Aleris International, Inc. Form PREM14A September 08, 2006 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of

the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed by the Registrant x

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant "

Check the appropriate box:

- x Preliminary Proxy Statement
- " Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- " Definitive Proxy Statement
- " Definitive Additional Materials
- " Soliciting Material Pursuant to Rule § 240.14a-12

ALERIS INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

N/A

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- " No fee required.
- x Fee computed below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.
 - Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
 Common Stock, par value \$0.10 per share, of Aleris International, Inc.
 - (2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies: 30.991.760 shares of Aleris common stock

1,537,466 options to purchase shares of Aleris common stock with an exercise price less than \$52.50

564,207 shares of restricted Aleris common stock and rights to receive Aleris common stock pursuant to stock unit awards

(3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):

The filing fee was determined based upon the sum of (A) 30,991,760 shares of Aleris common stock multiplied by \$52.50 per share, (B) 564,207 shares of restricted common stock and rights to receive Aleris common stock pursuant to stock unit awards multiplied by

	\$52.50 per share or unit and (C) options to purchase 1,537,466 shares of Aleris common stock with exercise prices less than \$52.50, multiplied by \$39.12 per share (which is the difference between \$52.50 and the weighted average exercise price per share). In accordance with Section 14(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the filing fee was determined by multiplying 0.00010700 by the sum of the preceding sentence.
(4)	Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:
	\$1,716,833,938.00
(5)	Total fee paid:
	\$183,701.23

Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.

Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing.

(1) Amount Previously Paid:

(2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:

(3) Filing Party:

(4) Date Filed:

25825 SCIENCE PARK DRIVE

SUITE 400

BEACHWOOD, OHIO 44122-7392

[•]

Dear Stockholder:

The board of directors of Aleris International, Inc. (Aleris or the Company) has unanimously approved the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of August 7, 2006 (the merger agreement), by and among Aleris, Aurora Acquisition Holdings, Inc. (Parent) and Aurora Acquisition Merger Sub, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent (Merger Sub), providing for the acquisition of the Company by Parent, an entity currently owned indirectly by private equity funds sponsored by TPG Advisors IV, Inc. and TPG Advisors V, Inc.

As further described in the proxy statement attached to this letter, the merger agreement provides for the merger of Merger Sub with and into the Company pursuant to which each outstanding share of common stock, par value \$0.10 per share, of the Company (other than shares held in the treasury of the Company or owned by Parent, Merger Sub or any direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent or the Company and other than shares held by stockholders who properly exercise statutory appraisal rights) will be converted into the right to receive \$52.50 in cash, without interest and less any required withholding taxes. If the merger is completed, you will receive \$52.50 in cash, without interest and less any required withholding taxes, for each share of Aleris common stock you own.

You will be asked, at a special meeting of the Company s stockholders to be held at [•] on [•] at [•], to vote on the merger proposal. Only stockholders of record of Aleris common stock on the close of business on [•] are entitled to vote at the special meeting. The board of directors has unanimously determined that the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, including the merger, are advisable and fair to and in the best interests of Aleris and its stockholders. The board of directors unanimously recommends that Aleris s stockholders vote FOR the approval and adoption of the merger agreement.

The proxy statement attached to this letter provides you with information about the proposed merger and the special meeting of the Company s stockholders. We encourage you to read the entire proxy statement carefully. You may also obtain more information about the Company from documents we have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Your vote is very important. Because approval and adoption of the merger agreement requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Aleris common stock entitled to vote as of the close of business on the record date for the special meeting, a failure to vote will have the same effect as a vote against approval and adoption of the merger agreement.

Whether or not you plan to attend the special meeting in person and regardless of the number of shares you own, it is important that your shares be represented and voted at the special meeting. Accordingly, you are requested to vote the enclosed proxy at your earliest convenience. Your shares will then be represented at the special meeting, and we will be able to avoid the expense of further solicitation.

Submitting your proxy will not prevent you from voting your shares in person if you subsequently choose to attend the special meeting.

Thank you for your cooperation and continued support.

Very truly yours,

Steven J. Demetriou

Chairman of the Board of Directors and

Chief Executive Officer

THIS PROXY STATEMENT IS DATED [•]

AND IS FIRST BEING MAILED TO STOCKHOLDERS ON OR ABOUT [•]

25825 SCIENCE PARK DRIVE

SUITE 400

BEACHWOOD, OHIO 44122-7392

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

TO BE HELD [•]

Dear Stockholder:

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of stockholders of Aleris International, Inc. (Aleris or the Company), will be held at $[\bullet]$ on $[\bullet]$ at $[\bullet]$. At the special meeting Aleris stockholders will be asked to:

Consider and vote on a proposal to approve and adopt the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of August 7, 2006 (the merger agreement), by and among Aleris, Aurora Acquisition Holdings, Inc. (Parent) and Aurora Acquisition Merger Sub, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent (Merger Sub). As further described in this proxy statement, the merger agreement provides for the merger of Merger Sub with and into Aleris pursuant to which each outstanding share of common stock, par value \$0.10 per share, of the Company (other than shares held in the treasury of the Company or owned by Parent, Merger Sub or any direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent or the Company and other than shares held by stockholders who properly exercise statutory appraisal rights), will be converted into the right to receive \$52.50 in cash, without interest and less any required withholding taxes.

Consider and vote on a proposal to adjourn or postpone the special meeting, if necessary or appropriate, to solicit additional proxies if there are insufficient votes at the time of the special meeting to approve and adopt the merger agreement, if proposed by the Company s board of directors.

Consider and take action on any other business matter that may properly come before the special meeting or any reconvened special meeting following an adjournment or postponement thereof.

Whether or not you plan to attend the special meeting, we encourage you to vote by proxy as soon as possible. To vote your proxy by mail, mark your vote on the enclosed proxy card, sign it correctly, and return it in the envelope provided. To vote your proxy by telephone or electronically via the Internet, see the instructions on the proxy card and have the proxy card available when you call or access the Internet website. If you receive more than one proxy card because your shares are registered in different names or at different addresses, each proxy card should be voted to ensure that all of your shares will be counted. You may revoke your proxy at any time prior to the special meeting, and if you are present at the special meeting, you may withdraw your proxy and vote in person.

Only stockholders of record of Aleris common stock on the close of business on [•] are entitled to notice of and to vote at the special meeting and at any adjournment or postponement of the special meeting. On the record date, we had outstanding [•] shares of common stock. Each share of common stock is entitled to one vote on each matter to come before the special meeting. The presence, in person or by proxy, of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock entitled to vote as of the record date is necessary to constitute a quorum at the special meeting. Approval and adoption of the merger agreement requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Aleris common stock entitled to vote as of the close of business on the record date for the special meeting. If you sign, date and mail your proxy card without indicating how you wish to vote, your proxy will be voted in favor of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement. If you fail to return your proxy card or fail to submit your proxy by telephone or the Internet and do not attend the special

meeting in person, the effect will be that your shares will not be counted for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at the special meeting and, if a quorum is present, will have the same effect as a vote against the approval and adoption of the merger agreement. All stockholders of record are cordially invited to attend the special meeting in person. A complete list of stockholders of record entitled to vote at the special meeting will be open to the examination of any stockholder at our headquarters during normal business hours at 25825 Science Park Drive, Suite 400, Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392 for a period of ten days before the special meeting.

A copy of the merger agreement is attached as Annex A to the proxy statement of which this notice is a part. The proposal to approve and adopt the merger agreement is described in more detail in the accompanying proxy statement. You should read these documents carefully and in their entirety before voting. Aleris s board of directors has unanimously determined that the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, including the merger, are advisable and fair to and in the best interests of Aleris and its stockholders and unanimously recommends that Aleris stockholders vote FOR the proposal to approve and adopt the merger agreement.

This notice, the accompanying proxy statement and the enclosed proxy card are sent to you by order of the board of directors of Aleris International, Inc.

Christopher R. Clegg

Senior Vice President, General Counsel

and Secretary

[•]

YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT

Stockholders of Aleris who do not vote in favor of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement will have the right to seek appraisal of the fair value of their shares if the merger is completed, but only if they submit a written demand for appraisal to the Company before the vote is taken on the merger agreement and they comply with all requirements of Section 262 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. A copy of the applicable statutory provisions is included as Annex C to the proxy statement, and a summary of these provisions can be found in the section entitled Rights of Appraisal in the proxy statement.

Please do not send your stock certificates at this time. If the merger is completed, you will be sent instructions regarding the surrender of your stock certificates.

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In this proxy statement, the terms Aleris, Company, we, our, ours and us refer to Aleris International, Inc.

SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information from this proxy statement and may not contain all of the information that may be important to you. This summary is not meant to be a substitute for the information contained in the remainder of the proxy statement. To understand the merger fully and for a more complete description of the legal terms of the merger, you should read carefully this entire proxy statement, its annexes and the documents referred to or incorporated by reference in this proxy statement.

The Parties to the Merger (Page 16)

Aleris International, Inc.

25825 Science Park Drive, Suite 400

Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392

(216) 910-3400

Aleris International, Inc. is a global leader in aluminum rolled products and extrusions, aluminum recycling and specification alloy production. Aleris is also a recycler of zinc and a leading U.S. manufacturer of zinc metal and value-added zinc products that include zinc oxide and zinc dust. Aleris operates 50 production facilities in North America, Europe, South America and Asia, and employs approximately 8,600 employees.

Aurora Acquisition Holdings, Inc.

c/o Texas Pacific Group

301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300

Fort Worth, TX 76102

(817) 871-4000

Aurora Acquisition Holdings, Inc., which we refer to as Parent, is currently indirectly wholly owned by private equity funds sponsored by TPG Advisors IV, Inc. and TPG Advisors V, Inc., which we refer to together as TPG. Parent was formed solely for the purpose of entering into the merger agreement and completing the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. It has not conducted any activities to date other than activities incidental to its formation and in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

Aurora Acquisition Merger Sub, Inc.

c/o Texas Pacific Group

301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300

Fort Worth, TX 76102

(817) 871-4000

Aurora Acquisition Merger Sub, Inc., which we refer to as Merger Sub, is wholly owned by Parent. Merger Sub was formed solely for the purpose of entering into the merger agreement and consummating the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. It has not conducted any activities to date other than activities incidental to its formation and in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. Under the terms of the merger agreement, Merger Sub will merge with and into Aleris. Aleris will survive the merger and Merger Sub will cease to exist.

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Parent and Merger Sub are each entities currently indirectly owned by private equity funds sponsored by TPG Advisors IV, Inc. and TPG Advisors V, Inc. Each of TPG Advisors IV, Inc. and TPG Advisors V, Inc. is serving as the sole general partner of related entities engaged in making investments in securities of public and private companies.

Information about the Special Meeting and Voting

Time, Place and Purpose of the Special Meeting (Page 17)

The special meeting will be held on [•], starting at [•], at [•], unless it is postponed or adjourned. The purpose of the special meeting is for our stockholders to consider and vote upon the approval and adoption of the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of August 7, 2006, by and among Aleris, Aurora Acquisition Holdings, Inc. and Aurora Acquisition Merger Sub, Inc., which we refer to as the merger agreement. The merger agreement provides for the merger of Aurora Acquisition Merger Sub, Inc. with and into Aleris, which we refer to as the merger.

Matters to be Considered (Page 17)

You will be asked to consider and vote on a proposal to approve and adopt the merger agreement, to consider and vote on a proposal to adjourn or postpone the special meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies in favor of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement and to consider and transact any other business as may properly be brought before the special meeting or any adjournments or postponements of the special meeting.

Stockholders Entitled to Vote (Page 17)

The close of business on [•] has been fixed by Aleris s board of directors as the record date for the determination of those holders of Aleris common stock who are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the special meeting and at any adjournments or postponements thereof. A complete list of stockholders of record entitled to vote at the special meeting will be open to the examination of any stockholder at our headquarters during normal business hours at 25825 Science Park Drive, Suite 400, Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392 for a period of ten days before the special meeting.

Quorum and Required Vote (Page 17)

Each holder of record of shares of Aleris common stock as of the close of business on the record date for the special meeting is entitled to cast one vote per share at the special meeting on each proposal. The presence of the holders of Aleris common stock having a majority of the voting power of the stock entitled to be voted at the special meeting, present in person or represented by proxy, is necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the special meeting. Approval and adoption of the merger agreement requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Aleris common stock entitled to vote as of the close of business on the record date for the special meeting. A failure to vote your shares of the Company s common stock or an abstention will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST the merger.

As of [•], the record date for the special meeting, [•] shares of Aleris common stock were entitled to vote at the special meeting. As of such date, directors and executive officers of Aleris and their affiliates beneficially owned an aggregate of [•] shares of Aleris common stock (not including options) entitled to vote at the special meeting, which represent approximately [•]% of the Aleris common stock outstanding and entitled to vote as of the record date for the special meeting. These individuals are not party to any voting agreements with Aleris and do not have any obligations to vote in favor of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement, but have indicated to Aleris their intention to vote their outstanding shares of Aleris common stock in favor of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement.

How Shares Will Be Voted at the Special Meeting (Page 17)

All shares of Aleris common stock represented by properly executed proxies received before or at the special meeting, and not properly revoked, will be voted as specified in the proxies. Properly executed proxies

that do not contain voting instructions will be voted FOR the approval and adoption of the merger agreement and any adjournment or postponement of the special meeting.

A properly executed proxy marked ABSTAIN with respect to any proposal will be counted as present for purposes of determining whether there is a quorum at the special meeting. An abstention will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST approval and adoption of the merger agreement.

If you hold shares of Aleris common stock in street name through a broker, bank or other nominee, the broker, bank or other nominee may vote your shares only in accordance with your instructions. If you do not give specific instructions to your broker, bank or other nominee as to how you want your shares voted, your broker, bank or other nominee will indicate that it does not have authority to vote on the proposal, which will result in what is called a broker non-vote . Broker non-votes will be counted for purposes of determining whether there is a quorum present at the special meeting, but broker non-votes will have the same practical effect as a vote AGAINST approval and adoption of the merger agreement.

If any other matters are properly brought before the special meeting, the people named in the proxy cards will have discretion to vote the shares represented by duly executed proxies in their sole discretion.

How to Vote Your Shares (Page 18)

To vote your proxy by mail, registered stockholders should mark their vote on the enclosed proxy card, sign it correctly, date and return it in the envelope provided. To vote a proxy by telephone or electronically via the Internet, follow the instructions on the proxy card and have the proxy card available when calling or accessing the Internet website. If more than one proxy card is received because shares are registered in different names or at different addresses, each proxy card should be voted to ensure that all shares will be counted. Registered stockholders may also vote in person at the special meeting.

If your shares are held in street name through a broker, bank or other nominee, you must follow the instructions on the form you receive from your broker, bank or other nominee in order for your shares to be voted. Also, if the holder of record of your shares is a broker, bank or other nominee and you wish to vote at the special meeting, you must request a legal proxy from the broker, bank or other nominee that holds your shares and present that proxy and proof of identification at the special meeting to vote your shares.

Based on the instructions provided by the broker, bank or other nominee holder of record of their shares, street-name stockholders may generally vote by one of the following methods:

by mail: you may vote by marking, signing, dating and returning your proxy card in the enclosed envelope;

by methods listed on your voting card: please refer to your voting card or other information forwarded by your broker, bank or other nominee holder of record to determine whether you may vote by telephone or electronically on the Internet; or

in person with a proxy from the record holder: a street-name stockholder who wishes to vote at the special meeting will need to obtain a legal proxy from his or her broker, bank or other nominee; please refer to your voting card or other information forwarded by your broker, bank or other nominee to determine how to obtain a legal proxy to vote in person at the special meeting.

If you hold your shares through the Commonwealth Industries, Inc. 401(k) Plan or the Commonwealth Aluminum Lewisport, LLC Hourly 401(k) Plan, your proxy will serve as voting instructions to the trustee under the plan. The trustee will vote the shares of Aleris common stock allocated to your account at the special meeting as directed by you on the proxy card.

How to Change Your Vote (Page 19)

If you are a registered stockholder, you may revoke your proxy at any time before the shares are voted at the special meeting by sending a written notice to the Corporate Secretary of Aleris, 25825 Science Park Drive,

Suite 400, Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392, by the close of business on [•], indicating you are revoking your earlier proxy or completing, signing and timely submitting a new proxy card to the addressee indicated on the envelope enclosed with your initial proxy card by the close of business on [•] or attending the special meeting and voting in person.

If you vote your shares by telephone or via the Internet, you may revoke your prior telephone or Internet vote by subsequently recording a different vote by telephone or Internet, signing and returning a proxy card after your last telephone or Internet vote or attending the special meeting and voting in person.

Simply attending the special meeting will not constitute revocation of your proxy. If you are a street-name stockholder and you vote by proxy, you may later revoke your proxy by informing the holder of record in accordance with that entity s procedures.

Solicitation of Proxies (Page 19)

We expect to solicit proxies primarily by mail, but our directors, officers and regular employees may also solicit by personal interview, telephone or similar means. All expenses in connection with the solicitation of proxies will be borne by us.

We have also made arrangements with McKenzie Partners, Inc. to assist us in soliciting proxies for the special meeting and have agreed to pay McKenzie Partners, Inc. a fee not expected to exceed \$[•], plus reasonable out-of-pocket expenses, for these services. Arrangements also will be made with brokerage firms and other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries for the forwarding of solicitation material to the beneficial owners of shares of Aleris common stock held of record by those persons.

Special Meeting Admission (Page 19)

Only stockholders of Aleris as of the record date for the special meeting may attend the special meeting. If you are a registered stockholder and plan to attend the special meeting in person, please bring valid photo identification with you to the special meeting. If you are a beneficial owner of Aleris common stock that is held in street name by a broker, bank or other nominee, you will need a legal proxy from the broker, bank or other nominee that holds your shares and valid photo identification to be admitted to the special meeting.

When the Merger Will Be Completed (Page 12)

We are working to complete the merger as soon as possible. We currently anticipate completing the merger in early 2007, subject to the approval and adoption of the merger agreement by the Company's stockholders and the satisfaction of the other closing conditions in the merger agreement. In addition, Parent and Merger Sub are not obligated to complete the merger until the expiration of a 60 consecutive calendar day marketing period throughout and at the end of which (1) Parent and its financing sources have the financial information that the Company is required to provide pursuant to the merger agreement to complete the debt financing for the merger and (2) the conditions to the obligations of Parent and Merger Sub to complete the merger are satisfied or would be satisfied if the closing were then scheduled to occur. Parent and Merger Sub may use the marketing period to complete the debt financing for the merger.

The marketing period begins to run after the initiation date. The initiation date is the latest of (1) the date this Proxy Statement is mailed to the Company s stockholders, (2) the date that Parent and its financing sources have received certain financial information from the Company and (3) the later of November 10, 2006 and the business day after the Company files its quarterly report for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which we refer to as the SEC.

There are also certain periods that will not count towards the 60-day period and, in certain circumstances applicable to closing the merger in 2007, the marketing period instead will be 45 consecutive calendar days and will be deemed to start on specified dates in 2007.

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Recommendation of Aleris s Board of Directors (Page 27)

After careful consideration, our board of directors has unanimously:

determined that the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, including the merger, are advisable and fair to and in the best interests of Aleris and its stockholders;

approved the merger agreement; and

recommended that Aleris's stockholders vote FOR the approval and adoption of the merger agreement. Opinion of Aleris's Financial Advisor (Page 28 and Annex B)

In connection with the merger, Aleris s board of directors received a written opinion, dated August 7, 2006, from Citigroup Global Markets Inc., or Citigroup, Aleris s financial advisor, as to the fairness, from a financial point of view and as of the date of the opinion, of the merger consideration to be received by holders of Aleris common stock. The full text of Citigroup s written opinion is attached to this proxy statement as Annex B. We encourage you to read this opinion carefully in its entirety for a description of the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken. Citigroup s opinion, which was provided to Aleris s board of directors in connection with its evaluation of the merger consideration from a financial point of view, does not address any other aspects or implications of the merger and does not constitute a recommendation to any stockholder as to how such stockholder should vote or act on any matters relating to the proposed merger.

Financing the Merger (Page 32)

Parent estimates the total amount of funds necessary to complete the merger is approximately \$3.4 billion, which includes approximately \$1.7 billion to be paid to our stockholders and holders of our other equity-based interests, with the remaining funds to be used to refinance existing indebtedness of the Company and to pay customary fees and expenses in connection with the merger, the financing arrangements and the related transactions. These payments are expected to be funded by equity contributions by investment funds affiliated with TPG and other co-investors that may be identified by TPG, debt financing and our available cash.

TPG Partners IV, L.P. and TPG Partners V, L.P., investment funds sponsored by TPG, and Aurora Acquisition Holdings, LLC, Parent s immediate parent company, which is currently wholly-owned by such investment funds sponsored by TPG, have agreed to fund in the aggregate up to \$1 billion as the equity portion of the financing for the merger, subject to the terms and conditions contained in their respective equity commitment letters.

In connection with the merger agreement, to finance in part payment of the merger consideration, Parent has obtained:

commitments from Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch to provide a senior secured term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$970 million and a senior secured asset-based revolving credit facility with a maximum availability of \$750 million; and

commitments from Deutsche Bank AG Cayman Islands Branch to provide funds in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$530 million under a senior unsecured bridge facility and up to \$525 million under a senior subordinated unsecured bridge facility.

The debt commitments expire on June 30, 2007. The documentation governing the debt facilities has not been finalized and, therefore, the actual terms of such facilities may differ from those described in this proxy statement.

The facilities contemplated by the debt financing commitments are conditioned on the merger being completed prior to the merger agreement termination date, and other customary conditions, as described in further detail under
The Merger Financing the Merger Debt Financing .

Parent has agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to obtain the debt financing on the terms and conditions described in the commitments. The closing of the merger is not conditioned on the receipt of the debt financing by Merger Sub. Parent, however, is not required to complete the merger until after the completion of the marketing period as described above under When the Merger Will Be Completed and in further detail under The Merger Agreement The Merger; Effective Time; Marketing Period .

Interests of the Company s Directors and Executive Officers in the Merger (Page 34)

In considering the recommendation of our board of directors with respect to the merger, you should be aware that some of our directors and executive officers have interests in the merger that are different from, or in addition to, the interests of our stockholders generally. Our board of directors was aware of these interests and considered them, among other matters, in approving the merger agreement and the merger.

Treatment of Stock Options (Page 34)

As of the record date, there were approximately 1,024,121 shares of our common stock subject to stock options granted under our equity incentive plans to our current executive officers and directors. Each outstanding stock option that remains unexercised as of the completion of the merger, whether or not the option is vested or exercisable, will be canceled (to the extent permitted under the governing stock plan documents and related award agreements or otherwise effectuated by us), and the holder of each such stock option that has an exercise price of less than \$52.50 will be entitled to receive a cash payment, less applicable withholding taxes, equal to the product of:

the number of shares of our common stock subject to the option as of the effective time of the merger; and

the excess, if any, of \$52.50 over the exercise price per share of common stock subject to such option. Please see page 35 for a table that summarizes the vested and unvested options with exercise prices of less than \$52.50 per share held by our executive officers and directors as of September 5, 2006, as well as the consideration that each of them will receive pursuant to the merger agreement in connection with the cancellation of their options.

Treatment of Restricted Stock and Stock Units (Page 35)

As of the record date, there were approximately 202,335 shares of our common stock represented by restricted share awards held by our executive officers and directors under our equity incentive plans. Under the merger agreement, all such restricted share awards will become immediately vested and free of restrictions effective as of the completion of the merger; and at the effective time of the merger, the holder of each such award will receive a cash payment of \$52.50 per share of restricted stock, without interest and less any applicable withholding taxes, in exchange for the cancellation of such restricted shares in accordance with the treatment of other stockholders participating in the merger.

In addition, as of the record date there were approximately 8,000 shares of our common stock represented by certain restricted stock units held by our executive officers and directors originally granted in 2004 under an IMCO Recycling Inc. equity plan. Under the merger agreement, these restricted stock unit awards will be cancelled, and the holder of the restricted stock unit award will be entitled to receive in consideration for the cancellation a cash payment of \$52.50 per restricted stock unit, without interest and less any required withholding taxes.

