foreign subsidiaries, including the Company's Canadian subsidiaries. Borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility bear interest at interest rate bases elected by the Company plus an applicable margin calculated quarterly based on the Company's average availability as set forth in the credit agreement. The Revolving Credit Facility also carries a commitment fee equal to the available but unused commitments multiplied by an applicable margin of either 0.375% or 0.50% based on the average daily unused commitments.

The Company's Revolving Credit Facility is summarized in the table below:

	Revolving Credit Facility		
(in millions)	March 29,	December 31,	
(III IIIIIIOIIS)	2013	2012	
Outstanding borrowings	\$—	\$—	
Total credit under facility	700.0	700.0	

Undrawn availability	570.9	515.3	
Interest rate	N/A	1.5	%
Outstanding letters of credit	\$18.3	\$18.3	
Original issuance	Jul 2011		
Maturity date	Jul 2017		
Spanish Term Loans			

The table below provides a summary of the Company's term loans and corresponding fixed interest rate swaps. The proceeds from the Spanish Term Loans were used to partially fund the acquisition of Enika Biskra and for general working capital purposes. There is no remaining availability under these Spanish Term Loans.

						Spanish Ter	rm	Loans (1)	
(in millions)						March 29, 2013		Decembe 2012	r 31,
Outstanding borr	owings					\$8.4		\$14.6	
Fair value (Level	2)					8.5		14.8	
Interest rate - we	ighted aver	rage ⁽²⁾				2.5	%	3.7	%
(1) The terms of	the Spanisl	n Term Loan	s are as follo	ws:					
(* *11*)	Original	Issuance	Maturity	Interest Rate Loan and Interest Payable		Darrahla		Interest	
(in millions)	Amount	Date	Date			rest Payable		Rate Swap ⁽²⁾	
Term Loan 1	€20.0	Feb 2008	Feb 2013	Euribor +0.5%	Semi-annual: Aug	and Feb		4.20	%
Term Loan 2	€10.0	Apr 2008	Apr 2013	Euribor +0.75%	Semi-annual: Apr	and Oct		4.58	%
Term Loan 3	€21.0	Jun 2008	Jun 2013	Euribor +0.75%	Quarterly: Mar, Ju Dec	in, Sept and	l	4.48	%
					Quarterly: Mar, Ju	in, Sept and	l		
Term Loan 4	€15.0	Sep 2009	Aug 2014	Euribor +2.0%	Dec			1.54	%
					Principal payment	s: Feb and A	Aug	5	
					1 .1 . 1	11.1 0	1	. 1	.1 .

(2) The Company entered into fixed interest rate swaps to coincide with the terms and conditions of the term loans that will effectively hedge the variable interest rate with a fixed interest rate.

At March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under these facilities. Europe and Mediterranean Credit Facilities

The Company's Europe and Mediterranean credit facilities are summarized in the table below:

	Europe and M	lediterranean			
	Credit Facilities				
(in millions)	March 29,	December 31,			
(III IIIIIIOIIS)	2013	2012			
Outstanding borrowings	\$24.3	\$14.7			
Undrawn availability	48.0	82.5			
Interest rate – weighted average	4.2 %	6.4 %			
Maturity date	Various				

Europe and Mediterranean Uncommitted Accounts Receivable Facilities

The Company's Europe and Mediterranean uncommitted accounts receivable facilities are summarized in the table below:

	Uncommitted Accounts			
	Receivable	Receivable Facilities		
(in millions)	March 29,	December 31,		
	2013	2012		
Outstanding borrowings	\$14.6	\$4.0		
Undrawn availability	30.9	42.8		
Interest rate – weighted average	1.0	2.1 %		
Maturity date	Various			

The Spanish Term Loans and certain credit facilities held by the Company's Spain subsidiary are subject to certain financial ratios of the Company's European subsidiaries, which includes minimum net equity and net debt to EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization) ratios. At March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all material covenants under these facilities.

ROW Credit Facilities

The Company's ROW credit facilities are summarized in the table below:

	ROW Credit	ROW Credit Facilities		
(in millions)	March 29,			
(in millions)	2013	2012		
Outstanding borrowings	\$239.5	\$170.0		
Undrawn availability	348.6	336.9		
Interest rate – weighted average	3.9 9	6 5.5 %		
Maturity date	Various			

The Company's ROW credit facilities are short term loans utilized for working capital purposes. Certain credit facilities are subject to financial covenants. The Company was in compliance with all material covenants under these facilities as of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

Failure to comply with any of the covenants, financial tests and ratios required by the Company's existing or future debt obligations could result in a default under those agreements and under other agreements containing cross-default provisions, as defined in the Company's Revolving Credit Facility, 0.875% Senior Convertible Notes, Subordinated Convertible Notes, Senior Floating Rate Notes, 5.75% Senior Notes and various other credit facilities maintained by the Company's restricted subsidiaries. A default would permit lenders to cease making further extensions of credit, accelerate the maturity of the debt under these agreements and foreclose upon any collateral securing that debt. Indebtedness under the Company's Revolving Credit Facility is secured by: (a) for US borrowings under the facility, a first priority security interest in substantially all of the Company's domestic assets and, (b) for Canadian borrowings, a first priority security interest in substantially all of the Company's domestic and Canadian assets. In addition, the lenders under the Company's Revolving Credit Facility have received a pledge of (i) 100% of the equity interests in substantially all of the Company's domestic subsidiaries, and (ii) 65% of the voting equity interests in and 100% of the non-voting equity interests in certain of the Company's foreign subsidiaries, including the Company's Canadian subsidiaries. The Company has also pledged as security 65% of the voting equity interests in and 100% of the non-voting equity interests in certain of the Company's foreign subsidiaries including the Canadian subsidiaries. The Company also has incurred secured debt in connection with some of its European operations. The lenders under these European secured credit facilities also have liens on assets of certain of our European subsidiaries. As a result of these pledges and liens, if the Company fails to meet its payment or other obligations under any of its secured indebtedness, the lenders under the applicable credit agreement would be entitled to foreclose on substantially all of the Company's assets and liquidate these assets. Broadly, cross-default provisions, would permit lenders to cause such indebtedness to become due prior to its stated maturity in the event a default remains unremedied for a period of time under the terms of one or more financing agreements, a change in control or a fundamental change. The Company was in compliance

with all material covenants under these facilities as of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012. 10. Financial Instruments

The Company is exposed to various market risks, including changes in interest rates, foreign currency and raw material (commodity) prices. To manage risks associated with the volatility of these natural business exposures, the Company enters into interest rate, commodity and foreign currency derivative agreements, as well as copper and aluminum forward pricing agreements. The Company

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does not purchase or sell derivative instruments for trading purposes. The Company does not engage in trading activities involving derivative contracts for which a lack of marketplace quotations would necessitate the use of fair value estimation techniques.

The Company utilizes interest rate swaps to manage its interest expense exposure by fixing its interest rate on a portion of the Company's floating rate debt. The Company does not provide or receive any collateral specifically for these contracts. The fair value of these financial derivatives which are designated as and qualify as cash flow hedges are based on quoted market prices, which reflect the present values of the difference between estimated future variable-rate receipts and future fixed-rate payments.

The Company enters into commodity instruments to hedge the purchase of copper, aluminum and lead in future periods and foreign currency exchange contracts principally to hedge the currency fluctuations in certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies, thereby limiting the Company's risk that would otherwise result from changes in exchange rates. Principal transactions hedged during the year were firm sales and purchase commitments. The fair value of foreign currency contracts represents the amount required to enter into offsetting contracts with similar remaining maturities based on quoted market prices.

We account for these commodity instruments and foreign currency exchange contracts as cash flow or economic hedges. Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated as cash flow hedges are recorded in other comprehensive income and reclassified to the income statement when the effects of the items being hedged are realized. Changes in the fair value of economic hedges are recognized in current period earnings. Fair Value of Derivatives Instruments

The notional amounts and fair values of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges and derivatives not designated as cash flow hedges at March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are shown below (in millions).

	March 29, 2013		December 31, 2012						
	Notional Amount	Fair Value		Notional	Fair Value				
		Asset ⁽¹⁾	Liability (2)		Asset (1)	Liability (2)			
Derivatives designated as cash flow									
hedges:									
Interest rate swaps	\$9.0	\$—	\$0.1	\$15.3	\$—	\$0.2			
Commodity futures	15.1		1.9	22.8	0.2	1.1			
Foreign currency exchange				60.7	0.4	0.6			
		\$—	\$2.0		\$0.6	\$1.9			
Derivatives not designated as cash flow									
hedges:									
Commodity futures	\$194.8	\$0.7	\$7.4	\$206.0	\$3.3	\$4.9			
Foreign currency exchange	277.6	2.2	6.1	253.7	3.2	3.3			
		\$2.9	\$13.5		\$6.5	\$8.2			

(1)Balance recorded in "Prepaid expenses and other" and "Other non-current assets"

(2) Balance recorded in "Accrued liabilities" and "Other liabilities"

As of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012 all financial instruments held by the Company were subject to enforceable master netting arrangements held by various financial institutions. In general, the terms of our agreements provide that in the event of an early termination the counterparties have the right to offset amounts owed or owing under that and any other agreement with the same counterparty. The Company's accounting policy is to not offset these positions in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. As of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012 the net positions of

the enforceable master netting agreements are not significantly different from the gross positions noted in the table above. Depending on the extent of an unrealized loss position on a derivative contract held by the Company, certain counterparties may require collateral to secure the Company's derivative contract position. As of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012 there were no contracts held by the Company that required collateral to secure the Company's derivative positions.

For the above derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the unrealized gain and loss on the derivative is reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings, which generally occurs over periods of less than one year. Gain and loss on the derivative representing either hedge ineffectiveness or hedge components excluded from the assessment of effectiveness are recognized in current earnings.

