

ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORP

Form 10-K

March 01, 2010

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-15749

ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)
17655 Waterview Parkway,
Dallas, Texas
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

31-1429215
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

75252
(Zip Code)

(972) 348-5100
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| Title of Each Class | Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered |
|--|--|
| Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share | New York Stock Exchange |

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

As of June 30, 2009, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, 53,647,232 shares of common stock were outstanding and the aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant on that date was approximately \$2.2 billion (based upon the closing price on the New York Stock Exchange on June 30, 2009 of \$41.19 per share). Aggregate market value is estimated solely for the purposes of this report. This shall not be construed as an admission for the purposes of determining affiliate status.

As of February 25, 2010, 52,553,789 shares of common stock were outstanding.

Documents Incorporated By Reference

Certain information called for by Part III is incorporated by reference to certain sections of the Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of our stockholders, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission not later than 120 days after December 31, 2009.

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Caution Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-K and the documents incorporated by reference herein contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such statements may use words such as anticipate, believe, estimate, expect, intend, predict, project, and similar expressions as they relate to us or our management. When we make forward-looking statements, we are basing them on our management's beliefs and assumptions, using information currently available to us. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, these forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including those discussed in the Risk Factors section in Item 1A of this Form 10-K, elsewhere in this Form 10-K and in the documents incorporated by reference in this Form 10-K.

If one or more of these or other risks or uncertainties materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual results may vary materially from what we projected. Any forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-K reflect our current views with respect to future events and are subject to these and other risks, uncertainties and assumptions relating to our operations, results of operations, growth strategy and liquidity. We have no intention, and disclaim any obligation, to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future results or otherwise, except as required by law.

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PART I

Item 1. Business
Our Company

We are a leading provider of data-driven and transaction-based marketing and customer loyalty solutions. We offer a comprehensive portfolio of integrated outsourced marketing solutions, including customer loyalty programs, database marketing services, marketing strategy consulting, analytics and creative services, permission-based email marketing and private label and co-brand retail credit card programs. We focus on facilitating and managing interactions between our clients and their customers through a variety of consumer marketing channels, including in-store, on-line, catalog, mail and telephone. We capture and analyze data created during each customer interaction, leveraging the insight derived from that data to enable clients to identify and acquire new customers and to enhance customer loyalty. We believe that our services are becoming increasingly valuable as businesses shift marketing resources away from traditional mass marketing toward more targeted marketing programs that provide measurable returns on marketing investments.

Our client base of more than 800 companies consists primarily of large consumer-based businesses, including well-known brands such as Bank of Montreal, Hilton, Bank of America, Victoria's Secret, Canada Safeway, Shell Canada, Pottery Barn, Ann Taylor and J. Crew. Our client base is diversified across a broad range of end-markets, including, among others, financial services, specialty retail, grocery and drugstore chains, petroleum retail, technology, hospitality and travel, media and pharmaceuticals. We believe our comprehensive suite of marketing solutions offers us a significant competitive advantage, as many of our competitors offer a more limited range of services. We believe the breadth and quality of our service offerings have enabled us to establish and maintain long-standing client relationships.

We continue to execute on our growth strategy by securing new clients and renewing and expanding relationships with existing clients. Key activities for 2009 included:

Private Label Credit and Services. In 2009, we entered into a new agreement for private label credit card services with Haband. We completed the conversion of the acquired private label credit card portfolio of HSN and began providing private label and co-brand credit card services. We signed an agreement with specialty retailer Big M, Inc. to acquire its existing portfolio and provide private label credit card services. We signed a long-term agreement with Charming Shoppes, Inc. to acquire their credit card files and service center operations associated with their card programs and assumed operation of the private label credit card programs. We signed a multi-year agreement with Pacific Dental Services to provide patient financing and marketing services for dental and orthodontic procedures performed in affiliated dental practices. We renewed our agreements with Pacific Sunwear of California and Tween Brands, which included expanded services to their Justice branded stores.

Epsilon Marketing Services. In 2009, we signed a new multi-year agreement with San-Francisco-based Visa to develop, host and operate Visa's next-generation loyalty program for its issuers. In 2009, we signed America's Gardening Resource, a manufacturer and retailer of gardening products, to build and maintain its customer marketing database. Additionally, we signed 19 new clients for permission-based email and digital services, including Scott Trade, TCF Bank and Air China.

We further expanded our relationships with several key clients, including AstraZeneca to provide comprehensive database and permission-based email marketing solutions; R.J. Reynolds to host its consumer database and support its consumer communication programs; and Capital One Financial Corporation to support its customer loyalty program. Lastly, we renewed relationships with long-time clients National Geographic Society to continue to provide database hosting and marketing services; Reed Business Information US to provide permission-based email marketing services; and KeyCorp to provide direct marketing services.

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Loyalty Services. In 2009, we expanded our relationship with rewards supplier Best Western International, Inc. as a new sponsor in the AIR MILES® Reward Program. We completed significant renewals with several of our key sponsors including Shell Canada Products and Goodyear Canada. In 2009, our largest sponsor, Bank of Montreal, significantly expanded their commitment to the AIR MILES Reward Program through enhancements made to their credit card programs that allow collectors to earn double AIR MILES reward miles.

We expanded our global reach by acquiring a 29 percent interest in CBSM – Companhia Brasileira De Servicos De Marketing, operator of Brazil's dotz loyalty program. Founded in 2000, dotz is a Brazilian-based loyalty program with more than 200,000 active participants, 50 online sponsors and a rewards catalog featuring more than 6,000 products and services.

In February 2009, we completed the sale of the remainder of our utilities services business. In November 2009, we terminated operations of our credit program for web and catalog retailer VENUE.

Our corporate headquarters are located at 17655 Waterview Parkway, Dallas, Texas 75252, and our telephone number is 972-348-5100. We have signed a new lease and expect to move our corporate headquarters to 7500 Dallas Parkway, Suite 800, Plano, Texas 75024 in the third quarter of 2010.

Our Market Opportunity and Growth Strategy

We intend to enhance our position as a leading provider of targeted, data-driven and transaction-based marketing and loyalty solutions and to continue our growth in revenue and earnings by pursuing the following strategies:

Capitalize on our Leadership in Targeted and Data-Driven Consumer Marketing. We intend to continue to capitalize on the ongoing shift away from traditional mass marketing campaigns to targeted and data-driven marketing programs with measurable return on investment. As consumer companies initiate or expand their targeted and transaction-based marketing strategies, we believe we are well-positioned to acquire new clients and sell additional services to existing clients based on our extensive experience in capturing and analyzing our clients' customer transaction data to develop targeted marketing programs. We believe our comprehensive portfolio of high-quality targeted marketing and loyalty solutions provides a competitive advantage over peers with more limited service offerings. We seek to extend our leadership position in the transaction-based and targeted marketing services sector by continuing to improve the breadth and quality of our products and services. We also intend to enhance our leadership position in loyalty programs by expanding the scope of the AIR MILES Reward Program and by continuing to develop stand-alone loyalty programs such as the *Hilton HHonors® Program* and the *Citi Thank You® Network*. We believe that building on our market leadership will enable us to benefit from the anticipated growth in demand for targeted marketing strategies.

Sell More Fully Integrated End-to-End Marketing Solutions. In our Epsilon Marketing Services segment, we have assembled what we believe is the industry's most comprehensive suite of targeted and data-driven marketing services, including marketing strategy consulting, data services, database development and management, marketing analytics, creative design and delivery services such as email communications. We are able to offer an end-to-end solution to clients, providing a significant opportunity to expand our relationships with existing clients, the majority of which do not currently purchase the full suite of services we offer. In addition, we further intend to integrate our product and service offerings across our segments so that we can provide clients in a broad range of industries with a comprehensive portfolio of targeted marketing solutions, including both coalition and individual loyalty programs, private label retail credit card programs and other transaction-based marketing solutions. By selling integrated solutions within and across our segments and our entire client base, we have a significant opportunity to maximize the value of our long-standing client relationships.

Continue to Expand our Global Footprint. We plan to grow our business by leveraging our core competencies in the North American marketplace to further penetrate international markets. Global

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reach is increasingly important as our clients grow into new markets, and we are well positioned to cost-effectively increase our global presence. We believe international expansion will provide us with strong revenue growth opportunities.

Optimize our Business Portfolio. We will continue to evaluate our products and services given our strategic direction and demand trends. While we are focused on realizing organic revenue growth and margin expansion, we will consider select acquisitions of complementary businesses that would enhance our product portfolio, market positioning or geographic presence. We have a strong track record of identifying and integrating such targeted acquisitions.

Products and Services

Our products and services are reported under four segments: Loyalty Services, Epsilon Marketing Services, Private Label Services, and Private Label Credit. We have traditionally marketed and sold our products and services on a stand-alone basis but increasingly market and sell them on an integrated basis. Our products and services are listed below. Financial information about our segments and geographic areas appears in Note 20, Segment Information, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

| Segment | Products and Services |
|----------------------------|--|
| Loyalty Services | AIR MILES Reward Program |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | Marketing Services |
| | Marketing database services |
| | Analytical services |
| | Strategic consulting and creative services |
| | Proprietary data services |
| | Digital communications |
| Private Label Services | Processing Services |
| | New account processing |
| | Billing and payment processing |
| | Remittance processing |
| | Customer care |
| | Marketing Services |
| Private Label Credit | Private Label Receivables Financing |
| | Underwriting and risk management |
| | Receivables funding |

Loyalty Services

Our Loyalty Services clients are focused on targeting, acquiring and retaining loyal and profitable customers. We use the information gathered through our loyalty programs to help our clients design and implement effective marketing programs. Our clients within this segment include, among others, financial services providers, supermarkets, petroleum retailers, specialty retailers and pharmaceutical companies.

Our AIR MILES Reward Program is the largest coalition loyalty program in Canada, with over 120 sponsors participating in the program. The AIR MILES Reward Program enables consumers to earn AIR MILES reward miles as they shop within a range of retailers and other sponsors participating in the AIR MILES Reward Program. These AIR MILES reward miles can be redeemed by our collectors for travel or other awards. We believe that one of the reasons our AIR MILES Reward Program is so popular, as evidenced by the approximately 70% participation rate for Canadian households, is that it allows consumers to rapidly accumulate AIR MILES reward miles across a significant portion of their day-to-day spending. The three primary parties involved in our AIR MILES Reward Program are: sponsors, collectors and suppliers, each of which is described below.

Sponsors. More than 120 brand name sponsors participate in our AIR MILES Reward Program, including Canada Safeway, Shell Canada, Jean Coutu, Amex Bank of Canada and Bank of Montreal. The AIR MILES

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Reward Program is a full service outsourced loyalty program for our sponsors, who pay us a fee per AIR MILES reward mile issued, in return for which we provide all marketing, customer service and rewards and redemption management. We typically grant participating sponsors exclusivity in their market category, enabling them to realize incremental sales and increase market share as a result of their participation in the AIR MILES Reward Program coalition.

Collectors. Collectors earn AIR MILES reward miles at thousands of retail and service locations in addition to the many locations where collectors can use certain cards issued by Bank of Montreal and Amex Bank of Canada to earn AIR MILES reward miles. The AIR MILES Reward Program offers a reward structure that provides a quick, easy and free way for collectors to earn a broad selection of travel, entertainment and other lifestyle rewards through their day-to-day shopping at participating sponsors.

Suppliers. We enter into agreements with airlines, movie theaters and manufacturers of consumer electronics and other providers to supply rewards for the AIR MILES Reward Program, with over 300 suppliers using the AIR MILES Reward Program as an additional distribution channel for their products. Suppliers include such well-recognized companies as Apple, Starbucks and Sony.

Epsilon Marketing Services

Epsilon Marketing Services is a leader in providing integrated direct marketing solutions that combine database marketing technology and analytics with a broad range of direct marketing services. We offer customer management and loyalty solutions by using data, database technologies, analytics and delivery platforms to maximize the value and loyalty of our clients' customers and assist our clients in acquiring new customers. Our marketing programs target and reach individual consumers and provide a measurable return on our clients' marketing investments. We are also an industry leader in providing customer acquisition and retention solutions by using cooperative databases containing consumer transactional data from more than 1,500 multi-channel catalogers, retailers, on-line merchants and business-to-business marketers. We also operate what we believe to be the world's largest permission-based email marketing platform. We offer our clients a full end-to-end solution, including marketing strategy consulting, data services, database development and management, marketing analytics, creative design and delivery services such as email communications, which we believe provides us with a competitive advantage over other marketing services providers with more limited service offerings. Epsilon Marketing Services has over 500 clients, operating primarily in the financial services, specialty retail, hospitality and pharmaceutical end-markets.

Marketing Database Services. We provide design and management of outsourced loyalty programs, integrated marketing databases, customer and prospect data integration and data hygiene, campaign management and marketing application integration and web design and development.

Analytical Services. We provide behavior-based, demographic and attitudinal segmentation, acquisition, attrition, cross-sell and up-sell, retention, loyalty and value predictive modeling, and program evaluation, testing and measurement across our integrated marketing services.

Strategic Consulting and Creative. We provide consulting services that analyze our clients' business, brand and/or product strategy to create customer campaigns and sales channel strategies and tactics designed to further optimize our clients' customer relationships and marketing return on investment. We also provide direct marketing program design, development and management, campaign design and execution, value proposition and business case development, concept development and creative media consulting, print, imaging and personalization services, data processing services, fulfillment services and mailing services.

Proprietary Data Services. We provide various data services that we believe are essential to making informed marketing decisions. Together with our clients, we use this data to develop highly targeted, individualized marketing programs that build stronger customer relationships and increase response rates in marketing programs.

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Digital Communications. We provide strategic, permission-based email communication solutions and marketing technologies. Our end-to-end suite of industry specific products and services includes scalable email campaign technology, delivery optimization, marketing automation tools, turnkey integration solutions, strategic consulting and creative expertise to produce email programs that generate measurable results throughout the customer lifecycle.

Private Label Services

Our Private Label Services segment assists some of the best known retailers in extending their brand with a private label and/or co-brand credit account that can be used by customers at the clients' store locations, or through on-line or catalog purchases. Our co-brand credit accounts can also be used by customers outside of our clients' store locations. Our clients include Victoria's Secret, Ann Taylor, Eddie Bauer, Pottery Barn, Pac Sun and The Buckle. We provide service and maintenance to our clients' private label credit and co-brand credit programs and assist our clients in acquiring, retaining and managing valuable repeat customers. Our Private Label Services segment performs processing services for our Private Label Credit segment in connection with that segment's private label credit and co-brand programs. These inter-segment services accounted for approximately 96.7% of Private Label Services' revenue for the year ended December 31, 2009. We have developed a proprietary credit system designed specifically for retailers that has the flexibility to be customized to accommodate our clients' specific needs. We have also built into the system marketing tools to assist our clients in increasing sales. We use our Quick Credit and On-Line Prescreen products to originate new private label and co-brand credit accounts. We believe that these products provide an effective marketing advantage over competing services.

We use automated technology for bill preparation, printing and mailing, and also offer consumers the ability to view, print and pay their bills on-line. By doing so, we improve the funds availability for both our clients and for those private label and co-brand credit receivables that we own or securitize. Our customer care operations are influenced by our retail heritage. We focus our training programs in all areas to achieve the highest possible standards and monitor our performance by conducting surveys with our clients and their customers. Our call centers are equipped to handle phone, mail, fax and on-line inquiries. We also provide collection activities on delinquent accounts to support our private label and co-brand credit programs. Through our integrated marketing services, we design and implement strategies that increase the loyalty and purchasing behavior of cardholders. Our card programs capture transaction data that we analyze to better understand consumer behavior and use to increase the effectiveness of our clients' marketing activities. We use multi-channel marketing communication tools, including permission-based email, mobile messaging and direct mail to reach our clients' customers.

Private Label Credit

Our Private Label Credit segment provides risk management solutions, account origination and funding services for our more than 100 private label and co-brand retail credit card programs. Through these programs, at December 31, 2009, we managed approximately \$5.3 billion in receivables, from over 24.3 million active accounts for the year ended December 31, 2009, with an average balance during that period of approximately \$391 for accounts with outstanding balances. We process millions of credit applications each year using automated proprietary scoring technology and verification procedures to make risk-based origination decisions when approving new account-holders and establishing their credit limits. These procedures help us segment prospects into narrower ranges within each risk score provided by credit bureaus, allowing us to better evaluate individual credit risk and tailor our risk-based pricing accordingly. Our accountholder base consists primarily of middle- to upper-income individuals, in particular 35 to 49 year-old married females who use our accounts primarily as brand affinity tools rather than pure financing instruments, resulting in lower average balances compared to balances on general purpose credit cards. We focus our sales efforts on prime borrowers and do not target sub-prime borrowers.

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Historically, we have used a securitization program as our primary funding vehicle for retail credit receivables. Securitizations involve the packaging and selling of both current and future receivable balances of credit accounts to a special purpose entity that then sells them to a master trust. As of December 31, 2009, Limited Brands and Charming Shoppes accounted for approximately 16.5% and 10.5%, respectively, of the receivables in the combined trust portfolios.

Safeguards to Our Business; Disaster and Contingency Planning

We operate, either internally or through third-party service providers, multiple data processing centers to process and store our customer transaction data. Given the significant amount of data that we or our third-party service providers manage, much of which is real-time data to support our clients' commerce initiatives, we have established redundant capabilities for our data centers. We have a number of safeguards in place that are designed to protect us from data-related risks and in the event of a disaster, to restore our data centers' systems.

Protection of Intellectual Property and Other Proprietary Rights

We rely on a combination of copyright, trade secret and trademark laws, confidentiality procedures, contractual provisions and other similar measures to protect our proprietary information and technology used in each segment of our business. We currently have four patent applications pending with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office and one international application. We generally enter into confidentiality or license agreements with our employees, consultants and corporate partners, and generally control access to and distribution of our technology, documentation and other proprietary information. Despite the efforts to protect our proprietary rights, unauthorized parties may attempt to copy or otherwise obtain the use of our products or technology that we consider proprietary and third parties may attempt to develop similar technology independently. We pursue registration and protection of our trademarks primarily in the United States and Canada, although we also have either registered trademarks or applications pending in Argentina, New Zealand, the European Union Community, Peru, Mexico, Venezuela, Brazil, United Kingdom, Australia, China, Hong Kong, Japan, South Korea and Singapore and internationally under the Madrid Protocol in several of the aforementioned countries.

Effective protection of intellectual property rights may be unavailable or limited in some countries. The laws of some countries do not protect our proprietary rights to the same extent as in the United States and Canada. We are the exclusive Canadian licensee of the AIR MILES family of trademarks pursuant to a perpetual license agreement with Air Miles International Trading B.V., for which we pay a royalty fee. We believe that the AIR MILES family of trademarks and our other trademarks are important for our branding, corporate identification and marketing of our services in each business segment.

Competition

The markets for our products and services are highly competitive. We compete with marketing services companies, credit card issuers, and data processing companies, as well as with the in-house staffs of our current and potential clients.

Loyalty Services. As a provider of marketing services, our Loyalty Services segment generally competes with advertising and other promotional and loyalty programs, both traditional and on-line, for a portion of a client's total marketing budget. In addition, we compete against internally developed products and services created by our existing and potential clients. We expect competition to intensify as more competitors enter our market. Competitors with our AIR MILES Reward Program may target our sponsors and collectors as well as draw rewards from our rewards suppliers. Our ability to generate significant revenue from clients and loyalty partners will depend on our ability to differentiate ourselves through the products and services we provide and the attractiveness of our loyalty and rewards programs to consumers. The continued attractiveness of our loyalty and rewards programs will also depend on our ability to remain affiliated with sponsors that are desirable to consumers and to offer rewards that are both attainable and attractive to consumers. Intensifying competition may make it more difficult for us to do this.

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Epsilon Marketing Services. Our Epsilon Marketing Services segment generally competes with a variety of niche providers. These competitors focus has primarily been on one or two services within the marketing value chain, rather than the full spectrum of data-driven marketing services used for both traditional and on-line advertising and promotional programs. In addition, Epsilon Marketing Services competes against internally developed products and services created by our existing clients and others. We expect competition to intensify as more competitors enter our market. For our targeted direct marketing services offerings, our ability to continue to capture detailed customer transaction data is critical in providing effective customer relationship management strategies for our clients. Our ability to differentiate the mix of products and services that we offer, together with the effective delivery of those products and services, are also important factors in meeting our clients' objective to continually improve their return on marketing investment.

Private Label Services and Private Label Credit. Our Private Label Credit and Private Label Services segments compete primarily with financial institutions whose marketing focus has been on developing credit card programs with large revolving balances. These competitors further drive their businesses by cross-selling their other financial products to their cardholders. Our focus has primarily been on targeting specialty retailers that understand the competitive advantage of developing loyal customers. Typically these retailers have customers that make more frequent and smaller transactions. As a result, we are able to analyze card-based transaction data we obtain through managing our card programs, including customer specific transaction data and overall consumer spending patterns, to develop and implement targeted marketing strategies and to develop successful customer relationship management strategies for our clients. As an issuer of private label retail cards, we compete with other payment methods, primarily general purpose credit cards like Visa and MasterCard, which we also issue primarily as co-branded private label retail cards, American Express and Discover Card, as well as cash, checks and debit cards.

Regulation

Federal and state laws and regulations extensively regulate the operations of our credit card services bank subsidiary, World Financial Network National Bank, or WFNNB, and our industrial bank subsidiary, World Financial Capital Bank, or WFCB. Many of these laws and regulations are intended to maintain the safety and soundness of WFNNB and WFCB, and they impose significant restraints on those companies to which other non-regulated companies are not subject. Because WFNNB is deemed a credit card bank and WFCB is an industrial bank within the meaning of the Bank Holding Company Act, we are not subject to regulation as a bank holding company. If we were subject to regulation as a bank holding company, we would be constrained in our operations to a limited number of activities that are closely related to banking or financial services in nature. Nevertheless, as a national bank, WFNNB is still subject to overlapping supervision by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, or OCC, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or FDIC; and, as an industrial bank, WFCB is still subject to overlapping supervision by the FDIC and the State of Utah.

WFNNB and WFCB must maintain minimum amounts of regulatory capital. If WFNNB or WFCB does not meet these capital requirements, their respective regulators have broad discretion to institute a number of corrective actions that could have a direct material effect on our financial statements. WFCB, as an institution insured by the FDIC, must maintain certain capital ratios, paid-in capital minimums and adequate allowances for loan losses. WFNNB must meet specific guidelines that involve measures and ratios of its assets, liabilities, regulatory capital, interest rate exposure and certain off-balance sheet items under regulatory accounting standards, among other factors. Under the National Bank Act, if the capital stock of WFNNB is impaired by losses or otherwise, we, as the sole shareholder, may be assessed the deficiency. To the extent necessary, if a deficiency in capital still exists, the FDIC may be appointed as a receiver to wind up WFNNB's affairs.

Before WFNNB can pay dividends to us, it must obtain prior regulatory approval if all dividends declared in any calendar year would exceed its net profits for that year plus its retained net profits for the preceding two calendar years, less any transfers to surplus. In addition, WFNNB may only pay dividends to the extent that retained net profits, including the portion transferred to surplus, exceed bad debts. Moreover, to pay any

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dividend, WFNNB must maintain adequate capital above regulatory guidelines. Further, if a regulatory authority believes that WFNNB is engaged in or is about to engage in an unsafe or unsound banking practice, which, depending on its financial condition, could include the payment of dividends, that regulatory authority may require, after notice and hearing, that WFNNB also cease and desist from the unsafe practice. To pay any dividend, WFCB must also maintain adequate capital above regulatory guidelines.

As part of a portfolio acquisition in 2003 by WFNNB, which required approval by the OCC, the OCC required WFNNB to enter into an operating agreement with the OCC (the 2003 Operating Agreement) and a capital adequacy and liquidity maintenance agreement with us (the 2003 CALMA). The 2003 Operating Agreement required WFNNB to continue to operate in a manner consistent with its current practices, regulatory guidelines and applicable law, including those related to affiliate transactions, maintenance of capital and corporate governance. In August 2009, we entered into a revised operating agreement with WFNNB and the OCC (the 2009 Operating Agreement), which required us to enter into both a new capital adequacy and liquidity maintenance agreement (the 2009 CALMA) and a capital and liquidity support agreement (the 2009 CALSA) with WFNNB. The 2009 Operating Agreement has not required any changes in WFNNB s operations. The 2009 CALMA and 2009 CALSA memorialize our current obligations to ensure that WFNNB remains in compliance with its minimum capital requirements.

We are limited under Sections 23A and 23B of the Federal Reserve Act in the extent to which we can borrow or otherwise obtain credit from or engage in other covered transactions with WFNNB or WFCB, which may have the effect of limiting the extent to which WFNNB or WFCB can finance or otherwise supply funds to us. Covered transactions include loans or extensions of credit, purchases of or investments in securities, purchases of assets, including assets subject to an agreement to repurchase, acceptance of securities as collateral for a loan or extension of credit, or the issuance of a guarantee, acceptance, or letter of credit. Although the applicable rules do not serve as an outright bar on engaging in covered transactions, they do require that we engage in covered transactions with WFNNB or WFCB only on terms and under circumstances that are substantially the same, or at least as favorable to WFNNB or WFCB, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with nonaffiliated companies. Furthermore, with certain exceptions, each loan or extension of credit by WFNNB or WFCB to us or our other affiliates must be secured by collateral with a market value ranging from 100% to 130% of the amount of the loan or extension of credit, depending on the type of collateral.

We are required to monitor and report unusual or suspicious account activity as well as transactions involving amounts in excess of prescribed limits under the Bank Secrecy Act, Internal Revenue Service, or IRS, rules, and other regulations. Congress, the IRS and the bank regulators have focused their attention on banks monitoring and reporting of suspicious activities. Additionally, Congress and the bank regulators have proposed, adopted or passed a number of new laws and regulations that may increase reporting obligations of banks. We are also subject to numerous laws and regulations that are intended to protect consumers, including state laws, the Truth in Lending Act, Equal Credit Opportunity Act and Fair Credit Reporting Act. These laws and regulations mandate various disclosure requirements and regulate the manner in which we may interact with consumers. These and other laws also limit finance charges or other fees or charges earned in our activities. We conduct our operations in a manner that we believe excludes us from regulation as a consumer reporting agency under the Fair Credit Reporting Act. If we were deemed a consumer reporting agency, however, we would be subject to a number of additional complex regulatory requirements and restrictions.

A number of privacy regulations have been implemented in the United States, Canada, the European Union and China in recent years. These regulations place many new restrictions on our ability to collect and disseminate customer information. In addition, the enactment of new or amended legislation around the world could place additional restrictions on our ability to utilize customer information.

Under the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, we are required to maintain a comprehensive written information security program that includes administrative, technical and physical safeguards relating to customer information.

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We also were required to develop an initial privacy notice and we are required to provide annual privacy notices to customers that describe in general terms our information sharing practices. If we intend to share nonpublic personal information about customers with affiliates and/or nonaffiliated third parties, we must provide our customers with a notice and a reasonable period of time for each customer to opt out of any such disclosure.

In addition to the federal privacy laws with which we must comply, states also have adopted statutes, regulations or other measures governing the collection and distribution of nonpublic personal information about customers. In some cases these state measures are preempted by federal law, but if not, we monitor and seek to comply with individual state privacy laws in the conduct of our business.

We also have systems and processes to comply with the USA PATRIOT ACT of 2001, which is designed to deter and punish terrorist acts in the United States and around the world, to enhance law enforcement investigatory tools, and for other purposes. Canada has likewise enacted privacy legislation known as the Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act. This act requires organizations to obtain a consumer's consent to collect, use or disclose personal information. Under this act, which took effect on January 1, 2001, the nature of the required consent depends on the sensitivity of the personal information, and the act permits personal information to be used only for the purposes for which it was collected. Some provinces have enacted substantially similar privacy legislation. We believe we have taken appropriate steps with our AIR MILES Reward Program to comply with these laws.

Employees

As of December 31, 2009, we had approximately 7,400 employees. We believe our relations with our employees are good. We have no collective bargaining agreements with our employees.

Available Information

We file or furnish annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. You may read and copy, for a fee, any document we file or furnish at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the Public Reference Room. Our SEC filings are also available to the public at the SEC's web site at www.sec.gov. You may also obtain copies of our annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and certain other information filed or furnished with the SEC, as well as amendments thereto, free of charge from our web site. Our web site is www.AllianceData.com. No information from this web site is incorporated by reference herein. These documents are posted to our web site as soon as reasonably practicable after we have filed or furnished these documents with the SEC. We post our audit committee, compensation committee, nominating and corporate governance committee, and executive committee charters, our corporate governance guidelines, and our code of ethics, code of ethics for Senior Financial Executives and Chief Executive Officer, and code of ethics for Board Members on our web site. These documents are available free of charge to any stockholder upon request.

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Item 1A. Risk Factors

RISK FACTORS

Risk Factors Related to Our Business

Our 10 largest clients represented 46.6% of our consolidated revenue in 2009 and the loss of any of these clients could cause a significant drop in our revenue.

We depend on a limited number of large clients for a significant portion of our consolidated revenue. Our 10 largest clients represented approximately 46.6% of our consolidated revenue during the year ended December 31, 2009, with Bank of Montreal representing approximately 16.7% of our 2009 consolidated revenue. A decrease in revenue from any of our significant clients for any reason, including a decrease in pricing or activity, or a decision either to utilize another service provider or to no longer outsource some or all of the services we provide, could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated revenue. In addition, our 10 largest clients in the Private Label Services segment and the Private Label Credit segment are the same, and any loss of such clients could have a material adverse effect on our revenue and profitability generated by each of these segments.

Loyalty Services. Loyalty Services represents 30.5% of total revenue. Our 10 largest clients in this segment represented approximately 81.2% of our Loyalty Services revenue in 2009. Bank of Montreal and Canada Safeway represented approximately 45.9% and 10.6%, respectively, of this segment's revenue for 2009. Our contract with Bank of Montreal expires in 2013 and our contract with Canada Safeway expires in 2010, each subject to automatic renewals at five-year intervals.

Epsilon Marketing Services. Epsilon Marketing Services represents 21.9% of total revenue. Our 10 largest clients in this segment represented approximately 27.4% of our Epsilon Marketing Services revenue in 2009.

Private Label Services. Private Label Services represents 16.9% of total revenue. Our 10 largest clients in this segment represented approximately 71.1% of our Private Label Services revenue for this segment in 2009. Limited Brands and its retail affiliates represented approximately 21.2% of our revenue for this segment in 2009. Our contracts with Limited Brands and its retail affiliates expire in 2012.

Private Label Credit. Private Label Credit represents 29.5% of total revenue. Our 10 largest clients in this segment represented approximately 73.5% of our Private Label Credit revenue for this segment in 2009. Limited Brands and its retail affiliates represented approximately 22.0% of our revenue for this segment in 2009. Our contracts with Limited Brands and its retail affiliates expire in 2012.

The markets for the services that we offer may fail to expand or may contract and this could negatively impact our growth and profitability.

Our growth and continued profitability depend on acceptance of the services that we offer. Our clients may not continue to use loyalty and targeted marketing strategies. Changes in technology may enable merchants and retail companies to directly process transactions in a cost-efficient manner without the use of our services. Additionally, downturns in the economy or the performance of retailers may result in a decrease in the demand for our marketing strategies. Further, if customers make fewer purchases of our Private Label Services customers products and services, we will have fewer transactions to process, resulting in lower revenue. Any decrease in the demand for our services for the reasons discussed above or any other reasons could have a material adverse effect on our growth, revenue and operating results.

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Recently issued accounting standards could have a significant impact on us, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust II and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust III (the WFN Trusts), World Financial Capital Credit Card Master Note Trust (the WFC Trust) or our bank subsidiaries.

On June 12, 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued guidance related to accounting for transfers of financial assets and the consolidation of variable interest entities. The new accounting standards are effective for annual periods beginning after November 15, 2009, with earlier application prohibited.

Through December 31, 2009, significant portions of the credit card receivables originated by WFNNB or WFCB and ultimately sold to the WFN Trusts or the WFC Trust, which are Qualifying Special Purpose Entities, or QSPEs, as part of our securitization program were exempt from consolidation on the balance sheet of WFNNB, WFCB or any of their affiliates, including us.

The new guidance amends the accounting for transfers of financial assets to QSPEs and thus will impact the accounting for our securitization program. Furthermore, under the new guidance, the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust will no longer be exempt from consolidation. This new guidance requires an initial evaluation as well as an ongoing assessment of our involvement with the operations of the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust and our rights or obligations to receive benefits or absorb losses of these securitization trusts that could be potentially significant in order to determine whether those entities will be required to be consolidated on the balance sheet of WFNNB, WFCB or their affiliates, including us. The assessment under this guidance will result in the consolidation of the securitization trusts on the balance sheet of WFNNB, WFCB or their affiliates, including us, beginning January 1, 2010.

Consolidation of the securitization trusts will have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements. With the addition of the securitized credit card receivables to their balance sheets resulting from the accounting change, under existing regulatory capital requirements, WFNNB's and WFCB's required capital may increase. In addition, if WFNNB or WFCB were to fall below the well-capitalized levels, it may have an adverse impact on their liquidity and cost of funds, as well as limiting their ability to issue brokered deposits. Covenants in our credit facilities and senior note purchase agreement also require that we cause our bank subsidiaries to be classified as well-capitalized at all times. It is possible that the implementation of these new accounting standards will have an adverse impact on WFNNB, WFCB or their affiliates, including us.

If we are unable to securitize our credit card receivables due to changes in the market, the unavailability of credit enhancements, an early amortization event or for other reasons, we would not be able to fund new credit card receivables, which would have a negative impact on our operations and earnings.

Since January 1996, we have sold a majority of the credit card receivables originated by WFNNB to WFN Credit Company, LLC and WFN Funding Company II, LLC, which in turn sold them to the WFN Trusts as part of our securitization program. In September 2008, we initiated a securitization program for the credit card receivables originated by WFCB, selling them to World Financial Capital Credit Company, LLC, which in turn sold them to the WFC Trust. These securitization programs are a significant funding vehicle through which we finance WFNNB's and WFCB's credit card receivables. If WFNNB or WFCB were not able to regularly securitize the receivables it originates, our ability to fund new credit card receivables and to grow or even maintain our Private Label business would be materially impaired. WFNNB's and WFCB's ability to effect securitization transactions is affected by the following factors, some of which are beyond our control:

conditions in the securities markets in general and the asset-backed securitization market in particular;

interpretation and application of complex regulations and accounting rules, and changes therein;

conformity of the quality of credit card receivables to rating agency requirements and changes in that quality or those requirements;
and

our ability to fund required over-collateralizations or credit enhancements, which we routinely utilize in order to achieve better credit ratings, which lowers our borrowing costs.

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Beginning in the second half of 2007 and continuing through 2009, conditions in the securities market in general and the asset-backed securitization market in particular deteriorated significantly. While we were able to complete two public asset-backed securities issuances out of our securitization trusts in April and August 2009 that were eligible under the Federal Reserve's Term Asset-Backed Securities Loan Facility Program, or TALF, the TALF program is set to expire in March 2010. If these conditions persist, deteriorate further or recur in the future, neither WFNNB nor WFCB may be able to securitize the receivables it originates on terms similar to those it has received historically, or at all. We have \$265.4 million of asset-backed notes that will become due in 2010. In addition, we have approximately \$2.5 billion in private conduit capacity of which \$1.4 billion was outstanding at December 31, 2009 and coming due at various dates in 2010. Our ability to refinance these notes on favorable terms or at all will depend upon our ability to continue to securitize our receivables, which will depend upon the conditions in the securities market at the time, as well as the other factors described above.

Further, while we have capacity to issue new asset-backed securities from our securitization trusts, there has been uncertainty in the securitization market recently over existing FDIC guidance regarding standards for legal isolation of the transferred assets. The FDIC has adopted a safe harbor rule stating that, if certain conditions are met, the FDIC will not use its repudiation power to reclaim, recover or recharacterize as property of an FDIC-insured institution any financial assets transferred by that institution in connection with a securitization transaction. WFNNB has structured the issuance of its asset-backed securities with the intention that the transfers of the securitized credit card receivables by WFNNB would have the benefit of this safe harbor rule. Except as described below, the protection of the FDIC safe harbor rule only extends to securitizations that satisfy the conditions for sale accounting treatment (other than the legal isolation condition, since the safe harbor rule was meant to help satisfy that condition). As a result of accounting changes effective as of January 1, 2010, the transfers of receivables by WFNNB ceased to satisfy the conditions for sale accounting treatment. The FDIC has adopted an amendment to the safe harbor rule stating that for transfers of financial assets made on or before March 31, 2010, or, with respect to revolving securitization trusts, for securitizations in which the related beneficial interests were issued on or before March 31, 2010, the protection of the safe harbor rule will continue to apply for the life of the securitization transaction notwithstanding the fact the transaction does not satisfy all conditions for sale accounting treatment under the new accounting rules, provided that the securitization satisfied the conditions (other than the legal isolation condition) for sale accounting treatment under generally accepted accounting principles in effect for reporting periods prior to November 15, 2009, and the other conditions of the safe harbor rule are satisfied. As a result, the accounting changes will not affect the availability of the safe harbor rule for securitization transactions issued by the securitization trusts prior to March 31, 2010. On December 15, 2009, the FDIC issued an Advance Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, which describes the possible future terms of the legal isolation standard. The form that this rule will ultimately take is uncertain at this time, but it may impact our ability and/or desire to issue asset-backed securities in the future. In addition, TALF will expire in March 2010 for credit card asset-backed securities, which could make it more difficult for WFNNB to access the securitization market.

Once WFNNB and WFCB securitize receivables, the agreement governing the transaction contains covenants that address the receivables performance and the continued solvency of the retailer where the underlying sales were generated. In the event such a covenant or other similar covenant is breached, an early amortization event could be declared, whereby the trustee for the securitization trust would retain WFNNB's or WFCB's interest in the related receivables, along with the excess interest income that would normally be paid to WFNNB or WFCB, until the securitization investors are fully repaid. The occurrence of an early amortization event would significantly limit, or even negate, our ability to securitize additional receivables.

Recent government actions to stabilize credit markets and financial institutions may not be effective and could adversely affect our competitive position.

In recent years, the U.S. Government enacted legislation and created several programs to help stabilize credit markets and financial institutions and restore liquidity, including the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008, the Federal Reserve Board's Term Asset Backed Securities Loan Facility and the Federal Deposit

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Insurance Corporation's Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program. Additionally, the governments of many nations enacted similar measures for institutions in their respective countries. There is no assurance that these programs individually or collectively will have beneficial effects in the credit markets, will address credit or liquidity issues of companies that participate in the programs or will reduce volatility or uncertainty in the financial markets. The failure of these programs to have their intended effects could have a material adverse effect on the financial markets, which in turn could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. During the period that these programs are in place, we could temporarily benefit from the terms of the programs or from the conditions for participation, relative to other companies that do not participate in the programs we do or other companies could benefit from programs that we are not eligible to, or elect not to, participate in. To the extent that we participate in these programs or other similar programs, there is no assurance that such programs will remain available for sufficient periods of time or on acceptable terms to benefit us, and the expiration of such programs could have unintended adverse effects on us.

Increases in net charge-offs beyond our current estimates could have a negative impact on our operating income and profitability.