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Please see page 36 for a table that summarizes the restricted shares and restricted stock unit awards held by our executive officers and directors as of September 5, 2006, and the consideration that each of them will receive pursuant to the merger agreement in connection with the cancellation of such awards

Treatment of Performance Units (Page 36)

Certain executive officers and other employees of the Company were granted performance units in 2005 and 2006 under the Company s 2004 Equity Incentive Plan. The grants provided for performance units, the settlement of which would be in shares of Aleris common stock, which would vest based on the attainment of certain performance goals. One-half of the performance unit award would vest upon the attainment of return on capital employed targets, which we refer to as the ROCE Vested Units, and the other half would vest only upon attainment of certain merger synergy targets prior to December 31, 2008 related to the merger of IMCO Recycling Inc. and Commonwealth Industries, Inc., which we refer to as the Synergy-Vested Units. Certain executive officers and other employees were also granted awards consisting of a cash amount and performance units as part of the 2005 Acquisition Incentive Awards, which we refer to as the Acquisition Units, which would be payable upon the attainment of specified goals at the end of 2006 and 2007.

Under the terms of the merger agreement, the Synergy-Vested Units will remain outstanding and the surviving corporation will make payments, if any, in accordance with the Synergy-Vested Units original agreements based on the attainment of the applicable performance measures. Any amount that would have been payable in shares will instead be payable in cash in an amount equal to \$52.50 multiplied by the number of shares underlying the Synergy-Vested Unit, less any required withholding taxes.

Also, under the merger agreement, the ROCE-Vested Units and the Acquisition Units will be accelerated and vested as if all performance goals had been met as of the date which is the later of January 15, 2007 and one business day following the closing date of the merger. The ROCE-Vested Units and the Acquisition Units will subsequently be cancelled and each holder of such units will receive in consideration for such cancellation an amount in cash equal to \$52.50 multiplied by the number of shares underlying the ROCE-Vested Units and the Acquisition Units, less any required withholding taxes, plus the cash amount portion of the Acquisition Unit award if any.

Please see page 37 for a table that summarizes the ROCE-Vested Units and the Acquisition Units held by our executive officers and directors as of September 5, 2006, the consideration that each of them will receive for the cancellation of the performance units in connection with the merger and the cash payment portion of the Acquisition Units that becomes payable upon the acceleration of the Acquisition Units.

In addition, certain members of our management are parties to severance agreements, deferred compensation agreements and other employment-related arrangements. See page 37 for a more detailed discussion.

Other Matters (Page 38)

The merger agreement provides for indemnification arrangements for each of our current and former directors and officers that will continue for six years following the effective time of the merger. In addition, the merger agreement provides that the Company will purchase by the effective time of the merger, and the surviving corporation will maintain, tail policies to the current directors and officers liability insurance policies currently maintained by the Company and its subsidiaries. These tail policies will not have aggregate premiums in excess of 400% of the annual amounts currently paid by the Company, will be effective for six years from the effective time of the merger with respect to claims arising from facts or events that existed or occurred prior to the effective time of the merger, and, except as provided in the merger agreement, will contain coverage that is at least as protective to the persons covered as our existing policies in this respect.

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Furthermore, although no agreements have been entered into as of the date of this proxy statement, TPG has informed us that it is their intention to retain members of our existing management team with the surviving corporation after the merger is completed, and, in that connection, members of management have engaged in preliminary discussions with representatives of Parent concerning the possibility of their entering into new arrangements with Parent, Merger Sub or their affiliates regarding employment with, and the right to purchase or participate in the equity of, the surviving corporation or one or more of its parent companies, although such matters are subject to further negotiation and discussion and no terms or conditions have been finalized.

Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences (Page 39)

In general, the merger will be a taxable transaction to you for U.S. federal income tax purposes if you are a holder of our common stock. Your receipt of cash in exchange for your shares of our common stock generally will cause you to recognize gain or loss measured by the difference, if any, between the cash you receive in the merger and the adjusted tax basis of your shares. See The Merger Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences for a more detailed discussion.

Regulatory Approvals (Page 41)

The Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended, which we refer to as the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act, provides that transactions such as the merger may not be completed until certain information has been submitted to the Federal Trade Commission and the Antitrust Division of the U.S. Department of Justice and certain waiting period requirements have been satisfied. On September 1, 2006, the Company and TPG Partners V, L.P. each filed a Notification and Report Form with the Antitrust Division and the Federal Trade Commission and requested an early termination of the waiting period. If the early termination is not granted and a request for additional information by the relevant antitrust authorities is not made, the waiting period will expire at 11:59 p.m. on Monday, October 2, 2006.

The European Community merger control laws, namely Council Regulation (EC) No. 139/2004 of January 20, 2004, require that transactions, such as the merger, may not be implemented until certain information has been submitted to the European Commission and it has approved the merger. TPG and Aleris caused the filing of the required information with the European Commission on September 1, 2006.

Except as noted above with respect to the required filings under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act, the Council Regulation (EC) No. 139/2004 and the filing of a certificate of merger in Delaware on or before the effective date of the merger, we are unaware of any material federal, state or foreign regulatory requirements or approvals required for the execution of the merger agreement or completion of the merger.

Procedure for Receiving Merger Consideration (Page 44)

As soon as practicable after the effective time of the merger, a paying agent will mail a letter of transmittal and instructions to you and the other Aleris stockholders. The letter of transmittal and instructions will tell you how to surrender your stock certificates or book-entry shares in exchange for the merger consideration. You should not return your stock certificates with the enclosed proxy card, and you should not forward your stock certificates to the paying agent without a letter of transmittal.

Solicitation (Page 49)

The merger agreement restricts our ability to solicit or engage in discussions or negotiations with a third party regarding specified transactions involving the Company. Notwithstanding these restrictions, (1) under certain limited circumstances required for our board of directors to comply with its fiduciary duties, our board of directors may respond to an unsolicited bona fide proposal for an alternative acquisition or may terminate the

merger agreement and enter into an agreement with respect to a superior proposal after paying the termination fee specified in the merger agreement and (2) we were permitted to solicit and participate in discussions with certain strategic bidders until 12:01 a.m. (Eastern Time) on September 7, 2006.

Conditions to Consummation of the Merger (Page 56)

The completion of the merger depends on satisfaction, at or prior to the merger, of a number of conditions, including the following:

the approval and adoption of the merger agreement by the required vote of our stockholders;

absence of any legal prohibition on completion of the merger or of any claim, action, suit, proceeding, arbitration, mediation or investigation by a governmental entity seeking to prohibit the merger;

expiration or termination of the waiting periods, and receipt of all approvals under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act and the Council Regulation (EC) No. 139/2004, and material consents and approvals of any governmental entity that are necessary for the completion of the merger;

accuracy as of the closing of the merger of the representations and warranties made by the other party to the merger agreement, to the extent specified in the merger agreement;

performance by the other party to the merger agreement of the obligations required to be performed by it at or prior to the closing of the merger, to the extent specified in the merger agreement; and

a legal defeasance, or discharge, with respect to our 9% Senior Notes due 2014 and a discharge with respect to our $10^3/8\%$ Senior Secured Notes due 2010, the release of all liens securing such secured notes, and the termination of all restrictions on liens applicable to the notes.

In addition, Parent and Merger Sub are not obligated to complete the merger until the expiration of the marketing period to permit them to complete the debt financing for the merger, as described under The Merger Agreement The Merger; Effective Time; Marketing Period .

Termination of the Merger Agreement (Page 58)

The merger agreement may be terminated and the merger may be abandoned at any time prior to the completion of the merger:

by mutual written consent of Parent and us;

by either Parent or us if:

a final and non-appealable court or other governmental order prohibits the merger;

the merger shall not have been completed on or before June 30, 2007, unless the failure of the merger to occur by such date is due to the failure of the party seeking to terminate the merger agreement to perform or comply with the covenants and

agreements of such party set forth in the merger agreement; or

the requisite approval of the stockholders to approve and adopt the merger agreement is not obtained at the special meeting of our stockholders or at any adjournment or postponement thereof at which a vote on such approval was taken;

by us, if we are not then in material breach of any of our covenants or agreements contained in the merger agreement, if Parent or Merger Sub has breached any of their covenants or agreements or any of their representations or warranties set forth in the merger agreement which breach would result in, if occurring or continuing at the effective time of the merger, the failure of a condition of the Company to complete the merger, and which is not cured by the earlier of June 30, 2007 and 30 days following written notice to Parent or Merger Sub, or which by its nature or timing cannot be cured within such time period;

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by Parent, if neither Parent nor Merger Sub is then in material breach of any of their respective covenants or agreements contained in the merger agreement, if we have breached any of our covenants or agreements or any of our representations or warranties set forth in the merger agreement (except the covenants and agreements concerning our non-solicitation obligations or our obligations to take certain actions in order to obtain stockholder approval), which breach would result in, if occurring or continuing at the effective time of the merger, the failure of a condition to Parent s and Merger Sub s obligations to complete the merger, and which is not cured by the earlier of June 30, 2007 and 30 days following written notice to us, or which by its nature or timing cannot be cured within such time period;

by Parent if:

our board of directors withdraws, modifies, qualifies or proposes publicly to withdraw, modify or qualify, in a manner adverse to Parent or Merger Sub, the recommendation of our board of directors of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement by our stockholders:

we have, or our board of directors (or any committee thereof) has, publicly proposed to (1) approve, adopt or recommend any acquisition proposal or (2) approve or recommend, or allow us or any of our subsidiaries to enter into, a definitive agreement for an acquisition proposal;

we have failed to include in this proxy statement our recommendation that our stockholders approve the merger agreement and the merger;

we have breached in any material respect any of our covenants or agreements relating to our non-solicitation obligations or our obligations to take certain actions in order to obtain a stockholder vote, or

we have taken any action to exempt any person (other than Parent, Merger Sub and their respective affiliates) from the restrictions on business combinations contained in Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law (or any similar provisions) or otherwise caused such restrictions not to apply; and

by us at any time prior to approval and adoption of the merger agreement by our stockholders if in connection with entering into an agreement with respect to an acquisition proposal:

we have complied with our non-solicitation covenants in all material respects with respect to the acquisition proposal;

our board of directors (1) has determined in good faith (after consultation with our outside counsel and financial advisor) that the acquisition proposal is a superior proposal and (2) has determined in good faith (after consultation with our outside counsel) that entering into the agreement for such acquisition proposal is required for our board of directors to comply with its fiduciary duties under applicable law;

we have provided Parent with at least three business days prior written notice of our intention to terminate the merger agreement, which notice must specify the terms and conditions of the proposed agreement for the acquisition proposal (and any change to such terms and conditions shall require a new notice from us and will re-start the three business day period);

after taking into account any amendments to the merger agreement proposed by Parent after Parent s receipt of the notice referred to in the immediately preceding bullet, our board of directors has not changed its determination that such acquisition proposal is a superior proposal and that it is required by its fiduciary duties to enter into the agreement with respect to the acquisition proposal; and

we concurrently pay to Parent the termination fee, as described below.

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Fees and Expenses (Page 60)

Fees and Expenses Payable by the Company

If the merger agreement is terminated under certain circumstances, the Company will be obligated to pay a termination fee to Parent of \$40 million. If the merger agreement is terminated because our stockholders fail to adopt the merger agreement, the Company will be obligated to pay the expenses of Parent and Merger sub, up to \$10 million, which amount will be offset against the termination fee described above, if payable.

Fees and Expenses Payable by Parent and Merger Sub

In the event that the Company terminates the merger agreement because Parent or Merger Sub breaches its obligations to effect the closing and satisfy its obligations with respect to payment of the merger consideration when all conditions to the closing are satisfied and the marketing period has expired and Parent fails to effect the closing because of a failure to receive the proceeds of one or more of the debt financings contemplated by the debt financing commitments or because of its refusal to accept debt financing on terms materially less beneficial to it than the terms set forth in the debt financing commitments, Merger Sub will be required to pay the Company a \$40 million termination fee. This termination fee payable to the Company is the exclusive remedy of the Company unless Parent or Merger Sub is otherwise in breach of the merger agreement, in which case the Company may pursue a damages claim. The aggregate liability of Parent and its affiliates arising from any breach of the merger agreement is in any event capped at \$100 million.

Market Price of the Company s Stock (Page 62)

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol ARS. On August 4, 2006, which was the last full trading day before the date our board of directors met to consider approval of the merger agreement, shares of the Company's common stock closed at \$41.23 per share. On [•], 2006, which was the last trading day before the date of this proxy statement, shares of the Company's common stock closed at \$ [•] per share.

Rights of Appraisal (Page 64 and Annex C)

Delaware law provides you with appraisal rights in the merger. This means that if you comply with the procedures for perfecting appraisal rights provided for under Delaware law, you are entitled to have the fair value of your shares determined by the Delaware Court of Chancery and to receive payment based on that valuation in lieu of the merger consideration. The ultimate amount you receive in an appraisal proceeding may be more or less than, or the same as, the amount you would have received under the merger agreement.

To exercise your appraisal rights, you must deliver a written demand for appraisal to the Company before the vote on the merger agreement at the special meeting and you must not vote in favor of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement. Your failure to follow exactly the procedures specified under Delaware law will result in the loss of your appraisal rights. A copy of Section 262 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware is attached to this proxy statement as Annex C.

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QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE MERGER AND THE SPECIAL MEETING

The following are some questions regarding the special meeting and the proposed merger that you, as a stockholder of Aleris, may have, and answers to those questions. These questions and answers are not meant to be a substitute for the information contained in the remainder of the proxy statement. We urge you to read the entire proxy statement, its annexes and the documents referred to or incorporated by reference in this proxy statement before making any decision.

Q: What is the proposed transaction?

A: The proposed transaction is the acquisition of Aleris by Parent, an entity currently owned indirectly by investment funds sponsored by TPG, pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of August 7, 2006, by and among the Company, Parent and Merger Sub, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent. Once the merger agreement has been approved and adopted by our stockholders and the other conditions to closing under the merger agreement have been satisfied or waived, Merger Sub will merge with and into Aleris. Aleris will be the surviving corporation in the merger and will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent.

Q: When is the merger expected to be completed? What is the marketing period?

A: We are working to complete the merger as soon as possible. We currently anticipate completing the merger in early 2007, subject to the approval and adoption of the merger agreement by the Company's stockholders and the satisfaction of the other closing conditions in the merger agreement. In addition, Parent and Merger Sub are not obligated to complete the merger until the expiration of a 60 consecutive calendar day marketing period throughout and at the end of which (1) Parent and its financing sources have the financial information that the Company is required to provide pursuant to the merger agreement to complete the debt financing for the merger and (2) the conditions to the obligations of Parent and Merger Sub to complete the merger are satisfied or would be satisfied if the closing were then scheduled to occur. Parent and Merger Sub may use the marketing period to complete the debt financing for the merger.

The marketing period begins to run after the initiation date. The initiation date is the latest of (1) the date this proxy statement is mailed to the Company s stockholders, (2) the date that Parent and its financing sources have received certain financial information from the Company and (3) the later of November 10, 2006 and the business day after the Company files its quarterly report for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

There are also certain periods that will not count towards the 60-day marketing period and, in certain circumstances applicable to closing the merger in 2007, the marketing period instead will be 45 consecutive calendar days and will be deemed to start on specified dates in 2007.

Q: What will I receive in exchange for my Aleris shares?

A: Following completion of the merger, if you hold shares of Aleris common stock, you will receive \$52.50 in cash, without interest and less any required withholding taxes, for each share of Aleris common stock that you own. You will not own shares in the surviving corporation.

Q: What will happen to my Aleris shares after completion of the merger?

A: Upon completion of the merger, your shares of Aleris common stock will be cancelled and will represent only the right to receive your portion of the merger consideration (or the fair value of your Aleris common stock if you seek appraisal rights). In addition, trading in shares of Aleris common stock on the New York Stock Exchange will cease and price quotations for shares of Aleris common stock will no longer be available.

Q: Where and when is the special meeting?

A: The special meeting will take place at [•], on [•], at [•].

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- Q: What is the required vote to approve and adopt the merger agreement?
- A: To complete the merger, stockholders holding at least a majority of the outstanding shares of Aleris common stock at the close of business on the record date of the special meeting must vote to approve and adopt the merger agreement. Accordingly, failure to vote or an abstention will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST adoption of the merger agreement.
- Q: How does the Aleris board of directors recommend that I vote?
- A: Our board of directors unanimously recommends that our stockholders vote FOR approval and adoption of the merger agreement. Our board of directors believes the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, including the merger, are advisable and fair to and in the best interests of Aleris and its stockholders. You should read The Merger Reasons for the Merger for a discussion of certain material factors that our board of directors considered in deciding to recommend the approval and adoption of the merger agreement.
- Q: What happens if I do not vote?
- A: Because the required vote of Aleris stockholders is based on the number of outstanding shares of Aleris common stock entitled to vote, abstentions from voting and broker non-votes will have the same practical effect as voting AGAINST the approval and adoption of the merger agreement. If you return your proxy card but do not indicate how you want to vote, your proxy will be counted as a vote FOR the approval and adoption of the merger agreement and any proposal to adjourn or postpone the special meeting to solicit additional proxies in favor of approval and adoption of the merger agreement and the persons named in the proxy card will have discretionary authority to vote upon other business, if any, that properly comes before the special meeting and any adjournments or postponements of the special meeting.
- Q: May I vote in person?
- A: Yes. You may attend the special meeting of Aleris's stockholders and vote your shares in person rather than submitting a proxy by mail, telephone or the Internet. If you wish to vote in person and your shares are held in street name through a broker, bank or other nominee, you must obtain a proxy from the broker, bank or other nominee authorizing you to vote your shares held in the broker's, bank so other nominee s name.
- Q: If my shares are held in street name will my broker, bank or other nominee vote my shares for me?
- A: Yes, but only if you provide instructions to your broker, bank or other nominee on how to vote. You should follow the directions provided by your broker, bank or other nominee regarding how to instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote your shares. Without those instructions, your shares will not be voted, which will have the same effect as voting AGAINST the merger.
- Q: What if I own my shares through a 401(k) Plan?
- A: If you hold your shares through the Commonwealth Industries, Inc. 401(k) Plan or the Commonwealth Aluminum Lewisport, LLC Hourly 401(k) Plan, your proxy will serve as voting instructions to the trustee under the plan. The trustee will vote the shares of Aleris common stock allocated to your account at the special meeting as directed by you on the proxy card.

Q: What do I need to do now?

A: After reading this proxy statement carefully, including the annexes, and considering how the merger affects you, please ensure that your shares are voted at the special meeting. To vote your proxy by mail, mark your vote on the enclosed proxy card, sign it correctly, and return it in the envelope provided. To vote your proxy by telephone or electronically via the Internet, see the instructions on the proxy card and have the proxy card available when you call or access the Internet website. If you hold shares registered in the street name of a broker, bank or other nominee, the broker, bank or other nominee has enclosed or will provide a voting instruction card for your use in directing your broker, bank or other nominee how to vote those shares.

Q: May I change my vote?

A: Yes, you may change your vote at any time before your proxy is voted at the special meeting. If you are a registered stockholder, you may revoke your proxy by notifying the Company s Corporate Secretary in

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writing or by submitting a new proxy by mail, telephone or the Internet, in each case, dated after the date of the proxy being revoked. In addition, your proxy may be revoked by attending the special meeting and voting in person (you must vote in person, simply attending the special meeting will not cause your proxy to be revoked).

Please note that if you hold your shares in street name and you have instructed a broker, bank or other nominee to vote your shares, the above-described options for changing your vote do not apply, and instead you must follow the instructions received from your broker, bank or other nominee to change your vote.

Q: Do I have dissenters or appraisal rights with respect to the merger?

A: Yes. Under Delaware law, you have the right to dissent from the merger and, in lieu of receiving the merger consideration, obtain payment in cash of the fair market value of your shares of Aleris common stock as determined by the Delaware Chancery Court. To exercise appraisal rights, you must strictly follow the procedures prescribed by Section 262 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. See Rights of Appraisal . In addition, the full text of the applicable provisions of Delaware law is included as Annex C to this proxy statement.

Q: What does it mean if I get more than one proxy card or vote instruction card?

A: If your shares are registered differently or are in more than one account, you will receive more than one card. Please complete and return all of the proxy cards or vote instruction cards you receive (or submit your proxies by telephone or the Internet, if available to you) to ensure that all of your shares are voted.

Q: Should I send in my stock certificates now?

A: No. Shortly after the merger is completed, you will receive a letter of transmittal with instructions informing you how to send in your stock certificates to or process your book-entry shares with the paying agent in order to receive the merger consideration. You should use the letter of transmittal to exchange stock certificates for the merger consideration to which you are entitled as a result of the merger. **Do not send any stock certificates with your proxy**.

Q: How can I obtain additional information about Aleris?

A: We will provide a copy of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, excluding certain of its exhibits, and other filings, including our reports on Form 10-Q, with the SEC without charge to any stockholder who makes a written request to Aleris International, Inc., 25825 Science Park Drive, Suite 400, Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392. Our Annual Report on Form 10-K and other SEC filings also may be accessed on the world wide web at http://www.sec.gov or at the Company s website at http://www.aleris.com. The information provided on our website is not part of this proxy statement, and therefore is not incorporated by reference. For a more detailed description of the information available, please refer to Where You Can Find Additional Information .

Q: Who can help answer my other questions?

A: If you have more questions about the merger, the special meeting or this proxy statement or if you need additional copies of this proxy statement or the enclosed proxy card, you should contact our proxy solicitation agent, MacKenzie Partners, Inc., toll-free at (800) 322-2885. If your broker, bank or other nominee holds your shares, you should also call your broker, bank or other nominee for additional information.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This proxy statement, and the documents to which we refer you in this proxy statement, contain forward-looking statements based on estimates and assumptions. Forward-looking statements include information concerning possible or assumed future results of operations of the Company, the expected completion and timing of the merger and other information relating to the merger. There are forward-looking statements throughout this proxy statement, including, among others, under the headings Summary, The Merger and in statements containing the words believes, plans expects, anticipates, intends, estimates or other similar expressions. For each of these statements, the Company claims the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You should be aware that forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot assure you that the actual results or developments we anticipate will be realized, or even if realized, that they will have the expected effects on the business or operations of the Company. In addition to other factors and matters contained or incorporated in this proxy statement, we believe the following factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements:

the occurrence of any event, change or other circumstances that could give rise to the termination of the merger agreement;

the outcome of any legal proceedings that have been or may be instituted against Aleris and others relating to the merger agreement;

the inability to complete the merger due to the failure to obtain stockholder approval or the failure to satisfy other conditions to consummation of the merger, including the expiration of the waiting period under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act or the European Community merger control laws;

the failure of Parent to obtain the necessary debt financing arrangements set forth in commitment letters received in connection with the merger agreement;

the failure of the merger to close for any other reason;

risks that the proposed transaction disrupts current plans and operations and the potential difficulties in employee retention as a result of the merger;

the effect of the announcement of the merger agreement on our customer relationships, operating results and business generally;

the amount of the costs, fees, expenses and charges related to the merger; and other risks detailed in our current filings with the SEC, including our most recent filings on Form 10-Q and 10-K. See Where You Can Find Additional Information . Many of the factors that will determine our future results are beyond our ability to control or predict. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking statements contained in this proxy statement, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which reflect management s views only as of the date of this proxy statement. We cannot guarantee any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. The statements made in this proxy statement represent our views as of the date of this proxy statement, and it should not be assumed that the statements made in this proxy statement remain accurate as of any future date. Moreover, we assume no obligation to update forward-looking statements or update the reasons that actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

THE PARTIES TO THE MERGER

Aleris International, Inc.

Aleris is a global leader in aluminum rolled products and extrusions, aluminum recycling and specification alloy production. Aleris is also a recycler of zinc and a leading U.S. manufacturer of zinc metal and value-added zinc products that include zinc oxide and zinc dust. Aleris operates 50 production facilities in North America, Europe, South America and Asia, and employs approximately 8,600 employees.

Aleris is incorporated in the state of Delaware with its principal executive offices at 25825 Science Park Drive, Suite 400, Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392 and its telephone number is (216) 910-3400.

Aurora Acquisition Holdings, Inc.

Parent is currently indirectly wholly-owned by private equity funds sponsored by TPG. Parent was formed solely for the purpose of entering into the merger agreement and completing the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. It has not conducted any activities to date other than activities incidental to its formation and in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

Parent is incorporated in the state of Delaware with its principal executive offices at c/o Texas Pacific Group, 301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300, Fort Worth, TX 76102 and its telephone number is (817) 871-4000.

Aurora Acquisition Merger Sub, Inc.