(in millions)	Three Fiscal Mon Amount of Comprehensive Income (Loss) Recognized in Accumulated OCI on Derivatives (Effective Portion)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on the Ineffective	Location
Derivatives designated as cash				
flow hedges:				
Interest rate swaps	\$0.1	\$ —	\$—	Interest expense
Commodity futures	(1.3)	(0.3)		Cost of sales
Foreign currency exchange		—		Other income (expense)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ (0.3)	\$—	
		ths Ended March 3	0, 2012	
	Amount of			
	Comprehensive			
	Income (Loss)	Amount of Gain	Amount of Gain	
	Recognized in	(Loss)	(Loss) Recognized	
(in millions)	Accumulated		in Income on the	Location
	OCI on	Accumulated	Ineffective	
	Derivatives	OCI into Income	Portion ⁽¹⁾	
	(Effective			
	Portion)			
Derivatives designated as cash				
flow hedges:	* • •	.	.	-
Interest rate swaps	\$0.2	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	Interest expense
Commodity futures	8.4	0.7	(0.2)	Cost of sales
Foreign currency exchange	(0.1)	(0.6)		Other income (expense)
The ineffective portion and th	\$8.5	\$ 0.1	\$(0.2)	

(1) The ineffective portion and the amount excluded from effectiveness testing for all derivatives designated as cash flow hedges is recognized in other income and expense.

For derivative instruments that are not designated as cash flow hedges, the unrealized gain or loss on the derivatives is reported in current earnings. For the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012, the Company recorded a loss of \$10.1 million and a gain of \$5.5 million, respectively, for derivative instruments not designated as cash flow hedges in other income and expense on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss). A pre-tax loss of \$2.4 million is expected to be reclassified into earnings from other comprehensive income in the next twelve months.

Other Forward Pricing Agreements

In the normal course of business, General Cable enters into forward pricing agreements for the purchase of copper and aluminum for delivery in a future month to match certain sales transactions. The Company accounts for these forward pricing arrangements under the "normal purchases and normal sales" scope exception because these arrangements are for purchases of copper and aluminum that will be delivered in quantities expected to be used by the Company over a reasonable period of time in the normal course of business. For these arrangements, it is probable at the inception and throughout the life of the arrangements that the arrangements will not settle net and will result in physical delivery of the inventory. At March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had \$18.0 million and \$37.7 million,

respectively, of future copper and aluminum purchases that were under forward pricing agreements. At March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the fair value of these arrangements was \$17.2 million and \$38.0 million, respectively, and the Company had an unrealized loss of \$0.8 million and an unrealized gain of \$0.3 million, respectively, related to these transactions. The Company believes the unrealized gains (losses) under these agreements will be largely offset as a result of firm sales price commitments with customers. Depending on the extent of the unrealized loss position on certain forward pricing agreements, certain counterparties may require collateral to secure the Company's forward purchase agreements. There were no funds posted as collateral as of March 29, 2013 or December 31, 2012. 11. Income Taxes

During the first quarter of 2013, the Company accrued approximately \$1.2 million of income tax expense for uncertain tax positions likely to be taken in the current year and for interest and penalties on tax positions taken in prior periods, all of which would have a favorable impact on the effective tax rate, if recognized. The Company recognized a tax benefit of \$1.1 million (including penalties and interest) in the first quarter of 2013 due primarily to the expiration of statute of limitations for certain tax exposures.

The Company files income tax returns in numerous tax jurisdictions around the world. Due to uncertainties regarding the timing and outcome of various tax audits, appeals and settlements, it is difficult to reliably estimate the amount of unrecognized tax benefits that could change within the next twelve months. The Company believes it is reasonably possible that approximately \$6 million of unrecognized tax benefits could change within the next twelve months due to the resolution of tax audits and statute of limitations expiration.

Tax years that are open for examination and assessment by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") are 2007 through 2012. The IRS is currently in the process of examining the Company's 2007 through 2010 consolidated income tax returns. With limited exceptions, tax years prior to 2008 are no longer open in major foreign, state, or local tax jurisdictions.

12. Employee Benefit Plans

General Cable provides retirement benefits through contributory and noncontributory qualified and non-qualified defined benefit pension plans covering eligible domestic and international employees as well as through defined contribution plans and other postretirement benefits.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Benefits under General Cable's qualified U.S. defined benefit pension plan generally are based on years of service multiplied by a specific fixed dollar amount, and benefits under the Company's qualified non-U.S. defined benefit pension plans generally are based on years of service and a variety of other factors that can include a specific fixed dollar amount or a percentage of either current salary or average salary over a specific period of time. The amounts funded for any plan year for the qualified U.S. defined benefit pension plan are neither less than the minimum required under federal law nor more than the maximum amount deductible for federal income tax purposes. The Company's non-qualified unfunded U.S. defined benefits provided by other programs. The Company's non-qualified unfunded unfunded benefit pension plans that provide retirement indemnities to employees within the Company's European and ROW segments. Pension obligations for the majority of non-qualified unfunded defined benefit pension plans are provided for by book reserves and are based on local practices and regulations of the respective countries. The Company makes cash contributions for the costs of the non-qualified unfunded defined benefit pension plans as the benefits are paid.

The components of net periodic benefit cost for pension benefits were as follows (in millions):

Three Fiscal Months Ended							
March 29, 2013			2012				
U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.				
Plans	Plans	Plans	Plans				
\$0.5	\$1.7	\$0.4	\$0.8				
1.8	1.4	1.9	1.5				
(2.3) (0.5) (2.3) (0.6)				
2.1	0.2		0.2				
	0.4	2.1	0.3				
\$2.1	\$3.2	\$2.1	\$2.2				
	March 29, 2 U.S. Plans \$0.5 1.8 (2.3 2.1 — —	March 29, 2013 U.S. Non-U.S. Plans Plans \$0.5 \$1.7 1.8 1.4 (2.3) (0.5 2.1 0.2 — 0.4 — —	U.S. Non-U.S. U.S. Plans Plans Plans \$0.5 \$1.7 \$0.4 1.8 1.4 1.9 (2.3) (0.5) (2.3 2.1 0.2 0.4 2.1				

The estimated net loss for the defined benefit pension plans that will be amortized from accumulated other comprehensive income into net pension expense over the next fiscal year is \$11.4 million. The prior service cost to be amortized from accumulated other comprehensive income into net pension expense over the next fiscal year is immaterial.

Defined benefit pension plan cash contributions for the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012 were \$2.4 million and \$1.8 million, respectively.

Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

General Cable has postretirement benefit plans that provide medical and life insurance for certain retirees and eligible dependents. The Company funds the plans as claims or insurance premiums are incurred.

Net postretirement benefit expense included the following components (in millions):

	Three Fiscal	Months Ended
	March 29,	March 30,
	2013	2012
Service cost	\$—	\$—
Interest cost	0.1	0.1
Net amortization and deferral	—	
Net postretirement benefit expense	\$0.1	\$0.1
The estimated future benefit payments expected to be paid for the Company's postr	etirement benefits o	ther than

The estimated future benefit payments expected to be paid for the Company's postretirement benefits other than pensions are \$0.7 million in 2013, \$0.7 million in 2014, \$0.6 million in 2015, \$0.6 million in 2016, \$2.4 million in 2017 and thereafter.

Defined Contribution Plans

Expense under both U.S. and non-U.S. defined contribution plans generally equals up to six percent of each eligible employee's covered compensation based on the location and status of the employee. The net defined contribution plan expense recognized for the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012 was \$3.3 million and \$2.7 million, respectively.

13. Total Equity

General Cable is authorized to issue 200 million shares of common stock and 25 million shares of preferred stock. Condensed consolidated statements of changes in total equity are presented below for the three months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012 (in millions):

General Cable Total Equity

		Genera	I Cable To	otal Equit	у			_
	Total Equity	Stock	ecCommo Stock at Amount	Paid in	Treasury Stock		Accumulated Other Comprehens Income/(Los	Non-Controlling iventerest
Balance, December 31, 201	2\$1,448.2	\$3.8	\$0.6	\$676.7	\$(137.0)	\$892.2)\$ 116.5
Comprehensive income (loss)	(45.3)		—			(45.7)	(2.1) 2.5
Preferred stock dividend	(0.1)					(0.1)		
Excess tax benefit from stock compensation	(1.0)			(1.0)				
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	(0.3)							(0.3)
Other – issuance pursuant to restricted stock, stock options and other) 1.9			1.3	0.6			
Balance, March 29, 2013	\$1,403.4	\$3.8 Genera	\$ 0.6 Il Cable T	\$677.0 otal Equit	\$(136.4) y	\$846.4	\$ (106.7) \$ 118.7
	Total Equity	Stock	ecCommo Stock nt Amount	Paid in	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulate Other Comprehens Income/(Los	Non-Controlling siventerest
Balance, December 31, 201	1 \$1,437.9	\$3.8	\$0.6	\$666.7	\$(136.5)	\$888.2	* (a = 1	\$ 112.5
Comprehensive income (loss)	74.0					25.0	44.6	4.4
Preferred stock dividend	(0.1)					(0.1)		
Excess tax benefit from stock based compensation	0.1			0.1				

Dividends paid to	(0.6)						(0.6)
non-controlling interest	(0.0)						(0.0)
Other – issuance pursuant to)								
restricted stock, stock	3.1			2.1	1.0				
options and other									
Balance, March 30, 2012	\$1,514.4	\$3.8	\$0.6	\$668.9	\$(135.5) \$913.1	\$ (52.8)	\$ 116.3	

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, consisted of the following (in millions):

	March 29, 2	201	13		December 3	1,	2012	
	Company Common Shareholder		Non-Controll Interest	ing	Company Common Shareholders	5	Non-Controlli Interest	ing
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$(32.1)	\$ (16.2)	\$(27.9)	\$ (16.8)
Change in fair value of pension benefit obligation, net of tax	(81.7)	(3.1)	(84.4)	(3.1)
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of tax	(0.5)	(0.3)	0.1		(0.4)
Company deferred stock held in rabbi trust, net of tax	7.3				7.3			
Other	0.3				0.3			
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$(106.7)	\$ (19.6)	\$(104.6)	\$ (20.3)
	, 1		1 /1	1			$(1) \rightarrow C$	