The primary risk associated with unsecured consumer lending is the risk of default or bankruptcy of the borrower, resulting in the borrower's balance being charged-off as uncollectible. We rely principally on the customer's creditworthiness for repayment of the loan and therefore have no other recourse for collection. We may not be able to successfully identify and evaluate the creditworthiness of cardholders to minimize delinquencies and losses. An increase in defaults or net charge-offs could result in a reduction in operating income. General economic factors, such as the rate of inflation, unemployment levels and interest rates, may result in greater delinquencies that lead to greater credit losses. In addition to being affected by general economic conditions and the success of our collection and recovery efforts, our delinquency and net credit card receivable charge-off rates are affected by the credit risk of our credit card receivables and the average age of our various credit card account portfolios. The average age of our credit card receivables affects the stability of delinquency and loss rates of the portfolio. An older credit card portfolio generally drives a more stable performance in the portfolio. For 2009, our managed receivables net charge-off rate was 9.3% compared to 7.3% and 5.8% for 2008 and 2007, respectively. Our pricing strategy may not offset the negative impact on profitability caused by increases in delinquencies and losses, thus any material increases in delinquencies and losses beyond our current estimates could have a material adverse impact on us.

Interest rate increases could materially adversely affect our earnings.

Interest rate risk affects us directly in our lending and borrowing activities. Our borrowing costs, including off-balance sheet swap payments, were approximately \$312.1 million for 2009, which includes both on- and off-balance sheet transactions. Of this total, \$146.6 million of the interest expense for 2009 was attributable to on-balance sheet indebtedness and the remainder was attributable to our securitized credit card receivables, which are financed off-balance sheet. To manage our risk from market interest rates, we actively monitor the interest rates and the interest sensitive components both on- and off-balance sheet to minimize the impact that changes in interest rates have on the fair value of assets, net income and cash flow. To achieve this objective, we manage our exposure to fluctuations in market interest rates by matching asset and liability repricings and through the use of fixed-rate debt instruments to the extent that reasonably favorable rates are obtainable with such arrangements. In addition, we enter into derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps and treasury locks to mitigate our interest rate risk on a related financial instrument or to lock the interest rate on a portion of our variable debt. We do not enter into derivative or interest rate transactions for trading or other speculative purposes.

For additional information regarding our interest rate risk, please see Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and any updated information that may be included in Part I., Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk or Item 1A. Risk Factors of our subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q.

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We expect growth in our Private Label Credit and Private Label Services segments to result from new and acquired credit card programs whose credit card receivable performance could result in increased portfolio losses and negatively impact our earnings.

We expect an important source of growth in our credit card operations to come from the acquisition of existing credit card programs and initiating credit card programs with retailers who do not currently offer a private label or co-branded retail card. Although we believe our pricing and models for determining credit risk are designed to evaluate the credit risk of existing programs and the credit risk we are willing to assume for acquired and start-up programs, we cannot assure you that the loss experience on acquired and start-up programs will be consistent with our more established programs. The failure to successfully underwrite these credit card programs may result in defaults greater than our expectations and could have a materially adverse impact on us and our earnings.

As a result of our significant Canadian operations, our reported financial information will be affected by fluctuations in the exchange rate between the U.S. and Canadian dollars.

We are exposed to fluctuations in the exchange rate between the U.S. and Canadian dollars through our significant Canadian operations. We do not hedge any of our net investment exposure in our Canadian subsidiary. A 10% increase in the Canadian exchange rate would have resulted in an increase in pre-tax income of \$16.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. Conversely, a corresponding decrease in the exchange rate would result in a comparable decrease to pre-tax income.

Our level of indebtedness could materially adversely affect our ability to generate sufficient cash to repay our outstanding debt, our ability to react to changes in our business and our ability to incur additional indebtedness to fund future needs.

We have a high level of indebtedness, which requires a high level of interest and principal payments. Subject to the limits contained in our credit facility, our note purchase agreement, our indenture governing the convertible senior notes and our other debt instruments, we may be able to incur substantial additional indebtedness from time to time to finance working capital, capital expenditures, investments or acquisitions, or for other purposes. If we do so, the risks related to our level of indebtedness could intensify. Our level of indebtedness increases the possibility that we may be unable to generate cash sufficient to pay, when due, the principal of, interest on or other amounts due in respect of our indebtedness. Our higher level of indebtedness, combined with our other financial obligations and contractual commitments, could:

make it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to our indebtedness, and any failure to comply with the obligations under any of our debt instruments, including restrictive covenants, could result in an event of default under the indenture governing our convertible senior notes and the agreements governing our other indebtedness;

require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to payments on our indebtedness, thereby reducing funds available for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions and other purposes;

increase our vulnerability to adverse economic and industry conditions, which could place us at a competitive disadvantage;

limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industries in which we operate;

limit our ability to borrow additional funds, or to dispose of assets to raise funds, if needed, for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions and other corporate purposes;

reduce or delay investments and capital expenditures;

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cause any refinancing of our indebtedness to be at higher interest rates and require us to comply with more onerous covenants, which could further restrict our business operations; and

prevent us from raising the funds necessary to repurchase all notes tendered to us upon the occurrence of certain changes of control, which would constitute a default under the indenture governing the convertible senior notes.

The hedging activity related to our securitization trusts and our floating rate indebtedness subjects us to counterparty risks relating to the creditworthiness of the commercial banks with whom we enter into hedging transactions.

In order to execute hedging strategies related to the securitization trusts and our floating rate indebtedness, we have entered into interest rate derivative contracts with commercial banks. These banks are otherwise known as counterparties. It is our policy to enter into such contracts with counterparties that are deemed to be creditworthy. However, if macro- or micro-economic events were to negatively impact these banks, the banks might not be able to honor their obligations either to us or to the securitization trusts and we might suffer a direct loss.

We rely on third party vendors to provide products and services. Our profitability could be adversely impacted if they fail to fulfill their obligations.

The failure of our suppliers to deliver products and services in sufficient quantities and in a timely manner could adversely affect our business. If our significant vendors were unable to renew our existing contracts, we might not be able to replace the related product or service at the same cost which would negatively impact our profitability.

If actual redemptions by AIR MILES Reward Program collectors are greater than expected, or if the costs related to redemption of AIR MILES reward miles increase, our profitability could be adversely affected.

A portion of our revenue is based on our estimate of the number of AIR MILES reward miles that will go unused by the collector base. The percentage of unredeemed AIR MILES reward miles is known as breakage in the loyalty industry. AIR MILES reward miles currently do not expire. We experience breakage when AIR MILES reward miles are not redeemed by collectors for a number of reasons, including:

loss of interest in the program or sponsors;

collectors moving out of the program area; and

death of a collector.

If actual redemptions are greater than our estimates, our profitability could be adversely affected due to the cost of the excess redemptions. In addition, since we recognize revenue over the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile for those AIR MILES reward miles subject to breakage, any significant change in, or failure by management to reasonably estimate, breakage could adversely affect our profitability.

Our AIR MILES Reward Program also exposes us to risks arising from potentially increasing reward costs. Our profitability could be adversely affected if costs related to redemption of AIR MILES reward miles increase. A 10% increase in the cost of redemptions would have resulted in a decrease in pre-tax income of \$35.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2009.

The loss of our most active AIR MILES Reward Program collectors could negatively affect our growth and profitability.

Our most active AIR MILES Reward Program collectors drive a disproportionately large percentage of our AIR MILES Reward Program revenue. The loss of a significant portion of these collectors, for any reason, could impact our ability to generate significant revenue from sponsors. The continued attractiveness of our loyalty and rewards programs will depend in large part on our ability to remain affiliated with sponsors that are desirable to consumers and to offer rewards that are both attainable and attractive.

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If we fail to identify suitable acquisition candidates, or to integrate the businesses we acquire, it could negatively affect our business.

Historically, we have engaged in a significant number of acquisitions, and those acquisitions have contributed to our growth in revenue and profitability. We believe that acquisitions will continue to be a key component of our growth strategy. However, we may not be able to continue to locate and secure acquisition candidates on terms and conditions that are acceptable to us. If we are unable to identify attractive acquisition candidates, our growth could be impaired.

There are numerous risks associated with acquisitions, including:

the difficulty and expense that we incur in connection with the acquisition;

adverse accounting consequences of conforming the acquired company's accounting policies to ours;

the diversion of management's attention from other business concerns;

the potential loss of customers or key employees of the acquired company;

the impact on our financial condition due to the timing of the acquisition or the failure to meet operating expectations of the acquired business; and

the assumption of unknown liabilities of the acquired company.

Acquisitions that we make may not be successfully integrated into our ongoing operations and we may not achieve any expected cost savings or other synergies from any acquisition. If the operations of an acquired business do not meet expectations, our profitability and cash flows may be impaired and we may be required to restructure the acquired business or write-off the value of some or all of the assets of the acquired business.

Legislation relating to consumer privacy may affect our ability to collect data that we use in providing our loyalty and marketing services, which, among other things, could negatively affect our ability to satisfy our clients' needs.

The enactment of new or amended legislation or industry regulations arising from public concern over consumer privacy issues could have a material adverse impact on our marketing services. Legislation or industry regulations regarding consumer privacy issues could place restrictions upon the collection, sharing and use of information that is currently legally available, which could materially increase our cost of collecting some data. These types of legislation or industry regulations could also prohibit us from collecting or disseminating certain types of data, which could adversely affect our ability to meet our clients' requirements and our profitability and cash flow. In addition to the United States and Canadian regulations discussed below, we have expanded our marketing services through the acquisition of companies formed and operating in foreign jurisdictions that may be subject to additional or more stringent legislation and regulations regarding consumer privacy.

In the United States, federal and state laws such as the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act and the Fair Credit Reporting Act, as amended by the Fair and Accurate Credit Transactions Act of 2003, make it more difficult to collect, share and use information that has previously been legally available and may increase our costs of collecting some data. Regulations under these acts give cardholders the ability to opt out of having information generated by their credit card purchases shared with other affiliated and unaffiliated parties or the public. Our ability to gather, share and utilize this data will be adversely affected if a significant percentage of the consumers whose purchasing behavior we track elect to opt out, thereby precluding us and our affiliates from using their data.

In the United States, the federal Do-Not-Call Implementation Act makes it more difficult to telephonically communicate with prospective and existing customers. Similar measures were implemented in Canada beginning September 1, 2008. Regulations in both the United States and Canada give consumers the ability to opt out, through a national do-not-call registry and state do-not-call registries of having telephone solicitations placed to them by companies that do not have an existing business relationship with the consumer. In addition, regulations require

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companies to maintain an internal do-not-call list for those who do not want the companies to solicit them through telemarketing. These regulations could limit our ability to provide services and information to our clients. Failure to comply with these regulations could have a negative impact on our reputation and subject us to significant penalties.

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In the United States, the federal Controlling the Assault of Non-Solicited Pornography and Marketing Act of 2003 restricts our ability to send commercial electronic mail messages, the primary purpose of which is advertising or promoting a commercial product or service, to our customers and prospective customers. The act requires that a commercial electronic mail message provide the customers with an opportunity to opt-out from receiving future commercial electronic mail messages from the sender. Failure to comply with the terms of this act could have a negative impact on our reputation and subject us to significant penalties.

In Canada, the Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act requires an organization to obtain a consumer's consent to collect, use or disclose personal information. Under this act, consumer personal information may be used only for the purposes for which it was collected. We allow our customers to voluntarily opt out from receiving either one or both promotional and marketing mail or promotional and marketing electronic mail. Heightened consumer awareness of, and concern about, privacy may result in customers opting out at higher rates than they have historically. This would mean that a reduced number of customers would receive bonus and promotional offers and therefore those customers may collect fewer AIR MILES reward miles.

Failure to safeguard our databases and consumer privacy could affect our reputation among our clients and their customers, and may expose us to legal claims.

As part of our AIR MILES Reward Program, targeted marketing services programs and credit card programs, we maintain marketing databases containing information on consumers' account transactions. Although we have extensive security procedures, our databases may be subject to unauthorized access. If we experience a security breach, the integrity of our databases could be affected. Security and privacy concerns may cause consumers to resist providing the personal data necessary to support our profiling capability. The use of our loyalty, marketing services or credit card programs could decline if any compromise of security occurred. In addition, any unauthorized release of customer information or any public perception that we released consumer information without authorization, could subject us to legal claims from consumers or regulatory enforcement actions and adversely affect our client relationships.

Loss of data center capacity, interruption of telecommunication links, computer viruses or inability to utilize proprietary software of third party vendors could affect our ability to timely meet the needs of our clients and their customers.

Our ability, and that of our third-party service providers, to protect our data centers against damage or inoperability from fire, power loss, telecommunications failure, computer viruses and other disasters is critical. In order to provide many of our services, we must be able to store, retrieve, process and manage large amounts of data and periodically expand and upgrade our database capabilities. Any damage to our data centers, or those of our third-party service providers, any failure of our telecommunication links that interrupts our operations or any impairment of our ability to use our software or the proprietary software of third party vendors, including impairments due to virus attacks, could adversely affect our ability to meet our clients' needs and their confidence in utilizing us for future services.

Current and proposed regulation and legislation relating to our retail credit services could limit our business activities, product offerings and fees charged.

Various federal and state laws and regulations significantly limit the retail credit services activities in which we are permitted to engage. Such laws and regulations, among other things, limit the fees and other charges that we can impose on consumers, limit or proscribe certain other terms of our products and services, require specified disclosures to consumers, or require that we maintain certain licenses, qualifications and minimum capital levels. In some cases, the precise application of these statutes and regulations is not clear. In addition, numerous legislative and regulatory proposals are advanced each year which, if adopted, could have a materially adverse effect on our profitability or further restrict the manner in which we conduct our activities. In May 2009, the Credit Card Accountability Responsibility and Disclosure Act of 2009 was enacted, or the CARD Act. The CARD Act, together with its implementing rules, which become effective in 2010, act to limit or modify certain

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credit card practices and require increased disclosures to consumers. The credit card practices addressed by the rules include, but are not limited to, restrictions on the application of rate increases to existing and new balances, payment allocation, default pricing, imposition of late fees and two-cycle billing. The CARD Act rules incorporate the substance of the rules previously adopted by the Federal Reserve Board in December 2008 that amended both Regulation AA (Unfair or Deceptive Acts or Practices) and Regulation Z (Truth in Lending Act). Therefore, these prior rules have been withdrawn. The failure to comply with, or adverse changes in, the laws or regulations to which our business is subject, or adverse changes in their interpretation, could have a materially adverse effect on our ability to collect our receivables and generate fees on the receivables, thereby adversely affecting our profitability.

Our failure to protect our intellectual property rights may harm our competitive position, and litigation to protect our intellectual property rights or defend against third party allegations of infringement may be costly.

Third parties may infringe or misappropriate our trademarks or other intellectual property rights, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or operating results. The actions we take to protect our trademarks and other proprietary rights may not be adequate. Litigation may be necessary to enforce our intellectual property rights, protect our trade secrets or determine the validity and scope of the proprietary rights of others. We may not be able to prevent infringement of our intellectual property rights or misappropriation of our proprietary information. Any infringement or misappropriation could harm any competitive advantage we currently derive or may derive from our proprietary rights. Third parties may also assert infringement claims against us. Any claims and any resulting litigation could subject us to significant liability for damages. An adverse determination in any litigation of this type could require us to design around a third party's patent or to license alternative technology from another party. In addition, litigation is time consuming and expensive to defend and could result in the diversion of our time and resources. Any claims from third parties may also result in limitations on our ability to use the intellectual property subject to these claims.

Airline or travel industry disruptions, such as an airline insolvency, could negatively affect the AIR MILES Reward Program, our revenues and profitability.

Air travel is one of the appeals of the AIR MILES Reward Program to collectors. As a result of airline insolvencies and restructurings, we may experience service disruptions that prevent us from fulfilling collectors' flight redemption requests. If one of our existing airline suppliers sharply reduces its fleet capacity and route network, we may not be able to satisfy our collectors' demands for airline tickets. Tickets from other airlines, if available, could be more expensive than a comparable ticket under our current supply agreements with existing suppliers, and the routes offered by the other airlines may be inadequate, inconvenient or undesirable to the redeeming collectors. As a result, we may experience higher air travel redemption costs, and collector satisfaction with the AIR MILES Reward Program might be adversely affected.

As a result of airline or travel industry disruptions, political instability, terrorist acts or war, some collectors could determine that air travel is too dangerous or burdensome. Consequently, collectors might forego redeeming AIR MILES reward miles for air travel and therefore might not participate in the AIR MILES Reward Program to the extent they previously did, which could adversely affect our revenue from the program.

Our bank subsidiaries are subject to extensive federal regulation that may require us to make capital contributions to them, and that may restrict the ability of these subsidiaries to make cash available to us.

Federal and state laws and regulations extensively regulate the operations of our credit card services bank subsidiary, WFNNB, as well as our industrial bank, WFCB. Many of these laws and regulations are intended to maintain the safety and soundness of WFNNB and WFCB, and they impose significant restraints on them to which other non-regulated entities are not subject. As a national bank, WFNNB is subject to overlapping supervision by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, or the OCC, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or the FDIC. As an industrial bank, WFCB is subject to overlapping supervision by the FDIC and the State of Utah. WFNNB and WFCB must maintain minimum amounts of regulatory capital. If WFNNB and WFCB do not meet these capital requirements,

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their respective regulators have broad discretion to institute a number of corrective actions that could have a direct material effect on our financial statements. WFCB, as an institution insured by the FDIC, must maintain certain capital ratios, paid-in capital minimums and adequate allowances for loan losses. WFNNB must meet specific guidelines that involve measures and ratios of its assets, liabilities, regulatory capital, interest rate exposure and certain off-balance sheet items under regulatory accounting standards, among other factors. As part of a portfolio acquisition in 2003 by WFNNB, which required approval by the OCC, the OCC required WFNNB to enter into an operating agreement with it (the 2003 Operating Agreement) and a capital adequacy and liquidity maintenance agreement with us (the 2003 CALMA). The 2003 Operating Agreement required WFNNB to continue to operate in a manner consistent with its current practices, regulatory guidelines and applicable law, including those related to affiliate transactions, maintenance of capital and corporate governance. On August 14, 2009, we entered into a revised operating agreement with WFNNB and the OCC (the 2009 Operating Agreement), which required us to enter into both a new capital adequacy and liquidity maintenance agreement (the 2009 CALMA) and a capital and liquidity support agreement (the 2009 CALSA) with WFNNB. The 2009 Operating Agreement has not required any changes in WFNNB's operations. The 2009 CALMA and 2009 CALSA memorialize our current obligations to ensure that WFNNB remains in compliance with its minimum capital requirements. If either WFNNB or WFCB were to fail to meet any of the capital requirements to which it is subject, we may be required to provide them with additional capital, which could impair our ability to service our indebtedness.

Before WFNNB can pay dividends to us, it must obtain prior regulatory approval if all dividends declared in any calendar year would exceed its net profits for that year plus its retained net profits for the preceding two calendar years, less any transfers to surplus. In addition, WFNNB may pay dividends only to the extent that retained net profits, including the portion transferred to surplus, exceed bad debts. Moreover, to pay any dividend, WFNNB must maintain adequate capital above regulatory guidelines. Further, if a regulatory authority believes that WFNNB is engaged in or is about to engage in an unsafe or unsound banking practice, which, depending on its financial condition, could include the payment of dividends, that regulatory authority may require, after notice and hearing, that WFNNB cease and desist from the unsafe practice. To pay any dividend, WFCB must also maintain adequate capital above regulatory guidelines. Accordingly, neither WFNNB nor WFCB may be able to make any of its cash or other assets available to us, including servicing our indebtedness.

If our bank subsidiaries fail to meet certain criteria, we may become subject to regulation under the Bank Holding Company Act, which could force us to cease all of our non-banking activities and thus cause a drastic reduction in our profits and revenue.

If either of our depository institution subsidiaries failed to meet the criteria for the exemption from the definition of bank in the Bank Holding Company Act under which it operates (which exemptions are described below), and if we did not divest such depository institution upon such an occurrence, we would become subject to regulation under the Bank Holding Company Act. This would require us to cease certain of our activities that are not permissible for companies that are subject to regulation under the Bank Holding Company Act. One of our depository institution subsidiaries, WFNNB, is a limited-purpose national credit card bank located in Ohio. WFNNB will not be a bank as defined under the Bank Holding Company Act so long as it remains in compliance with the following requirements:

it engages only in credit card operations;

it does not accept demand deposits or deposits that the depositor may withdraw by check or similar means for payment to third parties;

it does not accept any savings or time deposits of less than \$100,000, except for deposits pledged as collateral for its extensions of credit;

it maintains only one office that accepts deposits; and

it does not engage in the business of making commercial loans.

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Our other depository institution subsidiary, WFCB, is a Utah industrial bank that is authorized to do business by the State of Utah and the FDIC. WFCB will not be a bank as defined under the Bank Holding Company Act so long as it remains an industrial bank in compliance with the following requirements:

it is an institution organized under the laws of a state which, on March 5, 1987, had in effect or had under consideration in such state's legislature a statute which required or would require such institution to obtain insurance under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act; and

it does not accept demand deposits that the depositor may withdraw by check or similar means for payment to third parties.

If our industrial bank fails to meet the requirements of the FDIC or State of Utah, we may be subject to termination of our industrial bank.

Our industrial bank, WFCB, is authorized to do business by the State of Utah and the FDIC. WFCB is subject to capital ratios and paid-in capital minimums and must maintain adequate allowances for loan losses. If WFCB fails to meet the requirements of the FDIC or the State of Utah, it may be subject to termination as an industrial bank.

Competition in our industries is intense and we expect it to intensify.

The markets for our products and services are highly competitive and we expect competition to intensify in each of those markets. Many of our current competitors have longer operating histories, stronger brand names and greater financial, technical, marketing and other resources than we do. Certain of our segments also compete against in-house staffs of our current clients and others or internally developed products and services by our current clients and others. For example, as a result of increasing competitors in the loyalty market, including from Aeroplan, Air Canada's frequent flyer program, we may experience greater competition in attracting and retaining sponsors in our AIR MILES Reward Program. Our ability to generate significant revenue from clients and partners will depend on our ability to differentiate ourselves through the products and services we provide and the attractiveness of our programs to consumers. We may not be able to compete successfully against our current and potential competitors.

In 2009, our Private Label Services segment derived approximately 96.7 % of its revenue from servicing cardholder accounts for the Private Label Credit segment. If the Private Label Credit segment suffered a significant client loss, our revenue and profitability attributable to the Private Label Services segment could be materially and adversely affected.

Our Private Label Services segment performs card processing and servicing activities for cardholder accounts generated by our Private Label Credit segment. During 2009, our Private Label Services segment derived \$383.5 million, or 96.7 %, of its revenues, from these services for our Private Label Credit segment. The financial performance of our Private Label Services segment, therefore, is linked to the activities of our Private Label Credit segment. If the Private Label Credit segment were to lose a significant client, our revenue and profitability attributable to the Private Label Services segment could be materially and adversely affected.

Anti-takeover provisions in our organizational documents, Delaware law and the fundamental change purchase rights of our convertible senior notes may discourage or prevent a change of control, even if an acquisition would be beneficial to our stockholders, which could affect our stock price adversely and prevent or delay change of control transactions or attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management.

Delaware law, as well as provisions of our certificate of incorporation, bylaws and debt instruments, could discourage unsolicited proposals to acquire us, even though such proposals may be beneficial to our stockholders.

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These include:

a board of directors classified into three classes of directors with the directors of each class having staggered, three-year terms;

our board's authority to issue shares of preferred stock without further stockholder approval;

provisions of Delaware law providing that directors serving on staggered boards of directors, such as ours, may be removed only for cause; and

fundamental change purchase rights of our convertible senior notes, which allow such noteholders to require us to purchase all or a portion of their convertible senior notes upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, as well as provisions requiring an increase to the conversion rate for conversions in connection with make-whole fundamental changes.

In addition, we are subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, which may prohibit certain business combinations with stockholders owning 15% or more of our outstanding voting stock. These and other provisions in our certificate of incorporation, bylaws and Delaware law could make it more difficult for stockholders or potential acquirers to obtain control of our board of directors or initiate actions that are opposed by our then-current board of directors, including a merger, tender offer or proxy contest involving us. Any delay or prevention of a change of control transaction or changes in our board of directors could cause the market price of our common stock to decline or delay or prevent our stockholders from receiving a premium over the market price of our common stock that they might otherwise receive.

Future sales of our common stock, or the perception that future sales could occur, may adversely affect our common stock price.

As of February 25, 2010, we had an aggregate of 101,808,856 shares of our common stock authorized but unissued and not reserved for specific purposes. In general, we may issue all of these shares without any action or approval by our stockholders. We have reserved 21,003,000 shares of our common stock for issuance under our employee stock purchase plan and our long-term incentive plans, of which 4,135,824 shares are issuable upon vesting of restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, and upon exercise of options granted as of February 25, 2010, including options to purchase approximately 2,440,948 shares exercisable as of February 25, 2010 or that will become exercisable within 60 days after February 25, 2010. We have reserved for issuance 1,500,000 shares of our common stock, 909,041 of which remain issuable, under our 401(k) and Retirement Savings Plan. In addition, we may pursue acquisitions of competitors and related businesses and may issue shares of our common stock in connection with these acquisitions. Sales or issuances of a substantial number of shares of common stock, or the perception that such sales could occur, could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock, and any sale or issuance of our common stock will dilute the percentage ownership held by our stockholders.

We do not intend to pay cash dividends.

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our capital stock. We currently intend to retain all available funds and any future earnings for use in the operation and expansion of our business and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Any future determination to pay cash dividends will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will be dependent upon our financial condition, operating results, capital requirements and other factors that our board deems relevant.

Conversion of the convertible senior notes may dilute the ownership interest of existing stockholders.

The conversion of some or all of the convertible senior notes may dilute the ownership interests of existing stockholders. Any sales in the public market of any of our common stock issuable upon such conversion could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock. In addition, the conversion of the convertible

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senior notes into shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock could depress the price of our common stock.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 2. Properties

As of December 31, 2009, we leased approximately 45 general office properties worldwide, comprising over 2.1 million square feet. These facilities are used to carry out our operational, sales and administrative functions. Our principal facilities are as follows:

| Location | Segment | Approximate Square Footage | Lease Expiration Date |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Dallas, Texas | Corporate | 230,061 | October 31, 2010 |
| Plano, Texas | Corporate | 84,262 | June 29, 2021 |
| Columbus, Ohio | Corporate, Private Label Credit | 199,112 | November 30, 2017 |
| Columbus, Ohio | Private Label Services | 103,161 | January 31, 2014 |
| Westerville, Ohio | Private Label Services | 100,800 | May 31, 2011 |
| Toronto, Ontario, Canada | Loyalty Services | 183,014 | September 30, 2017 |
| Toronto, Ontario, Canada | Loyalty Services | 16,124 | October 31, 2014 |
| New York, New York | Epsilon Marketing Services | 50,648 | January 31, 2018 |
| Wakefield, Massachusetts | Epsilon Marketing Services | 135,518 | December 31, 2020 |
| Irving, Texas | Epsilon Marketing Services | 150,232 | June 30, 2018 |
| Thornton, Colorado | Epsilon Marketing Services | 7,148 | January 31, 2012 |
| Lafayette, Colorado | Epsilon Marketing Services | 80,132 | April 30, 2016 |
| Earth City, Missouri | Epsilon Marketing Services | 116,783 | September 30, 2012 |

We believe our current and proposed facilities are suitable to our businesses and that we will be able to lease, purchase or newly construct additional facilities as needed.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

From time to time we are involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of our business that we believe will not have a material adverse affect on our business or financial condition, including claims and lawsuits alleging breaches of our contractual obligations.

Table of Contents**PART II****Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**
Market Information

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, and trades under the symbol ADS. The following table sets forth for the periods indicated the high and low composite per share prices as reported by the NYSE.

| | High | Low |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Year Ended December 31, 2009 | | |
| First quarter | \$ 48.71 | \$ 22.76 |
| Second quarter | 49.69 | 34.72 |
| Third quarter | 65.95 | 36.30 |
| Fourth quarter | 69.09 | 54.66 |
| Year Ended December 31, 2008 | | |
| First quarter | \$ 75.00 | \$ 39.54 |
| Second quarter | 62.50 | 47.00 |
| Third quarter | 67.68 | 47.54 |
| Fourth quarter | 66.15 | 34.76 |

Holders

As of February 25, 2010, the closing price of our common stock was \$56.08 per share, there were 52,553,789 shares of our common stock outstanding, and there were approximately 35 holders of record of our common stock.

Dividends

We have never declared or paid any dividends on our common stock, and we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. We currently intend to retain future earnings, if any, to finance operations and the expansion of our business. Any future determination to pay cash dividends on our common stock will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will be dependent upon our financial condition, operating results, capital requirements and other factors that our board deems relevant. In addition, under the terms of our credit facility, we are restricted in the amount of any dividends or return of capital, other distribution, payment or delivery of property or cash to our common stockholders.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

On July 30, 2008, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program to acquire up to \$1.3 billion of our outstanding common stock through December 2009, subject to any restrictions pursuant to the terms of our credit agreements or otherwise.

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The following table presents information with respect to purchases of our common stock made during the three months ended December 31, 2009:

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾ | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽²⁾ (In millions) |
|---------------|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| During 2009: | | | | |
| October 1-31 | 253,402 | \$ 57.90 | 251,768 | \$ 288.6 |
| November 1-30 | 166,849 | 59.95 | 163,500 | 278.8 |
| December 1-31 | 63,354 | 60.57 | 61,800 | 275.1 |
| Total | 483,605 | \$ 58.96 | 477,068 | \$ 275.1 |

- (1) During the period represented by the table, the administrator of our 401(k) and Retirement Saving Plan purchased 6,537 shares of our common stock for the benefit of the employees who participated in that portion of the plan.
- (2) On July 30, 2008, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program to acquire up to \$1.3 billion of our outstanding common stock through December 31, 2009, subject to any restrictions pursuant to the terms of our credit agreement or otherwise. On January 27, 2010, our Board of Directors authorized a new stock repurchase program to acquire up to \$275.1 million of our outstanding common stock, from February 5, 2010 through December 31, 2010, subject to any restrictions under the terms of our credit agreement or otherwise.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2009 with respect to shares of our common stock that may be issued under the 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan or the Amended and Restated Employee Stock Purchase Plan:

| Plan Category | Number of Securities to be Issued upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights | Weighted Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights | Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in the First Column) |
|--|---|---|---|
| Equity compensation plans approved by security holders | 2,480,690 | \$ 36.05 | 1,391,133 ⁽¹⁾ |
| Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders | None | N/A | None |
| Total | 2,480,690 | \$ 36.05 | 1,391,133 |

- (1) Includes 704,245 shares available for future issuance under the Amended and Restated Employee Stock Purchase Plan.

Performance Graph

The following graph compares the yearly percentage change in cumulative total stockholder return on our common stock since December 31, 2004, with the cumulative total return over the same period of (1) the S&P 500 Index and (2) a peer group selected by us.

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The companies in the peer group are Axiom Corporation, Affiliated Computer Services, Inc., American Express Company, Capital One Financial Corporation, Convergys Corporation, DST Systems, Inc., Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., Fiserv, Inc., Global Payments, Inc., Harte-Hanks, Inc., MasterCard, Incorporated, Total Systems Services, Inc. and The Western Union Company.

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Pursuant to rules of the SEC, the comparison assumes \$100 was invested on December 31, 2004 in our common stock and in each of the indices and assumes reinvestment of dividends, if any. Also pursuant to SEC rules, the returns of each of the companies in the peer group are weighted according to the respective company's stock market capitalization at the beginning of each period for which a return is indicated. Historical stock prices are not indicative of future stock price performance.

| | Alliance Data Systems | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Corporation | S&P 500 | Peer Group |
| December 31, 2004 | \$ 100.00 | \$ 100.00 | \$ 100.00 |
| December 31, 2005 | 74.98 | 104.91 | 104.85 |
| December 31, 2006 | 131.57 | 121.48 | 116.01 |
| December 31, 2007 | 157.94 | 128.16 | 110.32 |
| December 31, 2008 | 98.00 | 80.74 | 59.32 |
| December 31, 2009 | 136.04 | 102.11 | 98.38 |

Our future filings with the SEC may incorporate information by reference, including this Form 10-K. Unless we specifically state otherwise, this Performance Graph shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference and shall not constitute soliciting material or otherwise be considered filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Table of Contents**Item 6. Selected Financial Data****SELECTED HISTORICAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL AND OPERATING INFORMATION**

The following table sets forth our summary historical financial information for the periods ended and as of the dates indicated. You should read the following historical financial information along with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in this Form 10-K. The fiscal year financial information included in the table below is derived from audited financial statements. Our financial statements have been presented with our merchant, utility services businesses, and terminated operations of a private label program as discontinued operations. All historical statements have been restated to conform to this presentation.

| | Year Ended December 31, | | | | |
|---|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| | (In thousands, except per share amounts) | | | | |
| Income statement data | | | | | |
| Total revenue | \$ 1,964,341 | \$ 2,025,254 | \$ 1,962,159 | \$ 1,650,549 | \$ 1,232,480 |
| Cost of operations (exclusive of amortization and depreciation disclosed separately below) ⁽¹⁾ | 1,354,138 | 1,341,958 | 1,304,631 | 1,095,929 | 833,283 |
| General and administrative ⁽¹⁾ | 99,823 | 82,804 | 80,898 | 91,815 | 88,797 |
| Depreciation and other amortization | 62,196 | 68,505 | 59,688 | 48,499 | 40,545 |
| Amortization of purchased intangibles | 63,090 | 67,291 | 67,323 | 40,926 | 23,004 |
| Gain on acquisition of a business | (21,227) | | | | |
| Loss on the sale of assets | | 1,052 | 16,045 | | |
| Merger (reimbursements) costs | (1,436) | 3,053 | 12,349 | | |
| Total operating expenses | 1,556,584 | 1,564,663 | 1,540,934 | 1,277,169 | 985,629 |
| Operating income | 407,757 | 460,591 | 421,225 | 373,380 | 246,851 |
| Interest expense, net | 144,811 | 80,440 | 69,381 | 40,722 | 13,905 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 262,946 | 380,151 | 351,844 | 332,658 | 232,946 |
| Provision for income taxes | 86,227 | 147,599 | 137,403 | 126,261 | 86,318 |
| Income from continuing operations | 176,719 | 232,552 | 214,441 | 206,397 | 146,628 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes | (32,985) | (26,150) | (50,380) | (16,792) | (7,883) |
| Net income | \$ 143,734 | \$ 206,402 | \$ 164,061 | \$ 189,605 | \$ 138,745 |
| Income from continuing operations per share - basic | \$ 3.17 | \$ 3.25 | \$ 2.74 | \$ 2.59 | \$ 1.78 |
| Income from continuing operations per share - diluted | \$ 3.06 | \$ 3.16 | \$ 2.65 | \$ 2.53 | \$ 1.73 |
| Net income per share - basic | \$ 2.58 | \$ 2.88 | \$ 2.09 | \$ 2.38 | \$ 1.69 |
| Net income per share - diluted | \$ 2.49 | \$ 2.80 | \$ 2.03 | \$ 2.32 | \$ 1.64 |
| Weighted average shares used in computing per share amounts - basic | 55,765 | 71,502 | 78,403 | 79,735 | 82,208 |
| Weighted average shares used in computing per share amounts - diluted | 57,706 | 73,640 | 80,811 | 81,686 | 84,637 |

- (1) Included in general and administrative is stock compensation expense of \$24.3 million, \$18.9 million, \$20.7 million, \$15.5 million, and \$7.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006, and 2005, respectively. Included in cost of operations is stock compensation expense of \$29.3 million, \$29.8 million, \$27.6 million, \$20.3 million, and \$3.0 million, for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, 2007, 2006, and 2005, respectively.

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| | Year Ended December 31, | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| (In thousands, except per share amounts) | | | | | |
| Adjusted EBITDA⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 590,077 | \$ 655,229 | \$ 632,185 | \$ 498,596 | \$ 321,361 |
| Other financial data | | | | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities | \$ 358,414 | \$ 451,019 | \$ 571,521 | \$ 397,910 | \$ 109,081 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | \$ (888,022) | \$ (512,518) | \$ (694,808) | \$ (472,102) | \$ (330,951) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | \$ 570,189 | \$ (20,306) | \$ 197,075 | \$ 112,270 | \$ 278,579 |
| Segment Operating data | | | | | |
| Private label statements generated | 130,176 | 125,197 | 135,261 | 135,764 | 124,836 |
| Credit sales | \$ 7,968,125 | \$ 7,242,422 | \$ 7,502,947 | \$ 7,444,298 | \$ 6,582,800 |
| Average managed receivables | \$ 4,359,625 | \$ 3,915,658 | \$ 3,909,627 | \$ 3,640,057 | \$ 3,170,485 |
| AIR MILES reward miles issued | 4,545,774 | 4,463,181 | 4,143,000 | 3,741,834 | 3,246,553 |
| AIR MILES reward miles redeemed | 3,326,307 | 3,121,799 | 2,723,524 | 2,456,932 | 2,023,218 |

- (2) See "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" set forth in Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" for a discussion of our use of adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation to net income, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

| | As of December 31, | | | | |
|--|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| (In thousands) | | | | | |
| Balance sheet data | | | | | |
| Seller's interest and credit card receivables, net | \$ 913,406 | \$ 612,940 | \$ 652,434 | \$ 569,389 | \$ 479,108 |
| Redemption settlement assets, restricted | 574,004 | 531,594 | 317,053 | 260,957 | 260,963 |
| Total assets | 5,225,667 | 4,341,989 | 4,162,395 | 3,481,199 | 2,996,096 |
| Deferred revenue | 1,146,146 | 995,634 | 828,348 | 651,506 | 610,533 |
| Certificates of deposit | 1,465,000 | 688,900 | 370,400 | 299,000 | 379,100 |
| Long-term and other debt, including current maturities | 1,782,352 | 1,491,275 | 957,650 | 741,618 | 452,449 |
| Total liabilities | 4,952,891 | 3,794,691 | 2,965,429 | 2,409,666 | 2,074,989 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 272,776 | 547,298 | 1,196,966 | 1,071,533 | 921,107 |

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Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
Overview

We are a leading provider of data-driven and transaction-based marketing and customer loyalty solutions. We offer a comprehensive portfolio of integrated outsourced marketing solutions, including customer loyalty programs, database marketing services, marketing strategy consulting, analytics and creative services, permission-based email marketing and private label retail credit card programs. We focus on facilitating and managing interactions between our clients and their customers through a variety of consumer marketing channels, including in-store, catalog, mail, telephone and on-line. We capture data created during each customer interaction, analyze the data and leverage the insight derived from that data to enable clients to identify and acquire new customers, as well as to enhance customer loyalty. We believe that our services are becoming increasingly valuable as companies continue to shift their marketing resources away from traditional mass marketing campaigns toward more targeted marketing programs that provide measurable returns on marketing investments. We operate in the following business segments: Loyalty Services, Epsilon Marketing Services, Private Label Credit and Private Label Services.

Loyalty Services. The Loyalty Services segment generates revenue primarily from our coalition loyalty program in Canada.

In our AIR MILES Reward Program, we primarily collect fees from our clients based on the number of AIR MILES reward miles issued and, in limited circumstances, the number of AIR MILES reward miles redeemed. All of the fees collected for AIR MILES reward miles issued are deferred and recognized over time. AIR MILES reward miles issued and AIR MILES reward miles redeemed are the two primary drivers of Loyalty Services' revenue and indicators of the success of the program. These two drivers are also important in the revenue recognition process.

AIR MILES Reward Miles Issued: The number of AIR MILES reward miles issued reflects the buying activity of the collectors at our participating sponsors, who pay us a fee per AIR MILES reward mile issued. The fees collected from sponsors for the issuance of AIR MILES reward miles represent future revenue and earnings for us. The revenue related to the service element of the AIR MILES reward miles (which consists of marketing and administrative services provided to sponsors) is initially deferred and amortized over a period of 42 months, which is the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile, beginning with the issuance of the AIR MILES reward mile and ending upon its expected redemption.