Merger Sub is wholly owned by Parent. Merger Sub was formed solely for the purpose of entering into the merger agreement and completing the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. It has not conducted any activities to date other than activities incidental to its formation and in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement. Under the terms of the merger agreement, Merger Sub will merge with and into Aleris. Aleris will survive the merger and Merger Sub will cease to exist.

Merger Sub is incorporated in the state of Delaware with its principal executive offices at c/o Texas Pacific Group, 301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300, Fort Worth, TX 76102 and its telephone number is (817) 871-4000.

Parent and Merger Sub are each entities currently indirectly owned by private equity funds sponsored by TPG Advisors IV, Inc. and TPG Advisors V, Inc.

Each of TPG Advisors IV, Inc. and TPG Advisors V, Inc. is serving as the sole general partner of related entities engaged in making investments in securities of public and private companies.

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INFORMATION ABOUT THE SPECIAL MEETING AND VOTING

Time, Place and Purpose of the Special Meeting

This proxy statement is being furnished to our stockholders as part of the solicitation of proxies by our board of directors for use at the special meeting. The special meeting will be held on [•], starting at [•] unless it is postponed or adjourned. The purpose of the special meeting is for our stockholders to consider and vote upon the approval and adoption of the merger agreement. If the stockholders fail to approve and adopt the merger agreement, the merger will not occur. A copy of the merger agreement is attached to this proxy statement as Annex A.

Matters to Be Considered

At the special meeting, Aleris stockholders will be asked:

to consider and vote upon a proposal to approve and adopt the merger agreement;

to consider and vote upon a proposal to adjourn or postpone the special meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies in favor of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement; and

to consider and transact any other business as may properly be brought before the special meeting or any adjournments or postponements of the special meeting.

At this time, the Aleris board of directors is unaware of any matters, other than those set forth in the first two bullets above, that may properly come before the special meeting.

Stockholders Entitled to Vote

The close of business on [•] has been fixed by Aleris s board of directors as the record date for the determination of those holders of Aleris common stock who are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the special meeting and at any adjournments or postponements thereof.

At the close of business on the record date for the special meeting, there were [•] shares of Aleris common stock outstanding and entitled to vote, held by approximately [•] holders of record. A complete list of stockholders of record entitled to vote at the special meeting will be open to the examination of any stockholder during normal business hours at our headquarters at 25825 Science Park Drive, Suite 400, Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392 for a period of ten days before the special meeting.

Quorum and Required Vote

Each holder of record of shares of Aleris common stock as of the close of business on the record date for the special meeting is entitled to cast one vote per share at the special meeting on each proposal. The holders of Aleris common stock having a majority of the voting power of the stock entitled to be voted at the special meeting, present in person or represented by proxy, is necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the special meeting. Approval and adoption of the merger agreement requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Aleris common stock entitled to vote as of the close of business on the record date for the special meeting.

As of [•], the record date for the special meeting, directors and executive officers of Aleris and their affiliates beneficially owned an aggregate of [•] shares of Aleris common stock (not including options) entitled to vote at the special meeting. These shares represent [•]% of the Aleris common stock outstanding and entitled to vote as of the record date for the special meeting. Although these individuals are not party to any voting agreements with Aleris and do not have any obligations to vote in favor of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement, they have indicated their intention to Aleris to vote their outstanding shares of Aleris common stock in favor of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement.

How Shares Will Be Voted at the Special Meeting

All shares of Aleris common stock represented by properly executed proxies received before or at the special meeting, and not properly revoked, will be voted as specified in the proxies. Properly executed proxies

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that do not contain voting instructions will be voted FOR the approval and adoption of the merger agreement and any adjournment or postponement of the special meeting.

A properly executed proxy marked ABSTAIN with respect to any proposal will be counted as present for purposes of determining whether there is a quorum at the special meeting. However, because approval and adoption of the merger agreement requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote at the special meeting, an abstention will have the same effect as a vote AGAINST approval and adoption of the merger agreement.

If you hold shares of Aleris common stock in street name through a broker, bank or other nominee, the broker, bank or nominee may vote your shares only in accordance with your instructions. If you do not give specific instructions to your broker, bank or nominee as to how you want your shares voted, your broker, bank or nominee will indicate that it does not have authority to vote on the proposal, which will result in what is called a broker non-vote . Broker non-votes will be counted for purposes of determining whether there is a quorum present at the special meeting, but because approval and adoption of the merger agreement requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote as of the close of business on the record date, broker non-votes will have the same practical effect as a vote AGAINST approval and adoption of the merger agreement.

If any other matters are properly brought before the special meeting, the people named in the proxy card will have discretion to vote the shares represented by duly executed proxies in their sole discretion.

How to Vote Your Shares

Registered Stockholders

To vote your proxy by mail, mark your vote on the enclosed proxy card, sign it correctly, and return it in the envelope provided. To vote your proxy by telephone or electronically on the Internet, see the instructions on the proxy card and have the proxy card available when you call or access the Internet website. If you receive more than one proxy card because your shares are registered in different names or at different addresses, each proxy card should be voted to ensure that all of your shares will be counted. You also may vote in person at the special meeting.

Street-name Stockholders

If your shares are held in street name by a broker, bank or other nominee, you must follow the instructions on the form you receive from your broker, bank or other nominee in order for your shares to be voted. Please follow their instructions carefully. Also, please note that if the holder of record of your shares is a broker, bank or other nominee and you wish to vote at the special meeting, you must request a legal proxy from the broker, bank or other nominee that holds your shares and present that proxy and proof of identification at the special meeting to vote your shares.

Based on the instructions provided by the broker, bank or other nominee holder of record of their shares, street-name stockholders may generally vote by one of the following methods:

By mail. You may vote by marking, signing, dating and returning your proxy card in the enclosed envelope;

By methods listed on your voting card. Please refer to your voting card or other information forwarded by your broker, bank or other nominee holder of record to determine whether you may vote by telephone or electronically on the Internet; or

In person with a proxy from the record holder. A street-name stockholder who wishes to vote at the special meeting will need to obtain a legal proxy from his or her broker, bank or other nominee. Please refer to your voting card or other information forwarded by your broker, bank or other nominee to determine how to obtain a legal proxy to vote in person at the special meeting.

Stock Held Through 401(k) Plans

If you hold your shares through the Commonwealth Industries, Inc. 401(k) Plan or the Commonwealth Aluminum Lewisport, LLC Hourly 401(k) Plan, your proxy will serve as voting instructions to the trustee under the plan. The trustee will vote the shares of Aleris common stock

allocated to your account at the special meeting as directed by you on the proxy card.

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How to Change Your Vote

If you are a registered stockholder, you may revoke your proxy at any time before your shares are voted at the special meeting by:

sending a written notice to the Corporate Secretary of Aleris, 25825 Science Park Drive Suite 400, Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392, by the close of business on [•], indicating you are revoking your earlier proxy;

completing, signing and timely submitting a proxy card to the addressee indicated on the envelope enclosed with your initial proxy card by the close of business on [•]. The latest dated and signed proxy actually received by such addressee before the special meeting will be counted, and any earlier proxies will be considered revoked;

subsequently recording a different vote by telephone or Internet; or

attending the special meeting and voting in person.

Merely attending the special meeting will not revoke any prior votes or proxies. You must vote at the special meeting to revoke a prior proxy.

If you are a street-name stockholder and you vote by proxy, you may later revoke your proxy by informing the holder of record in accordance with that entity s procedures.

Solicitation of Proxies

We expect to solicit proxies primarily by mail, but our directors, officers and regular employees may also solicit by personal interview, telephone or similar means. All expenses in connection with the solicitation of proxies will be borne by us.

The expenses incurred in connection with the filing, printing and mailing of this document will be paid by Aleris. Aleris has also made arrangements with MacKenzie Partners, Inc. to assist Aleris in soliciting proxies for the special meeting and has agreed to pay MacKenzie Partners, Inc. a fee not expected to exceed \$[•], plus reasonable out-of-pocket expenses, for these services. Arrangements also will be made with brokerage firms and other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries for the forwarding of solicitation material to the beneficial owners of shares of Aleris common stock held of record by those persons, and Aleris will, if requested, reimburse the record holders for their reasonable out-of-pocket expenses in so doing.

Recommendation of Aleris s Board of Directors

The Aleris board of directors has unanimously approved the merger agreement and the transactions it contemplates, including the merger. The Aleris board of directors has unanimously determined that the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, including the merger, are advisable and fair to and in the best interests of Aleris and its stockholders and unanimously recommends that Aleris stockholders vote FOR approval and adoption of the merger agreement. See The Merger Recommendation of Aleris s Board of Directors for a more detailed discussion of the Aleris board of directors recommendation.

Special Meeting Admission

Only stockholders of Aleris as of the record date for the special meeting may attend the special meeting. If you are a registered stockholder and plan to attend the special meeting in person, please bring valid photo identification with you to the special meeting. If you are a beneficial owner of Aleris common stock that is held in street name by a broker, bank or other nominee, you will need a legal proxy from the broker, bank or other nominee that holds your shares and valid photo identification to be admitted to the special meeting.

THE MERGER

Background of the Merger

The board of directors and senior management of Aleris periodically discuss Aleris s long-range plans and consider strategies for increasing stockholder value. From time to time, Aleris receives unsolicited inquiries from professional investors with respect to Aleris s business. In certain circumstances, members of Aleris management meet with these parties to discuss the publicly available information regarding the Company and to explain the Company s business.

In this context, in late April 2005, representatives of TPG met with Steven Demetriou, Aleris s Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and other members of senior management of Aleris to discuss the Company s business. At that time, Aleris had begun to consider the potential acquisition of the downstream aluminum business of Corus Group plc, which we refer to as Corus. Given the then relative sizes of Corus s downstream aluminum business and Aleris, the Company determined that additional equity financing might be required to effect any transaction with Corus. TPG expressed an interest in providing this equity financing. Representatives of TPG then met with senior management of Aleris to further discuss an investment transaction between Aleris and TPG relating to a potential acquisition by Aleris of Corus s downstream aluminum business.

On May 18, 2005 and May 19, 2005, the board of directors of the Company held a meeting during which Mr. Demetriou informed the directors of the recent discussions between senior management of Aleris and TPG with respect to a potential transaction involving Corus s downstream aluminum business. The board of directors gave Aleris management authority to enter into a confidentiality agreement with TPG. On June 21, 2005, TPG entered into a confidentiality agreement with Aleris.

Members of senior management of the Company then made unsuccessful attempts to contact Corus. As a result, TPG committed to attempt to contact Corus to inquire whether Corus was interested in pursuing a transaction with Aleris. TPG contacted Corus and Corus informed TPG that it was not interested in pursuing a transaction with Aleris at that time.

On July 20, 2005, the board of directors of the Company met in executive session. Christopher Clegg, Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of Aleris, also attended this meeting. At this meeting, Mr. Demetriou updated the board of directors on the discussions with TPG and informed the directors that TPG was interested in pursuing a transaction with Aleris that could lead to a change in control involving the Company. Mr. Demetriou informed the board of directors that TPG was requesting an opportunity to conduct expedited due diligence within a three-week period.

On July 21, 2005, the board of directors of the Company reconvened in executive session. Mr. Clegg also attended this meeting. At this meeting, the board of directors appointed Messrs. Kesler, Lego, Merow and Demetriou to an ad hoc committee to consider issues and direct Aleris management concerning a potential transaction involving TPG. The board of directors also directed that Mr. Demetriou invite TPG to commence due diligence during an expedited time frame.

At a meeting of Aleris s board of directors on August 19, 2005, Mr. Demetriou reported that TPG had concluded its preliminary assessment of the Company and advised him that TPG would not pursue a transaction with Aleris at that time.

Aleris continued to operate its business in the ordinary course. Consistent with its business strategy, Aleris continued to look for potential acquisition opportunities for the Company. In this regard, on August 31, 2005, Aleris closed its acquisition of Tomra Latasa, on October 3, 2005, Aleris closed its acquisition of Alsco Holdings, Inc., on December 12, 2005, Aleris closed its acquisition of Alumitech, Inc., on December 20, 2005, Aleris closed its acquisition of assets from Ormet Corporation, and on May 23, 2006, Aleris entered into an agreement to acquire the downstream aluminum business of Corus, which we refer to as the Corus acquisition, which was completed on August 1, 2006.

In early June of 2006, two large stockholders of Aleris separately called Mr. Demetriou. Each of these stockholders informed Mr. Demetriou that it was interested in exploring opportunities to enhance the value of the Company. Mr. Demetriou informed each of these stockholders that Aleris was and continued to be focused on enhancing stockholder value.

On June 12, 2006, Aleris s board of directors held a telephonic meeting. Representatives of Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP, which we refer to as Fried Frank, Aleris s outside legal counsel, also attended this meeting. At this meeting, Mr. Demetriou informed the board of directors that he had received unsolicited calls from two large stockholders of the Company that stated that they were interested in exploring opportunities to enhance the value of the Company. Mr. Demetriou then discussed with the board of directors the types of transactions that these parties might be interested in pursuing to enhance the value of the Company and that they could include proposals for a change in control transaction involving the Company. After a discussion of the Company should consider proposals that could enhance stockholder value, including potential change in control transactions, provided that any such proposal contemplated a meaningful premium to the then current market price of the Company s stock (on June 9, 2006, Aleris s stock price closed at \$39.65). The board of directors also determined that the Company should engage a financial advisor to assist the Company. The Company subsequently engaged Citigroup Global Markets Inc., which we refer to as Citigroup, as its financial advisor. The board of directors emphasized that the first priority of the Company should be to close the Corus acquisition.

On June 16, 2006, OZ Management, L.L.C., a hedge fund that at the time owned approximately 6.4% of the outstanding common stock of Aleris, filed a Form 13D with the Securities and Exchange Commission (on June 15, 2006, Aleris s stock price closed at \$39.20). In this filing, OZ Management stated that it acquired the shares of Aleris common stock for investment in the ordinary course of business, but that it now intended to explore opportunities to enhance the value of Aleris, that it had undertaken and intended to continue to undertake discussions with Aleris, third parties and other stockholders of Aleris, and that it would support or participate in any such opportunity only if it is also supported by senior management of Aleris.

On June 22, 2006, Brahman Capital Corp., a hedge fund that at the time owned approximately 11.43% of the outstanding common stock of Aleris, filed a Form 13D with the Securities and Exchange Commission (on June 21, 2006, Aleris s stock price closed at \$38.32). In this filing, Brahman stated that it acquired the shares of Aleris common stock for investment in the ordinary course of business, but that it now intended to explore opportunities to enhance the value of Aleris, that it had undertaken and intended to continue to undertake discussions with Aleris, third parties and other stockholders of Aleris, and that it would support or participate in any such opportunity only if it is also supported by senior management of Aleris.

Following the filing by OZ Management of its Form 13D, several discussions took place between Mr. Demetriou and TPG. On June 23, 2006, TPG informed Mr. Demetriou that TPG was impressed with Aleris's execution of its business plan and was again interested in exploring a possible change in control transaction involving the Company. Mr. Demetriou informed TPG that if it was now interested in pursuing a transaction with Aleris at a meaningful premium to the then current market price (on June 22, 2006, Aleris's stock price closed at \$40.47), Aleris would provide TPG with non-public information relating to the Company. Aleris confirmed that its existing confidentiality agreement with TPG was still in effect and began providing TPG with access to non-public information relating to the Company.

On June 22, 2006, Mr. Demetriou received an unsolicited call from a large private equity firm, which we refer to as private equity firm 1. In this call, private equity firm 1 informed Mr. Demetriou that it had conducted a review of publicly available information regarding the Company and that it was interested in exploring a possible change in control transaction involving the Company. Mr. Demetriou informed private equity firm 1 that any change in control transaction involving the Company would have to be at a meaningful premium to the then current market price of Aleris s common stock (on June 21, 2006, Aleris s stock price closed at \$38.32). On the evening of June 22, 2006, private equity firm 1 signed a confidentiality agreement with Aleris. Aleris then began providing private equity firm 1 with access to non-public information relating to the Company.

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On June 23, 2006, another large private equity firm, which we refer to as private equity firm 2, contacted Mr. Demetriou and informed Mr. Demetriou that it has seen the 13D filings by OZ Management and Brahman and was interested in pursuing a potential change in control transaction with the Company. Private equity firm 2 then stated that it planned on reviewing publicly available information regarding the Company and that it expected to request non-public information shortly thereafter.

On June 25, 2006 and June 26, 2006, Aleris management made a presentation on the Company to TPG and its representatives. On June 26, 2006, Aleris management gave a presentation on the Company to private equity firm 1. Aleris management and its representatives also continued to provide non-public information to both TPG and private equity firm 1 and to respond to each party s requests for information. At the Company s direction, Citigroup subsequently requested that TPG and private equity firm 1 submit a non-binding proposal with respect to a potential transaction with the Company by the morning of June 29, 2006 for consideration by Aleris s board of directors at a special meeting scheduled on the afternoon of June 29, 2006.

On June 28, 2006, TPG submitted a written non-binding proposal to acquire all of Aleris s outstanding shares of common stock for \$50.00 per share. This non-binding proposal stated that TPG would finance the transaction with a combination of equity from TPG as well as debt financing, and that TPG had received debt financing commitments from Deutsche Bank. TPG s letter also stated that TPG had substantially completed its due diligence and that it believed it could complete its confirmatory due diligence within approximately seven days of getting access to the necessary documents and personnel of Aleris. In this letter, TPG stated that its willingness to enter into a transaction with Aleris was subject to Aleris closing the Corus acquisition and obtaining financing with respect to the Corus acquisition on terms that would not adversely affect TPG s ability to refinance Aleris s indebtedness or impede or increase the cost of financing a transaction with Aleris. TPG s letter also provided that TPG would expect a merger agreement between Aleris and TPG to provide a limited period after the signing of the merger agreement to permit Aleris to seek alternative proposals to TPG s proposal. TPG also requested that Aleris negotiate exclusively with TPG with respect to a transaction involving the Company.

On the morning of June 29, 2006, private equity firm 1 called Mr. Demetriou and informed him that it believed that Aleris s common stock was fairly valued in the public markets (shares of Aleris common stock closed at \$41.96 on June 28, 2006) and that private equity firm 1 was not willing to pay a premium to the then current market price and was therefore removing itself from the process.

On June 29, 2006, Aleris s board of directors held a special meeting in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania to consider TPG s proposal. All of the members of the board of directors were present in person, except Mr. Kittelberger who participated by telephone. Representatives from Citigroup and Fried Frank also attended this meeting in person. Mr. Demetriou updated the board of directors on the status of the negotiations with respect to a potential change in control transaction. The board of directors was also provided with a copy of TPG s proposal letter. Fried Frank discussed with our board of directors its fiduciary duties under Delaware law in connection with a potential change in control transaction involving the Company. The Company s financial advisor discussed with our board of directors financial aspects of TPG s proposal. Citigroup and Aleris management also explained to the board of directors that any high yield debt financing issued in connection with the Corus acquisition would likely have to be refinanced upon a change in control transaction and that there would be a significant refinancing premium if this debt were refinanced. The bridge financing commitments made available to the Company by Deutsche Bank and Citigroup in connection with the Corus acquisition did not contain any such premium applicable to the refinancing of such bridge financing in the context of a subsequent change of control of the Company. Therefore, Aleris management advised our board of directors that the Company should consider replacing its planned high yield debt offering with the bridge financing if it thought a change in control transaction involving the Company was likely. Aleris management also informed our board of directors that since the Corus acquisition was scheduled to close on August 1, 2006, a decision to take the bridge financing would have to be made by July 15, 2006.

At this meeting, our board of directors also met without Mr. Demetriou to discuss TPG s proposal. Our board of directors determined that TPG s proposal was worthy of further consideration and directed Citigroup to

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attempt to obtain a higher price from TPG. In light of the timing constraints imposed on Aleris management to complete the Corus acquisition and the related financing, and because there were fewer competitive issues in disclosing non-public information to financial buyers given that the Corus acquisition had not yet closed, the board of directors requested and authorized Citigroup to continue discussions with TPG and to solicit proposals from other financial buyers that were familiar with the metals industry and had the financial capability to complete a transaction with Aleris. The board of directors did not authorize Aleris management to grant exclusivity to TPG at this time. Also at this meeting, the board of directors authorized management to contact Deutsche Bank (which was providing debt financing to the Company in connection with the Corus acquisition) to inquire whether Deutsche Bank would agree not to offer any potential buyer debt financing on an exclusive basis. Following the meeting of the board of directors, we contacted Deutsche Bank and Deutsche Bank agreed not to offer any potential buyer debt financing on an exclusive basis.

Over the next few days, in accordance with the directives of our board of directors, Citigroup contacted private equity firm 2, another large private equity firm, which we refer to as private equity firm 3, and an additional financial buyer (that subsequently indicated that it was not interested in exploring a transaction involving Aleris).

During the period after the June 29, 2006 meeting of our board of directors, Aleris continued to provide TPG and its representatives with non-public information concerning the Company. On July 3, 2006, Aleris and TPG signed an amendment to the existing confidentiality agreement to permit TPG to obtain non-public information related to Corus and the Corus acquisition.

On July 3, 2006, Aleris signed a confidentiality agreement with private equity firm 3 and began providing private equity firm 3 with access to confidential information relating to the Company. On July 5, 2006, Aleris signed a confidentiality agreement with private equity firm 2 and began providing private equity firm 2 with access to confidential information relating to the Company.

On July 5, 2006 and July 7, 2006, Aleris management made presentations on the Company to private equity firm 3. On July 10, 2006, Aleris management made a presentation on the Company to private equity firm 2. Aleris management and its representatives also continued to have discussions with TPG, private equity firm 2 and private equity firm 3, and to respond to each party s requests for information. Also, on July 12, 2006, members of senior management of the Company met with representatives of private equity firm 3 to discuss Aleris s business and to further answer questions from private equity firm 3. At Aleris s request, on July 9, 2006 and July 10, 2006, Deutsche Bank discussed potential debt financing with respect to a potential transaction with private equity firm 2 and private equity firm 3. Given Aleris s need to decide whether to seek bridge financing for the Corus acquisition, TPG, private equity firm 2 and private equity firm 3 were requested to inform the Company by July 12, 2006 whether or not they were interested in pursuing a transaction involving the Company.

On July 12, 2006, private equity firm 2 informed Citigroup that it believed that Aleris s common stock was fairly valued in the public markets (shares of Aleris common stock closed at \$45.46 on July 11, 2006) and that private equity firm 2 was not willing to pay a premium to the then current market price.

On July 12, 2006, private equity firm 3 submitted a non-binding proposal to purchase Aleris for \$48.50 to \$51.50 per share in cash, subject to five weeks of due diligence and negotiation of definitive documentation relating to the merger and the debt financing needed to finance the merger.

Also on July 12, 2006, TPG delivered a non-binding proposal that indicated that TPG was willing to acquire Aleris for \$52.00 per share and that TPG had substantially completed its due diligence. In its proposal letter, TPG stated that its proposal was contingent on Aleris s commitment to negotiate with TPG on an exclusive basis. TPG stated that its offer was also contingent on Aleris closing the Corus acquisition and obtaining financing with respect to the Corus acquisition without any prepayment penalties and on terms that would not otherwise adversely affect TPG s ability to refinance Aleris s indebtedness or impede or increase the cost of financing a

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transaction with Aleris. TPG s letter also provided that TPG would expect a merger agreement between Aleris and TPG to provide for a 30-day period after the signing of the merger agreement to permit Aleris to seek alternative proposals to TPG s proposal from strategic buyers. TPG s proposal also was accompanied by a draft merger agreement that was prepared by TPG s legal counsel, Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP, which we refer to as Cleary, and, on July 13, 2006, TPG delivered debt financing commitment letters from Deutsche Bank.

On July 13, 2006, Aleris s board of directors held a telephonic meeting. Members of Aleris senior management and representatives from Citigroup and Fried Frank also attended this meeting. At this meeting, Mr. Demetriou updated the board of directors on the status of the negotiations with the potential acquirors. Citigroup informed the board of directors that TPG had reiterated that TPG would only continue to pursue a change in control transaction if Aleris granted TPG exclusivity. Our board of directors determined that the TPG proposal was worthy of further consideration and that it was willing to grant TPG exclusivity. Our board of directors instructed Citigroup to ascertain whether TPG would increase its offer price and to inform TPG that Aleris needed time to close the Corus acquisition and related financing. Our board of directors also directed Citigroup to confirm with TPG that TPG had substantially completed its due diligence review of the Company and that the exclusivity period was to negotiate definitive documentation and not for TPG to perform further due diligence (other than confirmatory due diligence). Our board of directors elected not to pursue the proposal by private equity firm 3 because of its request for a five-week due diligence period, the wide price range contained in the proposal and the pending closing of the Corus acquisition and related financing. The board of directors discussed the importance of preserving the flexibility of the Company to be able to have discussions with strategic bidders since the Company had only had discussions with potential financial buyers up to this point. The board of directors also authorized obtaining bridge financing for the Corus acquisition.

