# HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL INC

Form 497 January 19, 2012 Table of Contents

This prospectus supplement relates to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, but is not complete and may be changed. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

**SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED JANUARY 19, 2012** 

Filed Pursuant to Rule 497 Registration Statement No. 333-171368

#### PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

To the Prospectus dated May 23, 2011

5,000,000 Shares

# **Common Stock**

We are offering 5,000,000 shares of our common stock. Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol HTGC. The last sale price, as reported on Nasdaq on January 18, 2012, was \$10.15 per share. The net asset value per share of our common stock at September 30, 2011 (the last date prior to the date of this prospectus supplement on which we determined net asset value) was \$9.61.

We are an internally-managed, non-diversified closed-end investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Our investment objective is to maximize our portfolio total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity-related investments.

The underwriter has agreed to purchase our shares of common stock from us at a price of \$ per share which will result in approximately \$ million of net proceeds, after deducting estimated offering expenses, to us, or \$ million assuming full exercise of the underwriter s option to purchase additional shares described below. We expect that our expenses for this offering will be approximately \$300,000. The underwriter may offer our shares of common stock on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, in the over-the-counter market or through negotiated transactions at market prices or at negotiated prices. See Underwriting. The underwriter has an option to purchase up to an additional 750,000 shares of our common stock at a price of \$ per share within 30 days from the date of this prospectus supplement to cover overallotments.

Please read this prospectus supplement, and the accompanying prospectus, before investing, and keep it for future reference. The prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about us that a prospective investor should know before investing in our common stock. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 400 Hamilton Avenue, Suite 310, Palo Alto, California 94301, or by telephone by calling collect at (650) 289-3060 or on our website at www.herculestech.com. The information on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus or the accompanying prospectus. The SEC also maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains such information.

An investment in our common stock involves risks, including the risk of a total loss of investment. In addition, the companies in which we invest are subject to special risks. See Risk Factors beginning on page 16 of the accompanying prospectus and page S-11 in this prospectus supplement to read about risks that you should consider before investing in our common stock, including the risk of leverage.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Delivery of the shares of common stock will be made on or about January , 2012.

# Citigroup

The date of this prospectus supplement is January , 2012.

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You should only rely on the information contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized anyone to provide you with different information. This prospectus supplement may only be used where it is legal to sell these securities. The information in this prospectus supplement may only be accurate on the date of this document.

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of this offering of common stock and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which gives more information. To the extent the information contained in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus the information in this prospectus supplement shall control.

Unless the context requires otherwise, in this prospectus supplement the terms we, us, and/or the Company refer to Hercules Technology Growth Capital, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

#### FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in our common stock will bear directly or indirectly. However, we caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by you or us or that we will pay fees or expenses, stockholders will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as investors in Hercules Technology Growth Capital.

Stockholder Transaction Expenses (as a percentage of the public offering price):	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price) <sup>(1)</sup>	%
Offering expenses	% <sup>(2)</sup>
Dividend reinvestment plan fees	$\%^{(3)}$
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of the public offering price)	%
Annual Europeas (as a paraentage of not assets attributable to common stock) (10)	
Annual Expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock): <sup>(10)</sup>	
Operating expenses	5.7% <sup>(4)(5)</sup>
Interest payments on borrowed funds	$3.2\%^{(6)}$
E 11 2 14 1 16 1	0.69(7)
Fees paid in connection with borrowed funds	$0.6\%^{(7)}$
Acquired fund fees and expenses <sup>(8)</sup>	0.6%
•	0.07-
•	0.07-

- (1) The sales load (underwriting discounts and commissions) with respect to our common stock sold in this offering, which is a one time fee, is the only sales load paid in connection with this offering. For the purpose of calculating sales load, we assume the underwriter will sell to the public at a stock price of \$\text{per share, our closing stock price on January}\$, 2012.
- (2) The percentage reflects estimated offering expenses of approximately \$300,000.
- (3) The expenses associated with the administration of our dividend reinvestment plan are included in Operating expenses. We pay all brokerage commissions incurred with respect to open market purchases, if any, made by the administrator under the plan. For more details about the plan, see Dividend Reinvestment Plan in the accompanying prospectus.
- (4) Operating expenses represent our estimated operating expenses for the year ending December 31, 2011 including income tax expense (benefit) including excise tax, excluding interests and fees on indebtedness. This percentage for the year ended December 31, 2010 was 5.6%. See Management s Discussion and Analysis and Results of Operations, Management, and Compensation of Executive Officers and Directors in the accompanying prospectus.
- (5) We do not have an investment adviser and are internally managed by our executive officers under the supervision of our Board of Directors. As a result, we do not pay investment advisory fees, but instead we pay the operating costs associated with employing investment management professionals.
- (6) Interest payments on borrowed funds represents estimated interest payments on borrowed funds for 2011 including our Wells Facility, Union Bank Facility, the Convertible Senior Notes, the Citigroup Warrant Participation Agreement and the SBA debentures. On November 2, 2011, we renewed and amended the Union Bank Facility. Union Bank and RBC Capital Markets have made commitments of \$30.0 million and \$25.0 million, respectively. The Union Bank Facility will mature on November 2, 2014 and requires the payment of a non-use fee of 0.50% annually. See Recent Developments in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in this prospectus supplement.
- (7) Fees paid in connection with borrowed funds represents estimated fees paid in connection with borrowed funds for 2011 including our Wells Facility, Union Bank Facility, Convertible Senior Notes, Citigroup Warrant Participation Agreement and the SBA debentures. This percentage for the year ended December 31, 2010 was approximately 0.3%.

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- (8) For the quarter ended September 30, 2011 and for the year ended December 31, 2010, we did not have any investments in shares of Acquired Funds that are not consolidated and, as a result, we did not directly or indirectly incur any fees from Acquired Funds.
- (9) Total annual expenses is the sum of operating expenses, interest payments on borrowed funds and fees paid in connection with borrowed funds.
- (10) Average net assets attributable to common stock equals the weighted estimated average net assets for 2011 which is \$418.1 million. **Example**

The following example demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a \$1,000 hypothetical investment in our common stock, assuming (1) a % sales load (underwriting discounts and commissions) and offering expenses totaling %, (2) total net annual expenses of % of net assets attributable to common shares as set forth in the table above and (3) a % annual return. These amounts assume no additional leverage.

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment,				
assuming a 5% annual return	\$	\$	\$	\$

The example and the expenses in the tables above should not be considered a representation of our future expenses, and actual expenses may be greater or lesser than those shown. Moreover, while the example assumes, as required by the applicable rules of the SEC, a 5% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or lesser than 5%. In addition, while the example assumes reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at net asset value, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan may receive shares valued at the market price in effect at that time. This price may be at, above or below net asset value. See Dividend Reinvestment Plan in the accompanying prospectus for additional information regarding our dividend reinvestment plan.

#### PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

### **Our Company**

We are a specialty finance company that provides debt and equity growth capital to technology-related companies at various stages of development from seed and emerging growth to expansion and established stages of development, which include select publicly listed companies and select lower middle market companies. Our investment objective is to maximize our portfolio total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity-related investments. We are an internally-managed, non-diversified closed-end investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, or the 1940 Act.

As of September 30, 2011 our total assets were approximately \$688.6 million, of which, our investments comprised \$576.5 million at fair value and \$587.4 million at cost. Our investments at fair value were comprised of our debt investments, warrant portfolio and equity investments valued at approximately \$513.4 million, \$27.3 million and \$35.8 million, respectively, or 89.1%, 4.7% and 6.2% of total investments, respectively. Our September 30, 2011 total investments at value in foreign companies were approximately \$14.2 million or 2.5% of total assets. During the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, we made debt commitments totaling \$214.7 million and \$463.1 million, respectively, and funded approximately \$146.1 million and \$351.3 million, respectively. During the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, we made and funded equity commitments of approximately \$1.1 and \$1.6 million to 2 and 3 portfolio companies, respectively. Debt commitments for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 included commitments of approximately \$298.3 million to 25 new portfolio companies and \$164.8 million to 14 existing portfolio companies. Since inception through September 30, 2011, we have made debt and equity commitments of approximately \$2.6 billion to our portfolio companies.

We also make investments in qualifying small businesses through two wholly-owned, small business investment company (SBIC) subsidiaries, Hercules Technology II, L.P. (HT II) and Hercules Technology III, L.P. (HT III). As SBICs, HT II and HT III are subject to a variety of regulations concerning, among other things, the size and nature of the companies in which they may invest and the structure of those investments. As of September 30, 2011, we held investments in HT II in 84 companies with a fair value of approximately \$180.8 million. HT II s portfolio companies accounted for approximately 31.4% of our total portfolio at September 30, 2011. As of September 30, 2011, we held investments in HT III in 20 companies with a fair value of approximately \$92.4 million. HT III s portfolio accounted for approximately 16.0% of our total portfolio at September 30, 2011.

In aggregate, HT II and HT III held approximately \$334.9 million in assets and accounted for approximately 35.5% of our total assets prior to consolidation at September 30, 2011.

We primarily finance privately-held companies backed by leading venture capital and private equity firms and also may finance certain select publicly-traded companies that lack access to public capital or are sensitive to equity ownership dilution. As of September 30, 2011, our proprietary SQL-based database system included over 25,000 technology-related companies and approximately 6,300 venture capital, private equity sponsors/investors, as well as various other industry contacts. Our principal executive office is located in Silicon Valley, and we have additional offices in Boston, MA, Boulder, CO and McLean, VA. Our goal is to be the leading structured debt financing provider of choice for venture capital and private equity backed technology-related companies requiring sophisticated and customized financing solutions. Our strategy is to evaluate and invest in a broad range of ventures active in the technology, clean technology and life science industries and to offer a full suite of growth capital products up and down of the capital structure. We invest primarily in structured debt and, to a lesser extent, in senior debt and equity investments. We use the term—structured debt with warrants—to refer to any debt investment, such as a senior or subordinated secured loan, that is coupled with an equity component,

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including warrants, options or rights to purchase common or preferred stock. Our structured debt with warrants investments will typically be secured by select or all of the assets of the portfolio company.

We focus our investments in companies active in technology industry sub-sectors characterized by products or services that require advanced technologies, including, but not limited to, computer software and hardware, networking systems, semiconductors, semiconductor capital equipment, information technology infrastructure or services, Internet consumer and business services, telecommunications, telecommunications equipment, media and life sciences. Within the life sciences sub-sector, we focus on medical devices, bio-pharmaceutical, drug discovery, drug delivery, health care services and information systems companies. Within the clean technology sub-sector, we focus on sustainable and renewable energy technologies and energy efficiency and monitoring technologies. We refer to all of these companies as technology-related companies and intend, under normal circumstances, to invest at least 80% of the value of our assets in such businesses.

Our primary business objectives are to increase our net income, net operating income and net asset value by investing in structured debt with warrants and equity of venture capital and private equity backed technology-related companies with attractive current yields and the potential for equity appreciation and realized gains. Our structured debt investments typically include warrants or other equity interests, giving us the potential to realize equity-like returns on a portion of our investments. Our equity ownership in our portfolio companies may represent a controlling interest. In some cases, we receive the right to make additional equity investments in our portfolio companies in connection with future equity financing rounds. Capital that we provide directly to venture capital and private equity backed technology-related companies is generally used for growth, and general working capital purposes as well as in select cases for acquisitions or recapitalizations.

Our portfolio is comprised of, and we anticipate that our portfolio will continue to be comprised of, investments in technology-related companies at various stages of development. Consistent with regulatory requirements, we invest primarily in United States based companies and to a lesser extent in foreign companies. See Regulation Qualifying Assets in the accompanying prospectus. Since 2007, our investing emphasis has been primarily on private companies following or in connection with a subsequent institutional round of equity financing, which we refer to as expansion-stage companies and private companies in their later rounds of financing and certain public companies, which we refer to as established-stage companies and lower middle market companies. We have also historically focused our investment activities in private companies following or in connection with the first institutional round of financing, which we refer to as emerging-growth companies.

Beginning in the fall of 2008, the global economy entered a financial crisis and recession. Volatile capital and credit markets, declining business and consumer confidence and increased unemployment precipitated a continuing economic slowdown. Although there have been signs of recovery in many regions, economic weakness could continue or worsen. For example, the current U.S. debt ceiling and budget deficit concerns, together with signs of deteriorating sovereign debt conditions in Europe, have increased the possibility of credit-rating downgrades and economic slowdowns. Although U.S. lawmakers passed legislation to raise the federal debt ceiling, Standard & Poor s Ratings Services lowered its long-term sovereign credit rating on the United States from AAA to AA+ on August 5, 2011. The impact of this or any further downgrades to the U.S. government s sovereign credit rating, or its perceived creditworthiness, and the impact of the current crisis in Europe with respect to the ability of certain European Union countries to continue to service their sovereign debt obligations is inherently unpredictable and could adversely effect the U.S. and global financial markets and economic conditions. During market distruptions, we may have difficulty raising debt or equity capital especially as a result of regulatory constraints. There can be no assurance that governmental or other measures to aid economic recovery will be effective.

As of September 30, 2011, our investment professionals, including Manuel A. Henriquez, our co-founder, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, are currently comprised of 29 professionals who have, on average, more than 15 years of experience in venture capital, structured finance, commercial lending or

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acquisition finance with the types of technology-related companies that we are targeting. We believe that we can leverage the experience and relationships of our management team to successfully identify attractive investment opportunities, underwrite prospective portfolio companies and structure customized financing solutions.

### **Our Market Opportunity**

We believe that technology-related companies compete in one of the largest and most rapidly growing sectors of the U.S. economy and that continued growth is supported by ongoing innovation and performance improvements in technology products as well as the adoption of technology across virtually all industries in response to competitive pressures. We believe that an attractive market opportunity exists for a specialty finance company focused primarily on investments in structured debt with warrants in technology-related companies for the following reasons:

Technology-related companies have generally been underserved by traditional lending sources;

Unfulfilled demand exists for structured debt financing to technology-related companies as the number of lenders has declined due to the recent financial market turmoil; and

Structured debt with warrants products are less dilutive and complement equity financing from venture capital and private equity funds

Technology-Related Companies are Underserved by Traditional Lenders. We believe many viable technology-related companies backed by financial sponsors have been unable to obtain sufficient growth financing from traditional lenders, including financial services companies such as commercial banks and finance companies, particularly due to the recent credit market dislocation and because traditional lenders have continued to consolidate and have adopted a more risk-averse approach to lending. More importantly, we believe traditional lenders are typically unable to underwrite the risk associated with financial sponsor-backed emerging-growth or expansion-stage companies effectively.

The unique cash flow characteristics of many technology-related companies include significant research and development expenditures and high projected revenue growth thus often making such companies difficult to evaluate from a credit perspective. In addition, the balance sheets of emerging-growth and expansion-stage companies often include a disproportionately large amount of intellectual property assets, which can be difficult to value. Finally, the speed of innovation in technology and rapid shifts in consumer demand and market share add to the difficulty in evaluating technology-related companies.

Due to the difficulties described above, we believe traditional lenders are generally refraining from entering the structured mezzanine marketplace, instead preferring the risk-reward profile of asset based lending. Traditional lenders generally do not have flexible product offerings that meet the needs of technology-related companies. The financing products offered by traditional lenders typically impose on borrowers many restrictive covenants and conditions, including limiting cash outflows and requiring a significant depository relationship to facilitate rapid liquidation.

Unfulfilled Demand for Structured Debt Financing to Technology-Related Companies. Private debt capital in the form of structured debt financing from specialty finance companies continues to be an important source of funding for technology-related companies. We believe that the level of demand for structured debt financing is a function of the level of annual venture equity investment activity. In the first nine months of 2011, venture capital-backed companies received, in approximately 2,229 transactions, equity financing in an aggregate amount of approximately \$23.3 billion, representing a 29.4% increase from the same period of the preceding year, as reported by Dow Jones VentureSource. In addition, overall, the median round size during the three-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$6.0 million and \$5.0 million, respectively. We believe the larger number of companies provides us a greater opportunity to provide debt financing to these venture backed companies. Overall, seed- and first-round deals made up 42% of the deal flow in the three months ended September 30, 2011 and later-stage deals made up roughly 37% of the deal activity in the quarter.

We believe that demand for structured debt financing is currently under served, in part because of the credit market collapse in 2008 and the resulting exit of debt capital providers to technology-related companies. The venture capital market for the technology-related companies in which we invest has been active and is continuing to show signs of increased investment activity. In addition, lending requirements of traditional lenders have recently become more stringent due to the significant write-offs in the financial services sector, the re-pricing of credit risk in the broadly syndicated market and the financial turmoil affecting the banking system and financial market, which have negatively impacted the debt and equity capital market in the United States and most other markets. At the same time, the venture capital market for the technology-related companies in which we invest has continued to be active. Therefore, to the extent we have capital available, we believe this is an opportune time to be active in the structured lending market for technology-related companies.

Structured Debt with Warrants Products Complement Equity Financing From Venture Capital and Private Equity Funds. We believe that technology-related companies and their financial sponsors will continue to view structured debt securities as an attractive source of capital because it augments the capital provided by venture capital and private equity funds. We believe that our structured debt with warrants product provides access to growth capital that otherwise may only be available through incremental investments by existing equity investors. As such, we provide portfolio companies and their financial sponsors with an opportunity to diversify their capital sources. Generally, we believe emerging-growth and expansion-stage companies target a portion of their capital to be debt in an attempt to achieve a higher valuation through internal growth. In addition, because financial sponsor-backed companies have potentially reached a more mature stage prior to reaching a liquidity event, we believe our investments provide the debt capital needed to grow or recapitalize companies during the extended period prior to liquidity events.

#### **Our Business Strategy**

Our strategy to achieve our investment objective includes the following key elements:

Leverage the Experience and Industry Relationships of Our Management Team and Investment Professionals. We have assembled a team of experienced investment professionals with extensive experience as venture capitalists, commercial lenders and originators of structured debt and equity investments in technology-related companies. Our investment professionals have, on average, more than 15 years of experience as equity investors in, and/or lenders to, technology-related companies. Our team members have originated structured debt, structured debt with warrants and equity investments in over 180 technology-related companies, representing over \$2.6 billion in commitments from inception through September 30, 2011 and have developed a network of industry contacts with investors and other participants within the venture capital and private equity communities. In addition, members of our management team also have operational, research and development and finance experience with technology- related companies. We have established contacts with leading venture capital and private equity fund sponsors, public and private companies, research institutions and other industry participants, which should enable us to identify and attract well-positioned prospective portfolio companies.

We concentrate our investing activities generally in industries in which our investment professionals have investment experience. We believe that our focus on financing technology-related companies will enable us to leverage our expertise in structuring prospective investments, to assess the value of both tangible and intangible assets, to evaluate the business prospects and operating characteristics of technology-related companies and to identify and originate potentially attractive investments with these types of companies.

Mitigate Risk of Principal Loss and Build a Portfolio of Equity-Related Securities. We expect that our investments have the potential to produce attractive risk adjusted returns through current income, in the form of interest and fee income, as well as capital appreciation from equity-related securities. We believe that we can mitigate the risk of loss on our debt investments through the combination of loan principal amortization, cash

interest payments, relatively short maturities, security interests in the assets of our portfolio companies, and, on select investments, covenants requiring prospective portfolio companies to have certain amounts of available cash and the continued support from a venture capital or private equity firm at the time we make our investment.

Historically our structured debt investments to technology-related companies, typically include warrants or other equity interests, giving us the potential to realize equity-like returns on a portion of our investment. In addition, in some cases, we receive the right to make additional equity investments in our portfolio companies in connection with future equity financing rounds. We believe these equity interests will create the potential for meaningful long-term capital gains in connection with the future liquidity events of these technology-related companies.

**Provide Customized Financing Complementary to Financial Sponsors** Capital. We offer a broad range of investment structures and possess expertise and experience to effectively structure and price investments in technology-related companies. Unlike many of our competitors that only invest in companies that fit a specific set of investment parameters, we have the flexibility to structure our investments to suit the particular needs of our portfolio companies. We offer customized financing solutions ranging from senior debt to equity capital, with a focus on structured debt with warrants.

We use our relationships in the financial sponsor community to originate investment opportunities. Because venture capital and private equity funds typically invest solely in the equity securities of their portfolio companies, we believe that our debt investments will be viewed as an attractive and complementary source of capital, both by the portfolio company and by the portfolio company s financial sponsor. In addition, we believe that many venture capital and private equity fund sponsors encourage their portfolio companies to use debt financing for a portion of their capital needs as a means of potentially enhancing equity returns, minimizing equity dilution and increasing valuations prior to a subsequent equity financing round or a liquidity event.

Invest at Various Stages of Development. We provide growth capital to technology-related companies at all stages of development, from emerging-growth companies, to expansion-stage companies and established-stage companies, including select publicly listed companies and select lower middle market companies. We believe that this provides us with a broader range of potential investment opportunities than those available to many of our competitors, who generally focus their investments on a particular stage in a company s development. Because of the flexible structure of our investments and the extensive experience of our investment professionals, we believe we are well positioned to take advantage of these investment opportunities at all stages of prospective portfolio companies development.

Benefit from Our Efficient Organizational Structure. We believe that the perpetual nature of our corporate structure enables us to be a long-term partner for our portfolio companies in contrast to traditional mezzanine and investment funds, which typically have a limited life. In addition, because of our access to the equity markets, we believe that we may benefit from a lower cost of capital than that available to private investment funds. We are not subject to requirements to return invested capital to investors nor do we have a finite investment horizon. Capital providers that are subject to such limitations are often required to seek a liquidity event more quickly than they otherwise might, which can result in a lower overall return on an investment.