AIR MILES Reward Miles Redeemed: Redemptions show that collectors are redeeming AIR MILES reward miles to collect the rewards that are offered through our programs, which is an indicator of the success of the program. We recognize revenue from the redemptions of AIR MILES reward miles by collectors. The revenue related to the redemption element is deferred until the collector redeems the AIR MILES reward miles or over the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile in the case of AIR MILES reward miles that we estimate will go unused by the collector base or breakage. We currently estimate breakage to be 28% of AIR MILES reward miles issued. There have been no changes to management's estimate of the life of a mile in the periods presented. Our estimated breakage changed from one-third to 28% effective June 1, 2008. See Note 10, "Deferred Revenue," of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Our AIR MILES Reward Program tends to be resilient during economic swings, because many of our sponsors are in non-discretionary retail categories such as grocery stores, gas stations and pharmacies. Additionally, we target the sponsors' most loyal customers, who we believe are unlikely to significantly change their spending patterns. We are impacted by changes in the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the Canadian dollar.

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Epsilon Marketing Services. The Epsilon Marketing Services segment is a leader in providing integrated direct marketing solutions that combine database marketing technology and analytics with a broad range of direct marketing services. Epsilon Marketing Services has over 500 clients, primarily in the financial services, specialty retail, hospitality and pharmaceutical end-markets.

Private Label Services. The Private Label Services segment primarily generates revenue based on the number of statements generated, customer calls handled, remittance processing, customer care and various marketing services. Statements generated represent the number of statements generated for our credit cards. The number of statements generated in any given period is a fairly reliable indicator of the number of active account holders during that period.

Companies are increasingly outsourcing their non-core processes such as billing and customer care. The Private Label Services segment is primarily affected by those industry trends that affect our Private Label Credit segment as discussed below.

Private Label Credit. The Private Label Credit segment provides risk management solutions, account origination and funding services for our more than 100 private label retail and co-branded credit card programs. Private Label Credit primarily generates revenue from securitization income, servicing fees from our securitization trusts and merchant discount fees. Private label credit sales and average managed receivables are the two primary drivers of revenue for this segment.

Private Label Credit Sales: This represents the dollar value of private label credit card sales that occur at our clients' point of sale terminals or through catalogs or web sites. Generally, we are paid a percentage of these sales, referred to as merchant discount, from the retailers that utilize our program. Private label credit sales typically lead to higher portfolio balances as cardholders finance their purchases through our credit card banks.

Average Managed Receivables: This represents the average balance of outstanding receivables from our cardholders at the beginning of each month during the period in question. Customers are assessed a finance charge based on their outstanding balance at the end of a billing cycle. There are many factors that drive the outstanding balances, such as payment rates, charge-offs, recoveries and delinquencies. Management actively monitors all of these factors.

The Private Label Credit segment is affected by increased outsourcing in targeted industries. The growing trend of outsourcing private label retail credit card programs leads to increased accounts and balances to finance. We focus our sales efforts on prime borrowers and do not target sub-prime borrowers. Additionally, economic trends can impact this segment. Interest expense is a significant component of operating costs for the securitization trusts.

Corporate/Other. This includes corporate overhead which is not allocated to our segments, as well as all other immaterial businesses.

Year in Review Highlights

Our results for the year ended December 31, 2009 included the following significant agreements and continued selective execution of our acquisition strategy:

In January 2009, we announced the signing of a multi-year agreement with HSN, an interactive lifestyle network and retail destination, to provide both co-brand and private label credit card services. In addition, we purchased HSN's existing private label credit card portfolio in December 2008, with the conversion completed in the first quarter of 2009.

In February 2009, we announced that Shell Canada Products, a top-5 AIR MILES Reward Program sponsor and a manufacturer, distributor, and marketer of refined petroleum products in Canada, had signed a multi-year renewal agreement.

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In February 2009, we announced the signing of a multi-year agreement with America's Gardening Resource, a manufacturer and retailer of gardening tools, products, and supplies, for Epsilon Marketing Services to build and maintain its customer marketing database.

In February 2009, we announced the signing of a long-term agreement with Haband, a multi-channel retailer of men's and women's apparel and home goods via catalog and online, to provide private label credit card services.

In March 2009, our private label credit card banking subsidiary, World Financial Network National Bank, completed the renewal of its \$550.0 million conduit facility with Barclays Capital, Royal Bank of Canada, and JP Morgan, increasing its capacity to \$666.7 million.

In April 2009, we announced the signing of a multi-year contract extension with Pacific Sunwear of California, a specialty retailer of casual apparel, accessories, and footwear, to continue providing private label credit card services.

In April 2009, as part of the securitization program for our private label credit card banking subsidiary, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust issued \$708.9 million of term asset-backed securities to investors, including those participating in the U.S. government's TALF program.

In April 2009, we announced that Goodyear Canada, one of the original 13 AIR MILES Reward Program sponsors and retailer of automotive tires and after-market automotive products, had signed a multi-year renewal agreement.

In May 2009, we announced that Epsilon Marketing Services added 19 new clients to its permission-based email and digital solutions business during the first quarter of 2009.

In May 2009, we announced the signing of a long-term expansion and extension agreement with Tween Brands, a specialty retailer, to continue to provide private label credit card services to its Limited Too / Justice brands.

In May 2009, we completed a new three-year term credit facility.

In May 2009, we announced the signing of a multi-year extension agreement with National Geographic Society for Epsilon Marketing Services to continue providing database hosting and marketing services.

In June 2009, we completed an offering of \$345.0 million aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2014, which included the exercise of an over-allotment option of \$45.0 million.

In July 2009, we announced an expansion agreement with pharmaceutical company, Astra Zeneca, for Epsilon Marketing Services to provide comprehensive database and permission-based email marketing solutions.

In July 2009, we announced BMO Bank of Montreal's initiative to enhance its AIR MILES credit card program for Canadian BMO MasterCard® cardholders and AIR MILES reward miles collectors to provide an opportunity to substantially increase miles issued.

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In July 2009, we announced a multi-year agreement to provide private label credit card services to Big M, Inc., a multi-brand specialty retailer, and to acquire its existing private label credit card portfolio.

In August 2009, we announced a long-term agreement with Charming Shoppes, Inc., a multi-brand apparel retailer, to assume operation of Charming Shoppes' private label credit card programs and to acquire the credit card files and service center operations associated with Charming Shoppes' branded card programs. The acquisition was completed in October 2009.

In August 2009, as part of the securitization program for our private label credit card banking subsidiary, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust issued \$949.3 million of term asset-backed securities to investors, including those participating in the U.S. government's TALF program.

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In September 2009, we announced a multi-year extension agreement with Reed Business Information US, a business-to-business information provider, for Epsilon Marketing Services to continue providing permission-based email marketing services.

In September 2009, we announced a multi-year agreement with business support services provider, Pacific Dental Services to provide patient financing and marketing services via a private label credit card program for dental and orthodontic procedures performed in affiliated dental practices.

In September 2009, our private label credit card banking subsidiary, World Financial Network National Bank, completed the renewal of its \$1.3 billion conduit facility, increasing its capacity to \$1.5 billion and our industrial bank, World Financial Capital Bank, renewed its \$167.1 million conduit facility increasing its capacity to \$200.0 million.

In October 2009, we announced an expansion agreement with tobacco company, R.J. Reynolds, for Epsilon Marketing Services to host its consumer database and support its consumer communication programs.

In October 2009, we announced Loyalty Services' acquisition of a 29 percent interest in CBSM - Companhia Brasileira De Servicos De Marketing, operator of Brazil's dotz loyalty program.

In November 2009, we announced a new multi-year agreement with Visa for Epsilon Marketing Services to develop, host and operate Visa's next generation loyalty program for its issuers.

In November 2009, we announced an expansion agreement with Best Western International, Inc. as a new sponsor in the AIR MILES Reward Program, building on an existing agreement where Best Western has been a rewards supplier in the AIR MILES Reward Program since 1995.

In December 2009, we announced an extension agreement with KeyCorp for Epsilon Marketing Services to continue providing direct marketing services to KeyCorp's Key Bank.

In December 2009, we announced an expansion agreement with Capital One Financial Corporation for Epsilon Marketing Services to support its customer loyalty program.

Discussion of Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies that are described in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We continually evaluate our judgments and estimates in determination of our financial condition and operating results. Estimates are based on information available as of the date of the financial statements and, accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates, sometimes materially. Critical accounting policies and estimates are defined as those that are both most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and operating results and require management's most subjective judgments. The most critical accounting policies and estimates are described below.

Securitization of credit card receivables. We utilize a securitization program to finance a majority of the credit card receivables that we underwrite. We use our off-balance sheet securitization program to lower our cost of funds and more efficiently use capital. In a securitization transaction, we sell credit card receivables originated by our Private Label Credit segment to a trust and retain servicing rights to those receivables, an equity interest in the trust, an interest in the receivables and retained interests in our subordinated notes. Our securitization trusts allow us to sell credit card receivables to the trusts on a daily basis. The securitization trusts are deemed to be QSPEs under GAAP and are appropriately not included in our consolidated financial statements. Our interest in our securitization program is represented on our consolidated

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balance sheets as seller's interest (our interest in the receivables) and due from securitizations (our retained interests and credit enhancement components).

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The trusts issue bonds in the capital markets and notes in private transactions. The proceeds from the bonds and other debt are used to fund the receivables, while cash collected from cardholders is used to finance new receivables and repay borrowings and related borrowing costs. The excess spread is remitted to us as securitization income.

Our residual interest, often referred to as an interest-only strip, is recorded at fair value. The fair value of our interest-only strip represents the present value of the anticipated cash flows we will receive over the estimated life of the receivables, which ranges from 8.1 months to 12 months. This anticipated excess cash flow consists of the excess of finance charges and past-due fees net of the sum of the return paid to bond and note holders, estimated contractual servicing fees and credit losses. Because there is not a highly liquid market for these assets, we estimate the fair value of the interest-only strip primarily based upon discount, payment and default rates, which is the method we assume that another market participant would use to purchase the interest-only strip. The fair value of the interest-only strip, and the corresponding gain or loss, will be impacted by the estimated excess spread over the following two or three quarters. The excess spread is impacted primarily by finance and late fees collected, net charge-offs and interest rates.

Changes in the fair value of the interest-only strip are reflected in our financial statements as additional gains related to new receivables originated and securitized or other comprehensive income related to mark-to-market changes of our residual interest.

In recording and accounting for interest-only strips, we make assumptions about rates of payments and defaults that we believe reasonably reflect economic and other relevant conditions that affect fair value. Due to subsequent changes in economic and other relevant conditions, the actual rates of principal payments and defaults generally differ from our initial estimates, and these differences could sometimes be material. If actual payment and default rates are higher than previously assumed, the value of the interest-only strip could be impaired and the decline in the fair value would be recorded in earnings.

If management used different assumptions in estimating the value of the interest-only strip, the impact could have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements. For example, a 10% change in the net charge-off rate assumption for our securitized credit card receivables could have resulted in a change of approximately \$16.5 million in the value of the interest-only strip as of December 31, 2009.

We also retain certain subordinated beneficial interests in our securitized assets, primarily Class M, Class B, Class C and Class D notes issued by the securitization trusts as well as seller's interest.

Seller's interest ranks *pari passu* with investors' interests in the securitization trusts and is carried on our consolidated financial statements at an allocated carrying amount based on their estimated fair value. Changes in the fair values of our seller's interest are recorded through securitization income and finance charges, net, in our consolidated statements of income. We determine the fair value of our seller's interest through discounted cash flow models. The estimated cash flows used include assumptions related to rates of payments and defaults, which reflect economic and other relevant conditions. The discount rate used is based on an interest rate curve that is observable in the market place plus a credit spread. If management used different assumptions in estimating the value of seller's interest, it could have an impact on our consolidated financial statements. For example a 10% change in the net charge-off rate assumption could have resulted in a decrease of approximately \$1.1 million in the value of the seller's interest as of December 31, 2009.

Our retained interests are classified as available-for-sale investment securities and are carried on our consolidated financial statements at their estimated fair values. Changes in the fair values of these notes are recorded in other comprehensive income within stockholders' equity. The fair value of these securities are estimated utilizing discounted cash flow models, where the interest and principal payments are discounted at assumed current market rates for the same or comparable transactions. In doing these valuations, management makes certain assumptions about the credit spreads the market participants would demand on the same or similar investments given the currently inactive market for credit card asset-backed securities. Assumed discount rates

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are derived from indicative pricing observed in the most recent active market for such instruments, adjusted for changes occurring thereafter in relative credit spreads and liquidity risk premiums. If management used different assumptions in estimating the value of our retained interests, it could have an impact on our consolidated financial statements. For example, a 10% change in the discount rate could have resulted in a decrease of approximately \$9.8 million in the value of the retained interest as of December 31, 2009.

See Note 7, *Securitization of Credit Card Receivables*, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

We recognize the implicit forward contract to sell new receivables during a revolving period at its fair value at the time of sale. The implicit forward contract is entered into at the market rate and thus, its initial measure is zero at inception. In addition, we do not mark the forward contract to fair value in accounting periods following the securitization because management has concluded that the fair value of the implicit forward contract in subsequent periods is not material. We believe that servicing fees received represent adequate compensation based on the amount currently demanded by the marketplace. Additionally, these fees are the same as would fairly compensate a substitute servicer should one be required and, thus, we neither record a servicing asset nor servicing liability.

AIR MILES Reward Program. Because management has determined that the earnings process is not complete at the time an AIR MILES reward mile is issued, the recognition of revenue on all fees received based on issuance is deferred. We allocate the proceeds from issuances of AIR MILES reward miles into two components as follows:

Redemption element. The redemption element is the larger of the two components. For this component, we recognize revenue at the time an AIR MILES reward mile is redeemed, or, for those AIR MILES reward miles that we estimate will go unredeemed by the collector base, known as *breakage*, over the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile.

Service element. For this component, which consists of marketing and administrative services provided to sponsors, we recognize revenue pro rata over the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile.

Under certain of our contracts, a portion of the proceeds is paid to us at the issuance of AIR MILES reward miles and a portion is paid at the time of redemption. Under such contracts the proceeds received at issuance are initially deferred as service revenue and the revenue and earnings are recognized pro rata over the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile.

The amount of revenue recognized in a period is subject to the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile. Based on our historical analysis, we make a determination as to average life of an AIR MILES reward mile. The estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile of 42 months and a breakage rate of 28% subsequent to June 1, 2008 and one-third for previous periods presented.

In May 2008, we secured a comprehensive long-term renewal and expansion agreement with Bank of Montreal as a sponsor in the AIR MILES Reward Program, pursuant to which Bank of Montreal transferred to us the responsibility of reserving for costs associated with the redemption of AIR MILES reward miles issued by Bank of Montreal as a sponsor. We received \$369.9 million for the assumption of this liability. Historically, AIR MILES reward miles issued by Bank of Montreal have been excluded from our estimate of breakage as Bank of Montreal had the responsibility of redemption, and therefore no breakage estimate was required. However, changing the nature of our agreement required us to include these miles in our analysis, which impacted both the redemption rate and our estimate of breakage. After evaluating the impact of this transaction, we adjusted our estimate of breakage from one-third to 28%. The decline in the breakage rate assumption was due to greater redemption activity by collectors who use Bank of Montreal credit cards. The change in estimate had no impact on the total redemption liability, but reduced the amount of deferred breakage within the redemption liability that is expected to be recognized over the expected life of the AIR MILES reward mile.

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We believe that the issuance and redemption of AIR MILES reward miles is influenced by the nature and volume of sponsors, the type of rewards offered, the overall health of the Canadian economy, the nature and extent of AIR MILES Reward Program promotional activity in the marketplace and the extent of competing loyalty programs. Throughout the history of the program, management has and will continue to make changes to the structure of the program that influence the redemption rate, and thus the breakage rate and estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile. Prior changes to the program have included zone pricing for air travel and new merchandise introductions. These changes are made to the program not only to manage redemption activity but to respond to market conditions as well. Macroeconomic factors, such as the overall health of the Canadian economy, may impact collector behavior and such factors may influence redemption activity intermittently.

Breakage and the life of an AIR MILES reward mile are based on management's estimate after viewing and analyzing various historical trends including vintage analysis, current run rates and other pertinent factors, such as the impact of macroeconomic factors and changes in the program structure.

The estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile and breakage are actively monitored by management and subject to external influences that may cause actual performance to differ from estimates.

As of December 31, 2009, we had \$1,146.1 million in deferred revenue related to the AIR MILES Reward Program that will be recognized in the future. Further information is provided in Note 10, *Deferred Revenue*, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Stock-based compensation. On January 1, 2006, we adopted the provisions of, and account for stock-based compensation in accordance with, FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 718, *Compensation - Stock Compensation*.

Under the fair value recognition provisions of ASC 718, stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized ratably over the requisite service period. We are required to estimate forfeitures at the time of grant and revise those estimates in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. All share-based payment awards are amortized on a straight-line basis over the awards' requisite service periods, which are generally the vesting periods.

We used a binomial lattice option pricing model to determine the fair value of stock options. The determination of the fair value of stock-based payment awards on the date of grant using an option pricing model is affected by our stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of complex and subjective variables. These variables include our expected stock price volatility over the term of the awards, actual and projected employee stock option exercise behaviors, the risk-free interest rate and expected dividends. No options were issued during 2009 or 2008.

See Note 14, *Stock Compensation Plans*, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information regarding the application of ASC 718.

Income Taxes. We account for uncertain tax positions in accordance with ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. The application of income tax law is inherently complex. Laws and regulations in this area are voluminous and are often ambiguous. As such, we are required to make many subjective assumptions and judgments regarding our income tax exposures. Interpretations of, and guidance surrounding, income tax laws and regulations change over time. As such, changes in our subjective assumptions and judgments can materially affect amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets and statements of income. See Note 12, *Income Taxes*, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional detail on our uncertain tax positions and further information regarding ASC 740.

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Accounting Treatment for Off-Balance Sheet Securitizations

In June 2009, the FASB issued guidance codified in ASC 860, Transfers and Servicing, related to accounting for transfers of financial assets and ASC 810, Consolidation, related to the consolidation of variable interest entities. ASC 860 removes the concept of a QSPE and eliminated the consolidation exception available for QSPEs. ASC 810 requires an initial evaluation as well as an ongoing assessment of the our involvement with the operations of the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust and our rights or obligations to receive benefits or absorb losses of these securitization trusts that could be potentially significant in order to determine whether those entities will be required to be consolidated on the balance sheet of WFNNB, WFCB or their affiliates, including us.

The assessment of the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust under ASC 860 and ASC 810 resulted in the consolidation of the securitization trusts on the balance sheet of WFNNB, WFCB or their affiliates, including us, effective January 1, 2010. Based on the carrying amounts of the trust assets and liabilities as prescribed by ASC 810, we expect to record a \$3.4 billion increase in assets, including \$0.5 billion to loan loss reserves, an increase in liabilities of \$3.7 billion and a \$0.4 billion reduction in stockholders' equity.

After adoption, our results of operations will no longer reflect securitization income, but will instead report interest income, and certain other income associated with all securitized credit card receivables. Net-charge offs associated with credit card receivables will be reflected in our cost of operations. Interest expense associated with debt issued from the trusts to third-party investors will be reported in interest expense. Additionally, after adoption, we will no longer record initial gains on new securitization activity since securitized credit card receivables will no longer receive sale accounting treatment. Further, we will not record any gains or losses on the revaluation of the interest-only strip receivable as that asset is not recognizable in a transaction accounted for as a secured borrowing. Because our securitization transactions will be accounted for as secured borrowings rather than asset sales, the cash flows from these transactions will be presented as cash flows from financing activities rather than cash flows from operating or investing activities.

The banking regulatory agencies issued regulatory capital rules in January 2010 relating to the adoption of the new accounting consolidation standards. These regulatory transition rules permit an optional two-quarter implementation delay, which may be followed by a two-quarter partial (50%) implementation. The effect of these transition rules defers the impact of the newly consolidated trusts to risk-weighted assets and the related risk-based capital requirements. We elected these regulatory capital transition rules for our newly consolidated securitization trusts.

After adoption of the new standards, regulatory capital amounts and ratios are estimated to exceed well capitalized minimum standards. We are prepared to provide capital support, if necessary, to support growth plans. Should support be required, regardless of form, we do not expect that it will require us to raise new capital or limit our stock repurchase program and other growth initiatives.

Inter-Segment Sales

Our Private Label Services segment performs card processing and servicing activities related to our Private Label Credit segment. For this, our Private Label Services segment receives a fee equal to its direct costs before corporate overhead plus a margin. The margin is based on current estimated market rates for similar services. This fee represents an operating cost to the Private Label Credit segment and corresponding revenue for our Private Label Services segment. Inter-segment sales are eliminated upon consolidation. Revenues earned by our Private Label Services segment from servicing our Private Label Credit segment, and consequently paid by our Private Label Credit segment to our Private Label Services segment, are set forth under Eliminations in the tables presented in the annual comparisons in our Results of Operations.

Table of Contents**Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure equal to income from continuing operations, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, plus stock compensation expense, provision for income taxes, interest expense, net, loss on the sale of assets, merger and other costs, depreciation and other amortization and amortization of purchased intangibles.

We use adjusted EBITDA as an integral part of our internal reporting to measure the performance of our reportable segments and to evaluate the performance of our senior management. Adjusted EBITDA is considered an important indicator of the operational strength of our businesses. Adjusted EBITDA eliminates the uneven effect across all business segments of considerable amounts of non-cash depreciation of tangible assets and amortization of certain intangible assets that were recognized in business combinations. A limitation of this measure, however, is that it does not reflect the periodic costs of certain capitalized tangible and intangible assets used in generating revenues in our businesses. Management evaluates the costs of such tangible and intangible assets, the impact of related impairments, as well as asset sales through other financial measures, such as capital expenditures, investment spending and return on capital and therefore the effects are excluded from Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA also eliminates the non-cash effect of stock compensation expense. Stock compensation expense is not included in the measurement of segment adjusted EBITDA provided to the chief operating decision maker for purposes of assessing segment performance and decision making with respect to resource allocations. Therefore, we believe that adjusted EBITDA provides useful information to our investors regarding our performance and overall results of operations. Adjusted EBITDA is not intended to be a performance measure that should be regarded as an alternative to, or more meaningful than, either operating income or net income as an indicator of operating performance or to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity. In addition, adjusted EBITDA is not intended to represent funds available for dividends, reinvestment or other discretionary uses, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

The adjusted EBITDA measure presented in this Annual Report on Form 10-K may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies, and may not be identical to corresponding measures used in our various agreements.

| | Year Ended December 31, | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| | (In thousands) | | | | |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ 176,719 | \$ 232,552 | \$ 214,441 | \$ 206,397 | \$ 146,628 |
| Stock compensation expense | 53,612 | 48,734 | 48,311 | 35,791 | 10,961 |
| Provision for income taxes | 86,227 | 147,599 | 137,403 | 126,261 | 86,318 |
| Interest expense, net | 144,811 | 80,440 | 69,381 | 40,722 | 13,905 |
| Loss on the sale of assets | | 1,052 | 16,045 | | |
| Merger and other costs ⁽¹⁾ | 3,422 | 9,056 | 19,593 | | |
| Depreciation and other amortization | 62,196 | 68,505 | 59,688 | 48,499 | 40,545 |
| Amortization of purchased intangibles | 63,090 | 67,291 | 67,323 | 40,926 | 23,004 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 590,077 | \$ 655,229 | \$ 632,185 | \$ 498,596 | \$ 321,361 |

- (1) Represents expenditures directly associated with the proposed merger with an affiliate of The Blackstone Group, compensation charges related to the departure of certain employees related to cost saving initiatives and other non-routine costs associated with the disposition of certain businesses.

Table of Contents**Results of Operations***Year ended December 31, 2009 compared to the year ended December 31, 2008*

| | Year Ended December 31, | | Change | |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | \$ | % |
| | (in thousands, except percentages) | | | |
| Revenue: | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | \$ 715,091 | \$ 755,546 | \$ (40,455) | (5.4)% |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 514,272 | 490,998 | 23,274 | 4.7 |
| Private Label Services | 396,665 | 382,647 | 14,018 | 3.7 |
| Private Label Credit | 693,187 | 750,355 | (57,168) | (7.6) |
| Corporate/Other | 28,644 | 17,337 | 11,307 | 65.2 |
| Eliminations | (383,518) | (371,629) | (11,889) | 3.2 |
| Total | \$ 1,964,341 | \$ 2,025,254 | \$ (60,913) | (3.0)% |
| Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾: | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | \$ 200,724 | \$ 204,895 | \$ (4,171) | (2.0)% |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 128,253 | 126,558 | 1,695 | 1.3 |
| Private Label Services | 120,821 | 116,010 | 4,811 | 4.1 |
| Private Label Credit | 194,403 | 254,173 | (59,770) | (23.5) |
| Corporate/Other | (54,124) | (46,407) | (7,717) | 16.6 |
| Total | \$ 590,077 | \$ 655,229 | \$ (65,152) | (9.9)% |
| Stock compensation expense: | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | \$ 12,227 | \$ 12,611 | \$ (384) | (3.0)% |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 8,815 | 8,853 | (38) | (0.4) |
| Private Label Services | 6,585 | 6,591 | (6) | (0.1) |
| Private Label Credit | 1,614 | 1,788 | (174) | (9.7) |
| Corporate/Other | 24,371 | 18,891 | 5,480 | 29.0 |
| Total | \$ 53,612 | \$ 48,734 | \$ 4,878 | 10.0% |
| Depreciation and amortization: | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | \$ 21,772 | \$ 29,796 | \$ (8,024) | (26.9)% |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 69,941 | 75,481 | (5,540) | (7.3) |
| Private Label Services | 9,800 | 8,832 | 968 | 11.0 |
| Private Label Credit | 15,356 | 11,486 | 3,870 | 33.7 |
| Corporate/Other | 8,417 | 10,201 | (1,784) | (17.5) |
| Total | \$ 125,286 | \$ 135,796 | \$ (10,510) | (7.7)% |
| Operating income from continuing operations: | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | \$ 166,725 | \$ 162,488 | \$ 4,237 | 2.6% |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 49,497 | 39,591 | 9,906 | 25.0 |
| Private Label Services | 104,436 | 99,152 | 5,284 | 5.3 |
| Private Label Credit | 177,433 | 240,899 | (63,466) | (26.3) |
| Corporate/Other | (90,334) | (81,539) | (8,795) | 10.8 |
| Total | \$ 407,757 | \$ 460,591 | \$ (52,834) | (11.5)% |
| Adjusted EBITDA margin⁽²⁾: | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | 28.1% | 27.1% | 1.0% | |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 24.9 | 25.8 | (0.9) | |
| Private Label Services | 30.5 | 30.3 | 0.2 | |
| Private Label Credit | 28.0 | 33.9 | (5.9) | |

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Total 30.0% 32.4% (2.4)%

Segment operating data:

| | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|-------|
| Private label statements generated | 130,176 | 125,197 | 4,979 | 4.0% |
| Credit sales | \$ 7,968,125 | \$ 7,242,422 | \$ 725,703 | 10.0% |
| Average managed receivables | \$ 4,359,625 | \$ 3,915,658 | \$ 443,967 | 11.3% |
| AIR MILES reward miles issued | 4,545,774 | 4,463,181 | 82,593 | 1.9% |
| AIR MILES reward miles redeemed | 3,326,307 | 3,121,799 | 204,508 | 6.6% |

- (1) Adjusted EBITDA is equal to income from continuing operations, plus stock compensation expense, provision for income taxes, interest expense, net, loss on the sale of assets, merger and other costs, depreciation and amortization.
- (2) Adjusted EBITDA margin is adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue. Management uses adjusted EBITDA margin to analyze the operating performance of the segments and the impact revenue growth has on operating expenses. For a definition of adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation to net income, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, see [Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures](#) included in this report.

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Revenue. Total revenue decreased \$60.9 million, or 3.0%, to \$1,964.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 from \$2,025.3 million for the comparable period in 2008 due to the following:

Loyalty Services. Revenue decreased \$40.5 million, or 5.4%, to \$715.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The decrease in revenue for the year was driven by the change in foreign currency exchange rates, which negatively impacted revenue by approximately \$46.7 million and by a decrease in database marketing fees. These declines were offset by increases in redemption revenue attributable to a 6.6% increase in AIR MILES reward miles redeemed and issuance revenue of 10.4% attributable to strong AIR MILES reward miles issuances in prior years.

Epsilon Marketing Services. Revenue increased \$23.3 million, or 4.7%, to \$514.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. Revenue from the segment's largest service offerings (marketing database services, analytical services and digital communications) increased as compared to the year ended December 31, 2008 by \$22.1 million resulting from additional client signings and existing clients expanding their commitments to loyalty platforms. Additional revenue increases from proprietary data services were offset by a decrease in revenue attributable to the segment's agency business.

Private Label Services. Revenue increased \$14.0 million, or 3.7%, to \$396.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 as a result of increases in servicing revenue of \$11.6 million and services enhancement revenue of \$1.6 million.

Private Label Credit. Revenue decreased \$57.2 million, or 7.6%, to \$693.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The decrease was due to a decrease in securitization income and finance charges, net, of \$76.2 million, resulting from higher credit losses of 200 basis points. The impact of the higher credit losses was in part mitigated by positive trends in portfolio growth of 11.3%, credit sales growth of 10.0%, and an improvement in our cost of funds.

Corporate/Other. Revenue increased \$11.3 million to \$28.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 as a result of transition services provided to the acquirers of our merchant services and utility services businesses.

Adjusted EBITDA. For purposes of the discussion below, adjusted EBITDA is equal to income from continuing operations, plus stock compensation expense, provision for income taxes, interest expense, net, loss on the sale of assets, merger and other costs, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$65.2 million, or 9.9%, to \$590.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. Adjusted EBITDA margin, which for purposes of the discussion below is equal to adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue, decreased to 30.0% for the year ended December 31, 2009 from 32.4% for the comparable period in 2008. The changes in adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin are due to the following:

Loyalty Services. Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$4.2 million, or 2.0%, to \$200.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. Adjusted EBITDA was negatively impacted by the change in foreign exchange rates by approximately \$17.7 million. However, the decrease in adjusted EBITDA was partially offset by the growth in redemption and issuance revenue as previously described combined with a lower cost structure achieved through operating leverage. This positively impacted our adjusted EBITDA margin, which increased to 28.1% for the year ended December 31, 2009 as compared to 27.1% for the comparable period in 2008.

Epsilon Marketing Services. Adjusted EBITDA increased \$1.7 million, or 1.3%, to \$128.3 million, while adjusted EBITDA margin declined to 24.9% for the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to 25.8% in the same period in 2008. The increase in adjusted EBITDA was driven by a \$9.6 million, or 11.6%, increase in adjusted EBITDA from the largest service offerings (marketing database services, analytical services, and digital communications). Adjusted EBITDA margin and adjusted EBITDA, in part, were negatively impacted by weakness in our data service offering due to the recession, which resulted in an \$8.1 million decline in adjusted EBITDA.

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Private Label Services Adjusted EBITDA increased \$4.8 million, or 4.1%, to \$120.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. Adjusted EBITDA margin increased to 30.5% for the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to 30.3% in the same period in 2008. Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin were positively impacted by the increases in servicing revenue and services enhancement revenue as previously described, which was offset in part by an increase in operating expenses of \$9.2 million.

Private Label Credit. Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$59.8 million, or 23.5%, to \$194.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. Adjusted EBITDA margin decreased to 28.0% for the year ended December 31, 2009 as compared to 33.9% for the comparable period in 2008. Both adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin were negatively impacted by the decline in revenue as previously described.

Corporate/Other. Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$7.7 million, or 16.6%, to a loss of \$54.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. This decrease was the result of information technology costs incurred to support the transition services provided to the acquirers of the merchant services and utility services businesses. Prior to their sale, such costs had been allocated to the respective businesses.

Stock compensation expense. Stock compensation expense increased \$4.9 million, or 10.0%, to \$53.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The increase is the result of the issuance of restricted stock in 2009, which increased expense by \$7.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The increase in expense as a result of the granting of these awards was offset by a reduction in stock compensation expense resulting from certain awards becoming fully amortized prior to December 31, 2009 and the reversal of stock compensation expense for certain awards no longer expected to vest.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization decreased \$10.5 million, or 7.7%, to \$125.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, due to a \$6.3 million decrease in depreciation and other amortization and a \$4.2 million decrease in amortization of purchased intangibles as certain assets became fully amortized.

Merger and other costs. Merger and other costs decreased \$5.7 million to \$3.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 from \$9.1 million in the comparable period of 2008. During the year ended December 31, 2009, we incurred approximately \$4.9 million in compensation charges related to the departure of certain executives and approximately \$0.2 million of legal costs associated with the termination of our proposed merger with an affiliate of The Blackstone Group. These costs were offset in part by the release of a previously established \$(1.0) million liability for merger costs and a reimbursement from our insurer in the amount of \$(0.7) million related to payments made to settle certain shareholder litigation associated with the proposed merger. During the year ended December 31, 2008, we incurred approximately \$3.1 million of costs associated with the proposed merger including an offset of \$(3.0) million for reimbursement of costs incurred by us related to the Blackstone entities' financing of the proposed merger. In addition, during the year ended December 31, 2008, we incurred \$6.0 million in compensation charges related to the severance of certain employees and other non-routine costs.

Gain on business combination. In October 2009, we incurred a gain of \$21.2 million associated with the assumption of Charming Shoppes' credit card programs and service center operations and acquisition of the credit card files and certain other assets, which was accounted for as a bargain purchase under ASC 805, Business Combinations.

Loss on sale of assets. In March 2008, we incurred an additional loss of \$1.1 million related to the settlement of certain working capital accounts in connection with the disposition of our mail services business. No additional activity related to the disposition of our mail services business was incurred in 2009.

Operating Income. Operating income decreased \$52.8 million, or 11.5%, to \$407.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 from \$460.6 million for the comparable period in 2008. Operating income decreased due to the revenue and expense factors discussed above.

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Interest Expense, net. Interest expense, net increased \$64.4 million, or 80.0%, to \$144.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 from \$80.4 million for the comparable period in 2008. The increase resulted in part from additional interest expense of \$53.4 million associated with our convertible senior notes due 2013 and 2014 which were issued in July 2008 and June 2009, respectively. Interest expense on certificates of deposit increased \$12.2 million as a result of higher average balances during the year ended December 31, 2009 than during the comparable period in 2008, and interest expense from the amortization of debt issuance costs increased \$4.9 million. These increases were offset in part by decreases in interest expense on our credit facilities and senior notes of \$19.3 million as a result of lower interest rates on our line of credit and the repayment of \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.00% Series A senior notes in May 2009. Interest income decreased \$13.8 million due to lower average balances of our short term cash investments, as well as a decrease in the yield earned on those short term cash investments.

Taxes. Income tax expense decreased \$61.4 million to \$86.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 from \$147.6 million for the comparable period in 2008 due to a decrease in taxable income combined with a decrease in our effective tax rate to 32.8% for the year ended December 31, 2009 from 38.8% for the comparable period in 2008. During the year ended December 31, 2009, we recognized a \$9.3 million tax benefit related to a foreign tax credit, a \$21.2 million non-taxable gain on business acquisition and an \$11.7 million tax benefit related to the reversal of previously established tax reserves to cover various uncertain tax positions, including the potential impact related to the timing of certain taxable income recognition. Based on a recent United States Tax Court decision, statute of limitations expirations and other factors, the uncertainty around this taxable income recognition has been removed and, as such, the related reserve associated with accrued interest is no longer required. The tax benefits were partially offset by \$7.4 million tax expense resulting from enacted Ontario tax laws reducing the Ontario tax rate in December 2009.

Loss from discontinued operations. In March 2008, we determined that our merchant services and utility services businesses were not aligned with our long-term strategy and committed to a disposition plan for these businesses. In November 2009, we terminated operations of our credit program for web and catalog retailer VENUE. All of these operations have been reported as discontinued operations in our consolidated financial statements. On an after tax basis, losses from discontinued operations increased \$6.8 million to \$33.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 from \$26.2 million in the comparable period in 2008. The loss recorded for the year ended December 31, 2009 was the result of a \$19.9 million pre-tax loss recognized in connection with the sale of the remaining portion of our utility services business in February 2009 and \$17.5 million in losses related to the termination of the credit program for VENUE. The loss recorded for the comparable period in 2008 resulted from the loss on the sale of the core portion of our utility services business, offset in part by a gain attributable to the sale of our merchant services business in May 2008.

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| | Year Ended December 31, 2008 | | 2007 | Change \$ | % |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|---|
| | (in thousands, except percentages) | | | | |
| Revenue: | | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | \$ 755,546 | \$ 628,792 | \$ 126,754 | 20.2% | |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 490,998 | 458,610 | 32,388 | 7.1 | |
| Private Label Services | 382,647 | 370,832 | 11,815 | 3.2 | |
| Private Label Credit | 750,355 | 827,952 | (77,597) | (9.4) | |
| Corporate/Other | 17,337 | 33,360 | (16,023) | (48.0) | |
| Eliminations | (371,629) | (357,387) | (14,242) | 4.0 | |
| Total | \$ 2,025,254 | \$ 1,962,159 | \$ 63,095 | 3.2% | |
| Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾: | | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | \$ 204,895 | \$ 132,136 | \$ 72,759 | 55.1% | |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 126,558 | 118,219 | 8,339 | 7.1 | |
| Private Label Services | 116,010 | 99,084 | 16,926 | 17.1 | |
| Private Label Credit | 254,173 | 350,079 | (95,906) | (27.4) | |
| Corporate/Other | (46,407) | (67,333) | 20,926 | (31.1) | |
| Total | \$ 655,229 | \$ 632,185 | \$ 23,044 | 3.6% | |
| Stock compensation expense: | | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | \$ 12,611 | \$ 7,353 | \$ 5,258 | 71.5% | |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 8,853 | 11,380 | (2,527) | (22.2) | |
| Private Label Services | 6,591 | 5,613 | 978 | 17.4 | |
| Private Label Credit | 1,788 | 774 | 1,014 | 131.0 | |
| Corporate/Other | 18,891 | 23,191 | (4,300) | (18.5) | |
| Total | \$ 48,734 | \$ 48,311 | \$ 423 | 0.9% | |
| Depreciation and amortization: | | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | \$ 29,796 | \$ 24,601 | \$ 5,195 | 21.1% | |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 75,481 | 71,901 | 3,580 | 5.0 | |
| Private Label Services | 8,832 | 8,429 | 403 | 4.8 | |
| Private Label Credit | 11,486 | 11,231 | 255 | 2.3 | |
| Corporate/Other | 10,201 | 10,849 | (648) | (6.0) | |
| Total | \$ 135,796 | \$ 127,011 | \$ 8,785 | 6.9% | |
| Operating income from continuing operations: | | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | \$ 162,488 | \$ 100,184 | \$ 62,304 | 62.2% | |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 39,591 | 34,935 | 4,656 | 13.3 | |
| Private Label Services | 99,152 | 85,042 | 14,110 | 16.6 | |
| Private Label Credit | 240,899 | 338,075 | (97,176) | (28.7) | |
| Corporate/Other | (81,539) | (137,011) | 55,472 | (40.5) | |
| Total | \$ 460,591 | \$ 421,225 | \$ 39,366 | 9.3% | |
| Adjusted EBITDA margin⁽²⁾: | | | | | |
| Loyalty Services | 27.1% | 21.0% | 6.1% | | |
| Epsilon Marketing Services | 25.8 | 25.8 | 0.0 | | |
| Private Label Services | 30.3 | 26.7 | 3.6 | | |
| Private Label Credit | 33.9 | 42.3 | (8.4) | | |
| Total | 32.4% | 32.2% | 0.2% | | |

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| Segment operating data: | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| Private label statements generated | 125,197 | 135,261 | (10,064) | (7.4)% |
| Credit sales | \$ 7,242,422 | \$ 7,502,947 | \$ (260,525) | (3.5)% |
| Average managed receivables | \$ 3,915,658 | \$ 3,909,627 | \$ 6,031 | 0.2% |
| AIR MILES reward miles issued | 4,463,181 | 4,143,000 | 320,181 | 7.7% |
| AIR MILES reward miles redeemed | 3,121,799 | 2,723,524 | 398,275 | 14.6% |

- (1) Adjusted EBITDA is equal to income from continuing operations, plus stock compensation expense, provision for income taxes, interest expense, net, loss on the sale of assets, merger and other costs, depreciation and amortization.
- (2) Adjusted EBITDA margin is adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue. Management uses adjusted EBITDA margin to analyze the operating performance of the segments and the impact revenue growth has on operating expenses. For a definition of adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation to net income, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, see [Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures](#) included in this report.