On July 13, 2006 and July 14, 2006, as instructed by our board of directors, representatives of Citigroup held discussions with TPG. TPG confirmed with Citigroup that it had substantially completed its due diligence and had only a small number of confirmatory follow-up due diligence items that it wanted to pursue and that TPG did not believe such items would have any impact on its valuation of the Company. After further discussions with Citigroup, TPG increased its proposed purchase price to \$52.50 in exchange for Aleris granting TPG exclusivity. TPG indicated that it was not prepared to pay more than \$52.50. On the evening of July 14, 2006, Aleris and TPG entered into an exclusivity agreement. The exclusivity agreement provided that Aleris would not negotiate with any person or entity other than TPG regarding a potential transaction until 11:59 p.m. (Eastern time) on August 7, 2006 and would not provide information or access to any other person, provided that Aleris could (i) provide information and access to and have discussions with any strategic bidder with which the Company was having discussions concerning a potential acquisition transaction as of July 14, 2006 and (ii) after the earlier of the end of the exclusivity period and the completion of the Corus acquisition, respond to any unsolicited proposal from a strategic bidder. During the week of July 17, 2006, representatives of TPG performed confirmatory due diligence on the Corus acquisition.

Concurrently with working on closing the Corus acquisition and related financing, Aleris and its legal and financial advisors negotiated the terms of the proposed merger agreement with TPG and its advisors. Also during this period, TPG completed its confirmatory due diligence review of the Company. During the final few days of negotiations, Aleris became concerned about the amount of equity and debt financing commitments provided by TPG and Deutsche Bank. After considerable negotiations, on August 5, 2006, TPG agreed to increase the maximum amount of its equity commitment from \$900 million to \$1 billion. During the final few days before the merger agreement was signed, Aleris and TPG had additional negotiations relating to the merger consideration. Following these negotiations, on August 6, 2006, TPG reaffirmed its offer price of \$52.50 per share and reiterated that it was not prepared to pay more.

On the afternoon of August 7, 2006, the Aleris board of directors convened a meeting at Aleris s headquarters in Beachwood, Ohio. Prior to the meeting, the directors were provided with a copy of the substantially final merger agreement and a copy of Citigroup s board presentation materials. All of the Aleris directors attended the meeting in person, except for Mr. Kesler who attended by telephone. Also attending this meeting were members of Aleris management as well as representatives from Citigroup and Fried Frank.

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Mr. Demetriou provided an update on the status of discussions with TPG and an update on the Company's performance, which Mr. Demetriou described as essentially on track with the prior estimates. Mr. Demetriou informed the board of directors that after further price negotiations TPG confirmed its offer of \$52.50 per share as its best and final offer. The board of directors also discussed the amount of TPG's equity and debt commitments, and Mr. Demetriou informed the board of directors that TPG had agreed to increase the maximum amount of its equity commitment from \$900 million to \$1 billion. Fried Frank gave a presentation to our board of directors that described the directors fiduciary duties in considering the proposed transaction with TPG and described the terms of the merger agreement. Citigroup reviewed its financial analysis of the merger consideration and rendered to Aleris's board of directors an oral opinion, which was confirmed by delivery of a written opinion dated August 7, 2006, to the effect that, as of that date and based on and subject to the matters described in its opinion, the merger consideration was fair, from a financial point of view, to the holders of Aleris common stock. The board of directors then met without Mr. Demetriou and without Aleris management to further discuss the proposed transaction. After such discussion and consideration of certain factors, including those described under

Reasons for the Merger's the Aleris board of directors unanimously approved the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby.

On the evening of August 7, 2006, Aleris, Parent and Merger Sub finalized and executed the merger agreement, and on the morning of August 8, 2006, Aleris publicly announced that the Company had entered into a definitive merger agreement with TPG.

Shortly after the merger agreement was signed, and in accordance with the go-shop provisions of the merger agreement, Citigroup, on behalf of Aleris, contacted more than 20 selected strategic bidders to solicit their potential interest in pursuing a transaction with Aleris and distributed a package of public information relating to Aleris to strategic bidders that expressed interest in receiving such information. To date, the Company has not received any proposals for the acquisition of the Company from any such strategic bidders.

Reasons for the Merger

In evaluating the merger agreement, the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, the Aleris board of directors consulted with Aleris s management, financial advisor and legal counsel. In concluding that the merger is in the best interests of Aleris and its stockholders, the Aleris board of directors considered a variety of factors, including the following material factors:

The merger consideration of \$52.50 per share in cash represents (1) a premium of approximately 27.3% to the closing sale price of Aleris common stock on August 4, 2006, the last full trading day before the time our board of directors met to consider approval of the merger agreement, (2) a premium of approximately 23.6% to the weighted average trading price of Aleris common stock as of August 1, 2006 and (3) a substantial premium to the average trading price of Aleris common stock prior to the 13D filings by OZ Management, L.L.C. and Brahman Capital Corp. See Background of the Merger .

The merger consideration is all cash.

The advantages and disadvantages of alternatives to the merger, including Aleris remaining as an independent publicly traded company, the potential creation of stockholder value, the ability to achieve the Company s strategic goals, and the possibility of an alternative transaction with a third party (based in part on the Company s previous discussions with potential financial buyers besides TPG, and that none of these parties was likely to offer a purchase price greater than the purchase price offered by TPG). See Background of the Merger .

The highly cyclical nature of the Company s business and the current stage of that cycle.

Aluminum reached a ten-year high in May 2006 and had retreated from those highs.

On July 10, 2006, Alcoa, Inc. had announced a record quarter, but had seen its stock price decline from a closing price of \$33.55 a share on July 7, 2006 to a closing price of \$30.79 a share on July 14, 2006.

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The views of the Company s management regarding the merger.

The financial presentation of Citigroup, including its opinion, dated August 7, 2006, to Aleris s board of directors as to the fairness, from a financial point of view and as of the date of the opinion, of the merger consideration to be received by holders of Aleris common stock. See Opinion of Aleris s Financial Advisor.

The strength of the debt commitment letters and equity commitment letters obtained by Parent.

The merger is subject to the approval and adoption of the merger agreement by holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Aleris common stock, and the availability of appraisal rights to holders of Aleris common stock who comply with all of the required procedures under Delaware law, which allows stockholders to seek appraisal of the fair value of their shares as determined by the Delaware Court of Chancery. See Rights of Appraisal .

The terms of the merger agreement were the product of extensive arms -length negotiations between the parties.

The general terms and conditions of the merger agreement, including the parties representations, warranties and covenants, the conditions to the parties obligations, the likelihood of consummation of the merger, the termination provisions of the merger agreement and the time necessary to close the transaction.

The favorable terms of the merger agreement.

The Aleris board of directors considered, among others, the following specific terms of the merger agreement:

The merger agreement provides for a 30-day post-signing go-shop period during which the Company may solicit interest in an alternative transaction from, provide non-public information to, and engage in discussions with, anyone who directly or indirectly through a controlled entity manufactures or fabricates metals and is not a discretionary private equity fund or other discretionary investment vehicle.

The merger agreement permits Aleris, under certain circumstances (including as described in the preceding sub-bullet), to provide non-public information to, and engage in discussions with, any third-party that proposes an alternative transaction involving the Company, and to terminate the merger agreement to accept a superior proposal upon payment of a \$40 million termination fee to Parent.

If the merger agreement is terminated under certain circumstances (including as described in the preceding sub-bullet), Aleris is obligated to pay Parent a \$40 million termination fee. This provision will make it more costly for a third party to effect an alternative transaction.

The possibility that certain provisions of the merger agreement could discourage a competing proposal or lower the price per share a competing bidder would otherwise be willing to pay in an alternative transaction. However, after considering certain factors and discussing these provisions with Aleris s legal and financial advisors, the Aleris board of directors concluded that these provisions should not preclude other parties from making a competing proposal.

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The limited nature of the closing conditions included in the merger agreement and the likelihood of satisfaction of all conditions to consummation of the merger, including the absence of any financing condition and the fact that if Parent and Merger Sub fail to close the transaction because of a failure to receive the debt financing proceeds, Merger Sub must pay Aleris a \$40 million termination fee as the Company secclusive remedy unless Parent or Merger Sub is otherwise in breach of the merger agreement, in which case the maximum recovery by Aleris against Parent and Merger Sub (and their respective affiliates) is capped at \$100 million. Parent is generally obligated to close the merger notwithstanding any breaches of Aleris s representations and warranties, unless those breaches would have a material adverse effect on Aleris.

Parent has a specified period to market its debt financing during which it is not obligated to close the merger.

The surviving corporation in the merger will indemnify the Company s directors and officers for all prior acts and maintain the existing charter and bylaw indemnification provisions for at least six years. The Company will purchase a tail insurance policy with respect to directors and officers insurance covering a period of six years following the merger at a premium not to exceed 400% of the annual premium on the Company s current policy.

The surviving corporation in the merger will provide certain continuing employee benefits to Aleris employees for at least one year following the merger.

In the course of deliberations, the Aleris board of directors also considered a variety of risks and other potentially negative factors, including the following:

The restrictions on solicitation of alternative proposals.

The termination fee provisions in the merger agreement.

The right of Parent to obtain information with respect to any alternative proposals and to a three business day period to make adjustments to its proposal before the Aleris board of directors can change its recommendation or the Company can terminate the merger agreement to enter into a superior proposal.

As discussed above, it is possible that certain provisions in the merger agreement could discourage a competing proposal to acquire Aleris or lower the price per share a competing bidder may be willing to pay in an alternative transaction. However, after considering certain factors and after discussions with Aleris s legal and financial advisors, the Aleris board of directors concluded that these provisions should not preclude other parties from making a competing proposal.

Certain of Aleris s directors and officers may receive benefits that are different from, and in addition to, those of Aleris s other stockholders. The merger may trigger certain change of control provisions in various employment and compensation arrangements and accelerate vesting of equity payment and annual bonuses.

The risk of diverting management resources from other strategic opportunities and from operational matters for an extended period of time.

The restrictions on the conduct of the Company s business prior to the completion of the merger, which require the Company to conduct its business only in the ordinary course, subject to specific limitations.

Aleris stockholders will lose the opportunity to participate in any future earnings growth of the Company and will not benefit from any future appreciation in the value of Aleris.

The foregoing discussion of the information and factors considered by the Aleris board of directors is not exhaustive. The Aleris board of directors based its recommendation on the totality of the information presented to and considered by it. Individual members of the Aleris board of directors may have considered different factors and given different weight to different factors.

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Recommendation of Aleris s Board of Directors

After careful consideration, the Aleris board of directors, at a special meeting held on August 7, 2006, unanimously determined that the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, including the merger, are advisable and fair to and in the best interests of Aleris and its stockholders. The Aleris board of directors has unanimously approved the merger agreement and unanimously recommends Aleris stockholders vote FOR approval and adoption of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, including the merger.

Opinion of Aleris s Financial Advisor

Aleris has retained Citigroup as its financial advisor in connection with the merger. In connection with this engagement, Aleris requested that Citigroup evaluate the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the merger consideration to be received by holders of Aleris common stock. On August 7, 2006, at a special meeting of Aleris s board of directors held to evaluate the merger, Citigroup rendered to Aleris s board of directors an oral opinion, which was confirmed by delivery of a written opinion dated the same date, to the effect that, as of that date and based on and subject to the matters described in its opinion, the merger consideration was fair, from a financial point of view, to the holders of Aleris common stock.

The full text of Citigroup's written opinion, dated August 7, 2006, which describes the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken, is attached to this proxy statement as Annex B and is incorporated into this proxy statement by reference. Citigroup's opinion was provided to Aleris's board of directors in connection with its evaluation of the merger consideration and relates only to the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the merger consideration to be received by holders of Aleris common stock. Citigroup's opinion does not address any other aspects or implications of the merger and does not constitute a recommendation to any stockholder as to how such stockholder should vote or act on any matters relating to the proposed merger.

In arriving at its opinion, Citigroup:

reviewed the merger agreement;

held discussions with certain senior officers, directors and other representatives and advisors of Aleris and certain senior officers and other representatives and advisors of TPG concerning Aleris s business, operations and prospects;

examined certain publicly available business and financial information relating to Aleris;

examined certain financial forecasts and other information and data relating to Aleris which were provided to or otherwise discussed with Citigroup by Aleris s management;

reviewed the financial terms of the merger as set forth in the merger agreement in relation to, among other things, current and historical market prices and trading volumes of Aleris common stock, historical and projected earnings and other operating data of Aleris and the capitalization and financial condition of Aleris;

analyzed certain financial, stock market and other publicly available information relating to the businesses of other companies whose operations Citigroup considered relevant in evaluating those of Aleris;

analyzed Aleris s projected future cash flows under alternative industry scenarios based on financial forecasts and other information and data provided to or discussed with Citigroup by Aleris s management; and

conducted other analyses and examinations and considered other information and financial, economic and market criteria as Citigroup deemed appropriate in arriving at its opinion.

In rendering its opinion, Citigroup assumed and relied, without assuming any responsibility for independent verification, on the accuracy and completeness of all financial and other information and data publicly available or provided to or otherwise reviewed by or discussed with it and on the assurances of Aleris s management that it was not aware of any relevant information that was omitted or remained undisclosed to Citigroup. With respect to financial forecasts and other information and data relating to Aleris provided to or otherwise reviewed by or discussed with Citigroup, Citigroup was advised by Aleris s management, and Citigroup assumed, with Aleris s consent, that the forecasts and other

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information and data were reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of Aleris s management as to Aleris s future financial performance under the alternative industry scenarios reflected in the forecasts. Citigroup assumed, with Aleris s consent, that

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the merger would be completed in accordance with its terms, without waiver, modification or amendment of any material term, condition or agreement, and in compliance with all applicable laws, and that, in the course of obtaining the necessary regulatory or third party approvals, consents, releases and waivers for the merger, no delay, limitation, restriction or condition would be imposed that would have an adverse effect on Aleris or the merger.

Citigroup did not make, and it was not provided with, an independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities, contingent or otherwise, of Aleris, and Citigroup did not make any physical inspection of the properties or assets of Aleris. In connection with Citigroup s engagement and at the direction of Aleris, Citigroup was requested to approach, and Citigroup held discussions with, selected financial buyers prior to the date of the merger agreement to solicit indications of interest in the possible acquisition of Aleris, and Citigroup was requested to solicit such indications of interest from strategic buyers for a limited period after the date of the merger agreement as permitted under the provisions of the merger agreement. Citigroup s opinion does not address any terms or other aspects or implications of the merger (other than the merger consideration to the extent expressly specified in the opinion) or any aspects or implications of any other agreement, arrangement or understanding entered into in connection with the merger or otherwise. Citigroup expressed no view as to, and its opinion does not address, Aleris s underlying business decision to effect the merger, the relative merits of the merger as compared to any alternative business strategies that might exist for Aleris or the effect of any other transaction in which Aleris might engage. Citigroup s opinion was necessarily based on information available to Citigroup, and financial, stock market and other conditions and circumstances existing and disclosed to Citigroup, as of the date of its opinion. Except as described above, Aleris imposed no other instructions or limitations on Citigroup with respect to the investigations made or procedures followed by Citigroup in rendering its opinion.

In preparing its opinion, Citigroup performed a variety of financial and comparative analyses, including those described below. The summary of these analyses is not a complete description of the analyses underlying Citigroup's opinion. The preparation of a financial opinion is a complex analytical process involving various determinations as to the most appropriate and relevant methods of financial analysis and the application of those methods to the particular circumstances and, therefore, a financial opinion is not readily susceptible to summary description. Citigroup arrived at its ultimate opinion based on the results of all analyses undertaken by it and assessed as a whole, and did not draw, in isolation, conclusions from or with regard to any one factor or method of analysis for purposes of its opinion. Accordingly, Citigroup believes that its analyses must be considered as a whole and that selecting portions of its analyses and factors or focusing on information presented in tabular format, without considering all analyses and factors or the narrative description of the analyses, could create a misleading or incomplete view of the processes underlying its analyses and opinion.

In its analyses, Citigroup considered industry performance, general business, economic, market and financial conditions and other matters existing as of the date of its opinion, many of which are beyond the control of Aleris. No company or business used in those analyses as a comparison is identical to Aleris, and an evaluation of those analyses is not entirely mathematical. Rather, the analyses involve complex considerations and judgments concerning financial and operating characteristics and other factors that could affect the public trading or other values of the companies or business segments analyzed.

The estimates contained in Citigroup s analyses and the valuation ranges resulting from any particular analysis are not necessarily indicative of actual values or predictive of future results or values, which may be significantly more or less favorable than those suggested by its analyses. In addition, analyses relating to the value of businesses or securities do not necessarily purport to be appraisals or to reflect the prices at which businesses or securities actually may be sold. Accordingly, the estimates used in, and the results derived from, Citigroup s analyses are inherently subject to substantial uncertainty.

The type and amount of consideration payable in the merger was determined through negotiations between Aleris and TPG and the decision to enter into the merger was solely that of Aleris s board of directors.

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Citigroup s opinion was only one of many factors considered by Aleris s board of directors in its evaluation of the merger and should not be viewed as determinative of the views of Aleris s board of directors or Aleris s management with respect to the merger or the merger consideration.

The following is a summary of the material financial analyses presented to Aleris s board of directors in connection with Citigroup s opinion. The financial analyses summarized below include information presented in tabular format. In order to fully understand Citigroup s financial analyses, the tables must be read together with the text of each summary. The tables alone do not constitute a complete description of the financial analyses. Considering the data below without considering the full narrative description of the financial analyses, including the methodologies and assumptions underlying the analyses, could create a misleading or incomplete view of Citigroup s financial analyses. Except as otherwise noted, financial data relating to Aleris utilized by Citigroup in its analyses described below were prepared by Aleris s management under two cases: one which reflected a stable economic environment and continuity in current market trends in the metals industry, the end-use segments of Aleris s business and the industries of Aleris s customers, referred to as the stable market case, and one which reflected the potential for a downturn in the general economic environment and a cyclical downturn in the metals industry, the end-use segments of Aleris s business and the industries of Aleris s customers during calendar years 2007 through 2011, referred to as the cycle case. The financial data relating to Aleris prepared by Aleris s management was pro forma for the Corus acquisition, which closed on August 1, 2006, and related synergies anticipated by Aleris s management to result from such acquisition, as if such acquisition was completed on January 1, 2006.

Selected Companies Analysis.

Citigroup reviewed financial and stock market information and public market trading multiples of Aleris and the following eight selected publicly held companies, six of which were integrated aluminum producers and two of which were aluminum rolling companies:

Integrated Aluminum Producers

Alcan Inc.

Alcoa Inc.

Aluminum Corporation of China Limited

Century Aluminum Company

Hindalco Industries Limited

National Aluminum Company Limited

Aluminum Rolling Companies

Novelis Inc.

Quanex Corporation

Citigroup reviewed, among other things, enterprise values of the selected companies, calculated as fully diluted equity value (less option proceeds) based on closing stock prices on August 1, 2006, plus debt, minority interests, preferred stock, and out-of-the-money convertibles, less investments in unconsolidated affiliates and cash, as a multiple of calendar years 2006 and 2007 estimated earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, commonly referred to as EBITDA. Citigroup then applied a selected range of calendar years 2006 and 2007 estimated EBITDA multiples derived from the selected companies to corresponding financial data of Aleris. Estimated financial data of the selected companies were based on research analysts estimates, public filings and other publicly available information. Estimated financial data of Aleris were based on the stable market case with respect to Aleris s calendar year 2006 estimated EBITDA and both the stable market case and the cycle case with respect to Aleris s calendar year 2007 estimated EBITDA. This analysis indicated the following selected per share equity reference range for Aleris, as compared to the merger consideration:

Selected Per Share Equity

Reference Range for Aleris \$33.75 - \$49.25 Merger Consideration \$52.50

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Discounted Cash Flow Analysis.

Citigroup performed a discounted cash flow analysis of Aleris to calculate the estimated present value of the standalone unlevered, after-tax free cash flows that Aleris could generate for the second half of fiscal year 2006 through fiscal year 2011 under both the stable market case and the cycle case. Estimated terminal values for Aleris were calculated by applying to the average of the fiscal year 2005 EBITDA and fiscal year 2011 estimated EBITDA, referred to as mid-cycle EBITDA, of Aleris a range of EBITDA terminal value multiples of 6.75x to 7.25x. The cash flows and terminal values were discounted to present value using discount rates ranging from 10.0% to 11.0%. This analysis indicated the following implied per share equity reference ranges for Aleris, as compared to the merger consideration:

Implied Per Share

Equity Reference Ranges for Aleris
Stable Market Case
\$50.00 - \$59.00
\$35.00 - \$42.75

Leveraged Buyout Analysis.

Merger Consideration
\$52.50

Citigroup performed a leveraged buyout analysis to estimate the theoretical purchase price that could be paid by a hypothetical financial buyer in an acquisition of Aleris taking into account the potential pro forma leverage structure of Aleris that could result from financing such acquisition under customary market terms and assuming that such financial buyer would attempt to realize a return on its investment in Aleris s fiscal year 2011. Estimated financial data for Aleris were based on both the stable market case and the cycle case. Estimated exit values for Aleris were calculated by applying a range of exit value multiples of 6.5x to 7.5x to Aleris mid-cycle EBITDA. Citigroup then derived a range of theoretical purchase prices based on an assumed required internal rate of return for a financial buyer of approximately 20.0% under the stable market case and 15.0% under the cycle case. This analysis indicated the following implied per share equity reference ranges for Aleris, as compared to the merger consideration:

Implied Per Share

Equity Reference Ranges for AlerisMerger ConsiderationStable Market CaseCycle Case\$46.50 - \$52.50\$40.75 - \$47.50\$52.50

Miscellaneous.

Under the terms of Citigroup s engagement, Aleris has agreed to pay Citigroup for its financial advisory services in connection with the merger an aggregate fee of approximately \$13.25 million, a portion of which was payable in connection with the delivery of its opinion and a significant portion of which is contingent upon the consummation of the merger. Aleris also has agreed to reimburse Citigroup for reasonable travel and other expenses incurred by Citigroup in performing its services, including reasonable fees and expenses of its legal counsel, and to indemnify Citigroup and related persons against liabilities, including liabilities under the federal securities laws, arising out of its engagement.

Citigroup and its affiliates in the past have provided, currently are providing and in the future may provide, services to Aleris and certain of its affiliates, for which services Citigroup and its affiliates have received, and expect to receive, compensation, including having acted as (i) financial advisor to Aleris in connection with certain acquisition transactions and (ii) joint lead arranger and joint book-runner in connection with certain credit facilities and note offerings of Aleris and certain of its affiliates. Citigroup and its affiliates in the past also have provided, currently are providing and in the future may provide services to TPG and certain of its affiliates, for which services Citigroup and its affiliates have received, and expect to receive, compensation, including (i) acting as financial advisor to TPG and certain of its portfolio companies in connection with certain spin-off, sale and acquisition transactions, (ii) having acted as joint book-running, lead or other managing underwriter for certain portfolio companies of TPG in connection with various securities offerings and asset-backed or other securitization transactions and (iii) having acted as a lender under, and as joint lead arranger, joint book-runner

and co-syndication or co-documentation agent in connection with, various credit facilities of certain portfolio companies of TPG. In the ordinary course of business, Citigroup and its affiliates may actively trade or hold the securities of Aleris and certain portfolio companies of TPG for their own account or for the account of customers and, accordingly, may at any time hold a long or short position in those securities. In addition, Citigroup and its affiliates, including Citigroup Inc. and its affiliates, may maintain relationships with Aleris, TPG and their respective affiliates.

Aleris selected Citigroup as its financial advisor in connection with the merger based on Citigroup s reputation, experience and familiarity with Aleris and its business. Citigroup is an internationally recognized investment banking firm which regularly engages in the valuation of businesses and their securities in connection with mergers and acquisitions, negotiated underwritings, competitive bids, secondary distributions of listed and unlisted securities, private placements and valuations for estate, corporate and other purposes.