The following is the detail of the change in the Company's accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) from December 31, 2012 to March 29, 2013 including the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income as required by ASC 2013-02 (in millions, net of tax):

	Foreign currency translatio	n	Change of fair value of pension benefit obligation	f	Change in fair value of derivatives	stock held in rabbi	Other	Total	
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$(27.9)	\$(84.4)	\$0.1	\$7.3	\$0.3	\$(104.6)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	(4.2)	_		(0.8) —	_	(5.0)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income			2.7		0.2	—	_	2.9	
Net current - period other comprehensive income	(4.2)	2.7		(0.6) —		(2.1)
Balance, March 29, 2013	\$(32.1)	\$(81.7)	\$ (0.5	\$7.3	\$0.3	\$(106.7)

The following is the detail of the reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 29, 2013 (in millions, net of tax):

	Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	Affected line item in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Change in fair value of derivatives:		
Commodity contracts	\$0.2	Cost of Sales
Total - Change in fair value of derivatives	0.2	
Amortization of defined pension items		
Prior service cost	2.3	SG&A
Net loss	0.4	SG&A
Total - Amortization of defined benefit pension items	2.7	
Total	\$2.9	

The Company maintains a deferred compensation plan ("Deferred Compensation Plan") under the terms and conditions disclosed in the Company's 2012 Amended Annual Report on Form 10-K/A. The Company accounts for the Deferred

Compensation Plan in accordance with ASC 710 - Compensation–General as it relates to arrangements where amounts earned are held in a rabbi trust. The market value of mutual fund investments, nonvested and subsequently vested stock and restricted stock in the rabbi trust was \$43.9 million and \$38.1 million as of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. The market value of the assets held by the rabbi trust, exclusive of the market value of the shares of the Company's nonvested and subsequently vested restricted stock, restricted stock units held in the deferred compensation plan and Company stock investments by participants' elections, at March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was \$19.4 million and \$17.7 million, respectively, and is classified as "other non-current"

assets" in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Amounts payable to the plan participants at March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, excluding the market value of the shares of the Company's nonvested and subsequently vested restricted stock and restricted stock units held, were \$21.8 million and \$19.8 million, respectively, and are classified as "other liabilities" in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

14. Share-Based Compensation

The Company has various plans that provide for granting options, restricted stock units and restricted stock to certain employees and independent directors of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company recognizes compensation expense for share-based payments based on the fair value of the awards at the grant date. The table below summarizes compensation expense for the Company's non-qualified stock options based on the fair value method estimated using the Black-Scholes valuation model, and non-vested stock awards, including restricted stock units, and performance-based non-vested stock awards based on the fair value method for the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012 (in millions).

	Three Fiscal	Months Ended
	March 29,	March 30,
	2013	2012
Non-qualified stock option expense	\$1.1	\$1.4
Non-vested stock awards expense	1.7	2.1
Total pre-tax share-based compensation expense	\$2.8	\$3.5
Excess tax benefit on share-based compensation ⁽¹⁾	\$0.1	\$0.1

(1)Cash inflows (outflows) recognized as financing activities in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The Company records compensation expense related to non-vested stock awards as a component of selling, general and administrative expense. There have been no material changes in financial condition or operations that would affect the method or the nature of the share-based compensation recorded in the current period or the prior comparative periods.

15. Redeemable Non-controlling Interest

The Company acquired 60% of Procables on October 1, 2012 from the existing shareholders (the "Seller" or "Minority Shareholder") who maintained control of the remaining 40% of the shares for \$27.4 million. For a 36-month period commencing on the expiration of the no-transfer period of four years, the Minority Shareholder, may exercise a Put Option to sell all of their shares, 40% of the shares, to the Company. The Company shall be irrevocably obligated to purchase the shares. In addition, the Company has a Call Option to purchase the additional 40% of the shares. For a 36-month period commencing on the expiration of the no-transfer period of four years, the Company may exercise a Call Option right to purchase all of the Sellers' shares (the remaining 40%). The consideration to be exchanged, per share in the event of a Put Option or Call Option shall be the higher of the following (1) the final per share purchase price; or (2) a price per Share based on the Company's enterprise value equal to seven times the average of its EBITDA over the two most recently audited year-end financial statements immediately prior to the option being exercised, minus the 12-month average Net Indebtedness of the Company for the most recent audited fiscal year. The Company determined that the put option is embedded within the non-controlling interest shares that are subject to the put option. The redemption feature requires classification of the Minority Shareholder's interest in the Consolidated Balance Sheet outside of equity under caption "Redeemable Non-controlling Interest".

The redeemable non-controlling interest of Procables was recorded on the acquisition date based on the estimated fair value of the shares including the embedded Put Option. The fair value of the Put Option was estimated at the higher of the final per share purchase price or EBITDA average. At March 29, 2013, the final per share purchase price was greater than the EBITDA average; therefore, the redeemable non-controlling interest was valued at the same cost as the fair value determined at the opening balance sheet date subject to foreign currency translation. Subsequent adjustments to the value of the redeemable non-controlling interest due to the redemption feature, if any, will be recognized as they occur and recorded within Net Income.

The following is a rollforward of the redeemable non-controlling interest: Balance, December 31, 2012

\$18.6

Net income (loss)		
Foreign currency translation	(0.6)
Balance, March 29, 2013	\$18.0	

16. Shipping and Handling Costs

All shipping and handling amounts billed to a customer in a sales transaction are classified as revenue. Shipping and handling costs associated with storage and handling of finished goods and shipments to customers are included in cost of sales and totaled \$37.8 million and \$33.3 million, respectively, for the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012.

17. Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share

The Company applied the two-class method of computing basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share for the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012. Historically and for the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012, the Company did not declare, pay or otherwise accrue a dividend payable to the holders of the Company's common stock or holders of unvested share-based payment awards (restricted stock). A reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of earnings (loss) per common share – basic to earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution is as follows (in millions, except per share data):

Three Fiscal	Months Ended
March 29,	March 30,
2013	2012
\$(45.8)	\$24.9
49.7	49.7
\$(0.92)	\$0.50
\$(45.8)	\$24.9
	0.1
\$(45.8)	\$25.0
49.7	49.7
	—
	1.0
	0.4
49.7	51.1
\$(0.92)	\$0.49
	March 29, 2013 \$(45.8)) 49.7 \$(0.92)) \$(45.8)) \$(45.8)) 49.7 49.7

(2) Denominator

(3) Under the two-class method, earnings (loss) per share – basic reflects undistributed earnings per share for both common stock and unvested share-based payment awards (restricted stock).

Under ASC 260 - Earnings per Share and ASC 470 - Debt and because of the Company's obligation to settle the par value of the 0.875% Convertible Notes and the Subordinated Convertible Notes in cash, the Company is not required to include any shares underlying the 0.875% Convertible Notes and Subordinated Convertible Notes in its weighted average shares outstanding – assuming dilution until the average stock price per share for the quarter exceeds the \$50.36 and \$36.75 conversion price of the 0.875% Convertible Notes and the Subordinated Convertible Notes, respectively, and only to the extent of the additional shares that the Company may be required to issue in the event that the Company's conversion obligation exceeds the principal amount of the 0.875% Convertible Notes and the Subordinated Convertible Notes.

Regarding the 0.875% Convertible Notes, the average stock price threshold conditions had not been met as of March 29, 2013. At any such time in the future that threshold conditions are met, only the number of shares issuable under the "treasury" method of accounting for the share dilution would be included in the Company's earnings per share – assuming dilution calculation, which is based upon the amount by which the average stock price exceeds the conversion price. In addition, shares underlying the warrants will be included in the weighted average shares outstanding – assuming dilution when the average stock price per share for a quarter exceeds the \$76.00 strike price of

the warrants, and shares underlying the note hedges, will not be included in the weighted average shares outstanding – assuming dilution because the impact of the shares will always be anti-dilutive.

The following table provides examples of how changes in the Company's stock price would require the inclusion of additional shares in the denominator of the weighted average shares outstanding – assuming dilution calculation for the 0.875% Convertible Notes. The table also reflects the impact on the number of shares that the Company would expect to issue upon concurrent settlement of the 0.875% Convertible Notes and the note hedges and warrants.

Share Price	Shares Underlying 0.875% Convertible Notes	Warrant Shares	Total Treasury Method Incremental Shares ⁽¹⁾	Shares Due to the Company under Note Hedges	Incremental Shares Issued by the Company upon Conversion ⁽²⁾
\$50.36					
\$60.36	1,167,502		1,167,502	(1,167,502)	
\$70.36	2,003,400		2,003,400	(2,003,400)	
\$80.36	2,631,259	382,618	3,013,877	(2,631,259)	382,618
\$90.36	3,120,150	1,120,363	4,240,513	(3,120,150)	1,120,363
\$100.36	3,511,614	1,711,088	5,222,702	(3,511,614)	1,711,088

Represents the number of incremental shares that must be included in the calculation of fully diluted shares under $(1)_{GAAP}^{Represents}$

(2) Represents the number of incremental shares to be issued by the Company upon conversion of the 0.875% Convertible Notes, assuming concurrent settlement of the note hedges and warrants.

Regarding the Subordinated Convertible Notes, the average stock price threshold conditions had not been met as of March 29, 2013. At any such time in the future that threshold conditions are met, only the number of shares issuable under the "treasury" method of accounting for the share dilution would be included in the Company's earnings per share – assuming dilution calculation, which is based upon the amount by which the average stock price exceeds the conversion price.

The following table provides examples of how changes in the Company's stock price would require the inclusion of additional shares in the denominator of the weighted average shares outstanding – assuming dilution calculation for the Subordinated Convertible Notes.

Share Price	Shares Underlying Subordinated Convertible Notes	Total Treasury Method Incremental Shares ⁽¹⁾
\$36.75		—
\$38.75	603,152	603,152
\$40.75	1,147,099	1,147,099
\$42.75	1,640,151	1,640,151
\$44.75	2,089,131	2,089,131

(1) Represents the number of incremental shares that must be included in the calculation of fully diluted shares under GAAP.