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Revenue. Total revenue increased \$63.1 million, or 3.2%, to \$2,025.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$1,962.2 million for the comparable period in 2007 due to the following:

Loyalty Services. Revenue increased \$126.8 million, or 20.2%, to \$755.5 million due to strong organic growth. Our AIR MILES Reward Program growth was driven by an increase in redemption revenue of \$83.5 million related to a 14.6% increase in the redemption of AIR MILES reward miles. Issuance revenue increased \$16.9 million related to growth in issuances of AIR MILES reward miles as the program continues to benefit from the ramp up of new sponsors and the expanded commitment from existing sponsors. Additionally, Loyalty Services experienced increases in commission revenue of \$13.9 million due to growth in the program and investment revenue of \$6.7 million due to the increase in our redemption settlement assets. Within our revenue increase, changes in the exchange rate of the Canadian dollar on a full year basis had a minimal impact on revenue for the AIR MILES Reward Program.

Epsilon Marketing Services. Revenue increased \$32.4 million, or 7.1%, to \$491.0 million due to an increase of \$37.8 million in revenue from strategic database services and digital communications. This increase was generated through a combination of new client signings as well as organic growth as we continued to provide additional services to our existing clients. This growth was partially offset by declines in revenue of \$5.4 million related to our data products and our strategic consulting and creative services which were impacted by lower volumes.

Private Label Services. Revenue increased \$11.8 million, or 3.2%, to \$382.6 million due to an increase in servicing revenue of \$14.2 million as the impact of the loss of the Lane Bryant portfolio was offset by higher pricing. Additionally, revenue attributable to our marketing programs decreased \$2.4 million primarily due to the non-renewal of an expiring contract with an existing client.

Private Label Credit. Revenue decreased \$77.6 million, or 9.4%, to \$750.4 million due to an 11.9% decrease in securitization income and finance charges, net, resulting from a combination of higher credit losses of approximately 150 basis points, a lower collected yield of approximately 100 basis points, an improvement of approximately 45 basis points in cost of funds and the loss of the Lane Bryant portfolio.

Corporate/Other. Revenue decreased \$16.0 million, or 48.0%, to \$17.3 million due to the loss of revenue from our mail services business of \$31.6 million which was sold on November 7, 2007. This decrease was offset by revenue of \$13.8 million for transition services provided to the acquirers of our utility and merchant services businesses.

Adjusted EBITDA. For purposes of the discussion below, adjusted EBITDA is equal to income from continuing operations, plus stock compensation expense, provision for income taxes, interest expense, net, loss on the sale of assets, merger and other costs, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA increased \$23.0 million, or 3.6%, to \$655.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. Adjusted EBITDA margin, which for purposes of the discussion below is equal to adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue, increased to 32.4% for the year ended December 31, 2008 from 32.2% for the comparable period in 2007. The changes in adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin are due to the following.

Loyalty Services. Adjusted EBITDA increased \$72.8 million, or 55.1%, to \$204.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$132.1 million for the comparable period in 2007. The increase in adjusted EBITDA was driven by an increase in AIR MILES rewards miles redemptions, in part offset by an additional \$56.3 million in cost of sales for the awards to satisfy the redemptions. Within these adjusted EBITDA increases, changes in the exchange rate of the Canadian dollar had a minimal impact. Adjusted EBITDA margin increased to 27.1% for the year ended December 31, 2008 from 21.0% for the comparable period in 2007. The increase in adjusted EBITDA margin resulted from strong revenue growth combined with a lower cost structure achieved through increased operating leverage.

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Epsilon Marketing Services. Adjusted EBITDA increased \$8.3 million, or 7.1%, to \$126.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$118.2 million for the comparable period in 2007. The

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increase was driven by increases in revenue from strategic database services and digital communications partially offset by declines in revenue related to our data products and our strategic consulting and creative services which were impacted by lower volumes as previously described. Adjusted EBITDA margin remained flat at 25.8% for the year ended December 31, 2008 and the comparable period in 2007.

Private Label Services. Adjusted EBITDA increased \$16.9 million, or 17.1% to \$116.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$99.1 million for the comparable period in 2007. Adjusted EBITDA margin increased to 30.3% for the year ended December 31, 2008 from 26.7% for the comparable period in 2007. Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin were positively impacted by the increase in intersegment Private Label Services revenue and a decline in operating expenses due to a reduction in costs associated with a lower volume of statements generated.

Private Label Credit. Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$95.9 million, or 27.4%, to \$254.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$350.1 million for the comparable period in 2007. Adjusted EBITDA margin decreased to 33.9% for the year ended December 31, 2008 from 42.3% for the comparable period in 2007. Adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin were negatively impacted by the decline in Private Label Credit revenue and an increase in operating expenses driven by higher servicing costs charged by our Private Label Services segment as well as higher marketing expenses incurred on behalf of our clients.

Corporate/Other. Adjusted EBITDA increased \$20.9 million, or 31.1%, to a loss of \$46.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from a loss of \$67.3 million for the comparable period in 2007. The increase in adjusted EBITDA was impacted by the sale of our mail services business on November 7, 2007, as this division generated \$39.5 million in operating expenses during 2007.

Stock compensation expense. Stock compensation expense increased \$0.4 million, or 0.9%, to \$48.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$48.3 million for the comparable period in 2007. The increase is the result of the issuance of equity awards comprised of restricted stock units covering a multi-year period in the second quarter of 2008. The increase in expense as a result of the granting of these awards was offset by a reduction in stock compensation resulting from certain awards becoming fully amortized prior to December 31, 2008, the true-up of certain estimates for forfeitures, as well as the reversal of stock compensation for those awards no longer expected to vest.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization increased \$8.8 million, or 6.9%, to \$135.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$127.0 million for the comparable period in 2007. This increase was due to an additional \$8.8 million in depreciation and other amortization in part related to our recent acquisitions and capital expenditures.

Merger and other costs. Merger and other costs were \$9.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. Costs associated with the proposed merger were approximately \$3.1 million and included advisory fees, legal and accounting costs. The \$3.1 million is net of the \$(3.0) million reimbursement received in July 2008 for costs incurred by us related to the Blackstone entities financing of the proposed merger. In addition, we incurred \$6.0 million in compensation charges related to the severance of certain employees and other non-routine costs associated with the disposition of our businesses.

Loss on sale of assets. In March 2008, we incurred a loss of \$1.1 million related to the settlement of certain working capital accounts in connection with the disposition of our mail services business.

Operating Income. Operating income increased \$39.4 million, or 9.3%, to \$460.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$421.2 million during the comparable period in 2007. Operating income was impacted by the revenue and expense factors discussed above.

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Interest Expense, net. Interest expense, net increased \$11.0 million, or 15.9%, to \$80.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$69.4 million for the comparable period in 2007. The increase in expense was the result of additional interest expense of \$22.9 million as a result of our convertible senior notes issued in 2008. This increase includes \$16.9 million of non-cash amortization of imputed interest expense as a result of the adoption of ASC 470-20, Debt with Conversion and Other Options. Interest expense on our capital leases and other debt increased approximately \$6.3 million as a result of additional capital leases entered into during 2008 and the amortization of debt issuance costs, which includes the fees paid in connection with the convertible senior notes offering. Interest on certificates of deposit increased \$1.1 million as a decline in interest rates was offset in part by higher average balances. These increases were offset in part by a decrease in interest expense of \$14.0 million on our credit facilities and senior notes primarily as a result of lower average interest rates. Interest income increased \$5.2 million due to higher average balances of our short-term cash investments, offset in part by a decrease in the yield earned on those short-term cash investments.

Taxes. Income tax expense increased \$10.2 million to \$147.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 from \$137.4 million for the comparable period in 2007 due to an increase in taxable income. Our effective tax rate decreased to 38.8% for the year ended December 31, 2008 compared to 39.1% for the comparable period in 2007.

Loss from Discontinued Operations. In March 2008, we determined that our merchant services and utility services businesses were not aligned with our long-term strategy and committed to a disposition plan for these businesses. In November 2009, we terminated operations of our credit program for web and catalog retailer VENUE. Their results have been reported as a discontinued operation in our condensed consolidated financial statements, which resulted in a \$0.1 million after tax loss in 2008. Our merchant services business was sold in May 2008 and the majority of our utility services business was sold in July 2008. See Note 4, Discontinued Operations and Other Dispositions, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information related to the sale of these businesses. On an after tax basis, loss from discontinued operations decreased \$24.2 million to \$26.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2008 as compared to \$50.4 million for the comparable period in 2007. The year ended December 31, 2007 was impacted by a pre-tax impairment charge of \$40.0 million related to the write-down of certain long-lived assets in our utility services business.

As a result of the completion of the sales of our merchant services business in May 2008 and the majority of our utility services business in July 2008, the 2008 amounts do not reflect a full year of operations. We also recorded a pre-tax gain of \$29.0 million related to the sale of our merchant services business which was offset by losses in our utility services business of \$20.7 million resulting from the sale and \$19.0 million of impairment charges.

Asset Quality

Our delinquency and net charge-off rates reflect, among other factors, the credit risk of our private label credit card receivables, the average age of our various private label credit card account portfolios, the success of our collection and recovery efforts, and general economic conditions. The average age of our private label credit card portfolio affects the stability of delinquency and loss rates of the portfolio. We continue to focus resources on refining our credit underwriting standards for new accounts and on collections and post charge-off recovery efforts to minimize net losses.

An older private label credit card portfolio generally drives a more stable performance in the portfolio. At December 31, 2009, 65.4% of our managed accounts with balances and 63.7% of managed receivables were for accounts with origination dates greater than 24 months old. At December 31, 2008, 63.0% of our managed accounts with balances and 63.4% of managed receivables were for accounts with origination dates greater than 24 months old.

Delinquencies. A credit card account is contractually delinquent if we do not receive the minimum payment by the specified due date on the cardholder's statement. When an account becomes delinquent, we print a message on the cardholder's billing statement requesting payment. After an account becomes 30 days past due, a

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proprietary collection scoring algorithm automatically scores the risk of the account rolling to a more delinquent status. The collection system then recommends a collection strategy for the past due account based on the collection score and account balance and dictates the contact schedule and collections priority for the account. If we are unable to make a collection after exhausting all in-house efforts, we may engage collection agencies and outside attorneys to continue those efforts.

The following table presents the delinquency trends of our managed credit card portfolio:

| | December 31, 2009 | % of Total | December 31, 2008 | % of Total |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | (In thousands, except percentages) | | | |
| Receivables outstanding | \$ 5,347,285 | 100% | \$ 4,502,284 | 100% |
| Receivables balances contractually delinquent: | | | | |
| 31 to 60 days | 98,265 | 1.8% | 82,784 | 1.8% |
| 61 to 90 days | 71,708 | 1.3 | 58,434 | 1.3 |
| 91 or more days | 161,561 | 3.0 | 127,143 | 2.8 |
| Total | \$ 331,534 | 6.1% | \$ 268,361 | 5.9% |

Net Charge-Offs. Net charge-offs comprise the principal amount of losses from cardholders unwilling or unable to pay their account balances, as well as bankrupt and deceased cardholders, less current period recoveries. The following table presents our net charge-offs for the periods indicated on a managed basis. Average managed receivables represent the average balance of the cardholders at the beginning of each month in the year indicated.

| | Year Ended December 31, | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands, except percentages) | | |
| Average managed receivables | \$ 4,359,625 | \$ 3,915,658 | \$ 3,909,627 |
| Net charge-offs | 404,382 | 286,987 | 227,393 |
| Net charge-offs as a percentage of average managed receivables | 9.3% | 7.3% | 5.8% |

Age of Portfolio. The following table sets forth, as of December 31, 2009, the number of managed accounts with balances and the related principal balances outstanding, based upon the age of the managed accounts:

| Age Since Origination | Number of Accounts | Percentage of Accounts | Principal Balances Outstanding | Percentage of Balances Outstanding |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | (In thousands, except percentages) | | | |
| 0-12 Months | 3,027 | 22.1% | \$ 1,225,702 | 23.1% |
| 13-24 Months | 1,722 | 12.5 | 700,086 | 13.2 |
| 25-36 Months | 1,411 | 10.3 | 562,245 | 10.6 |
| 37-48 Months | 1,243 | 9.0 | 494,612 | 9.3 |
| 49-60 Months | 992 | 7.2 | 385,825 | 7.2 |
| Over 60 Months | 5,337 | 38.9 | 1,945,152 | 36.6 |
| Total | 13,732 | 100.0% | \$ 5,313,622 | 100.0% |

See Note 7, Securitization of Credit Card Receivables, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information related to the securitization of our credit card receivables.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

Operating Activities. We have historically generated cash flows from operations, although that amount may vary based on fluctuations in working capital and the timing of merchant settlement activity. Our operating cash flow is seasonal, with cash utilization peaking at the end of December due to increased activity in our Private Label Credit segment related to holiday retail sales.

We generated cash flow from operating activities of \$358.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to \$451.0 million for the comparable period in 2008. Cash flows in the year ended December 31, 2008 were impacted by an increase in deferred revenue related to a change in contractual terms with BMO Bank of Montreal. In May 2008, we assumed BMO Bank of Montreal's liability for the cost of redemptions for their outstanding AIR MILES reward miles, for which we received \$369.9 million in cash.

We utilize our cash flow from operations for ongoing business operations, acquisitions and capital expenditures.

Investing Activities. Cash used in investing was \$888.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to \$512.5 million for the comparable period in 2008. Significant components of investing activities are as follows:

Acquisitions. During the year ended December 31, 2009, we had payments for acquired businesses totaling \$158.9 million related to the assumption of Charming Shoppes' credit card programs and service center operations and acquisition of the credit card files and certain other assets. For the year ended December 31, 2008, we received approximately \$138.0 million in proceeds from the sale of our merchant services business and the majority of our utility services business.

Redemption Settlement Assets. Cash provided by redemption settlement assets was \$52.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to investments in redemption settlement assets of \$317.6 million for the comparable period in 2008. In connection with the May 2008 transaction with BMO Bank of Montreal, we received \$369.9 million in cash to assume the liability for the redemption of outstanding AIR MILES reward miles they previously issued, which we placed in our redemption settlement asset account.

Securitizations and Receivables Funding. We generally fund private label credit card receivables through a securitization program that provides us with both liquidity and lower borrowing costs. As of December 31, 2009, we had over \$4.7 billion of securitized credit card receivables. Securitizations require credit enhancements in the form of cash, spread accounts and additional receivables. The credit enhancement is partially funded through the use of certificates of deposit issued through our subsidiaries, WFNNB and WFCB. Net securitization and credit card receivable activity used \$633.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to \$381.0 million in the comparable period in 2008. We intend to utilize our securitization program for the foreseeable future.

Capital Expenditures. Our capital expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2009 were \$53.0 million compared to \$49.6 million for the prior year. We anticipate capital expenditures to be approximately 3% of our annual revenue for the foreseeable future.

Financing Activities. Cash provided by financing activities was \$570.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 as compared to cash used by financing activities of \$20.3 million in 2008. Our financing activities for 2009 related primarily to borrowings and repayments of debt and certificates of deposits, proceeds from the issuance of our convertible senior notes due 2014, proceeds from the issuance of warrants, payments for convertible note hedges, the purchase of prepaid forward contracts and repurchases of common stock.

Liquidity Sources. In addition to cash generated from operating activities, our primary sources of liquidity include: our securitization program, certificates of deposit issued by WFNNB and WFCB, our credit facility and issuances of equity securities.

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In addition to our efforts to renew and expand our current facilities, we continue to seek new sources of liquidity. Certain of the announced government programs, such as the Term Asset-Backed Securities Loan Facility, have facilitated the issuance of asset-backed securities and improved market conditions, thus enabling us to replace maturing or short-term funding as discussed in Note 7, "Securitization of Credit Card Receivables," of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. We have also expanded our brokered certificates of deposit to supplement liquidity for our credit card receivables.

We believe that internally generated funds and other sources of liquidity discussed above will be sufficient to meet working capital needs, capital expenditures, and other business requirements, for at least the next 12 months.

Securitization Program and Off-Balance Sheet Transactions. Since January 1996, we have sold a majority of the credit card receivables originated by WFNNB to WFN Credit Company, LLC and WFN Funding Company II, LLC, which in turn sold them to the WFN Trusts as part of our securitization program. In September 2008, we initiated a securitization program for the credit card receivables originated by WFCB, selling them to World Financial Capital Credit Company, LLC which in turn sold them to the WFC Trust. These securitization programs are the primary vehicle through which we finance WFNNB's and WFCB's credit card receivables.

Historically, we have used both public and private asset-backed securities transactions as well as private conduit facilities as sources of funding for our credit card receivables. Private conduit facilities have been used to accommodate seasonality needs and to bridge to completion of asset-backed securitization transactions.

We have secured and continue to secure the necessary commitments to fund our portfolio of securitized credit card receivables originated by WFNNB and WFCB. However, certain of these commitments are short-term in nature and subject to renewal. There is not a guarantee that these funding sources, when they mature, will be renewed on similar terms or at all based on recent unsuitable volumes and pricing levels in the asset-backed securitization markets.

In March 2009, we renewed our 2009-VFC1 conduit facility, increasing its capacity from \$550.0 million to \$666.7 million and extended the maturity of our 2008-VFN conduit facility, increasing its capacity from \$600.0 million to \$664.6 million. As part of these two transactions, we increased our retained interests in subordinated notes by \$181.3 million.

In April 2009, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust issued \$708.9 million of term asset-backed securities to investors, including those participating in the U.S. government's TALF program. These notes will mature in November 2011. As part of this transaction, we retained all of the \$148.9 million of subordinated classes of notes. Proceeds of this issuance were used to retire the 2008-VFN conduit facility, including the retained subordinated notes held by us.

In June 2009, we sold two portfolios of credit card receivables, which were acquired in 2008, to our securitization trusts. We sold a net principal balance of \$60.5 million at par, retaining \$7.3 million in a spread deposit account, resulting in net proceeds of \$53.2 million.

In August 2009, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust issued \$949.3 million of term asset-backed securities to investors, including those participating in the U.S. government's TALF program. The offering consisted of \$500.0 million of Series 2009-B asset-backed notes which mature in July 2012, \$139.2 million of Series 2009-C asset-backed notes which mature in July 2010, and \$310.1 million of Series 2009-D asset-backed notes which mature in July 2013. We retained \$118.7 million of these series.

In September 2009, we renewed World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust's 2009-VFN conduit facility, increasing its capacity from \$1.3 billion to \$1.5 billion and extending its maturity to September 2010. As part of this transaction, we increased our retained interests in subordinated notes by \$31.1 million from \$12.0 million to \$43.1 million.

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In September 2009, we renewed World Financial Capital Master Note Trust's 2009-VFN conduit facility, increasing its capacity from \$167.1 million to \$200.0 million and extending its maturity to September 2010. As part of this transaction, we increased our retained interests in subordinated notes by \$20.3 million from \$12.7 million to \$33.0 million.

In October 2009, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust II issued a 2009-VFC conduit facility, with commitments totaling \$227.3 million and maturing October 2010. As part of this transaction, our retained interests were \$30.9 million.

As of December 31, 2009, the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust had approximately \$4.7 billion of securitized credit card receivables. Securitizations require credit enhancements in the form of cash, spread deposits and additional receivables. The credit enhancement is principally based on the outstanding balances of the series issued by the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust and by the performance of the private label credit cards in these securitization trusts. The WFN Trusts and WFC Trust are required to maintain a credit enhancement level of between 4% and 10% of securitized credit card receivables.

The following table shows the maturities of borrowing commitments as of December 31, 2009 for the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust by year:

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 & Thereafter | Total |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | (In millions) | | | | | |
| Public notes | \$ 265.4 | \$ 1,158.9 | \$ 730.4 | \$ 899.7 | \$ | \$ 3,054.4 |
| Private conduits ⁽¹⁾ | 2,549.6 | | | | | 2,549.6 |
| Total | \$ 2,815.0 | \$ 1,158.9 | \$ 730.4 | \$ 899.7 | \$ | \$ 5,604.0 |

(1) Represents borrowing capacity, not outstanding borrowings. Private conduits are typically 364-day facilities which are renewed annually. Early amortization events are generally driven by asset performance. The WFN Trusts' excess spread has not significantly deteriorated in 2009 as increased losses have been offset by a significant decrease in short-term borrowing rates. We do not believe it is reasonably likely for an early amortization event to occur due to asset performance. However, if an early amortization event were declared, the trustee of the particular securitization trust would retain the interest in the receivables along with the excess interest income that would otherwise be paid to our bank subsidiary until the securitization investors were fully repaid. The occurrence of an early amortization event would significantly limit or negate our ability to securitize additional receivables.

Debt

Certificates of Deposit. We utilize certificates of deposit to finance the operating activities and fund securitization enhancement requirements of our credit card bank subsidiaries, WFNNB and WFCB. WFNNB and WFCB issue certificates of deposit in denominations of \$100,000 in various maturities ranging between one month and five years and with effective annual interest rates ranging from 0.2% to 5.3%. As of December 31, 2009, we had \$1.5 billion of certificates of deposit outstanding. Certificate of deposit borrowings are subject to regulatory capital requirements.

Credit Facility. As of December 31, 2009, we maintained a credit agreement that provides for a \$750.0 million revolving credit facility with a U.S. \$50.0 million sublimit for Canadian dollar borrowings and a \$50.0 million sublimit for swing line loans. At December 31, 2009, borrowings under the credit facility were \$487.0 million and had a weighted average interest rate of 1.1%.

Senior Notes. On May 16, 2006, we entered into a senior note purchase agreement and issued and sold \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.00% Series A Notes due May 16, 2009 and \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.14% Series B Notes due May 16, 2011. The Series A and

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Series B Notes will accrue interest on the unpaid balance thereof at the rate of 6.00% and 6.14% per annum, respectively, from May 16, 2006, payable semiannually, on May 16 and November 16 in each year until the principal has become due and payable. The note purchase agreement includes usual and customary negative covenants and events of default for transactions of this type. We repaid the \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.00% Series A Notes at its scheduled maturity of May 16, 2009.

Term Loan. On May 15, 2009, we entered into a term loan agreement with Bank of Montreal, as administrative agent, and various other agents and banks. At December 31, 2009, borrowings under the Term Loan were \$161.0 million with a weighted-average interest rate of 3.2%. The proceeds were used, together with other funds, to repay the \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.00% Series A Notes due May 16, 2009.

Convertible Senior Notes due 2013. In July 2008, we issued \$700.0 million aggregate principal amount of Convertible Senior Notes due 2013. We granted to the initial purchasers of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 an option to purchase up to an additional \$105.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 solely to cover over-allotments, if any, which was exercised in full on August 4, 2008. Holders of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 have the right to require us to repurchase for cash all or some of their Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 upon the occurrence of certain fundamental changes.

Convertible Senior Notes due 2014. In June 2009, we issued \$345.0 million aggregate principal amount of Convertible Senior Notes due 2014, which included an over-allotment of \$45.0 million. Holders of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 have the right to require us to repurchase for cash all or some of their Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 upon the occurrence of certain fundamental changes.

See Note 11, *Debt*, of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding our credit facility, senior notes, term loan and Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 and 2014.

Repurchase of Equity Securities. During 2009, 2008, and 2007, we repurchased approximately 12.7 million, 17.2 million, and 1.8 million shares of our common stock for an aggregate amount of \$520.8 million, \$1,000.9 million, and \$108.5 million, respectively. The 2009 amounts include 1,857,400 shares purchased under prepaid forward transactions for approximately \$74.9 million, which shares are to be delivered over a settlement period in 2014. We have Board authorization to acquire an additional \$275.1 million of common stock through December 31, 2010.

Contractual Obligations. The following table highlights, as of December 31, 2009, our contractual obligations and commitments to make future payments by type and period:

| | 2010 | 2011 & 2012 | 2013 & 2014 (In thousands) | 2015 & Thereafter | Total |
|---|--------------|--------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Certificates of deposit ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 797,258 | \$ 562,527 | \$ 160,711 | \$ | \$ 1,520,496 |
| Convertible senior notes ⁽¹⁾ | 30,475 | 60,950 | 1,180,751 | | 1,272,176 |
| Credit facility ⁽¹⁾ | 5,347 | 493,684 | | | 499,031 |
| Senior notes ⁽¹⁾ | 15,350 | 255,756 | | | 271,106 |
| Term loan ⁽¹⁾ | 29,169 | 141,724 | | | 170,893 |
| Operating leases | 48,530 | 75,993 | 53,882 | 94,901 | 273,306 |
| Capital leases | 23,065 | 3,947 | 13 | | 27,025 |
| Software licenses | 5,364 | 277 | | | 5,641 |
| ASC 740 obligations ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Purchase obligations ⁽³⁾ | 70,223 | 85,350 | 72,796 | 121,283 | 349,652 |
| | \$ 1,024,781 | \$ 1,680,208 | \$ 1,468,153 | \$ 216,184 | \$ 4,389,326 |

(1) The certificates of deposit, convertible senior notes, credit facility, senior notes and term loan represent our estimated debt service obligations, including both principal and interest. Interest was based on the interest rates in effect as of December 31, 2009, applied to the

contractual repayment period.

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- (2) Does not reflect unrecognized tax benefits of \$68 million, of which the timing remains uncertain.
- (3) Purchase obligations are defined as an agreement to purchase goods or services that is enforceable and legally binding and specifying all significant terms, including the following: fixed or minimum quantities to be purchased; fixed, minimum or variable price provisions; and approximate timing of the transaction. The purchase obligation amounts disclosed above represent estimates of the minimum for which we are obligated and the time period in which cash outflows will occur. Purchase orders and authorizations to purchase that involve no firm commitment from either party are excluded from the above table. Purchase obligations include purchase commitments under our AIR MILES Reward Program, minimum payments under support and maintenance contracts and agreements to purchase other goods and services.

We believe that we will have access to sufficient resources to meet these commitments.

Inflation and Seasonality

Although we cannot precisely determine the impact of inflation on our operations, we do not believe that we have been significantly affected by inflation. For the most part, we have relied on operating efficiencies from scale and technology, as well as decreases in technology and communication costs, to offset increased costs of employee compensation and other operating expenses. Our revenues, earnings and cash flows are affected by increased consumer spending patterns leading up to and including the holiday shopping period in the third and fourth quarter and, to a lesser extent, during the first quarter as credit card balances are paid down.

Regulatory Matters

WFNNB is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the OCC. WFCB is subject to regulatory capital requirements administered by both the FDIC and the State of Utah. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can trigger certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a material adverse effect on our financial statements. Under the FDIC's order approving WFCB's application for deposit insurance, WFCB must meet specific capital ratios and paid-in capital minimums and must maintain adequate allowances for loan losses. If WFCB fails to meet the terms of the FDIC's order, the FDIC may withdraw insurance coverage from WFCB, and the State of Utah may withdraw its approval of WFCB. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, WFNNB must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of its assets, liabilities and certain off-balance sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors. WFNNB is limited in the amounts that it can pay as dividends to us.

Quantitative measures established by regulations to ensure capital adequacy require WFNNB to maintain minimum amounts and ratios of total and Tier 1 capital to risk weighted assets and of Tier 1 capital to average assets. Under the regulations, a well capitalized institution must have a Tier 1 capital ratio of at least 6%, a total capital ratio of at least 10% and a leverage ratio of at least 5% and not be subject to a capital directive order. An adequately capitalized institution must have a Tier 1 capital ratio of at least 4%, a total capital ratio of at least 8% and a leverage ratio of at least 4%, but 3% is allowed in some cases. Under these guidelines, WFNNB is considered well capitalized. As of December 31, 2009, WFNNB's Tier 1 capital ratio was 15.2%, total capital ratio was 16.1% and leverage ratio was 32.3%, and WFNNB was not subject to a capital directive order. On April 22, 2005, WFCB received non-disapproval notification for a modification of the original three-year business plan. The letter of non-disapproval was issued jointly by the State of Utah and the FDIC. WFCB, under the terms of the letter, must maintain total risk-based capital equal to or exceeding 10% of total risk-based assets and must maintain Tier 1 capital to total assets ratio of not less than 16%. Both capital ratios were maintained at or above the indicated levels until the end of the bank's de novo period on November 30, 2006.

As part of a portfolio acquisition in 2003 by WFNNB, which required approval by the OCC, the OCC required WFNNB to enter into an operating agreement with the OCC (the 2003 Operating Agreement) and a capital adequacy and liquidity maintenance agreement with us (the 2003 CALMA). The 2003 Operating

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Agreement required WFNNB to continue to operate in a manner consistent with its current practices, regulatory guidelines and applicable law, including those related to affiliate transactions, maintenance of capital and corporate governance. In August 2009, we entered into a revised operating agreement with WFNNB and the OCC (the 2009 Operating Agreement), which required us to enter into both a new capital adequacy and liquidity maintenance agreement (the 2009 CALMA) and a capital and liquidity support agreement (the 2009 CALSA) with WFNNB. The 2009 Operating Agreement has not required any changes in WFNNB's operations. The 2009 CALMA and 2009 CALSA memorialize our current obligations to ensure that WFNNB remains in compliance with its minimum capital requirements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2009, the FASB issued guidance codified in ASC 860, Transfers and Servicing, related to accounting for transfers of financial assets and ASC 810, Consolidation, related to the consolidation of variable interest entities. ASC 860 removes the concept of a QSPE and eliminates the consolidation exception currently available for QSPEs. It is effective for financial asset transfers on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after November 15, 2009 and early adoption is prohibited. ASC 810 requires an initial evaluation as well as an ongoing assessment of our involvement with the operations of the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust and our rights or obligations to receive benefits or absorb losses of these securitization trusts that could be potentially significant in order to determine whether those entities will be required to be consolidated on the balance sheet of WFNNB, WFCB or their affiliates, including us.

The assessment of the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust under ASC 860 and ASC 810 will result in the consolidation of the securitization trusts on the balance sheet of WFNNB, WFCB or their affiliates, including us, beginning January 1, 2010. Based on the carrying amounts of the trust assets and liabilities as prescribed by ASC 810, we expect to record a \$3.4 billion increase in assets, including \$0.5 billion to loan loss reserves, an increase in liabilities of \$3.7 billion and a \$0.4 billion reduction in stockholders' equity.

After adoption, our results of operations will no longer reflect securitization income, but will instead report interest income, and certain other income associated with all securitized credit card receivables. Net-charge offs associated with credit card receivables will be reflected in our cost of operations. Interest expense associated with debt issued from the trusts to third-party investors will be reported in interest expense. Additionally, after adoption, we will no longer record initial gains on new securitization activity since securitized credit card receivables will no longer receive sale accounting treatment. Further, we will not record any gains or losses on the revaluation of the interest-only strip receivable as that asset is not recognizable in a transaction accounted for as a secured borrowing. Because our securitization transactions will be accounted for as secured borrowings rather than asset sales, the cash flows from these transactions will be presented as cash flows from financing activities rather than cash flows from operating or investing activities.

In October 2009, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2009-13, Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements. ASU 2009-13 supersedes certain guidance in ASC 605-25, Revenue Recognition Multiple-Element Arrangements and requires an entity to allocate arrangement consideration at the inception of an arrangement to all of its deliverables based on their relative selling prices (the relative-selling-price method). ASU 2009-13 eliminates the use of the residual method of allocation in which the undelivered element is measured at its estimated selling price and the delivered element is measured as the residual of the arrangement consideration, and requires the relative-selling-price method in all circumstances in which an entity recognizes revenue for an arrangement with multiple deliverables subject to ASU 2009-13. ASU 2009-13 will be effective for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. If we elect early adoption and the adoption is during an interim period, we will be required to apply this ASU retrospectively from the beginning of our fiscal year. We can also elect to apply this ASU retrospectively for all periods presented. We are currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU 2009-13 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

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In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. ASU 2010-06 amends ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures to add new requirements for disclosures about transfers into and out of Levels 1 and 2 and separate disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements related to Level 3 measurements. ASU 2010-06 also clarifies existing fair value disclosures about the level of disaggregation and about inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value. ASU 2010-06 will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2009 except for the requirement to provide the Level 3 disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements, which will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2010. The adoption of ASU 2010-06 will only impact disclosures and would not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-09, Subsequent Events, to remove the requirement for an entity that files or furnished financial statements with the SEC to disclose a date through which subsequent events have been evaluated in both originally issued and restated financial statements. Restated financial statements include financial statements revised as a result of correction of an error or retrospective application of U.S. GAAP. The ASU removes potential conflicts with the SEC's literature. We adopted ASU 2010-09 in February 2010.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk **Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk of loss from adverse changes in market prices and rates. Our primary market risks include off-balance sheet risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, foreign currency exchange rate risk and redemption reward risk.

Off-Balance Sheet Risk. We are subject to off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business, including commitments to extend credit and through our securitization program. The securitization trusts enter into interest rate swaps to reduce the interest rate sensitivity of the securitization transactions. The securitization program involves elements of credit, market, interest rate, legal and operational risks in excess of the amount recognized on the balance sheet through our retained interests in the securitization and the interest-only strips.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk affects us directly in our lending and borrowing activities. Our total borrowing costs, including off-balance sheet swap payments, were approximately \$312.1 million for 2009, which includes both on-and off-balance sheet transactions. Of this total, \$146.6 million of the interest expense for 2009 was attributable to on-balance sheet indebtedness and the remainder to our securitized credit card receivables, which are financed off-balance sheet. To manage our risk from market interest rates, we actively monitor the interest rates and the interest sensitive components both on- and off-balance sheet to minimize the impact that changes in interest rates have on the fair value of assets, net income and cash flow. To achieve this objective, we manage our exposure to fluctuations in market interest rates by matching asset and liability repricings and through the use of fixed-rate debt instruments to the extent that reasonably favorable rates are obtainable with such arrangements. In addition, through the securitization trusts, we enter into derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps and treasury locks to mitigate our interest rate risk on a related financial instrument or to lock the interest rate on a portion of our variable debt. We do not enter into derivative or interest rate transactions for trading or other speculative purposes.

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At December 31, 2009, we had \$7.7 billion of debt, including \$4.4 billion of off-balance sheet debt from our securitization program.

| | As of December 31, 2009 | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Fixed rate | Variable rate | Total |
| | (In millions) | | |
| Off-balance sheet | \$ 3,306.2 | \$ 1,116.2 | \$ 4,422.4 |
| On-balance sheet | 1,134.4 | 2,113.0 | 3,247.4 |
| Total | \$ 4,440.6 | \$ 3,229.2 | \$ 7,669.8 |

At December 31, 2009, our fixed rate off-balance sheet debt was locked at a current effective interest rate of 4.2% which included off-balance sheet variable rate debt fixed through interest rate swap agreements.

At December 31, 2009, our fixed rate on-balance sheet variable rate debt was subject to fixed rates with a weighted average interest rate of 9.8%.

The approach we use to quantify interest rate risk is a sensitivity analysis which we believe best reflects the risk inherent in our business. This approach calculates the impact on pre-tax income from an instantaneous and sustained increase in interest rates of 1.0%. In 2009, a 1.0% increase in interest rates would have resulted in a decrease to fiscal year pre-tax income of approximately \$32.3 million. Conversely, a corresponding decrease in interest rates would have resulted in a comparable increase to pre-tax income. Our use of this methodology to quantify the market risk of financial instruments should not be construed as an endorsement of its accuracy or the appropriateness of the related assumptions.

Credit Risk. We are exposed to credit risk relating to the credit card loans we make to our clients' customers. Our credit risk relates to the risk that consumers using the private label credit cards that we issue will not repay their revolving credit card loan balances. We have developed credit risk models designed to identify qualified consumers who fit our risk parameters. To minimize our risk of loan write-offs, we control approval rates of new accounts and related credit limits and follow strict collection practices. We monitor the buying limits, as well as set pricing regarding fees and interest rates charged.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk. We are exposed to fluctuations in the exchange rate between the U.S. and the Canadian dollar through our significant Canadian operations. We generally do not hedge any of our net investment exposure in our Canadian subsidiary. A 10% increase in the Canadian exchange rate would have resulted in an increase in pre-tax income of \$16.6 million as of December 31, 2009. Conversely, a corresponding decrease in the exchange rate would result in a comparable decrease to pre-tax income.

Redemption Reward Risk. Through our AIR MILES Reward Program, we are exposed to potentially increasing reward costs associated primarily with travel rewards. To minimize the risk of rising travel reward costs, we:

- have multi-year supply agreements with several Canadian, U.S. and international airlines;

- are seeking new supply agreements with additional airlines;

- periodically alter the total mix of rewards available to collectors with the introduction of new merchandise rewards, which are typically lower cost per AIR MILES reward mile than air travel;

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allow collectors to obtain certain travel rewards using a combination of reward miles and cash or cash alone in addition to using AIR MILES reward miles alone; and

periodically adjust the number of AIR MILES reward miles required to be redeemed to obtain a reward.

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A 10% increase in the cost of rewards to satisfy redemptions would have resulted in a decrease in pre-tax income of \$35.4 million, as of December 31, 2009. Conversely, a corresponding decrease in the cost of rewards to satisfy redemptions would result in a comparable increase to pre-tax income.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Our consolidated financial statements begin on page F-1 of this Form 10-K.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of December 31, 2009, we carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that as of December 31, 2009, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective. Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information we are required to disclose in such reports is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Our internal controls over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree or compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our evaluation of and conclusion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009 did not include the internal controls for the assumption of Charming Shoppes' credit card programs and service center operations and acquisition of the credit card files and certain other assets, because of the timing of the acquisition, which was completed in October 2009. As of December 31, 2009, this entity constituted approximately \$235.5 million of total assets, \$18.6 million of revenues and \$7.8 million of pre-tax income for the year then ended.

Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. In conducting this evaluation, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework*. Based on this evaluation, management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2009.

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The effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009, has been audited by Deloitte & Touche, LLP, the independent registered public accounting firm who also audited our consolidated financial statements. Deloitte & Touche's attestation report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting appears on page F-3.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended December 31, 2009, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

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PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Incorporated by reference to the Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of our stockholders, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission not later than 120 days after December 31, 2009.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Incorporated by reference to the Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of our stockholders, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission not later than 120 days after December 31, 2009.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Incorporated by reference to the Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of our stockholders, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission not later than 120 days after December 31, 2009.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Incorporated by reference to the Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of our stockholders, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission not later than 120 days after December 31, 2009.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Incorporated by reference to the Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of our stockholders, which will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission not later than 120 days after December 31, 2009.