Financing the Merger

Parent estimates that the total amount of funds necessary to complete the merger and the related transactions is approximately \$3.4 billion, which includes approximately \$1.7 billion to be paid to Aleris stockholders and holders of other equity-based interests in Aleris, with the remaining funds to be used to refinance certain of Aleris s existing indebtedness and to pay customary fees and expenses in connection with the merger, the financing arrangements and the related transactions. These payments are expected to be funded by a combination of equity contributions by TPG and its co-investors, debt financing and available cash of Aleris.

Equity Financing

TPG Partners IV, L.P. and TPG Partners V, L.P., private equity funds sponsored by TPG, and Aurora Acquisition Holdings, LLC have agreed to fund in the aggregate up to \$1 billion as the equity portion of the financing for the merger, subject to the terms and conditions of their respective equity commitment letters. TPG Partners IV, L.P. and TPG Partners V, L.P. have delivered an equity commitment letter for up to \$1 billion to Aurora Acquisition Holdings, LLC and Aleris, and Aurora Acquisition Holdings, LLC, in turn, has delivered an equity commitment letter for up to \$1 billion to Parent and Aleris. The equity commitment letter entered into by TPG Partners IV, L.P. and TPG Partners V, L.P. provides that TPG Partners IV, L.P. and TPG Partners V, L.P. may effect the funding required by their commitment through one or more affiliated entities and may assign their commitment to fund up to 49% of the equity to one or more other investors. TPG Partners IV, L.P. and TPG Partners V, L.P. will be liable for the portion of their equity commitment that they assign unless the person to which TPG Partners IV, L.P. and TPG Partners V, L.P. have assigned a portion of their commitment delivers a commitment letter to Aurora Acquisition Holdings, LLC and Aleris agreeing to be bound by TPG Partners IV, L.P. s and TPG Partners V, L.P. s obligations with respect to the portion of the commitment that has been assigned.

Each equity commitment letter provides that the funds will be contributed on or prior to the closing of the merger to fund a portion of the merger consideration pursuant to and in accordance with the merger agreement, provided that the amount of such commitments to be funded on or prior to the closing of the merger may be reduced in a manner specified by TPG Partners IV, L.P. and TPG Partners V, L.P. or Aurora Acquisition Holdings, LLC but only to the extent it will be possible for Parent to complete the merger contributing less than the full amount of such commitments. Each equity commitment letter also provides that funds will be contributed to satisfy any liabilities or obligations of Parent or Merger Sub arising out of or in connection with any breach by Parent or Merger Sub of their respective representations, warranties, covenants or agreements contained in the merger agreement and to pay to the Company the termination fee payable by Merger Sub (collectively, the limited reimbursement obligations) to the extent provided in the merger agreement. Each of the equity commitments is generally subject to the satisfaction of the conditions to Parent s and Merger Sub's obligations to effect the closing under the merger agreement. Each of the equity commitment letters will terminate upon termination of the merger agreement except that the obligations of TPG Partners IV, L.P. and TPG Partners V, L.P. and Aurora Acquisition Holdings, LLC to pay the limited reimbursement obligations, if any, will survive such termination.

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Debt Financing

Pursuant to the merger agreement, Parent is obligated to use its reasonable best efforts to obtain the debt financing described below, including to negotiate definitive agreements with respect to the debt financing and to satisfy on a timely basis all conditions applicable to Parent in the definitive agreements that are within Parent s control. In the event any portion of the debt financing becomes unavailable on the terms and conditions contemplated in the commitments in respect thereof, Parent is obligated to use its reasonable best efforts to arrange to obtain alternative financing from alternative sources on terms not materially less beneficial to Parent and Merger Sub (as determined in the reasonable judgment of Parent).

In connection with the execution and delivery of the merger agreement, Parent has obtained:

commitments from Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch to provide a senior secured term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$970 million and a senior secured asset-based revolving credit facility with a maximum availability of \$750 million; and

commitments from Deutsche Bank AG Cayman Islands Branch to provide funds in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$530 million under a senior unsecured bridge facility and up to \$525 million under a senior subordinated unsecured bridge facility to finance, in part, the payment of the merger consideration, the repayment or refinancing of certain indebtedness of the Company outstanding on the closing date of the merger and to pay fees and expenses in connection therewith and for working capital needs and general corporate requirements of the Company.

The debt commitments expire on June 30, 2007. The documentation governing the debt facilities has not been finalized and, therefore, the actual terms of such facilities may differ from those described in this proxy statement.

The facilities contemplated by the debt financing commitments are conditioned on the merger being completed on or prior to June 30, 2007 and other customary conditions including:

receipt of cash equity financing from TPG or other investors reasonably satisfactory to Deutsche Bank in an aggregate amount of at least 25% of the total financing used to fund the merger consideration and pay down the existing indebtedness of the Company;

execution of satisfactory definitive documentation;

no amendments to the merger agreement that are not reasonably satisfactory in all material respects to Deutsche Bank;

the merger being completed and all of the conditions precedent to the consummation of the merger being satisfied or waived, except that no condition material to the interests of Deutsche Bank may be waived except with the consent of Deutsche Bank (which consent cannot be unreasonably withheld or delayed);

the refinancing of certain of the Company s existing indebtedness occurring substantially concurrently with the funding of the facilities;

the Company having excess availability under the Company s asset-based revolving credit facility based on the borrowing base therein of at least an amount to be agreed by TPG and Deutsche Bank;

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the absence of a material adverse effect on the Company since December 31, 2005;

all costs, fees, expenses and other compensation payable to Deutsche Bank contemplated by the agreements relating to the debt financing having been paid;

Deutsche Bank having received customary legal opinions, a customary solvency certificate and other customary closing documentation;

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Deutsche Bank having at least 25 days following the delivery of a confidential information memorandum by the Company to market and syndicate the senior secured debt financing; and

Deutsche Bank having at least 25 days following receipt of a complete set of customary high-yield offering materials from the Company to place debt securities of the Company with qualified purchasers.

Although the debt financing commitments described in this proxy statement are not subject to due diligence or a market out , such financing may not be considered assured. As of the date of this proxy statement, no alternative financing arrangements or alternative financing plans have been made in the event the debt financing described herein is not available as anticipated.

Asset-Based Revolving Credit Facility

Borrowings under the asset-based revolving credit facility will be limited in the case of each borrower by a borrowing base, which will be calculated periodically based on specified percentages of the value of eligible accounts receivable and, in the case of U.S. and Canadian borrowers, the value of eligible inventory, subject to adjustments for reserves and other matters. Borrowings under the asset-based revolving credit facility will be guaranteed by the Company and its subsidiaries (subject to certain exceptions) and secured by a first priority lien in substantially all current assets of the Company located in the U.S. and Canada as well as certain other assets and a second priority lien in fixed assets of the Company and certain other assets that secure the term loan facility on a first priority basis. Borrowings under the asset-based revolving credit facility on the closing date to effect the merger and the refinancing of certain of the Company s existing indebtedness and to pay fees and expenses incurred in connection with the merger will be limited to \$315 million plus an amount by which working capital on the closing date exceeds a trailing average of working capital to be agreed.

Term Loan Facility

Borrowings under the term loan facility will be made on the closing date of the merger. The borrowings will be guaranteed by the Company and its subsidiaries (subject to certain exceptions) and will be secured by a first priority lien in fixed assets of the Company as well as certain other assets and a second priority lien in the current and other assets securing the asset-based revolving credit facility on a first priority basis.

Bridge Facilities

Borrowings under the bridge facilities will be used by Parent and Merger Sub in a single draw on the closing date of the merger in the event that Parent does not complete other contemplated permanent financings at or prior to such time. The bridge facilities will be guaranteed (on a senior subordinated basis, in the case of the senior subordinated bridge facility) by the U.S. subsidiaries of the Company (subject to certain exceptions).

Interests of the Company s Directors and Executive Officers in the Merger

In considering the recommendation of the Company s board of directors with respect to the merger, you should be aware that some of the Company s directors and executive officers have interests in the merger that are different from, or in addition to, the interest of our stockholders generally. These interests may present them with actual or potential conflicts of interests, and these interests, to the extent material, are described below. The Company s board of directors was aware of these interests and considered them, among other matters, in approving the merger agreement and the merger.

Treatment of Stock Options

As of the record date, there were approximately 1,024,121 shares of our common stock subject to stock options granted under our equity incentive plans to our current executive officers and directors. Each outstanding stock option that remains unexercised as of the completion of the merger, whether or not the option is vested or exercisable, will be canceled (to the extent permitted under the governing stock plan documents and related award agreements or otherwise effectuated by the Company), and the holder of such stock option that has an

exercise price of less than \$52.50 will be entitled to receive a cash payment, less any required withholding taxes, equal to the product of:

the number of shares of our common stock subject to the option as of the effective time of the merger; and

the excess, if any, of \$52.50 over the exercise price per share of common stock subject to such option. The following table summarizes the vested and unvested options with exercise prices of less than \$52.50 per share held by our directors and executive officers as of September 5, 2006, and the consideration that each of them will receive pursuant to the merger agreement in connection with the cancellation of their options:

	No. of Shares Underlying Vested and	Weighted Average Exercise Price of Vested and		Resulting	
	Unvested Options	Unvested Options		C	onsideration ¹
Directors:					
John E. Balkcom	29,000	\$	10.95	\$	1,204,820.00
Steven J. Demetriou ²	(see below)	(see below)			(see below)
C. Frederick Fetterolf					
John E. Grimes	20,000	\$	8.71	\$	875,760.00
Dale V. Kesler	16,000	\$	7.78	\$	715,520.00
Larry E. Kittelberger					
Paul E. Lego					
John E. Merow	24,450	\$	6.47	\$	1,125,376.45
Hugh G. Robinson	9,000	\$	11.08	\$	372,760.00
Executive Officers:					
Steven J. Demetriou	441,800	\$	13.80	\$ 1	7,097,759.90
Michael D. Friday	123,625	\$	13.13	\$	4,866,684.50
John J. Wasz	173,196	\$	12.21	\$	6,978,382.48
Christopher R. Clegg	79,850	\$	13.73	\$	3,095,483.75
Sean M. Stack	63,900	\$	13.06	\$	2,520,128.40
Robert R. Holian	43,300	\$	13.23	\$	1,700,450.00
Alfred Haszler					

The amounts set forth in this Resulting Consideration column are calculated based on the actual exercise prices underlying the related options, as opposed to the weighted average exercise price per share of vested and unvested options.

Treatment of Restricted Stock and Stock Units

As of the record date, there were approximately 202,335 shares of our common stock represented by restricted share awards held by our directors and executive officers under our equity incentive plans. Under the terms of the merger agreement, all such restricted share awards will become immediately vested and free of restrictions effective as of the completion of the merger; and at the effective time of the merger, the holder of each such award will receive a cash payment of \$52.50 per share of restricted stock, less any required withholding taxes, in exchange for the cancellation of such restricted shares in accordance with the treatment of other stockholders participating in the merger.

In addition, as of the record date there were approximately 8,000 shares of our common stock represented by certain restricted stock units held by our directors and executive officers originally granted in 2004 under an IMCO Recycling Inc. equity plan. Others who received this type of award are no longer directors or executive

² Mr. Demetriou also serves as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. See figures under Executive Officers.

officers of the Company. Under the terms of the merger agreement, these restricted stock unit awards will be cancelled, and the holders of the restricted stock unit awards will be entitled to receive in consideration for the cancellation a cash payment of \$52.50 per restricted stock unit, less any required withholding taxes.

The following table summarizes the restricted shares and restricted stock unit awards held by our executive officers and directors as of September 5, 2006, and the consideration that each of them will receive pursuant to the merger agreement in connection with the cancellation of such awards:

	No. of Restricted Shares	No. of Restricted Stock Units	Resulting Consideration ¹
Directors:			
John E. Balkcom	3,175		\$ 166,687.50
Steven J. Demetriou ²	(see below)		(see below)
C. Frederick Fetterolf	3,175		\$ 166,687.50
John E. Grimes	3,175		\$ 166,687.50
Dale V. Kesler	3,175		\$ 166,687.50
Larry E. Kittelberger	3,175		\$ 166,687.50
Paul E. Lego	3,175		\$ 166,687.50
John E. Merow	3,175		\$ 166,687.50
Hugh G. Robinson	3,175		\$ 166,687.50
Executive Officers:			
Steven J. Demetriou	91,083		\$ 4,781,857.50
Michael D. Friday	24,292		\$ 1,275,330.00
John J. Wasz	22,152		\$ 1,162,980.00
Christopher R. Clegg	16,733		\$ 878,482.50
Sean M. Stack	13,875		\$ 728,437.50
Robert R. Holian	8,800	8,000	\$ 882,000.00
Alfred Haszler			

¹ The amounts set forth in this Resulting Consideration column are the total consideration that will be paid for both restricted shares and restricted stock units.

Treatment of Performance Units

Certain executive officers and other employees of the Company were granted performance units in 2005 and 2006 under the Company s 2004 Equity Incentive Plan. The grants provided for performance units, the settlement of which would be in shares of Aleris common stock, which would vest based on the attainment of certain performance goals. One-half of the performance unit award would vest upon the attainment of return on capital employed targets, which we refer to as the ROCE-Vested Units, and the other half would vest only upon attainment of certain merger synergy targets prior to December 31, 2008 related to the merger of IMCO Recycling Inc. and Commonwealth Industries, Inc., which we refer to as the Synergy-Vested Units. Certain executive officers were also granted awards consisting of a cash amount and performance units as part of 2005 Acquisition Incentive Awards, which we refer to as the Acquisition Units, which would be payable upon the attainment of specified goals at the end of 2006 and 2007.

Under the terms of the merger agreement, the Synergy-Vested Units will remain outstanding and the surviving corporation will make payments, if any, in accordance with the Synergy-Vested Units original agreements based on the attainment of the applicable performance measures. Any amount that would have been payable in shares will instead be payable in cash in an amount equal to \$52.50 multiplied by the number of shares underlying the Synergy-Vested Unit, less any required withholding taxes. Also, under the terms of the merger agreement, the ROCE-Vested Units and the Acquisition Units will be accelerated and vested as if all

² Mr. Demetriou also serves as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. See figures under Executive Officers.

performance goals had been met as of the date which is the later of January 15, 2007 or one business day following the closing date of the merger. The ROCE-Vested Units and Acquisition Units will subsequently be cancelled and each holder of such units will receive in consideration for such cancellation an amount in cash equal to \$52.50 multiplied by the number of shares underlying the ROCE-Vested Units and the Acquisition Units, less any required withholding taxes, plus the cash amount portion of the Acquisition Unit award.

The following table summarizes the ROCE-Vested Units and Acquisition Units held by our executive officers and directors as of September 5, 2006, the consideration that each of them will receive for the cancellation of the performance units in connection with the merger and the cash payment portion of the Acquisition Units that becomes payable upon the acceleration of the Acquisition Units:

	No. of Shares underlying ROCE-Vested Units	No. of Shares underlying Acquisition Units	uisition Unit sh Payment	Resulting Consideration Plus Cash Payment ¹
Executive Officers:		_		
Steven J. Demetriou	25,000	10,535	\$ 301,500	\$ 2,167,087.50
Michael D. Friday	5,000	3,292	\$ 94,219	\$ 529,549.00
John J. Wasz	5,000	3,161	\$ 90,450	\$ 518,902.50
Christopher R. Clegg	3,500	1,975	\$ 56,532	\$ 343,969.50
Sean M. Stack	3,500	1,975	\$ 56,532	\$ 343,969.50
Robert R. Holian	2,500	922	\$ 26,382	\$ 206,037.00
Alfred Haszler				

The amounts set forth in this Resulting Consideration column are the total consideration that will be paid for the share portions of both ROCE-Vested Units and the Acquisition Units as well as the cash portion of the Acquisition Units.

Severance Agreements

Each of our current executive officers and certain other officers have severance agreements with us. Under the severance agreements, if the officer s employment is terminated by the Company during a two-year period following a change in control event for any reason other than for cause , death, disability or certain retirement events, or if the officer resigns for good reason , he will be entitled to severance compensation as follows:

a lump sum payment in an amount equal to three times (for Mr. Demetriou) or two times (for the other executive officers) the sum of his base salary (at the highest rate in effect for any period within the past twelve months prior to his termination date) plus the highest of (1) the target bonus for the fiscal year in which the change in control occurs, (2) the target bonus for the fiscal year in which the termination occurs or (3) the highest bonus earned by him in respect of the three fiscal years prior to the change in control;

a lump sum payment of (1) a pro-rata portion of the annual bonus pay (based on the greater of (a) the target bonus for the fiscal year in which a change in control occurs and (b) the target bonus for the fiscal year in which the termination occurs), (2) accrued salary and vacation and (3) any compensation previously deferred by the officer under any nonqualified plan;

continued welfare benefits for three years (for Mr. Demetriou) or two years (for the other executive officers) following his termination date; and

reimbursement for any excise tax liability imposed by Section 4999 of the Internal Revenue Code, or any interest or penalties incurred with respect to such excise tax in an amount such that after payment by the respective officer of all taxes, that officer retains an amount equal to the amount of the excise tax.

Certain other officers have similar severance arrangements, however the severance payment and benefit continuation multiple is a factor of 1.5 times his or her base salary and 18 months, respectively.

For purposes of the severance agreements, cause includes the willful and continuing failure to perform duties of employment; gross misconduct, fraud or dishonesty involving the Company; breach of the duty of loyalty to the Company; impeding an investigation being conducted by the Company s board of directors; or conviction of a felony. Good reason generally means the occurrence of the following events following a change in control: assignment of duties inconsistent with prior duties or adverse change in reporting responsibilities of the executive; reduction in the executive s base salary or target bonus; a reduction in the executive s benefits, not providing welfare benefits for dependents, or not providing most favorable fringe benefits; a relocation of the executive s principal place of employment 100 miles from his current location; or failure of the Company to have the severance agreement assumed by any successor company.

Termination of Deferred Compensation Plan and Distribution of Accounts

Pursuant to the merger agreement, at the time the merger becomes effective, all account balances under the Company s non-qualified deferred compensation plans, including the deferred compensation plan and retirement benefit restoration plan, in which our executive officers or directors participate, will be paid out in cash to participants, less any required withholding taxes.

Indemnification and Insurance

The merger agreement provides that all rights to indemnification existing in favor of current and former officers, directors or employees of the Company or any of our subsidiaries in their capacity as such provided in the Company s certificate of incorporation or bylaws, or similar documents of the Company s subsidiaries, as in effect as of the date of the merger agreement with respect to matters occurring prior to the effective time of the merger shall continue in full force and effect for a period of not less than six years after the effective time of the merger, unless otherwise required by law.

The merger agreement provides that the Company will purchase by the effective time of the merger, and the surviving corporation will maintain, tail policies to the current directors and officers liability insurance policies currently maintained by the Company and its subsidiaries. These tail policies will not have aggregate premiums in excess of 400% of the annual amounts currently paid by the Company, will be effective for six years from the effective time of the merger with respect to claims arising from facts or events that existed or occurred prior to the effective time of the merger, and except as provided in the merger agreement will contain coverage that is at least as protective to the persons covered as our existing policies in this respect.

New Management Arrangements

As of the date of this proxy statement, no member of our management has entered into any amendments or modifications to existing employment agreements with us or our subsidiaries in connection with the merger. In addition, as of the date of this proxy statement, no member of our management has entered into any agreement, arrangement or understanding with Parent, Merger Sub or their affiliates regarding employment with, or the right to purchase or participate in the equity of, the surviving corporation.

TPG has informed us that it is their intention to retain members of our existing management team with the surviving corporation after the merger is completed. In that connection, members of management have engaged in preliminary discussions regarding revised terms of employment. In addition to revised terms of employment, TPG has informed us that they intend to offer members of management the opportunity to convert a portion of their current equity interests in the Company into equity in the surviving corporation, and that they also intend to set up equity-based incentive compensation plans for management of the surviving corporation. Although we believe members of our management team are likely to enter into new arrangements with Parent, Merger Sub or their affiliates regarding employment with, and the right to purchase or participate in the equity of, the surviving corporation, such matters are subject to further negotiations and discussions with TPG and no terms or conditions have been finalized. The new arrangements may be entered into prior to the completion of the merger.

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Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following is a general discussion of certain material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the merger to holders of our common stock. We base this summary on the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), applicable current and proposed U.S. Treasury Regulations, judicial authority, and administrative rulings and practice, all of which are subject to change, possibly on a retroactive basis

For purposes of this discussion, we use the term U.S. holder to mean:

a citizen or individual resident of the United States for U.S. federal income tax purposes;

a corporation, or other entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any state or the District of Columbia;

a trust if it (1) is subject to the primary supervision of a court within the United States and one or more United States persons, as defined under Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code (U.S. persons), have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (2) has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury Regulations to be treated as a U.S. person; or

an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income tax regardless of its source.

A non-U.S. holder is a person (other than a partnership) that is not a U.S. holder.

This discussion assumes that a holder holds the shares of our common stock as a capital asset within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code (generally, property held for investment). This discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income tax that may be relevant to a holder in light of its particular circumstances, or that may apply to a holder that is subject to special treatment under the U.S. federal income tax laws (including, for example, insurance companies, dealers in securities or foreign currencies, traders in securities who elect the mark-to-market method of accounting for their securities, holders subject to the alternative minimum tax, persons that have a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar, tax-exempt organizations, financial institutions, mutual funds, partnerships or other pass-through entities for U.S. federal income tax purposes, controlled foreign corporations, passive foreign investment companies, certain expatriates, corporations that accumulate earnings to avoid U.S. federal income tax, holders who hold shares of our common stock as part of a hedge, straddle, constructive sale or conversion transaction, or holders who acquired their shares of our common stock through the exercise of employee stock options or other compensation arrangements). In addition, this discussion does not address any tax considerations under state, local or foreign tax laws, or U.S. federal laws other than those pertaining to the U.S. federal income tax that may apply to holders. The U.S. federal income tax consequences set forth below are not intended to constitute a complete description of all tax consequences relating to the merger. Holders are urged to consult their own tax advisors to determine the particular tax consequences, including the application and effect of any state, local or foreign income and other tax laws, of the receipt of cash in exchange for our common stock pursuant to the merger.

If a partnership holds our common stock, the tax treatment of a partner will generally depend on the status of the partners and the activities of the partnership. If you are a partner of a partnership holding our common stock, you should consult your tax advisors.

U.S. Holders

The receipt of cash in the merger (or pursuant to the exercise of dissenters rights) by U.S. holders of our common stock will be a taxable transaction for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In general, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a U.S. holder of our common stock will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between:

the amount of cash received in exchange for such common stock; and

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the U.S. holder s adjusted tax basis in such common stock.

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If the holding period in our common stock surrendered in the merger (or pursuant to the exercise of dissenters rights) is greater than one year as of the date of the merger, the gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss. The deductibility of a capital loss recognized on the exchange is subject to limitations under the Code. If a U.S. holder acquired different blocks of our common stock at different times and different prices, such holder must determine its adjusted tax basis and holding period separately with respect to each block of our common stock.

Under the Code, cash received in the merger (or pursuant to the exercise of dissenters rights) by a U.S. holder may be subject to U.S. information reporting and backup withholding. Backup withholding (currently at a rate of 28%) will apply with respect to the amount of cash received by a non-corporate U.S. holder, unless the U.S. holder provides proof of an applicable exemption or a correct taxpayer identification number, and otherwise complies with the applicable requirements of the backup withholding rules. Backup withholding is not an additional tax and any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be refunded or credited against a U.S. holder s U.S. federal income tax liability, if any, provided that such U.S. holder furnishes the required information to the Internal Revenue Service in a timely manner.

Non-U.S. Holders

Any gain realized on the receipt of cash in the merger (or pursuant to the exercise of dissenters rights) by a non-U.S. holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax unless:

the gain is effectively connected with a trade or business of the non-U.S. holder in the United States (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of the non-U.S. holder);

the non-U.S. holder is an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of that disposition, and certain other conditions are met; or

the non-U.S. holder owned, directly or under certain constructive ownership rules of the Code, more than 5% of our common stock (which includes for purposes of this bullet point the stock of our predecessor entity) at any time during the five-year period preceding the merger, and we are or have been a United States real property holding corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes at any time during the shorter of a five-year period preceding the merger or the period that the non-U.S. holder held our common stock.