Deal Sourcing Through Our Proprietary Database. We have developed a proprietary and comprehensive structured query language-based (SQL) database system to track various aspects of our investment process including sourcing, originations, transaction monitoring and post-investment performance. As of September 30, 2011, our proprietary SQL-based database system included over 25,000 technology-related companies and over 6,300 venture capital, private equity sponsors/investors, as well as various other industry contacts. This proprietary SQL system allows us to maintain, cultivate and grow our industry relationships while providing us with comprehensive details on companies in the technology-related industries and their financial sponsors.

### **Recent Developments**

### New Investments Since September 30, 2011

During the quarter ended December 31, 2011, we originated loan commitments of approximately \$165.0 million to new and existing portfolio companies. In 2011, we closed total loan commitments of approximately \$630.0 million, which represents a 20% increase from the year ended December 31, 2010. Since inception through December 31, 2011, we have extended debt and equity commitments to portfolio companies totaling approximately \$2.7 billion to 190 companies. See Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in this prospectus supplement for more information relating to our commitments. Our new investments included:

\$500,000 commitment to AHHHA, Inc., a social ideation platform designed to leverage ideas from concept into a real-world product, service or company.

\$15.0 million commitment to Blurb, Inc., a creative publishing and marketing platform.

\$20.0 million commitment to Cempra Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a clinical-stage pharmaceutical company focused on developing antibacterials. On October 12, 2011, Cempra Holdings, LLC (Cempra) filed its S-1 registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission in anticipation of its contemplated initial public offering, or IPO. There can be no assurances that Cempra will complete its IPO in a timely manner or at all.

\$20 million commitment to Concert Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a clinical stage biotechnology company focused on creating differentiated small molecule drugs.

\$3.0 million commitment to Integrated Photovoltaics, Inc., a company producing solar-power solutions through silicon photovoltaic technology.

\$9.2 million commitment to MedCall, LLC, a provider of on-call pharmacy services.

\$10.0 million commitment to Navidea Biopharmaceuticals, Inc. (NYSE Amex: NAVB), a biomedical company focused on the development and commercialization of precision diagnostic and radiopharmaceutical agents.

\$20.0 million commitment to NextWave Pharmaceuticals Incorporated, an emerging pharmaceutical company focused on the development and commercialization of products for the treatment of ADHD and related CNS disorders.

\$11.0 million commitment to Scientific Conservation, Inc., a provider of a cloud-based energy management platform for building owners and operators.

\$600,000 commitment to Tada Innovations, Inc., an interactive online website operated by Shopzilla.com.

\$21.0 million commitment to Westwood One, Inc. (NASDAQ: WWON), a provider of network radio programming. On October 21, 2011, Westwood One announced the consummation of a merger transaction, by and among Westwood, Radio Network Holdings,

LLC, and Verge Media Companies, Inc. Westwood One, Inc. was renamed Dial Global, Inc. on December 12, 2011. In addition, we made over \$35.0 million in loan commitments to existing portfolio companies.

In the fourth quarter, we entered into an agreement to acquire approximately \$9.6 million through a secondary marketplace in Facebook, Inc., the social networking company, acquiring on December 13, 2011 and December 20, 2011 an aggregate of 307,500 shares at an average price of \$31.08 per share. The investments are subject to certain closing conditions and a right of first refusal by Facebook, Inc. which expires thirty days after the date of investment. As a result, there is no assurance that our investment in Facebook, Inc. will close in a timely fashion or at all.

### Liquidity Events

In the fourth quarter of 2011, Covidien plc (NYSE: COV) announced its acquisition of our portfolio company, BARRX Medical, Inc. for an aggregate consideration of approximately \$325.0 million, net of cash and short-term investments. The transaction closed on January 5, 2012. See our Consolidated Schedule of Investments in this prospectus supplement for more information with respect to our investment in BARRX Medical, Inc.

As of January 17<sup>th</sup>, 2012, we held warrant positions in over 104 different technology-related companies, nine of which have filed Form S-1 registration statements in anticipation of completing a potential initial public offering, or IPO. There can be no assurances that any of these companies will complete their respective IPO in a timely manner or at all. These portfolio companies include:

- 1. Annies, Inc.
- 2. BrightSource Energy, Inc.
- 3. Cempra Holdings, LLC
- 4. Enphase Energy, Inc.
- 5. <u>Intelepeer, Inc.</u>
- 2. <u>Brightbource Energ</u>

- 6. Merrimack Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
- 7. NEXX Systems, Inc.
- 8. Reply!, Inc.
- 9. WageWorks, Inc.

#### Hercules Cleantech

On June 15, 2011, Hercules Clean Technology Capital, Inc., or Hercules Cleantech, filed its registration statement on Form N-2 in contemplation of its IPO. Hercules Cleantech is a specialty finance company formed for the purpose of lending to, and investing in, privately held and select publicly traded clean technology or clean technology related companies. The investment activities of Hercules Cleantech will be managed by Olympus Advisers, LLC. It is intended that the investment professionals of Olympus Advisers, LLC, including Manuel Henriquez, our Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, will be members of our management team. We also will provide the administrative services necessary for Hercules Cleantech to operate. There can be no assurance that Hercules Cleantech will complete its IPO in a timely process or at all.

## **Debt Issuance and Borrowing**

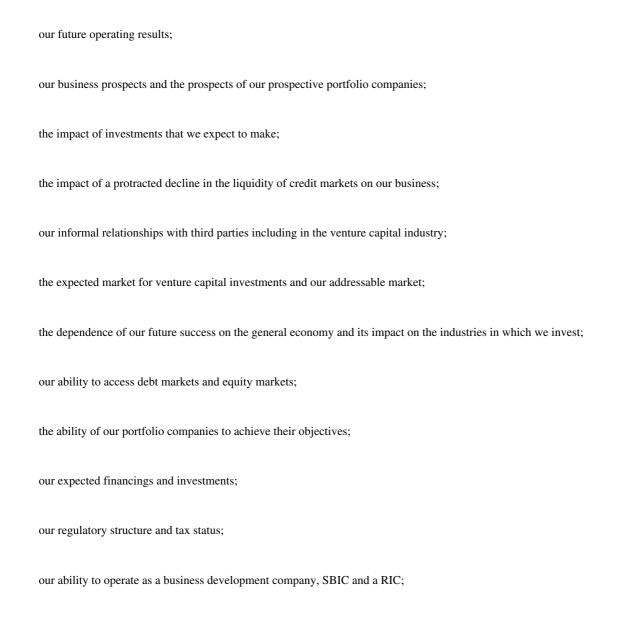
In the fourth quarter of 2011, we issued an additional \$36.25 million of SBA guaranteed debentures and borrowed approximately \$10.3 million principal amount under our revolving senior secured credit facility with Wells Fargo Capital Finance.

### Personnel Update

On October 4, 2011, we announced that Samir Bhaumik, Senior Managing Director and Technology Group Head of the Company, resigned from all his positions with the Company and its subsidiaries. On October 13, 2011, the Board appointed Todd Jacquez-Fissori, our Cleantech Group Head, as Technology Group Head of the Company.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS; MARKET DATA

The matters discussed in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, as well as in future oral and written statements by management of Hercules Technology Growth Capital, Inc., that are forward-looking statements are based on current management expectations that involve substantial risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from the results expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. We generally identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, will, should, expects, plans, anticipates, could, estimates, predicts, potential or continue or the negative of these terms or other similar words. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new investments, achieve certain margins and levels of profitability, the availability of additional capital, and the ability to maintain certain debt to asset ratios and our outlook on the economy and its effect on venture capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans or objectives will be achieved. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus include statements as to:



the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital;
the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies;
the timing, form and amount of any dividend distributions;
the impact of fluctuations in interest rates on our business;
the valuation of any investments in portfolio companies, particularly those having no liquid trading market; and

our ability to recover unrealized losses.

For a discussion of factors that could cause our actual results to differ from forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, please see the discussion under Risk Factors in both this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements made in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus relate only to events as of the date on which the statements are made. The forward-looking statements contained herein are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933.

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This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain third-party estimates and data regarding valuations of venture capital-backed companies. This data was reported by Dow Jones VentureSource, an independent venture capital industry research company which we refer to as VentureSource. VentureSource is commonly relied upon as an information source in the venture capital industry. Although we have not independently verified any such data, we believe that the industry information contained in such releases and data tables and included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is reliable.

We have compiled certain industry estimates presented in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus from internally generated information and data. While we believe our estimates are reliable, they have not been verified by any independent sources. The estimates are based on a number of assumptions, including increasing investment in venture capital and private equity-backed companies. Actual results may differ from projections and estimates, and this market may not grow at the rates projected, or at all. If this market fails to grow at projected rates, our business and the market price of our common stock could be materially adversely affected.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY RISK FACTORS

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. In addition to the other information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, you should carefully consider the following supplementary risk factors together with the risk factors beginning on page 16 of the accompanying prospectus before making an investment in our common stock. The risks set out below and in the accompanying prospectus are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us might also impair our operations and performance. If any of the events described herein or in the accompanying prospectus occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, our net asset value and the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

We have identified a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting, and our business and stock price may be adversely affected if we have not adequately addressed the weakness.

As a result of our evaluation of our internal control over financial reporting for the year ended December 31, 2010, management identified a material weakness related to our valuation process specifically involving debt investments. We have corrected the valuation process to refine our application of ASC 820 and believe that our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 reflect the fair value of our debt investments in accordance with ASC 820 using the new valuation procedure. During the year ended December 31, 2010, we recognized additional unrealized depreciation of \$803,000, which is not material to the 2010 consolidated financial statements. Management has evaluated the remedial action, assessed the operating effectiveness of the remediated controls and concluded that it has remediated the material weakness described above.

In connection with the preparation of our Consolidated Financial Statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2011, we identified a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting related to manual input errors in calculations used to derive the fair value of some investment portfolio holdings as of the measurement date, thereby impacting reported amounts with respect to investments and net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation on investments. Our consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 reflect the fair value of our investments and we continue to take remediation steps to enhance the internal control procedures in order to effectively remediate the deficiencies in our internal control processes related to such errors.

If we cannot produce reliable financial reports, investors could lose confidence in our reported financial information, the market price of our stock and the Convertible Senior Notes could decline significantly, we may

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be unable to obtain additional financing to operate and expand our business, and our business and financial condition could be harmed. See

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Disclosure Controls and Procedures in this prospectus
supplement and Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Controls and Procedures in the
accompanying prospectus.

It is likely that the terms of any long-term or revolving credit or warehouse facility we may enter into in the future could constrain our ability to grow our business.

On August 25, 2008, we, through a special purpose wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into a two-year revolving senior secured credit facility with an optional one-year extension with initial commitments of \$50.0 million at closing with Wells Fargo Capital Finance (the Wells Facility ). The Wells Facility has the capacity to increase to \$300.0 million if additional lenders are added to the lending syndicate. As of September 30, 2011, we had zero outstanding borrowings under the Wells Facility.

On June 20, 2011, we renewed the Wells Facility. The revolving credit facility will expire on June 20, 2014. The new facility contains an accordion feature, in which we can increase the credit line up to an aggregate of \$300.0 million, funded by additional lenders and with the agreement of Wells Fargo Capital Finance and subject to other customary conditions. There can be no assurances that additional lenders will join the new credit facility. This new arrangement replaced the previous \$300.0 million Wells Facility, under which Wells Fargo Capital Finance had committed \$50.0 million in capital. Under the new three-year senior secured facility, Wells Fargo Capital Finance has a commitment of \$75.0 million. Borrowings under the Wells Facility will generally bear interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 3.50% with a floor of 5.00%. The Wells Facility requires the payment of a monthly non-use fee and has an advance rate equal to 50% of eligible loans placed in the collateral pool. The Wells Facility generally requires payment of interest on a monthly basis. All outstanding principal is due upon maturity.

On February 10, 2010, we entered a \$20.0 million one-year revolving senior secured credit facility with Union Bank (the Union Bank Facility). Borrowings under the Union Bank Facility will generally bear interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 2.25% with a floor of 4.0%, an advance rate of 50% against eligible loans, and secured by loans in the borrowing base. The Union Bank Facility required the payment of a non-use fee of 0.25% annually. The Union Bank Facility is collateralized by debt investments in our portfolio companies, and includes an advance rate equal to 50.0% of eligible loans placed in the collateral pool. The Union Bank Facility generally requires payment of interest on a monthly basis. All outstanding principal is due upon maturity. In February 2011, the maturity date of the facility was extended from May 1, 2011 to July 31, 2011. Union Bank Facility provides for customary events of default, including, but not limited to, payment defaults, breach of representations or covenants, bankruptcy events and change of control. We were in compliance with all covenants at September 30, 2011.

On June 7, 2011, we entered into an amendment to the Union Bank Facility which extended the borrowing termination date to September 30, 2011. The amendment to the Union Bank Facility also amends the maturity date of Union Bank s \$20.0 million commitment to mean the earliest of: (a) December 31, 2011; (b) the date on which Union Bank s obligation to make loans is terminated and the obligations are declared to be due and payable or the commitment is terminated; or (c) the date of prepayment in full by the Company. There was no outstanding debt under the Union Bank Facility at September 30, 2011.

On November 2, 2011, we renewed and amended the Union Bank Facility. Union Bank and RBC Capital Markets have made commitments of \$30.0 million and \$25.0 million, respectively. The Union Bank Facility requires various financial and operating covenants. These covenants require us to maintain certain financial ratios and a minimum tangible net worth in an amount, when added to outstanding subordinated indebtedness, that is in excess of \$314.0 million plus 90% of the amount of net cash proceeds received from the sale of common stock after March 31, 2011. The Union Bank Facility will mature on November 2, 2014. The Union Bank Facility requires the payment of a non-use fee of 0.50% annually. The other terms of the Union Bank Facility generally

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remain unchanged, including the stated interest rate. The Union Bank Facility contains an accordion feature, in which we can increase the credit line up to an aggregate of \$150.0 million, funded by additional lenders and with the agreement of Union Bank and subject to other customary conditions.

The current lenders under the Wells Facility and the Union Bank Facility have, and any future lender or lenders will have, fixed dollar claims on our assets that are senior to the claims of our stockholders and, thus, will have a preference over our stockholders with respect to our assets in the collateral pool. In addition, we may grant a security interest in our assets in connection with any such borrowing. These facilities contain customary default provisions such as a minimum net worth amount, a profitability test, and a restriction on changing our business and loan quality standards. In addition, such facilities require or are expected to require the repayment of all outstanding debt on the maturity which may disrupt our business and potentially, the business of our portfolio companies that are financed through the facilities. An event of default under these facilities would likely result, among other things, in termination of the availability of further funds under that facility and an accelerated maturity date for all amounts outstanding under the facility, which would likely disrupt our business and, potentially, the business of the portfolio companies whose loans we financed through the facility. This could reduce our revenues and, by delaying any cash payment allowed to us under our facility until the lender has been paid in full, reduce our liquidity and cash flow and impair our ability to grow our business and maintain our status as a RIC.

The terms of future available financing may place limits on our financial and operating flexibility. If we are unable to obtain sufficient capital in the future, we may:

be forced to reduce or discontinue our operations;

not be able to expand or acquire complementary businesses; and

not be able to develop new services or otherwise respond to changing business conditions or competitive pressures. There is no assurance that HT II or HT III will be able to draw up to the maximum limit available under the SBIC program.

On September 27, 2006, HT II received a license to operate as a SBIC under the SBIC program and is able to borrow funds from the SBA against eligible investments and additional contributions to regulatory capital. As of September 30, 2011, HT II had the potential to borrow up to \$125.0 million of SBA-guaranteed debentures under the SBIC program. With our net investment of \$75.0 million in HT II as of September 30, 2011, HT II has the capacity to issue a total of \$125.0 million of SBA guaranteed debentures, subject to SBA approval, of which \$125.0 million is outstanding as of September 30, 2011.

On May 26, 2010, HT III received a license to operate as a SBIC under the SBIC program and is able to borrow funds from the SBA against eligible investments and additional contributions to regulatory capital. As of September 30, 2011, HT III had the potential to borrow up to \$100.0 million of SBA-guaranteed debentures under the SBIC program. With our net investment of \$50.0 million in HT III as of September 30, 2011, HT III has the capacity to issue a total of \$100.0 million of SBA guaranteed debentures, subject to SBA approval, of which \$63.75 million was outstanding as of September 30, 2011.

As of September 30, 2011, there was \$188.75 million principal amount of indebtedness outstanding incurred by our SBIC subsidiaries. Access to the remaining leverage is subject to SBA approval and compliance with SBA regulations.

There is no assurance that HT II or HT III will be able to draw up to the maximum limit available under the SBIC program.

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Our investments in the life science industry are subject to extensive government regulation and certain other risks particular to that industry.

We have invested and plan to continue investing in companies in the life science industry that are subject to extensive regulation by the Food and Drug Administration and to a lesser extent, other federal and state agencies. If any of these portfolio companies fail to comply with applicable regulations, they could be subject to significant penalties and claims that could materially and adversely affect their operations. Portfolio companies that produce medical devices or drugs are subject to the expense, delay and uncertainty of the regulatory approval process for their products and, even if approved, these products may not be accepted in the marketplace. In addition, new laws, regulations or judicial interpretations of existing laws and regulations might adversely affect a portfolio company in this industry. Portfolio companies in the life science industry may also have a limited number of suppliers of necessary components or a limited number of manufacturers for their products, and therefore face a risk of disruption to their manufacturing process if they are unable to find alternative suppliers when needed. Any of these factors could materially and adversely affect the operations of a portfolio company in this industry and, in turn, impair our ability to timely collect principal and interest payments owed to us.

Our investments in the clean technology industry are subject to many risks, including volatility, intense competition, shortened product life cycles and periodic downturns.

Our investments in clean technology companies are subject to substantial operational risks, such as failed drilling or well development, unscheduled outages, underestimated cost projections, unanticipated operation and maintenance expenses, failure to obtain the necessary permits to operate and failure of third-party contractors (e.g., energy producers and shippers) to perform their contractual obligations. In addition, energy companies employ a variety of means of increasing cash flow, including increasing utilization of existing facilities, expanding operations through new construction or acquisitions, or securing additional long-term contracts. Thus, some energy companies may be subject to construction risk, acquisition risk or other risks arising from their specific business strategies. Furthermore, production levels for wind, solar and other renewable energies may be dependent upon adequate wind, sunlight, or biogas production, which can vary from period to period, resulting in volatility in production levels and profitability. In addition, clean technology companies have narrow product lines and small market shares, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors actions and market conditions, as well as to general economic downturns. The revenues, income (or losses) and valuations of clean technology companies can and often do fluctuate suddenly and dramatically and the markets in which clean technology companies operate are generally characterized by abrupt business cycles and intense competition. Demand for clean technology and renewable energy is also influenced by the available supply and prices for other energy products, such as coal, oil and natural gases. A change in prices in these energy products could reduce demand for alternative energy. There is particular uncertainty about whether agreements providing incentives for reductions in greenhouse gas emissions, such as the Kyoto Protocol, will continue and whether countries around the world will enact or maintain legislation that provides incentives for reductions in greenhouse gas emissions, without which such investments in clean technology dependent portfolio companies may not be economical or financing for such projects may become unavailable. As a result, these portfolio company investments face considerable risk, including the risk that favorable regulatory regimes expire or are adversely modified. This could, in turn, materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

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Our financial results could be negatively affected if a significant portfolio investment fails to perform as expected.

Our total investment in companies may be significant individually or in the aggregate. As a result, if a significant investment in one or more companies fails to perform as expected, our financial results could be more negatively affected and the magnitude of the loss could be more significant than if we had made smaller investments in more companies. The following table shows the fair value of the totals of investments held in portfolio companies at September 30, 2011 that represent greater than 5% of net assets:

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	Fair	Percentage of
(in thousands)	Value	Net Assets
Aveo Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	\$ 29,887	7.1%
Women s Marketing, Inc.	\$ 29,405	7.0%
Tectura Corporation	\$ 26,574	6.3%
Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc	\$ 26,264	6.2%
Anthera Pharmaceuticals, Inc	\$ 25,705	6.1%
Brightsource Energy, Inc	\$ 25,261	6.0%
Revance Therapeutics, Inc	\$ 21,814	5.2%

Aveo Pharmaceuticals, Inc. is a biopharmaceutical company dedicated to the discovery and development of new, targeted cancer therapeutics.

Women s Marketing, Inc. is a media solutions company, delivering premium media at value pricing across all platforms.

Tectura Corporation is an IT services firm that specializes in Microsoft Business Solutions applications.

Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc. is an emerging specialty pharmaceutical company focused on the development, commercialization and manufacture of new pharmaceutical products.

Anthera Pharmaceuticals, Inc. is a biopharmaceutical company focused on developing and commercializing products to treat serious diseases, including cardiovascular and autoimmune diseases.

Brightsource Energy, Inc. designs, develops and sells solar thermal power systems that deliver reliable, clean energy to utilities and industrial companies.

Revance Therapeutics, Inc. is a privately held biopharmaceutical company developing products that will change the way that drugs are delivered by carrying active levels of drug across the skin to deliver at specific and targeted depths.

Our financial results could be negatively affected if these portfolio companies or any of our other significant portfolio companies encounter financial difficulty and fail to repay their obligations or to perform as expected.

Economic downturns or recessions could impair the value of the collateral for our loans to our portfolio companies, increase our funding costs, limit our access to the credit and capital markets, impair the ability of a portfolio company to satisfy covenants imposed by its lenders and consequently increase the possibility of an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Many of our portfolio companies are susceptible to economic recessions and may be unable to repay our loans during such periods. Therefore, our non-performing assets are likely to increase and the value of our portfolio is likely to decrease during such periods. Adverse economic conditions may also decrease the value of collateral securing some of our loans and the value of our equity investments. In particular, intellectual property

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owned or controlled by our portfolio companies may constitute an important portion of the value of the collateral of our loans to our portfolio companies. Adverse economic conditions may decrease the demand for our portfolio companies intellectual property and consequently its value in the event of a bankruptcy or required sale through a foreclosure proceeding. As a result, our ability to fully recover the amounts owed to us under the terms of the loans may be impaired by such events.