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PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this report:

(1) Financial Statements

(2) Financial Statement Schedule

(3) The following exhibits are filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K or, where indicated, were previously filed and are hereby incorporated by reference.

| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| 3.1 | Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.1 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on March 3, 2000, File No. 333-94623). |
| 3.2 | Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.2 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on March 3, 2000, File No. 333-94623). |
| 3.3 | First Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.3 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on May 4, 2001, File No. 333-94623). |
| 3.4 | Second Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.4 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on April 1, 2002, File No. 001-15749). |
| 3.5 | Third Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on February 18, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| 3.6 | Fourth Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on December 11, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| 4 | Specimen Certificate for shares of Common Stock of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on August 8, 2003, File No. 001-15749). |
| *10.1 | Office Lease between Nodenble Associates, LLC and ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc., dated as of October 1, 2009. |
| 10.2 | Build-to-Suit Net Lease between Opus South Corporation and ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc., dated January 29, 1998, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.10 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on April 1, 2002, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.3 | Fourth Amendment to Build-to-Suit Net Lease between Opus South Corporation and ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc., dated September 3, 2004 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 28, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.4 | Office Lease between Office City, Inc. and World Financial Network National Bank, dated December 24, 1986, and amended January 19, 1987, May 11, 1988, August 4, 1989 and August 18, 1999 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.17 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on January 13, 2000, File No. 333-94623). |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| 10.5 | Fifth Amendment to Office Lease between Office City, Inc. and World Financial Network National Bank, dated March 29, 2004 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 28, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.6 | Lease Agreement by and between Continental Acquisitions, Inc. and World Financial Network National Bank, dated July 2, 1990, and amended September 11, 1990, November 16, 1990 and February 18, 1991 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.18 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on January 13, 2000, File No. 333-94623). |
| 10.7 | Fourth Amendment to Lease Agreement by and between Continental Acquisitions, Inc. and World Financial Network National Bank, dated June 1, 2000 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 14, 2003, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.8 | Fifth Amendment to Lease Agreement by and between Continental Acquisitions, Inc. and World Financial Network National Bank, dated June 30, 2001 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.10 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 3, 2006, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.9 | Sixth Amendment to Lease Agreement by and between Continental Acquisitions, Inc. and World Financial Network National Bank, dated January 27, 2006 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 28, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| *10.10 | Letter Agreement by and between Continental Realty, Ltd. and ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc., dated as of October 29, 2009. |
| 10.11 | Lease Agreement by and between 601 Edgewater LLC and Epsilon Data Management, Inc., dated July 30, 2002 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.17 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 4, 2005, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.12 | First Amendment to Lease Agreement by and between 601 Edgewater LLC and Epsilon Data Management, Inc., dated August 29, 2007 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 28, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.13 | Second Amendment to Lease Agreement by and between 601 Edgewater LLC and Epsilon Data Management, LLC, dated October 3, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| *10.14 | Third Amendment to Lease Agreement by and between 601 Edgewater LLC and Epsilon Data Management, LLC, dated November 10, 2009. |
| 10.15 | Lease Agreement by and between Sterling Direct, Inc. and Sterling Properties, L.L.C., dated September 22, 1997, as subsequently assigned (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.18 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 4, 2005, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.16 | Lease Agreement by and between KDC-Regent I Investments, LP and Epsilon Data Management, Inc., dated May 31, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.17 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 3, 2006, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.17 | Second Amendment to Lease Agreement by and between KDC-Regent I Investments, LP and Epsilon Data Management, Inc., dated May 11, 2007 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 28, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.18 | Lease between 592423 Ontario Inc. and Loyalty Management Group Canada, Inc., dated November 14, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.18 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 26, 2007, File No. 001-15749). |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| *10.19 | Lease Amending Agreement by and between Dundead Canada (GP) Inc. (as successor in interest to 592423 Ontario Inc.) and LoyaltyOne, Inc., dated as of May 21, 2009. |
| 10.20 | Lease Agreement by and between ADS Place Phase I, LLC and ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc. dated August 25, 2006 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.20 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 26, 2007, File No. 001-15749). |
| *10.21 | Third Lease Amendment by and between ADS Place Phase I, LLC and ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc. dated as of November 1, 2007. |
| 10.22 | Agreement of Lease by and between 11 West 19 th Associates LLC and Epsilon Data Management LLC, dated March 15, 2007 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 28, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.23 | Office Lease by and between Location ³ Limited and 3407276 Canada, Inc., dated as of July 20, 1999 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 28, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.24 | Lease Agreement by and between DoubleClick Inc. and Epsilon Data Management LLC, dated as of February 1, 2007, as amended June 2007 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 28, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.25 | Second Amendment to Lease Agreement by and between Google Inc. (as successor-in-interest to Doubleclick Inc.) and Epsilon Data Management LLC, dated as of July 24, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.23 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| *10.26 | Lease of Space (Multi-Story Office) by and between 2650 Crescent LLC and Alliance Data FHC, Inc. (by assignment from DoubleClick Inc.), dated as of December 14, 2005, as amended. |
| 10.27 | Capital Assurance and Liquidity Maintenance Agreement, dated August 28, 2003, by and between Alliance Data Systems Corporation and World Financial Network National Bank (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.3 to our Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed with the SEC on October 15, 2003, File No. 333-109713). |
| 10.28 | Capital Assurance and Liquidity Maintenance Agreement, dated as of August 14, 2009, by and between World Financial Network National Bank and Alliance Data Systems Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on September 17, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.29 | Capital and Liquidity Support Agreement, dated as of August 14, 2009, by and among the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, World Financial Network National Bank and Alliance Data Systems Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on September 17, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.30 | Alliance Data Systems Corporation Amended and Restated Executive Deferred Compensation Plan effective January 1, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 11, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.31 | Alliance Data Systems Corporation Executive Annual Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit B to our Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the SEC on April 29, 2005, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.32 | Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2007 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.26 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 26, 2007, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.33 | Amended and Restated Alliance Data Systems Corporation and its Subsidiaries Stock Option and Restricted Stock Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.34 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on May 4, 2001, File No. 333-94623). |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| +10.34 | Form of Alliance Data Systems Corporation Incentive Stock Option Agreement under the Amended and Restated Alliance Data Systems Corporation and its Subsidiaries Stock Option and Restricted Stock Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.35 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on January 13, 2000, File No. 333-94623). |
| +10.35 | Form of Alliance Data Systems Corporation Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement under the Amended and Restated Alliance Data Systems Corporation and its Subsidiaries Stock Option and Restricted Stock Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.36 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on January 13, 2000, File No. 333-94623). |
| +10.36 | Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2003 Long-Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.6 to our Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed with the SEC on June 18, 2003, File No. 333-106246). |
| +10.37 | Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit A to our Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the SEC on April 29, 2005, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.38 | Amendment Number One to the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan, dated as of September 24, 2009 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.8 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on November 9, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.39 | Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement for awards under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.4 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2005, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.40 | Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2007 grant) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.99 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 26, 2007, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.41 | Form of Agreement for 2007 Special Award under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.100 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 26, 2007, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.42 | Form of Time-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2008 grant) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 99.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 29, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.43 | Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2008 grant) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 99.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 29, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| +*10.44 | Amendment Number One to Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2008 grant), dated as of October 1, 2009. |
| +10.45 | Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2009 grant) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 25, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.46 | Form of Canadian Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement for awards under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.101 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 26, 2007, File No. 001-15749). |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| +10.47 | Form of Canadian Restricted Stock Award Agreement for awards under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.102 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 26, 2007, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.48 | Form of Canadian Agreement for 2007 Special Award under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.104 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 26, 2007, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.49 | Form of Canadian Time-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2008 grant) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 99.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 29, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.50 | Form of Canadian Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2008 grant) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 99.4 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 29, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| +*10.51 | Amendment Number One to Canadian Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2008 grant), dated as of October 1, 2009. |
| +10.52 | Form of Canadian Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2009 grant) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 25, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.53 | Time-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan, dated as of March 27, 2009, by and between J. Michael Parks and Alliance Data Systems Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 30, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.54 | Form of Non-Employee Director Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 13, 2005, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.55 | Form of Non-Employee Director Share Award Letter (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 13, 2005, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.56 | Form of Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Alliance Data Systems Corporation 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2008 grant) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.10 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on August 8, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.57 | Alliance Data Systems Corporation Non-Employee Director Deferred Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 9, 2006, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.58 | Form of Alliance Data Systems Associate Confidentiality Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.24 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 12, 2003, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.59 | Form of Alliance Data Systems Corporation Indemnification Agreement for Officers and Directors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 1, 2005, File No. 001-15749). |
| +*10.60 | Amended and Restated Alliance Data Systems 401(k) and Retirement Savings Plan, effective January 1, 2008, as amended. |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| +*10.61 | Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2010 grant). |
| +*10.62 | Form of Canadian Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan (2010 grant). |
| +10.63 | Letter employment agreement with J. Michael Parks, dated February 19, 1997 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.39 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on January 13, 2000, File No. 333-94623). |
| +10.64 | Change in Control Agreement, dated as of September 25, 2003, by and between ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc. and J. Michael Parks (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.2 to our Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed with the SEC on October 15, 2003, File No. 333-109713). |
| +10.65 | Transition Agreement, dated as of March 27, 2009, by and between J. Michael Parks and ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 30, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.66 | Letter employment agreement with Ivan Szeftel, dated May 4, 1998 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.40 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on January 13, 2000, File No. 333-94623). |
| +10.67 | Form of Change in Control Agreement, dated as of September 25, 2003, by and between ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc. and each of Edward J. Heffernan, Ivan M. Szeftel and Alan M. Utay (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed with the SEC on October 15, 2003, File No. 333-109713). |
| +10.68 | Separation Agreement and General Release of Claims, dated as of March 24, 2009, by and among John W. Scullion, LoyaltyOne, Inc. and Alliance Data Systems Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 30, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| +10.69 | Separation Agreement and General Release of Claims by and between Dwayne Tucker and ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on August 18, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.70 | Amended and Restated License to Use the Air Miles Trade Marks in Canada, dated as of July 24, 1998, by and between Air Miles International Holdings N.V. and Loyalty Management Group Canada Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.43 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on January 13, 2000, File No. 333-94623) (assigned by Air Miles International Holdings N.V. to Air Miles International Trading B.V. by a novation agreement dated as of July 18, 2001). |
| 10.71 | Amended and Restated License to Use and Exploit the Air Miles Scheme in Canada, dated July 24, 1998, by and between Air Miles International Trading B.V. and Loyalty Management Group Canada Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.44 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on January 13, 2000, File No. 333-94623). |
| 10.72 | Amended and Restated Participation Agreement, dated as of November 1, 2008, by and between LoyaltyOne, Inc. and Bank of Montreal (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Current report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 5, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.73 | Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of January 17, 1996 as amended and restated as of September 17, 1999 and August 1, 2001, by and among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National Bank, and BNY Midwest Trust Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.6 to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 of world financial network credit card master trust filed with the SEC on July 5, 2001, File No. 333-60418). |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| 10.74 | Second Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of May 19, 2004, among World Financial Network National Bank, WFN Credit Company, LLC and BNY Midwest Trust Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on August 4, 2004, File Nos. 333-60418, 333-60418-01 and 333-113669). |
| 10.75 | Third Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2005, among World Financial Network National Bank, WFN Credit Company, LLC and BNY Midwest Trust Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on April 4, 2005, File Nos. 333-60418, 333-60418-01 and 333-113669). |
| 10.76 | Fourth Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of June 13, 2007, among World Financial Network National Bank, WFN Credit Company, LLC and BNY Midwest Trust Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by WFN Credit Company, LLC and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on June 15, 2007, File Nos. 333-60418 and 333-113669). |
| 10.77 | Fifth Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of October 26, 2007, among World Financial Network National Bank, WFN Credit Company, LLC and BNY Midwest Trust Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on October 31, 2007, File Nos. 333-60418, 333-60418-01 and 333-113669). |
| 10.78 | Sixth Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of May 27, 2008, among World Financial Network National Bank, WFN Credit Company, LLC, and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC by WFN Credit Company, LLC and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on May 29, 2008, File Nos. 333-60418 and 333-113669). |
| 10.79 | Omnibus Amendment, dated as of March 31, 2003, among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust, World Financial Network National Bank and BNY Midwest Trust Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by WFN Credit Company, LLC and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust on April 22, 2003, File Nos. 333-60418 and 333-60418-01). |
| 10.80 | Transfer and Servicing Agreement, dated as of August 1, 2001, between WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National Bank, and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 of World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust filed with the SEC on July 5, 2001, File No. 333-60418). |
| 10.81 | First Amendment to the Transfer and Servicing Agreement, dated as of November 7, 2002, among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National Bank and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by WFN Credit Company, LLC and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust on November 20, 2002, File Nos. 333-60418 and 333-60418-01). |
| 10.82 | Third Amendment to the Transfer and Servicing Agreement, dated as of May 19, 2004, among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National Bank and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on August 4, 2004, File Nos. 333-60418, 333-60418-01 and 333-113669). |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| 10.83 | Fourth Amendment to the Transfer and Servicing Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2005, among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National Bank and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on April 4, 2005, File Nos. 333-60418, 333-60418-01 and 333-113669). |
| 10.84 | Fifth Amendment to the Transfer and Servicing Agreement, dated as of June 13, 2007, among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National Bank and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by WFN Credit Company, LLC and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on June 15, 2007, File Nos. 333-60418 and 333-113669). |
| 10.85 | Sixth Amendment to the Transfer and Servicing Agreement, dated as of October 26, 2007, among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National Bank and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on October 31, 2007, File Nos. 333-60418, 333-60418-01 and 333-113669). |
| 10.86 | Receivables Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 1, 2001, between World Financial Network National Bank and WFN Credit Company, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.8 to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 of World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust filed with the SEC on July 5, 2001, File No. 333-60418). |
| 10.87 | Master Indenture, dated as of August 1, 2001, between World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust and BNY Midwest Trust Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed with the SEC by WFN Credit Company, LLC and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust on July 5, 2001, File Nos. 333-60418 and 333-60418-01). |
| 10.88 | Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of August 13, 2003, between World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust and BNY Midwest Trust Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC by WFN Credit Company, LLC and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust on August 28, 2003, File Nos. 333-60418 and 333-60418-01). |
| 10.89 | Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of June 13, 2007, between World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust and BNY Midwest Trust Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by WFN Credit Company, LLC and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on June 15, 2007, File Nos. 333-60418 and 333-113669). |
| 10.90 | Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of May 27, 2008, between World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC by WFN Credit Company, LLC and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on May 29, 2008, File Nos. 333-60418 and 333-113669). |
| 10.91 | Agreement of Resignation, Appointment and Acceptance, dated as of May 27, 2008, by and among World Financial Network National Bank, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust, BNY Midwest Trust Company, and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC by WFN Credit Company, LLC and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on May 29, 2008, File Nos. 333-60418 and 333-113669). |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| 10.92 | Agreement of Resignation, Appointment and Acceptance, dated as of May 27, 2008, by and among WFN Credit Company, LLC, BNY Midwest Trust Company, and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC by WFN Credit Company, LLC and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on May 29, 2008, File Nos. 333-60418 and 333-113669). |
| 10.93 | Series 2004-C Indenture Supplement, dated as of September 22, 2004, between World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust and BNY Midwest Trust Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on September 28, 2004, File Nos. 333-60418, 333-60418-01 and 333-113669). |
| 10.94 | Series 2008-A Indenture Supplement, dated as of September 12, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC by WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on September 18, 2008, File Nos. 333-60418, 333-60418-01 and 333-113669). |
| 10.95 | Series 2008-B Indenture Supplement, dated as of September 12, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC by WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust on September 18, 2008, File Nos. 333-60418, 333-60418-01 and 333-113669). |
| 10.96 | Series 2009-A Indenture Supplement, dated as of April 14, 2009 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC by World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust and WFN Credit Company, LLC on April 20, 2009, File Nos. 333-113669 and 333-60418). |
| 10.97 | Series 2009-B Indenture Supplement, dated as of August 13, 2009 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC by World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust and WFN Credit Company, LLC on August 17, 2009, File Nos. 333-113669 and 333-60418). |
| 10.98 | Series 2009-C Indenture Supplement, dated as of August 13, 2009 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust and WFN Credit Company, LLC with the SEC on August 17, 2009, File Nos. 333-113669 and 333-60418). |
| 10.99 | Series 2009-D Indenture Supplement, dated as of August 13, 2009 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust and WFN Credit Company, LLC with the SEC on August 17, 2009, File Nos. 333-113669 and 333-60418). |
| 10.100 | Third Amended and Restated Service Agreement, dated as of May 15, 2008, between World Financial Network National Bank and ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 99.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust and WFN Credit Company, LLC with the SEC on August 17, 2009, File Nos. 333-113669 and 333-60418). |
| *10.101 | Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of November 25, 1997, between Spirit of America National Bank and Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. |
| *10.102 | First Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of July 22, 1999, between Spirit of America National Bank and Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| *10.103 | Second Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of November 9, 2000, between Spirit of America National Bank and Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. |
| *10.104 | Third Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of May 8, 2001, between Spirit of America National Bank and Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. |
| *10.105 | Consent to Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of October 17, 2007, between Spirit of America National Bank and Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. |
| *10.106 | Fourth Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of October 30, 2009, among Spirit of America National Bank, Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., World Financial Network National Bank and WFN Credit Company, LLC. |
| *10.107 | Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of November 25, 1997, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., Spirit America, Inc., and First Union National Bank. |
| *10.108 | First Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of July 22, 1999, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., Spirit America, Inc. and First Union National Bank. |
| *10.109 | Second Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of May 8, 2001, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., Spirit America, Inc. and First Union National Bank. |
| *10.110 | Fourth Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of August 5, 2004, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., Spirit America, Inc. and Wachovia Bank, National Association. |
| *10.111 | Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of March 18, 2005, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., Spirit America, Inc. and Wachovia Bank, National Association. |
| *10.112 | Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of October 17, 2007, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., Spirit America, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association. |
| *10.113 | Sixth Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of October 30, 2009, among Spirit America, Inc., Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., World Financial Network National Bank, WFN Credit Company, LLC and U.S. Bank National Association. |
| 10.114 | Receivables Purchase Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2001, between World Financial Network National Bank and WFN Credit Company, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on November 7, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.115 | First Amendment to Receivables Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 24, 2008, between World Financial Network National Bank and WFN Credit Company, LLC. |
| 10.116 | World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust III Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2001, among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National Bank, and The Chase Manhattan Bank, USA, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on November 7, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.117 | First Amendment to the Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of April 7, 2004, among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National Bank, and The Chase Manhattan Bank, USA, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on November 7, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| 10.118 | Second Amendment to the Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of March 23, 2005, among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National Bank, and The Chase Manhattan Bank, USA, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on November 7, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.119 | Third Amendment to the Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of October 26, 2007, among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National Bank, and Union Bank of California, N.A. (successor to JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on November 7, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.120 | Receivables Purchase Agreement, dated as of September 29, 2008 between World Financial Capital Bank and World Financial Capital Credit Company, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on November 7, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.121 | Transfer and Servicing Agreement, dated as of September 29, 2008, among World Financial Capital Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Capital Bank and World Financial Capital Master Note Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on November 7, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| *10.122 | Series 2006-A Indenture Supplement, dated as of April 28, 2006, among World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust, World Financial Network National Bank, WFN Credit Company, LLC and BNY Midwest Trust Company. |
| *10.123 | Series 2007-1 Indenture Supplement, dated as of October 17, 2007, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., Spirit of America, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association. |
| *10.124 | Series 2009-VFC1 Indenture Supplement, dated as of March 31, 2009, among WFN Credit Company, LLC, World Financial Network National bank and Union Bank N.A. |
| *10.125 | Series 2009-VFN Indenture Supplement, dated as of September 28, 2009, among World Financial Capital Master Note Trust, World Financial Capital Bank, World Financial Capital Credit Company, LLC and U. S. Bank National Association. |
| *10.126 | Series 2009-VFN Indenture Supplement, dated as of September 29, 2009, among World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust, WFN Credit Company, LLC and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. |
| 10.127 | Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2006, by and among Alliance Data Systems Corporation and the Purchasers party thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on May 18, 2006, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.128 | First Amendment to Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 22, 2007, by and among Alliance Data Systems Corporation and the Holders party thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 23, 2007, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.129 | Subsidiary Guaranty, dated as of May 1, 2006, by ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc. in favor of the holders from time to time of the Notes (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on May 18, 2006, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.130 | Joinder to Subsidiary Guaranty, dated as of September 29, 2006, by each of Epsilon Marketing Services, LLC, Epsilon Data Marketing, LLC and Alliance Data Foreign Holdings, Inc. in favor of the holders from time to time of the Notes (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 2, 2006, File No. 001-15749). |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| 10.131 | Joinder to Subsidiary Guaranty, dated as of May 30, 2008, by ADS Foreign Holdings, Inc. in favor of the holders from time to time of the Notes (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.3 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on August 8, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.132 | Credit Agreement, dated as of September 29, 2006, by and among Alliance Data Systems Corporation and certain subsidiaries parties thereto, as Guarantors, Bank of Montreal, as Administrative Agent, Co-Lead Arranger and Sole Book Runner, and various other agents and banks (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 2, 2006, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.133 | First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 30, 2007, by and among Alliance Data Systems Corporation and certain subsidiaries parties thereto as Guarantors, Bank of Montreal, as Administrative Agent and various other agents and banks (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 30, 2007, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.134 | Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of June 16, 2008, by and among Alliance Data Systems Corporation and certain subsidiaries parties thereto as Guarantors, Bank of Montreal, as Administrative Agent and various other agents and banks (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 16, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.135 | Guarantor Supplement, dated as of May 15, 2008, by ADS Foreign Holdings, Inc. in favor of Bank of Montreal, as Administrative Agent for the Banks party to the Credit Agreement dated as of September 29, 2006 among Alliance Data Systems Corporation, the Guarantors from time to time party thereto, the Banks from time to time party thereto, Bank of Montreal, as Letter of Credit Issuer, and Bank of Montreal, as Administrative Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.4 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on August 8, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.136 | Term Loan Agreement, dated as of May 15, 2009, by and among Alliance Data Systems Corporation, as borrower, and certain subsidiaries parties thereto, as guarantors, Bank of Montreal, as Administrative Agent, Co-Lead Arranger and Book Runner, and various other agents and banks (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on May 18, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.137 | Purchase Agreement, dated as of July 23, 2008, by and among Alliance Data Systems Corporation and the Initial Purchasers party thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 29, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.138 | Indenture, dated as of July 29, 2008, by and among Alliance Data Systems Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 29, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.139 | Form of 1.75% Convertible Senior Note due August 1, 2013 (included in Exhibit 10.110) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 29, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.140 | Form of Hedge Confirmation dated July 23, 2008 between Alliance Data Systems Corporation and each of JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, London Branch (represented by J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as its agent) and Bank of America, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 29, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| 10.141 | Form of Warrant Confirmation dated July 23, 2008 between Alliance Data Systems Corporation and each of JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, London Branch (represented by J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as its agent) and Bank of America, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 29, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.142 | Form of Warrant Confirmation Amendment dated August 4, 2008 between Alliance Data Systems Corporation and each of JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, London Branch (represented by J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as its agent) and Bank of America, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.27 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on August 8, 2008, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.143 | Purchase Agreement, dated May 27, 2009, between Alliance Data Systems Corporation and the several Initial Purchasers party thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on June 2, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.144 | Indenture, dated June 2, 2009, between Alliance Data Systems Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, National Association, as Trustee (including the form of the Company's 4.75% Convertible Senior Note due May 15, 2014) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on June 2, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.145 | Form of Convertible Note Hedge confirmation, dated May 27, 2009, between Alliance Data Systems Corporation and each of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as agent for JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, Bank of America, N.A., and Barclays Capital Inc., as agent for Barclays Bank PLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on June 2, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.146 | Form of Warrant confirmation, dated May 27, 2009, between Alliance Data Systems Corporation and each of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as agent for JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, London Branch, Bank of America, N.A., and Barclays Capital Inc., as agent for Barclays Bank PLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on June 2, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.147 | Form of Forward Stock Purchase Transaction, dated May 27, 2009, between Alliance Data Systems Corporation and each of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, as agent for Merrill Lynch International, and Barclays Capital Inc., as agent for Barclays Bank PLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.4 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on June 2, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.148 | Form of Additional Convertible Note Hedge confirmation, dated June 4, 2009, between Alliance Data Systems Corporation and each of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as agent for JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, London Branch, Bank of America, N.A., and Barclays Capital Inc., as agent for Barclays Bank PLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on June 9, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| 10.149 | Form of Additional Warrant confirmation, dated June 4, 2009, between Alliance Data Systems Corporation and each of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as agent for JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, London Branch, Bank of America, N.A., and Barclays Capital Inc., as agent for Barclays Bank PLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on June 9, 2009, File No. 001-15749). |
| *12.1 | Statement re Computation of Ratios |
| *21 | Subsidiaries of the Registrant |

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| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| *23.1 | Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP |
| *31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Alliance Data Systems Corporation pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. |
| *31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Alliance Data Systems Corporation pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. |
| *32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Alliance Data Systems Corporation pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code. |
| *32.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Alliance Data Systems Corporation pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code. |

* Filed herewith

+ Management contract, compensatory plan or arrangement

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INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

| | Page |
|---|-------------|
| <u>ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> | |
| <u>Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u> | F-2 |
| <u>Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007</u> | F-4 |
| <u>Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2009 and 2008</u> | F-5 |
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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders of

Alliance Data Systems Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Alliance Data Systems Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15. These financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Alliance Data Systems Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, such financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

As of January 1, 2009, the Company retrospectively adjusted for the change in accounting related to its convertible debt instruments. As of January 1, 2008, the Company changed its method of accounting for certain fair value measurements. Additionally, as of January 1, 2007, the Company changed its method of accounting for uncertainty in income taxes.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated March 1, 2010 expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Dallas, Texas

March 1, 2010

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders of

Alliance Data Systems Corporation

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Alliance Data Systems Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2009, based on criteria established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. As described in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, management excluded from its assessment of the internal control over financial reporting for Charming Shoppes, which was acquired October 2009 and whose financial statements constitute 5% of total assets, 1% of total revenues, 3% of pre-tax income of the consolidated financial statement amounts as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009. Accordingly, our audit did not include the internal control over financial reporting for Charming Shoppes. The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Report of Management on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the company's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the company's board of directors, management, and other personnel to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Also, projections of any evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009 of the Company and our report dated March 1, 2010 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements and financial statement schedule and included an explanatory paragraph regarding the Company's change in accounting related to its convertible debt instruments in 2009, the Company's change in its method of accounting for certain fair value measurements in 2008 and the Company's change in its method of accounting for uncertainty in income taxes in 2007, on those financial statements and financial statement schedule.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Dallas, Texas

March 1, 2010

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands, except per share amounts) | | |
| Revenues | | | |
| Transaction | \$ 375,398 | \$ 342,123 | \$ 350,008 |
| Redemption | 495,663 | 504,442 | 420,966 |
| Securitization income and finance charges, net | 502,389 | 580,057 | 654,660 |
| Database marketing fees and direct marketing services | 504,508 | 525,918 | 478,555 |
| Other revenue | 86,383 | 72,714 | 57,970 |
| Total revenue | 1,964,341 | 2,025,254 | 1,962,159 |
| Operating expenses | | | |
| Cost of operations (exclusive of depreciation and amortization disclosed separately below) | 1,354,138 | 1,341,958 | 1,304,631 |
| General and administrative | 99,823 | 82,804 | 80,898 |
| Depreciation and other amortization | 62,196 | 68,505 | 59,688 |
| Amortization of purchased intangibles | 63,090 | 67,291 | 67,323 |
| Gain on acquisition of a business | (21,227) | | |
| Loss on the sale of assets | | 1,052 | 16,045 |
| Merger (reimbursements) costs | (1,436) | 3,053 | 12,349 |
| Total operating expenses | 1,556,584 | 1,564,663 | 1,540,934 |
| Operating income | 407,757 | 460,591 | 421,225 |
| Interest expense, net | 144,811 | 80,440 | 69,381 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 262,946 | 380,151 | 351,844 |
| Provision for income taxes | 86,227 | 147,599 | 137,403 |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ 176,719 | \$ 232,552 | 214,441 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes | (32,985) | (26,150) | (50,380) |
| Net income | \$ 143,734 | \$ 206,402 | \$ 164,061 |
| Basic income (loss) per share: | | | |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ 3.17 | \$ 3.25 | \$ 2.74 |
| Loss from discontinued operations | \$ (0.59) | \$ (0.37) | \$ (0.65) |
| Net income per share | \$ 2.58 | \$ 2.88 | \$ 2.09 |
| Diluted income (loss) per share: | | | |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ 3.06 | \$ 3.16 | \$ 2.65 |
| Loss from discontinued operations | \$ (0.57) | \$ (0.36) | \$ (0.62) |
| Net income per share | \$ 2.49 | \$ 2.80 | \$ 2.03 |
| Weighted average shares: | | | |
| Basic | 55,765 | 71,502 | 78,403 |

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Diluted

57,706

73,640

80,811

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

| | December 31, | |
|---|--|---------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| | (In thousands, except per share amounts) | |
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 213,378 | \$ 156,911 |
| Trade receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts (\$6,736 and \$7,172 at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively) | 225,212 | 218,170 |
| Seller's interest and credit card receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts (\$54,884 and \$38,124 at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively) | 913,406 | 612,940 |
| Deferred tax asset, net | 197,455 | 201,895 |
| Other current assets | 201,427 | 142,612 |
| Redemption settlement assets, restricted | 574,004 | 531,594 |
| Assets of discontinued operations | 34,623 | 60,527 |
| Total current assets | 2,359,505 | 1,924,649 |
| Property and equipment, net | 165,012 | 168,208 |
| Due from securitizations | 992,523 | 701,347 |
| Intangible assets, net | 316,597 | 297,776 |
| Goodwill | 1,166,275 | 1,133,790 |
| Other non-current assets | 225,755 | 116,219 |
| Total assets | \$ 5,225,667 | \$ 4,341,989 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 103,891 | \$ 107,209 |
| Accrued expenses | 128,012 | 143,656 |
| Certificates of deposit | 772,500 | 433,900 |
| Current debt | 51,963 | 275,549 |
| Other current liabilities | 88,716 | 103,593 |
| Deferred revenue | 984,930 | 860,455 |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations | | 24,990 |
| Total current liabilities | 2,130,012 | 1,949,352 |
| Deferred revenue | 161,216 | 135,179 |
| Deferred tax liability, net | 140,712 | 123,476 |
| Certificates of deposit | 692,500 | 255,000 |
| Long-term and other debt | 1,730,389 | 1,215,726 |
| Other liabilities | 98,062 | 115,958 |
| Total liabilities | 4,952,891 | 3,794,691 |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 17) | | |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value; authorized, 200,000 shares; issued, 91,121 shares and 89,029 shares at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively | 911 | 890 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 1,235,669 | 1,115,291 |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 38,922 shares and 26,222 shares at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively) | (1,931,102) | (1,410,339) |
| Retained earnings | 1,033,039 | 889,305 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (65,741) | (47,849) |

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| | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Total stockholders' equity | 272,776 | 547,298 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 5,225,667 | \$ 4,341,989 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

| | Common Stock | | | Treasury Stock | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Total Stockholders Equity |
|--|--------------|--------|----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|---|---------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | Additional Paid-In Capital | | | | |
| January 1, 2007 | 86,872 | \$ 869 | \$ 834,680 | \$ (300,950) | \$ 527,686 | \$ 9,248 | \$ 1,071,533 |
| Net income | | | | | 164,061 | | 164,061 |
| Cumulative effect on retained earnings upon the adoption of ASC 740 | | | | | (8,844) | | (8,844) |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax: | | | | | | | |
| Net unrealized gain on securities available-for-sale, net of tax of \$3,358 | | | | | | 846 | 846 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | | | | | | 13,946 | 13,946 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | 14,792 | |
| Share based compensation | | | 46,513 | | | | 46,513 |
| Repurchases of common stock | | | | (108,536) | | | (108,536) |
| Other common stock issued, including income tax benefits | 914 | 9 | 17,438 | | | | 17,447 |
| December 31, 2007 | 87,786 | \$ 878 | \$ 898,631 | \$ (409,486) | \$ 682,903 | \$ 24,040 | \$ 1,196,966 |
| Net income | | | | | 206,402 | | 206,402 |
| Effects of adoption of ASC 470-20 | | | 252,828 | | | | 252,828 |
| Other comprehensive loss, net of tax: | | | | | | | |
| Net unrealized loss on securities available-for-sale, net of tax of \$20,750 | | | | | | (45,349) | (45,349) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | | | | | | (26,540) | (26,540) |
| Other comprehensive loss | | | | | | (71,889) | |
| Purchase of convertible note hedges | | | (201,814) | | | | (201,814) |
| Tax expense on convertible note hedges | | | (18,030) | | | | (18,030) |
| Issuance of warrants | | | 94,185 | | | | 94,185 |
| Share based compensation | | | 64,065 | | | | 64,065 |
| Repurchases of common stock | | | | (1,000,853) | | | (1,000,853) |
| Other common stock issued, including income tax benefits | 1,243 | 12 | 25,426 | | | | 25,438 |
| December 31, 2008 | 89,029 | \$ 890 | \$ 1,115,291 | \$ (1,410,339) | \$ 889,305 | \$ (47,849) | \$ 547,298 |
| Net income | | | | | 143,734 | | 143,734 |
| Other comprehensive loss, net of tax: | | | | | | | |
| Net unrealized loss on securities available-for-sale, net of tax of \$16,296 | | | | | | (23,912) | (23,912) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | | | | | | 6,020 | 6,020 |
| Other comprehensive loss | | | | | | (17,892) | |
| Purchase of convertible note hedges | | | (80,765) | | | | (80,765) |
| Original issue discount of convertible notes | | | 115,850 | | | | 115,850 |
| Tax expense on convertible note hedges | | | (12,312) | | | | (12,312) |
| Issuance costs of convertible notes | | | (3,839) | | | | (3,839) |

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| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--------------|----------------|--------------|----|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Issuance of warrants | | | | 30,050 | | | | | 30,050 |
| Share based compensation | | | | 53,702 | | | | | 53,702 |
| Purchase of prepaid forward contracts | | | | | | | | (74,872) | (74,872) |
| Repurchases of common stock | | | | | | | | (445,891) | (445,891) |
| Other common stock issued, including income tax benefits | 2,092 | 21 | | 17,692 | | | | | 17,713 |
| December 31, 2009 | 91,121 | \$ 911 | \$ 1,235,669 | \$ (1,931,102) | \$ 1,033,039 | \$ | (65,741) | \$ | 272,776 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Net income | \$ 143,734 | \$ 206,402 | \$ 164,061 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 125,409 | 143,810 | 166,632 |
| Deferred income taxes | 17,475 | 21,104 | (27,729) |
| Provision for doubtful accounts | 97,658 | 47,269 | 42,145 |
| Non-cash stock compensation | 53,702 | 54,333 | 56,243 |
| Fair value gain on interest-only strip | (5,340) | (31,065) | (39,958) |
| Amortization of discount on convertible senior notes | 52,677 | 16,928 | |
| Impairment of long-lived assets | | 19,004 | 39,961 |
| Gain on acquisition of business | (21,227) | | |
| Loss (gain) on sale of assets | 19,913 | (20,564) | 16,045 |
| Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions: | | | |
| Change in trade accounts receivable | (2,162) | (17,014) | (24,042) |
| Change in merchant settlement activity | (18,907) | (176,197) | 115,439 |
| Change in other assets | (31,631) | (46,166) | (28,821) |
| Change in accounts payable and accrued expenses | (39,460) | (52,909) | 66,646 |
| Change in deferred revenue | (5,053) | 376,273 | 49,886 |
| Change in other liabilities | (19,405) | 28,637 | (9,566) |
| Data acquisition costs | (4,185) | (4,403) | (8,207) |
| Purchase of credit card receivables | (27,407) | (206,529) | (224,626) |
| Proceeds from sale of credit card receivable portfolios | 53,240 | 102,986 | 218,846 |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation | (9,040) | (2,269) | (8,163) |
| Other | (21,577) | (8,611) | 6,729 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 358,414 | 451,019 | 571,521 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Change in redemption settlement assets | 52,354 | (317,591) | (9,477) |
| Payments for acquired businesses, net of cash acquired | (158,901) | (2,478) | (438,163) |
| Proceeds from the sale of assets | 4,013 | 14,098 | |
| Proceeds from sale of credit card receivable portfolios to the securitization trusts | | 91,910 | |
| Investments in the stock of an investee | (5,347) | | (8,000) |
| Change in due from securitizations | (203,686) | (319,614) | (11,115) |
| Net increase in seller's interest and credit card receivables | (429,540) | (61,339) | (117,691) |
| Capital expenditures | (52,970) | (49,556) | (116,652) |
| Proceeds from the sale of businesses | | 137,962 | 12,347 |
| Change in restricted cash | (101,299) | | |
| Other | 7,354 | (5,910) | (6,057) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (888,022) | (512,518) | (694,808) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Borrowings under debt agreements | 3,124,000 | 3,754,416 | 2,309,000 |
| Proceeds from issuance of convertible senior notes | 345,000 | 805,000 | |
| Repayment of borrowings | (3,094,939) | (3,799,786) | (2,113,000) |
| Certificates of deposit issuances | 1,579,000 | 1,028,500 | 494,100 |
| Repayments of certificates of deposit | (803,400) | (710,000) | (422,700) |
| Payment of capital lease obligations | (21,840) | (22,503) | (14,481) |
| Payment of deferred financing costs | (24,058) | (34,861) | |
| Proceeds from sale leaseback transactions | | 34,221 | 25,949 |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation | 9,040 | 2,269 | 8,163 |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | 28,864 | 30,920 | 20,892 |

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| | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Proceeds from issuance of warrants | 30,050 | 94,185 | |
| Payment for convertible note hedges | (80,765) | (201,814) | |
| Purchase of prepaid forward contracts | (74,872) | | |
| Purchase of treasury shares | (445,891) | (1,000,853) | (108,536) |
| Other | | | (2,312) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 570,189 | (20,306) | 197,075 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 15,886 | (27,123) | 11,976 |
| Change in cash and cash equivalents | 56,467 | (108,928) | 85,764 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 156,911 | 265,839 | 180,075 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year* | \$ 213,378 | \$ 156,911 | \$ 265,839 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION: | | | |
| Interest paid | \$ 84,082 | \$ 68,795 | \$ 78,958 |
| Income taxes paid, net of refunds | \$ 73,579 | \$ 113,987 | \$ 107,516 |

* Included in cash and cash equivalents in 2009, 2008 and 2007 are amounts related to discontinued operations that are included in assets of discontinued operations

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Description of the Business Alliance Data Systems Corporation (ADSC or, including its wholly-owned subsidiaries, the Company) is a leading provider of data-driven and transaction-based marketing and customer loyalty solutions. The Company offers a comprehensive portfolio of integrated outsourced marketing solutions, including customer loyalty programs, database marketing services, marketing strategy consulting, analytics and creative services, permission-based email marketing and private label and co-brand retail credit card programs. The Company focuses on facilitating and managing interactions between its clients and their customers through a variety of consumer marketing channels, including in-store, on-line, catalog, mail and telephone. The Company captures and analyzes data created during each customer interaction, and leverages the insight derived from that data to enable clients to identify and acquire new customers, as well as to enhance customer loyalty.

The Company operates in the following reportable segments: Loyalty Services, Epsilon Marketing Services, Private Label Services and Private Label Credit. Loyalty Services includes the Company's Canadian AIR MILES® Reward Program. Epsilon Marketing Services provides integrated direct marketing solutions that combine database marketing technology and analytics with a broad range of direct marketing services, including email marketing campaigns. Private Label Services encompasses card processing, billing and payment processing and customer care and collections services for private label retailers. Private Label Credit provides private label retail credit card receivables financing; including securitization of the credit card receivables that it underwrites from its private label retail credit card programs.

In May 2008, the Company sold its merchant services business. In July 2008, the Company sold the majority of its utility services business. In February 2009, the Company sold the remainder of its utility services division. In November 2009, the Company terminated operations of its credit program for web and catalog retailer VENUE. All of these items are included in discontinued operations. For purposes of comparability, certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, all historical statements have been restated to conform to the discontinued operation presentation.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of ADSC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Seller's Interest and Credit Card Receivables The Company sells a majority of the credit card receivables originated by World Financial Network National Bank (WFNNB) to WFN Credit Company, LLC and WFN Funding Company II, LLC, which in turn sold them to World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust II and World Financial Network Credit Card Master Trust III (collectively the WFN Trusts) as part of a securitization program. In September 2008, the Company initiated a securitization program for the credit card receivables originated by World Financial Capital Bank (WFCB), selling them to World Financial Capital Credit Company, LLC which in turn sells them to World Financial Capital Credit Card Master Note Trust (the WFC Trust).