18. Segment Information

The Company conducts its operations through three geographic operating segments – North America, Europe and Mediterranean, and ROW, which consists of operations in Latin America, Sub-Saharan Africa, the Middle East and Asia Pacific. The Company's operating segments align with the structure of the Company's internal management organization. All three segments engage in the development, design, manufacturing, marketing and distribution of copper, aluminum, and fiber optic communication, electric utility and electrical infrastructure wire and cable products. In addition to the above products, the Europe and Mediterranean and ROW segments develop, design, manufacture, market and distribute construction products and the ROW segment manufactures and distributes rod mill wire and cable products.

Net revenues as shown below represent sales to external customers for each segment. Intersegment sales have been eliminated. Intersegment sales in North America were \$4.3 million, in Europe and Mediterranean, intersegment sales were \$4.1 million and in ROW, intersegment sales were \$18.3 million for the three months ended March 29, 2013, respectively. In North America, intersegment sales were \$7.3 million, Europe and Mediterranean, intersegment sales were \$6.2 million and in ROW, intersegment sales were \$8.8 million for the three months ended March 30, 2012, respectively. The chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources based on segment operating income. Segment operating income represents income from continuing operations before interest income, interest expense, other income (expense), other financial costs and income tax. Summarized financial information for the Company's reportable segments for the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012 is as follows:

(in millions)	Three Fisca March 29, 2013	l Months Ended March 30, 2012
Net Sales:		
North America	\$705.0	\$541.2
Europe and Mediterranean	374.6	416.1
ROW	464.1	492.2
Total	\$1,543.7	\$1,449.5
Segment Operating Income:		
North America	\$37.7	\$30.4
Europe and Mediterranean	(16.2) 4.5
ROW	11.3	19.4
Total	\$32.8	\$54.3
	March 29,	December 31,
(in millions)	2013	2012
Total Assets:		
North America	\$1,513.3	\$1,483.4
Europe and Mediterranean	1,288.1	1,329.6
ROŴ	2,090.4	2,119.6
Total	\$4,891.8	\$4,932.6
	. ,	• • •

19. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is subject to a variety of federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations covering the storage, handling, emission and discharge of materials into the environment, including CERCLA, the Clean Water Act, the Clean Air Act (including the 1990 amendments) and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

The Company's subsidiaries in the United States have been identified as potentially responsible parties with respect to several sites designated for cleanup under CERCLA or similar state laws, which impose liability for cleanup of certain waste sites and for related natural resource damages without regard to fault or the legality of waste generation or disposal. Persons liable for such costs and damages generally include the site owner or operator and persons that disposed or arranged for the disposal of hazardous substances found at those sites. Although CERCLA imposes joint and several liability on all potentially responsible parties, in application, the potentially responsible parties typically allocate the investigation and cleanup costs based upon, among other things, the volume of waste contributed by each potentially responsible party.

Settlements can often be achieved through negotiations with the appropriate environmental agency or the other potentially responsible parties. Potentially responsible parties that contributed small amounts of waste (typically less than 1% of the waste) are often given the opportunity to settle as "de minimus" parties, resolving their liability for a particular site. The Company does not own or operate any of the waste sites with respect to which it has been named as a potentially responsible party by the government. Based on the Company's review and other factors, it believes that costs to the Company relating to environmental clean-up at these sites will not have a material adverse effect on its results of operations, cash flows or financial position.

At March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had an accrued liability of approximately \$2.0 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, for various environmental-related liabilities to the extent costs are known or can be reasonably estimated as its liability. American Premier Underwriters Inc., a former parent of the Company, agreed to indemnify the Company against all environmental-related liabilities arising out of the Company's or its predecessors' ownership or operation of the Indiana Steel & Wire Company and Marathon Manufacturing Holdings, Inc. businesses (which were divested by the Company), without limitation as to time or amount. While it is difficult to estimate future environmental-related liabilities accurately, the Company does not currently anticipate any material adverse impact on

its results of operations, financial position or cash flows as a result of compliance with federal, state, local or foreign environmental laws or regulations or cleanup costs of the sites discussed above.

In 2007, the Company acquired the worldwide wire and cable business of Freeport-McMoRan Copper and Gold Inc., which operates as PDIC. As part of this acquisition, the seller agreed to indemnify the Company for certain environmental liabilities existing on the purchase closing. The seller's obligation to indemnify the Company for these particular liabilities generally survived four years from the date the parties executed the definitive purchase agreement unless the Company has properly notified the seller

before the expiry of the four year period. The seller also made certain representations and warranties related to environmental matters and the acquired business and agreed to indemnify the Company for breaches of those representation and warranties for a period of four years from the closing date. No indemnification claims for breach of representations and warranties were made during the indemnity period for the transaction.

In addition, Company subsidiaries have been named as defendants in lawsuits alleging exposure to asbestos in products manufactured by the Company. As of March 29, 2013, the Company was a defendant in approximately 29,092 cases brought in Federal District Courts throughout the United States. In the first quarter ended March 29, 2013, 30 asbestos cases were brought against the Company. In the calendar year 2012, 113 asbestos cases were brought against the Company. In the calendar year 2012, 113 asbestos cases were brought against the Company. In the last 20 years, General Cable has had no cases proceed to verdict. In many of the cases, General Cable was dismissed as a defendant before trial for lack of product identification. As of March 29, 2013, 21,886 asbestos cases have been dismissed. In the first quarter ended March 29, 2013, 18 asbestos cases were dismissed. In calendar year 2012, 66 cases were dismissed. With regards to the approximately 29,092 remaining pending cases, General Cable is aggressively defending these cases based upon either lack of product identification as to General Cable manufactured asbestos-containing product and/or lack of exposure to asbestos dust from the use of General Cable product.

For cases outside the Multidistrict Litigation ("MDL") as of March 29, 2013, Plaintiffs have asserted monetary damages in 306 cases. In 167 of these cases, plaintiffs allege only damages in excess of some dollar amount (about \$153 thousand per plaintiff); in these cases there are no claims for specific dollar amounts requested as to any defendant. In the 138 other cases pending in state and federal district courts (outside the MDL), plaintiffs seek approximately \$388.0 million in damages from as many as 110 defendants. In one case, plaintiffs have asserted damages related to General Cable in the amount of \$10.0 million. In addition, in relation to these 306 cases, there are claims of \$219.0 million in punitive damages from all of the defendants. However, many of the plaintiffs in these cases allege non-malignant injuries. As of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had accrued, on a gross basis, approximately \$5.1 million and \$5.2 million respectively, and as of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, had recovered approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.5 million of insurance recoveries for these lawsuits, respectively. The net amount of \$4.6 million and \$4.7 million, as of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, represents the Company's best estimate in order to cover resolution of current and future asbestos-related claims. The components of the asbestos litigation reserve are current and future asbestos-related claims. The significant assumptions are: (1) the number of cases per state, (2) an estimate of the judgment per case per state, (3) an estimate of the percentage of cases per state that would make it to trial and (4) the estimated total liability percentage, excluding insurance recoveries, per case judgment. Management's estimates are based on the Company's historical experience with asbestos related claims. The Company's current history of asbestos claims does not provide sufficient and reasonable information to estimate a range of loss for potential future, unasserted asbestos claims because the number and the value of the alleged damages of such claims have not been consistent. As such, the Company does not believe a reasonably possible range can be estimated with respect to asbestos claims that may be filed in the future.

Settlement payments are made, and the asbestos reserve is relieved, when the Company receives a fully executed settlement release from the Plaintiff's counsel. As of March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012, aggregate settlement costs were \$8.7 million and \$8.0 million, respectively. For the three months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012, settlement costs totaled \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. As of March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012, aggregate litigation costs were \$21.7 million and \$20.0 million, respectively. For the three months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012, aggregate litigation costs were \$0.3 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

In January 1994, General Cable entered into a settlement agreement with certain principal primary insurers concerning liability for the costs of defense, judgments and settlements, if any, in all of the asbestos litigation described above. Subject to the terms and conditions of the settlement agreement, the insurers are responsible for a substantial portion

of the costs and expenses incurred in the defense or resolution of this litigation. In recent years one of the insurers participating in the settlement that was responsible for a significant portion of the contribution under the settlement agreement entered into insurance liquidation proceedings. As a result, the contribution of the insurers has been reduced and the Company has had to bear a larger portion of the costs relating to these lawsuits. Moreover, certain of the other insurers may be financially unstable, and if one or more of these insurers enter into insurance liquidation proceedings, General Cable will be required to pay a larger portion of the costs incurred in connection with these cases.

SAFRAN SA agreed to indemnify the Company for the full amount of losses arising from, related to or attributable to practices, if any, that are similar to previous practices investigated by the French competition authority for alleged competition law violations related to medium and high voltage cable markets. The Company has asserted a claim under this indemnity against SAFRAN SA related to the European Commission's Statement of Objections, which is described in more detail below, to preserve its rights should an unfavorable outcome occur.

On July 5, 2011, the European Commission issued a Statement of Objections in relation to its ongoing competition investigation to a number of wire and cable manufacturers in the submarine and underground power cables business, including the Company's Spanish affiliate and its subsidiary, Silec. The allegations related to Silec are for the eleven months following its acquisition by the Company's Spanish affiliate, for which the Company has filed a claim for indemnification from SAFRAN SA to preserve its rights should an unfavorable outcome occur. A Statement of Objections is a procedural document in which the European Commission communicates its preliminary views in regard to possible infringement of European competition law and allows the companies identified in the Statement of Objections to present procedural and substantive arguments in response before a final decision is made. Any unfavorable decision by the European Commission is subject to appeal. The Statement of Objections issued to the Company alleges that two affiliates in Europe engaged in violations of competition law in the underground power cables businesses for a limited period of time. The Company responded to the Statement of Objections on October 28, 2011 and intends to continue to vigorously defend itself against the allegations in the course of future proceedings with the European Commission on the Statement of Objections.