Economic slowdowns or recessions could lead to financial losses in our portfolio and a decrease in revenues, net income and assets. Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. A portfolio company s failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, termination of the portfolio company s loans and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize the portfolio company s ability to meet its obligations under the debt securities that we hold. We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms with a defaulting portfolio company.

Beginning in the fall of 2008, the global economy entered a financial crisis and recession. Volatile capital and credit markets, declining business and consumer confidence and increased unemployment precipitated a continuing economic slowdown. Although there have been signs of recovery in many regions, economic weakness could continue or worsen. For example, the current U.S. debt ceiling and budget deficit concerns, together with signs of deteriorating sovereign debt conditions in Europe, have increased the possibility of credit-rating downgrades and economic slowdowns. Although U.S. lawmakers passed legislation to raise the federal debt ceiling, Standard & Poor s Ratings Services lowered its long-term sovereign credit rating on the United States from AAA to AA+ on August 5, 2011. The impact of this or any further downgrades to the U.S. government s sovereign credit rating, or its perceived creditworthiness, and the impact of the current crisis in Europe with respect to the ability of certain European Union countries to continue to service their sovereign debt obligations is inherently unpredictable and could adversely effect the U.S. and global financial markets and economic conditions. There can be no assurance that governmental or other measures to aid economic recovery will be effective. Continued adverse economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

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#### USE OF PROCEEDS

Our net proceeds from the sale of the 5,000,000 shares of common stock we are offering will be approximately \$ million, and approximately \$ million if the underwriter s overallotment option is exercised in full, after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. We may change the size of this offering based on demand and market conditions.

We expect to use the net proceeds from this offering to fund investments in debt and equity securities in accordance with our investment objective and for other general corporate purposes.

We anticipate that substantially all of the net proceeds from this offering will be used as described above within twelve months, but in no event longer than two years. Pending such uses and investments, we will invest the net proceeds primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment. Our ability to achieve our investment objective may be limited to the extent that the net proceeds of any offering, pending full investment, are held in lower yielding short-term instruments.

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#### CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth (i) our actual capitalization as of September 30, 2011, and (ii) our capitalization as adjusted to reflect the effects of the sale of 5,000,000 shares of our common stock in this offering at a price of \$ per share (assuming no exercise of the underwriters overallotment option) and after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. You should read this table together with Use of Proceeds and our statement of assets and liabilities included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement.

	As of September 30, 2011 As Adjusted for This	
(in thousands)	Actual	Offering(1)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 96,309	\$
Total assets	\$ 688,637	\$
Long-term SBA debentures outstanding <sup>(2)</sup>	188,750	
Convertible Senior Notes <sup>(3)</sup>	70,082	
Common stock, par value	\$ 43	\$
Capital in excess of par value	486,557	
Distributable earnings	(64,550)	
Total stockholders equity	422,050	
Total capitalization <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 680,882	\$

- (1) Does not include the underwriters overallotment option.
- (2) As of December 31, 2011, we had \$225.0 million of SBA debentures outstanding after issuing an additional \$36.25 million of SBA debentures in the fourth quarter of 2011.
- (3) Represents the aggregate principal amount outstanding of the convertible senior notes issued on April 11, 2011, less the unaccreted discount initially recorded upon issuance of the Convertible Senior Notes. The total unaccreted discount for the Convertible Senior Notes was \$4,918 at September 30, 2011.
- (4) As of September 30, 2011, we had \$75.0 million available to borrow under the Wells Facility and \$20.0 million available to borrow under the Union Bank Facility. As of December 31, 2011, there was approximately \$10.3 million principal amount borrowed under the Wells Facility, which is not reflected in the above table. On November 2, 2011, we renewed and amended the Union Bank Facility. The Union Bank Facility will mature on November 2, 2014. The Union Bank Facility requires the payment of a non-use fee of 0.50% annually. The other terms of the Union Bank Facility generally remain unchanged, including the stated interest rate. See Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Subsequent Events in this prospectus supplement for more information.

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#### MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Overview

We are a specialty finance company that provides debt and equity growth capital to technology-related companies at various stages of development from seed and emerging growth to expansion and established stages of development, which include select publicly listed companies and select lower middle market technology companies. We primarily finance privately-held companies backed by leading venture capital and private equity firms, and also may finance certain publicly-traded companies that lack access to public capital or are sensitive to equity ownership dilution. We source our investments through our principal office located in Silicon Valley, as well as through additional offices in Boston, Massachusetts, Boulder, Colorado, and McLean, Virginia.

Our goal is to be the leading structured debt financing provider of choice for venture capital and private equity backed technology-related companies requiring sophisticated and customized financing solutions. Our strategy is to evaluate and invest in a broad range of technology-related companies including clean technology, life sciences and select lower middle market technology companies and to offer a full suite of growth capital products up and down the capital structure. We invest primarily in structured debt with warrants and, to a lesser extent, in senior debt and equity investments. We use the term—structured debt with warrants—to refer to any debt investment, such as a senior or subordinated secured loan, that is coupled with an equity component, including warrants, options or rights to purchase common or preferred stock. Our structured debt with warrants investments will typically be secured by some or all of the assets of the portfolio company.

Our investment objective is to maximize our portfolio total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity-related investments. Our primary business objectives are to increase our net income, net operating income and net asset value by investing in structured debt with warrants and equity of venture capital and private equity backed technology-related companies with attractive current yields and the potential for equity appreciation and realized gains. Our structured debt investments typically include warrants or other equity interests, giving us the potential to realize equity-like returns on a portion of our investments. Our equity ownership in our portfolio companies may represent a controlling interest. In some cases, we receive the right to make additional equity investments in our portfolio companies in connection with future equity financing rounds. Capital that we provide directly to venture capital and private equity backed technology-related companies is generally used for growth and general working capital purposes as well as in select cases for acquisitions or recapitalizations.

We are an internally managed, non-diversified closed-end investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the 1940 Act. As a business development company, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. For instance, we generally have to invest at least 70% of our total assets in qualifying assets, including securities of private U.S. companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less.

From incorporation through December 31, 2005, we were taxed as a corporation under Subchapter C of the Internal Revenue Code, or the Code. As of January 1, 2006, we have elected to be treated for federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company, or a RIC, under Subchapter M of the Code. Pursuant to this election, we generally will not have to pay corporate-level taxes on any income that we distribute to our stockholders. However, such an election and qualification to be treated as a RIC requires that we comply with certain requirements contained in Subchapter M of the Code. For example, a RIC must meet certain requirements, including source-of income, asset diversification and income distribution requirements. The income source requirement mandates that we receive 90% or more of our income from qualified earnings, typically referred to as good income. Qualified earnings may exclude such income as management fees received in connection with our SBIC or other potential outside managed funds and certain other fees.

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Our portfolio is comprised of, and we anticipate that our portfolio will continue to be comprised of, investments primarily in technology-related companies at various stages of their development. Consistent with regulatory requirements, we invest primarily in United States based companies and to a lesser extent in foreign companies. Our investing emphasis has been primarily on private companies following or in connection with a subsequent institutional round of equity financing, which we refer to as expansion-stage companies and private companies in later rounds of financing and certain public companies, which we refer to as established-stage companies and select lower middle market companies. We have focused our investment activities in private companies following or in connection with the first institutional round of financing, which we refer to as emerging-growth companies.

#### Portfolio and Investment Activity

The total value of our investment portfolio was \$576.5 million at September 30, 2011 as compared to \$472.0 million at December 31, 2010.

Debt commitments for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 included commitments of approximately \$298.3 million to twenty-five new portfolio companies and \$164.8 million to fourteen existing companies. During the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 we made debt commitments to new and existing portfolio companies, including restructured loans, totaling \$214.7 million and \$463.1 million and funded approximately \$147.2 million and \$356.4 million, respectively, of debt and equity investments. During the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 we made and funded equity commitments of \$1.1 million to two existing companies and \$1.6 million to three existing companies.

At September 30, 2011, we had unfunded contractual commitments of approximately \$148.2 million to twenty-six portfolio companies. These commitments will be subject to the same underwriting and ongoing portfolio maintenance as the on-balance sheet financial instruments that we hold. Since these commitments may expire without being drawn, unfunded commitments do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. In addition, we have approximately \$136.0 million of non-binding term sheets outstanding to nine new and existing companies at September 30, 2011. Non-binding outstanding term sheets are subject to completion of our due diligence and final approval process, as well as the negotiation of definitive documentation with the prospective portfolio companies. Not all non-binding term sheets are expected to close and do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

The fair value of the loan portfolio at September 30, 2011 was approximately \$513.4 million, compared to a fair value of approximately \$352.0 million at September 30, 2010. The fair value of the equity portfolio at September 30, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$35.8 million and \$39.4 million, respectively. The fair value of our warrant portfolio at September 30, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$27.3 million and \$19.0 million, respectively.

We receive payments in our loan portfolio based on scheduled amortization of the outstanding balances. In addition, we receive repayments of some of our loans prior to their scheduled maturity date. The frequency or volume of these repayments may fluctuate significantly from period to period. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011, we received normal principal amortization repayments of approximately \$51.0 million, and early repayments and working line of credit pay-downs of approximately \$172.2 million. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011, we restructured the debt for three portfolio companies for approximately \$8.1 million, \$4.7 million and \$3.3 million, converted \$3.5 million of debt to equity, and received approximately \$23.8 million in early repayments associated with the sale of Infologix, Inc.

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Total portfolio investment activity as of September 30, 2011 (unaudited) and for the year ended December 31, 2010 is as follows:

(in millions)	Septem	ber 30, 2011	Decemb	oer 31, 2010
Beginning Portfolio	\$	472.0	\$	374.7
Purchase of debt investments		332.3		320.4
Equity Investments		6.3		2.3
Sale of Investments		(17.5)		(34.2)
Principal payments received on investments		(54.4)		(81.6)
Early pay-offs and recoveries		(168.8)		(114.5)
Accretion of loan discounts and paid-in-kind principal		9.2		3.3
Net change in unrealized depreciation in investments		(2.6)		1.6
Restructure fundings		16.1		78.4
Restructure payoffs		(16.1)		(78.4)
Ending Portfolio	\$	576.5	\$	472.0

The following table shows the fair value of our portfolio of investments by asset class:

	<b>September 30, 2011</b>		<b>December 31, 2010</b>	
(in thousands)	Investments at Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Investments at Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio
Senior secured debt with warrants	\$ 414,723	71.9%	\$ 357,963	75.8%
Senior secured debt	125,962	21.9%	59,251	12.6%
Preferred stock	28,928	5.0%	26,813	5.7%
Subordinated Debt		0.0%	8,094	1.7%
Common Stock	6,864	1.2%	19,911	4.2%
	\$ 576,477	100.0%	\$ 472,032	100.0%

A summary of our investment portfolio at value by geographic location is as follows:

	Septem	September 30, 2011 Investments at Percentage of		December 31, 2010	
	Investments at			Percentage of	
(in thousands)	Fair Value	Total Portfolio	Fair Value	Total Portfolio	
United States	\$ 562,296	97.5%	\$ 438,585	92.9%	
Canada	808	0.1%	20,876	4.4%	
England	9,082	1.6%	10,653	2.3%	
Ireland	3,893	0.7%		0.0%	
Israel	398	0.1%	1,918	0.4%	
	\$ 576,477	100.0%	\$ 472,032	100.0%	

Our portfolio companies are primarily privately-held expansion and established-stage companies in the biotechnology, drug discovery, drug delivery, specialty pharmaceuticals, therapeutics, clean technology, communications and networking, consumer and business products, electronics and computers, information services, internet consumer and business services and products, medical devices, semiconductor and software industry sectors. These sectors are characterized by high margins, high growth rates, consolidation and product and market extension opportunities. Value is often vested in intangible assets and intellectual property.

As of September 30, 2011, over 99.2% of our debt investments were in a senior secured position, and more than 91.1% of the debt investment portfolio was priced at floating interest rates or floating interest rates with a Prime or LIBOR based interest rate floor. Our investments in senior

secured debt with warrants have equity enhancement features, typically in the form of warrants or other equity-related securities designed to provide us

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with an opportunity for capital appreciation. Our warrant coverage generally ranges from 3% to 20% of the principal amount invested in a portfolio company, with a strike price equal to the most recent equity financing round. As of September 30, 2011, we held warrants in 104 portfolio companies, with a fair value of approximately \$27.3 million. These warrant holdings would require us to invest approximately \$70.7 million to exercise such warrants. However, these warrants may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our warrant interests. The value of our senior secured debt (without warrants) at September 30, 2011 was approximately \$126.0 million compared to approximately \$59.3 million at December 31, 2010. The increase was primarily attributable to two new investments in lower middle market technology companies in the nine month period ended September 30, 2011, which typically do not have equity enhancement features.

As required by the 1940 Act, the Company classifies its investments by level of control. Control Investments are defined in the 1940 Act as investments in those companies that the Company is deemed to Control . Generally, under the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to Control a company in which it has invested if it owns 25% or more of the voting securities of such company or has greater than 50% representation on its board. Affiliate Investments are investments in those companies that are Affiliated Companies of the Company, as defined in the 1940 Act, which are not Control Investments. The Company is deemed to be an Affiliate of a company in which it has invested if it owns 5% or more but less than 25% of the voting securities of such company. Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments are investments that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

The following table summarizes our realized and unrealized gain and loss and changes in our unrealized appreciation and depreciation on control and affiliate investments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010:

(in thousands) Portfolio Company	Th	hree months ended September 30, 2011							Nine months ended September 30, 2011 Reversal					
						Unr	ealized						of	
		Fair	Value at			(Depr	eciation	Realized	l		Un	realized	Unrealized	Realized
		Septe	ember 30,	Inves	stment	t	)	Gain	Inve	stmen	t (Dep	reciation)	(Depreciation)	Gain/
	Type		2011	Inc	ome	/Appi	reciation	/(Loss)	In	come	/App	reciation	/Appreciation	(Loss)
MaxVision Holding, LLC.	Control	\$	2,983	\$	10	\$	14	\$	\$	861	\$	(3,546)		\$
E-Band Communitations, Corp.	Non-Controlled Affiliate				5		(53)			9		(3,425)		
Total		\$	2,983	\$	15	\$	(39)	\$	\$	870	\$	(6,971)	\$	\$

(in thousands) Portfolio Company	Thi	Fa	nonths end ir Value at ptember	•	Un	realized	Realized	I	Nine months ended September 30, 2 Reversal of Unrealized Unrealized				Realized
	Type		30, 2011	 stment come	` •	oreciation) oreciation		Investmen Income		reciation) preciation	•	,	Gain /(Loss)
InfoLogix, Inc.	Control	\$	33,935	\$ 796	\$	(4,266)	\$	\$ 2,488	\$	(1,419)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	128	\$ 2,500
E-Band Communiations, Corp.	Non-Controlled Affiliate		2,846			(371)				572			
Total		\$	36,781	\$ 796	\$	(4,637)	\$	\$ 2,488	\$	(847)	\$	128	\$ 2,500

The Company s investment in InfoLogix, Inc., a company that was a Control Investment as of December 31, 2010, was sold to Stanley Black & Decker (NYSE:SWK) in January 2011. Approximately \$8.3 million of realized gains and \$8.4 million of net change in unrealized depreciation was recognized on this control investment during the three-month period ended March 31, 2011.

The following table shows the fair value of our portfolio by industry sector at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	Septem	ber 30, 2011	Decem	ber 31, 2010
	Investments at		Investments at	
(in thousands)	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio
Drug Discovery	\$ 81,264	14.1%	\$ 52,777	11.2%
Drug Delivery	66,734	11.6%	35,250	7.5%
Internet Consumer & Business Services	65,975	11.4%	7,255	1.5%
Specialty Phamaceuticals	61,603	10.7%	63,607	13.5%
Clean Tech	59,793	10.4%	25,722	5.4%
Communications & Networking	56,119	9.7%	65,098	13.8%
Information Services	38,812	6.7%	10,857	2.3%
Therapeutic	32,562	5.7%	25,300	5.4%
Media/Content/Info	30,852	5.4%	2,223	0.5%
Biotechnology Tools	23,796	4.1%	5,987	1.3%
Software	22,094	3.8%	96,508	20.4%
Diagnostic	14,889	2.6%	14,911	3.2%
Surgical Devices	7,683	1.3%	10,172	2.1%
Semiconductors	6,916	1.2%	3,227	0.7%
Consumer & Business Products	4,345	0.8%	45,316	9.6%
Electronics & Computer Hardware	3,040	0.5%	7,819	1.6%
Energy		0.0%	3	0.0%
	\$ 576,477	100.0%	\$ 472,032	100.0%

We use an investment grading system, which grades each debt investment on a scale of 1 to 5, to characterize and monitor our expected level of risk on the debt investments in our portfolio with 1 being the highest quality. The following table shows the distribution of our outstanding debt investments on the 1 to 5 investment grading scale at fair value as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

	Septembe	er 30, 2011	December 31, 2010					
	Investments at Fair	Percentage of Total	Investments at Fair	Percentage of Total				
(in thousands)	Value	Portfolio	Value	Portfolio				
Investment Grading								
1	\$ 108,038	21.0%	\$ 65,345	16.3%				
2	368,878	71.9%	232,713	57.9%				
3	24,866	4.8%	90,739	22.6%				
4	8,602	1.7%	8,777	2.2%				
5	2,983	0.6%	4,045	1.0%				
	\$ 513,367	100.0%	\$ 401,619	100.0%				

As of September 30, 2011, our investments had a weighted average investment grading of 1.96 as compared to 2.21 at December 31, 2010. The improvement in investment grading is primarily attributable to one new investment rated 1 and the improvements from rated 2 to rated 1 of two investments, approximately 27 new investments to the portfolio rated 2, and the improvement from level 3 to level 2 of four investments. Our policy is to lower the grading on our portfolio companies as they approach the point in time when they will require additional equity capital. Additionally, we may downgrade our portfolio companies if they are not meeting our financing criteria and their respective business plans. Various companies in our portfolio will require additional funding in the near term or have not met their business plans and have therefore been downgraded until their funding is complete or their operations improve. At September 30, 2011, four portfolio companies were graded 3, three portfolio companies were graded 4, and two portfolio companies were graded 5 as compared to eight portfolio companies that were graded 3, two portfolio companies that were graded 4 and two portfolio companies that were graded 5 at December 31, 2010.

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At September 30, 2011, there was one portfolio company on non-accrual status with a fair value of zero. There were two loans on non-accrual status as of December 31, 2010 with a fair value of approximately \$4.0 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 we wrote off our warrant, equity and debt investments in one of these portfolio companies for a realized loss of approximately \$5.2 million.

The effective yield on our debt investments for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 was 17.8% and 16.2%, respectively. This yield was higher period over period due to unearned income accelerations attributed to early payoffs. The effective yield on our debt investments for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 excluding payoffs was 11.5% and 11.3%, respectively.

The overall weighted average yield to maturity of our loan obligations was approximately 13.0% and 13.9% at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The weighted average yield to maturity is computed using the interest rates in effect at the inception of each of the loans, and includes amortization of the loan facility fees, commitment fees and market premiums or discounts over the expected life of the debt investments, weighted by their respective costs when averaged and based on the assumption that all contractual loan commitments have been fully funded and held to maturity.

We generate revenue in the form of interest income, primarily from our investments in debt securities, and commitment and facility fees. Fees generated in connection with our debt investments are recognized over the life of the loan or, in some cases, recognized as earned. In addition, we generate revenue in the form of capital gains, if any, on warrants or other equity-related securities that we acquire from our portfolio companies. Our investments generally range from \$1.0 million to \$25.0 million. Our debt investments have a term of between two and seven years and typically bear interest at a rate ranging from PRIME to 14% as of September 30, 2011. In addition to the cash yields received on our loans, in some instances, our loans may also include any of the following: end-of-term payments, exit fees, balloon payment fees, PIK provisions, prepayment fees, and diligence fees, which may be required to be included in income prior to receipt.

Loan origination and commitment fees received in full at the inception of a loan are deferred and amortized into fee income as an enhancement to the related loan s yield over the contractual life of the loan. We recognize nonrecurring fees amortized over the remaining term of the loan commencing in the quarter relating to specific loan modifications. Loan exit fees to be paid at the termination of the loan are accreted into interest income over the contractual life of the loan. We had approximately \$9.8 million and \$6.6 million of unamortized fees at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, and approximately \$7.2 million and \$5.1 million in exit fees receivable at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

We have loans in our portfolio that contain a PIK provision. The PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each loan agreement, is added to the principal balance of the loan and recorded as interest income. To maintain our status as a RIC, this non-cash source of income must be paid out to stockholders in the form of dividends even though we have not yet collected the cash. Amounts necessary to pay these dividends may come from available cash or the liquidation of certain investments. We recorded approximately \$1.4 million and \$1.7 million in PIK income in the nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010.

In some cases, the Company collateralizes its investments by obtaining a first priority security interest in a portfolio company s assets, which may include their intellectual property. In other cases, the Company may obtain a negative pledge covering a company s intellectual property.

At September 30, 2011, approximately 60.9% of our portfolio company loans were secured by a first priority security in all of the assets of the portfolio company, 38.3% of the loans were to portfolio companies that were prohibited from pledging or encumbering their intellectual property and 0.8% of portfolio company loans had an equipment only lien.