Seller's interest and credit card receivables consist of credit card receivables held for investment, credit card receivables held for sale, if any, and seller's interest. All new originations of credit card receivables (except for

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

the amount of new receivables related to existing securitized portfolios transferred to the WFN Trusts or the WFC Trust during the term of a securitization) are deemed to be held for investment at origination because management has the intent and ability to hold them for the foreseeable future. Management makes judgments about the Company's ability to fund these credit card receivables through means other than securitization, such as certificates of deposit and other borrowings. In determining what constitutes the foreseeable future, management considers the short average life and homogenous nature of the Company's credit card receivables. In assessing whether these credit card receivables continue to be held for investment, management also considers capital levels and scheduled maturities of funding instruments used. Management believes that the assertion regarding its intent and ability to hold credit card receivables for the foreseeable future can be made with a high degree of certainty given the maturity distribution of the Company's certificates of deposit and other funding instruments, the historic ability to replace maturing certificates of deposits and other borrowings with new deposits or borrowings, and historic credit card payment activity. Due to the homogenous nature of credit card receivables, amounts are classified as held for investment on an individual client portfolio basis.

Credit card receivables held for sale are determined on an individual client portfolio basis. The Company carries these assets at the lower of aggregate cost or fair value.

Cash flows associated with credit card portfolios that are purchased with the intent to sell are included in cash flows from operating activities. Cash flows associated with credit card receivables originated for investment are classified as investing cash flows.

As part of its securitization agreements, the Company is required to retain an interest in the credit card receivables, which is referred to as seller's interest. Seller's interest is carried at an allocated carrying amount based on fair value. The Company determines the fair value of its seller's interest through discounted cash flow models. The estimated cash flows used include assumptions related to rates of payments and defaults, which reflect the Company's estimate of economic and other relevant conditions. The discount rate used is based on an interest rate curve that is observable in the market place plus an unobservable credit spread.

In its capacity as a servicer of the credit card receivables, the Company receives a servicing fee from the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust. The Company believes that servicing fees received represent adequate compensation based on the amount currently demanded by the marketplace. Additionally, these fees are the same as would fairly compensate a substitute servicer should one be required and, thus, the Company records neither a servicing asset nor servicing liability.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts The Company specifically analyzes accounts receivable and historical bad debts, customer credit-worthiness, current economic trends, and changes in its customer payment terms and collection trends when evaluating the adequacy of its allowance for doubtful accounts. Any change in the assumptions used in analyzing a specific account receivable may result in an additional allowance for doubtful accounts being recognized in the period in which the change occurs.

Redemption Settlement Assets, Restricted These securities relate to the redemption fund for the AIR MILES Reward Program and are subject to a security interest which is held in trust for the benefit of funding redemptions by collectors. These assets are restricted to funding rewards for the collectors by certain of the Company's sponsor contracts. In addition, during 2008, the Company acquired certain retained interests in the WFN Trusts. These securities are stated at fair value, with the unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income. Debt securities that the Company does not have the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as securities available-for-sale.

Property and Equipment Furniture, fixtures, computer equipment and software, and leasehold improvements are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization,

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

including capital leases, are computed on a straight-line basis, using estimated lives ranging from three to 15 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the remaining lives of the respective leases or the remaining useful lives of the improvements, whichever is shorter. Software development (costs to create new platforms for certain of the Company's information systems) and conversion costs (systems, programming and other related costs to allow conversion of new client accounts to the Company's processing systems) are capitalized in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 350-40, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal Use Software, and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the length of the associated contract or benefit period, which generally ranges from three to five years. Long-lived assets are tested for impairment when events or conditions indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be fully recoverable from future cash flows.

Due from securitizations Due from securitizations includes spread deposits, interest-only strips, retained interest in securitization trusts and excess funding deposits. The Company uses a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future cash flows for each asset. The model incorporates the Company's own estimates of assumptions market participants use in determining fair value, including estimates of payment rates, defaults, net charge-offs, discount rates and contractual interest and fees. The interest-only strips, retained interest in securitization trusts and spread deposit accounts are recorded in due from securitizations at their estimated fair values. Changes in the fair value estimates of the interest-only strips and spread deposit accounts are recorded in securitization income and finance charges, net. The retained interest in securitization trusts are classified as available-for-sale, and changes in fair value are recorded through other comprehensive (loss) income.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets are not amortized, but are reviewed at least annually for impairment or more frequently if circumstances indicate that an impairment may have occurred, using the market comparable and discounted cash flow methods. Separable intangible assets that have finite useful lives are amortized over those useful lives.

The Company also defers costs related to the acquisition or licensing of data for the Company's proprietary databases which are used in providing data products and services to customers. These costs are amortized over the useful life of the data, which is from one to five years.

Revenue Recognition The Company's policy follows the guidance from ASC 605, Revenue Recognition, which provides guidance on the recognition, presentation, and disclosure of revenue in financial statements. The Company recognizes revenues when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the services have been provided to the client, the sales price is fixed or determinable, and collectibility is reasonably assured.

Transaction The Company earns transaction fees, which are principally based on the number of transactions processed or statements generated and are recognized as such services are performed. Included are reimbursements received for out-of-pocket expenses.

Database marketing fees and direct marketing services For maintenance and service programs, revenue is recognized as services are provided. Revenue associated with a new database build is deferred until client acceptance. Upon acceptance, it is then recognized over the term of the related agreement as the services are provided. Revenues from the licensing of data are recognized upon delivery of the data to the customer in circumstances where no update or other obligations exist. Revenue from the licensing of data in which the Company is obligated to provide future updates is recognized on a straight-line basis over the license term.

AIR MILES Reward Program The Company allocates the proceeds received from sponsors for the issuance of AIR MILES reward miles between the redemption element of the award ultimately provided to the

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

collector (the Redemption element) and the service element (the Service element). The Service element consists of direct marketing and support services provided to sponsors.

The fair value of the Redemption element of the AIR MILES reward miles issued is determined based on separate pricing offered by the Company as well as other objective evidence. The revenue related to the Redemption element is deferred until the collector redeems the AIR MILES reward miles or over the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile in the case of AIR MILES reward miles that the Company estimates will go unused by the collector base (breakage). The Company currently estimates breakage to be 28% of AIR MILES reward miles issued. There have been no changes to management's estimate of the life of a mile in the periods presented. The estimated breakage changed from one-third to 28% effective June 1, 2008. See Note 10, Deferred Revenue, for additional information.

The revenue related to the Service element of the AIR MILES reward miles is initially deferred and amortized over the period of time beginning with the issuance of the AIR MILES reward miles and ending upon their expected redemption (the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile, or 42 months). Revenue associated with the Service element is recorded as part of transaction revenue.

Securitization income Securitization income represents gains and losses on securitization of credit card receivables and interest income on seller's interest. The Company recognized \$4.2 million and \$12.0 million in gains, related to the securitization of new credit card receivable portfolios accounted for as sales during 2009 and 2008, respectively. No amounts were recognized during 2007. The Company records gains or losses on the securitization of credit card receivables on the date of sale based on cash received, the estimated fair value of assets sold and retained, and liabilities incurred in the sale. The anticipated excess cash flow essentially represents an interest-only strip, consisting of the excess of finance charges and certain other fees over the sum of the return paid to certificate holders and credit losses over the estimated outstanding period of the receivables. The amount initially allocated to the interest-only strip at the date of a securitization reflects the allocated original basis of the relative fair values of those interests. The amount recorded for the interest-only strip is reduced for distributions on the interest-only strip, which the Company receives from the related trust, and is adjusted for fair value gains or losses on the interest-only strip, which are recorded through earnings and mark to market adjustments to the fair value of the interest-only strip, which are reflected in other comprehensive income. Because there is not a highly liquid market for these assets, management estimates the fair value of the interest-only strip are primarily based upon discount, payment and default rates, which is the method the Company assumes that another market participant would use to value the interest-only strip.

In recording and accounting for the interest-only strip, management makes assumptions about rates of payments and defaults, which reflect economic and other relevant conditions that affect fair value. Due to subsequent changes in economic and other relevant conditions, the actual rates of payments and defaults will generally differ from initial estimates, and these differences could sometimes be material. If actual payment and default rates are higher than previously assumed, the value of the interest-only strip could be other than temporarily impaired at which time the decline in the fair value would be recorded in earnings.

The Company recognizes the implicit forward contract to sell new receivables to the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust during a revolving period at its fair value at the time of sale. The implicit forward contract is entered into at the market rate and thus, its initial measure is zero at inception. In addition, the Company does not mark the forward contract to fair value in accounting periods following the securitization as management has concluded that the fair value of the implicit forward contract in subsequent periods is not material.

Finance charges, net Finance charges, net of credit losses, represents revenue earned on customer accounts serviced by the Company, and is recognized in the period in which it is earned.

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Securitization sales The Company's securitization of its credit card receivables involves the sale to a trust and is accomplished primarily through the public and private issuance of asset-backed securities by the qualified special purpose entities. The Company removes credit card receivables from its Consolidated Balance Sheets for those asset securitizations that qualify as sales in accordance with ASC 860, Transfers and Servicing. The Company has determined that the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust are qualifying special purpose entities as defined by ASC 860 and that all current securitizations qualify as sales.

Taxes assessed on revenue-producing transactions described above are presented on a net basis, and are excluded from revenues.

Earnings Per Share Basic earnings per share is based only on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, excluding any dilutive effects of options or other dilutive securities. Diluted earnings per share are based on the weighted average number of common and potentially dilutive common shares (dilutive stock options, unvested restricted stock and other dilutive securities outstanding during the year).

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income per share for the periods indicated:

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| (In thousands, except per share amounts) | | | |
| Numerator | | | |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ 176,719 | \$ 232,552 | \$ 214,441 |
| Loss from discontinued operations | (32,985) | (26,150) | (50,380) |
| Net income | \$ 143,734 | \$ 206,402 | \$ 164,061 |
| Denominator | | | |
| Weighted average shares, basic | 55,765 | 71,502 | 78,403 |
| Weighted average effect of dilutive securities: | | | |
| Shares from assumed conversion of convertible senior notes | 612 | | |
| Net effect of dilutive stock options and unvested restricted stock | 1,329 | 2,138 | 2,408 |
| Denominator for diluted calculation | 57,706 | 73,640 | 80,811 |
| Basic (per share): | | | |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ 3.17 | \$ 3.25 | \$ 2.74 |
| Loss from discontinued operations | \$ (0.59) | \$ (0.37) | \$ (0.65) |
| Net income | \$ 2.58 | \$ 2.88 | \$ 2.09 |
| Diluted (per share): | | | |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ 3.06 | \$ 3.16 | \$ 2.65 |
| Loss from discontinued operations | \$ (0.57) | \$ (0.36) | \$ (0.62) |
| Net income | \$ 2.49 | \$ 2.80 | \$ 2.03 |

The Company calculates the effect of its convertible senior notes, consisting of \$805.0 million aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2013 (the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013) and \$345.0 million aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2014 (the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014), which can be settled in cash or shares of common stock, on diluted net income per share as if they will be settled in cash as the Company has the intent to settle the convertible senior notes for cash. As a result, the Company uses the treasury stock

method to calculate the dilutive effect of the convertible senior notes.

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

During the second quarter of 2009, the Company entered into prepaid forward contracts to purchase 1,857,400 shares of its common stock for \$74.9 million that are to be delivered over a settlement period in 2014. The number of shares to be delivered under the prepaid forward contracts is used to reduce weighted-average basic and diluted shares outstanding.

At December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Company excluded 17.5 million warrants and 10.3 million warrants, respectively, from the calculation of earnings per share as the effect was anti-dilutive.

Currency Translation The assets and liabilities of the Company's subsidiaries outside the U.S., primarily Canada, are translated into U.S. dollars at the rates of exchange in effect at the balance sheet dates. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates prevailing during the period. Gains and losses resulting from currency transactions are recognized currently in income and those resulting from translation of financial statements are included in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income. The Company recognized \$(8.8) million, \$9.8 million and \$(2.3) million in foreign currency transaction gains (losses) during 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Leases Rent expense on operating leases is recorded on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Advertising Costs The Company participates in various advertising and marketing programs. The cost of advertising and marketing programs is expensed in the period incurred. The Company has recognized advertising expenses of \$92.0 million, \$95.4 million, and \$82.6 million for the years ended 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Additionally, \$0.7 million, \$0.4 million, and \$0.9 million in advertising costs were incurred by the Company's program for web and catalog retailer VENUE, the merchant services and utility services businesses in 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Those amounts have been included in loss from discontinued operations.

Stock Compensation Expense The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation. Under the fair value recognition provisions, stock-based compensation expense is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized ratably over the requisite service period.

Management Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards In June 2009, the FASB issued guidance codified in ASC 860, Transfers and Servicing, related to accounting for transfers of financial assets and ASC 810, Consolidation, related to the consolidation of variable interest entities. ASC 860 removes the concept of a qualifying special purpose entity (QSPE) and eliminates the consolidation exception currently available for QSPEs. It is effective for financial asset transfers on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after November 15, 2009 and early adoption is prohibited. ASC 810 requires an initial evaluation as well as an ongoing assessment of the Company's involvement with the operations of the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust and its rights or obligations to receive benefits or absorb losses of these securitization trusts that could be potentially significant in order to determine whether those entities will be required to be consolidated on the balance sheet of WFNNB, WFCB or their affiliates, including the Company.

The assessment of the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust under ASC 860 and ASC 810 will result in the consolidation of the securitization trusts on the balance sheet of WFNNB, WFCB or their affiliates, including the

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Company, beginning January 1, 2010. Based on the carrying amounts of the trust assets and liabilities as prescribed by ASC 810, the Company expects to record a \$3.4 billion increase in assets, including \$0.5 billion to loan loss reserves, an increase in liabilities of \$3.7 billion and a \$0.4 billion decrease in stockholders' equity.

After adoption, the Company's results of operations will no longer reflect securitization income, but will instead report interest income, and certain other income associated with all securitized credit card receivables. Net-charge offs associated with credit card receivables will be reflected in the Company's cost of operations. Interest expense associated with debt issued from the trusts to third-party investors will be reported in interest expense. Additionally, after adoption, the Company will no longer record initial gains on new securitization activity since securitized credit card receivables will no longer receive sale accounting treatment. Further, the Company will not record any gains or losses on the revaluation of the interest-only strip receivable as that asset is not recognizable in a transaction accounted for as a secured borrowing. Because the Company's securitization transactions will be accounted for under the new accounting rules as secured borrowings rather than asset sales, the cash flows from these transactions will be presented as cash flows from financing activities rather than cash flows from operating or investing activities.

In October 2009, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2009-13, Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements, which supersedes certain guidance in ASC 605-25, Revenue Recognition Multiple-Element Arrangements and requires an entity to allocate arrangement consideration at the inception of an arrangement to all of its deliverables based on their relative selling prices (the relative-selling-price method). ASU 2009-13 eliminates the use of the residual method of allocation in which the undelivered element is measured at its estimated selling price and the delivered element is measured as the residual of the arrangement consideration, and requires the relative-selling-price method in all circumstances in which an entity recognizes revenue for an arrangement with multiple deliverables subject to ASU 2009-13. ASU 2009-13 will be effective for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. If the Company elects early adoption and the adoption is during an interim period, the Company will be required to apply this ASU retrospectively from the beginning of the Company's fiscal year. The Company can also elect to apply this ASU retrospectively for all periods presented. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU 2009-13 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, which amends ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures to add new requirements for disclosures about transfers into and out of Levels 1 and 2 and separate disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements related to Level 3 measurements. ASU 2010-06 also clarifies existing fair value disclosures about the level of disaggregation and about inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value. ASU 2010-06 will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2009 except for the requirement to provide the Level 3 disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements, which will be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2010. The adoption of ASU 2010-06 will only impact disclosures and would not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-09, Subsequent Events, to remove the requirement for an entity that files or furnished financial statements with the SEC to disclose a date through which subsequent events have been evaluated in both originally issued and restated financial statements. Restated financial statements include financial statements revised as a result of correction of an error or retrospective application of U.S. GAAP. The ASU removes potential conflicts with the SEC's literature. The Company adopted ASU 2010-09 in February 2010.

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****3. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS***2009 Acquisitions:*

On October 30, 2009, the Company assumed the operations of the Charming Shoppes credit card program, including the service center operations associated with Charming Shoppes branded card programs, portfolio and securitization master trust. The transaction consisted of purchasing existing accounts and the rights to new accounts along with certain other assets that are required to support the securitization program including retained certificates and interests, cash collateral accounts and an interest-only strip, totaling a combined \$158.9 million. The Company obtained control of the assets and assumed the liabilities on October 30, 2009, the acquisition date. The results of operations for this acquisition have been included since the date of acquisition and are reflected in the Private Label Services and Private Label Credit segments.

The Company engaged a third party specialist to assist it in the measurement of the fair value of the assets acquired. The fair value of the assets acquired exceeded the cost of the acquisition. Consequently, the Company reassessed the recognition and measurement of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed and concluded that the valuation procedures and resulting measures were appropriate. The excess value of the net assets acquired over the purchase price has been recorded as a bargain purchase gain, which is included in gain on acquisition of a business in the Company's consolidated statements of income. The following table summarizes the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the Charming Shoppes acquisition as of the date of purchase.

| | As of October 30, 2009 (In thousands) |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Current assets | \$ 24,910 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 491 |
| Due from securitization | 108,554 |
| Identifiable intangible assets | 67,200 |
| Total assets acquired | 201,155 |
| Current liabilities | 8,500 |
| Deferred tax liability | 12,527 |
| Total liabilities assumed | 21,027 |
| Net assets acquired | \$ 180,128 |
| Total consideration paid | 158,901 |
| Gain on business combination | \$ 21,227 |

2007 Acquisitions:

On February 1, 2007, the Company completed the acquisition of Abacus, a division of DoubleClick Inc. Abacus is a leading provider of data, data management and analytical services for the retail and catalog industry, as well as other sectors. The Abacus acquisition complements, expands and strengthens the Company's core database marketing offerings and provides additional scale to its data services, strategic database services and analytics offerings.

The acquisition of Abacus included specified assets of DoubleClick's data division (Purchased Assets) and all of the outstanding equity interests of four DoubleClick entities. The consideration consisted of

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

approximately \$435.0 million plus other incremental costs as defined in the agreement for a total of approximately \$439.3 million.

The results of operations for Abacus have been included since the date of acquisition and were reflected in the Epsilon Marketing Services segment. The goodwill resulting from the acquisition of the Purchased Assets was deductible for tax purposes.

The following table summarizes the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the Abacus acquisition as of the date of purchase.

| | As of February 1, 2007 (In thousands) |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Current assets | \$ 22,863 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 13,844 |
| Capitalized software | 19,200 |
| Identifiable intangible assets | 169,760 |
| Goodwill | 222,935 |
| Total assets acquired | 448,602 |
| Current liabilities | 9,325 |
| Total liabilities assumed | 9,325 |
| Net assets acquired | \$ 439,277 |

The following unaudited pro forma results of operations of the Company are presented as if the Abacus acquisition was completed as of the beginning of the year ended December 31, 2007. The following unaudited pro forma financial information is not necessarily indicative of the actual results of operations that the Company would have experienced assuming the acquisition had been completed as of January 1, 2007.

| | Year ended December 31, 2007 (In thousands) |
|------------------------------|--|
| Revenues | \$ 1,970,807 |
| Net income | 167,354 |
| Basic net income per share | 2.07 |
| Diluted net income per share | 2.01 |

4. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND OTHER DISPOSITIONS

In March 2008, the Company determined that its merchant and utility services businesses were not aligned with the Company's long-term strategy and committed to a plan of disposition and began exploring the potential sale of these businesses. The sales of these businesses were completed in February 2009. In November 2009, the Company terminated the operation of its credit program for web and catalog retailer VENUE. These have been reported as discontinued operations in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for all periods presented have been reclassified to reflect these businesses as discontinued operations.

Merchant Services

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In May 2008, the Company entered into an agreement with Heartland Payment Systems, Inc. (Heartland) to sell the merchant services business for approximately \$77.5 million, of which \$1.5 million was held in escrow.

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The sale was completed on May 30, 2008, and the Company received net proceeds of approximately \$90.3 million, which included approximately \$14.3 million for the payment of net working capital. In connection with the sale, the Company recognized a pre-tax gain of approximately \$29.0 million, which was included in loss from discontinued operations and reflected in the Corporate/Other segment. In connection with the sale, the Company entered into an interim transition services agreement with Heartland for a period of nine months to provide card processing and certain other services to Heartland's merchants, including receipt of funds from card associations and settlement through the Company's private label credit card banking subsidiary, WFNNB.

Utility Services

In July 2008, the Company entered into a definitive agreement with VTX Holdings Limited, and its subsidiaries Vertex U.S. Holdings II Inc. and Vertex Canada Holdings II Limited to sell the majority of the utility services business (excluding certain retained assets and liabilities). The sale was completed on July 25, 2008, and the Company received net proceeds of approximately \$47.7 million. As a result of the sale, the Company recorded a pre-tax loss of approximately \$20.7 million during 2008, which was included in loss from discontinued operations and is reflected in the Corporate/Other segment. Additionally, in March 2008, the Company recorded a \$15.0 million impairment charge of goodwill based on the estimated enterprise value of the utility services business.

The Company retained a portion of the utility services business and recorded an impairment charge related to this group of assets of \$4.0 million in June 2008. Prior to this, in the third quarter of 2007, the Company determined that certain long-lived assets, including internally developed software, certain customer relationship assets, and other assets, had been impaired. The Company recognized approximately \$40.0 million as a non-cash asset write-down, with the impairment charge included in loss from discontinued operations.

The Company completed the sale of the remainder of its utilities services business in February 2009 and recorded a \$19.9 million pre-tax loss for the year ended December 31, 2009.

In addition, the Company entered into transition services and co-location agreements to provide such former utility client with certain services or access to certain facilities for varying terms through the fourth quarter of 2010. Subsequently, the Company entered into agreements to outsource the majority of its corporate information technology services to Fujitsu America, Inc. commencing with the third quarter of 2009. Pursuant to those agreements, responsibility for these transition services and co-location agreements will be transferred to Fujitsu America, Inc.

VENUE

The Company recorded a \$17.5 million after-tax loss in 2009 related to the termination of its program for web and catalog retailer VENUE, which is reflected in both the Private Label Services and Private Label Credit segments. This termination has been treated as a discontinued operation under ASC 205-20. VENUE offered high ticket luxury goods sold exclusively through the web and catalogs, with financing (provided by the Company starting in late 2008) that allowed for an interest-free period and installment payments thereafter. The Company believes that negative account selection combined with the recessionary environment were the primary causes of the venture's insolvency. VENUE was the Company's only client in this niche retail vertical, and the Company has no plans to participate in any future ventures in that segment.

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****Summarized Financial Information**

The underlying assets and liabilities of the discontinued operations for the periods presented are as follows:

| | December 31, 2009 | December 31, 2008 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| | (In thousands) | |
| Assets: | | |
| Trade receivables, net | \$ | \$ 31,855 |
| Seller's interest and credit card receivables, net | 34,623 | 26,633 |
| Other assets | | 1,356 |
| Property and equipment, net | | 683 |
| Assets of discontinued operations | \$ 34,623 | \$ 60,527 |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | \$ 1,160 |
| Accrued expenses | | 18,738 |
| Other current liabilities | | 3,048 |
| Other liabilities | | 2,044 |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations | \$ | \$ 24,990 |

The following table summarizes the operating results of the discontinued operations.

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Revenue | \$ (10,212) | \$ 173,754 | \$ 329,031 |
| Loss before provision for income taxes | (52,131) | (40,152) | (77,092) |
| Benefit from income taxes | 19,146 | 14,002 | 26,712 |
| Loss from discontinued operations | \$ (32,985) | \$ (26,150) | \$ (50,380) |

2007 Dispositions:

On November 7, 2007, the Company sold ADS MB Corporation, which operated its mail services business which was included in the Corporate / Other segment. The Company received total proceeds of \$12.3 million and recognized a pre-tax loss of approximately \$16.0 million. Because this operation was immaterial, it was not included in discontinued operations.

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. REDEMPTION SETTLEMENT ASSETS

Redemption settlement assets consist of cash and cash equivalents and securities available-for-sale and are designated for settling redemptions by collectors of the AIR MILES Reward Program in Canada under certain contractual relationships with sponsors of the AIR MILES Reward Program. These assets are primarily denominated in Canadian dollars. Realized gains and losses from the sale of investment securities were not material. The principal components of redemption settlement assets, which are carried at fair value, are as follows:

| | December 31, 2009 | | | | December 31, 2008 | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------|
| | Cost | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Cost | Unrealized Gains | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
| | (In thousands) | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 71,641 | \$ | \$ | \$ 71,641 | \$ 125,906 | \$ | \$ | \$ 125,906 |
| Government bonds | 41,026 | 1,205 | | 42,231 | 40,246 | 511 | | 40,757 |
| Corporate bonds ⁽¹⁾ | 453,447 | 8,473 | (1,788) | 460,132 | 371,954 | 1,562 | (8,585) | 364,931 |
| Total | \$ 566,114 | \$ 9,678 | \$ (1,788) | \$ 574,004 | \$ 538,106 | \$ 2,073 | \$ (8,585) | \$ 531,594 |

⁽¹⁾ Included in corporate bonds in 2009 and 2008 is an investment in retained interests in the WFN Trusts with a fair value of \$73.9 million and \$28.6 million, respectively. After the adoption of ASC 860, Transfers and Servicing, these amounts will be eliminated with the consolidation of the WFN Trusts.

The following tables show the gross unrealized losses and fair value for those investments that were in an unrealized loss position as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, aggregated by investment category and the length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position:

| | Less than 12 months | | December 31, 2009 12 Months or Greater | | Total | |
|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| | (In thousands) | | | | | |
| Government bonds | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Corporate bonds | 98,448 | (1,646) | 7,705 | (142) | 106,153 | (1,788) |
| Total | \$ 98,448 | \$ (1,646) | \$ 7,705 | \$ (142) | \$ 106,153 | \$ (1,788) |

| | Less than 12 months | | December 31, 2008 12 Months or Greater | | Total | |
|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| | (In thousands) | | | | | |
| Government bonds | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Corporate bonds | 176,845 | (8,170) | 26,704 | (415) | 203,549 | (8,585) |
| Total | \$ 176,845 | \$ (8,170) | \$ 26,704 | \$ (415) | \$ 203,549 | \$ (8,585) |

Market values were determined for each individual security in the investment portfolio. When evaluating the investments for other-than-temporary impairment, the Company reviews factors such as the length of time and extent to which fair value has been below cost basis, the financial condition of the security's issuer, and the

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Company's intent to sell the security and whether it is more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis. The Company typically invests in highly-rated securities with low probabilities of default and has the ability to hold the investments until maturity. As of December 31, 2009, the Company does not consider the investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired.

The net carrying value and estimated fair value of the securities at December 31, 2009 by contractual maturity are as follows:

| | Amortized Cost | Estimated Fair Value |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------|
| | (In thousands) | |
| Due in one year or less | \$ 202,023 | \$ 203,451 |
| Due after one year through five years | 310,171 | 314,822 |
| Due after five years through ten years | 53,920 | 55,731 |
| Due after ten years | | |
| Total | \$ 566,114 | \$ 574,004 |

6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consist of the following:

| | December 31, 2009 | 2008 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|
| | (In thousands) | |
| Software development and conversion costs | \$ 128,305 | \$ 113,310 |
| Computer equipment and purchased software | 107,861 | 101,897 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 54,375 | 50,266 |
| Leasehold improvements | 65,118 | 57,248 |
| Capital leases | 67,336 | 79,913 |
| Construction in progress | 16,665 | 5,776 |
| Total | 439,660 | 408,410 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (274,648) | (240,202) |
| Property and equipment, net | \$ 165,012 | \$ 168,208 |

Depreciation expense totaled \$41.9 million, \$58.2 million, and \$51.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and includes amortization of capital leases. Amortization associated with capitalized software development and conversion costs totaled \$23.4 million, \$14.5 million, and \$13.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

7. SECURITIZATION OF CREDIT CARD RECEIVABLES

The Company regularly securitizes its credit card receivables to the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust. During the initial phase of a securitization reinvestment period, the Company generally retains principal collections in exchange for the transfer of additional credit card receivables into the securitized pool of assets. During the amortization or accumulation period of a securitization, the investors' share of principal collections (in certain cases, up to a maximum specified amount each month) is either distributed to the investors or held in an account until it accumulates to

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the total amount due, at which time it is paid to the investors in a lump sum. The Company's outstanding securitizations are scheduled to begin their amortization or accumulation periods at various times between 2010 and 2013.

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The following table shows the maturities of borrowing commitments as of December 31, 2009 for the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust by year:

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 & Thereafter | Total |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | (In millions) | | | | | |
| Public notes | \$ 265.4 | \$ 1,158.9 | \$ 730.4 | \$ 899.7 | \$ | \$ 3,054.4 |
| Private conduits ⁽¹⁾ | 2,549.6 | | | | | 2,549.6 |
| Total | \$ 2,815.0 | \$ 1,158.9 | \$ 730.4 | \$ 899.7 | \$ | \$ 5,604.0 |

(1) Amount represents borrowing capacity, not outstanding borrowings.

In March 2009, the Company renewed its 2009-VFC1 conduit facility, increasing its capacity from \$550.0 million to \$666.7 million and extended the maturity of its 2008-VFN conduit facility, increasing its capacity from \$600.0 million to \$664.6 million. As part of these two transactions, the Company increased its retained interests in subordinated notes by \$181.3 million.

In April 2009, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust issued \$708.9 million of term asset-backed securities to investors, including those participating in the U.S. government's Term Asset-Backed Securities Loan Facility, or TALF, program. The offering consisted of \$560.0 million of Class A Series 2009-A asset-backed notes that have a fixed interest rate of 4.6% per year, \$26.6 million of Class M Series 2009-A asset-backed notes that have a fixed interest rate of 6.0% per year, \$33.7 million of Class B Series 2009-A asset-backed notes that have a fixed interest rate of 7.5% per year and \$88.6 million of Class C Series 2009-A asset-backed notes that have a fixed interest rate of 9.0% per year. These notes will mature in November 2011. As part of this transaction, the Company retained all of the \$148.9 million of subordinated classes of notes. Proceeds of this issuance were used to retire the 2008-VFN conduit facility, including the retained subordinated notes held by the Company.

In August 2009, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust issued \$949.3 million of term asset-backed securities to investors, including those participating in the U.S. government's TALF program. The offering consisted of \$500.0 million of Series 2009-B asset-backed notes (the Series B Notes), \$139.2 million of Series 2009-C asset-backed notes (the Series C Notes), and \$310.1 million of Series 2009-D asset-backed notes (the Series D Notes). The Series B Notes will mature in July 2012 and are comprised of \$395.0 million of Class A notes that have a fixed interest rate of 3.8% per year and \$18.7 million of Class M, \$23.8 million of Class B, and \$62.5 million of Class C zero-coupon bonds which were retained by the Company. The Series C Notes will mature in July 2010 and are comprised of \$110.0 million of Class A notes that have a fixed interest rate of 2.4% per year and \$5.2 million of Class M, \$6.6 million of Class B, and \$17.4 million of Class C zero-coupon bonds which were retained by the Company. The Series D Notes will mature in July 2013 and are comprised of \$245.0 million of Class A notes that have a fixed interest rate of 4.7% per year and \$11.6 million of Class M, \$14.7 million of Class B, and \$38.8 million of Class C zero-coupon bonds which were retained by the Company.

In September 2009, the Company renewed World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust's 2009-VFN conduit facility, increasing its capacity from \$1.3 billion to \$1.5 billion and extending its maturity to September 2010. As part of this transaction, the Company increased its retained interests in subordinated notes by \$31.1 million, from \$12.0 million to \$43.1 million.

In September 2009, the Company renewed World Financial Capital Master Note Trust's 2009-VFN conduit facility, increasing its capacity from \$167.1 million to \$200.0 million and extending its maturity to

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September 2010. As part of this transaction, the Company increased its retained interests in subordinated notes by \$20.3 million, from \$12.7 million to \$33.0 million.

In October 2009, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust II issued a 2009-VFC conduit facility, with commitments totaling \$227.3 million maturing October 2010. As part of this transaction, the Company's retained interests were \$30.9 million.

In September 2008, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust issued \$57.0 million of Class A Series 2008-A asset backed notes that have an interest rate not to exceed one-month LIBOR plus 3.00% per year, \$2.7 million of Class M Series 2008-A asset backed notes that have an interest rate not to exceed one-month LIBOR plus 5.00% per year, \$3.4 million of Class B Series 2008-A asset backed notes that have an interest rate not to exceed one-month LIBOR plus 7.50% per year and \$9.0 million of Class C Series 2008-A asset backed notes that have a fixed interest rate of 11.50% per year. These notes will mature in August 2010. In connection with the transaction, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust also entered into interest rate swaps that effectively fix the interest rate on the notes starting at 3.275% over the two-year term of the interest rate swaps.

In September 2008, World Financial Network Credit Card Master Note Trust issued \$120.8 million of Class A Series 2008-B asset backed notes that have a fixed interest rate of 5.55% per year, \$5.7 million of Class M Series 2008-B asset backed notes that have a fixed interest rate of 7.80% per year, \$7.3 million of Class B Series 2008-B asset backed notes that have a fixed rate of 10.00% per year and \$19.1 million of Class C Series 2008-B asset backed notes that have a fixed interest rate of 10.50% per year. These notes matured in December 2009.

Retained Interests in Securitized Assets and Fair Value Measurement

The Company retains an interest in its securitization programs through seller's interest, retained interest in securitization trust, and interest-only strips. Seller's interest and credit card receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts consists of:

| | December 31, | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Seller's interest | \$ 297,108 | \$ 182,428 |
| Credit card receivables | 646,355 | 444,838 |
| Other receivables | 24,827 | 23,798 |
| Allowance | (54,884) | (38,124) |
| | \$ 913,406 | \$ 612,940 |

The following table summarizes the carrying values of the Company's subordinated retained interest reported in due from securitizations:

| | December 31, | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Spread deposits | \$ 206,678 | \$ 175,384 |
| Interest-only strips | 207,417 | 169,241 |
| Retained interest in securitization trust | 568,153 | 259,612 |
| Excess funding deposits | 10,275 | 97,110 |
| | \$ 992,523 | \$ 701,347 |

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The Company is required to maintain minimum interests ranging from 4% to 10% of the securitized credit card receivables. This requirement is met through seller's interest and is supplemented through the excess funding deposits. Excess funding deposits represent cash amounts deposited with the trustee of the securitizations. Residual interest in securitization represents a subordinated interest in the cash flows of the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust.

Seller's interest is recorded at the allocated carrying amount based on relative fair value. Changes in the fair values of the Company's seller's interest are recorded through securitization income and finance charges, net, in the consolidated statements of income. The spread deposits and interest-only strips are recorded at their fair value. Fair value is determined by computing the present value of the estimated cash flows, using the dates that such cash flows are expected to be released to the Company, at a discount rate considered to be commensurate with the risks associated with the cash flows. The amounts and timing of the cash flows are estimated after considering various economic factors including payment rates, delinquency, default and loss assumptions. Interest-only strips, seller's interest and other interests retained are periodically evaluated for impairment based on the fair value of those assets.

The fair values of interest-only strips and other interests retained, including retained interest in securitization trust, are based on a review of actual cash flows and on other factors affecting the amounts and timing of the cash flows from each of the underlying credit card receivable pools. Based on this analysis, assumptions are validated or revised as deemed necessary, the amounts and the timing of anticipated cash flows are estimated, and fair values are determined. The Company has one collateral type, credit card receivables, which are comprised of both private label and co-brand retail credit card receivables.

Retained interest in securitization trust, included in due from securitizations, represents the Company's investment in subordinated notes sold by the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust. These investments are classified as available-for-sale, and changes in fair value are recorded through other comprehensive (loss) income. The Company has not realized any gains or losses associated with the retained interests held.

As of December 31, 2009, the Company had a cost basis in its retained interest of \$662.9 million with an unrealized loss of \$95.6 million, all of which has been unrealized for less than twelve months. As of December 31, 2008, the Company had a cost basis in its retained interest of \$308.7 million with an unrealized loss of \$49.8 million, all of which had been unrealized for less than twelve months.

As of December 31, 2009, the Company does not consider the investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired. Upon adoption of ASC 860, Transfers and Servicing, these retained interests will be eliminated with the consolidation of the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust.

At December 31, 2009, key economic assumptions and the sensitivity of the current fair value of residual cash flows to an immediate 10% and 20% adverse change in the assumptions are as follows:

| | Assumptions | | Impact on Fair Value of 10% Change (In thousands) | Impact on Fair Value of 20% Change |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|--|------------------------------------|
| Fair value of interest-only strips | \$207,417 | | | |
| Weighted average life | 8.13 | 12 months | \$ (16,246) | \$ (31,549) |
| Discount rate | 14.6% | 18.0% | (921) | (1,826) |
| Expected yield, net of dilution | 23.7% | 40.4% | (50,775) | (100,534) |
| Base rate ⁽¹⁾ | 0.2% | 1.4% | (123) | (410) |
| Net charge-off rate | 8.6% | 10.8% | (16,537) | (33,002) |

(1) Base rate assumptions do not factor any changes in spreads with respect to future refinancings.

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

At December 31, 2009, key economic assumptions and the sensitivity of the current fair value of the Company's seller's interest and retained interest of the subordinated notes to an immediate 10% and 20% adverse change in the assumptions are as follows:

| | Assumptions | Impact on Fair Value of 10% Change (In thousands) | Impact on Fair Value of 20% Change |
|---|------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Fair value of seller's interest | \$297,108 | | |
| Weighted average life | 10.5 11.5 months | \$ (1,423) | \$ (2,850) |
| Discount rate | 2.0% | (624) | (1,247) |
| Expected yield, net of dilution | 25.4% 26.0% | (3,388) | (6,777) |
| Net charge-off rate | 8.6% 11.4% | (1,137) | (2,274) |
| Fair value of subordinated notes retained ¹⁾ | \$640,233 | | |
| Discount rate | 5.3% 35.1% | (9,811) | (19,402) |

(1) Includes those investments held by Loyalty Services and included in redemption settlement assets. See Note 5, Redemption Settlement Assets.

These sensitivities are hypothetical and should be used with caution. As the figures indicate, changes in fair value based on a 10 percent variation in assumptions generally cannot be extrapolated because the relationship of the change in an assumption to the change in fair value may not be linear. Also, in this table, the effect of a variation in a particular assumption on the fair value of the retained interest is calculated without changing any other assumption; in practice, changes in one factor may result in changes in another, which might magnify or counteract the sensitivities.

Spread deposits, carried at estimated fair value, represent deposits that are held by a trustee or agent and are used to absorb shortfalls in the available net cash flows related to securitized credit card receivables if those available net cash flows are insufficient to satisfy certain obligations of the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust. The fair value of spread deposits is based on the weighted average life of the underlying securities and the discount rate. The discount rate is based on a risk adjusted market rate. The amount required to be deposited is approximately 4.8% of the investor's interest in the WFN Trusts and the WFC Trust. Spread deposits are generally released proportionately as investors are repaid, although some spread deposits are released only when investors have been paid in full. None of these spread deposits were required to be used to cover losses on securitized credit card receivables in the three-year period ended December 31, 2009.