A non-U.S. holder described in the first bullet point immediately above will be taxed on a net income basis on the net gain derived from the merger and in the same manner as if it were a U.S. person, and, if a non-U.S. holder is a foreign corporation, it may be subject, in addition, to the branch profits tax equal to 30% of its effectively connected earnings and profits or at such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty. An individual non-U.S. holder described in the second bullet point immediately above will generally be subject to a flat 30% tax on the gain derived from the merger, which may be offset by U.S. source capital losses, even though the individual is not considered a resident of the United States under the Code.

Since January 1, 2004 we have not been a United States real property holding corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes and do not anticipate becoming one in the future. If you owned more than 5% of our common stock at any time during the five-year period preceding the merger and owned any of our common stock at any time prior to January 1, 2004, please consult your tax advisor to determine the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the merger.

Information reporting and, depending on the circumstances, backup withholding (currently at a rate of 28%) will apply to the cash received in the merger (or pursuant to the exercise of dissenters—rights), unless a beneficial owner certifies under penalty of perjury that it is a non-U.S. holder (and the payor does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that such beneficial owner is a U.S. person) or such beneficial owner otherwise establishes an exemption. Backup withholding is not an additional tax and any amounts withheld under the

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backup withholding rules may be refunded or credited against a non-U.S. holder s U.S. federal income tax liability, if any, provided that such non-U.S. holder furnishes the required information to the Internal Revenue Service in a timely manner.

Regulatory Approvals

The Hart-Scott-Rodino Act and related rules provide that transactions such as the merger may not be completed until certain information has been submitted to the Federal Trade Commission and the Antitrust Division of the U.S. Department of Justice and specified waiting period requirements have been satisfied. On September 1, 2006, the Company and TPG Partners V, L.P. each filed a Notification and Report Form with the Antitrust Division and the Federal Trade Commission and requested an early termination of the waiting period. If the early termination is not granted and a request for additional information by the relevant antitrust authorities is not made, the waiting period will expire at 11:59 p.m. on Monday, October 2, 2006.

The European Community merger control laws require that transactions, such as the merger which is required to be notified to the European Commission, must not be implemented until certain information has been submitted to the European Commission and the merger has been subsequently approved. In particular, Counsel Regulation (EC) No. 139/2004 of January 2004 requires notification to, and approval by, the European Commission of mergers or acquisitions involving parties with combined aggregate worldwide sales and individual European Union sales exceeding specified thresholds before these mergers or acquisitions are implemented. TPG and Aleris caused the filing of the required information with the European Commission on September 1, 2006.

Under the merger agreement, the Company, Parent and Merger Sub have agreed to use their reasonable best efforts to do all things necessary, proper or advisable under applicable laws and regulations to complete the merger, including making any required submission with any governmental entity with respect to the merger and to supply information and material that may be requested by any governmental entity. In the event that any action, suit, proceeding or investigation relating to the merger agreement or the transactions contemplated thereby is commenced, the Company, Parent and Merger Sub agreed to cooperate and use their reasonable best efforts to defend vigorously against it and respond thereto and to cause to any order, injunction or decree preventing the merger to be vacated or lifted.

Except as noted above with respect to the required filings under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act, the Council Regulation (EC) No. 139/2004 and the filing of a certificate of merger in Delaware at or before the effective date of the merger, we are unaware of any material federal, state or foreign regulatory requirements or approvals required for the execution of the merger agreement or completion of the merger.

Litigation

On or about August 10, 2006, a putative class action lawsuit, entitled Kahn v. Demetriou, et al., Case No. 2335-N, was filed against the Company and its directors in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware, New Castle County. The complaint purports to be brought on behalf of all the Company s stockholders (excluding the defendants and their affiliates). The complaint alleges that the Company s directors violated their fiduciary obligations to the Company s stockholders in approving the merger agreement. In that connection, the complaint alleges that (i) the merger consideration is inadequate, (ii) the directors failed to shop the Company because the proposed transaction is not the result of a pre-signing auction process or reliable market check, (iii) the go-shop provision is inadequate and unfairly limits the pool of potential merger candidates, and (iv) the termination fee and no-solicitation provisions of the merger agreement will hinder and deter other potential acquirers from seeking to acquire the Company on better terms than the proposed merger. The complaint seeks various forms of relief, including injunctive relief that would, if granted, prevent the completion of the merger, unspecified compensatory damages, and attorneys fees and expenses. The Company intends to vigorously defend against this action.

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THE MERGER AGREEMENT

The following is a summary of the material provisions of the merger agreement, a copy of which is attached as Annex A to this proxy statement and is incorporated in this proxy statement by reference. This summary does not purport to be complete and may not contain all of the information about the merger agreement that is important to you. We encourage you to read the merger agreement because it, and not this document, is the legal document that governs the merger. The description of the merger agreement in this proxy statement has been included to provide you with information regarding its terms.

The Merger; Effective Time; Marketing Period

The merger agreement provides for the merger of Merger Sub with and into Aleris upon the terms, and subject to the conditions, of the merger agreement. Aleris will survive the merger and continue to exist after the merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent. Following completion of the merger, the Company s common stock will be delisted from the New York Stock Exchange, deregistered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and no longer publicly traded. The Company will be a privately held corporation and the Company s current stockholders, other than any persons who may be permitted to invest in the surviving corporation (or Parent) and who chose to so invest, will cease to have any ownership interest in the Company or rights as Company stockholders. Therefore, such current stockholders of the Company will not participate in any future earnings or growth of the Company and will not benefit from any appreciation in value of the Company.

The merger will be effective at the time the certificate of merger is filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (or at a later time, if agreed upon by the parties and specified in the certificate of merger). So long as the marketing period has expired, the closing date will occur as promptly as practicable but in no event later than the second business day after all conditions to the merger set forth in the merger agreement have been satisfied or waived (or on such other date as Parent and the Company may mutually agree). In the event that all conditions have been satisfied but the marketing period has not expired, the parties are not required to effect the closing until the earlier of:

a date during the marketing period specified by Parent on no less than three business days notice to the Company; and

the final day of the marketing period.

The marketing period is defined in the merger agreement as the first period of 60 consecutive calendar days after the initiation date throughout and at the end of which (1) Parent and its financing sources have the financial information that the Company is required to provide pursuant to the merger agreement to complete the debt financing for the merger and (2) the conditions to the obligations of Parent and Merger Sub to complete the merger are satisfied or would be satisfied if the closing were then scheduled to occur. Also, the marketing period will end on any earlier date that the debt financing contemplated by the merger agreement has been completed. However, the periods of November 22-24, 2006 and December 15-31, 2006 will not be counted or taken into account for purposes of calculating the period of 60 consecutive calendar days.

The initiation date is the latest of (1) the date this proxy statement is mailed to the Company s stockholders, (2) the date that Parent and its financing sources have received certain financial information from the Company and (3) the later of November 10, 2006 and the business day after the date of the filing of the Company s Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2006.

In addition:

if the marketing period, determined as described above, would otherwise end after January 31, 2007, and:

on or before March 1, 2007 (if the Company is a large accelerated filer), the marketing period will be 45 consecutive calendar days and commence on the later of March 2, 2007 and the business day after the date the Company files with the Securities and Exchange Commission its annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006; or

on or before March 16, 2007 (if the Company is an accelerated filer), the marketing period will be 45 consecutive calendar days and commence on the later of March 17, 2007 and the business day after the date the Company files with the Securities and Exchange Commission its annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006; or

if the marketing period, determined as described above, would otherwise end between May 1, 2007 and May 10, 2007, then the marketing period will be 45 consecutive calendar days and commence on the later of May 11, 2007 and the business day after the date the Company files with the Securities and Exchange Commission its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007.

In any such event, the other criteria for the marketing period specified in the merger agreement and summarized above will continue to apply.

Throughout this period, Parent has agreed to use reasonable best efforts to arrange the debt financing on the terms described in the debt financing commitments and to satisfy on a timely basis the conditions to obtaining the financing set forth in such commitments (subject to Parent's right to replace or amend the commitments under specified circumstances), and in the event that any portion of the debt financing becomes unavailable on the terms and conditions contemplated in such commitments, to use its reasonable best efforts to arrange alternative financing on terms not materially less beneficial to Merger Sub (as determined in the reasonable judgment of Parent) in an amount sufficient to complete the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

Merger Consideration

Each share of Aleris common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the merger will automatically be cancelled and will cease to exist and will be converted into the right to receive \$52.50 in cash, without interest and less any required withholding taxes, other than:

shares owned by Parent, Merger Sub or any subsidiary of Parent or the Company;

shares held in the treasury of the Company; and

shares held by holders who have properly exercised their appraisal rights, and have not effectively withdrawn or lost such appraisal rights.

After the merger is effective, each holder of a certificate representing any shares of Aleris common stock (other than shares for which appraisal rights have been properly exercised) will no longer have any rights with respect to the shares, except for the right to receive the merger consideration.

Treatment of Options and Other Awards

Immediately prior to the completion of the merger, each option to purchase shares of Company stock granted under any Company plan that is outstanding and remains unexercised, whether or not the option is vested or exercisable, will be canceled, and the holder of each such stock option that has an exercise price of less than \$52.50 will be entitled to receive upon completion of the merger, a cash payment, equal to the product of (1) the number of shares of our common stock previously subject to the option; and (2) the excess, if any, of \$52.50 over the exercise price per share of common stock subject to such option, less applicable withholding taxes.

In addition, each share of Company stock subject to vesting or other restrictions pursuant to a Company plan, will, immediately prior to the completion of the merger, vest and become free of restrictions. All holders of such restricted stock will be entitled to participate in the merger as other stockholders, receiving \$52.50 for each share of restricted stock, less any required withholding taxes.

Except with respect to those performance unit and acquisition unit awards described below, each other award of a right under any Company plan entitling the holder thereof to restricted shares, shares or cash equal to or based on the value of shares of Company common stock, which we refer to collectively as stock units, that is

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outstanding as of the completion of the merger (whether vested or unvested) will be canceled by the Company and the holder thereof will be entitled to receive, at the completion of the merger, or as soon as practicable thereafter, in consideration for such cancellation, an amount in cash equal to the product of (1) the number of shares previously subject to such stock unit and (2) the excess, if any, of \$52.50 over the exercise price per share, if any, previously subject to such stock unit, less any required withholding taxes.

Certain employees of the Company hold performance unit awards which were, when granted, intended to be payable in shares and vest in two parts, based on the attainment of certain performance goals. One-half of the performance unit award would vest upon the attainment of return on capital employed targets, and one-half would vest based on certain merger synergy targets stemming from the merger of IMCO Recycling Inc. and Commonwealth Industries, Inc. (these performance unit awards were previously described in The Merger Interests of the Company s Directors and Executive Officers in the Merger as the ROCE-Vested Units and Synergy-Vested Units , respectively). In addition, certain employees hold acquisition incentive awards that consist of a cash component and performance unit component (previously described in The Merger Interests of the Company s Directors and Executive Officers in the Merger as the Acquisition Units) The merger agreement provides that the Synergy-Vested Units will remain outstanding and the Company will make payments, if any, pursuant to and in accordance with the terms of the agreement evidencing the grant of such awards, including any provisions with respect to forfeiture, accelerated payment of such stock unit awards in certain circumstances and the satisfaction of performance criteria. With respect to awards payable in shares under the applicable grant agreement, any payment to the grantee will consist of an amount in cash equal to the product of (1) the number of shares to which such grantee would have been entitled, if any, under the terms of the award and (2) \$52.50, less any required withholding taxes. Also pursuant to the merger agreement, the ROCE-Vested Units and Acquisition Units will, in connection with the merger, become fully vested as of the later of either (a) January 15, 2007 or (b) the business day immediately following the closing date of the merger, in either case as if all performance targets had been satisfied with respect to such awards. Within ten days of such later date, the Company will pay to the grantee an amount in cash equal to the sum of (1) the product of (x) the number of shares to which such grantee would have been entitled under the terms of the applicable ROCE-Vested Unit or Acquisition Unit award and (y) \$52.50, and (2) the cash portion of such grantee s Acquisition Unit award, if any, under the applicable agreement, less any required withholding taxes.

All account balances under the Company s deferred compensation plan and retirement benefit restoration plan will be paid out in cash to participants therein by the Company upon consummation of the merger, or as soon as practicable thereafter, less any required withholding taxes.

Exchange and Payment Procedures

At or prior to the effective time of the merger, Parent will deposit, or will cause to be deposited, in trust an amount of cash sufficient to pay the merger consideration to each holder of shares of our common stock with a bank or trust company (the paying agent) reasonably acceptable to us. Promptly after the effective time of the merger, the paying agent will mail a letter of transmittal and instructions to you and the other stockholders. The letter of transmittal and instructions will tell you how to surrender your common stock certificates or shares you may hold represented by book entry in exchange for the merger consideration.

You should not return your stock certificates with the enclosed proxy card, and you should not forward your stock certificates to the paying agent without a letter of transmittal.

You will not be entitled to receive the merger consideration until you surrender your stock certificate or certificates (or book-entry shares) to the paying agent, together with a duly completed and executed letter of transmittal and any other documents as may be required by the letter of transmittal. The merger consideration may be paid to a person other than the person in whose name the corresponding certificate is registered if the certificate is properly endorsed or is otherwise in the proper form for transfer. In addition, the person who surrenders such certificate must either pay any transfer or other applicable taxes or establish to the satisfaction of the surviving corporation that such taxes have been paid or are not applicable.

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No interest will be paid or will accrue on the cash payable upon surrender of the certificates (or book-entry shares). The paying agent will be entitled to deduct and withhold, and pay to the appropriate taxing authorities, any applicable taxes from the merger consideration. Any sum which is withheld and paid to a taxing authority by the paying agent will be deemed to have been paid to the person with regard to whom it is withheld.

At the effective time of the merger, our stock transfer books will be closed, and there will be no further registration of transfers of outstanding shares of our common stock. If, after the effective time of the merger, certificates are presented to the surviving corporation for transfer, they will be canceled and exchanged for the merger consideration.

Neither Parent nor the surviving corporation will be liable to any person for any cash delivered to a public official pursuant to any applicable abandoned property, escheat or similar law. Any portion of the merger consideration deposited with the paying agent that remains undistributed to the holders of certificates evidencing shares of our common stock for six months after the effective time of the merger, will be delivered to the surviving corporation. Holders of certificates who have not surrendered their certificates prior to the end of the six-month period may only look to Parent or the surviving corporation for the payment of the merger consideration. Any portion of the merger consideration that remains unclaimed prior to one year after the effective date of the merger (or an earlier date that is immediately prior to such time as such amounts would otherwise escheat to or become property of any governmental authority) will, to the extent permitted by applicable law, become the property of the surviving corporation free and clear of any claims or interest of any person previously entitled to the merger consideration.

Representations and Warranties

The merger agreement contains representations and warranties made by us to Parent and Merger Sub and representations and warranties made by Parent and Merger Sub to us. The statements embodied in those representations and warranties were made for purposes of that contract between the parties and are subject to qualifications and limitations agreed by the parties in connection with negotiating the terms of that contract. In addition, certain representations and warranties were made as of a specific date, may be subject to contractual standards of materiality different from those generally applicable to stockholders, or may have been used for the purpose of allocating risk between the parties rather than establishing matters of fact. In addition, the representations and warranties (1) have been qualified by disclosures made to the other parties in connection with the merger agreement, (2) will not survive consummation of the merger and cannot be the basis for any claims under the merger agreement by the other parties after termination of the merger agreement, and (3) at closing, must only be true and correct subject to the standards contained in the merger agreement, which may differ from what may be viewed as material by stockholders. Certain representations and warranties were made only as of the date of the merger agreement or such other date as is specified in the merger agreement. For the foregoing reasons, you should not rely on the representations and warranties contained in the merger agreement as statements of factual information.

Our representations and warranties in the merger agreement relate to, among other things:

the organization and qualification of the Company and our subsidiaries;

capitalization of the Company and our subsidiaries;

authority of the Company to enter into the merger agreement, including the necessary board action;

consents and approvals that need to be obtained in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, and the absence of violations of law in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;

periodic reports filed with the SEC and financial statements of the Company and the absence of undisclosed liabilities;

the absence of a material adverse effect and certain other changes since December 31, 2005;

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this proxy statement and other filings with the SEC;
brokers and certain expenses;
employee and labor matters and matters relating to our and our subsidiaries employee benefit plans;
litigation;
tax matters;
compliance with law and the absence of default under the Company s contracts;
environmental matters;
intellectual property;
real property;
material contracts;
insurance;
questionable payments;
related party transactions;
opinion of the Company s financial advisor;
required vote of the holders of the Company s stock;
the inapplicability of any rights agreement or state takeover statutes;
the Corus acquisition; and

our making no representations and warranties except for the representations and warranties contained in the merger agreement.

For purposes of the merger agreement, material adverse effect means a material adverse effect on the business, results of operations or condition (financial or otherwise) of the Company and our subsidiaries taken as a whole or the ability of the Company to timely complete the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

However, a material adverse effect will not be deemed to include effects to the extent resulting from:

changes in general economic conditions, unless such changes have a disproportionate effect on the Company and our subsidiaries, taken as a whole, when compared to other companies operating in the same industries in which we or our subsidiaries operate;

general changes or developments in the industries in which the Company or our subsidiaries operate, unless such changes have a disproportionate effect on the Company and our subsidiaries, taken as a whole, when compared to other companies operating in the same industries in which we or our subsidiaries operate;

changes in securities markets generally;

any act of war or terrorism, except any such act that causes any damage or destruction to or renders unusable any facility or property of the Company or any of our subsidiaries;

changes, after the date of the merger agreement, in generally accepted accounting principles or interpretations thereof, unless such changes have a disproportionate effect on the Company and our subsidiaries, taken as a whole, when compared to other companies operating in the same industries in which we or our subsidiaries operate;

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changes, after the date of the merger agreement, in laws, rules or regulations of general applicability or interpretations thereof by courts or governmental entities, unless such changes have a disproportionate effect on the Company and our subsidiaries, taken as a whole, when compared to other companies operating in the same industries in which we or our subsidiaries operate;

the announcement of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby; or

changes in the market price of the Company s common stock.

You should be aware that these representations and warranties are made by the Company to Parent and Merger Sub, may be subject to important limitations and qualifications agreed to by Parent and Merger Sub, may or may not be accurate as of the date they were made and do not purport to be accurate as of the date of this proxy statement. See Where You Can Find Additional Information .

The merger agreement also contains various representations and warranties made by Parent and Merger Sub that are subject, in some cases, to specified exceptions and qualifications. The representations and warranties relate to, among other things:

the organization and qualification of Parent and Merger Sub;

authority of Parent and Merger Sub to enter into the merger agreement, including the necessary corporate action;

this proxy statement and other filings with the SEC;

consents and approvals that need to be obtained in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, and the absence of violations of law in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;

financing of the transaction, including debt and equity financing commitments from financing sources;

parent and Merger Sub being formed solely to engage transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;

brokers and certain expenses;

litigation;

lack of ownership of Aleris common stock; and

their making no other representations and warranties except for the representations and warranties contained in the merger agreement. The representations and warranties of each of the parties to the merger agreement will expire at the effective time of the merger.

Conduct of Our Business Pending the Merger

Under the merger agreement, we have agreed that, subject to certain exceptions and unless Parent gives its prior written consent, between August 7, 2006, and the completion of the merger:

we and our subsidiaries will conduct business in the ordinary and usual course of business consistent with past practice; and

we and our subsidiaries will use our reasonable best efforts to preserve intact our business organization and to preserve the goodwill of and maintain present relationships with customers, suppliers and other persons with which we have significant business relationships.

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We have also agreed that between August 7, 2006 and the completion of the merger, subject to certain exceptions or unless Parent gives its prior written consent, we and our subsidiaries will not:

issue, sell, grant options or rights to purchase, pledge, or authorize or propose to issue, sell, grant options or rights to purchase or pledge, any of our or our subsidiaries equity interests, or any rights or other securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for such equity interest, except for the issuance of Aleris common stock upon the exercise of options or in connection with other stock-based awards outstanding as of August 7, 2006;

acquire, redeem or amend any of our or our subsidiaries equity interests, or any rights or other securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for such equity interests;

split, combine or reclassify our capital stock or declare, set aside, make or pay any dividend or distribution on shares of our capital stock, except for cash dividends paid to us or our wholly-owned subsidiaries by one of our wholly-owned subsidiaries with regard to its capital stock;

except for purchases or sales of inventory made in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice:

acquire any business, assets or securities involving the payment of \$10,000,000 or more; or

sell, lease, encumber or dispose of assets or securities for \$10,000,000 or more;

other than in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, enter into, amend or relinquish any rights under any material contract;

other than in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, incur, repay or prepay any indebtedness for borrowed money, or amend or materially modify or refinance any existing indebtedness, or assume or guarantee the obligations of any person, or make any loans or advances to, or investments in, any other person (other than one of our wholly-owned subsidiaries);

change any of our accounting methods, principles or practices, except as required by generally accepted accounting principles;

make any material tax election or settle or compromise any material federal, state, local or foreign income tax liability, other than in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice;

terminate any officer or director other than termination for cause;

propose or adopt any amendments to our certificate of incorporation or bylaws or the certificates of incorporation, bylaws or other similar governing documents of our subsidiaries;

except to the extent required by any employee benefit plan or contract in accordance with their terms in effect on August 7, 2006 (provided that any stock-related grants pursuant to such employee benefit plan or contract are not for more than 2,450 shares of Aleris common stock for all such employee benefit plans or contracts), agree to grant or grant any stock-related, cash-based, performance or similar awards or bonuses;

forgive any loans to employees, officers or directors;

enter into, amend, terminate or renew any employment, severance, consulting or salary continuation agreements with or for the benefit of any employees (other than new hires where annual base salary does not exceed \$150,000 for employees in North America, or \$175,000 for employees outside of North America), officers or directors, or grant increases in the compensation or benefits to officers and directors other than annual merit salary or bonus increases consistent with past practice or as required by any contract in effect as of August 7, 2006;

subject to our and our subsidiaries plans, agreements and contracts, make any contributions of cash or other property to fund or secure payment of compensation or benefits under our employee benefit plans or agreements;

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make or authorize any capital expenditure or expenditures that are not included in the capital expenditure plans we previously made available to Parent:

enter into any new line of business outside of our existing business segments;

enter into, amend in any material respect, or extend any collective bargaining or other labor agreement (other than with respect to automatic extensions as provided in the agreement);

adopt, materially amend or terminate any bonus, severance, insurance, pension or other employee benefit plan or arrangement;

settle any material claim or proceeding or investigation or pay or agree to satisfy any claim or liability or obligation other than (1) in the ordinary course consistent with past practice and (2) the payment or satisfaction of liabilities reflected or reserved against in full in our financial statements as at December 31, 2005;

convene any regular or special meeting of our stockholders other than the meeting to obtain the required stockholder vote to approve the merger;

enter into any agreement or arrangement for the voting or registration of our or our subsidiaries equity securities;

fail to manage accounts payable or accounts receivable in a manner that is consistent with past practice;

fail to keep in force insurance policies or replacement or revised provisions providing insurance coverage with respect to our and our subsidiaries assets, operations and activities as was in effect on August 7, 2006;

take any action to that would make anti-takeover laws or regulations inapplicable or make third parties exempt from such laws or regulations; or

authorize, commit or agree to take any of the foregoing actions.

Despite the restrictions set forth above, we are permitted to take the actions disclosed in the disclosure letter, dated August 7, 2006, which relate to the integration of Aleris and the business acquired in connection with the Corus acquisition.

Solicitation

We have agreed that we, our subsidiaries and our respective officers, directors and employees will not, and will use our best efforts to ensure our and our subsidiaries representatives will not, directly or indirectly:

encourage, solicit, initiate or participate in any discussions or negotiations with respect to any acquisition proposal; or

provide information or access to our or our subsidiaries properties, books or records, or otherwise take actions to assist or facilitate any person in respect of, or that reasonably could be expected to lead to, an acquisition proposal.

We also agreed as of August 7, 2006 to immediately cease any existing solicitation, encouragement, discussion or negotiation conducted by us or our subsidiaries or representatives with respect to an acquisition proposal.