The European Commission has significant discretion in assessing fines and the Statement of Objections has only provided limited guidance on how it could potentially assess fines on each of the named wire and cable companies alleged to have violated applicable competition laws. At this time, the Company believes that it has substantial defenses to the allegations contained in the Statement of Objections. However, if the Company's defenses are ultimately not successful, the Company could be assessed fines, which if imposed, could be substantial and may have a material impact on its consolidated financial results. While the Company continues to incur legal and associated costs in this matter, it is unable, at this time, to estimate the range of loss, if any, that may result as an outcome of these proceedings.

During the fourth quarter of 2011, the Company became aware of a potential claim involving multiple parties regarding the failure of a newly installed transformer in France, which was manufactured and installed by an independent third party, at a customer's hydroelectric plant. The Company supplied and installed cables and terminations to the transformer, which failed as it was being energized. The transformer was significantly damaged and the customer is alleging losses consisting of damage to the transformer and consequential damages due to its inability to operate the facility. The customer retained a court appointed technical expert to review the evidence to determine the root cause of the transformer failure and to allocate liability to the parties found responsible for such losses. The investigation is ongoing at this time and the Company believes it has substantial defenses to potential liability in regard to the transformer failure. At this time, the Company is unable to predict with any certainty an estimated range of damages or whether it will have liability, if any, attributable to the transformer failure.

In March 2012, the Company received formal notice of a claim for damages arising from a transformer fire that occurred in December 2010 allegedly resulting in loss of equipment and some consequential damages at a metal processing facility in Iceland. The Company supplied and installed cables and terminations to the transformer, which was manufactured and installed by an independent third party, during 2006 and the first quarter of 2007. The Company's work was inspected and accepted by the customer in March 2007. In August 2012, the customer initiated arbitration proceedings before the ICC Tribunal with a request to arbitrate in Pennsylvania. In September 2012, the Company initiated litigation in Pennsylvania state court seeking a declaration that it is not liable for any damages associated with the alleged loss resulting from the transformer fire and seeking to enjoin the ICC arbitration proceedings. The customer then moved the case from state to federal district court in the Western District of Pennsylvania which determined on motion that the ICC Tribunal not the court should decide whether the claims were arbitrable in the first instance. A decision on arbitrability is pending before the ICC Tribunal. The Company believes it has substantial defenses to potential liability in regard to the transformer fire and claimed loss. At this time, the Company is unable to predict with any certainty an estimated range of damages or whether it will have any liability, if

any, attributable to the transformer fire.

One of the Company's Brazilian subsidiaries is involved in an administrative proceeding with a state treasury office regarding whether tax incentives granted to the Company by one Brazilian state are applicable to goods sold in another Brazilian state from September 2008 to December 31, 2009. The Company believes it correctly relied on the tax incentives granted and that it has substantial defenses to their disallowance by the Brazilian state claimant. The principal amount claimed to be due during the contested period is approximately \$8 million which does not include penalties and interest which could be substantial. In September 2012, the 1st Chamber of the Administrative Court found that the Company was not liable for any incentive tax payments claimed by the state treasury office. This decision was appealed by the Brazilian state and the Administrative Court determined in April 2013 that the subsidiary is liable for a part of the contested amount. The Company subsidiary is seeking formal judicial review of this latest decision on the merits in the Civil Court and has obtained an injunction in April 2013 restraining collection of the tax pending the review process in the Civil Court in further proceedings.

On December 19, 2012, the same Brazilian subsidiary received three notices of infraction from another Brazilian state related to alleged failure to pay taxes on the distribution of goods and services from one state for lack of appropriate documents and alleged failure to file electronic records with the state tax authorities in regard to inventories, goods receipts and invoices from acquisitions.

The total amount of taxes allegedly due for the infractions is approximately \$0.2 million and the total fines claimed amount to approximately \$22.9 million. The company believes it is exempt from the taxes claimed and has very substantial defenses to the claims. The Company has filed opposition to all the claims in January 2013 and will vigorously defend itself against such claims. At this time, the Company is unable to predict with any certainty an estimated range of damages or whether it will have any liability, if any, attributable to the taxes claimed. The Company is also involved in various routine legal proceedings and administrative actions. Such proceedings and actions should not, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on its result of operations, cash flows or financial position.

In Europe and Mediterranean as it relates to the 2005 purchase of shares of Silec, the Company has pledged to the bank the following: Silec shares, segment assets such as land and buildings and certain General Cable entities in Spain and Portugal, which have been designated as guarantors.

The General Cable Executive Severance Benefit Plan ("Severance Plan"), effective January 1, 2008, applicable to the Company's executive officers includes a change in control provision such that the executives may receive payments or benefits in accordance with the Severance Plan to the extent that both a change of control and a triggering event, each as defined in the Severance Plan, occur. Unless there are circumstances of ineligibility, as defined, the Company must provide payments and benefits upon both a change in control and a triggering event.

The Company has entered into various operating lease agreements related principally to certain administrative, manufacturing and distribution facilities and transportation equipment. At March 29, 2013, future minimum rental payments required under non-cancelable lease agreements during the twelve month periods beginning March 29, 2013 through March 2018 are \$38.2 million, \$36.1 million, \$33.2 million, \$26.0 million and \$17.8 million, respectively, and \$15.9 million thereafter.

As of March 29, 2013, the Company had \$53.2 million in letters of credit, \$290.0 million in various performance bonds and \$218.0 million in other guarantees. Other guarantees include bank guarantees and advance payment bonds. These letters of credit, performance bonds and guarantees are periodically renewed and are generally related to risk associated with self-insurance claims, defined benefit plan obligations, contract performance, quality and other various bank and financing guarantees. Advance payment bonds are often required by customers when the Company obtains advance payments to secure the production of cable for long term contracts. The advance payment bonds provide the customer protection on their deposit in the event that the Company does not perform under the contract. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" within Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for excess availability under the Company's various credit borrowings. 20. Unconsolidated Affiliated Companies

Unconsolidated affiliated companies are those in which the Company generally owns less than 50 percent of the outstanding voting shares. The Company does not control these companies and accounts for its investments in them on the equity basis. The unconsolidated affiliated companies primarily manufacture or market wire and cable products in the ROW segment. The Company's share of the income of these companies is reported in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) under "Equity in earnings of affiliated companies." For the three fiscal months ended March 29, 2013, equity in earnings of affiliated companies was \$0.2 million. For the three fiscal months ended March 30, 2012, equity in earnings of affiliated companies was immaterial. The net investment in unconsolidated affiliated companies was \$18.8 million and \$18.9 million as of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. As of March 29, 2013, the Company's ownership percentage was as follows: PDTL Trading Company Ltd. 49%, Colada Continua Chilean, S.A. 41%, Minuet Realty Corp. 40%, Nostag GmbH & Co. KG 33%, Pakistan Cables Limited 24.6%, Keystone Electric Wire & Cable Co., Ltd. 20% and Thai Copper Rod Company Ltd. 18%.

21. Fair Value Disclosure

The fair market values of the Company's financial instruments are determined based on the fair value hierarchy as discussed in ASC 820 - Fair Value Measurements which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values are as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 1 assets and liabilities include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using

pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

The Company carries derivative assets and liabilities (Level 2) and marketable equity securities (Level 1) held in the rabbi trust as part of the Company's Deferred Compensation Plan at fair value. The fair values of derivative assets and liabilities traded in the over-the-counter market are determined using quantitative models that require the use of multiple market inputs including interest rates, prices and indices to generate pricing and volatility factors, which are used to value the position. The predominance of market inputs are actively quoted and can be validated through external sources, including brokers, market transactions and third-party pricing services. Marketable equity securities are recorded at fair value, which are based on quoted market prices.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below (in millions).

	Fair Value Measurement											
	March 29,	2013			December	December 31, 2012						
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value				
Assets:												
Derivative assets	\$—	\$2.9	\$—	\$2.9	\$—	\$7.1	\$—	\$7.1				
Equity securities	19.4			19.4	17.7		_	17.7				
Total assets	\$19.4	\$2.9	\$—	\$22.3	\$17.7	\$7.1	\$—	\$24.8				
Liabilities:												
Derivative liabilities	\$—	\$15.5	\$—	\$15.5	\$—	\$10.1	\$—	\$10.1				
Total liabilities	\$—	\$15.5	\$—	\$15.5	\$—	\$10.1	\$—	\$10.1				

At March 29, 2013, there were no financial assets or financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3). Similarly, there were no nonfinancial assets or nonfinancial liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. There were also no transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements to be disclosed.

The fair value of the Company's long-term debt, as noted in Note 9 - Long-Term Debt, was estimated using quoted market prices where available. For long-term debt not actively traded, fair values were based on valuations from third-party banks and market quotations for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

22. Supplemental Guarantor and Parent Company Condensed Financial Information

General Cable Corporation ("Parent Company") and its U.S. 100% owned subsidiaries ("Guarantor Subsidiaries") fully and unconditionally guarantee the \$600.0 million of 5.75% Senior Notes due in 2022, the \$355.0 million of 0.875% Convertible Notes due in 2013, and the \$125.0 million of Senior Floating Rate Notes due in 2015 of the Parent Company on a joint and several basis. In December 2012, the Canadian Subsidiaries became Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries due to amendments of the Revolving Credit Facility; this effectively changed the Guarantor structure under the terms of the notes described above. The three months ended March 30, 2012 Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information and the Condensed Statement of Cash Flow Information have been recast to reflect the removal of the Canadian subsidiaries as guarantor subsidiaries. The Canadian subsidiaries are now reflected as non-guarantor subsidiaries. The following tables present financial information about the Parent Company, Guarantor Subsidiaries and Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries in millions. Intercompany transactions are eliminated in the "Eliminations" column of the Supplemental Guarantor and Parent Company Condensed Financial Information tables.

As previously reported, on October 29, 2012, the Company announced that it had identified historical accounting errors relating to inventory. The inventory accounting issues resulted in understated cost of sales for the three fiscal months ended March 30, 2012. The Company also identified additional errors related to foreign currency adjustments between the Company's U.S. and Canadian subsidiaries and within the Company's Mexican subsidiary. As a result, the Company restated its previously issued consolidated financial statements and the quarterly operating results (unaudited), included in its Amendment No. 1 to the Company's 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K/A, and the

previously issued condensed consolidated financial statements included in its Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q/A for the quarterly periods ended March 30, 2012 and June 29, 2012 filed on March 1, 2013.