Interest on debt securities is generally payable monthly, with amortization of principal typically occurring over the term of the security for emerging-growth, expansion-stage and established-stage companies. In addition,

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certain loans may include an interest-only period ranging from three to eighteen months for emerging-growth and expansion-stage companies and longer for established-stage companies. In limited instances in which we choose to defer amortization of the loan for a period of time from the date of the initial investment, the principal amount of the debt securities and any accrued but unpaid interest become due at the maturity date.

#### Results of Operations

Comparison of the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

#### **Investment Income**

Interest income totaled approximately \$16.4 and \$50.9 million for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, compared to \$14.1 and \$38.1 million for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010. Income from commitment, facility and loan related fees totaled approximately \$2.3 and \$7.7 million for the three and nine-month period ended September 30, 2011, compared with \$1.5 and \$4.5 million for the same periods ended September 30, 2010, respectively. The increase in interest income is attributable to a higher average interest earning investment portfolio and income from early repayments. Income from commitment, facility and loan related fees are primarily the result of an increase in facilities fees of approximately \$1.4 million during the period ended September 30, 2011 compared to the same period ended September 30, 2010.

### PIK Income

The following table shows the PIK-related activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, at cost:

	Nine mont	hs ended	
	Septem		
(in thousands)	2011	2010	
Beginning PIK loan balance	\$ 3,955	\$ 2,315	
PIK interest capitalized during the period	1,801	2,366	
Payments received from PIK loans	(3,567)	(1,087)	
PIK converted to other securities	(440)		
Realized Loss		(327)	
Ending PIK loan balance	\$ 1,749	\$ 3,267	

The increase in payments received from PIK loans during the nine months September 30, 2011 includes \$1.5 million of PIK collected in conjunction with the sale of our investment in Infologix, Inc. in the first quarter of 2011.

### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses, which are comprised of interest and fees, general and administrative and employee compensation, totaled approximately \$10.1 million and \$7.5 million during the three month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Operating expenses totaled approximately \$29.9 million and \$22.0 million during the nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Interest and fees totaled approximately \$4.3 million and approximately \$11.3 million during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively, and approximately \$2.5 million and \$7.2 million during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2010. The increase is primarily attributed to \$1.3 million and \$2.3 million of interest and fee expenses during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively, related to the \$75.0 million of Convertible Senior Notes issued on April 15, 2011. Additionally, the Company incurred approximately \$271,000 and \$496,000 of non cash interest expense during

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the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively, attributed to the accretion of the fair value of the conversion feature on the Convertible Senior Notes. The Company had a weighted average cost of debt comprised of interest and fees of approximately 6.5% at September 30, 2011, as compared to 6.2% during the third quarter of 2010. The increase was primarily attributed to the weighted average cost of debt on the senior convertible notes of 8.2% offset by a lower weighted average cost of debt on outstanding SBA debentures at 5.2% in the third quarter of 2011 versus 6.1% in the third quarter of 2010.

General and administrative expenses include legal, consulting and accounting fees, insurance premiums, rent, workout and various other expenses. Expenses remained relatively flat at approximately \$1.7 million for the three month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 and increased to \$6.2 million from \$5.2 million for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, primarily due to increased recruiting, accounting and legal expenses.

Employee compensation and benefits totaled approximately \$3.3 million and approximately \$9.9 million during the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively. Employee compensation and benefits totaled approximately \$2.6 million and approximately \$7.7 million during the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010, respectively. This increase is primarily due to an increase in employee headcount and increased salary and executive severance costs as compared to the same period of 2010. We expect to continue to hire to meet our portfolio growth. Stock-based compensation totaled approximately \$870,000 and approximately \$2.5 million during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 respectively and approximately \$752,000 and approximately \$2.0 million during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2010. These increases were due primarily to the expense on restricted stock grants issued in the first quarter of 2011. See Financial Condition, Liquidity, and Capital Resources for disclosure of additional expenses.

#### Net Investment Income Before Investment Gains and Losses

Net investment income per share was \$0.20 for the quarter ended September 30, 2011 compared to \$0.23 per share in the quarter ended September 30, 2010. Net investment income before investment gains and losses for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 totaled \$8.6 million and \$28.8 million, respectively as compared to \$8.1 million and \$20.6 million in the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2010, respectively. The changes are made up of the items described above under Investment Income and Operating Expenses.

# Net Investment Realized Gains and Losses and Unrealized Appreciation and Depreciation

Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the repayment or sale and the cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized, and includes investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation primarily reflects the change in portfolio investment values during the reporting period, including the reversal of previously recorded unrealized appreciation or depreciation when gains or losses are realized.

During the three and nine-months ended September 30, 2011 the Company recognized total net realized gains of approximately \$1.1 million from the sale of common stock in its public portfolio companies and realized losses of approximately \$1.6 million and approximately \$6.7 million from equity, loan, and warrant investments in portfolio companies that have been liquidated. The loss is primarily attributed to the termination of warrants in LaboPharm, Inc. of \$0.6 million and the write-off of equity in Solarflare, Inc. of \$0.6 million. During the three and nine-month period ended September 30, 2010 the Company recognized net realized losses of approximately \$18.9 million and approximately \$19.2 million from equity, loan and warrant investments in portfolio companies that have been liquidated and realized gains of approximately \$3.6 million from the sale of common stock in public companies and approximately \$465,000 from the mergers of private portfolio companies.

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A summary of realized gains and losses for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

		onths Ended ember 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,		
(	2011	2010	2011	2010	
(in millions)					
Realized gains	\$ 0.3	\$	\$ 10.6	\$ 4.4	
Realized losses	(1.9)	(18.9)	(7.2)	(19.5)	
Net realized gains (losses)	\$ (1.6)	\$ (18.9)	\$ 3.4	\$ (15.1)	

During the three month period ended September 30, 2011 net change in unrealized depreciation totaled approximately \$769,000 from loan, warrant and equity investments. Approximately \$5.9 million was due to net unrealized appreciation on equity and loans, primarily attributed to the exercise of our warrants in Aveo Pharmaceuticals, Inc. to common shares. Approximately \$6.6 million was due to unrealized depreciation on warrant investments, primarily attributable to the exercise of our warrants and the decrease in fair market value for public company holdings.

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2011 net change in unrealized depreciation totaled approximately \$2.8 million from loan, warrant and equity investments. Approximately \$4.0 million was due to net unrealized appreciation on debt and warrants, primarily attributable to the increase in fair market value for public company holdings. Approximately \$6.8 million was due to unrealized depreciation on equity investments, primarily attributable to the sale of InfoLogix, Inc. in the first quarter of 2011. Approximately \$8.3 million of realized gains and \$8.4 million of net change in unrealized depreciation was recognized on this control investment during the three-month period ended March 31, 2011.

During the same periods ending September 30, 2010 net unrealized appreciation totaled approximately \$2.9 million and net unrealized depreciation totaled approximately \$1.2 million, respectively.

For the three month period ended September 30, 2011 approximately \$2.2 million and \$3.7 million of the net unrealized appreciation recognized was attributable to debt and equity investments, respectively, and approximately \$6.6 million of net unrealized depreciation on our warrant investments. Included in this amount is unrealized appreciation of approximately \$1.5 million attributable to the reversal of prior period net unrealized depreciation upon being realized as a loss and approximately \$2.9 million in unrealized depreciation attributable to the exercise of warrants to equity. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2011 approximately \$3.4 million and \$616,000 of the net unrealized appreciation was attributable to debt and warrant investments, respectively, and approximately \$6.8 million of depreciation was attributable to equity investments. As of September 30, 2011, the net unrealized depreciation recognized by the Company was increased by approximately \$229,000 due to the warrant participation agreement with Citigroup. For a more detailed discussion of the warrant participation agreement, see the discussion set forth under Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this prospectus supplement.

The net unrealized appreciation and depreciation of our investments is based on fair value of each investment determined in good faith by our Board of Directors. This net unrealized appreciation was primarily comprised of increases in the fair value of our portfolio companies due to positive company performance and market conditions.

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The following table itemizes the change in net unrealized appreciation/depreciation of investments for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and 2010:

	Three Mon Septem	
(in thousands)	2011	2010
Gross unrealized appreciation on portfolio investments	\$ 11,928	\$ 4,565
Gross unrealized depreciation on portfolio investments	(11,423)	(15,824)
Reversal of prior period net unrealized appreciation upon realization	(3,323)	(3,912)
Reversal of prior period net unrealized depreciation upon realization	1,913	17,888
Citigroup Warrant Participation	136	177
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on portfolio investments	\$ (769)	\$ 2,894
	Nine Mon Septem	
(in thousands)	2011	2010
Gross unrealized appreciation on portfolio investments	\$ 41,945	\$ 26,369
Gross unrealized depreciation on portfolio investments	(38,833)	(52,867)
Reversal of prior period net unrealized appreciation upon realization	(13,225)	(3,902)
Reversal of prior period net unrealized depreciation upon realization	7,519	18,048
Citigroup Warrant Participation	(229)	134
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on portfolio investments	\$ (2,823)	\$ (12,218)

# Income and Excise Taxes

We account for income taxes in accordance with the provisions of ASC 740, Income Taxes, which requires that deferred income taxes be determined based upon the estimated future tax effects of differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities given the provisions of the enacted tax law. Valuation allowances are used to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount likely to be realized.

### Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations and Change in Net Assets per Share

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, the net increase in net assets resulting from operations totaled approximately \$6.2 million and \$29.4 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, the net decrease in net assets resulting from operations totaled approximately \$7.8 million and \$6.7 million. These changes are made up of the items previously described.

Basic and fully diluted net change in net assets per common share for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 was \$0.14 and \$0.67, respectively, as compared to basic and fully diluted change in net assets per common share of \$(0.23) and \$(0.20) for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2010, respectively.

## Financial Condition, Liquidity, and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2011, we had approximately \$96.3 million in cash and cash equivalents and available borrowing capacity of approximately \$75.0 million under the Wells Facility, \$20.0 million under the Union Bank Facility and \$36.25 million under the SBA program, subject to existing terms and advance rates and regulatory requirements. We primarily invest cash on hand in interest bearing deposit accounts.

As of September 30, 2011, net assets totaled \$422.1 million, with a net asset value per share of \$9.61. We intend to generate additional cash primarily from cash flows from operations, including income earned from investments in our portfolio companies and, to a lesser extent, from the temporary investment of cash in U.S. government securities and other high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less as well as from

future borrowings as required to meet our lending activities. Our primary use of funds will be investments in portfolio companies and cash distributions to holders of our common stock. Additionally, we expect to raise additional capital to support our future growth through future equity offerings, issuances of senior securities and/or future borrowings, to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act. To the extent we determine to raise additional equity through an offering of our common stock at a price below net asset value, existing investors will experience dilution. During our 2011 Annual Shareholder Meeting held on June 1, 2011, our shareholders authorized us, with the approval of our Board of Directors, to sell up to 20% of our outstanding common stock at a price below our then current net asset value per share and to offer and issue debt with warrants or debt convertible into shares of our common stock at an exercise or conversion price that will not be less than the fair market value per share but may be below the then current net asset value per share. However, there can be no assurance that these capital resources will be available given the credit constraints of the banking and capital markets.

As required by the 1940 Act, our asset coverage must be at least 200% after each issuance of senior securities. As of September 30, 2011 our asset coverage ratio under our regulatory requirements as a business development company was 971.5%, excluding our SBIC debentures as a result of our exemptive order from the SEC which allows us to exclude all SBA leverage from our asset coverage ratio. Total leverage when including our SBIC debentures was 263.1% at September 30, 2011.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011, our operating activities used \$72.5 million of cash and cash equivalents, compared to \$45.6 million used during the nine months ended September 30, 2010. The \$26.9 million increase in cash used in operating activities resulted primarily from increased investing activity. During the nine months ended September 30, 2011, our financing activities provided \$62.0 million of cash, compared to \$4.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010. This \$57.9 million increase in cash provided by financing activities was due primarily due to the issuance of \$75.0 million of Convertible Senior Notes in April 2011.

At September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we had the following borrowing capacity and outstanding amounts:

	September 30, 2011		December	r 31, 2010
	Total	Carrying	. 8	
	Available	Value <sup>(1)</sup>	Available	Value <sup>(1)</sup>
Union Bank Facility	\$ 20,000	\$	\$ 20,000	\$
Wells Facility	75,000		50,000	
Convertible Senior Notes <sup>(2)</sup>	75,000	70,082		
SBA Debenture <sup>(3)</sup>	225,000	188,750	225,000	170,000
Total	\$ 395,000	\$ 258,832	\$ 295,000	\$ 170,000

- (1) Except for the Convertible Senior Notes (as defined below), all carrying values are the same as the principal amount outstanding.
- Represents the aggregate principal amount outstanding of the Convertible Senior Notes (as defined below) less the unaccreted discount initially recorded upon issuance of the Convertible Notes. The total unaccreted discount for the Convertible Senior Notes was \$4,918 at September 30, 2011.
- The Company has the ability to borrow an additional \$36.3 million subject to SBA approval and compliance with SBIC regulations. On September 27, 2006, HT II received a license and on May 26, 2010 HT III received a license to operate as SBICs under the SBIC program and are able to borrow funds from the SBA against eligible investments. As of September 30, 2011, all required contributed capital from the Company has been invested into HT II and HT III. The Company is the sole limited partner of HT II and HT III and HTM is the general partner. HTM is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. If HT II or HT III fails to comply with applicable SBA regulations, the SBA could, depending on the severity of the violation, limit or prohibit HT II s or HT III s use of debentures, declare

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outstanding debentures immediately due and payable, and/or limit HT II or HT III from making new investments. In addition, HT II or HT III may also be limited in their ability to make distributions to us if they do not have sufficient capital in accordance with SBA regulations. Such actions by the SBA would, in turn, negatively affect us because HT II and HT III are our wholly owned subsidiaries. HT II and HT III were in compliance with the terms of the SBIC s leverage as of September 30, 2011 as a result of having sufficient capital as defined under the SBA regulations.

In aggregate, HT II and HT III hold approximately \$334.9 million in assets, and accounted for approximately 35.5% of our total assets prior to consolidation at September 30, 2011.

With our net investment of \$75.0 million in HT II as of September 30, 2011, HT II has the capacity to issue a total of \$125.0 million of SBA guaranteed debentures, of which \$125.0 million was outstanding at September 30, 2011. As of September 30, 2011, the maximum statutory limit on the dollar amount of outstanding SBA guaranteed debentures issued by a single SBIC is \$150.0 million, subject to periodic adjustments by the SBA. As of September 30, 2011, we held investments in HT II in 84 companies with a fair value of approximately \$180.8 million, accounting for approximately 31.4% of our total portfolio at September 30, 2011.

As of September 30, 2011, the maximum statutory limit on the dollar amount of combined outstanding SBA guaranteed debentures is \$225.0 million, subject to periodic adjustments by the SBA. As of September 30, 2011, HT III had the potential to borrow up to \$100.0 million of SBA-guaranteed debentures under the SBIC program. With our net investment of \$50.0 million in HT III as of September 30, 2011, HT III has the capacity to issue a total of \$100.0 million of SBA guaranteed debentures, subject to SBA approval, of which \$63.75 million was outstanding at September 30, 2011. As of September 30, 2011, HT III has paid the SBA commitment fees of approximately \$750,000. As of September 30, 2011, we held investments in HT III in 20 companies with a fair value of approximately \$92.4 million accounting for approximately 16.0% of our total portfolio at September 30, 2011.

#### (in thousands)

Issuance/Pooling Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate <sup>(1)</sup>	September 30, 2011		Dec	cember 31, 2010
SBA Debentures:						
September 26, 2007	September 1, 2017	6.43%	\$	12,000	\$	12,000
March 26, 2008	March 1, 2018	6.38%	\$	58,050	\$	58,050
September 24, 2008	September 1, 2018	6.63%	\$	13,750	\$	38,750
March 25, 2009	March 1, 2019	5.53%	\$	18,400	\$	18,400
September 23, 2009	September 1, 2019	4.64%	\$	3,400	\$	3,400
September 22, 2010	September 1, 2020	3.62%	\$	6,500	\$	6,500
September 22, 2010	September 1, 2020	3.50%	\$	22,900	\$	32,900
March 29, 2011	March 1, 2021	4.37%	\$	28,750	\$	
September 21, 2011	September 1, 2021	3.16%	\$	25,000	\$	
Total SBA Debentures			\$	188,750	\$	170,000

## (1) Interest rate includes annual charge

## **Current Market Conditions**

Beginning in the fall of 2008, the global economy entered a financial crisis and recession. Volatile capital and credit markets, declining business and consumer confidence and increased unemployment precipitated a continuing economic slowdown. Although there have been signs of recovery in many regions, economic weakness could continue or worsen. For example, the current U.S. debt ceiling and budget deficit concerns, together with signs of deteriorating sovereign debt conditions in Europe, have increased the possibility of credit-rating downgrades and economic slowdowns. Although U.S. lawmakers passed legislation to raise the federal debt ceiling, Standard & Poor s Ratings Services lowered its long-term sovereign credit rating on the United States from AAA to AA+ on August 5, 2011. The impact of this or any further downgrades to the U.S. government s sovereign credit rating, or its perceived creditworthiness, and the impact of the current crisis in

Europe with respect to the ability of certain European Union countries to continue to service their sovereign debt obligations is inherently unpredictable and could adversely effect the U.S. and global financial markets and economic conditions. There can be no assurance that governmental or other measures to aid economic recovery will be effective. We anticipate that there may be yield compression as 2011 comes to an end, however, given our level of liquidity and pipeline, we believe that we are well positioned despite the uncertainty in the market. Continued adverse economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may acquire a portfolio of investments or sell a portion of our portfolio on an opportunistic basis. We, from time to time, engage in discussions with counterparties in respect of various potential transactions. Some of these transactions could be material to our business. Consummation of any such transaction will be subject to completion of due diligence finalization of key business and financial terms (including price) and negotiation of final definitive documentation as well as a number of other factors and conditions including, without limitation, the approval of our Board of Directors and required third party consents and, in certain cases, the approval of our stockholders. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that any such transaction would be consummated.

We periodically review and assess investment portfolio acquisition opportunities of target companies that would be accretive to us. In the future, we may determine to acquire such portfolios which could affect our liquidity position and necessitate our need to raise additional capital to fund our growth.

#### **Commitments**

In the normal course of business, we are party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk. These consist primarily of unfunded commitments to extend credit, in the form of loans, to our portfolio companies. Unfunded commitments to provide funds to portfolio companies are not reflected on our balance sheet. Our origination activity unfunded commitments may be significant from time to time. As of September 30, 2011, we had unfunded commitments of approximately \$148.2 million. These commitments will be subject to the same underwriting and ongoing portfolio maintenance as are the on-balance sheet financial instruments that we hold. Since these commitments may expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amount does not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Closed commitments generally fund 70-80% of the committed amount in aggregate over the life of the commitment. We intend to use cash flow from normal and early principal repayments, SBA debentures, our Wells Facility, our Union Bank Facility and proceeds from Senior Secured Notes to fund these commitments. However, there can be no assurance that we will have sufficient capital available to fund these commitments as they come due.

In addition, we had approximately \$136.0 million of non-binding term sheets outstanding with nine companies, which generally convert to contractual commitments within approximately 45 to 60 days of signing. Non-binding outstanding term from prior release are subject to completion of our due diligence and final approval process, as well as the negotiation of definitive documentation with the prospective portfolio companies. Not all non-binding term sheets are expected to close and do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

## **Contractual Obligations**

The following table shows our contractual obligations as of September 30, 2011:

		Payments due by period			
		(in thousands)			
		Less than	1 - 3	3 - 5	After 5
Contractual Obligations <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Total	1 year	years	years(3)	years(4)
Borrowings	\$ 258,832	\$	\$	\$ 70,082	\$ 188,750
Operating Lease Obligations <sup>(5)</sup>	2,488	1,242	1,245		
Total	\$ 261,320	\$ 1,242	\$ 1,245	\$ 70,082	\$ 188,750

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- (1) Excludes commitments to extend credit to our portfolio companies.
- (2) We also have warrant participation obligation with Citigroup. See Borrowings.
- (3) Represents the aggregate principal amount outstanding of the Convertible Senior Notes (as defined below) less the unaccreted discount initially recorded upon issuance of the Convertible Notes. The total unaccreted discount for the Convertible Senior Notes was \$4,918 at September 30, 2011.
- (4) Borrowings under the SBA debentures
- (5) Long-term facility leases

Hercules and its executives and directors are covered by Directors and Officers Insurance, with the directors and officers being indemnified by Hercules to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law subject to the restrictions in the 1940 Act.

#### **Borrowings**

Long-term SBA Debentures

On September 27, 2006, HT II received a license to operate as a SBIC under the SBIC program and is able to borrow funds from the SBA against eligible investments and regulatory capital. Under the Small Business Investment Company Act and current SBA policy applicable to SBICs, a SBIC can have outstanding at any time SBA guaranteed debentures up to twice the amount of its regulatory capital. As of September 30, 2011, the maximum statutory limit on the dollar amount of outstanding SBA guaranteed debentures issued by a single SBIC is \$150.0 million, subject to periodic adjustments by the SBA. HT II has a total of \$125.0 million of SBA guaranteed debentures outstanding as of September 30, 2011 and has paid the SBA commitment fees of approximately \$1.5 million. As of September 30, 2011, the Company held investments in HT II in 84 companies with a fair value of approximately \$180.8 million, accounting for approximately 31.4% of our total portfolio at September 30, 2011.