An acquisition proposal is any offer or proposal, or indication of interest in making an offer or proposal, made by a person or group at any time which is structured to permit such person or group to acquire beneficial ownership of at least 20% of the assets of, equity interest in, or business of, Aleris and its subsidiaries pursuant to a merger, consolidation or other business combination, sale of shares of capital stock, sale of assets, tender offer or exchange offer or similar transaction, including any single or multi-step transaction or series of related transactions, in each case other than the merger pursuant to the merger agreement described in this proxy statement.

Notwithstanding the restrictions on solicitation, and subject to the relevant person signing a confidentiality agreement that is substantially similar to the confidentiality agreement in place between us and TPG on August 7, 2006 (except for such changes specifically necessary in order for us and our subsidiaries to be able to comply with our obligations under the merger agreement), from August 7, 2006, until 12:01 a.m. (Eastern time) on September 7, 2006, we and our representatives were permitted to, directly or indirectly:

solicit, initiate or encourage the submission of an acquisition proposal from any person who, directly or indirectly through a controlled entity, manufactures or fabricates metals and is not a discretionary private equity fund or other discretionary investment vehicle (a strategic bidder); and

participate in discussions or negotiations regarding, and provide access to our properties, books and records and provide confidential information or data to any person with respect to, and take any other action to facilitate any inquiries or the making of any proposal that constitutes, or may reasonably be expected to lead to, a bona fide acquisition proposal from any strategic bidder.

If (1) our board of directors determines in good faith (after consultation with our outside counsel and financial advisor) that an acquisition proposal constitutes, or would reasonably be likely to constitute, a superior proposal, (2) our board of directors determines in good faith, after consultation with outside counsel, that the following action is required for them to comply with their fiduciary duties under applicable law and (3) we provide Parent at least three business days prior written notice of our intent to take the following action:

until the stockholder vote required to approve and adopt the merger agreement, we may, in response to an unsolicited bona fide acquisition proposal that does not result from a breach of the restrictions on our solicitation of transactions described above, provide access to our properties, books and records and provide confidential information or data in response to a request from a person making the unsolicited acquisition proposal and/or enter into discussions or negotiations with such person; or

in the case of a bona fide solicited acquisition proposal from a strategic bidder permitted between August 7, 2006 and September 7, 2006, we may continue to provide access to our properties, books and records and provide confidential information or data to or continue any such discussions or negotiations after 12:01 a.m. (Eastern time) on September 7, 2006, with, any person that has made such a bona fide acquisition proposal.

A superior proposal is any bona fide offer or proposal, or indication of interest in making an offer or proposal, made by a person or group at any time which is structured to permit such person or group to acquire beneficial ownership of at least 50% of the assets of, equity interest in, or business of, Aleris and its subsidiaries pursuant to a merger, consolidation or other business combination, sale of shares of capital stock, sale of assets, tender offer or exchange offer or similar transaction, including any single or multi-step transaction or series of related transactions, other than the merger pursuant to the merger agreement described in this proxy statement, that is made in writing and is on terms that our board of directors has determined in its good faith judgment (after consultation with our outside counsel and financial advisor and after taking into account all legal, financial (including the financing terms of the proposal), regulatory and other aspects of the proposal), are more favorable to our stockholders from a financial point of view than the merger agreement described in this proxy statement and is reasonably likely to be completed, if accepted.

We have also agreed to provide to Parent any non-public information concerning Aleris or any of our subsidiaries not previously provided to Parent that we provide to any person or its representatives pursuant to an acquisition proposal as described above.

In addition, we have agreed, except with respect to strategic bidders prior to September 7, 2006:

to promptly notify Parent (and in any event within 48 hours), orally and in writing, if information is requested or if discussions related to an acquisition proposal are sought;

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to promptly communicate to Parent (and in any event within 48 hours) the identity of the person or group making an information request or an acquisition proposal and any other terms of the request or acquisition proposal, including copies of any written communications received by us; and

to keep Parent currently informed of the status of any discussions or negotiations, and to provide Parent a copy of all written materials provided to or by us or our subsidiaries related to any inquiries or acquisition proposals.

Prior to September 7, 2006, with respect to any acquisition proposal received by the Company from a strategic bidder, we are only required to promptly notify Parent (and in any event within 48 hours), orally and in writing, of an acquisition proposal received from such strategic bidder, including the identity of such strategic bidder, the material terms of such acquisition proposal and copies of any written communication received from such strategic bidder.

Our board of directors will only be permitted to withdraw, modify or qualify, or propose publicly to withdraw, modify or qualify, in a manner adverse to Parent or Merger Sub, its recommendation of the merger if, in connection with a bona fide acquisition proposal:

we have complied with the solicitation restrictions described above with respect to such acquisition proposal;

our board of directors determines in its good faith judgment, after consultation with outside legal counsel, that such action is required for our board of directors to comply with their fiduciary duties under applicable law;

we provide Parent at least three business days written notice of our intent to take this action; and

our board of directors determines in its good faith judgment, after consultation with our outside legal counsel and financial advisor, that such acquisition proposal constitutes a superior proposal, including after taking into account any modifications proposed by Parent after receipt of our notice.

Except as described in the preceding paragraph, our board of directors may not:

withdraw, modify or qualify, or propose publicly to withdraw, modify or qualify, in a manner adverse to Parent or Merger Sub, its approval of the merger agreement or recommendation of the merger;

approve or recommend, or propose publicly to approve or recommend or resolve to approve or recommend, any acquisition proposal;

authorize or permit the Company to release any third party from any confidentiality or standstill agreement, or fail to enforce to the fullest extent possible, or grant any waiver, request or consent to, any acquisition proposal under, any such agreements;

take any action to exempt any third party from the restrictions on business combinations contained in Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, or any similar provision;

authorize or permit the Company to enter into any letter of intent or agreement related to an acquisition proposal; or

enter into any agreement requiring the Company to abandon, terminate or fail to complete the merger or breach its obligations under the merger agreement.

Our board of directors and we are permitted to take and disclose to our stockholders a position with respect to a tender offer by a third party pursuant to Rules 14d-9 and 14e-2(a) of the Securities Exchange Act or from making any legally required disclosure to stockholders with regard to an acquisition proposal, except that any such disclosure will generally be deemed to be a change in recommendation by our board of directors unless our board of directors publicly reaffirms, at least two business days prior to the special meeting of our stockholders to vote on the merger, its recommendation in favor of the merger agreement and the merger.

Access to Information

We are obligated to provide to Parent, Merger Sub and their representatives reasonable access to our and our subsidiaries employees, plants, offices, warehouses and other facilities, as well as books, contracts, commitments, records and work papers. At the request of Parent, we will consult with Parent and Merger Sub about and keep them informed on a timely basis the status of negotiations, material discussions and proposed resolutions or settlements with any governmental entity with respect to any material environmental matters or with representatives of collective bargained employees and will consider in good faith suggestions made by Parent or Merger Sub in connection therewith. We will permit Parent and Merger Sub to make reasonable inspections, furnish financial and operating data with respect to our and our subsidiaries business, properties and personnel and provide copies of each documents filed or received by us or our subsidiaries pursuant to the securities laws. We have also agreed to take reasonable actions as may be requested by Parent to the extent such actions are necessary to minimize or eliminate German real property transfer taxes that would otherwise arise as a result of the merger unless such action would cause us to incur a significant cost or liability until all conditions to the merger have been satisfied or waived.

Stockholder Approval

The merger agreement requires us to, as promptly as practicable, call and hold a special meeting of our stockholders to obtain the required vote to approve the merger. We have agreed to use our reasonable best efforts to cause the special meeting to occur as soon as reasonably practicable and that, subject to the provisions described under Solicitation above, our board of directors will use its reasonable best efforts to obtain the stockholder vote in favor of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement. We have also agreed to submit the merger agreement to our stockholders at the special meeting even if our board of directors has withdrawn or modified their recommendation of the merger agreement, as long as the merger agreement has not been validly terminated.

Reasonable Best Efforts

Subject to the terms and conditions of the merger agreement, each party has agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to take all actions and to do all things necessary, proper or advisable under applicable laws and regulations to complete the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including making filings with any governmental entity (including under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act) for which Parent or we determine should be made. Parent and we have also agreed to supply as promptly as reasonably practicable any additional information that may be requested by any governmental entity and use our reasonable best efforts to take all necessary, proper or advisable actions to cause the expiration or termination of the applicable waiting periods under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act. In addition, each party has agreed to cooperate and use reasonable best efforts to defend vigorously against and respond to any action, suit or proceeding related to the merger agreement and to cause any order, injunction or decree preventing the merger to be vacated or lifted. We will cooperate with Parent and Merger Sub to determine whether any other filings or consents are required in connection with the completion of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, and will promptly make such filings or obtain such consents.

Without the prior written consent of Parent (which will not be unreasonably withheld or delayed), we and our subsidiaries are prohibited from paying or committing to pay to any person whose approval or consent (other than a governmental entity) with respect to the merger is being solicited any cash or other consideration or from making any commitment to incur any liability or other obligation. Parent and Merger Sub are not required to pay or commit to pay to any person whose approval or consent (other than a governmental entity) with respect to the merger is being solicited any cash or other consideration or from making any commitment to incur any liability or other obligation.

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Indemnification and Insurance

Parent and Merger Sub have agreed that all rights to indemnification existing in favor of our and our subsidiaries current or former directors, officers and employees in the certificates of incorporation, bylaws or other organizational documents as in effect as of August 7, 2006, with respect to matters occurring before the merger, will survive the merger and continue in full force and effect for a period of not less than six years unless otherwise required by law.

We have agreed to purchase prior to the merger, and Parent has agreed that the surviving corporation will maintain, tail policies to our current directors and officers liability insurance policies maintained as of August 7, 2006, by us and our subsidiaries, and that the tail policies:

will not have total premiums greater than 400% of the annual amount we currently pay to maintain the existing policies;

will be effective from the time of the merger and for six years thereafter with respect to claims arising from facts or events that existed or occurred before the merger; and

will contain coverage that is at least as protective to the persons covered by our existing policies.

If equivalent coverage cannot be obtained or can be obtained only by paying total premiums greater than 400% of the annual amount we currently pay to maintain our existing policies, we will only be required to obtain (and the surviving corporation will only be required to maintain) as much coverage as can be obtained by paying total premiums equal to 400% of the current annual premiums.

If any claim, action or investigation is made against any of the indemnified persons covered by the provisions described in the preceding paragraphs on or prior to six years after the merger, the provisions will continue in effect until the final disposition of such claim, action or investigation. In addition, proper provisions will be made so that the successors and assigns of the surviving corporation or Parent will succeed to any such indemnification and insurance obligations.

Employee Matters

Except as set forth below, prior to the merger we and our subsidiaries will, and from and after the merger, Parent and the surviving corporation will, honor, in accordance with their terms, all of our existing employment and severance agreements, plans, policies and arrangements with our and our subsidiaries officers, directors and employees.

For one year following the merger, the surviving corporation and its subsidiaries will maintain with respect to each employee of the Company at the time of the merger other than those individuals covered by a collective bargaining agreement (current employees) (other than current employees who have entered into or will enter into an individual employment agreement with us) compensation and benefits provided under our employee benefit plans that are in the aggregate no less favorable than the compensation and benefits maintained for and provided to current employees immediately prior to the merger (excluding, for this purpose, equity-based compensation). The foregoing does not limit the right of Parent, the surviving corporation or any of their subsidiaries to terminate the employment of any current employee or to take actions that are necessary in order to comply with applicable law.

Parent and the surviving corporation will cause service rendered by current employees prior to the merger to be taken into account for vesting and eligibility (but not for accrual purposes, except for vacation and severance) under employee benefit plans of Parent, the surviving corporation and its subsidiaries, to the same extent as such service was taken into account under the corresponding employee benefit plans of the Company and our subsidiaries immediately prior to the merger. Current employees will not be subject to any pre-existing condition or eligibility limitations under any welfare plan of Parent, the surviving corporation or its subsidiaries for any condition for which they would have been entitled to coverage under the corresponding employee benefit plan of

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the Company in which they participated prior to the merger. Parent and the surviving corporation will give current employees credit under the plans for co-payments made and deductibles and maximum out-of-pocket limitations satisfied prior to the merger.

We have agreed that no later than five business days prior to its distribution, we will provide Parent and Merger Sub with a copy of any communication intended to be made to any of our employees relating to the merger, and will provide an opportunity for Parent and Merger Sub to make reasonable revisions to such communication.

Takeover Laws

We have agreed that, upon the request of Parent or Merger Sub, we will take all reasonable steps to exclude the applicability of, or to assist in any challenge to the validity or applicability to the merger or any other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law and any other moratorium, control share acquisition, business combination, fair price or other form of anti-takeover laws or regulations.

Proxy Statement; Other Filings

We agreed to prepare and file this proxy statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission as soon as practicable, subject to the prior review and approval of Parent (such approval not to be unreasonably withheld).

Parent and we agreed to prepare and file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, as soon as practicable, all other documents required to be filed in connection with the merger pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the other filings).

Parent and we each agreed:

to obtain and furnish information relating to itself and its affiliates required to be included in this proxy statement and all other filings;

to use reasonable best efforts to respond as promptly as practicable to any comments received by the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to this proxy statement and all other filings; and

to notify the other party upon the receipt of any comments from the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff or any request for amendments or supplements to this proxy statement or any other filings; and to provide the other party with copies of all correspondence between it and the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff relating to this proxy statement or any other filings.

We also agreed to cause this proxy statement to be mailed to our stockholders at the earliest practicable date.

If at any time prior to the special meeting of stockholders to vote on the merger, Parent, Merger Sub or we discover any information in this proxy statement or in any other filings that should be set forth in an amendment so that this proxy statement or the other filings will not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements herein or therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading, the party that discovers such information is required to promptly notify the other party, and an appropriate amendment or supplement describing such information must be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and, to the extent required by law, disseminated to our stockholders. Prior to filing or mailing this proxy statement or filing any other filings or responding to any comments of the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect hereto or thereto, the party responsible for filing or mailing such document is required to provide the other parties an opportunity to review and comment on such document or response and must include in such document or response comments reasonably proposed by the other parties.

Subject to the provisions of Section 5.02 of the merger agreement (discussed above under Solicitation), we are required to include in this proxy statement the recommendation of our board of directors of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the merger. Our board of directors is required to use its reasonable best efforts to solicit the approval of the merger by our stockholders.

Notification of Certain Matters

We are required to give prompt notice to Parent, and Parent is required to give prompt notice to us, of the occurrence or non-occurrence of any event, that is likely:

to cause any representation or warranty of that party contained in the merger agreement to be untrue or inaccurate in any material respect if made as of any time prior to the merger; or

to result in any material failure of that party to comply with or satisfy any covenant, condition or agreement to be complied with or satisfied under the merger agreement.

Financing

Prior to the merger, we will, and will cause our subsidiaries and representatives to, use reasonable best efforts to provide Parent and Merger Sub with all cooperation requested by Parent that is necessary, proper or advisable in connection with Parent s debt financing commitment letters and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including:

participating in meetings, presentations, road shows, due diligence sessions and sessions with rating agencies;

assisting with the preparation of materials for rating agency presentations, offering documents, private placement memoranda, bank information memoranda, prospectuses and similar documents required in connection with the debt financing;

as promptly as practical, furnishing Parent and its sources of debt financing with financial and other information regarding us and our subsidiaries that is reasonably requested by Parent, including:

financial statements, pro forma financial information, financial data and other information (1) of the type required by Regulation S-X and Regulation S-K under the Securities Act of 1933 and (2) of type and form customarily included in a registration statement on Form S-1 (or any applicable successor form) under the Securities Act of 1933 for a public offering to complete the offering of debt securities contemplated by the debt financing commitments (assuming that such offering were completed at the same time during our fiscal year as the offering of debt securities contemplated by the debt financing commitments) and (3) such information that would be necessary in order to receive customary comfort from independent accountants in connection with the offering of debt securities contemplated by the debt financing commitments;

using reasonable best efforts to obtain accountants comfort letters, legal opinions, surveys and title insurance that is reasonably requested by Parent;

using commercially reasonable efforts to provide monthly financial statements (excluding footnotes) within 25 days of the end of each month prior the merger;

executing and delivering, as of the time of the merger, any pledge and security documents, other definitive financing documents, or other certificates, legal opinions or documents that are reasonably requested by Parent, and otherwise reasonably facilitating the pledging of collateral;

taking all actions necessary to (1) permit prospective lenders to evaluate our current assets, cash management and accounting systems, policies and procedures for the purpose of establishing collateral arrangements and (2) establish bank and other accounts, blocked account agreements and lock box arrangements in connection with the foregoing; and

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taking all corporate actions necessary to permit the completion of the debt financing and to permit the proceeds from the debt financing, together with our and our subsidiaries cash, to be made available to us on the closing date to complete the merger. We also consented to the use of our and our subsidiaries logos in connection with the debt financing.

Parent has agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to arrange the debt financing on the terms and conditions described in the debt financing commitment letters, including using reasonable best efforts to:

negotiate definitive agreements with respect to the terms and conditions contained in the debt financing commitment letters or on other terms acceptable to Parent; and

satisfy on a timely basis all conditions applicable to Parent in the definitive agreements relating to the debt financing that are within Parent s control.

In the event any part of the debt financing becomes unavailable on the terms and conditions contemplated in the debt financing commitment letters, Parent has agreed to use reasonable best efforts to obtain alternative financing from alternative sources on terms not materially less beneficial to Parent and Merger Sub (as determined in the reasonable judgment of Parent) in an amount sufficient to complete the merger.

Subsequent Filings

Prior to the merger, we are obligated to timely file with the Securities and Exchange Commission all forms, reports and documents we are required to file under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and to deliver to Parent copies of each such report filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. As of their respective dates, none of the reports will contain any untrue statement of a material fact, omit to state a material fact that is required to be stated in the reports or omit to state a material fact that is necessary to make the statements the reports not misleading. Our audited consolidated financial statements and unaudited interim financial statements included in such reports will be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis (with exceptions to be indicated in the notes of such report). Our audited consolidated financial statements and unaudited interim financial statements will fairly present, in all material respects, our and our consolidated subsidiaries financial positions as at the dates of such reports, as well as the results of our operations and changes in financial position for the periods then ended.

Press Releases

We, Parent and Merger Sub have agreed that no public release or announcement concerning the merger will be issued by any party without Parent s and our prior written consent (which consent will not be unreasonably withheld or delayed). If such release or announcement is required by law or the rules or regulations of any applicable United States securities exchange or regulatory or governmental body, the party required to make the release or announcement will use its reasonable best efforts to allow each other party reasonable time to comment on such release or announcement in advance of the issuance of the release or announcement.

Conditions to Consummation of the Merger

The obligations of Parent and the Company to effect the merger are subject to the satisfaction, at or prior to the merger, of the following conditions:

Stockholder Approval. The adoption of the merger agreement by our stockholders.

No Injunctions or Restraints; No Illegality.

No order, injunction or decree, issued by any court or agency of competent jurisdiction, or any other legal restraint or prohibition, preventing the merger or any other transaction contemplated by the merger agreement are in effect;

No statute, rule, regulation, order, injunction or decree having been enacted, entered, promulgated or enforced by any governmental entity that prohibits or makes illegal completion of the merger or any other transaction contemplated by the merger agreement; and

No governmental entity has filed any claim, action, suit, proceeding, arbitration, mediation or investigation seeking to restrain or otherwise prohibit the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

Governmental Consents and Regulatory Approvals. All filing and waiting periods applicable to the completion of the merger under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act and the Council Regulation (EC) No. 139/2004, as amended, having expired or terminated, and all material consents and approvals of any governmental entity necessary for the completion of the merger having been obtained, including any material consents and approvals relating to antitrust, competition, trade or other regulatory matters.

The obligations of Parent and Merger Sub to effect the merger are subject to the satisfaction or waiver by Parent, at or prior to the merger, of the following additional conditions:

Representations and Warranties.

Our representations and warranties set forth in the merger agreement (except for our representations and warranties outlined in the following three bullet points) must be true and correct in all respects, determined without regard to any materiality or material adverse effect qualifier, as of August 7, 2006, and the closing date of the merger, as though made as of such date, except such representations and warranties that expressly relate to an earlier date (in which case such representations and warranties must be true and correct on and as of such earlier date), and except such breaches of representations and warranties that have not had and would not be reasonably expected to have, individually and in the aggregate, a material adverse effect;

Our representations and warranties contained in the merger agreement regarding the organization and qualification of the Company and our subsidiaries, the authority of the Company to enter into the merger agreement, including the necessary corporate action, brokers and certain expenses and state takeover statutes being inapplicable must be true and correct in all material respects;

Our representations and warranties contained in the merger agreement regarding our capitalization must be true and correct in all respects except for insignificant deviations that are immaterial to Parent and Merger Sub;

Our representations and warranties contained in the merger agreement regarding the absence of a material adverse effect on the Company and our subsidiaries must be true and correct in all respects; and

Parent must receive a certificate from our Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer with respect to the accuracy of the representations and warranties expressed above.

Performance of Obligations of the Company. We must have performed in all material respects all obligations required of us to be performed under the merger agreement at or prior to the merger, and Parent must receive a certificate signed on our behalf by our Chief Executive Officer or the Chief Financial Officer to such effect.

Defeasance and/or Discharge.

We must have completed a legal defeasance, or discharge, with respect to our 9% Senior Notes due 2014, in accordance with the provisions of the indenture governing these notes and our obligations under these notes and the indenture must not have been reinstated under the indenture;

We must have completed a discharge with respect to our $10^3/8\%$ Senior Secured Notes due 2010 in accordance with the provisions of the indenture governing the secured notes, our obligations under these notes and the related indenture must not have been reinstated under the indenture; and

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As a result of such legal defeasance and discharge (1) all restrictions on liens in the indenture of the unsecured notes and the indenture of the secured notes must have terminated and (2) the secured notes must no longer be secured and Parent must have received satisfactory evidence of the release of all liens securing the secured notes.

In addition, Parent and Merger Sub are not obligated to complete the merger until the expiration of a marketing period to permit them to complete the debt financing for the merger, as described under The Merger Agreement The Merger; Effective Time; Marketing Period .

Our obligation to effect the merger is subject to the satisfaction or our waiver, at or prior to the merger, of the following conditions:

Representations and Warranties.

The representations and warranties of Parent and Merger Sub set forth in the merger agreement must be true and correct in all respects, determined without regard to any materiality qualifier, as of August 7, 2006, and as of the closing date of the merger, as though made as of such date, except such representations and warranties that expressly relate to an earlier date (in which case such representations and warranties must be true and correct on and as of such earlier date), and except such breaches of representations and warranties that have not and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually and in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on the ability of Parent or Merger Sub to complete the merger; and

We must receive a certificate signed on behalf of Parent by a duly authorized officer of Parent with respect to the representations and warranties expressed above.

Performance of Obligations of Parent and Merger Sub. Parent and Merger Sub must have performed in all material respects all obligations required to be performed by them under the merger agreement at or prior to the merger, and we must receive a certificate signed on behalf of Parent by a duly authorized officer of Parent to such effect.