The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 29, 2013 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 7, 2013 (the "Original Filing") and this Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for the quarterly period ended March 29, 2013 (the "Amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A") include the restated Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information for the three months ended

March 30, 2012 and the restated Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Information for the three months ended March 30, 2012. The restatement of previously issued condensed consolidated financial statements is referred to as "Restatement No. 1".

In remediating the material weaknesses associated with Restatement No. 1 the Company identified (1) an error in its historical revenue recognition accounting practices with regard to bill and hold sales in Brazil related to aerial transmission projects, (2) an error in the recoverability of certain recorded VAT asset amounts in Brazil and (3) various other errors which were determined to be individually immaterial. The Company has corrected these errors in the accompanying restated consolidated financial statements as of March 29, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and for the three months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012. ("Restatement No. 2").

The following Supplemental Guarantor and Parent Company Condensed Financial Information has been restated and recast for the effects of Restatement No. 1 and the effects of Restatement No. 2, which are each reflected in separate tables. The effects of Restatement No. 1, the effects of the removal of the Canadian subsidiaries as Guarantor Subsidiaries and the effects of Restatement No. 2 are further described in Note 23 - Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Condensed Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information and the Condensed Statement of Cash Flow Information for the three months ended March 29, 2013 and the Condensed Balance Sheet Information as of March 29, 2013 presented in the "As Originally Filed" tables correspond to Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 29, 2013 filed by the Company on May 7, 2013. The Condensed Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information and the Condensed Statement of Cash Flow Information for the three months ended March 30, 2012 presented in the "As Originally Filed" tables correspond to Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 30, 2012 presented in the "As Originally Filed" tables correspond to Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 30, 2012 filed by the Company on May 4, 2012. As of December 31, 2012 the Condensed Balance Sheet Information presented in the "As Originally Filed" table corresponds to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 filed by the Company on March 1, 2013.

Before consideration of the Parent Company's and Guarantor Subsidiaries' proportionate share of their respective equity adjustments for net income (loss) applicable to Company common shareholders and other comprehensive income (loss), each of the errors described above and in further detail in Note 23 impact the condensed financial information of the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries and has been reflected in the "Effect of Restatement #1" and "Effect of Restatement #2" tables.

The Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) information for the Parent Company and Guarantor Subsidiaries for the three months ended March 29, 2013 and March 30, 2012 have been restated in the respective "Effect of Restatement #2" tables to reflect the portion of its subsidiaries' equity in earnings of other comprehensive income (loss), including the appropriate adjustment to eliminations, which were previously omitted from the prior filings.

Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information Three Fiscal Months Ended March 29, 2013 - As Originally Filed

	Parent	·	Guarantor Subsidiarie	s	Non-Guarant Subsidiaries	or	Elimination	S	Total	
Net sales:										
Customers	\$—		\$610.2		\$ 922.9		\$—		\$1,533.1	
Intercompany	13.8		42.2		103.4		(159.4)		
	13.8		652.4		1,026.3		(159.4)	1,533.1	
Cost of sales			574.4		949.3		(145.6)	1,378.1	
Gross profit	13.8		78.0		77.0		(13.8)	155.0	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	10.9		49.7		76.2		(13.8)	123.0	
Operating income	2.9		28.3		0.8				32.0	
Other income (expense)			(1.3)	(51.4)			(52.7)
Interest income (expense):				,						
Interest expense	(20.9)	(26.9)	(11.3)	29.6		(29.5)
Interest income	25.9		3.5	,	1.7		(29.6)	1.5	
	5.0		(23.4)	(9.6)		<i>_</i>	(28.0)
Income (loss) before income taxes	7.9		3.6		(60.2)			(48.7)
Income tax (provision) benefit	(3.0)	(2.0)	9.1				4.1	,
Equity in net income (loss) of subsidiaries	(51.3))	0.1		104.3		0.2	
Net income (loss) including non-controlling		Ś	(51.2	Ś	(51.0		104.2		(``
interest	(46.4)	(51.3)	(51.0)	104.3		(44.4)
Less: preferred stock dividends	0.1		_						0.1	
Less: net income attributable to					2.0				2.0	
non-controlling interest					2.0				2.0	
Net income (loss) attributable to Company	Ф (AC Е	`	ф <i>(</i> 51.2	`	¢ (52.0		¢ 104 2		Ф (AC F	`
common shareholders	\$(46.5)	\$(51.3)	\$ (53.0)	\$104.3		\$(46.5)
Comprehensive income (loss):										
Net income (loss)	\$(46.4)	\$(51.3)	\$ (51.0)	\$104.3		\$(44.4)
Currency translation gain (loss)			(9.3)	5.6				(3.7)
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of tax			2.4		0.3				2.7	
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of tax			(0.5)					(0.5)
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(46.4)	(58.7)	(45.1)	104.3		(45.9)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to					0.7				0.7	
non-controlling interest, net of tax					2.7				2.7	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to										
Company common shareholders interest, net	\$(46.4)	\$(58.7)	\$ (47.8)	\$104.3		\$(48.6)
of tax		-								
36										

Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information Three Fiscal Months Ended March 29, 2013 - Effect of Restatement #2

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total	
Net sales:						
Customers	\$—	\$—	\$ 10.6	\$—	\$10.6	
Intercompany			_			
			10.6		10.6	
Cost of sales			8.7		8.7	
Gross profit			1.9		1.9	
Selling, general and administrative expenses			1.1		1.1	
Operating income			0.8		0.8	
Other income (expense)			—			
Interest income (expense):						
Interest expense						
Interest income			_			
Income (loss) before income taxes			0.8		0.8	
Income tax (provision) benefit			(0.3)		(0.3)
Equity in net income (loss) of subsidiaries	0.7	0.7	—	(1.4)		
Net income (loss) including non-controlling	0.7	0.7	0.5	(1.4)	0.5	
interest	0.7	0.7	0.5	(1.4)	0.5	
Less: preferred stock dividends			—			
Less: net income attributable to			(0.2)		(0.2)
non-controlling interest			(0.2)		(0.2	,
Net income (loss) attributable to Company common shareholders	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$ 0.7	\$(1.4)	\$0.7	
Comprehensive income (loss):						
Net income (loss)	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$ 0.5	\$(1.4)	\$0.5	
Currency translation gain (loss)	(4.2)		\$ 0.5 0.1	· · · · ·	0.1	
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	2.7	0.3	0.1	(0.) (3.0)		
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of tax				0.7		
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(0.0) (1.4)		0.6	(4.6)	0.6	
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(1.4)	0.0	0.0	(4.0)	0.0	
non-controlling interest, net of tax			(0.2)		(0.2)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to						
Company common shareholders interest, net	\$(1.4)	\$6.0	\$ 0.8	\$(4.6)	\$0.8	
of tax	ψ(1. 1)	ψΟ.Ο	ψυισ	ψ(τ.υ)	ψ 0. 0	
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Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information Three Fiscal Months Ended March 29, 2013 - As Restated

	Parent		Guarantor Subsidiarie	es	Non-Guarant Subsidiaries	or	Elimination	IS	Total	
Net sales:										
Customers	\$—		\$610.2		\$ 933.5		\$—		\$1,543.7	
Intercompany	13.8		42.2		103.4		(159.4)		
	13.8		652.4		1,036.9		(159.4)	1,543.7	
Cost of sales			574.4		958.0		(145.6)	1,386.8	
Gross profit	13.8		78.0		78.9		(13.8)	156.9	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	10.9		49.7		77.3		(13.8)	124.1	
Operating income	2.9		28.3		1.6				32.8	
Other income (expense)			(1.3)	(51.4)			(52.7)
Interest income (expense):										
Interest expense	(20.9)	(26.9)	(11.3)	29.6		(29.5)
Interest income	25.9		3.5		1.7		(29.6)	1.5	
	5.0		(23.4)	(9.6)			(28.0)
Income (loss) before income taxes	7.9		3.6		(59.4)			(47.9)
Income tax (provision) benefit	(3.0)	(2.0)	8.8				3.8	
Equity in net income (loss) of subsidiaries	(50.6)	(52.2)	0.1		102.9		0.2	
Net income (loss) including non-controlling interest	(45.7)	(50.6)	(50.5)	102.9		(43.9)
Less: preferred stock dividends	0.1								0.1	
Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interest	_		_		1.8		_		1.8	
Net income (loss) attributable to Company common shareholders	\$(45.8)	\$(50.6)	\$ (52.3)	\$102.9		\$(45.8)
Comprehensive income (loss):										
Net income (loss)	\$(45.7)	1 ()	\$ (50.5)	\$102.9		\$(43.9)
Currency translation gain (loss)	(4.2)	(=)	5.7		(0.9)	(3.6)
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	2.7		2.7		0.3		(3.0)	2.7	
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of tax)	(0.6)			0.7		(0.5)
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(47.8)	(52.7)	(44.5)	99.7		(45.3)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to					2.5				2.5	
non-controlling interest, net of tax					2.5				2.5	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to										
Company common shareholders interest, net of tax	\$(47.8)	\$(52.7)	\$ (47.0)	\$99.7		\$(47.8)

Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information Three Fiscal Months Ended March 30, 2012 - As Originally Filed