On May 26, 2010, HT III received a license to operate as a SBIC under the SBIC program and is able to borrow funds from the SBA against eligible investments and additional contributions to regulatory capital. With the Company s net investment of \$50.0 million in HT III as of September 30, 2011, HT III has the capacity to issue a total of \$100.0 million of SBA guaranteed debentures, subject to SBA approval, of which \$63.75 million was outstanding as of September 30, 2011. As of September 30, 2011, HT III has paid commitment fees of approximately \$750,000. As of September 30, 2011, the Company held investments in HT III in 20 companies with a fair value of approximately \$92.4 million accounting for approximately 16.0% of our total portfolio at September 30, 2011.

There is no assurance that HT II or HT III will be able to draw up to the maximum limit available under the SBIC program.

SBICs are designed to stimulate the flow of private equity capital to eligible small businesses. Under present SBA regulations, eligible small businesses include businesses that have a tangible net worth not exceeding \$18 million and have average annual fully taxed net income not exceeding \$6.0 million for the two most recent fiscal years. In addition, SBICs must devote 25.0% of its investment activity to smaller concerns as defined by the SBA. A smaller concern is one that has a tangible net worth not exceeding \$6.0 million and has average annual fully taxed net income not exceeding \$2.0 million for the two most recent fiscal years. SBA regulations also provide alternative size standard criteria to determine eligibility, which depend on the industry in which the business is engaged and are based on such factors as the number of employees and gross sales. According to SBA regulations, SBICs may make long-term loans to small businesses, invest in the equity securities of such businesses and provide them with consulting and advisory services. Through its wholly-owned subsidiaries HT II and HT III, the Company plans to provide long-term loans to qualifying small businesses, and in connection therewith, make equity investments.

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HT II and HT III are periodically examined and audited by the SBA s staff to determine their compliance with SBA regulations. If HT II or HT III fails to comply with applicable SBA regulations, the SBA could, depending on the severity of the violation, limit or prohibit HT II s or HT III s use of debentures, declare outstanding debentures immediately due and payable, and/or limit HT II or HT III from making new investments. In addition, HT II or HT III may also be limited in their ability to make distributions to the Company if they do not have sufficient capital in accordance with SBA regulations. Such actions by the SBA would, in turn, negatively affect the Company because HT II and III are the Company s wholly owned subsidiaries. HT II and HT III were in compliance with the terms of the SBIC s leverage as of September 30, 2011 as a result of having sufficient capital as defined under the SBA regulations. As of September 30, 2011, HT III could draw up to \$36.25 million, respectively, of additional leverage from SBA.

The rates of borrowings under various draws from the SBA beginning in April 2007 are set semiannually in March and September and range from 2.88% to 5.73%. Interest payments on SBA debentures are payable semi-annually. There are no principal payments required on these issues prior to maturity and no prepayment penalties. Debentures under the SBA generally mature ten years after being borrowed. Based on the initial draw down date of April 2007, the initial maturity of SBA debentures will occur in April 2017. In addition, the SBA charges a fee that is set annually, depending on the Federal fiscal year the leverage commitment was delegated by the SBA, regardless of the date that the leverage was drawn by the SBIC. The annual fees related to HT II debentures that pooled on September 22, 2010 were 0.406% and 0.285%, depending upon the year the underlying commitment was closed in. The annual fee related to HT III debentures that pooled on September 21, 2011 was 0.285%. The annual fees on other debentures have been set at 0.906%. The average amount of debentures outstanding for the quarter ended September 30, 2011 for HT II was approximately \$125.0 million with an average interest rate of approximately 5.0%. The average amount of debentures outstanding for the quarter ended September 30, 2011 for HT III was approximately \$63.75 million with an average interest rate of approximately 3.5%.

# Wells Facility

On August 25, 2008, Hercules, through a special purpose wholly-owned subsidiary, Hercules Funding II, LLC, entered into a two-year revolving senior secured credit facility with an optional one-year extension with total commitments of \$50.0 million, with Wells Fargo Capital Finance as a lender and as an arranger and administrative agent (the Wells Facility). The Wells Facility has the capacity to increase to \$300.0 million if additional lenders are added to the syndicate. The Wells Facility expired in August 2011.

Borrowings under the Wells Facility will generally bear interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 3.25% or PRIME plus 2.0%, but not less than 5.0%. The Wells Facility is collateralized by debt investments in our portfolio companies, and includes an advance rate equal to 50% of eligible loans placed in the collateral pool. The Wells Facility generally requires payment of interest on a monthly basis. All outstanding principal is due upon maturity. We have paid a total of \$1.1 million in structuring fees in connection with the Wells Facility which has been amortized through August 2011.

The Wells Facility includes various financial and operating covenants applicable to the Company and its subsidiaries, in addition to those applicable to Hercules Funding II, LLC. These covenants require us to maintain certain financial ratios and a minimum tangible net worth in an amount, when added to outstanding Subordinated Indebtedness, that is in excess of \$314.0 million plus 90% of the cumulative amount of equity raised after March 31, 2011. In addition, the tangible net worth covenant will increase by 90 cents on the dollar for every dollar of equity capital subsequently raised by the Company. The Wells Facility provides for customary events of default, including, but not limited to, payment defaults, breach of representations or covenants, bankruptcy events and change of control. We were in compliance with all covenants at September 30, 2011.

On June 20, 2011, we renewed the Wells Facility. Under this three-year senior secured facility, Wells Fargo Capital Finance has made commitments of \$75.0 million. Borrowings under the facility will generally bear interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 3.50%, with a floor of 5.00% and an advance rate of 50% against eligible loans. The facility will be secured by loans in the borrowing base. The Wells Facility requires the

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monthly payment of a non-use fee of 0.3% for each payment date on or before September 1, 2011. The monthly payment of a non-use fee thereafter shall depend on the average balance that was outstanding on a scale between 0.0% and 0.75%. From September 1, 2011 through September 30, 2011, this non-use fee was 0.75%. The facility contains an accordion feature, in which we can increase the credit line up to an aggregate of \$300.0 million, funded by additional lenders and with the agreement of Wells Fargo Capital Finance and subject to other customary conditions. We expect to continue discussions with various other potential lenders to join the new facility; however, there can be no assurances that additional lenders will join the new credit facility. This new arrangement replaced the previous \$300.0 million Wells Facility under which Wells Fargo Capital Finance had committed \$50.0 million in capital. On June 20, 2011 we paid an additional \$1.1 million in structuring fees in connection with the Wells Facility which is being amortized through June 2014. There was no outstanding debt under the Wells Facility at September 30, 2011.

We anticipate incurring a non-use fee expense of approximately \$200,000 or \$0.005 per share per quarter until we borrow under the Wells Facility. In total, we expect the expense from the Convertible Senior Notes and facility fees to negatively impact earnings in the near term by approximately \$1.5 million or \$0.04 per quarter until any of the capital is deployed.

## Union Bank Facility

On February 10, 2010, we entered a \$20.0 million one-year revolving senior secured credit facility with Union Bank (the Union Bank Facility). Borrowings under the Union Bank Facility will generally bear interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 2.25% with a floor of 4.0%, an advance rate of 50% against eligible loans, and secured by loans in the borrowing base. The Union Bank Facility required the payment of a non-use fee of 0.25% annually. The Union Bank Facility is collateralized by debt investments in our portfolio companies, and includes an advance rate equal to 50.0% of eligible loans placed in the collateral pool. The Union Bank Facility generally requires payment of interest on a monthly basis. All outstanding principal is due upon maturity. In February 2011, the maturity date of the facility was extended from May 1, 2011 to July 31, 2011. Union Bank Facility provides for customary events of default, including, but not limited to, payment defaults, breach of representations or covenants, bankruptcy events and change of control. We were in compliance with all covenants at September 30, 2011.

On June 7, 2011, we entered into an amendment to the Union Bank Facility which extended the borrowing termination date to September 30, 2011. The amendment to the Union Bank Facility also amends the maturity date of Union Bank s \$20.0 million commitment to mean the earliest of: (a) December 31, 2011; (b) the date on which Union Bank s obligation to make loans is terminated and the obligations are declared to be due and payable or the commitment is terminated; or (c) the date of prepayment in full by the Company. There was no outstanding debt under the Union Bank Facility at September 30, 2011.

On November 2, 2011, we renewed and amended the Union Bank Facility. Union Bank and RBC Capital Markets have made commitments of \$30.0 million and \$25.0 million, respectively. The Union Bank Facility requires various financial and operating covenants. These covenants require us to maintain certain financial ratios and a minimum tangible net worth in an amount, when added to outstanding Subordinated Indebtedness, that is in excess of \$314.0 million plus 90% of the amount of net cash proceeds received from the sale of common stock after March 31, 2011. The Union Bank Facility will mature on November 2, 2014, approximately three years from the date of issuance, revolving through the first 24 months with a term out provision for the remaining 12 months. The Union Bank Facility requires the payment of a non-use fee of 0.50% annually. The other terms of the Union Bank Facility generally remain unchanged, including the stated interest rate. The Union Bank Facility contains an accordion feature, in which we can increase the credit line up to an aggregate of \$150.0 million, funded by additional lenders and with the agreement of Union Bank and subject to other customary conditions.

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#### Convertible Senior Notes

In April 2011, we issued \$75.0 million in aggregate principle amount of 6.00% convertible senior notes (the Convertible Senior Notes) due 2016. As of September 30, 2011, the carrying value of the Convertible Senior Notes, comprised of the aggregate principal amount outstanding less the unaccreted discount initially recorded upon issuance of the Convertible Senior Notes, is approximately \$70.1 million.

The Convertible Senior Notes mature on April 15, 2016 (the Maturity Date ), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The Convertible Senior Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.00% per year payable semiannually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, commencing on October 15, 2011. The Convertible Senior Notes are our senior unsecured obligations and rank senior in right of payment to our existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Convertible Senior Notes; equal in right of payment to our existing and future unsecured indebtedness that is not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

Prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding October 15, 2015, holders may convert their Convertible Senior Notes only under certain circumstances set forth in the Indenture. On or after October 15, 2015 until the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding the Maturity Date, holders may convert their Convertible Senior Notes at any time. Upon conversion, we will pay or deliver, as the case may be, at our election, cash, shares of its common stock or a combination of cash and shares of its common stock. The conversion rate will initially be 84.0972 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Senior Notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$11.89 per share of common stock). The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment in some events but will not be adjusted for any accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, if certain corporate events occur prior to the Maturity Date, the conversion rate will be increased for converting holders.

We may not redeem the Convertible Senior Notes prior to maturity. No sinking fund is provided for the Convertible Senior Notes. In addition, if certain corporate events occur, holders of the Convertible Senior Notes may require us to repurchase for cash all or part of their Convertible Senior Notes at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Senior Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest through, but excluding, the required repurchase date.

In accounting for the Convertible Senior Notes, we estimated that the values of the debt and the embedded conversion feature of the Convertible Senior Notes were approximately 92.8% and 7.2%, respectively. The original issue discount of 7.2% attributable to the conversion feature of the Convertible Senior Notes has initially be recorded in capital in excess of par value in the consolidated statement of assets and liabilities. As a result, we record interest expense comprised of both stated interest expense as well as accretion of the original issue discount resulting in an estimated effective interest rate of approximately 7.9%.

As of September 30, 2011, the components of the carrying value of the Convertible Senior Notes were as follows:

	As of September
(in thousands)	30, 2011
Principal amount of debt	\$ 75,000
Original issue discount, net of accretion	(4,918)
Carrying value of debt	\$ 70,082

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For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, the components of interest expense and cash paid for interest expense for the Convertible Senior Notes were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2011		Septer	nths Ended mber 30, 011
(in thousands)				
Stated interest expense	\$	1,125	\$	2,062
Accretion of original issue discount		270		496
Amortization of debt issuance cost		144		264
Total interest expense	\$	1,539	\$	2,822
Cash paid for interest expense	\$		\$	

As of September 30, 2011, we are in compliance with the terms of the indentures governing the Convertible Senior Notes. See Note 4 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 for more detail on the Convertible Senior Notes.

#### Citibank Credit Facility

We, through Hercules Funding Trust I, an affiliated statutory trust, had a securitized credit facility (the Citibank Credit Facility ) with Citigroup Global Markets Realty Corp. During the first quarter of 2009, we paid off all remaining principal and interest owed under the Citibank Credit Facility. Citigroup has an equity participation right through a warrant participation agreement on the pool of loans and warrants collateralized under the Citibank Credit Facility. Pursuant to the warrant participation agreement, we granted to Citigroup a 10% participation in all warrants held as collateral. However, no additional warrants were included in collateral subsequent to the facility amendment on May 2, 2007. As a result, Citigroup is entitled to 10% of the realized gains on the warrants until the realized gains paid to Citigroup pursuant to the agreement equal \$3,750,000 (the Maximum Participation Limit ). The obligations under the warrant participation agreement continue even after the Citibank Credit Facility is terminated until the Maximum Participation Limit has been reached. The value of their participation right on unrealized gains in the related equity investments was approximately \$727,000 as of September 30, 2011 and is included in accrued liabilities. There can be no assurances that the unrealized appreciation of the warrants will not be higher or lower in future periods due to fluctuations in the value of the warrants, thereby increasing or reducing the effect on the cost of borrowing. Since inception of the agreement, we have paid Citigroup approximately \$1.1 million under the warrant participation agreement thereby reducing its realized gains by this amount. We will continue to pay Citigroup under the warrant participation agreement until the Maximum Participation Limit is reached or the warrants expire.

## **Outstanding Borrowings**

At September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we had the following borrowing capacity and outstanding borrowings:

	Septemb	September 30, 2011		r 31, 2010
	Total Available	Carrying Value <sup>(1)</sup>	Total Available	Carrying Value <sup>(1)</sup>
Union Bank Facility	\$ 20,000	\$	\$ 20,000	\$
Wells Facility	75.000	φ	50,000	φ
Convertible Senior Notes <sup>(2)</sup>	75,000	70.082	50,000	
SBA Debenture <sup>(3)</sup>	225.000	188,750	225,000	170,000
SDA Decenture	223,000	166,730	223,000	170,000
Total	\$ 395,000	\$ 258,832	\$ 295,000	\$ 170,000

<sup>(1)</sup> Except for the Convertible Senior Notes (as defined above), all carrying values are the same as the principal amount outstanding.

- (2) Represents the aggregate principal amount outstanding of the Convertible Senior Notes (as defined above) less the unaccreted discount initially recorded upon issuance of the Convertible Notes. The total unaccreted discount for the Convertible Senior Notes was \$4,918 at September 30, 2011.
- (3) The Company has the ability to borrow an additional \$36.3 million subject to SBA approval and compliance with SBIC regulations for which they have received a commitment.

#### Dividends

The following table summarizes our dividends declared and paid or to be paid on all shares, including restricted stock, to date:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Amount P	er Share
October 27, 2005	November 1, 2005	November 17, 2005	\$	0.025
December 9, 2005	January 6, 2006	January 27, 2006		0.300
April 3, 2006	April 10, 2006	May 5, 2006		0.300
July 19, 2006	July 31, 2006	August 28, 2006		0.300
October 16, 2006	November 6, 2006	December 1, 2006		0.300
February 7, 2007	February 19, 2007	March 19, 2007		0.300
May 3, 2007	May 16, 2007	June 18, 2007		0.300
August 2, 2007	August 16, 2007	September 17, 2007		0.300
November 1, 2007	November 16, 2007	December 17, 2007		0.300
February 7, 2008	February 15, 2008	March 17, 2008		0.300
May 8, 2008	May 16, 2008	June 16, 2008		0.340
August 7, 2008	August 15, 2008	September 19, 2008		0.340
November 6, 2008	November 14, 2008	December 15, 2008		0.340
February 12, 2009	February 23, 2009	March 30, 2009		0.320*
May 7, 2009	May 15, 2009	June 15, 2009		0.300
August 6, 2009	August 14, 2009	September 14, 2009		0.300
October 15, 2009	October 20, 2009	November 23, 2009		0.300
December 16, 2009	December 24, 2009	December 30, 2009		0.040
February 11, 2010	February 19, 2010	March 19, 2010		0.200
May 3, 2010	May 12, 2010	June 18, 2010		0.200
August 2, 2010	August 12, 2010	September 17, 2010		0.200
November 4, 2010	November 10, 2010	December 17, 2010		0.200
March 1, 2011	March 10, 2011	March 24, 2011		0.220
May 5, 2011	May 11, 2011	June 23, 2011		0.220
August 4, 2011	August 15, 2011	September 15, 2011		0.220
November 3, 2011	November 14, 2011	November 29, 2011		0.220
			\$	6.685

On November 3, 2011, the Board of Directors announced a cash dividend of \$0.22 per share to be paid on November 29, 2011 to shareholders of record as of November 14, 2011. This dividend is the Company s twenty-fifth consecutive quarterly dividend declaration since its initial public offering, and will bring the total cumulative dividend declared to date to \$6.69 per share.

Our Board of Directors maintains a variable dividend policy with the objective of distributing four quarterly distributions in an amount that approximates 90 - 100% of our taxable quarterly income or potential annual income for a particular year. In addition, at the end of the year, we may also pay an additional special dividend or fifth dividend, such that we may distribute approximately all of our annual taxable income in the year it was earned, while maintaining the option to spill over our excess taxable income.

<sup>\*</sup> Dividend paid in cash and stock.

Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits would generally be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of the stockholder s tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as a capital gain. The determination of the tax attributes of our distributions is made annually as of the end of our fiscal year based upon our taxable income for the full year and distributions paid for the full year, therefore a determination made on a quarterly basis may not be representative of the tax attributes of our 2011 distributions to stockholders. If we had determined the tax attributes of our distributions year-to-date as of September 30, 2011, approximately 97% would be from ordinary income and spillover earnings from 2010, and 3% would be a return of capital.

We intend to distribute quarterly dividends to our stockholders. In order to avoid certain excise taxes imposed on RICs, we currently intend to distribute during each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98% of our ordinary income for the calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our capital gains in excess of capital losses for the one year period ending on October 31 of the calendar year, and (3) any ordinary income and net capital gains for the preceding year that were not distributed during such year. We will not be subject to excise taxes on amounts on which we are required to pay corporate income tax (such as retained net capital gains). In order to obtain the tax benefits applicable to RICs, we will be required to distribute to our stockholders with respect to each taxable year at least 90% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses.

We can offer no assurance that we will achieve results that will permit the payment of any cash distributions and, if we issue senior securities, we will be prohibited from making distributions if doing so causes us to fail to maintain the asset coverage ratios stipulated by the 1940 Act or if distributions are limited by the terms of any of our borrowings. See Regulation in the accompanying prospectus.

We maintain an opt-out dividend reinvestment plan for our common stockholders. As a result, if we declare a dividend, cash dividends will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock unless the stockholder specifically opts out of the dividend reinvestment plan and chooses to receive cash dividends. See Dividend Reinvestment Plan in the accompanying prospectus.

Our ability to make distributions will be limited by the asset coverage requirements under the 1940 Act.

## Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the period reported. On an ongoing basis, our management evaluates its estimates and assumptions, which are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Changes in our estimates and assumptions could materially impact our results of operations and financial condition.

*Valuation of Portfolio Investments.* The most significant estimate inherent in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements is the valuation of investments and the related amounts of unrealized appreciation and depreciation of investments recorded.

Our investments are carried at fair value in accordance with the 1940 Act and Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) topic 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, (formerly known as SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements). At September 30, 2011, approximately 83.7% of the Company s total assets represented investments in portfolio companies that are valued at fair value by the Board of Directors. Value, as defined in Section 2(a)(41) of the 1940 Act, is (i) the market price for those securities for which a market quotation is readily available and (ii) for all other securities and assets, fair value is as determined in good faith

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by the Board of Directors. Our debt securities are primarily invested in equity sponsored technology-related companies including life science, clean technology and select lower middle market technology companies. Given the nature of lending to these types of businesses, our investments in these portfolio companies are generally considered Level 3 assets under ASC 820 because there is no known or accessible market or market indexes for these investment securities to be traded or exchanged. As such, it values substantially all of its investments at fair value as determined in good faith pursuant to a consistent valuation policy and our Board of Directors in accordance with the provisions of ASC 820 and the 1940 Act. Due to the inherent uncertainty in determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments determined in good faith by our Board may differ significantly from the value that would have been used had a readily available market existed for such investments, and the differences could be material.

Our Board of Directors may from time to time engage an independent valuation firm to provide us with valuation assistance with respect to certain of our portfolio investments on a quarterly basis. We intend to continue to engage an independent valuation firm to provide us with assistance regarding our determination of the fair value of selected portfolio investments each quarter unless directed by the Board of Directors to cancel such valuation services. The scope of the services rendered by an independent valuation firm is at the discretion of the Board of Directors. Our Board of Directors is ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of our investments in good faith.

With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available or when such market quotations are deemed not to represent fair value, our Board of Directors has approved a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below:

- (1) our quarterly valuation process begins with each portfolio company or investment being initially valued by the investment professionals responsible for the portfolio investment;
- (2) preliminary valuation conclusions are then documented and discussed with our investment committee;
- (3) the valuation committee of the Board of Directors reviews the preliminary valuation of the investment committee and that of the independent valuation firm and responds to the valuation recommendation of the independent valuation firm to reflect any comments, if any, and
- (4) the Board of Directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith based on the input of, where applicable, the respective independent valuation firm and the valuation committee.

We adopted ASC 820 on January 1, 2008. ASC 820 establishes a framework for measuring the fair value of the assets and liabilities and outlines a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value and the effect of fair value measures on earnings. ASC 820 also enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements based on the level within the hierarchy of the information used in the valuation. ASC 820 applies whenever other standards require (or permit) assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value but does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

We have categorized all investments recorded at fair value in accordance with ASC 820 based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Hierarchical levels, defined by ASC 820 and directly related to the amount of subjectivity associated with the inputs to fair valuation of these assets and liabilities, are as follows:

Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets at the measurement date. The types of assets carried at Level 1 fair value generally are equities listed in active markets.