Portfolio Acquisitions

In October 2009, WFN NB, one of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, acquired the existing private label credit card portfolio of Big M, Inc. and entered into a multi-year agreement to provide private label credit card services. The total purchase price was approximately \$27.4 million. These assets are included in seller's interest and credit card receivables in the consolidated balance sheets.

In December 2008, WFCB, one of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, acquired the existing private label credit card portfolio of HSN and entered into a multi-year agreement to provide both private label and co-brand credit card services. The total purchase price was approximately \$141.7 million. These assets are included in seller's interest and credit card receivables in the consolidated balance sheets.

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)*****Portfolio Sales to the Securitization Trusts***

In June 2009, the Company sold two portfolios of credit card receivables, which were acquired in 2008, to the securitization trusts. The Company sold a net principal balance of \$60.5 million at par, retaining \$7.3 million in a spread deposit account, which is included in due from securitizations in the consolidated balance sheets. The gain on the sale was approximately \$4.2 million, which is included in securitization income and finance charges, net in the consolidated statements of income. The net proceeds from the sale of \$53.2 million are included in net cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

In June 2008, the Company sold a portfolio of credit card receivables which were held for investment to the securitization trusts. The Company sold a net principal balance of \$100.7 million, retaining \$8.8 million in a spread deposit account, which is included in due from securitizations in the consolidated balance sheets. The gain on sale was approximately \$5.0 million which is included in securitization income and finance charges, net in the consolidated statements of income. The net proceeds of \$91.9 million from the sale are included in net cash used in investing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

In September 2008, the Company sold a portfolio of credit card receivables to the securitization trusts. The Company sold a net principal balance of \$130.4 million, retaining \$14.0 million in a cash collateral account along with an interest in Class C bonds of \$13.4 million, both of which are included in due from securitizations in the consolidated balance sheets. The gain on sale was approximately \$7.0 million, which is included in securitization income and finance charges, net in the consolidated statements of income. The proceeds of \$103.0 million from the sale are included in net cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

Other Disclosures

The table below summarizes certain cash flows received from and paid to securitization trusts:

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In millions) | | |
| Proceeds from collections reinvested in previous credit card securitizations | \$ 4,748.1 | \$ 6,619.7 | \$ 7,070.3 |
| Proceeds from new securitizations | 2,844.4 | 955.4 | 600.0 |
| Proceeds from collections in revolving period transfers | 6,290.6 | 6,211.1 | 6,552.4 |
| Purchases of previously transferred financial assets | | | 218.8 |
| Servicing fees received | 72.4 | 67.6 | 68.5 |
| <i>Cash flows received on the interest that continue to be held by the transferor</i> | | | |
| Cash flows received on interest-only strip | 418.7 | 485.1 | 516.0 |
| Cash flows received on subordinated notes retained | 29.4 | 9.4 | 3.7 |
| Cash flows received on seller's interest | 60.0 | 29.2 | 29.3 |

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The tables below present quantitative information about the components of total credit card receivables managed, delinquencies and net charge-offs:

| | December 31, | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| | (In millions) | |
| Total credit card receivables managed | \$ 5,347.3 | \$ 4,502.2 |
| Less credit card receivables securitized | 4,700.9 | 4,057.4 |
| Credit card receivables | \$ 646.4 | \$ 444.8 |
| Principal amount of managed credit card receivables 90 days or more past due | \$ 161.6 | \$ 127.1 |

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Net managed charge-offs | \$ 404,382 | \$ 286,987 | \$ 227,393 |

The tables below present quantitative information about the components of total securitized credit card receivables, delinquencies and net charge-offs:

| | December 31, | |
|--|---------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| | (In millions) | |
| Total credit card receivables securitized | \$ 4,700.9 | \$ 4,057.4 |
| Principal amount of securitized credit card receivables 90 days or more past due | \$ 148.2 | \$ 111.7 |

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Net securitized charge-offs | \$ 367,723 | \$ 243,852 | \$ 197,404 |

The practice of re-aging an account may affect credit card loan delinquencies and charge-offs. A re-age is intended to assist delinquent card members who have experienced financial difficulties but who demonstrate both an ability and willingness to repay the amounts due. Accounts meeting specific defined criteria are re-aged when the cardholder makes one or more consecutive payments aggregating a certain pre-defined amount of their account balance. With re-aging, the outstanding balance of a delinquent account is returned to a current status. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, the Company's re-aged accounts represented 1.8%, 1.9%, and 0.8%, respectively, of total credit card receivables for each period and thus do not have a significant impact on the Company's delinquencies or net charge-offs. The Company's re-aging practices comply with regulatory guidelines.

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND GOODWILL***Intangible Assets*

Intangible assets consist of the following:

| | Gross Assets | December 31, 2009 Accumulated Amortization (In thousands) | Net | Amortization Life and Method |
|---|-----------------|--|------------|---------------------------------------|
| <i>Finite Lived Assets</i> | | | | |
| Customer contracts and lists | \$ 186,428 | \$ (121,540) | \$ 64,888 | 5-10 years straight line |
| Premium on purchased credit card portfolios | 155,227 | (46,936) | 108,291 | 3-10 years straight line, accelerated |
| Collector database | 66,541 | (56,316) | 10,225 | 30 years 15% declining balance |
| Customer database | 160,564 | (57,043) | 103,521 | 4 -10 years straight line |
| Noncompete agreements | 2,522 | (1,986) | 536 | 3-5 years straight line |
| Tradenames | 11,658 | (3,674) | 7,984 | 4 -10 years straight line |
| Purchased data lists | 17,178 | (8,376) | 8,802 | 1-5 years straight line, accelerated |
| | \$ 600,118 | \$ (295,871) | \$ 304,247 | |
| <i>Indefinite Lived Assets</i> | | | | |
| Tradenames | 12,350 | | 12,350 | Indefinite life |
| Total intangible assets | \$ 612,468 | \$ (295,871) | \$ 316,597 | |
| | | | | |
| | Gross Assets | December 31, 2008 Accumulated Amortization (In thousands) | Net | Amortization Life and Method |
| <i>Finite Lived Assets</i> | | | | |
| Customer contracts and lists | \$ 186,428 | \$ (96,435) | \$ 89,993 | 5-10 years straight line |
| Premium on purchased credit card portfolios | 84,344 | (35,925) | 48,419 | 3-10 years straight line, accelerated |
| Collector database | 57,528 | (47,096) | 10,432 | 30 years 15% declining balance |
| Customer databases | 160,103 | (41,194) | 118,909 | 4-10 years straight line |
| Noncompete agreements | 2,425 | (1,554) | 871 | 3-5 years straight line |
| Favorable lease | 1,000 | (886) | 114 | 4 years straight line |
| Tradenames | 11,542 | (2,361) | 9,181 | 4 -10 years straight line |
| Purchased data lists | 12,994 | (5,487) | 7,507 | 1-5 years straight line, accelerated |
| | \$ 516,364 | \$ (230,938) | \$ 285,426 | |
| <i>Indefinite Lived Assets</i> | | | | |
| Tradenames | 12,350 | | 12,350 | Indefinite life |
| Total intangible assets | \$ 528,714 | \$ (230,938) | \$ 297,776 | |

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In the 2009 acquisition of the Charming Shoppes portfolio, the Company acquired \$67.2 million of intangible assets. The assets included in premium on purchased credit card portfolios are comprised of a marketing relationship of \$48.0 million and a customer relationship of \$19.2 million, which are being amortized over a weighted average life of 10 years and 5.1 years, respectively.

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Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Amortization expense related to the intangible assets was approximately \$60.1 million, \$63.1 million, and \$61.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

The estimated amortization expense related to intangible assets for the next five years is as follows:

| | For Years Ending December 31, (In thousands) |
|-------------------|---|
| 2010 | \$ 67,138 |
| 2011 | 54,928 |
| 2012 | 49,037 |
| 2013 | 43,046 |
| 2014 | 35,856 |
| 2015 & thereafter | 54,242 |

Goodwill

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, are as follows:

| | Loyalty Services | Epsilon Marketing Services | Private Label Services | Private Label Credit | Corporate/ Other | Total |
|---|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| | (In thousands) | | | | | |
| December 31, 2007 | \$ 248,996 | \$ 675,045 | \$ 261,732 | \$ | \$ | \$ 1,185,773 |
| Goodwill acquired during year | 1,091 | | | | | 1,091 |
| Effects of foreign currency translation | (46,198) | (7,756) | | | | (53,954) |
| Other, primarily final purchase price adjustments | 618 | 262 | | | | 880 |
| December 31, 2008 | 204,507 | 667,551 | 261,732 | | | 1,133,790 |
| Effects of foreign currency translation | 30,233 | 2,379 | | | | 32,612 |
| Other, primarily final purchase price adjustments | (127) | | | | | (127) |
| December 31, 2009 | \$ 234,613 | \$ 669,930 | \$ 261,732 | \$ | \$ | \$ 1,166,275 |

The Company completed annual impairment tests for goodwill on July 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and determined at each date that no impairment exists. No further testing of goodwill impairments will be performed until July 31, 2010, unless circumstances exist that indicate that an impairment may have occurred.

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****9. ACCRUED EXPENSES**

Accrued expenses consist of the following:

| | December 31, | |
|------------------------------|----------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Accrued payroll and benefits | \$ 66,501 | \$ 81,126 |
| Accrued taxes | 2,656 | 6,741 |
| Accrued other liabilities | 58,855 | 55,789 |
| Accrued expenses | \$ 128,012 | \$ 143,656 |

10. DEFERRED REVENUE

Because management has determined that the earnings process is not complete at the time an AIR MILES reward mile is issued, the recognition of revenue on all fees received at issuance is deferred. The Company allocates the proceeds from the issuance of AIR MILES reward miles into two components as follows:

Redemption element. The redemption element is the larger of the two components. For this component, revenue is recognized at the time an AIR MILES reward mile is redeemed, or for those AIR MILES reward miles that are estimated to go unredeemed by the collector base, known as breakage, over the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile.

Service element. For this component, which consists of marketing and administrative services provided to sponsors, revenue is recognized pro rata over the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile.

Under certain of the Company's contracts, a portion of the proceeds is paid to the Company upon the issuance of an AIR MILES reward mile and a portion is paid at the time of redemption and therefore, the Company does not have a redemption obligation related to these contracts. Revenue is recognized at the time of redemption and is not reflected in the reconciliation of the redemption obligation detailed below. Under such contracts, the proceeds received at issuance are initially deferred as service revenue and revenue is recognized pro rata over the estimated life of an AIR MILES reward mile.

In May 2008, the Loyalty Services segment secured a comprehensive long-term renewal and expansion agreement with Bank of Montreal (BMO), as a sponsor in its AIR MILES Reward Program, pursuant to which BMO transferred to the Company the responsibility of reserving for costs associated with the redemption of AIR MILES reward miles issued by BMO as a sponsor. Under the terms of the agreement, BMO paid the Company approximately \$369.9 million for the assumption of that liability, all of which was placed in the Company's redemption settlement asset account to be utilized to cover the cost of redemptions of outstanding AIR MILES reward miles issued by BMO under the previous arrangement. Historically, due to the nature of their contractual arrangement, miles issued by BMO have been excluded from the Company's estimate of breakage as BMO had the responsibility of redemption, and therefore, no breakage estimate was required and prior to the second quarter 2008, the redemption liability was not included in the table below.

However, changing the nature of the agreement required the Company to include these miles in its analysis, which impacted the redemption rate and the Company's estimate of breakage. After evaluating the impact of this transaction, the Company changed its estimate of breakage from one-third to 28%. The change in estimate had no impact on the total redemption liability, but reduced the amount of deferred breakage within the redemption

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

liability that is expected to be recognized over the expected life of the mile. The change in estimate did not have a material impact to the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008.

A reconciliation of deferred revenue for the AIR MILES Reward Program is as follows:

| | Service | Deferred Revenue Redemption (In thousands) | Total |
|--|------------|--|--------------|
| December 31, 2007 | \$ 272,317 | \$ 556,031 | \$ 828,348 |
| Cash proceeds | 175,963 | 369,871 | 545,834 |
| Cash proceeds from the assumption of the BMO liability | | 369,858 | 369,858 |
| Revenue recognized | (139,744) | (404,132) | (543,876) |
| Other | | (1,399) | (1,399) |
| Effects of foreign currency translation | (57,364) | (145,767) | (203,131) |
| December 31, 2008 | 251,172 | 744,462 | 995,634 |
| Cash proceeds | 159,181 | 452,837 | 612,018 |
| Revenue recognized | (144,518) | (468,682) | (613,200) |
| Other | | (3,889) | (3,889) |
| Effects of foreign currency translation | 40,501 | 115,082 | 155,583 |
| December 31, 2009 | \$ 306,336 | \$ 839,810 | \$ 1,146,146 |
| Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets: | | | |
| Current liabilities | \$ 145,120 | \$ 839,810 | \$ 984,930 |
| Non-current liabilities | \$ 161,216 | \$ | \$ 161,216 |

11. DEBT

Debt consists of the following:

| | December 31, 2009 | December 31, 2008 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| | (In thousands) | |
| Certificates of deposit | \$ 1,465,000 | \$ 688,900 |
| Credit facility | 487,000 | 365,000 |
| Senior notes | 250,000 | 500,000 |
| Term loan | 161,000 | |
| Convertible senior notes due 2013 | 612,058 | 569,100 |
| Convertible senior notes due 2014 | 238,869 | |
| Capital lease obligations and other debt | 33,425 | 57,175 |
| | 3,247,352 | 2,180,175 |
| Less: current portion | (824,463) | (709,449) |

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| | | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Long-term portion | \$ 2,422,889 | \$ 1,470,726 |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|

Certificates of Deposit

Terms of the certificates of deposit range from one month to five years with annual interest rates ranging from 0.2% to 5.3% at December 31, 2009 and 2.8% to 5.7% at December 31, 2008. Interest is paid monthly and at maturity.

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Credit Facility

The Company is party to a credit agreement, among it, ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc., ADS Foreign Holdings, Inc., Alliance Data Foreign Holdings, Inc., Epsilon Marketing Services, LLC and Epsilon Data Management LLC, as guarantors, Bank of Montreal, as administrative agent and letter of credit issuer, and various other agents and banks, dated September 29, 2006, as amended (the Credit Facility). The Credit Facility provides for a \$750.0 million revolving line of credit with a U.S. \$50.0 million sublimit for Canadian dollar borrowings and a \$50.0 million sublimit for swing line loans.

The Credit Facility is unsecured. On March 30, 2007, the Company amended the Credit Facility to extend the lending commitments that were scheduled to terminate on September 29, 2011 to March 30, 2012. In addition, the March 2007 amendment adjusted the senior leverage ratio applicable to the various levels set forth in the Credit Facility and the margin applicable to Eurodollar loans to those reflected below. On June 16, 2008, the Company further amended the Credit Facility to modify certain defined terms and negative covenants regarding the Company's ability, and in certain instances, its subsidiaries' ability, to create liens, repurchase stock and make investments. The June 2008 amendment also replaced the financial covenant establishing a maximum ratio of total capitalization with a financial covenant establishing a maximum ratio of total leverage, with each such term defined in the Credit Facility.

Advances under the Credit Facility are in the form of either base rate loans or Eurodollar loans and may be denominated in U.S. dollars or Canadian dollars. The interest rate for base rate loans denominated in U.S. dollars fluctuates and is equal to the higher of (1) the Bank of Montreal's prime rate and (2) the Federal funds rate plus 0.5%, in either case with no additional margin. The interest rate for base rate loans denominated in Canadian dollars fluctuates and is equal to the higher of (1) the Bank of Montreal's prime rate for Canadian dollar loans and (2) the CDOR rate plus 1%, in either case with no additional margin. The interest rate for Eurodollar loans denominated in U.S. or Canadian dollars fluctuates based on the rate at which deposits of U.S. dollars or Canadian dollars, respectively, in the London interbank market are quoted plus a margin of 0.4% to 0.8% based upon the Company's senior leverage ratio as defined in the Credit Facility. Among other fees, the Company pays a facility fee of 0.1% to 0.2% per annum (due quarterly) on the aggregate commitments under the Credit Facility, whether used or unused, based upon the Company's senior leverage ratio as defined in the Credit Facility. The Company will also pay fees with respect to any letters of credit issued under the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility includes usual and customary negative covenants for credit agreements of this type, including, but not limited to, restrictions on the Company's ability, and in certain instances, its subsidiaries' ability, to consolidate or merge; substantially change the nature of its business; sell, transfer or dispose of assets; create or incur indebtedness; create liens; pay dividends; and make investments. The negative covenants are subject to certain exceptions, as specified in the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility also requires the Company to satisfy certain financial covenants, including maximum ratios of total leverage and senior leverage as determined in accordance with the Credit Facility and a minimum ratio of consolidated operating EBITDA to consolidated interest expense as determined in accordance with the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility also includes customary events of default, including, among other things, payment default, covenant default, breach of representation or warranty, bankruptcy, cross-default, material ERISA events, a change of control of the Company, material money judgments and failure to maintain subsidiary guarantees.

At December 31, 2009, borrowings under the Credit Facility were \$487.0 million with a weighted average interest rate of 1.1%. Total availability under the credit facility at December 31, 2009 was approximately \$263.0 million. As of December 31, 2009, the Company was in compliance with its financial covenants under the Credit Facility.

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Senior Notes

On May 16, 2006, the Company entered into a senior note purchase agreement and issued and sold \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.00% Series A Notes due May 16, 2009 and \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.14% Series B Notes due May 16, 2011 (the Senior Notes). The Senior Notes accrue interest on the unpaid balance thereof at the rate of 6.00% and 6.14% per annum, respectively, from May 16, 2006, payable semiannually, on May 16 and November 16 in each year, commencing with November 16, 2006, until the principal has become due and payable. The note purchase agreement includes usual and customary negative covenants and events of default for transactions of this type. The Senior Notes are unsecured. The payment obligations under the Senior Notes are guaranteed by certain of the Company's existing and future subsidiaries, originally ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc. Due to their status as guarantors under the Credit Facility and pursuant to a Joinder to Subsidiary Guaranty dated as of September 29, 2006, three additional subsidiaries of the Company became guarantors of the Senior Notes, including Alliance Data Foreign Holdings, Inc., Epsilon Marketing Services, LLC and Epsilon Data Management, LLC. Pursuant to a Joinder to Subsidiary Guaranty dated as of May 30, 2008, ADS Foreign Holdings, Inc. also became a guarantor of the Series A and Series B Notes.

The Company repaid the \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.00% Series A Notes at its scheduled maturity of May 16, 2009. As of December 31, 2009, the Company was in compliance with its financial covenants.

Term Loan

On May 15, 2009, the Company, as borrower, and ADS Alliance Data Systems, Inc., ADS Foreign Holdings, Inc., Alliance Data Foreign Holdings, Inc., Epsilon Marketing Services, LLC and Epsilon Data Management, LLC, as guarantors, entered into a term loan agreement with Bank of Montreal, as administrative agent, and various other agents and banks (the Term Loan). The proceeds were used, together with other funds, to repay the Company's \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.00% Series A Notes due May 16, 2009.

Amounts borrowed under the Term Loan are scheduled to mature on March 30, 2012, with principal payments of 5.0% of the aggregate principal amount of the loans outstanding to be made on the last day of each fiscal quarter commencing on June 30, 2010. The Term Loan is unsecured.

Advances under the Term Loan are in the form of either base rate loans or eurodollar loans. The interest rate for base rate loans fluctuates and is equal to the highest of (1) Bank of Montreal's prime rate; (2) the Federal funds rate plus 0.5%; and (3) the LIBOR Quoted Rate as defined in the Term Loan plus 1.0%, in each case plus a margin of 2.0% to 3.0% based upon the Company's senior leverage ratio as defined in the Term Loan. The interest rate for eurodollar loans fluctuates based on the rate at which deposits of U.S. dollars in the London interbank market are quoted plus a margin of 3.0% to 4.0% based upon the Company's senior leverage ratio as defined in the Term Loan.

The Term Loan contains usual and customary negative covenants for transactions of this type, including, but not limited to, restrictions on the Company's ability, and in certain instances, its subsidiaries' ability, to consolidate or merge; substantially change the nature of its business; sell, transfer or dispose of assets; create or incur indebtedness; create liens; pay dividends; and make investments. The negative covenants are subject to certain exceptions, as specified in the Term Loan. The Term Loan also requires the Company to satisfy certain financial covenants, including maximum ratios of total leverage and senior leverage as determined in accordance with the Term Loan and a minimum ratio of consolidated operating EBITDA to consolidated interest expense as determined in accordance with the Term Loan.

At December 31, 2009, borrowings under the Term Loan were \$161.0 million with a weighted-average interest rate of 3.2%. As of December 31, 2009, the Company was in compliance with its covenants.

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Convertible Senior Notes

Due 2014

In the second quarter of 2009, the Company issued \$345.0 million aggregate principal amount of Convertible Senior Notes due 2014, which included an over-allotment of \$45.0 million. Holders of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 have the right to require the Company to repurchase for cash all or some of their Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 upon the occurrence of certain fundamental changes.

The Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 are governed by an indenture dated June 2, 2009 between the Company and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, National Association, as trustee. Pursuant to the indenture, the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 are general unsecured senior obligations of the Company, pay interest semi-annually in arrears at a rate of 4.75% per annum on May 15 and November 15 of each year beginning November 15, 2009, will be convertible during certain periods and under certain circumstances and, subject to earlier repurchase by the Company or conversion, will mature on May 15, 2014. The Company may not redeem the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 prior to their maturity date.

Holders may convert their Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 at their option at any time prior to the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014, in equal multiples of \$1,000 principal amounts, under the following circumstances:

during any fiscal quarter (and only during such fiscal quarter) after the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2009, if the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock for at least 20 trading days in the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter is equal to or more than 130% of the conversion price of \$47.57 of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 on the last day of such preceding fiscal quarter;

during the five business-day period after any five consecutive trading-day period, or the measurement period, in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 for each day of that measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sales price of the Company's common stock and the conversion rate of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 on each such day; or

upon the occurrence of certain specified corporate transactions.

In addition, holders may convert their Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 at their option at any time beginning on January 13, 2014 and ending on the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, without regard to the foregoing circumstances.

The Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 have an initial conversion rate of 21.0235 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount, which is equal to an initial conversion price of approximately \$47.57 per share. Upon conversion, the Company will pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of the Company's common stock or a combination thereof at the Company's election. It is the Company's current intention and policy to settle the principal amount (or the amount of the Company's conversion obligation, if less) of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 in cash upon conversion.

Concurrently with the pricing of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 and the exercise of the over-allotment option, the Company entered into convertible note hedge transactions with respect to its common stock with the following affiliates of three of the initial purchasers: J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as agent to JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, London Branch; Bank of America, N.A.; and Barclays Capital Inc., as agent for Barclays Bank PLC (together, the 2014 Hedge Counterparties), which cover, subject to customary anti-

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dilution adjustments, approximately 7.3 million shares of the Company's common stock at an initial strike price equal to the initial conversion price of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 (the 2014 Convertible Note Hedges).

Separately but also concurrently with the pricing of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 and the exercise of the over-allotment option, the Company entered into warrant transactions whereby it sold to the 2014 Hedge Counterparties warrants to acquire, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments, up to approximately 7.3 million shares of its common stock at an initial strike price of approximately \$70.54 (the 2014 Convertible Note Warrants). The 2014 Convertible Note Warrants will be exercisable and will expire in 79 equal tranches of 45,331 warrants and an 80th tranche of 45,405 warrants for one of the 2014 Hedge Counterparties and will be exercisable and will expire in 79 equal tranches of 22,665 warrants and an 80th tranche of either 22,741 or 22,743 warrants with respect to the remaining two 2014 Hedge Counterparties, beginning on August 13, 2014 and continuing on each business day through December 4, 2014 as to each of the 2014 Hedge Counterparties.

The cost of the 2014 Convertible Note Hedges, reduced by the proceeds to the Company from the sale of the 2014 Convertible Note Warrants, was approximately \$50.7 million. The Company accounted for the 2014 Convertible Note Hedges and 2014 Convertible Note Warrants as equity instruments in accordance with the guidance in ASC 815-40 Derivatives and Hedging Contracts in Entity's Own Equity. Accordingly, the cost of the 2014 Convertible Note Hedges and the proceeds from the sale of the 2014 Convertible Note Warrants are included in additional paid-in capital in the consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2009.

Concurrently with the pricing of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014, the Company entered into prepaid forward transactions (the Prepaid Forwards) with Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, as agent for Merrill Lynch International, and Barclays Capital Inc., as agent for Barclays Bank PLC (collectively, the Forward Counterparties). Under the Prepaid Forwards, the Company purchased 1,857,400 shares of its common stock for approximately \$74.9 million with proceeds from the offering. The shares are to be delivered over a settlement period in 2014. Each of the Prepaid Forwards is subject to early settlement, in whole or in part, at any time prior to the final settlement date at the option of the applicable Forward Counterparty, as well as early settlement or settlement with alternative consideration in the event of certain corporate transactions. In the event the Company pays any cash dividends on its common stock, the Forward Counterparties will pay an equivalent amount to the Company. The shares under the Prepaid Forwards were accounted for as a repurchase of common stock and a reduction of stockholders equity.

Due 2013

In the third quarter of 2008, the Company issued \$700.0 million aggregate principal amount of Convertible Senior Notes due 2013. The Company granted to the initial purchasers of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 an option to purchase up to an additional \$105.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 solely to cover over-allotments, if any, which was exercised in full on August 4, 2008. Holders of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 have the right to require the Company to repurchase for cash all or some of their Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 upon the occurrence of certain fundamental changes.

The Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 are governed by an indenture dated July 29, 2008 between the Company and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, National Association, as trustee. Pursuant to the indenture, the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 are general unsecured senior obligations of the Company, pay interest semi-annually in arrears at a rate of 1.75% per annum on February 1 and August 1 of each year beginning February 1, 2009, will be convertible during certain periods and, under certain circumstances and subject to earlier repurchase by the Company or conversion, will mature on August 1, 2013. The Company may not redeem the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 prior to their maturity date.

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Holders may convert their Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 at their option at any time prior to the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013, in equal multiples of \$1,000 principal amounts, under the following circumstances:

during any fiscal quarter (and only during such fiscal quarter) after the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2008, if the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock for at least 20 trading days in the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter is equal to or more than 130% of the conversion price of \$78.50 of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 on the last day of such preceding fiscal quarter;

during the five business-day period after any five consecutive trading-day period, or the measurement period, in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 for each day of that measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sales price of the Company's common stock and the conversion rate of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 on each such day; or

upon the occurrence of certain specified corporate transactions.

In addition, holders may convert their Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 at their option at any time beginning on April 2, 2013 and ending on the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, without regard to the foregoing circumstances.

Upon conversion, holders of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 will receive, at the election of the Company, cash, shares of the Company's common stock or a combination of cash and shares of the Company's common stock, based on the applicable conversion rate at such time. It is the Company's current intention and policy to settle the principal amount (or the amount of the Company's conversion obligation, if less) of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 in cash upon conversion. The Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 have an initial conversion rate of 12.7392 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 (which is equal to an initial conversion price of approximately \$78.50 per share), representing an initial conversion premium of approximately 22.5% above the closing price of \$64.08 per share of the Company's common stock on July 23, 2008.

Concurrently with the pricing of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013, on July 23, 2008, the Company entered into convertible note hedge transactions with respect to its common stock (the 2013 Convertible Note Hedges) with J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as agent to JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, London Branch, and Bank of America, N.A., affiliates of two of the initial purchasers (together, the 2013 Hedge Counterparties). The 2013 Convertible Note Hedges cover, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments, approximately 8.9 million shares of the Company's common stock at an initial strike price equal to the initial conversion price of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013. Following the exercise of the over-allotment option in full on August 4, 2008, the 2013 Convertible Note Hedges cover approximately 1.3 million additional shares of the Company's common stock, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments.

Separately but also concurrently with the pricing of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013, on July 23, 2008, the Company entered into warrant transactions whereby it sold to the 2013 Hedge Counterparties warrants to acquire, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments, up to approximately 8.9 million shares of its common stock at an initial strike price of approximately \$112.14 (the 2013 Convertible Note Warrants). Following the exercise of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 over-allotment option in full on August 4, 2008, the 2013 Convertible Note Warrants were amended to permit the 2013 Hedge Counterparties to acquire, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments, up to approximately 1.3 million additional shares of the Company's common stock. The amended 2013 Convertible Note Warrants will be exercisable and will expire in 79 equal

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tranches of 64,094 warrants and an 80th tranche of 64,102 warrants with respect to each of the 2013 Hedge Counterparties beginning on October 30, 2013 and continuing on each business day through February 25, 2014.

The cost of the 2013 Convertible Note Hedges, reduced by the proceeds to the Company from the sale of the 2013 Convertible Note Warrants, was approximately \$93.6 million. The 2013 Convertible Note Hedges and 2013 Convertible Note Warrants are generally expected to offset the potential dilution of the Company's common stock upon conversion of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 to the extent that the Company's common stock price does not exceed \$112.41 at the time of the exercise of the 2013 Convertible Note Warrants. The cost of the additional 2013 Convertible Note Hedges, reduced by the proceeds to the Company from the sale of the additional 2013 Convertible Note Warrants, related to the exercise of the over-allotment on August 4, 2008, was \$14.0 million. The Company accounted for the 2013 Convertible Note Hedges and 2013 Convertible Note Warrants in accordance with the guidance in ASC 815-40 Derivatives and Hedging Contracts in Entity's Own Equity. The 2013 Convertible Note Hedges and 2013 Convertible Note Warrants meet the requirements under ASC 815-40 to be accounted for as equity instruments. Accordingly, the cost of the 2013 Convertible Note Hedges and the proceeds from the sale of the 2013 Convertible Note Warrants are included in additional paid-in capital in the consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2009.

The table below summarizes the carrying value of the components of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 and the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014:

| | December 31, | |
|---|----------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Carrying amount of equity component | \$ 368,678 | \$ 252,828 |
| Principal amount of liability component | \$ 1,150,000 | \$ 805,000 |
| Unamortized discount | (299,073) | (235,900) |
| Net carrying value of liability component | \$ 850,927 | \$ 569,100 |
| If-converted value of common stock | \$ 1,130,852 | \$ 477,168 |

The discount on the liability component will be amortized as interest expense over the remaining life of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 and the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 which is a weighted-average period of 3.8 years.

Interest expense on the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013 and the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 recognized in the Company's consolidated statements of income for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 is as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------|------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Interest expense calculated on contractual interest rate | \$ 23,556 | \$ 5,948 | \$ |
| Amortization of discount on liability component | 52,677 | 16,928 | |
| Total interest expense on convertible senior notes | \$ 76,233 | \$ 22,876 | \$ |
| Effective interest rate | 11.0% | 9.7% | % |

Other The Company has other minor borrowings, primarily capital leases, with varying interest rates.

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Maturities Debt at December 31, 2009 matures as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| 2010 | \$ 824,463 |
| 2011 | 642,077 |
| 2012 | 776,372 |
| 2013 ⁽¹⁾ | 856,213 |
| 2014 ⁽²⁾ | 447,300 |
| Thereafter | |
| Total maturities | 3,546,425 |
| Unamortized discount on convertible senior notes | (299,073) |
| | \$ 3,247,352 |

(1) Includes \$805.0 million representing the aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2013.

(2) Includes \$345.0 million representing the aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Senior Notes due 2014.

12. INCOME TAXES

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return.

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Components of income from continuing operations before income taxes: | | | |
| Domestic | \$ 127,939 | \$ 235,019 | \$ 258,268 |
| Foreign | 135,007 | 145,132 | 93,576 |
| Total | \$ 262,946 | \$ 380,151 | \$ 351,844 |
| Components of income tax expense are as follows: | | | |
| Current | | | |
| Federal | \$ 4,645 | \$ 27,409 | \$ 92,110 |
| State | 3,586 | 10,167 | 9,443 |
| Foreign | 60,521 | 88,939 | 62,718 |
| Total current | 68,752 | 126,515 | 164,271 |
| Deferred | | | |
| Federal | 653 | 48,157 | (22,626) |
| State | 4,889 | 1,352 | 5,181 |
| Foreign | 11,933 | (28,425) | (9,423) |
| Total deferred | 17,475 | 21,084 | (26,868) |

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| | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Total provision for income taxes | \$ 86,227 | \$ 147,599 | \$ 137,403 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|

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A reconciliation of recorded federal provision for income taxes to the expected amount computed by applying the federal statutory rate of 35% for all periods to income from continuing operations before income taxes is as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Expected expense at statutory rate | \$ 92,031 | \$ 133,053 | \$ 123,145 |
| Increase (decrease) in income taxes resulting from: | | | |
| State income taxes, net of federal benefit | 5,280 | 10,277 | 8,295 |
| Foreign earnings at other than United States rates | (3,137) | (2,697) | 405 |
| Non-deductible expenses | 4,625 | 4,705 | 5,112 |
| State law changes, net of federal expense | 228 | (2,790) | 1,169 |
| Canadian tax rate reductions | 14,159 | 2,727 | 10,712 |
| Tax credits | (8,333) | (791) | (14,680) |
| Non-taxable gain on business acquisition | (7,429) | | |
| Reduction of prior year tax positions | (6,550) | | |
| Lapse of statute of limitations | (4,891) | | |
| Other | 244 | 3,115 | 3,245 |
| Total | \$ 86,227 | \$ 147,599 | \$ 137,403 |

Deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of the following:

| | December 31, | |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Deferred tax assets | | |
| Deferred revenue | \$ 143,232 | \$ 135,276 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | 31,348 | 15,499 |
| Net operating loss carryforwards and other carryforwards | 195,273 | 104,376 |
| Depreciation | 8,053 | 15,428 |
| Stock-based compensation and other employee benefits | 17,216 | 27,795 |
| Fair value adjustments | 31,895 | 21,822 |
| Accrued expenses and other | 25,188 | 28,911 |
| Total deferred tax assets | 452,205 | 349,107 |
| Valuation allowance | (116,132) | (70,222) |
| Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance | 336,073 | 278,885 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | |
| Deferred income | \$ 90,963 | \$ 48,492 |
| Convertible note hedges | 25,498 | 16,737 |
| Servicing rights | 72,513 | 63,762 |
| Intangible assets | 90,356 | 70,861 |

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| | | |
|--|------------|------------|
| Total deferred tax liabilities | 279,330 | 199,852 |
| Net deferred tax asset | \$ 56,743 | \$ 79,033 |
| Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets: | | |
| Current assets | \$ 197,455 | \$ 201,895 |
| Non-current liabilities | \$ 140,712 | \$ 123,476 |
| Discontinued operations net deferred tax asset (included in assets of discontinued operations) | \$ | \$ 614 |

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

At December 31, 2009, the Company has approximately \$61.3 million of U.S. federal net operating loss carryovers (NOLs), approximately \$32.5 million of capital losses, and approximately \$129.3 million of tax credits (credits), which expire at various times through the year 2024. Included in the \$129.3 million of credits are foreign tax credits resulting from distributions of foreign affiliates. Pursuant to Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code, the Company's utilization of such NOLs and approximately \$1.5 million of tax credits are subject to an annual limitation. The Company believes it is more likely than not that a portion of the federal NOLs and credits will expire before being utilized. Therefore, in accordance with ASC 740-10, Income Taxes Overall Initial Measurement, the Company has established a valuation allowance on the portion of NOLs and credits that the Company expects to expire prior to utilization. The Company also believes it is more likely than not that the capital losses and a portion of the credits not subject to Section 382 limitations will expire before being utilized. Therefore, the Company has established a valuation allowance against the total amount of the capital losses and against the portion of the credits that are expected to expire prior to utilization.

At December 31, 2009, the Company has state income tax NOLs of approximately \$421.7 million, state capital losses of approximately \$32.5 million, and state credits of approximately \$6.7 million available to offset future state taxable income. The state NOLs, capital losses and credits will expire at various times through the year 2029. The Company believes it is more likely than not that the capital losses and a portion of the state NOLs and credits will expire before being utilized. Therefore, in accordance with ASC 740-10, the Company has established a valuation allowance against the total amount of capital losses and against the portion of NOLs and credits that the Company expects to expire prior to utilization.

As of December 31, 2009, the Company's valuation allowance has increased, which is primarily attributable to the recording of additional foreign tax credits and carryforwards, a portion of which the Company believes it is more likely than not will expire prior to utilization.

During 2009, the Company remitted its previously unremitted earnings.

The income tax expense does not reflect the tax effect of certain items recorded directly to additional paid-in capital. The net tax impact resulting from the exercise of employee stock options and other employee stock programs that was recorded in additional paid-in capital were approximately \$1.9 million, \$(2.3) million and \$(8.2) million for the years 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The Company also recorded tax impacts of approximately \$12.3 million and \$18.0 million in additional paid-in capital for the years 2009 and 2008, respectively, to establish deferred tax liabilities associated with the Convertible Note Hedges.

The Canadian government has enacted laws that reduce the corporate income tax rates for years beginning in 2008. The first of these laws was enacted in June 2006 and another was enacted in December 2007. As a result of these rate reductions, the Company was required to book additional expense to reduce the net deferred tax asset in Canada related to the future lower income tax rates. The Company recorded \$6.8 million, \$2.7 million and \$10.7 million of income tax expense for the years 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively, related to these rate reductions. In December 2009, the Ontario government enacted a law to reduce the corporate income tax rates for years beginning in 2010. As a result of this rate reduction, the Company was required to book additional expense of \$7.4 million in 2009 to reduce the net deferred tax asset in Ontario related to future lower income tax rates.

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits is as follows (in thousands):

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Balance at December 31, 2007 | \$ 62,834 |
| Increases related to prior years tax positions | 5,281 |
| Decreases related to prior years tax positions | (3,377) |
| Increases related to current year tax positions | 3,632 |
| Settlements during the period | (1,273) |
| Lapses of applicable statute of limitations | (767) |
| | |
| Balance at December 31, 2008 | \$ 66,330 |
| Increases related to prior years tax positions | 9,527 |
| Decreases related to prior years tax positions | (16,190) |
| Increases related to current year tax positions | 5,250 |
| Settlements during the period | (2,560) |
| Lapses of applicable statute of limitations | (11,210) |
| | |
| Balance at December 31, 2009 | \$ 51,147 |

Included in the balance at December 31, 2009 are tax positions reclassified from deferred tax liabilities. Deductibility is highly certain for these tax positions but there is uncertainty about the timing of such deductibility. Because of the impact of deferred tax accounting, other than interest and penalties, the disallowance of the shorter deductibility period would not affect the annual effective tax rate but would accelerate the payment of cash to the taxing authority to an earlier period.

The Company recognizes potential accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. The Company has potential cumulative interest and penalties with respect to unrecognized tax benefits of approximately \$14.2 million at December 31, 2009. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company released approximately \$8.5 million in potential interest and penalties with respect to unrecognized tax benefits.

If recognized at some point in the future, the unrecognized tax benefits would favorably impact the effective tax rate by approximately \$31.2 million. The Company does not anticipate a significant change to the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits over the next twelve months.

The Company files income tax returns in the United States Federal jurisdiction and in many state and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the tax returns filed by the Company are no longer subject to United States Federal or state and local income tax examinations for years before 2006 and are no longer subject to foreign income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2005.

13. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

On July 17, 2008, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a new stock repurchase program to acquire up to \$1.3 billion of its outstanding common stock through December 31, 2009, subject to any restrictions pursuant to the terms of the Company's credit agreements or otherwise. Of the \$1.3 billion stock repurchase program, \$275.1 million remained unused on December 31, 2009. On January 27, 2010, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a new stock repurchase program to acquire up to \$275.1 million of the Company's common stock, from February 5, 2010 through December 31, 2010, subject to any restrictions pursuant to the terms of the Company's credit agreement or otherwise.