	Parent	•	Guarantor Subsidiarie	es	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total	
Net sales:								
Customers	\$—		\$531.3		\$ 901.2	\$—	\$1,432.5	
Intercompany	7.3				11.6	(18.9)		
	7.3		531.3		912.8	(18.9)	1,432.5	
Cost of sales	_		465.8		831.1	(11.6)	1,285.3	
Gross profit	7.3		65.5		81.7	(7.3)	147.2	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	11.7		31.2		58.2	(7.3)	93.8	
Operating income	(4.4)	34.3		23.5		53.4	
Other income (expense)			0.4		6.4		6.8	
Interest income (expense):								
Interest expense	(15.8)	(23.1)	(11.2)	25.4	(24.7)
Interest income	22.0		3.2		1.9	(25.4)	1.7	
	6.2		(19.9)	(9.3)		(23.0)
Income (loss) before income taxes	1.8		14.8		20.6		37.2	
Income tax (provision) benefit	(0.8)	(7.2)	(2.9)		(10.9)
Equity in net income of subsidiaries	24.0		16.4			(40.4)		
Net income including non-controlling interest	25.0		24.0		17.7	(40.4)	26.3	
Less: preferred stock dividends	0.1		—				0.1	
Less: net income attributable to					1.3		1.3	
non-controlling interest					1.5		1.5	
Net income applicable to Company common	\$24.9		\$24.0		\$ 16.4	\$(40.4)	\$24.9	
shareholders	φ24.9		φ24.0		φ 10.4	\$(40.4)	φ24.9	
Comprehensive income (loss):								
Net income (loss)	\$25.0		\$24.0		\$ 17.7	\$(40.4)	\$26.3	
Currency translation gain (loss)	0.7		(0.7)	44.1		44.1	
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of tax			—				—	
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of tax			2.5		3.5		6.0	
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	25.7		25.8		65.3	(40.4)	76.4	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to					4.4		4.4	
non-controlling interest, net of tax					4.4		4.4	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to								
Company common shareholders interest, net	\$25.7		\$25.8		\$ 60.9	\$(40.4)	\$72.0	
of tax								
39								

Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information Three Fiscal Months Ended March 30, 2012 - Effect of Restatement #1

	Parent		Guarantor Subsidiaries	s	Non-Guaranto Subsidiaries	or	Eliminations	Total	
Net sales:									
Customers	\$—		\$—		\$ —		\$—	\$—	
Intercompany									
Cost of sales					2.7			2.7	
Gross profit					(2.7)			(2.7)
Selling, general and administrative expenses									
Operating income					(2.7)			(2.7)
Other income (expense)									
Interest income (expense):									
Interest expense									
Interest income									
Income (loss) before income taxes					(2.7)			(2.7)
Income tax (provision) benefit					0.5			0.5	
Equity in net income of subsidiaries	(2.2)	(2.2)			4.4		
Net income including non-controlling interest	(2.2)	(2.2)	(2.2)		4.4	(2.2)
Less: preferred stock dividends									
Less: net income attributable to									
non-controlling interest									
Net income applicable to Company common	¢ (0,0	`	¢ (2, 2	`	¢ (2.2		ф 4 . 4	ф (2 , 2 ,	`
shareholders	\$(2.2)	\$(2.2)	\$ (2.2)		\$4.4	\$(2.2)
Comprehensive income (loss):									
Net income (loss)	\$(2.2)	\$(2.2)	\$ (2.2)		\$4.4	\$(2.2)
Currency translation gain (loss)		·		<i>_</i>	(1.8)			(1.8)
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of tax									,
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of tax									
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(2.2)	(2.2)	(4.0)		4.4	(4.0)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to				,	()				/
non-controlling interest, net of tax									
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to									
Company common shareholders interest, net	\$(2.2)	\$(2.2)	\$ (4.0)		\$4.4	\$(4.0)
of tax	• X •	/	· X ·	/			•		,
40									

Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information Three Fiscal Months Ended March 30, 2012 - Effect of Recast

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiarie	s	Non-Guarant Subsidiaries	or	Elimination	ns	Total
Net sales:								
Customers	\$—	\$(58.2)	\$ 58.2		\$—		\$—
Intercompany		28.4		37.0		(65.4)	
		(29.8)	95.2		(65.4)	
Cost of sales		(26.6)	92.0		(65.4)	
Gross profit		(3.2)	3.2				
Selling, general and administrative expenses		(3.2)	3.2				
Operating income								
Other income (expense)		(0.6)	0.6				
Interest income (expense):								
Interest expense				(0.7)	0.7		
Interest income		0.7				(0.7)	
		0.7		(0.7)			
Income (loss) before income taxes	—	0.1		(0.1)			
Income tax (provision) benefit	—	—						
Equity in net income of subsidiaries	—	(0.1)			0.1		
Net income including non-controlling interest	—	—		(0.1)	0.1		
Less: preferred stock dividends	—	—				—		
Less: net income attributable to								
non-controlling interest								
Net income applicable to Company common	\$—	\$—		\$ (0.1)	\$0.1		\$—
shareholders	ψ	ψ		φ (0.1	,	ψ0.1		ψ—
Comprehensive income (loss):								
Net income (loss)	\$—	\$—		1 ()	\$0.1		\$—
Currency translation gain (loss)		8.1		(8.1)	—		
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of tax						—		
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of tax				<u> </u>				
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		8.1		(8.2)	0.1		
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to								
non-controlling interest, net of tax								
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to								
Company common shareholders interest, net	\$—	\$8.1		\$ (8.2)	\$0.1		\$—
of tax								
41								

Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information Three Fiscal Months Ended March 30, 2012 - Effect of Restatement #2

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
Net sales:					
Customers	\$—	\$—	\$ 17.0	\$—	\$17.0
Intercompany					
			17.0		17.0
Cost of sales		—	12.4	_	12.4
Gross profit			4.6		4.6
Selling, general and administrative expenses			1.0		1.0
Operating income			3.6		3.6
Other income (expense)					
Interest income (expense):					
Interest expense					
Interest income					
		_	_	_	
Income (loss) before income taxes			3.6		3.6
Income tax (provision) benefit			(1.4)		(1.4
Equity in net income of subsidiaries	2.2	2.2		(4.4)	
Net income including non-controlling interest	2.2	2.2	2.2	(4.4)	2.2
Less: preferred stock dividends					—
Less: net income attributable to					
non-controlling interest					
Net income applicable to Company common	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$ 2.2	\$(4.4)	\$2.2
shareholders	φ2.2	\$2.2	φ 2.2	\$(4.4)	φ2.2
Comprehensive income (loss):					
Net income (loss)	\$2.2	\$2.2	\$ 2.2	\$(4.4)	\$2.2
Currency translation gain (loss)	37.9	30.5	(0.6)	(68.4)	(0.6
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	0.1	0.1		(0.2)	—
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of tax	5.9	3.4		(9.3)	—
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	46.1	36.2	1.6	(82.3)	1.6
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to					
non-controlling interest, net of tax					
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to					
Company common shareholders interest, net	\$46.1	\$36.2	\$ 1.6	\$(82.3)	\$1.6
of tax					
42					
72					

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Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Information Three Fiscal Months Ended March 30, 2012 - As Restated and Recast

	Parent		Guarantor Subsidiarie	es	Non-Guaranto Subsidiaries	or	Eliminatior	IS	Total	
Net sales:										
Customers	\$—		\$473.1		\$ 976.4		\$—		\$1,449.5	
Intercompany	7.3		28.4		48.6		(84.3)		
	7.3		501.5		1,025.0		(84.3)	1,449.5	
Cost of sales			439.2		938.2		(77.0)	1,300.4	
Gross profit	7.3		62.3		86.8		(7.3)	149.1	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	11.7		28.0		62.4		(7.3)	94.8	
Operating income	(4.4)	34.3		24.4		_		54.3	
Other income (expense)			(0.2)	7.0		_		6.8	
Interest income (expense):										
Interest expense	(15.8)	(23.1)	(11.9)		26.1		(24.7)
Interest income	22.0		3.9		1.9		(26.1)	1.7	
	6.2		(19.2)	(10.0)				(23.0)
Income (loss) before income taxes	1.8		14.9		21.4				38.1	
Income tax (provision) benefit	(0.8)	(7.2)	(3.8)				(11.8)
Equity in net income of subsidiaries	24.0		16.3				(40.3)		
Net income including non-controlling interest	25.0		24.0		17.6		(40.3)	26.3	
Less: preferred stock dividends	0.1		—				—		0.1	
Less: net income attributable to					1.3				1.3	
non-controlling interest					1.5				1.5	
Net income applicable to Company common shareholders	\$24.9		\$24.0		\$ 16.3		\$(40.3)	\$24.9	
Comprehensive income (loss):										
Net income (loss)	\$25.0		\$24.0		\$ 17.6		\$(40.3)	\$26.3	
Currency translation gain (loss)	38.6		37.9		33.6		(68.4)	41.7	
Defined benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	0.1		0.1				(0.2)		
Change in fair value of derivatives, net of tax	5.9		5.9		3.5		(9.3)	6.0	
Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	69.6		67.9		54.7		(118.2)	74.0	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest, net of tax	_				4.4				4.4	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to										
Company common shareholders interest, net of tax	\$69.6		\$67.9		\$ 50.3		\$(118.2)	\$69.6	

Condensed Balance Sheets Information March 29, 2013 - As Originally Filed

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$57.3	\$23.5	\$ 419.0	\$—	\$499.8
Receivables, net of allowances		308.8	911.0		1,219.8
Inventories, net		484.7	866.0		1,350.7
Deferred income taxes		23.8	15.7		39.5
Prepaid expenses and other	2.2	20.8	90.3		113.3
Total current assets	59.5	861.6	2,302.0		3,223.1
Property, plant and equipment, net	0.4	233.3	934.1		1,167.8
Deferred income taxes			15.9		15.9
Intercompany accounts	1,612.8	476.1	30.5	(2,119.4)	—
Investment in subsidiaries	1,055.0	1,371.5	—	(2,426.5)	—
Goodwill		15.6	178.3		193.9
Intangible assets, net		17.1	184.8		201.9
Unconsolidated affiliated companies		7.4	11.7		19.1
Other non-current assets	14.9	27.4	23.1		65.4
Total assets	\$2,742.6	\$3,010.0	\$ 3,680.4	\$(4,545.9)	\$4,887.1
Liabilities and Total Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$—	\$138.0	\$ 830.3	\$—	\$968.3
Accrued liabilities	33.5	96.8	302.6		432.9
Current portion of long-term debt	340.0		271.3		611.3
Total current liabilities	373.5	234.8	1,404.2		2,012.5
Long-term debt	900.9		35.8		936.7
Deferred income taxes	161.7	(26.1)	79.7		215.3
Intercompany accounts		1,642.2	477.2	(2,119.4)	—
Other liabilities	1.0	104.1	174.2		279.3
Total liabilities	1,437.1	1,955.0	2,171.1	(2,119.4)	3,443.8
Redeemable non-controlling interest			18.0		18.0
Total Company shareholders' equity	1,305.5	1,055.0	1,371.5	(2,426.5)	1,305.5
Non-controlling interest		—	119.8		119.8
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,742.6	\$3,010.0	\$ 3,680.4	\$(4,545.9)	\$4,887.1