Level 2 Inputs (other than quoted prices included in Level 1) are either directly or indirectly observable for the asset in connection with market data at the measurement date and for the extent of the instrument s

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anticipated life. Fair valued assets that are generally included in this category are warrants held in a public company.

Level 3 Inputs reflect management s best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the asset at the measurement date. It includes prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable. Generally, assets carried at fair value and included in this category are the debt investments and warrants and equities held in a private company.

#### **Debt Investments**

We follow the guidance set forth in ASC 820 which establishes a framework for measuring the fair value of assets and liabilities and outlines a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value and the effect of fair value measures on earnings. Our debt securities are primarily invested in equity sponsored technology, life science and clean technology companies. Given the nature of lending to these types of businesses, our investments in these portfolio companies are considered Level 3 assets under ASC 820 because there is no known or accessible market or market indexes for these investment securities to be traded or exchanged.

We apply a procedure that assumes a sale of investment in a hypothetical market to a hypothetical market participant where buyers and sellers are willing participants. The hypothetical market does not include scenarios where the underlying security was simply repaid or extinguished, but includes an exit concept. Under this process, we also evaluate the collateral for recoverability of the debt investments as well as apply all of its historical fair value analysis. We use pricing on recently issued comparable debt securities to determine the baseline hypothetical market yields as of the measurement date. We consider each portfolio company s credit rating, security liens and other characteristics of the investment to adjust the baseline yield to derive a hypothetical yield for each investment as of the measurement date. The anticipated future cash flows from each investment are then discounted at the hypothetical yield to estimate each investment s fair value as of the measurement date.

Our process includes, among other things, the underlying investment performance, the current portfolio company s financial condition and market changing events that impact valuation, estimated remaining life, current market yield and interest rate spreads of similar securities as of the measurement date. If there is a significant deterioration of the credit quality of a debt investment, we may consider other factors than those a hypothetical market participant would use to estimate fair value, including the proceeds that would be received in a liquidation analysis.

We record unrealized depreciation on investments when it believes that an investment has decreased in value, including where collection of a loan is doubtful or if under the in exchange premise when the value of a debt security were to be less than amortized cost of the investment. Conversely, where appropriate, we record unrealized appreciation if we believe that the underlying portfolio company has appreciated in value and, therefore, that our investment has also appreciated in value or if under the in exchange premise the value of a debt security were to be greater than amortized cost.

When originating a debt instrument, we generally receive warrants or other equity-related securities from the borrower. We determine the cost basis of the warrants or other equity-related securities received based upon their respective fair values on the date of receipt in proportion to the total fair value of the debt and warrants or other equity-related securities received. Any resulting discount on the loan from recordation of the warrant or other equity instruments is accreted into interest income over the life of the loan.

## Equity-Related Securities and Warrants

Securities that are traded in the over-the-counter markets or on a stock exchange will be valued at the prevailing bid price at period end. We have a limited number of equity securities in public companies. In

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accordance with the 1940 Act, unrestricted publicly traded securities for which market quotations are readily available are valued at the closing market quote on the valuation date.

We estimate the fair value of warrants using a Black Scholes pricing model. At each reporting date, privately held warrant and equity related securities are valued based on an analysis of various factors including, but not limited to, the portfolio company s operating performance and financial condition and general market conditions, price to enterprise value or price to equity ratios, discounted cash flow, valuation comparisons to comparable public companies or other industry benchmarks. When an external event occurs, such as a purchase transaction, public offering, or subsequent equity sale, the pricing indicated by that external event is utilized to corroborate our valuation of the warrant and equity related. We periodically review the valuation of our portfolio companies that have not been involved in a qualifying external event to determine if the enterprise value of the portfolio company may have increased or decreased since the last valuation measurement date.

#### Income Recognition.

We record interest income on the accrual basis and we recognize it as earned in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. Original Issue Discount (OID) initially represents the value of detachable equity warrants obtained in conjunction with the acquisition of debt securities and is accreted into interest income over the term of the loan as a yield enhancement. When a loan becomes 90 days or more past due, or if management otherwise does not expect the portfolio company to be able to service its debt and other obligations, we will generally place the loan on non-accrual status and cease recognizing interest income on that loan until all principal has been paid. Any uncollected interest related to prior periods is reversed from income in the period that collection of the interest receivable is determined to be doubtful. However, we may make exceptions to this policy if the investment has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection. As of September 30, 2011, we had one portfolio company on non-accrual status with a fair value of zero. There were two loans on non-accrual status with a fair value of approximately \$4.0 million as of December 31, 2010. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 we wrote off our warrant, equity and debt investments in one of these portfolio companies for a realized loss of approximately \$5.2 million.

## Paid-In-Kind and End of Term Income.

Contractual paid-in-kind ( PIK ) interest, which represents contractually deferred interest added to the loan balance that is generally due at the end of the loan term, is generally recorded on the accrual basis to the extent such amounts are expected to be collected. We will generally cease accruing PIK interest if there is insufficient value to support the accrual or we do not expect the portfolio company to be able to pay all principal and interest due. In addition, we may also be entitled to an end-of-term payment that we amortize into income over the life of the loan. To maintain our status as a RIC, PIK and end-of-term income must be paid out to stockholders in the form of dividends even though we have not yet collected the cash. Amounts necessary to pay these dividends may come from available cash or the liquidation of certain investments. The Company recorded approximately \$285,000 and \$1.4 million in PIK income in the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively. The Company recorded approximately \$552,000 and \$1.7 million in the same periods ended September 30, 2010, respectively.

# Fee Income.

Fee income, generally collected in advance, includes loan commitment and facility fees for due diligence and structuring, as well as fees for transaction services and management services rendered by us to portfolio companies and other third parties. Loan and commitment fees are amortized into income over the contractual life of the loan. Management fees are generally recognized as income when the services are rendered. Loan origination fees are capitalized and then amortized into interest income using the effective interest rate method. In certain loan arrangements, warrants or other equity interests are received from the borrower as additional origination fees.

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We recognize nonrecurring fees amortized over the remaining term of the loan commencing in the quarter relating to specific loan modifications. Certain fees may still be recognized as one-time fees, including prepayment penalties, fees related to select covenant default waiver fees and acceleration of previously deferred loan fees and original issue discount (OID) related to early loan pay-off or material modification of the specific debt outstanding.

Equity Offering Expenses

Our offering costs, excluding underwriter s fees, are charged against the proceeds from equity offerings when received.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the related debt instrument using the straight line method, which closely approximates the effective yield method.

Stock-Based Compensation.

We have issued and may, from time to time, issue additional stock options and restricted stock to employees under our 2004 Equity Incentive Plan and Board members under our 2006 Equity Incentive Plan. We follow ASC 718, formally known as FAS 123R Share-Based Payments to account for stock options granted. Under ASC 718, compensation expense associated with stock-based compensation is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized.

Federal Income Taxes.

We intend to operate so as to qualify to be taxed as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code and, as such, will not be subject to federal income tax on the portion of our taxable income and gains distributed to stockholders. To qualify as a RIC, we are required to distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code. We are subject to a non-deductible federal excise tax if we do not distribute at least 98% of our taxable income and 98.2% of our capital gain net income for each one year period ending on October 31. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, no excise tax was recorded. At December 31, 2008, we recorded a liability for excise tax of approximately \$203,000 on income and capital gains of approximately \$5.0 million which was distributed in 2009. Because federal income tax regulations differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, distributions in accordance with tax regulations may differ from net investment income and realized gains recognized for financial reporting purposes. Differences may be permanent or temporary. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts in the financial statement to reflect their tax character. Temporary differences arise when certain items of income, expense, gain or loss are recognized at some time in the future. Differences in classification may also result from the treatment of short-term gains as ordinary income for tax purposes.

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-06, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ( ASU 2010-06 ), which amends ASC 820 and requires additional disclosure related to recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements with respect to transfers in and out of Levels 1 and 2 and activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. The update also clarifies existing disclosure requirements related to the level of disaggregation and disclosure about inputs and valuation techniques. ASU 2010-06 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2009 except for disclosures related to activity in Level 3 fair value measurements which are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010 and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company adopted the requirements of ASU-2010-06 in the fourth quarter of 2009 and its adoption did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

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In May 2011, the FASB issued *Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-04 Fair Value Measurement: Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRS,* or ASU 2011-04. ASU 2011-04 clarifies the application of existing fair value measurement and disclosure requirements, changes the application of some requirements for measuring fair value and requires additional disclosure for fair value measurements. The highest and best use valuation premise is only applicable to non-financial assets. In addition, the disclosure requirements are expanded to include for fair value measurements categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy: (1) a quantitative disclosure of the unobservable inputs and assumptions used in the measurement; (2) a description of the valuation processes in place; and (3) a narrative description of the sensitivity of the fair value to changes in unobservable inputs and interrelationships between those inputs. ASU 2011-04 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011, for public entities. We are evaluating the impact that our adoption of this update may have on our financial position or results of operations.

### Subsequent Events

#### Closed and Pending Commitments

As of November 3, 2011, we have closed commitments of approximately \$45.0 million to new and existing portfolio companies, and funded approximately \$30.0 million since the close of the third quarter. In addition, we have pending commitments (signed term sheets) of approximately \$129.0 million.

The table below summarizes our year-to-date closed and pending commitments as follows:

2011 Closed Commitments and Pending Commitments (in millions)	
January 1 September 30 Closed Commitments	\$ 465.0
Q4-11 Closed Commitments (as of November 3, 2011)	\$ 45.0
Total year to date 2011 Closed Commitments(a)	\$ 510.0
•	+
Pending Commitments (as November 3, 2011) <sup>(b)</sup>	\$ 129.0
Pending Commitments (as November 3, 2011) <sup>(b)</sup>	,

- A. Not all Closed Commitments result in future cash requirements. Commitments generally fund over the two succeeding quarters from close.
- B. Not all Pending Commitments (signed non-binding term sheets) are expected to close and do not necessarily represent any future cash requirements.

Portfolio Company Developments

In October 2011, Hercules portfolio company LaboPharm, Inc. was acquired by Paladin Labs resulting in the full repayment of Hercules debt of approximately \$12.0 million and the cancellation of the remaining warrants.

# Company Developments

In October 2011, Hercules announced the opening of its new office in McLean, Virginia, thereby expanding to the Mid-Atlantic and South-Atlantic regions where the Company was previously under represented.

On November 2, 2011, the Company renewed and amended the Union Bank Facility. The Union Bank Facility will mature on November 2, 2014, revolving through the first 24 months with a term out provision for the remaining 12 months. The Union Bank Facility requires the payment of a non-use fee of 0.50% annually. The other terms of the Union Bank Facility generally remain unchanged, including the stated interest rate.

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#### Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the quarter ended September 30, 2011, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including its Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of these disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e). Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer) have concluded our current disclosure controls and procedures were not effective in timely alerting them of material information relating to the Company that is required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as of September 30, 2011 because of the continuing remediation efforts discussed below.

## Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As described in the accompanying prospectus, management identified remedial steps that were implemented with respect to disclosed material weaknesses. In light of these material weaknesses, the Company refined its procedures to ensure its financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The status of the remediation efforts, as discussed below, was regularly reviewed with management and the Company s Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee was advised of issues encountered and key decisions reached by management relating to the remediation efforts. Accordingly, management believes that the financial statements included in this prospectus present fairly in all material respects the Company s financial condition, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

During the three month period ended December 31, 2010, and in connection with the year-end audit process, the Company corrected the valuation process to refine its application of ASC 820. The Company applied a new procedure that assumes a sale of an investment in a hypothetical market to a hypothetical market participant where buyers and sellers are willing participants. The hypothetical market does not include scenarios where the underlying security was simply repaid or extinguished, but includes an exit concept. Under the new process, the Company has continued to evaluate the collateral for recoverability of the debt investments as well as apply all of its historical fair value analysis. The Company uses pricing on recently issued comparable debt securities to determine the baseline hypothetical market yields as of the measurement date. The Company considers each portfolio company s credit rating, security liens and other characteristics of the investment to adjust the baseline yield to derive a hypothetical yield for each investment. The anticipated future cash flows from each investment are then discounted at the hypothetical yield to estimate each investment s fair value as of the measurement date. The Company has completed its evaluation and testing of these additional processes. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, management evaluated the remedial action, assessed the operating effectiveness of the remediated controls and concluded that it has remediated the material weakness described above.

In connection with the preparation of the Company s Consolidated Financial Statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2011, the Company identified a material weakness in its internal control over financial reporting. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the registrant s annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. In particular, management became aware of matters where existing controls did not operate effectively to detect manual input errors in calculations used to derive the fair value of some investment portfolio holdings as of the measurement date, thereby impacting reported amounts with respect to investments and net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation on investments. This control deficiency could result in misstatements of the aforementioned accounts and disclosures that would result in a material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements that would not be prevented or detected. Because of this material weakness, management concluded that the Company did not maintain effective control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2011. The Company designed and implemented its remediation efforts, as outlined below, to address the material weakness identified

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as of March 31, 2011 and to strengthen its internal control over financial reporting. Beginning in the second quarter of 2011, the Company has implemented the following remediation steps to address the material weakness as it relates to manual input errors in calculations used and to improve its internal control over financial reporting:

adding additional layers of review to ensure accuracy, existence and completeness of the number of equity security holdings as of the measurement date;

adding additional review steps, particularly surrounding any manually input data, in the calculations used to support the fair value of investments as of the measurement date; and

seeking to recruit additional experienced professionals to augment and upgrade its financial staff to address issues of timeliness and completeness in financial reporting.

As of September 30, 2011, management believes it has placed in operation controls to address the material weakness, however given the timing of certain remediation activities there was not sufficient evidence to conclude upon their sustained effectiveness. As a result, during 2011, management continued to monitor and test the controls that have been implemented to ensure sustained effectiveness and will further remediate should any evidence of ineffectiveness be found.

The Audit Committee has directed management to monitor and test the controls implemented and develop additional controls should any of these new controls require further enhancement. In addition, under the direction of the Audit Committee, management will continue to review and make necessary changes to the overall design of the Company s internal control environment, as well as policies and procedures to improve the overall effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

Management believes the measures described above and others that will be implemented as necessary will remediate the control deficiencies the Company has identified and strengthen its internal control over financial reporting. Management is committed to continuous improvement of the Company's internal control processes and will continue to diligently review the Company's financial reporting controls and procedures. As management continues to evaluate and work to improve internal control over financial reporting, the Company may determine to take additional measures to address control deficiencies or to determine to modify, or in appropriate circumstances not to complete, certain of the remediation measures described above.

# Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates. Interest rate risk is defined as the sensitivity of our current and future earnings to interest rate volatility, variability of spread relationships, the difference in re-pricing intervals between our assets and liabilities and the effect that interest rates may have on our cash flows. Changes in the general level of interest rates can affect our net investment income, which is the difference between the interest income earned on interest earning assets and our interest expense incurred in connection with our interest bearing debt and liabilities. Changes in interest rates can also affect, among other things, our ability to acquire and originate loans and securities and the value of our investment portfolio.

As of September 30, 2011, approximately 91.1% of our portfolio loans were at variable rates or variable rates with a floor and 8.9% of our loans were at fixed rates. Over time additional investments may be at variable rates. We do not currently engage in any hedging activities. However, we may, in the future, hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using standard hedging instruments such as futures, options, and forward contracts. While hedging activities may insulate us against changes in interest rates, they may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our borrowed funds and higher interest rates with respect to our portfolio of investments. Interest rates on our borrowings are based primarily on LIBOR. Borrowings under our SBA program are fixed at the ten year treasury rate every March and September for borrowings of the preceding six months. Borrowings under the program are charged interest based on ten year treasury rates plus a spread and the rates are generally set for a pool of debentures issued by the SBA in

six-month periods. The rates of borrowings under the various draws from the SBA beginning in April 2007 and set semiannually in March and September range from 2.88% to 5.73%. In addition, the SBA charges a fee that is set annually, depending on the Federal fiscal year the leverage commitment was delegated by the SBA, regardless of the date that the leverage was drawn by the SBIC. The annual fee related to HT III debentures that pooled on September 21, 2011 was 0.285%. The annual fees related to HT II debentures that pooled on September 22, 2010 were 0.406% and 0.285%, depending upon the year the underlying commitment was closed in. The annual fees on other debentures have been set at 0.906%. The average amount of debentures outstanding for the quarter ended September 30, 2011 for HT II was approximately \$125.0 million with an average interest rate of approximately 5.0%, and for HT III was approximately \$63.75 million with an average interest rate of approximately 3.5%. Interest is payable semiannually and there are no principal payments required on these issues prior to maturity. Debentures under the SBA generally mature ten years after being borrowed. Based on the initial draw down date of April 2007, the initial maturity of SBA debentures will occur in April 2017.

Borrowings under the Wells Facility will generally bear interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 3.50% with a floor of 5.0%. The Wells Facility is collateralized by debt investment in our portfolio companies, and includes an advance rate equal to 50% of eligible loans placed in the collateral pool. The Wells Facility generally requires payment of interest on a monthly basis. The Wells Facility requires the monthly payment of a non-use fee of 0.3% for each payment date on or before September 1, 2011. From September 1, 2011 through September 30, 2011, this non-use fee was 0.75%. The monthly payment of a non-use fee thereafter shall depend on the average balance that was outstanding on a scale between 0.0% and 0.75%. All outstanding principal is due upon maturity. There were no borrowings outstanding under this facility at September 30, 2011. The facility expires in June 2014.

Borrowings under the Union Bank Facility will generally bear interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 2.25% with a floor of 4.0%. The Union Bank Facility required the payment of an unused fee of 0.25% annually. The Union Bank Facility is collateralized by debt investments in our portfolio companies, and includes an advance rate equal to 50% of eligible loans placed in the collateral pool. The Union Bank Facility generally requires payment of interest on a monthly basis. All outstanding principal is due upon maturity. There were no outstanding borrowings under this facility at September 30, 2011. In June 2011, the maturity date under the credit facility was extended from July 31, 2011 to December 31, 2011, subject to the same terms and conditions. On November 2, 2011, we renewed and amended the Union Bank Facility. The Union Bank Facility requires the payment of a non-use fee of 0.50% annually. The other terms of the Union Bank Facility generally remain unchanged, including the stated interest rate. The Union Bank Facility will mature on November 2, 2014, revolving through the first 24 months with a term out provision for the remaining 12 months.

Borrowings under the Convertible Senior Notes mature on April 15, 2016 (the Maturity Date), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The Convertible Senior Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.00% per year payable semiannually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, commencing on October 15, 2011. The Convertible Senior Notes are our senior unsecured obligations and rank senior in right of payment to the our existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Convertible Senior Notes; equal in right of payment to our existing and future unsecured indebtedness that is not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

Because we currently borrow, and plan to borrow in the future, money to make investments, our net investment income is dependent upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we invest the funds borrowed. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income. In periods of rising interest rates, our cost of funds would increase, which could reduce our net investment income if there is not a corresponding increase in interest income generated by variable rate assets in our investment portfolio.

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#### UNDERWRITING

Under the terms and subject to the conditions contained in an underwriting agreement dated January 12, 2012, we have agreed to sell to Citigroup Global Markets Inc., the sole underwriter, and Citigroup Global Markets Inc. has agreed to purchase 5,000,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$ per share.

The underwriting agreement provides that the underwriter is obligated to purchase all of the shares of common stock in the offering if any are purchased, other than those shares covered by the over-allotment option described below subject to certain conditions precedent.

The underwriter proposes to offer the shares of common stock offered hereby from time to time for sale in one or more transactions on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, in the over-the-counter-market, through negotiated transactions or otherwise at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices, subject to receipt and acceptance by the underwriter and subject to the underwriter s right to reject any order in whole or in part. The underwriter may effect such transactions by selling the shares of common stock to or through dealers and such dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the underwriter and/or purchasers of shares of common stock for whom they may act as agents or to whom they may sell as principal. The difference between the price at which the underwriter purchases shares and the price at which the underwriter resells such shares, which may include a commission equivalent of up to \$0.05 per share, may be deemed underwriting compensation.

We have granted to the underwriter a 30-day option to purchase on a pro rata basis up to 750,000 additional shares at a price of \$ per share. The option may be exercised only to cover any over allotments of common stock.

We expect that our expenses for this offering will be approximately \$300,000.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriter against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, or contribute to payments that the underwriter may be required to make in that respect.

We have agreed that we will not directly or indirectly sell, offer to sell, enter into any agreement to sell, or otherwise dispose of, any equity or equity related securities of the Company or securities convertible into such securities, without the prior written consent of Citigroup Global Markets Inc. for a period of 45 days after the date of this prospectus, except issuances of common stock pursuant to any employee or director compensation, dividend reinvestment, savings, or benefit plan, or distributions to the Company s directors upon that individual s election to receive shares of the company s common stock in lieu of a cash retainer. However, in the event that either (1) during the last 17 days of the lock-up period, we release earnings results or material news or a material event relating to us occurs or (2) prior to the expiration of the lock-up period, we announce that we will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the lock-up period, then in either case the expiration of the lock-up will be extended until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the date of the release of the earnings results or the occurrence of the material news or event, as applicable.