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company acquired a total of 12,699,988 shares of its common stock for approximately \$520.8 million, which includes 1,857,400 shares purchased under prepaid forward contracts for approximately \$74.9 million, which shares are to be delivered over a settlement period in 2014. For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company acquired a total of 17,198,408 and 1,805,800 shares, respectively, of its common stock for approximately \$1,000.9 million and \$108.5 million, respectively.

14. STOCK COMPENSATION PLANS

The Company has adopted equity compensation plans to advance the interests of the Company by rewarding certain employees for their contributions to the financial success of the Company and thereby motivating them to continue to make such contributions in the future.

On April 4, 2003, the Company's Board of Directors adopted the 2003 long-term incentive plan and the stockholders approved it at the Company's 2003 annual meeting of stockholders on June 10, 2003. This plan reserves 6,000,000 shares of common stock for grants of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted stock awards and performance shares to officers, employees, non-employee directors and consultants performing services for the Company or its affiliates. This plan expired on April 4, 2008 and no further awards will be issued from this plan.

On March 31, 2005, the Company's Board of Directors adopted the 2005 long-term incentive plan. On June 7, 2005, at the annual meeting of stockholders, the stockholders approved and adopted the Company's 2005 long-term incentive plan, effective July 1, 2005. This plan reserves 4,750,000 shares of common stock for grants of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units and performance shares to officers, employees, non-employee directors and consultants performing services for the Company or its affiliates. On September 24, 2009, the Company's Board of Directors amended the 2005 long term incentive plan to provide that, in addition to settlement in shares of the Company's common stock or other securities, equity awards may be settled in cash.

Terms of all awards under the 2005 long-term incentive plan are determined by the Board of Directors or the compensation committee of the Board of Directors or its designee at the time of award.

Under the fair value recognition provisions, stock-based compensation expense is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized ratably over the requisite service period.

Total stock-based compensation expense recognized in the Company's consolidated statements of income for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, is as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Cost of operations | \$ 29,256 | \$ 29,843 | \$ 27,593 |
| General and administrative | 24,356 | 18,891 | 20,718 |
| Total | \$ 53,612 | \$ 48,734 | \$ 48,311 |

Stock-based compensation expense for the Company's merchant services and utility services businesses and web and catalog retailer VENUE was approximately \$0.1 million, \$5.6 million, and \$7.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007, respectively. These amounts have been included in the loss from discontinued operations.

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As the amount of stock-based compensation expense recognized is based on awards ultimately expected to vest, the amount recognized in the Company's results of operations has been reduced for estimated forfeitures. ASC 718 requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. Forfeitures were estimated based on the Company's historical experience. As of December 31, 2009, there was approximately \$58.5 million of unrecognized expense, adjusted for estimated forfeitures, related to non-vested, stock-based equity awards granted to employees, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.5 years.

Restricted Stock Awards

During 2009, the Company awarded both service-based and performance-based restricted stock units. Fair value of the restricted stock units is estimated on the date of grant. In accordance with ASC 718, the Company recognizes the estimated stock-based compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, over the applicable service period.

Service-based restricted stock unit awards typically vest ratably over a three year period. Performance-based restricted stock unit awards typically vest if specified performance measures tied to the Company's financial performance are met and then ratably over a three year period.

| | Performance- Based | Service- Based | Total |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2006 | 219,455 | 889,954 | 1,109,409 |
| Shares granted ⁽¹⁾ | 350,809 | 422,980 | 773,789 |
| Shares vested ⁽¹⁾ | (318,864) | (311,033) | (629,897) |
| Shares cancelled | (22,824) | (129,343) | (152,167) |
| Balance at December 31, 2007 | 228,576 | 872,558 | 1,101,134 |
| Shares granted | 1,791,742 | 1,481,266 | 3,273,008 |
| Shares vested | (187,106) | (421,733) | (608,839) |
| Shares cancelled | (16,022) | (195,391) | (211,413) |
| Balance at December 31, 2008 | 1,817,190 | 1,736,700 | 3,553,890 |
| Shares granted | 725,519 | 162,248 | 887,767 |
| Shares vested | (580,850) | (684,492) | (1,265,342) |
| Shares cancelled | (235,102) | (75,445) | (310,547) |
| Balance at December 31, 2009 | 1,726,757 | 1,139,011 | 2,865,768 |
| Outstanding and Expected to Vest | | | 1,703,543 |

(1) Includes 86,314 performance-based restricted stock units awarded in 2006, for which the performance criteria was met and vested in 2007. The weighted average grant-date fair value per share was \$31.20 for restricted stock unit awards granted for the year ended December 31, 2009. The weighted-average remaining contractual life for unvested restricted stock units was 1.6 years at December 31, 2009. The number of restricted stock awards outstanding and expected to vest is impacted by the Company's forfeiture rate assumption of 8%.

On April 23, 2008, the Company's Board of Directors approved the cancellation of awards of 67,290 service-based restricted stock units previously granted to certain executive management on December 21, 2007. These awards were replaced with an award granted on April 23, 2008. The total compensation cost reflects the

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portion of the grant-date fair value of the original award for which the requisite service period was rendered at the date of cancellation plus the incremental cost resulting from the cancellation and replacement.

In March 2009, the Company determined that it was no longer probable that the specified performance measures associated with certain performance-based restricted stock units would be achieved. As a result, 1,242,098 performance-based restricted stock units granted during 2008 and January 2009 having a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$56.43 per share, are no longer probable to vest. The Company did not recognize stock-based compensation expense related to those awards no longer probable to vest.

Stock Options

Stock option awards are granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's stock on the date of grant. Options typically vest ratably over three years and expire ten years after the date of grant. The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using a binomial lattice model.

No stock option awards were granted during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008. During the year ended December 31, 2007, 433,178 stock option awards were granted. The following table indicates the assumptions used in estimating fair value for the year ended December 31, 2007.

| | 2007 |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Expected dividend yield | \$ |
| Risk-free interest rate | 4.51%-4.99% |
| Expected life of options (years) | 6.8 |
| Assumed volatility | 31.8%-35.7% |
| Weighted average fair value | \$26.15 |

The following table summarizes stock option activity under the Company's equity compensation plans:

| | Outstanding | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Exercisable | Weighted Average Exercise Price |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|-------------|--|
| | Options | Price | Options | Price |
| | (In thousands, except per share amounts) | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2006 | 4,872 | \$ 30.98 | 2,697 | \$ 23.80 |
| Granted | 433 | 63.33 | | |
| Exercised | (618) | 29.94 | | |
| Forfeited | (81) | 40.92 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2007 | 4,606 | \$ 33.98 | 3,327 | \$ 28.19 |
| Granted | | | | |
| Exercised | (833) | 60.13 | | |
| Forfeited | (159) | 52.75 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2008 | 3,614 | \$ 32.90 | 3,245 | \$ 30.39 |
| Granted | | | | |
| Exercised | (1,070) | 57.85 | | |
| Forfeited | (63) | 50.89 | | |

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| | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|----------|-------|----------|
| Balance at December 31, 2009 | 2,481 | \$ 36.05 | 2,380 | \$ 34.90 |
| Vested and Expected to Vest | 2,474 | \$ 35.98 | | |

Based on the market value on their respective exercise dates, the total intrinsic value of stock options exercised was approximately \$35.7 million, \$20.8 million and \$22.6 million for the years ended December 31,

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The Company received cash proceeds of approximately \$26.3 million from stock options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2009.

The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2009 was approximately \$70.8 million. The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercisable as of December 31, 2009 was approximately \$70.7 million and the weighted average remaining contractual life was approximately 4.4 years. The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options vested and expected to vest was approximately \$70.8 million as of December 31, 2009 and the weighted average remaining contractual life was approximately 4.5 years. The number of stock options vested and expected to vest is impacted by the Company's forfeiture rate assumption of 8%.

15. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

On June 7, 2005, at the annual meeting of stockholders, the stockholders approved and adopted the Amended and Restated Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"), effective on July 1, 2005. No employee may purchase more than \$25,000 in stock under the ESPP in any calendar year, and no employee may purchase stock under the ESPP if such purchase would cause the employee to own more than 5% of the voting power or value of the Company's common stock. The ESPP provides for three month offering periods, commencing on the first trading day of each calendar quarter and ending on the last trading day of each calendar quarter. The purchase price of the common stock upon exercise shall be 85% of the fair market value of shares on the applicable purchase date as determined by averaging the high and low trading prices of the last trading day of each quarter. An employee may elect to pay the purchase price of such common stock through payroll deductions. The maximum number of shares reserved for issuance under the ESPP is 1,500,000 shares, subject to adjustment as provided in the ESPP. Employees are required to hold any stock purchased through the ESPP for 180 days prior to any sale or withdrawal of shares.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company issued 70,410 shares of common stock under the ESPP at a weighted-average issue price of \$40.47. Since its adoption, 795,755 shares of common stock have been issued under the ESPP.

At the June 7, 2005 annual meeting of stockholders, the Company's stockholders approved the Executive Annual Incentive Plan. Under the plan, the Company may grant to each eligible employee, including executive officers and other key employees, incentive awards to receive cash upon the achievement of pre-established performance goals. No participant may be granted performance awards in excess of \$5.0 million in any calendar year. No further performance awards may be made after the Company's 2010 annual meeting of stockholders unless Section 4 and the definition of "Performance Goal" under the plan are submitted to, and approved by, the Company's stockholders at such meeting.

The Company maintains a 401(k) retirement savings plan, which covers all eligible U.S. employees. Participants can, in accordance with Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") guidelines, set aside both pre-and post-tax savings in this account. In addition to an employee's savings, the Company contributes to plan participants' accounts. The Alliance Data Systems 401(k) and Retirement Savings Plan was amended and restated effective January 1, 2008 to better benefit the majority of Company employees. The plan is an IRS-approved safe harbor plan design that eliminates the need for most discrimination testing.

Eligible employees can participate in the plan immediately upon joining the Company and after six months of employment begin receiving Company matching contributions. Seasonal and on-call employees must complete a year of eligibility service before they may participate in the plan. On the first three percent of savings, the Company matches dollar-for-dollar. An additional fifty cents for each dollar an employee contributes is

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matched for savings of more than three percent and up to five percent of pay. All Company matching contributions are immediately vested. In addition to the Company match, the Company annually may make an additional contribution based on the profitability of the Company. This contribution, subject to Board of Directors approval, is based on a percentage of pay and is subject to a separate three-year vesting schedule. All Company contributions vest immediately if the participating employee attains age 65, becomes disabled, dies or if the plan terminates. The participants in the plan can direct their contributions and the Company's matching contribution to numerous investment options, including the Company's common stock. Contributions for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$12.4 million, \$15.7 million, and \$18.1 million, respectively.

The Company also provides a Deferred Profit Sharing Plan for its Canadian employees after one year of service. Company contributions range from one to five percent of earnings, based on years of service.

The Company also maintains an Executive Deferred Compensation Plan. The Executive Deferred Compensation Plan provides an opportunity for a defined group of management and highly compensated employees to defer on a pre-tax basis a portion of their regular compensation and bonuses payable for services rendered and to receive certain employer contributions.

16. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The components of comprehensive income, net of tax effect, are as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Net income | \$ 143,734 | \$ 206,402 | \$ 164,061 |
| Unrealized (loss) gain on securities available-for-sale | (23,912) | (45,349) | 846 |
| Reclassification adjustment for the foreign currency translation gain realized upon the sale of the utility services business | | (7,535) | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments ⁽¹⁾ | 6,020 | (19,005) | 13,946 |
| Total comprehensive income, net of tax | \$ 125,842 | \$ 134,513 | \$ 178,853 |

(1) Primarily related to the impact of changes in the Canadian currency exchange rate.

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income are as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31, | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Unrealized loss on securities available-for-sale | \$ (63,024) | \$ (39,112) |
| Unrealized foreign currency loss | (2,717) | (8,737) |
| Total accumulated other comprehensive loss | \$ (65,741) | \$ (47,849) |

17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

AIR MILES Reward Program

The Company has entered into contractual arrangements with certain AIR MILES Reward Program sponsors that result in fees being billed to those sponsors upon the redemption of AIR MILES reward miles

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issued by those sponsors. The Company has obtained letters of credit and other assurances from those sponsors for the Company's benefit that expire at various dates. These letters of credit totaled \$154.2 million at December 31, 2009, which exceeds the amount of the Company's estimate of its obligation to provide travel and other rewards upon the redemption of the AIR MILES reward miles issued by those sponsors.

The Company currently has an obligation to provide AIR MILES Reward Program collectors with travel and other rewards upon the redemption of AIR MILES reward miles. The Company believes that the redemption settlements assets, including the letters of credit and other assurances mentioned above, are sufficient to meet that obligation.

The Company has entered into certain long-term arrangements to purchase tickets from airlines and other suppliers in connection with redemptions under the AIR MILES Reward Program. These long-term arrangements allow the Company to make purchases at set prices.

Leases

The Company leases certain office facilities and equipment under noncancellable operating leases and is generally responsible for property taxes and insurance related to such facilities. Lease expense was \$53.5 million, \$54.4 million, and \$51.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company entered into certain sale-leaseback transactions that resulted in proceeds of approximately \$34.2 million and a deferred gain of \$13.1 million. The leases have been reflected as capital lease obligations and the gain is being amortized over the expected lease term in proportion to the leased assets. The Company did not enter into any sale-leaseback transactions for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Future annual minimum rental payments required under noncancellable operating and capital leases, some of which contain renewal options, as of December 31, 2009, are:

| Year | Operating Leases | Capital Leases |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|
| | (In thousands) | |
| 2010 | \$ 48,530 | \$ 23,065 |
| 2011 | 41,018 | 3,925 |
| 2012 | 34,975 | 22 |
| 2013 | 28,160 | 13 |
| 2014 | 25,722 | |
| Thereafter | 94,901 | |
| Total | \$ 273,306 | 27,025 |
| Less amount representing interest | | (1,318) |
| Total present value of minimum lease payments | | \$ 25,707 |

Regulatory Matters

WFNNB is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company's financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, WFNNB must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of its assets,

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

liabilities and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings, and other factors.

Before WFNNB can pay dividends to ADSC, it must obtain prior regulatory approval if all dividends declared in any calendar year would exceed its net profits for that year plus its retained net profits for the preceding two calendar years, less any transfers to surplus. In addition, WFNNB may only pay dividends to the extent that retained net profits, including the portion transferred to surplus, exceed bad debts. Moreover, to pay any dividend, WFNNB must maintain adequate capital above regulatory guidelines. Further, if a regulatory authority believes that WFNNB is engaged in or is about to engage in an unsafe or unsound banking practice, which, depending on its financial condition, could include the payment of dividends, the authority may require, after notice and hearing, that WFNNB cease and desist from the unsafe practice.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require WFNNB to maintain minimum amounts and ratios of total and Tier 1 capital (as defined in the regulations) to risk weighted assets (as defined) and of Tier 1 capital to average assets (as defined) (total capital ratio , Tier 1 capital ratio and leverage ratio , respectively). Under the regulations, a well capitalized institution must have a Tier 1 capital ratio of at least 6%, a total capital ratio of at least 10% and a leverage ratio of at least 5% and not be subject to a capital directive order. An adequately capitalized institution must have a Tier 1 capital ratio of at least 4%, a total capital ratio of at least 8% and a leverage ratio of at least 4%, but 3% is allowed in some cases. Under these guidelines, WFNNB is considered well capitalized. As of December 31, 2009, WFNNB's Tier 1 capital ratio was 15.2%, total capital ratio was 16.1% and leverage ratio was 32.3% and WFNNB was not subject to a capital directive order.

The Company's industrial bank, WFCB, is authorized to do business by the State of Utah and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. WFCB is subject to capital ratios and paid-in capital minimums and must maintain adequate allowances for loan losses. While the consequence of losing the WFCB authority to do business would be significant, the Company believes that the risk of such loss is minimal as a result of the precautions it has taken and the management team it has in place.

As part of an acquisition in 2003 by WFNNB, which required approval by the OCC, the OCC required WFNNB to enter into an operating agreement with the OCC and a capital adequacy and liquidity maintenance agreement with the Company. The operating agreement requires WFNNB to continue to operate in a manner consistent with its current practices, regulatory guidelines and applicable law, including those related to affiliate transactions, maintenance of capital and corporate governance. This operating agreement has not required any changes in WFNNB's operations. The capital adequacy and liquidity maintenance agreement memorializes the Company's current obligations to WFNNB.

If either of the Company's depository institution subsidiaries, WFNNB or WFCB, failed to meet the criteria for the exemption from the definition of bank in the Bank Holding Company Act under which it operates, and if the Company did not divest such depository institution upon such an occurrence, the Company would become subject to regulation under the Bank Holding Company Act. This would require the Company to cease certain activities that are not permissible for companies that are subject to regulation under the Bank Holding Company Act.

Cardholders

The Company's Private Label Credit segment is active in originating private label and co-branded credit cards in the United States. The Company reviews each potential customer's credit application and evaluates the applicant's financial history and ability and perceived willingness to repay. Credit card loans are made primarily

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on an unsecured basis. Cardholders reside throughout the United States and are not significantly concentrated in any one area.

Holders of credit cards issued by the Company have available lines of credit, which vary by cardholders that can be used for purchases of merchandise offered for sale by clients of the Company. These lines of credit represent elements of risk in excess of the amount recognized in the financial statements. The lines of credit are subject to change or cancellation by the Company. As of December 31, 2009, the Company had approximately 26.6 million cardholders, having unused lines of credit averaging \$1,088 per account.

Legal Proceedings

From time to time the Company is involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of business that it believes will not have a material adverse affect on its business or financial condition, including claims and lawsuits alleging breaches of the Company's contractual obligations.

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In accordance with FASB ASC 825, Financial Instruments, the Company is required to disclose the fair value of financial instruments for which it is practical to estimate fair value. To obtain fair values, observable market prices are used if available. In some instances, observable market prices are not readily available and fair value is determined using present value or other techniques appropriate for a particular financial instrument. These techniques involve judgment and as a result are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company would realize in a current market exchange. The use of different assumptions or estimation techniques may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments were as follows:

| | 2009 | | December 31, | | 2008 | |
|--|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | Carrying Amount | Fair Value | Carrying Amount | Fair Value | Carrying Amount | Fair Value |
| (In thousands) | | | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 213,378 | \$ 213,378 | \$ 156,911 | \$ 156,911 | | |
| Trade receivables, net | 225,212 | 225,212 | 218,170 | 218,170 | | |
| Seller's interest and credit card receivables, net | 913,406 | 913,406 | 612,940 | 612,940 | | |
| Redemption settlement assets, restricted | 574,004 | 574,004 | 531,594 | 531,594 | | |
| Due from securitizations | 992,523 | 992,523 | 701,347 | 701,347 | | |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 103,891 | 103,891 | 107,209 | 107,209 | | |
| Debt | 3,247,352 | 3,408,039 | 2,180,175 | 2,206,587 | | |

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating fair values of financial instruments as disclosed herein:

Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, net and accounts payable The carrying amount approximates fair value due to the short maturity.

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ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Seller's interest and credit card receivables, net The carrying amount of credit card receivables approximates fair value due to the short maturity, and the average interest rates approximate current market origination rates. Seller's interest is carried at an allocated carrying amount based on their fair value. The Company determines the fair value of its seller's interest through discounted cash flow models. The estimated cash flows used include assumptions related to rates of payments and defaults, which reflect economic and other relevant conditions. The discount rate used is based on an interest rate curve that is observable in the market place plus an unobservable credit spread.

Redemption settlement assets Fair values for securities are based on quoted market prices and a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future cash flows for each asset.

Due from securitizations The spread deposits, retained interests and interest-only strips are recorded at their fair value. The carrying amount of excess funding deposits approximates its fair value due to the relatively short maturity period and average interest rates, which approximate current market rates. The Company uses a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future cash flows for each asset. The model incorporates the Company's own estimates of assumptions market participants use in determining fair value, including estimates of payment rates, defaults, net charge-offs, discount rates and contractual interest and fees.

Debt The fair value was estimated based on the current rates available to the Company for debt with similar remaining maturities. A binomial lattice model was used to determine the fair value of the Convertible Senior Notes.

ASC 825 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include:

Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and

Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

Financial instruments are considered Level 3 when their values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or similar techniques and at least one significant model assumption or input is unobservable. Level 3 financial instruments also include those for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation. The use of different techniques to determine fair value of these financial instruments could result in different estimates of fair value at the reporting date.

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The following tables provide the assets carried at fair value measured on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2009 and 2008:

| | Balance at December 31, 2009 | Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2009 Using | | |
|--|------------------------------------|---|------------|--------------|
| | | Level 1 (In thousands) | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Government bonds ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 42,231 | \$ 16,676 | \$ 25,555 | \$ |
| Corporate bonds ⁽¹⁾ | 460,132 | 308,668 | 77,598 | 73,866 |
| Other available-for-sale securities ⁽²⁾ | 105,064 | 95,300 | 9,764 | |
| Seller's interest ⁽³⁾ | 297,108 | | | 297,108 |
| Due from securitizations | 992,523 | | 10,275 | 982,248 |
| Total assets measured at fair value | \$ 1,897,058 | \$ 420,644 | \$ 123,192 | \$ 1,353,222 |

| | Balance at December 31, 2008 | Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2008 Using | | |
|--|------------------------------------|---|------------|------------|
| | | Level 1 (In thousands) | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Government bonds ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 40,312 | \$ 22,938 | \$ 17,374 | \$ |
| Corporate bonds ⁽¹⁾ | 360,065 | 298,757 | 32,683 | 28,625 |
| Other available-for-sale securities ⁽²⁾ | 9,423 | 9,423 | | |
| Seller's interest ⁽³⁾ | 182,428 | | | 182,428 |
| Due from securitizations | 701,347 | | 97,110 | 604,237 |
| Total assets measured at fair value | \$ 1,293,575 | \$ 331,118 | \$ 147,167 | \$ 815,290 |

(1) Amounts are included in redemption settlement assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

(2) Amounts are included in other current and non-current assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

(3) Amounts are included in seller's interest and credit card receivables, net in the consolidated balance sheets.

The following tables summarize the changes in fair value of the Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) as defined in ASC 825 as of December 31, 2009 and 2008:

| Corporate- Bonds | Seller's Interest (In thousands) | Due from Securitizations |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|
|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|

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| | | | |
|---|-----------|------------|------------|
| January 1, 2009 | \$ 28,625 | \$ 182,428 | \$ 604,237 |
| Total (losses) gains (realized or unrealized) | | | |
| Included in earnings | | 16,912 | 6,395 |
| Included in other comprehensive income | 232 | | (34,758) |
| Purchases, issuances, and settlements | 45,009 | 97,768 | 406,374 |
| Transfers in or out of Level 3 | | | |
| December 31, 2009 | \$ 73,866 | \$ 297,108 | \$ 982,248 |
| Gains for the period included in earnings attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses related to assets still held at December 31, 2009 | \$ | \$ 16,912 | \$ 6,395 |

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| | Corporate- Bonds | Seller s Interest (In thousands) | Due from Securitizations |
|--|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| January 1, 2008 | \$ | \$ | \$ 280,359 |
| Total (losses) gains (realized or unrealized) | | | |
| Included in earnings | | 675 | 19,059 |
| Included in other comprehensive income | (6,760) | | (51,540) |
| Purchases, issuances, and settlements | | 9,598 | 48,496 |
| Transfers in or out of Level 3 | 35,385 | 172,155 | 307,863 |
| December 31, 2008 | \$ 28,625 | \$ 182,428 | \$ 604,237 |
| Gains for the period included in earnings attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses related to assets still held at December 31, 2008 | \$ | \$ 675 | \$ 19,059 |

Gains included in earnings for seller s interest and due from securitizations are included in securitization income and finance charges, net.

The Company also has assets that under certain conditions are subject to measurement at fair value on a non-recurring basis. These assets include those associated with acquired businesses, including goodwill and other intangible assets. For these assets, measurement at fair value in periods subsequent to their initial recognition is applicable if one or more is determined to be impaired. During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company had no impairments related to these assets.

19. PARENT-ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ADSC provides guarantees under the credit facilities on behalf of certain of its subsidiaries. Additionally, certain of the Company s subsidiaries may be restricted in distributing cash or other assets to ADSC, which could be utilized to service its indebtedness. The stand alone parent-only financial statements are presented below.

Balance Sheets

| | December 31, 2009 2008 (In thousands) | |
|----------------------------|--|--------------|
| Assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 375 | \$ 140 |
| Investment in subsidiaries | 1,099,599 | 1,140,097 |
| Intercompany receivables | 1,299,037 | 1,259,710 |
| Other assets | 50,938 | 48,120 |
| Total assets | \$ 2,449,949 | \$ 2,448,067 |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Current debt | \$ 24,150 | \$ 250,000 |
| Long-term debt | 1,724,777 | 1,284,100 |
| Other liabilities | 428,246 | 366,669 |
| Total liabilities | 2,177,173 | 1,900,769 |

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| | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Stockholders' equity | 272,776 | 547,298 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 2,449,949 | \$ 2,448,067 |

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Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****Statements of Income**

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Interest from loans to subsidiaries | \$ 15,428 | \$ 24,314 | \$ 35,048 |
| Dividends from subsidiaries | 1,101,641 | 350,800 | 202,250 |
| Total revenue | 1,117,069 | 375,114 | 237,298 |
| Loss on sale of long-lived assets | | 1,052 | 16,045 |
| Interest expense, net | 120,363 | 76,454 | 64,289 |
| Other expenses, net | 194 | 199 | (289) |
| Total expenses | 120,557 | 77,705 | 80,045 |
| Income before income taxes and equity in undistributed net loss of subsidiaries | 996,512 | 297,409 | 157,253 |
| Benefit for income taxes | (34,366) | (10,278) | (19,645) |
| Income before equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries | 1,030,878 | 307,687 | 176,898 |
| Equity in undistributed net loss of subsidiaries | (887,144) | (101,285) | (12,837) |
| Net income | \$ 143,734 | \$ 206,402 | \$ 164,061 |

Statements of Cash Flows

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities | \$ (830,310) | \$ (229,084) | \$ 108,270 |
| Investing activities: | | | |
| Proceeds from the sale of businesses | | 137,962 | 12,347 |
| Payments for acquired businesses, net of cash acquired | | (2,314) | (438,163) |
| Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities | | 135,648 | (425,816) |
| Financing activities: | | | |
| Borrowings under debt agreements | 3,369,000 | 4,646,000 | 2,309,000 |
| Repayment of borrowings | (3,091,000) | (3,797,000) | (2,113,000) |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation | 9,040 | 2,269 | 8,163 |
| Payment of deferred financing costs | (15,522) | (31,105) | |
| Other | | | (1,069) |
| Purchase of treasury shares | (445,891) | (1,000,853) | (108,536) |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | 28,864 | 30,920 | 20,892 |
| Proceeds from issuance of convertible note warrants | 30,050 | 94,185 | |

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| | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Payment for convertible note hedges | (80,765) | (201,814) | |
| Purchase of prepaid forward contracts | (74,872) | | |
| Dividends received | 1,101,641 | 350,800 | 202,250 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 830,545 | 93,402 | 317,700 |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 235 | (34) | 154 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 140 | 174 | 20 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ 375 | \$ 140 | \$ 174 |

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

20. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are defined by ASC 280, Segment Reporting, as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker, or decision making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company's chief operating decision making group is comprised of the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. The operating segments are reviewed separately because each operating segment represents a strategic business unit that generally offers different products and serves different markets.

The Company operates in four reportable segments: Loyalty Services, Epsilon Marketing Services, Private Label Services, and Private Label Credit.

Loyalty Services includes the Company's Canadian AIR MILES Reward Program;

Epsilon Marketing Services provides integrated direct marketing solutions that combine database marketing technology and analytics with a broad range of direct marketing services;

Private Label Services provides transaction processing, customer care and collections services for the Company's private label and other retail credit card programs; and

Private Label Credit provides risk management solutions, account origination and funding services for the Company's private label and other retail credit card programs.

In addition, corporate and all other immaterial businesses are reported collectively as an all other category labeled Corporate/Other. Interest expense, net and income taxes are not allocated to the segments in the computation of segment operating profit for internal evaluation purposes and have also been included in Corporate/Other. Total assets are not allocated to the segments. As discussed in Note 4, Discontinued Operations and Other Dispositions, the Company's merchant services and utility services business units and a terminated operation have been classified as discontinued operations.

The Private Label Services segment performs card processing and servicing activities for cardholder accounts generated by the Private Label Credit segment. For this, the Private Label Services segment receives a fee equal to its direct costs before corporate overhead plus a margin. The margin is based on estimated current market rates for similar services. This fee represents an operating cost to the Private Label Credit segment and corresponding revenue for the Private Label Services segment. Inter-segment sales are eliminated upon consolidation. Revenues earned by the Private Label Services segment from servicing the Private Label Credit segment, and consequently paid by the Private Label Credit segment to the Private Label Services segment, are set forth under Eliminations in the tables below.

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The accounting policies of the operating segments are generally the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

| Year Ended December 31, 2009 | Loyalty Services | Epsilon Marketing Services | Private Label Services | Private Label Credit | Corporate/Other | Eliminations | Total |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| | (In thousands) | | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$ 715,091 | \$ 514,272 | \$ 396,665 | \$ 693,187 | \$ 28,644 | \$ (383,518) | \$ 1,964,341 |
| Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾ | 200,724 | 128,253 | 120,821 | 194,403 | (54,124) | | 590,077 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 21,772 | 69,941 | 9,800 | 15,356 | 8,417 | | 125,286 |
| Stock compensation expense | 12,227 | 8,815 | 6,585 | 1,614 | 24,371 | | 53,612 |
| Merger and other costs ⁽²⁾ | | | | | 3,422 | | 3,422 |
| Operating income (loss) | 166,725 | 49,497 | 104,436 | 177,433 | (90,334) | | 407,757 |
| Interest expense, net | | | | | 144,811 | | 144,811 |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes | 166,725 | 49,497 | 104,436 | 177,433 | (235,145) | | 262,946 |
| Capital expenditures | 23,165 | 14,277 | 11,523 | 2,221 | 1,784 | | 52,970 |
| Year Ended December 31, 2008 | Loyalty Services | Epsilon Marketing Services | Private Label Services | Private Label Credit | Corporate/Other | Eliminations | Total |
| | (In thousands) | | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$ 755,546 | \$ 490,998 | \$ 382,647 | \$ 750,355 | \$ 17,337 | \$ (371,629) | \$ 2,025,254 |
| Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾ | 204,895 | 126,558 | 116,010 | 254,173 | (46,407) | | 655,229 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 29,796 | 75,481 | 8,832 | 11,486 | 10,201 | | 135,796 |
| Stock compensation expense | 12,611 | 8,853 | 6,591 | 1,788 | 18,891 | | 48,734 |
| Merger and other costs ⁽²⁾ | | 2,633 | 1,435 | | 4,988 | | 9,056 |
| Loss on sale of assets | | | | | 1,052 | | 1,052 |
| Operating income (loss) | 162,488 | 39,591 | 99,152 | 240,899 | (81,539) | | 460,591 |
| Interest expense, net | | | | | 80,440 | | 80,440 |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes | 162,488 | 39,591 | 99,152 | 240,899 | (161,979) | | 380,151 |
| Capital expenditures | 15,621 | 12,971 | 9,496 | 4,217 | 3,238 | | 45,543 |
| Year Ended December 31, 2007 | Loyalty Services | Epsilon Marketing Services | Private Label Services | Private Label Credit | Corporate/Other | Eliminations | Total |
| | (In thousands) | | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$ 628,792 | \$ 458,610 | \$ 370,832 | \$ 827,952 | \$ 33,360 | \$ (357,387) | \$ 1,962,159 |
| Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾ | 132,136 | 118,219 | 99,084 | 350,079 | (67,333) | | 632,185 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 24,601 | 71,901 | 8,429 | 11,231 | 10,849 | | 127,011 |
| Stock compensation expense | 7,353 | 11,380 | 5,613 | 774 | 23,191 | | 48,311 |
| Merger and other costs ⁽²⁾ | | | | | 19,593 | | 19,593 |
| Loss on sale of assets | | | | | 16,045 | | 16,045 |
| Operating income (loss) | 100,184 | 34,935 | 85,042 | 338,075 | (137,011) | | 421,225 |
| Interest expense, net | | | | | 69,381 | | 69,381 |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes | 100,184 | 34,935 | 85,042 | 338,075 | (206,392) | | 351,844 |
| Capital expenditures | 35,281 | 30,555 | 15,598 | 2,789 | 6,857 | | 91,080 |

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- (1) Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure equal to income from continuing operations, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, plus stock compensation expense, provision for income taxes, interest expense, net, depreciation and amortization, loss on the sale of assets, merger and other costs. Adjusted EBITDA is presented in accordance with ASC 280 as it is the primary performance metric by which senior management is evaluated.

- (2) Merger and other costs are not allocated to the segments in the computation of segment operating profit for internal evaluation purposes. Merger costs represent investment banking, legal, and accounting costs. Other costs represent compensation charges related to the severance of certain employees and other non-routine costs associated with the disposition of certain businesses.

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Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Information concerning principal geographic areas is as follows:

| | United States | Canada | Other | Total |
|------------------------------|------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|
| | (In thousands) | | | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Year Ended December 31, 2009 | \$ 1,179,583 | \$ 761,578 | \$ 23,180 | \$ 1,964,341 |
| Year Ended December 31, 2008 | \$ 1,222,565 | \$ 770,270 | \$ 32,419 | \$ 2,025,254 |
| Year Ended December 31, 2007 | \$ 1,285,123 | \$ 646,078 | \$ 30,958 | \$ 1,962,159 |
| Long-lived assets | | | | |
| December 31, 2009 | \$ 2,490,688 | \$ 316,660 | \$ 58,814 | \$ 2,866,162 |
| December 31, 2008 | \$ 1,992,675 | \$ 378,035 | \$ 46,630 | \$ 2,417,340 |

As of December 31, 2009, revenues from BMO represented approximately 16.7% of revenue and are included in the Loyalty Services segment.

21. QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

Unaudited quarterly results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 are presented below.

| | Quarter Ended ⁽¹⁾ | | | |
|---|--|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | March 31, 2009 | June 30, 2009 | September 30, 2009 | December 31, 2009 |
| | (In thousands, except per share amounts) | | | |
| Revenues | \$ 479,451 | \$ 457,539 | \$ 481,431 | \$ 545,920 |
| Operating expenses | 377,831 | 376,960 | 387,885 | 413,908 |
| Operating income | 101,620 | 80,579 | 93,546 | 132,012 |
| Interest expense, net | 31,287 | 34,107 | 38,563 | 40,854 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 70,333 | 46,472 | 54,983 | 91,158 |
| Provision for income taxes | 27,284 | 18,085 | 9,666 | 31,192 |
| Income from continuing operations | 43,049 | 28,387 | 45,317 | 59,966 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations | (15,194) | 1,049 | 479 | (19,319) |
| Net income | \$ 27,855 | \$ 29,436 | \$ 45,796 | \$ 40,647 |
| Income from continuing operations per share basic | \$ 0.70 | \$ 0.50 | \$ 0.86 | \$ 1.15 |
| Income from continuing operations per share diluted | \$ 0.70 | \$ 0.49 | \$ 0.82 | \$ 1.07 |
| Net income per share basic | \$ 0.46 | \$ 0.52 | \$ 0.87 | \$ 0.78 |
| Net income per share diluted | \$ 0.45 | \$ 0.51 | \$ 0.83 | \$ 0.72 |

Table of Contents**ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

| | Quarter Ended ⁽¹⁾ | | | |
|---|--|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | March 31, 2008 | June 30, 2008 | September 30, 2008 | December 31, 2008 |
| | (In thousands, except per share amounts) | | | |
| Revenues | \$ 499,250 | \$ 507,210 | \$ 511,149 | \$ 507,645 |
| Operating expenses | 380,687 | 393,033 | 391,351 | 399,592 |
| Operating income | 118,563 | 114,177 | 119,798 | 108,053 |
| Interest expense, net | 17,103 | 13,942 | 23,316 | 26,079 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 101,460 | 100,235 | 96,482 | 81,974 |
| Provision for income taxes | 38,758 | 38,289 | 37,552 | 33,000 |
| Income from continuing operations | 62,702 | 61,946 | 58,930 | 48,974 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations | (13,383) | (14,977) | 5,900 | (3,690) |
| Net income | \$ 49,319 | \$ 46,969 | \$ 64,830 | \$ 45,284 |
| Income from continuing operations per share basic | \$ 0.80 | \$ 0.81 | \$ 0.87 | \$ 0.77 |
| Income from continuing operations per share diluted | \$ 0.78 | \$ 0.79 | \$ 0.85 | \$ 0.75 |
| Net income per share basic | \$ 0.63 | \$ 0.61 | \$ 0.96 | \$ 0.71 |
| Net income per share diluted | \$ 0.61 | \$ 0.60 | \$ 0.93 | \$ 0.69 |

(1) The quarterly results for 2009 and 2008 have been restated to reflect the termination of the credit program for web and catalog retailer VENUE in November 2009.

Table of Contents**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Alliance Data Systems Corporation has duly caused this annual report on Form 10-K to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

By: /s/ EDWARD J. HEFFERNAN
Edward J. Heffernan
President and Chief Executive Officer

DATE: March 1, 2010

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of Alliance Data Systems Corporation and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

| Name | Title | Date |
|---|---|---------------|
| /s/ EDWARD J. HEFFERNAN Edward J. Heffernan | President and Chief Executive Officer | March 1, 2010 |
| /s/ CHARLES L. HORN Charles L. Horn | Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer | March 1, 2010 |
| /s/ LAURA SANTILLAN Laura Santillan | Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer | March 1, 2010 |
| /s/ BRUCE K. ANDERSON Bruce K. Anderson | Director | March 1, 2010 |
| /s/ ROGER H. BALLOU Roger H. Ballou | Director | March 1, 2010 |
| /s/ LAWRENCE M. BENVENISTE, PH.D. Lawrence M. Benveniste, Ph.D. | Director | March 1, 2010 |
| /s/ D. KEITH COBB D. Keith Cobb | Director | March 1, 2010 |
| /s/ E. LINN DRAPER, JR., PH.D. E. Linn Draper, Jr., Ph.D. | Director | March 1, 2010 |
| /s/ KENNETH R. JENSEN Kenneth R. Jensen | Director | March 1, 2010 |

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Kenneth R. Jensen

/s/ ROBERT A. MINICUCCI

Chairman of the Board, Director

March 1, 2010

Robert A. Minicucci

/s/ J. MICHAEL PARKS

Director

March 1, 2010

J. Michael Parks

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SCHEDULE II

ALLIANCE DATA SYSTEMS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

| Description | Balance at Beginning of Period | Charged to Costs and Expenses | Charged to Other Accounts (In thousands) | Write-Offs Net of Recoveries | Balance at End of Period |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Trade receivables: | | | | | |
| Year Ended December 31, 2009 | \$ 7,172 | \$ 2,727 | \$ (262) | \$ (2,901) | \$ 6,736 |
| Year Ended December 31, 2008 | \$ 6,319 | \$ 5,982 | \$ (594) | \$ (4,535) | \$ 7,172 |
| Year Ended December 31, 2007 | \$ 2,215 | \$ 4,851 | \$ (63) | \$ (684) | \$ 6,319 |
| Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Seller's interest and credit card receivables: | | | | | |
| Year Ended December 31, 2009 | \$ 38,124 | \$ 52,259 | \$ 2,502 | \$ (38,001) | \$ 54,884 |
| Year Ended December 31, 2008 | \$ 38,726 | \$ 36,192 | \$ 17,216 | \$ (54,010) | \$ 38,124 |
| Year Ended December 31, 2007 | \$ 45,919 | \$ 35,812 | \$ (1,798) | \$ (41,207) | \$ 38,726 |