Condensed Balance Sheets Information March 29, 2013 - Effect of Restatement #2

March 29, 2013 - Effect of Restatement #2	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guaranton Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total	
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$—	\$—	\$ (15.4)	\$ <u> </u>	\$(15.4)
Receivables, net of allowances			(7.5)		(7.5)
Inventories, net			14.6		14.6	
Deferred income taxes			0.3		0.3	
Prepaid expenses and other			16.6		16.6	
Total current assets			8.6		8.6	
Property, plant and equipment, net			(6.7)		(6.7)
Deferred income taxes						
Intercompany accounts						
Investment in subsidiaries	(20.8) (22.2)		43.0	_	
Goodwill			3.3		3.3	
Intangible assets, net			(0.2)		(0.2)
Unconsolidated affiliated companies			(0.3)		(0.3)
Other non-current assets					_	
Total assets	\$(20.8) \$(22.2)	\$ 4.7	\$43.0	\$4.7	
Liabilities and Total Equity						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$—	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$—	
Accrued liabilities		(1.5)	25.7		24.2	
Current portion of long-term debt		_				
Total current liabilities		(1.5)	25.7		24.2	
Long-term debt						
Deferred income taxes		_	2.3		2.3	
Intercompany accounts		_				
Other liabilities		0.1			0.1	
Total liabilities		(1.4)	28.0		26.6	
Redeemable non-controlling interest						
Total Company shareholders' equity	(20.8) (20.8)	(22.2)	43.0	(20.8)
Non-controlling interest			(1.1)		(1.1)
Total liabilities and equity	\$(20.8) \$(22.2)	\$ 4.7	\$43.0	\$4.7	-
45						

Condensed Balance Sheets Information March 29, 2013 - As Restated

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$57.3	\$23.5	\$ 403.6	\$—	\$484.4
Receivables, net of allowances		308.8	903.5		1,212.3
Inventories, net		484.7	880.6		1,365.3
Deferred income taxes		23.8	16.0		39.8
Prepaid expenses and other	2.2	20.8	106.9		129.9
Total current assets	59.5	861.6	2,310.6		3,231.7
Property, plant and equipment, net	0.4	233.3	927.4		1,161.1
Deferred income taxes			15.9		15.9
Intercompany accounts	1,612.8	476.1	30.5	(2,119.4)	
Investment in subsidiaries	1,034.2	1,349.3		(2,383.5)	_
Goodwill		15.6	181.6		197.2
Intangible assets, net		17.1	184.6		201.7
Unconsolidated affiliated companies		7.4	11.4		18.8
Other non-current assets	14.9	27.4	23.1		65.4
Total assets	\$2,721.8	\$2,987.8	\$ 3,685.1	\$(4,502.9)	\$4,891.8
Liabilities and Total Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$—	\$138.0	\$ 830.3	\$—	\$968.3
Accrued liabilities	33.5	95.3	328.3		457.1
Current portion of long-term debt	340.0		271.3		611.3
Total current liabilities	373.5	233.3	1,429.9		2,036.7
Long-term debt	900.9		35.8		936.7
Deferred income taxes	161.7	(26.1)	82.0		217.6
Intercompany accounts		1,642.2	477.2	(2,119.4)	_
Other liabilities	1.0	104.2	174.2		279.4
Total liabilities	1,437.1	1,953.6	2,199.1	(2,119.4)	3,470.4
Redeemable non-controlling interest			18.0		18.0
Total Company shareholders' equity	1,284.7	1,034.2	1,349.3	(2,383.5)	1,284.7
Non-controlling interest			118.7		118.7
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,721.8	\$2,987.8	\$ 3,685.1	\$(4,502.9)	\$4,891.8

Condensed Balance Sheets Information December 31, 2012 - As Originally Filed

December 51, 2012 - As Originally Flied	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash	\$65.3	\$44.2	\$528.7	\$—	\$638.2
Receivables, net of allowances		277.6	912.1		1,189.7
Inventories		460.0	791.6		1,251.6
Deferred income taxes		24.4	14.7		39.1
Prepaid expenses and other	2.3	20.9	92.8		116.0
Total current assets	67.6	827.1	2,339.9		3,234.6
Property, plant and equipment, net	0.4	238.2	961.2		1,199.8
Deferred income taxes			12.8		12.8
Intercompany accounts	1,566.7	491.0	40.2	(2,097.9)	
Investment in subsidiaries	1,108.5	1,390.4		(2,498.9)	
Goodwill		15.0	169.4		184.4
Intangible assets, net		17.7	185.4		203.1
Unconsolidated affiliated companies		7.3	11.9		19.2
Other non-current assets	15.3	26.4	24.3		66.0
Total assets	\$2,758.5	\$3,013.1	\$3,745.1	\$(4,596.8)	\$4,919.9
Liabilities and Total Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$—	\$103.8	\$899.2	\$—	\$1,003.0
Accrued liabilities	12.1	110.6	340.7		463.4
Current portion of long-term debt	334.6		176.6		511.2
Total current liabilities	346.7	214.4	1,416.5		1,977.6
Long-term debt	900.5		38.4		938.9
Deferred income taxes	156.9	(18.2)	82.8		221.5
Intercompany accounts		1,606.9	491.0	(2,097.9)	
Other liabilities	1.1	101.5	190.0		292.6
Total liabilities	1,405.2	1,904.6	2,218.7	(2,097.9)	3,430.6
Redeemable non-controlling interest			18.6		18.6
Total Company shareholders' equity	1,353.3	1,108.5	1,390.4	(2,498.9)	1,353.3
Non-controlling interest			117.4		117.4
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,758.5	\$3,013.1	\$3,745.1	\$(4,596.8)	
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Condensed Balance Sheets Information December 31, 2012 - Effect of Restatement #2

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total	
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash	\$—	\$—		\$—	\$(15.9)
Receivables, net of allowances			((7.6)
Inventories			22.0		22.0	
Deferred income taxes			0.4		0.4	
Prepaid expenses and other			17.0		17.0	
Total current assets			15.9		15.9	
Property, plant and equipment, net			(5.9)		(5.9)
Deferred income taxes						
Intercompany accounts						
Investment in subsidiaries	(21.6)	(23.0)		44.6		
Goodwill			3.2		3.2	
Intangible assets, net	—		(0.2)		(0.2)
Unconsolidated affiliated companies			(0.3)		(0.3)
Other non-current assets						
Total assets	\$(21.6)	\$(23.0)	\$12.7	\$44.6	\$12.7	
Liabilities and Total Equity						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	
Accrued liabilities		(1.5)	34.2		32.7	
Current portion of long-term debt						
Total current liabilities		(1.5)	34.2		32.7	
Long-term debt						
Deferred income taxes			2.4		2.4	
Intercompany accounts						
Other liabilities		0.1			0.1	
Total liabilities		(1.4)	36.6		35.2	
Redeemable non-controlling interest						
Total Company shareholders' equity	(21.6)	(21.6)	(23.0)	44.6	(21.6)
Non-controlling interest			(0.9)		(0.9)
Total liabilities and equity	\$(21.6)	\$(23.0)	\$12.7	\$44.6	\$12.7	
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Condensed Balance Sheets Information December 31, 2012 - As Restated

Assets	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
Current assets:					
Cash	\$65.3	\$44.2	\$512.8	\$—	\$622.3
Receivables, net of allowances		277.6	904.5		1,182.1
Inventories		460.0	813.6		1,273.6
Deferred income taxes		24.4	15.1		39.5
Prepaid expenses and other	2.3	20.9	109.8		133.0
Total current assets	67.6	827.1	2,355.8		3,250.5
Property, plant and equipment, net	0.4	238.2	955.3		1,193.9
Deferred income taxes			12.8		12.8
Intercompany accounts	1,566.7	491.0	40.2	(2,097.9)	
Investment in subsidiaries	1,086.9	1,367.4		(2,454.3)	
Goodwill		15.0	172.6		187.6
Intangible assets, net		17.7	185.2		202.9
Unconsolidated affiliated companies		7.3	11.6		18.9
Other non-current assets	15.3	26.4	24.3		66.0
Total assets	\$2,736.9	\$2,990.1	\$3,757.8	\$(4,552.2)	\$4,932.6
Liabilities and Total Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$—	\$103.8	\$899.2	\$—	\$1,003.0
Accrued liabilities	12.1	109.1	374.9		496.1
Current portion of long-term debt	334.6		176.6		511.2
Total current liabilities	346.7	212.9	1,450.7		2,010.3
Long-term debt	900.5		38.4		938.9
Deferred income taxes	156.9	(18.2)	85.2		223.9
Intercompany accounts		1,606.9	491.0	(2,097.9)	
Other liabilities	1.1	101.6	190.0		292.7
Total liabilities	1,405.2	1,903.2	2,255.3	(2,097.9)	3,465.8
Redeemable non-controlling interest			18.6		18.6
Total Company shareholders' equity	1,331.7	1,086.9	1,367.4	(2,454.3)	1,331.7
Non-controlling interest	_		116.5		116.5
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,736.9	\$2,990.1	\$3,757.8	\$(4,552.2)	\$4,932.6

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows Information

Three Fiscal Months Ended March 29, 2013 - As Originally Filed

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guara s Subsidiarie		Eliminations	Total	
Net cash flows of operating activities	\$31.9	\$(63.9) \$ (147.3)	\$—	\$(179.3)
Cash flows of investing activities:							
Capital expenditures	—	(8.0) (19.4)		(27.4)
Proceeds from properties sold	_	0.1				0.1	
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	—					_	
Other		(4.5) 4.7			0.2	
Net cash flows of investing activities	_	(12.4) (14.7)			