Our directors and senior executive officers have agreed that during the 45 days after the date of this prospectus supplement, subject to certain exceptions, they will not, without the prior written consent of Citigroup Global Markets Inc., offer to sell, contract to sell, or otherwise sell, dispose of, loan, pledge or grant any rights with respect to (collectively, a Disposition), any shares of our common stock, any options or warrants to purchase any shares of our common stock or any securities convertible into or redeemable or exchangeable for shares of our common stock now owned or hereafter acquired directly by such person or with respect to which such person has or hereafter acquires the power of disposition. The foregoing restriction has been expressly agreed to preclude the holder of such securities from engaging in any hedging or other transaction which is designed to or reasonably expected to lead to or result in a Disposition of securities during the lock-up period, even if such securities would be disposed of by someone other than the holder. Such prohibited hedging or other transactions would include, without limitation, any short sale (whether or not against the box) or any purchase, sale or grant of any right (including, without limitation,

any put or call option) with respect to any securities. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if (i) during the last 17 days of the lock-up period, the Company issues an earnings release or material news or a material event relating to the Company occurs or (ii) prior to the expiration of the lock-up period, the Company announces that it will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the lock-up period, the foregoing restrictions shall continue to apply until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the occurrence of the material news or material event. These lock-up agreements will cover approximately 4,395,963 shares of our outstanding common stock and shares underlying warrants in the aggregate. These agreements will not cover shares acquired in connection with the participation in the Company s dividend reinvestment plan, shares acquired upon the exercise of stock options pursuant to the Company s stock option plan, pledges of securities in connection with their purchase upon the exercise of employee stock options following termination of employment with the Company, the sale of shares in connection with net issuances of shares to satisfy tax withholding obligations related to the vesting of shares of restricted stock or the exercise of stock options to purchase shares of the Company s common stock that were granted pursuant to the Company s equity compensation plans, or the exercise or conversion of any security into shares of our common stock so long as the shares received remain subject to the lock-up. The agreements also exclude dispositions (i) as a bona fide gift or gifts, (ii) as a distribution to partners or shareholders of such person (or in the case of a trust, to the beneficiaries thereof), (iii) to any corporation controlled by the transferor, (iv) to any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the transferor or their immediate family, provided that such transfer does not involve a disposition for value other than for the benefit of the transferor s immediate family, and (v) charitable dispositions of securities that do not involve a disposition for value, provided that in each case (i)-(v) the recipient agrees in writing to be bound by the restrictions of the lock-up. Citigroup Global Markets Inc. may, in its sole discretion, allow any of these parties to dispose of common stock or other securities prior to the expiration of the 45 day period. There are, however, no agreements between Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and the parties that would allow them to do so as of the date of this prospectus supplement.

The underwriter does not intend to confirm sales to any account over which it exercises discretionary authority.

Until the distribution of the common stock is completed, rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission may limit the ability of the underwriter and certain selling group members to bid for and purchase the common stock. As an exception to these rules, the underwriter is permitted to engage in certain transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of the common stock.

In connection with this offering, the underwriter may engage in stabilizing transactions, over-allotment transactions, syndicate covering transactions, penalty and market making bids in accordance with Regulation M under the Securities Act of 1934.

Stabilizing transactions permit bids to purchase the underlying security so long as the stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum.

Over-allotment transactions involve sales by the underwriter of the shares of common stock in excess of the number of shares the underwriter is obligated to purchase, which creates a syndicate short position. The short position may be either a covered short position or a naked short position. In a covered short position, the number of shares over-allotted by the underwriters is not greater than the number of shares that they may purchase in the over allotment option. In a naked short position, the number of shares involved is greater than the number of shares in the over allotment option. The underwriters may close out any covered short position by either exercising its over allotment option and/or purchasing shares in the open market.

Syndicate covering transactions involve purchases of the shares of common stock in the open market after the distribution has been completed in order to cover syndicate short positions. In determining the source of shares to close out the short position, the underwriter will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which it may purchase shares through the over allotment option. If the underwriter sells more shares than could be

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covered by the over allotment option, a naked short position, the position can only be closed out by buying shares in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there could be downward pressure on the price of the shares in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering.

Penalty bids permit representatives to reclaim a selling concession from a syndicate member when the shares of common stock originally sold by the syndicate member are purchased in a stabilizing or syndicate covering transaction to cover syndicate short positions.

In passive market making, market makers in the common stock who are underwriters or prospective underwriters may, subject to limitations, make bids for or purchases of our common stock until the time, if any, at which a stabilizing bid is made.

These stabilizing transactions, syndicate covering transactions and penalty bids may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of our common stock or preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the common stock. As a result the price of our common stock may be higher than the price that might otherwise exist in the open market. These transactions may be effected on the NASDAQ Global Select Market or otherwise and, if commenced may be discontinued at any time.

The underwriter will deliver an accompanying prospectus and prospectus supplement to all purchasers of shares of common stock in the short sales. The purchases of shares of common stock in short sales are entitled to the same remedies under the federal securities laws as any other purchaser of shares of common stock covered by this prospectus supplement.

The underwriter is not obligated to engage in any of the transactions described above. If it does engage in any of these transactions, it may discontinue them at any time.

### Notice to Prospective Investors in the European Economic Area

In relation to each member state of the European Economic Area that has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a relevant member state), with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that relevant member state (the relevant implementation date), an offer of shares described in this prospectus supplement may not be made to the public in that relevant member state other than:

to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;

to fewer than 100 or, if the relevant member state has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive), as permitted under the Prospectus Directive, subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by us for any such offer; or

in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive, provided that no such offer of shares shall require us or any underwriter to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

For purposes of this provision, the expression an offer of securities to the public in any relevant member state means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the shares to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the shares, as the expression may be varied in that member state by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that member state, and the expression Prospectus Directive means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the relevant member state) and includes any relevant implementing measure in the relevant member state. The expression 2010 PD Amending Directive means Directive 2010/73/EU.

The sellers of the shares have not authorized and do not authorize the making of any offer of shares through any financial intermediary on their behalf, other than offers made by the underwriter with a view to the final

placement of the shares as contemplated in this prospectus supplement. Accordingly, no purchaser of the shares, other than the underwriter, is authorized to make any further offer of the shares on behalf of the sellers or the underwriter.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are only being distributed to, and is only directed at, persons in the United Kingdom that are qualified investors within the meaning of Article 2(1)(e) of the Prospectus Directive that are also (i) investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (the Order) or (ii) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated, falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order (each such person being referred to as a relevant person). This prospectus supplement and its contents are confidential and should not be distributed, published or reproduced (in whole or in part) or disclosed by recipients to any other persons in the United Kingdom. Any person in the United Kingdom that is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this document or any of its contents.

## Notice to Prospective Investors in the United Kingdom

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are only being distributed to, and is only directed at, persons in the United Kingdom that are qualified investors within the meaning of Article 2(1)(e) of the Prospectus Directive that are also (i) investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (the Order) or (ii) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated, falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order (each such person being referred to as a relevant person). This prospectus supplement and its contents are confidential and should not be distributed, published or reproduced (in whole or in part) or disclosed by recipients to any other persons in the United Kingdom. Any person in the United Kingdom that is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this document or any of its contents.

# **Notice to Prospective Investors in France**

Neither this prospectus supplement nor any other offering material relating to the shares described in this prospectus supplement has been submitted to the clearance procedures of the *Autorité des Marchés Financiers* or of the competent authority of another member state of the European Economic Area and notified to the *Autorité des Marchés Financiers*. The shares have not been offered or sold and will not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, to the public in France. Neither this prospectus supplement nor any other offering material relating to the shares has been or will be:

released, issued, distributed or caused to be released, issued or distributed to the public in France; or

used in connection with any offer for subscription or sale of the shares to the public in France. Such offers, sales and distributions will be made in France only:

to qualified investors (*investisseurs qualifiés*) and/or to a restricted circle of investors (*cercle restreint d investisseurs*), in each case investing for their own account, all as defined in, and in accordance with articles L.411-2, D.411-1, D.411-2, D.734-1, D.744-1, D.754-1 and D.764-1 of the French *Code monétaire et financier*;

to investment services providers authorized to engage in portfolio management on behalf of third parties; or

in a transaction that, in accordance with article L.411-2-II-1°-or-2°-or 3° of the French *Code monétaire et financier* and article 211-2 of the General Regulations (*Règlement Général*) of the *Autorité des Marchés Financiers*, does not constitute a public offer (*appel public à l éparene*).

The shares may be resold directly or indirectly, only in compliance with articles L.411-1, L.411-2, L.412-1 and L.621-8 through L.621-8-3 of the French *Code monétaire et financier*.

# Notice to Prospective Investors in Hong Kong

The shares may not be offered or sold in Hong Kong by means of any document other than (i) in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32, Laws of Hong Kong), or (ii) to professional investors within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder, or (iii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a prospectus within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32, Laws of Hong Kong) and no advertisement, invitation or document relating to the shares may be issued or may be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue (in each case whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere), which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to shares which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to professional investors within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder.

## **Notice to Prospective Investors in Singapore**

This prospectus supplement has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus supplement and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the shares may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the shares be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the SFA), (ii) to a relevant person pursuant to Section 275(1), or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA, in each case subject to compliance with conditions set forth in the SFA.

Where the shares are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is:

a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or

a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor,

shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or the beneficiaries rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the shares pursuant to an offer made under Section 275 of the SFA except:

to an institutional investor (for corporations, under Section 274 of the SFA) or to a relevant person defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA, or to any person pursuant to an offer that is made on terms that such shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or such rights and interest in that trust are acquired at a consideration of not less than S\$200,000 (or its equivalent in a foreign currency) for each transaction, whether such amount is to be paid for in cash or by exchange of securities or other assets, and further for corporations, in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA;

where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer; or

where the transfer is by operation of law.

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## Notice to Prospective Investors in Australia

No prospectus or other disclosure document (as defined in the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) of Australia ( Corporations Act )) in relation to the common stock has been or will be lodged with the Australian Securities & Investments Commission ( ASIC ). This document has not been lodged with ASIC and is only directed to certain categories of exempt persons. Accordingly, if you receive this document in Australia:

- (a) you confirm and warrant that you are either:
  - (i) a sophisticated investor under section 708(8)(a) or (b) of the Corporations Act;
  - (ii) a sophisticated investor under section 708(8)(c) or (d) of the Corporations Act and that you have provided an accountant s certificate to us which complies with the requirements of section 708(8)(c)(i) or (ii) of the Corporations Act and related regulations before the offer has been made;
  - (iii) a person associated with the company under section 708(12) of the Corporations Act; or
  - (iv) a professional investor within the meaning of section 708(11)(a) or (b) of the Corporations Act, and to the extent that you are unable to confirm or warrant that you are an exempt sophisticated investor, associated person or professional investor under the Corporations Act any offer made to you under this document is void and incapable of acceptance; and
- (b) you warrant and agree that you will not offer any of the common stock for resale in Australia within 12 months of that common stock being issued unless any such resale offer is exempt from the requirement to issue a disclosure document under section 708 of the Corporations Act.

Our common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the trading symbol HTGC.

In the ordinary course of its businesses, the underwriter and/or its affiliates have in the past performed, and many continue to perform, investment banking, broker dealer, lending, financial advisory or other services for us for which they have received, or may receive, customary compensation. We had a securitized credit facility (the Citibank Credit Facility ) with Citigroup Global Markets Realty Corp., an affiliate of the underwriter, which expired under the normal terms and was paid off during the first quarter of 2009. Citigroup Global Markets Realty Corp. has an equity participation right on the warrants that collateralized the Citibank Credit Facility. For a more detailed discussion of the warrant participation agreement, see Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Citibank Credit Facility and the discussion set forth under Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this prospectus supplement.

The principal address of Citigroup Global Markets Inc. is Brooklyn Army Terminal, 140 58th Street, Brooklyn, NY 11220.

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#### LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters with respect to the validity of the shares of common stock we are offering will be passed upon for us by Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP, Washington, D.C. Certain legal matters related to the offering will be passed upon for the underwriter by Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP, New York, NY.

### INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The financial statements as of December 31, 2010 and for the year ended December 31, 2010, included in this prospectus, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report (which contains an adverse opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting) appearing herein.

Certain of our audited consolidated financial statements included in this prospectus have been so included in reliance upon the report of Ernst & Young LLP, our former independent registered public accountants. Ernst & Young LLP s principal business address is 560 Mission Street, San Francisco, CA 94105.

### CHANGE IN INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

On September 9, 2010, we dismissed Ernst & Young LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm. During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 and through September 9, 2010, there were no disagreements between us and Ernst & Young LLP with respect to any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure or auditing scope or procedure, which disagreements, if not resolved to the satisfaction of Ernst & Young LLP, would have caused it to make reference to the subject matter of such disagreements in its reports on the financial statements for such years. Nor were there any reportable events as such term is described in Item 304(a)(1)(v) of Regulation S-K, promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

On September 9, 2010, we engaged PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as our new independent registered public accounting firm to audit our consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010. During the two most recent fiscal years and through September 9, 2010, the date of the engagement of PricewaterhouseCoopers, neither the Company nor any person on its behalf has consulted with PricewaterhouseCoopers with respect to either (i) the application of accounting principles to a specified transaction, either completed or proposed, or the type of audit opinion that might be rendered on the Company s consolidated financial statements or (ii) any matter that was either the subject of a disagreement or a reportable event as such terms are described in Items 304(a)(1)(iv) or 304(a)(1)(v), respectively, of Regulation S-K promulgated under the Exchange Act. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP s principal business address is 300 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10017.

# AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to our shares of common stock offered by this prospectus supplement. The registration statement contains additional information about us and our shares of common stock being offered by this prospectus supplement.

We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC s website at <a href="https://www.sec.gov">www.sec.gov</a>. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: <a href="mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov">publicinfo@sec.gov</a>, or by writing the SEC s Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549.

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# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(unaudited)

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Assets	•	otember 30, 2011 naudited)	Dec	cember 31, 2010
Investments:				
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments (cost of \$572,558 and \$445,782, respectively)	\$	573,494	\$	428,782
Affiliate investments (cost of \$3,236 and \$2,880, respectively)	Ψ	0,0,0,	Ψ	3,069
Control investments (cost of \$11,611 and \$31,743, respectively)		2,983		40,181
contact investments (cost of \$11,011 and \$21,7 to, respectively)		2,,, 00		.0,101
Total investments, at value (cost of \$587,405 and \$480,405, respectively)		576,477		472,032
Cash and cash equivalents		96,309		107,014
Interest receivable		4,667		4,520
Other assets		11,184		7,681
Other dissets		11,101		7,001
Total assets	\$	688,637	\$	591,247
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	7,755	\$	8,716
Long-term SBA Debentures		188,750		170,000
Long-term Liabilities (Convertible Debt)		70,082		
Total liabilities		266,587		178,716
Net assets consist of:				
Common stock, par value		43		43
Capital in excess of par value		486,557		477,549
Unrealized depreciation on investments		(10,861)		(8,038)
Accumulated realized losses on investments		(47,604)		(51,033)
Distributions in excess of investment income		(6,085)		(5,990)
Total net assets	\$	422,050	\$	412,531
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	688,637	\$	591,247
Shares of common stock outstanding (\$0.001 par value, 100,000,000 authorized)		43,908		43,444
Net asset value per share	\$	9.61	\$	9.50
Control of the Contro	Ψ	7.01	Ψ	7.50

See notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

# HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

# **September 30, 2011**

# (unaudited)

# (dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Type of Investment(1)	Principal Amount	Cost(2)	Value <sup>(3)</sup>
Acceleron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Drug Discovery	Preferred Stock Warrants	1211104111	\$ 69	\$ 878
	,	Preferred Stock Warrants		35	186
		Preferred Stock Warrants		39	85
		Preferred Stock		1,341	2,473
Total Acceleron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.				1,484	3,622
Anthera Pharmaceuticals Inc.	Drug Discovery	Senior Debt			
		Matures September 2014			
		Interest rate Prime + 7.3% or			
		Floor rate of 10.55%	\$ 25,000	24,269	25,019
		Common Stock Warrants		541	378
Total Anthera Pharmaceuticals Inc.		Common Stock Warrants		443	308
				25,253	25,705
Aveo Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Drug Discovery	Senior Debt			
		Matures June 2014			
		Interest rate Prime + 7.15% or			
		Floor rate of 11.9%	\$ 25,000	26,554	27,304
		Common Stock	\$ 25,000	842	2,583
		Common Block		0.2	2,000
Total Aveo Pharmaceuticals, Inc.				27,396	29,887
Dicerna Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Drug Discovery	Senior Debt			
		Matures January 2015			
		Interest rate Prime + 5.75% or			
		Floor rate of 10.15%	\$ 7,000	6,986	6,986
		Preferred Stock Warrants		206	90
		Preferred Stock Warrants		31	26
		Preferred Stock Warrants		28	15
		Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock		187 502	143 439
		I ICICIICU SIUCK		302	439
Total Dicerna Pharmaceuticals, Inc.				7,940	7,699

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EpiCept Corporation <sup>(5)</sup>	Drug Discovery	Common Stock Warrants	4	13
Total EpiCept Corporation			4	13
Horizon Therapeutics, Inc.	Drug Discovery	Common Stock Warrants	231	1
1	,			
Total Horizon Therapeutics, Inc.			231	1
Inotek Pharmaceuticals Corp.	Drug Discovery	Preferred Stock	1,500	
Total Inotek Pharmaceuticals Corp.			1,500	
Merrimack Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Drug Discovery	Preferred Stock Warrants	155	1,115
		Preferred Stock	2,000	3,825
Total Merrimack Pharmaceuticals, Inc.			2,155	4,940
Paratek Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Drug Discovery	Preferred Stock Warrants	137	140
		Preferred Stock	1,000	1,348
Total Paratek Pharmaceuticals, Inc.			1,137	1,488

See notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

# HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

# **September 30, 2011**

# (unaudited)

# (dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Type of Investment <sup>(1)</sup>	incipal mount	Cost <sup>(2)</sup>	Value <sup>(3)</sup>
PolyMedix, Inc.	Drug Discovery	Senior Debt			
		Matures September 2013			
		Interest rate Prime + 7.1% or			
		Floor rate of 12.35%	\$ 7,611	\$ 7,394	\$ 7,546
		Common Stock Warrants		480	78
Total PolyMedix, Inc.				7,874	7,624
Portola Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Drug Discovery	Preferred Stock Warrants		152	285
Total Portola Pharmaceuticals, Inc.				152	285
Total Drug Discovery (19.25%)*				75,126	81,264
Affinity Videonet, Inc.	Communications & Networking	Preferred Stock Warrants		102	149
Total Affinity Videonet, Inc.				102	149
E-band Communications, Corp. (6)	Communications & Networking	Convertible Senior Debt			
		Matures May 2013			
		Interest rate Fixed 6.00%	\$ 356	356	
		Preferred Stock		2,880	
Total E-Band Communications, Corp.				3,236	
IKANO Communications, Inc.	Communications & Networking	Preferred Stock Warrants		45	
	co i termoraning	Preferred Stock Warrants		72	
Total IKANO Communications, Inc.				117	
Intelepeer, Inc.	Communications & Networking	Senior Debt			
		Matures May 2013			
		Interest rate Prime + 8.12% or			
		Floor rate of 11.37%	\$ 6,524	6,509	6,640
		Senior Debt	\$ 1,100	998	998

Matures May 2012

		Interest rate Prime + 4.25%			
		Preferred Stock Warrants		102	123
Total Intelepeer, Inc.				7,609	7,761
Neonova Holding Company	Communications & Networking	Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock		94 250	21 197
Total Neonova Holding Company				344	218
Pac-West Telecomm, Inc.	Communications & Networking	Senior Debt			
		Matures October 2014			
		Interest rate Prime + 7.50% or			
		Floor rate of 12.00%	\$ 4,369	4,164	4,164
		Preferred Stock Warrants		121	
Total Pac-West Telecomm, Inc.				4,285	4,164
PeerApp, Inc.	Communications & Networking	Senior Debt			
		Matures April 2013			
		Interest rate Prime + 7.5% or			
		Floor rate of 11.50%	\$ 2,072	2,091	2,112
		Preferred Stock Warrants		61	91
Total PeerApp, Inc.(5)				2,152	2,203

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

# $CONSOLIDATED\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ INVESTMENTS\ \ (Continued)$

## September 30, 2011

## (unaudited)

### (dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Type of Investment <sup>(1)</sup>	Principal Amount	Cost <sup>(2)</sup>	Value <sup>(3)</sup>
Peerless Network, Inc.	Communications				
	& Networking	Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock		\$ 95 1,000	\$ 187 2,370
		Fleterieu Stock		1,000	2,370
Total Peerless Network, Inc.				1,095	2,557
Ping Identity Corporation	Communications & Networking	Preferred Stock Warrants		52	410
	δ				
Total Ping Identity Corporation				52	410
PointOne, Inc.	Communications & Networking	Senior Debt			
		Matures April 2013			
		Interest rate Libor + 9.0% or			
		Floor rate of 11.50%	\$ 8,375	8,153	8,153
	Communications & Networking	Common Stock Warrants		131	194
Total PointOne, Inc.				8,284	8,347
Purcell Systems, Inc.	Communications & Networking	Preferred Stock Warrants		123	89
Total Purcell Systems, Inc.				123	89
				123	09
Seven Networks, Inc.	Communications & Networking	Preferred Stock Warrants		174	
Total Seven Networks, Inc.				174	
Stoke, Inc <sup>(4)</sup>	Communications & Networking	Senior Debt			
	C	Matures May 2013			
		Interest rate Prime + 7.0% or			
		Floor rate of 10.25%	\$ 3,051	2,995	3,025
		Preferred Stock Warrants		53	68
		Preferred Stock Warrants		65	54
		Preferred Stock		500	500
Total Stoke, Inc.				3,613	3,647

Tectura Corporation	Communications & Networking	Senior Debt			
		Matures December 2012			
		Interest rate 11%	\$ 8,125	9,324	9,209
		Revolving Line of Credit			
		Matures July 2012			
		Interest rate 11%,			
		PIK interest 1.00%	\$ 17,207	17,332	17,332
		Preferred Stock Warrants		51	33
Total Tectura Corporation				26,707	26,574
Total Communications & Networking					
(13.30%)*				57,893	56,119
Atrenta, Inc.	Software	Preferred Stock Warrants		102	368
		Preferred Stock Warrants		34	121
		Preferred Stock Warrants		95	174
		Preferred Stock		250	375
Total Atrenta, Inc.				481	1,038
Blurb, Inc.	Software	Preferred Stock Warrants		25	403
·		Preferred Stock Warrants		298	400
Total Blurb, Inc.				323	803

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

# $CONSOLIDATED\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ INVESTMENTS\ \ (Continued)$

## **September 30, 2011**

## (unaudited)

### (dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Type of Investment <sup>(1)</sup>	Principal Amount	Cost <sup>(2)</sup>	Value <sup>(3)</sup>
Braxton Technologies, LLC.	Software	Preferred Stock Warrants		\$ 188	\$
Total Braxton Technologies, LLC.				188	
Bullhorn, Inc.	Software	Preferred Stock Warrants		43	188
Total Bullhorn, Inc.				43	188
Central Desktop, Inc.	Software	Senior Debt			
		Matures April 2014			
		Interest rate Prime + 6.75% or			
		Floor rate of 10.50%	\$ 3,000	2,872	2,872
		Preferred Stock Warrants		108	299
Total Central Desktop, Inc.	9.0			2,980	3,171
Clickfox, Inc.	Software	Senior Debt Matures July 2013			
		Windies July 2013			
		Interest rate Prime + 6.00% or			
		Floor rate of 11.25%	\$ 4,565	4,462	4,553
		Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants		177 152	327 296
		Tierened Stock Warrants		132	270
Total Clickfox, Inc.				4,791	5,176
Forescout Technologies, Inc.	Software	Preferred Stock Warrants		99	47
ر ب					
Total Forescout Technologies, Inc.				99	47
GameLogic, Inc.	Software	Preferred Stock Warrants		92	
Total GameLogic, Inc.				92	
HighRoads, Inc.	Software	Preferred Stock Warrants		44	7
Total HighRoads, Inc.				44	7
Kxen, Inc.	Software	Senior Debt	\$ 3,000	2,938	2,938
		Matures January 2015			

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		Interest rate Prime + 5.08% or			
		El			
		Floor rate of 8.33% Preferred Stock Warrants		47	29
		Treferred Stock Warrants		77	2)
Total Kxen, Inc.				2,985	2,967
RichRelevance, Inc.	Software	Senior Debt			
		Matures January 2015			
		Interest rate Prime + 3.25% or			
		Floor rate of 7.50%	\$ 5,000	4,857	4,857
		Preferred Stock Warrants		98	23
Total RichRelevance, Inc.				4,955	4,880
Rockyou, Inc.	Software	Preferred Stock Warrants		117	7
m . I D . I . I				117	-
Total Rockyou, Inc.				117	7
Sportvision, Inc.	Software	Preferred Stock Warrants		39	
Total Sportvision, Inc.				39	
SugarSync Inc.	Software	Senior Debt			
		Matures April 2015			
		Interest rate Prime + 4.50% or			
		Floor rate of 8.25%	\$ 2,000	1,946	1,946
		Preferred Stock Warrants	φ 2,000	78	77
		Total Stock Walland		, ,	, ,
Total SugarSync Inc.				2,024	2,023
-					

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## **September 30, 2011**

## (unaudited)

### (dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Type of Investment <sup>(1)</sup>		incipal mount	Cost <sup>(2)</sup>	Value <sup>(3)</sup>
Unify Corporation	Software	Common Stock Warrants	A	Hount	\$ 1,434	\$ 332
Chiry Corporation	Software	Common Stock Warrants			φ 1,τ5τ	ψ 332
Total Unify Corporation					1,434	332
White Sky, Inc.	Software	Senior Debt				
		Matures June 2014				
		Interest rate Prime + 7.00% or				
		Floor rate of 10.25%	\$	1,500	1,443	1,443
	Software	Preferred Stock Warrants			54	1
Total White Sky, Inc.					1,497	1,444
WildTangent, Inc.	Software	Preferred Stock Warrants			238	11
Total WildTangent, Inc.					238	11
Total Software (5.23%)*					22,330	22,094
Luminus Devices, Inc.	Electronics & Computer Hardware	Preferred Stock Warrants			183	
	•	Preferred Stock Warrants			84	
		Preferred Stock Warrants			334	
T . II					(01	
Total Luminus Devices, Inc.  Maxvision Holding, LLC <sup>(7)</sup> .	Electronics &	Senior Debt			601	
Water Flording, ELECT.	Computer Hardware	Schlor Best				
		Matures December 2013				
		Interest rate Prime + 8.25% or				
		Floor rate of 12.00%,				
		PIK interest 5.00%	\$	4,366	4,462	2,069
		Senior Debt				
		Matures December 2013				
		Interest rate Prime + 6.25% or				
		Floor rate of 10.00%, PIK interest 2.00%	\$	2,681	2,653	

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		Revolving Line of Credit			
		neverning zame or orone			
		Matures December 2013			
		Interest rate Prime + 6.25% or			
		Floor rate of 10.00%	\$ 923	914	914
		Common Stock		3,581	
Total Maxvision Holding, LLC				11,610	2,983
Shocking Technologies, Inc.	Electronics &				
	Computer Hardware	Preferred Stock Warrants		63	57
Total Shocking Technologies, Inc.				63	57
Spatial Photonics, Inc. <sup>(8)</sup>	Electronics &				
	Computer Hardware	Preferred Stock Warrants		130	
		Preferred Stock		768	
Total Spatial Photonics Inc.				898	
<b>Total Electronics &amp; Computer Hardware</b>					
(.72%)*				13,172	3,040

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

## HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

# $CONSOLIDATED \ SCHEDULE \ OF \ INVESTMENTS \ \ (Continued)$

## **September 30, 2011**

## (unaudited)

### (dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Type of Investment <sup>(1)</sup>	Principal Amount	Cost <sup>(2)</sup>	Value <sup>(3)</sup>
Aegerion Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Specialty Pharmaceuticals	Senior Debt			
		Matures September 2014			
		Interest rate Prime + 5.65% or			
		Floor rate of 10.40% Common Stock Warrants	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,138 69	\$ 10,325 722
		Common Stock Warrants		1,093	1,825
Total Aegerion Pharmaceuticals, Inc.				11,300	12,872
Althea Technologies, Inc.	Specialty Pharmaceuticals	Senior Debt			
		Matures October 2013			
		Interest rate Prime + 7.70% or			
		Floor rate of 10.95%	\$ 10,990	10,844	11,135
		Preferred Stock Warrants		309	362
Total Althea Technologies, Inc.				11,153	11,497
Chroma Therapeutics, Ltd. <sup>(5)</sup>	Specialty Pharmaceuticals	Senior Debt			
		Matures September 2013			
		Interest rate Prime + 7.75% or			
		Floor rate of 12.00%	\$ 8,540	8,738	8,738
		Preferred Stock Warrants		490	344
Total Chroma Therapeutics, Ltd.				9,228	9,082
Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Specialty Pharmaceuticals	Senior Debt			
		Matures August 2014			
		Interest rate Prime + 6.25% or			
		Floor rate of 10.25%	\$ 11,250	11,237	11,237
		Senior Debt	\$ 15,000	14,255	14,443
		Matures August 2014			

Interest rate Prime + 8.65% or

		Floor rate of 12.65%			
		Common Stock Warrants		1,086	584
Total Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc.				26,578	26,264
Quatrx Pharmaceuticals Company	Specialty Pharmaceuticals	Convertible Senior Debt			
		Matures March 2012			
		Interest rate 8.00%	\$ 1,888	1,888	1,888
		Preferred Stock Warrants		220	
		Preferred Stock Warrants		307	
		Preferred Stock		750	
Total Quatrx Pharmaceuticals Company				3,165	1,888
				-,	-,000
Total Specialty Pharmaceuticals $(14.60\%)^*$				61,424	61,603
Annie s, Inc.	Consumer & Business				
	Products	Preferred Stock Warrants		321	96
Total Annie s, Inc.				321	96
IPA Holdings, LLC	Consumer & Business				
<i>5</i>	Products	Preferred Stock Warrants		275	24
		Preferred Stock		500	260
Total IPA Holding, LLC				775	284
Market Force Information, Inc.	Consumer & Business				
Market I ofce information, inc.	Products	Preferred Stock Warrants		24	105
	Troducto	Preferred Stock		500	481
		TOTAL STOCK		300	101
Total Market Force Information, Inc.				524	586

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

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## HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## **September 30, 2011**

## (unaudited)

### (dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Type of Investment <sup>(1)</sup>	Principal Amount	Cost <sup>(2)</sup>	Value <sup>(3)</sup>
TV Guide, Inc.	Consumer & Business Products	Revolving Line of Credit Matures October 2011 Interest rate Prime + 11.00% or Floor rate of 13.00%	\$ 500	\$ 479	\$ 479
					,
Total TV Guide, Inc.				479	479
Wageworks, Inc.	Consumer & Business				
	Products	Preferred Stock Warrants		252	2,510
		Preferred Stock		250	390
Total Wageworks, Inc.				502	2,900
Total Consumer & Business Products (1.03%)*				2,601	4,345
Achronix Semiconductor Corporation	Semiconductors	Senior Debt Matures January 2015			
		Interest rate Prime + 10.60% or	¢ 2.500	2.206	2.206
		Floor rate of 13.85% Preferred Stock Warrants	\$ 2,500	2,396 160	2,396 152
		Treferred Stock Warrants		100	132
Total Achronix Semiconductor Corporation				2,556	2,548
Enpirion, Inc.	Semiconductors	Preferred Stock Warrants		157	
Total Enpirion, Inc.				157	
iWatt, Inc.	Semiconductors	Preferred Stock Warrants		46	3
,		Preferred Stock Warrants		51	1
		Preferred Stock Warrants		73	2
		Preferred Stock Warrants		458	7
		Preferred Stock		490	983
Total iWatt, Inc.				1,118	996
Kovio Inc.	Semiconductors	Senior Debt Matures March 2015 Interest rate Prime + 5.50% or			
		Floor rate of 9.25%	\$ 1,250	1,213	1,213
		Preferred Stock Warrants		27	27
Total Kovio Inc.				1,240	1,240
NEXX Systems, Inc.	Semiconductors	Preferred Stock Warrants		297	1,330
		Preferred Stock		277	802
Total NEXX Systems, Inc.				574	2,132

Quartics, Inc.	Semiconductors	Preferred Stock Warrants	53
Total Quartics, Inc.			53

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

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## HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

# $CONSOLIDATED\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ INVESTMENTS\ \ (Continued)$

## **September 30, 2011**

## (unaudited)

### (dollars in thousands)

Nature   Senior Debt   Senio	
Delivery   Matures December 2014	\$ 6,916
Delivery   Matures December 2014	
Interest rate Prime + 3.25% or  Floor rate of 8.50% \$ 5,000 4,889 Senior Debt  Matures December 2014  Interest rate Prime + 3.25% or  Floor rate of 8.50% \$ 5,000 4,889 Common Stock Warrants 178 Common Stock Warrants 178 Total AcelRX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  10,134 Alexza Pharmaceuticals, Inc.(4) Drug Senior Debt	
Floor rate of 8.50% \$ 5,000 4,889 Senior Debt  Matures December 2014  Interest rate Prime + 3.25% or  Floor rate of 8.50% \$ 5,000 4,889 Common Stock Warrants 178 Common Stock Warrants 178 Total AcelRX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  10,134 Alexza Pharmaceuticals, Inc.(4) Drug Senior Debt	
Senior Debt   Matures December 2014   Interest rate Prime + 3.25% or     Floor rate of 8.50%	
Senior Debt   Matures December 2014   Interest rate Prime + 3.25% or     Floor rate of 8.50%	4,889
Interest rate Prime + 3.25% or   Floor rate of 8.50%	,
Floor rate of 8.50% \$ 5,000 4,889 Common Stock Warrants 178 Common Stock Warrants 178 Total AcelRX Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 10,134 Alexza Pharmaceuticals, Inc.(4) Drug Senior Debt	
Common Stock Warrants 178 Common Stock Warrants 178 Common Stock Warrants 178  Total AcelRX Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 10,134  Alexza Pharmaceuticals, Inc.(4) Drug Senior Debt	
Total AcelRX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  10,134  Alexza Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  Drug Senior Debt	4,889
Total AcelRX Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  10,134  Alexza Pharmaceuticals, Inc.(4)  Drug Senior Debt	102
Alexza Pharmaceuticals, Inc. <sup>(4)</sup> Drug Senior Debt	102
	9,982
Delivery	
Matures October 2013	
Interest rate Prime + 6.5% or	
Floor rate of 10.75% \$ 11,770 11,699	12,121
Preferred Stock Warrants 645	103
Total Alexza Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 12,344	12,224
BIND Biosciences, Inc.  Drug Senior Debt Delivery	
Matures July 2014	
Interest rate Prime + 7.45% or	
Floor rate of 10.70% \$ 5,000 4,655	4,805
Preferred Stock Warrants 53	75
Preferred Stock Warrants 50	76
Preferred Stock Warrants 188	312

Total BIND Biosciences, Inc.				4,946	5,268
Labopharm USA, Inc. <sup>(5)</sup>	Drug Delivery	Senior Debt			
		Matures December 2012			
		Interest rate 10.95% Senior Debt	\$ 9,771	9,718	9,718
		Matures December 2012			
		Interest rate Prime + 3.20% or			
		Floor rate of 10.95%	\$ 3,257	3,417	3,417
Total Labopharm USA, Inc.				13,135	13,135
Merrion Pharmaceuticals, Inc. <sup>(5)</sup>	Drug Delivery	Senior Debt			
		Matures January 2015			
		Interest rate Prime + 9.20% or			
		Floor rate of 12.45%	\$ 5,000	4,735	3,870
		Common Stock Warrants		213	23
Total Merrion Pharmaceuticals, Inc.				4,948	3,893
Transcept Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Drug Delivery	Common Stock Warrants		36	57
	Delivery	Common Stock Warrants		51	86
		Common Stock		500	275
Total Transcept Pharmaceuticals, Inc.				587	418
Revance Therapeutics, Inc.	Drug Delivery	Senior Debt			
		Matures March 2015			
		Interest rate Prime + 6.60% or			
		Floor rate of 9.85%	\$ 22,000	21,257	21,257
		Preferred Stock Warrants		557	557
Total Revance Therapeutics, Inc.				21,814	21,814
Total Drug Delivery (15.81%)*				67,908	66,734

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

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## HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

# ${\bf CONSOLIDATED\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ INVESTMENTS\ \ (Continued)}$

## **September 30, 2011**

## (unaudited)

### (dollars in thousands)

			Principal		
Portfolio Company	Industry	Type of Investment <sup>(1)</sup>	Amount	Cost(2)	Value <sup>(3)</sup>
BARRX Medical, Inc.	Therapeutic	Senior Debt			
		Matures December 2011			
		Interest rate 11.00%	\$ 768	\$ 1,295	\$ 1,295
		Preferred Stock Warrants		76	110
		Preferred Stock		1,501	2,607
Total BARRX Medical, Inc.				2,872	4,012
EKOS Corporation	Therapeutic	Preferred Stock Warrants		175	
		Preferred Stock Warrants		153	
Total EKOS Corporation				328	
Gelesis, Inc. <sup>(8)</sup>	Therapeutic	Senior Debt			
Gelesis, IIIC.	Therapeutic	Sellior Debt			
		M			
		Matures April 2013			
		Interest rate Prime + 4.65% or			
		Floor rate of 10.75%	\$ 2,771	2,820	
Total Gelesis, Inc.				2,820	
Gynesonics, Inc.	Therapeutic	Senior Debt			
•	-				
		Matures October 2013			
		Interest rate Prime + 8.25% or			
		Floor rate of 11.50%	\$ 5,846	5,775	5,842
		Preferred Stock Warrants	Ψ 2,010	228	240
		Preferred Stock		532	451
Total Gynesonics, Inc.				6,535	6,533
	Th'	D f 1 C41- W		00	176
Light Science Oncology, Inc.	Therapeutic	Preferred Stock Warrants		99	176
				00	101
Total Light Science Oncology, Inc.				99	176
Novasys Medical, Inc.	Therapeutic	Preferred Stock Warrants		71	
	-	Preferred Stock Warrants		54	1
		Preferred Stock		1,000	1,001

Total Novasys Medical, Inc.				1,125	1,002
Oraya Therapeutics, Inc.	Therapeutic	Senior Debt			
		Matures March 2015			
		Interest rate Prime + 4.75% or			
		Floor rate of 9.50% Preferred Stock Warrants	\$ 7,500	7,317 232	7,317 232
Total Oraya Therapeutics, Inc.				7,549	7,549
Pacific Child & Family Associates, LLC	Therapeutic	Senior Debt			
		Matures January 2015			
		Interest rate LIBOR + 8.0% or			
		Floor rate of 10.50% Revolving Line of Credit	\$ 5,685	5,592	5,592
		Matures January 2015			
		Interest rate LIBOR + 6.5% or			
		Floor rate of 9.00%	\$ 1,500	1,483	1,396
		Senior Debt			
		Matures January 2015			
		Interest rate LIBOR + 10.50% or			
		Floor rate of 13.0%, PIK			
		interest 3.75%	\$ 5,900	6,185	6,302
Total Pacific Child & Family Associates, LLC				13,260	13,290
Total Therapeutic (7.72%)*				34,588	32,562

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

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## HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

# $CONSOLIDATED\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ INVESTMENTS\ \ (Continued)$

## September 30, 2011

## (unaudited)

### (dollars in thousands)

Industry	Type of Investment <sup>(1)</sup>	Principal Amount	Cost <sup>(2)</sup>	Value <sup>(3)</sup>
Internet Consumer	•			
& Business Services	Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock		\$ 147 177	\$ 48
			324	48
Internet Consumer				
& Business Services	Preferred Stock Warrants		56 26	
	Preferred Stock Warrants		20	
			82	
Internet Consumer	Senior Debt			
& Business Services	Matures March 2014			
	Interest rate Prime + 7.5% or			
	Floor rate of 10.75%	\$ 3,500	3,403	3,403
	Preferred Stock Warrants		98	82
			3,501	3,485
Internet Consumer				
& Business Services	Preferred Stock Warrants		43	109
			43	109
Internet Consumer				
& Business Services	Preferred Stock Warrants		13	
			-	
	Preferred Stock Warrants  Preferred Stock		1,000	
			2,224	
Internet Consumer	Senior Debt	\$ 13,000	12,862	12,862
& Business Services	Matures June 2015			
	& Business Services  Internet Consumer & Business Services	Internet Consumer  & Business Services  Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants  Internet Consumer  & Business Services  Matures March 2014  Interest rate Prime + 7.5% or Floor rate of 10.75% Preferred Stock Warrants  Internet Consumer  & Business Services  Preferred Stock Warrants  Internet Consumer  & Business Services  Preferred Stock Warrants  Preferred Stock Warrants  Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants	Internet Consumer  & Business Services Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants Preferred Stock Warrants  Internet Consumer  & Business Services Preferred Stock Warrants  Internet Consumer  & Business Services Matures March 2014  Interset rate Prime + 7.5% or  Floor rate of 10.75% \$ 3,500  Preferred Stock Warrants  Internet Consumer  & Business Services Preferred Stock Warrants  Internet Consumer  & Business Services Preferred Stock Warrants  Internet Consumer  Internet Consumer  Senior Debt Warrants  Preferred Stock Warrants	Industry

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		Interest rate Prime + 6.87% or			
		Floor rate of 10.12%			
		Preferred Stock Warrants		320	206
Total Reply! Inc.				13,182	13,068
ScriptSave (Medical Security Card Company, LLC)	Internet Consumer	Senior Debt			
	& Business Services	Matures February 2016			
		Interest rate Prime + 8.75% or			
		Floor rate of 11.25%	\$ 20,158	19,786	20,391
Total ScriptSave				19,786	20,391
Trulia, Inc.	Internet Consumer	Senior Debt			
	& Business Services	Matures March 2015			
		Interest rate Prime + 2.75% or			
		Floor rate of 6.00%	\$ 5,000	4,856	4,856
		Senior Debt			
		Matures March 2015			
		Interest rate Prime + 5.50% or			
		Floor rate of 8.75%	\$ 5,000	4,857	4,857
		Preferred Stock Warrants		188	187
Total Trulia, Inc.				9,901	9,900

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

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## HERCULES TECHNOLOGY GROWTH CAPITAL, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## **September 30, 2011**

## (unaudited)

### (dollars in thousands)

Portfolio Company	Industry	Type of Investment(1)		cipal ount	Cost <sup>(2)</sup>	Value <sup>(3)</sup>
Vaultlogix, Inc.	Internet Consumer	Senior Debt				
	& Business Services	Matures September 2016				
		Interest rate Libor + 8.50% or				
		Floor rate of 10.00%,				
		PIK interest 2.50%	\$	7,500	\$ 7,382	\$ 7,382
		Senior Debt		·	·	
		Matures September 2015				
		Interest rate Libor + 7.00% or				
		Floor rate of 8.50%	\$ 1	1,500	11,309	11,309
		Revolving Line of Credit				
		Matures September 2015				
		Interest rate Libor + 6.00% or				
		Floor rate of 7.50%	\$	300	283	283
Total Vaultlogix, Inc.					18,974	18,974
Total Internet Consumer & Business Services (15.63%)					68,017	65,975
Lilliputian Systems, Inc.	Energy	Preferred Stock Warrants			106	
•	2,	Common Stock Warrants			48	
Total Lilliputian Systems, Inc.					154	