Termination

The merger agreement may be terminated and the merger may be abandoned at any time (notwithstanding adoption of the merger by our stockholders) prior to the completion of the merger:

by mutual written consent of the Company and Parent;

by either the Company or Parent if:

any court or other governmental entity has issued an order, decree or ruling, or taken any other action restraining, enjoining or otherwise prohibiting any of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement and such order, decree, ruling or other action has become final and non-appealable, provided, that the party seeking to terminate the merger agreement for this reason must have used its reasonable best efforts to contest, appeal and remove the order, decree, ruling or action;

the merger has not been completed on or before June 30, 2007, unless the failure of the merger to occur by such date is due to the failure of the party seeking to terminate the merger agreement to perform or comply with the covenants and agreements of such party set forth in the merger agreement; or

the requisite approval of our stockholders to approve the merger is not obtained at the special meeting of our stockholders or at any adjournment or postponement thereof at which a vote on such approval was taken;

by the Company, if we are not then in material breach of any of our covenants contained in the merger agreement, if Parent or Merger Sub has breached any of their covenants, agreements, representations or warranties in the merger agreement which breaches, either individually or in the aggregate, would result

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in, if occurring or continuing at the effective time of the merger, the failure of a condition of the Company to complete the merger, and which is not cured within the earlier of June 30, 2007 and 30 days following written notice to Parent or Merger Sub, or which by its nature or timing cannot be cured within such time period;

by Parent, if neither Parent nor Merger Sub is then in material breach of any of their respective covenants or agreements contained in the merger agreement, if we have breached any of our covenants, agreements, representations or warranties in the merger agreement (except the covenants and agreements concerning non-solicitation or seeking to obtain stockholder approval), which breaches, either individually or in the aggregate, would result in, if occurring or continuing at the effective time of the merger, the failure of a condition to Parent s and Merger Sub s obligations to complete the merger, and which is not cured within the earlier of June 30, 2007 and 30 days following written notice to us, or which by its nature or timing cannot be cured within such time period;

by Parent if:

our board of directors withdraws, modifies, qualifies or proposes publicly to withdraw, modify or qualify, in a manner adverse to Parent or Merger Sub, its recommendation of the adoption of the merger by our stockholders;

we or our board of directors (or any committee thereof) have, or have publicly proposed to (1) approve, adopt or recommend any acquisition proposal or (2) approve or recommend, or allow the Company or any of our subsidiaries to enter into a definitive agreement for an acquisition proposal;

we have failed to include in this proxy statement our board of directors recommendation that stockholders adopt the merger agreement and approve the merger;

we have breached in any material respect any of our obligations or covenants relating to non-solicitation or obtaining stockholder approval; or

we have taken any action to exempt any person (other than Parent, Merger Sub and their respective affiliates) from the restrictions on business combinations contained in Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law (or any similar provisions) or otherwise caused such restrictions not to apply; and

by the Company at any time prior to adoption of the merger agreement by our stockholders if, in connection with entering into an agreement with respect to an acquisition proposal:

the Company has complied with its non-solicitation covenants in all material respects with respect to the acquisition proposal;

our board of directors (1) has determined in good faith (after consultation with our outside counsel and financial advisor) that the acquisition proposal is a superior proposal and (2) has determined in good faith (after consultation with our outside counsel) that entering into the agreement for the acquisition proposal is required for our board of directors to comply with its fiduciary duties under applicable law;

we have provided Parent with at least three business days prior written notice of our intention to terminate the merger agreement which notice must specify the terms and conditions of the proposed agreement for the acquisition proposal and any change to such terms and conditions will require a new notice from the Company and commencement of a new three business day period;

after taking into account any amendments to the merger agreement proposed by Parent after Parent s receipt of the notice referred to in the immediately preceding bullet, our board of directors has not changed its determination that the acquisition proposal is a superior proposal and that it is required by its fiduciary duties to enter into the agreement with respect to the acquisition proposal; and

we concurrently pay to Parent the termination fee described below under Fees and Expenses .

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Fees and Expenses

Payable by the Company

If either Parent terminates or we terminate the merger agreement because our stockholders failed to approve and adopt the merger agreement at the special meeting, we have agreed to pay to Parent an amount equal to Parent s reasonably documented merger-related out-of-pocket-expenses, not to exceed \$10 million.

We have agreed to pay to Parent a termination fee of \$40 million (minus any reimbursement of expenses previously paid as described in the immediately preceding paragraph) as described below:

The termination fee (less any expenses already paid) is payable by the Company to Parent at the time of signing an agreement in respect of an acquisition proposal to acquire 50% or more of our stock or assets, or, if earlier, a transaction in respect of such an acquisition proposal is completed, if:

- (1) either Parent terminates or we terminate the merger agreement because our stockholders failed to approve and adopt the merger agreement at the special meeting, and after the date of the merger agreement and prior to the special meeting of our stockholders to vote on the merger, there was a publicly disclosed acquisition proposal to acquire 50% or more of our stock or assets that has not been irrevocably withdrawn at the time of the special meeting and (2) within 12 months of termination of the merger agreement, we enter into an agreement in respect of an acquisition proposal or a transaction in respect of an acquisition proposal is completed;
- (1) Parent terminates the merger agreement because of a breach by us under the merger agreement that was not cured, and after the date of the merger agreement and prior to the breach giving rise to Parent s right to terminate the merger agreement, there was a publicly disclosed acquisition proposal to acquire 50% or more of our stock or assets or such an acquisition proposal was communicated to our senior management or to our board of directors and has not been irrevocably withdrawn prior to the breach and (2) within 12 months of termination of the merger agreement, we enter into an agreement in respect of an acquisition proposal or a transaction in respect of an acquisition proposal is completed; or
- (1) either Parent terminates or we terminate the merger agreement because the merger has not been completed by June 30, 2007, and after the date of the merger agreement and prior to the termination of the merger agreement, there was a publicly proposed acquisition proposal to acquire 50% or more of our stock or assets or such an acquisition proposal was communicated to our senior management or to our board of directors and has not been irrevocably withdrawn prior to the termination of the merger agreement and (2) within 12 months of termination of the merger agreement, we enter into an agreement in respect of an acquisition proposal or a transaction in respect of an acquisition proposal is completed;

The termination fee is payable by the Company to Parent as promptly as practicable after termination of the merger agreement if Parent terminates the merger agreement because:

our board of directors has withdrawn, modified, qualified or proposed publicly to withdraw, modify or qualify, in a manner adverse to Parent or Merger Sub, its recommendation of the adoption of the merger by our stockholders;

we or our board of directors (or any committee thereof) have, or have publicly proposed to (1) approve, adopt or recommend any acquisition proposal or (2) approve or recommend, or allow us or any of our subsidiaries to enter into, a definitive agreement for an acquisition proposal;

we have failed to include in this proxy statement our board of directors recommendation that our stockholders adopt the merger agreement and approve the merger;

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we have breached in any material respect any of our obligations or covenants relating to non-solicitation or our obligations to seek to obtain stockholder approval; or

we have taken any action to exempt any person (other than Parent, Merger Sub and their respective affiliates) from the restrictions on business combinations contained in Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law (or any similar provisions) or otherwise caused such restrictions not to apply; and

The termination fee is payable by the Company to Parent simultaneously with termination of the merger agreement if we terminate the merger agreement to enter into an agreement for a superior proposal prior to approval of the merger agreement by our stockholders.

Payable by Parent or Merger Sub

Merger Sub has agreed to pay a \$40 million termination fee to us if we terminate the merger agreement as a result of a breach by Parent or Merger Sub of their obligations to close the merger and satisfy their obligations for payment for our shares of common stock and Parent and Merger Sub fail to close and satisfy these obligations because of a failure to receive the debt financing contemplated by the debt financing commitments referred to in the merger agreement (or because of their refusal to accept financing on terms not materially less beneficial to Parent and Merger Sub) and Parent and Merger Sub are not otherwise in breach of the merger agreement such that the conditions of the Company s obligations to complete the merger would not be satisfied. In these circumstances, the Company s right to terminate the merger agreement and receive the termination fee from Merger Sub will be the sole and exclusive remedy of the Company and its affiliates against Parent, Merger Sub and any of their respective former, current and future direct or indirect equity holders, controlling persons, affiliates, stockholders, directors, officers, employees, members, managers, general or limited partners, assignees or agents for any loss or damage suffered as a result of the breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement contained in the merger agreement by Parent or Merger Sub and the failure of the merger to be completed.

Maximum Recovery

We have agreed that in no event will Parent, Merger Sub and their respective former, current and future direct or indirect equity holders, controlling persons, affiliates, stockholders, directors, officers, employees, agents, members, managers, general or limited partners, assignees or agents be subject to liability in excess of \$100 million in the aggregate for all losses and damages arising from or in connection with breaches by Parent or Merger Sub of their representations, warranties, covenants and agreements contained in the merger agreement.

Amendment, Extension and Waiver

Subject to applicable law, the merger agreement may be amended by the Company, Parent and Merger Sub, at any time before or after adoption by our stockholders of the merger agreement but, after stockholder approval, no amendment may be made which decreases the merger consideration or which adversely affects the rights of our stockholders under the merger agreement without the approval of our stockholders.

At any time prior to the effective time of the merger, the Company, Parent and Merger Sub may:

extend the time for the performance of any of the obligations or other acts of any other party;

waive any inaccuracies in the representations and warranties contained in the merger agreement by any other party or in any document, certificate or writing delivered pursuant to the merger agreement by any other party; and

waive compliance by any other party with any of the agreements or conditions contained in the merger agreement.

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MARKET PRICE OF THE COMPANY S STOCK

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, under the symbol ARS . The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices per share of our common stock on the NYSE for the periods indicated.

Market Information

	Comme	Common Stock	
	High	Low	
Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2003			
1 st Quarter	\$ 8.59	\$ 5.00	
2 nd Quarter	\$ 7.80	\$ 5.45	
3 rd Quarter	\$ 8.50	\$ 6.15	
4 th Quarter	\$ 10.15	\$ 6.19	
Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004			
1 st Quarter	\$ 10.05	\$ 8.21	
2 nd Quarter	\$ 14.68	\$ 8.53	
3 rd Quarter	\$ 13.82	\$ 9.02	
4 th Quarter	\$ 17.40	\$ 10.31	
Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2005			
1 st Quarter	\$ 27.00	\$ 14.30	
2 nd Quarter	\$ 25.94	\$ 16.75	
3 rd Quarter	\$ 28.60	\$ 20.41	
4 th Quarter	\$ 35.70	\$ 23.45	
Fiscal Year through September 7, 2006			
1 st Quarter	\$ 49.80	\$ 31.61	
2 nd Quarter	\$ 52.50	\$ 35.37	
3 rd Quarter (through September 7, 2006)	\$ 54.00	\$ 38.72	

The closing sale price of our common stock on the NYSE on August 4, 2006, which was the last full trading day before our board of directors met to consider approval of the merger agreement, was \$41.23 per share. On [•], 2006, the last trading day before the date of this proxy statement, the closing price for the Company s common stock on the NYSE was \$[•]. You are encouraged to obtain current market quotations for the Company s common stock in connection with voting your shares.

As of [●], 2006, the last trading day before the date of this proxy statement, there were [●] registered holders of Aleris common stock.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth certain information as of September 5, 2006, with regard to the beneficial ownership of common stock by (i) all persons known by us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of our outstanding common stock; (ii) each director; (iii) each named executive officer , as that term is defined in Item 402(a)(3) of SEC Regulation S-K; and (iv) all current executive officers and directors as a group.

Name of Beneficial Owner(1)	Number Of Shares	Shares Underlying Options Exercisable Within 60	Total Beneficial	Percent of Class
` '		Days -0-	Ownership	
Brahman Capital Corp.(2) 350 Madison Avenue	3,585,600	-0-	3,585,600	11.57%
New York, New York 10017				
OZ Management, LLC(3)	2,005,064	-0-	2,005,064	6.47%
9 West 57th Street, 39th floor				
New York, New York 10019				
Steven J. Demetriou	161,136	103,800	264,936	*
John E. Balkcom(4)	8,801	29,000	37,801	*
C. Frederick Fetterolf	26,852	-0-	26,852	*
John E. Grimes	9,943	20,000	29,943	*
Dale V. Kesler	7,580	16,000	23,580	*
Larry E. Kittelberger	28,142	-0-	28,142	*
Paul E. Lego	26,670	-0-	26,670	*
John E. Merow	21,427	24,450	45,877	*
Hugh G. Robinson	5,910	9,000	14,910	*
Michael D. Friday	46,721	20,833	67,554	*
John J. Wasz	37,293	131,529	168,822	*
Christopher R. Clegg	33,705	13,033	46,738	*
Sean M. Stack	27,167	10,433	37,600	*
All Executive Officers and Directors as a group (14 persons, including current				
executive officers and directors)	456,847	400,511	857,358	2.76%

^{*} Less than 1%

⁽¹⁾ Except as otherwise indicated, the persons named in the table possess sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock shown as beneficially owned by them. Includes shares of common stock held by spouses and minor children of such persons and corporations in which those persons hold a controlling interest.

⁽²⁾ Based solely on information reported in a Schedule 13D by Brahman Capital Corp., Brahman Management LLC, Peter A. Hochfelder, Robert J. Sobel and Mitchell A. Kuflik filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 22, 2006.

⁽³⁾ Based solely on information reported in a Schedule 13D by OZ Management, L.L.C. and Daniel S. Och with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 16, 2006.

⁽⁴⁾ Number of shares owned includes shares in Mr. Balkcom s KEOGH account and shares held by spouse.

RIGHTS OF APPRAISAL

Under Delaware law, holders of shares of Aleris common stock who do not wish to accept the merger consideration may elect to have the fair value of their shares of Aleris common stock judicially determined and paid in cash, together with a fair rate of interest, if any. The valuation will exclude any element of value arising from the accomplishment or expectation of the merger. A stockholder may only exercise these appraisal rights by strictly complying with the provisions of Section 262 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, or the DGCL.

The following summary of the provisions of DGCL Section 262 is not a complete statement of the law pertaining to appraisal rights under the DGCL, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of DGCL Section 262, a copy of which is attached to this proxy statement as Annex C. If you wish to exercise appraisal rights or wish to preserve your right to do so, you should carefully review DGCL Section 262 and are urged to consult a legal advisor.

All references in DGCL Section 262 and in this summary to a stockholder are to the record holder of shares of Aleris common stock as to which appraisal rights are asserted. A person having a beneficial interest in shares of Aleris common stock held of record in the name of another person, such as a broker or nominee, must act promptly to cause the record holder to follow properly the steps summarized below and in a timely manner to perfect appraisal rights.

Under DGCL Section 262, if a proposed merger is to be submitted for approval at a meeting of stockholders, as in the case of Aleris special meeting, Aleris, not less than twenty days prior to the meeting, must notify each of its stockholders entitled to appraisal rights that these appraisal rights are available and include in the notice a copy of DGCL Section 262. This proxy statement constitutes notice to the Aleris stockholders and the applicable statutory provisions of the DGCL are attached as Annex C to this proxy statement.

If you wish to exercise the right to demand appraisal under DGCL Section 262 of the DGCL, you must satisfy each of the following conditions:

You must deliver to Aleris a written demand for appraisal of your shares of Aleris common stock before the vote on the merger agreement at Aleris s special meeting. This demand will be sufficient if it reasonably informs Aleris of your identity and that you intend by that writing to demand the appraisal of your shares of Aleris common stock. Voting against, abstaining from voting on or failing to vote on the proposal to approve and adopt the merger agreement will not alone constitute a written demand for appraisal within the meaning of DGCL Section 262. The written demand for appraisal must be in addition to and separate from any proxy you deliver or vote you cast in person.

You must not vote your shares of Aleris common stock in favor of approval and adoption of the merger agreement. A proxy that does not contain voting instructions will, unless revoked, be voted in favor of approval and adoption of the merger agreement. Therefore, if you vote by proxy and wish to exercise appraisal rights, you must vote against the approval and adoption of the merger agreement or mark your proxy card to indicate that you abstain from voting on the approval and adoption of the merger agreement.

You must continuously hold your shares of Aleris common stock from the date of making the demand through the completion of the merger. If you are the record holder of shares of Aleris common stock on the date the written demand for appraisal is made but you thereafter transfer those shares prior to the completion of the merger, you will lose any right to appraisal in respect of those shares.

Only a holder of record of shares of Aleris common stock is entitled to demand an exercise of appraisal rights for those shares registered in that holder s name. Therefore, demand for appraisal should be executed by or on behalf of the stockholder of record, fully and correctly, as its name appears on the share transfer records of Aleris.

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If the shares of Aleris common stock are owned of record by a person in a fiduciary capacity, such as a trustee, guardian or custodian, the demand should be executed in that capacity. If the shares of Aleris common stock are owned of record by more than one person as in a joint tenancy or tenancy in common, the demand should be executed by or on behalf of all of the owners of record. An authorized agent, including an agent for two or more joint owners, may execute a demand for appraisal on behalf of a stockholder; however, the agent must identify the record owner or owners and expressly disclose the fact that, in executing the demand, the agent is acting as agent for such owner or owners. A record holder, such as a broker, who holds shares as nominee for several beneficial owners may exercise appraisal rights with respect to the shares held for one or more beneficial owners while not exercising these rights with respect to the shares held for one or more other beneficial owners. In that case, the written demand should set forth the number of shares as to which appraisal is sought, and where no number of shares is expressly mentioned the demand will be presumed to cover all shares held in the name of the record holder.

Stockholders who hold their shares of Aleris common stock in street name through brokerage accounts, banks or other nominee forms and who wish to exercise appraisal rights are urged to consult with their brokers, banks or other nominees to determine appropriate procedures for making a demand for appraisal.

A stockholder who elects to exercise appraisal rights under DGCL Section 262 should mail or deliver a written demand for appraisal to:

Aleris International, Inc.

Corporate Secretary

25825 Science Park Drive, Suite 400

Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392

Within ten days after the completion of the merger, Aleris must send a notice as to the completion of the merger to each of Aleris s former stockholders who has made a written demand for appraisal in accordance with DGCL Section 262 and who has not voted to approve and adopt the merger agreement. At any time within 60 days after the completion of the merger, any stockholder who has demanded an appraisal has the right to withdraw the demand and to accept the cash payment specified by the merger agreement for such stockholder s shares of Aleris s common stock. Within 120 days after the completion of the merger, but not after that date, either Aleris or any stockholder who has complied with the requirements of DGCL Section 262 may file a petition in the Delaware Court of Chancery demanding a determination of the value of Aleris common stock held by all stockholders demanding appraisal of their shares. Aleris is under no obligation to, and has no present intent to, file a petition for appraisal, and stockholders seeking to exercise appraisal rights should not assume that Aleris will file a petition or that it will initiate any negotiations with respect to the fair value of the shares. Accordingly, stockholders who desire to have their shares appraised should initiate any petitions necessary for the perfection of their appraisal rights within the time periods and in the manner prescribed in DGCL Section 262. Since Aleris has no obligation to file a petition, the failure of affected stockholders to do so within the period specified could nullify any previous written demand for appraisal.

Within 120 days after the completion of the merger, any stockholder who complies with the provisions of DGCL Section 262 to that point in time will be entitled to receive from Aleris, upon written request, a statement setting forth the aggregate number of shares of Aleris common stock not voted in favor of the approval and adoption of the merger agreement and with respect to which Aleris received demands for appraisal and the aggregate number of holders of those shares. Aleris must mail this statement to the stockholder by the later of ten days after receipt of the request and ten days after expiration of the period for delivery of demands for appraisal under DGCL Section 262. As used in this paragraph and throughout the remainder of this section, references to Aleris mean the corporation that survives the merger.

A stockholder who timely files a petition for appraisal with the Delaware Court of Chancery must serve a copy upon Aleris. Aleris must, within 20 days, file with the Delaware Register in Chancery a duly verified list

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containing the names and addresses of all stockholders who have demanded appraisal of their shares of Aleris common stock and who have not reached agreements with it as to the value of their shares. After notice to stockholders as may be ordered by the Delaware Court of Chancery, the Delaware Court of Chancery is empowered to conduct a hearing on the petition to determine which stockholders are entitled to appraisal rights. The Delaware Court of Chancery may require stockholders who have demanded an appraisal for their shares of Aleris common stock and who hold shares represented by certificates to submit their certificates to the Register in Chancery for notation on the certificates of the pendency of the appraisal proceedings, and if any stockholder fails to comply with the requirement, the Delaware Court of Chancery may dismiss the proceedings as to that stockholder.

After determining which stockholders are entitled to an appraisal, the Delaware Court of Chancery will appraise the fair value of their shares of Aleris common stock. This value will exclude any element of value arising from the accomplishment or expectation of the merger, but will include a fair rate of interest, if any, to be paid upon the amount determined to be the fair value. The costs of the action may be determined by the Delaware Court of Chancery and taxed upon the parties as the Delaware Court of Chancery deems equitable. However, costs do not include attorneys or expert witness fees. Upon application of a stockholder, the Delaware Court of Chancery may also order that all or a portion of the expenses incurred by any stockholder in connection with the appraisal proceeding be charged pro rata against the value of all of the shares entitled to appraisal. These expenses may include, without limitation, reasonable attorneys fees and the fees and expenses of experts. Stockholders considering seeking appraisal should be aware that the fair value of their shares as determined under DGCL Section 262 could be more than, the same as, or less than the value of the merger consideration they would be entitled to receive pursuant to the merger agreement if they did not seek appraisal of their shares. Stockholders should also be aware that investment banking opinions as to the fairness from a financial point of view of the consideration payable in a merger are not opinions as to fair value under DGCL Section 262.

In determining fair value and, if applicable, a fair rate of interest, the Delaware Court of Chancery is to take into account all relevant factors. In Weinberger v. UOP, Inc., the Delaware Supreme Court discussed the factors that could be considered in determining fair value in an appraisal proceeding, stating that proof of value by any techniques or methods which are generally considered acceptable in the financial community and otherwise admissible in court should be considered, and that fair price obviously requires consideration of all relevant factors involving the value of a company.

DGCL Section 262 provides that fair value is to be exclusive of any element of value arising from the accomplishment or expectation of the merger . In *Cede & Co. v. Technicolor, Inc.*, the Delaware Supreme Court stated that such exclusion is a narrow exclusion [that] does not encompass known elements of value , but which rather applies only to the speculative elements of value arising from such accomplishment or expectation. In *Weinberger*, the Delaware Supreme Court construed DGCL Section 262 to mean that elements of future value, including the nature of the enterprise, which are known or susceptible of proof as of the date of the merger and not the product of speculation, may be considered . Any stockholder who has duly demanded an appraisal in compliance with DGCL Section 262 will not, after the completion of the merger, be entitled to vote the shares of Aleris common stock subject to that demand for any purpose or be entitled to the payment of dividends or other distributions on those shares. However, stockholders will be entitled to dividends or other distributions payable to holders of record of shares of Aleris common stock as of a record date prior to the completion of the merger.

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Any stockholder may withdraw its demand for appraisal and accept the merger consideration by delivering to Aleris a written withdrawal of the stockholder s demands for appraisal. Any attempt to withdraw made more than 60 days after the effectiveness of the merger will require the written approval of Aleris and no appraisal proceeding before the Delaware Court of Chancery as to any stockholder will be dismissed without the approval of the Delaware Court of Chancery, and this approval may be conditioned upon any terms the Delaware Court of Chancery deems just. If Aleris does not approve a stockholder s request to withdraw a demand for appraisal when the approval is required or if the Delaware Court of Chancery does not approve the dismissal of an appraisal proceeding, the stockholder would be entitled to receive only the appraised value determined in any such appraisal proceeding. This value could be higher or lower than, or the same as, the value of the merger consideration. Failure to strictly follow the steps required by DGCL Section 262 for perfecting appraisal rights may result in the loss of appraisal rights, in which event dissenting Aleris stockholders will be entitled to receive the consideration with respect to their dissenting shares in accordance with the merger agreement. In view of the complexity of the provisions of DGCL Section 262, if you are considering exercising your appraisal rights under the DGCL, you are urged to consult your own legal advisor.

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MULTIPLE STOCKHOLDERS SHARING ONE ADDRESS

In accordance with Rule 14a-3(e)(1) under the Exchange Act, one proxy statement will be delivered to two or more stockholders who share an address, unless Aleris has received contrary instructions from one or more of the stockholders. Aleris will deliver promptly upon written or oral request a separate copy of the proxy statement to a stockholder at a shared address to which a single copy of the proxy statement was delivered. Requests for additional copies of the proxy statement, and requests that in the future separate proxy statements be sent to stockholders who share an address, should be directed to Aleris International, Inc., 25825 Science Park Drive, Suite 400, Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392, Attention: Corporate Secretary, telephone: (216) 910-3400. In addition, stockholders who share a single address but receive multiple copies of the proxy statement may request that in the future they receive a single copy by contacting Aleris at the address and phone number set forth in the prior sentence

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SUBMISSION OF STOCKHOLDER PROPOSALS

Pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, stockholders may present proper proposals for inclusion in Aleris s proxy statement and for consideration at the next annual meeting of Aleris s stockholders by submitting their proposals to Aleris in a timely manner.

Aleris will hold an annual meeting in the year 2007 only if the merger has not already been completed. For any stockholder proposal, including director nominations, to be eligible for inclusion in our proxy statement for the 2007 annual meeting of stockholders, we must receive your proposal at our headquarters at 25825 Science Park Drive, Suite 400, Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392 by December 15, 2006. All stockholder proposals of this nature must comply with our bylaws and SEC Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. In addition, in order for a stockholder proposal, including director nominations, to be raised from the floor during our 2007 annual stockholder s meeting, we must receive written notice about that proposal by no later than December 15, 2006, and the proposal must contain the necessary information required by our bylaws. A copy of our bylaws is available on the Company s webpage at http://www.aleris.com. The information provided on our website is not part of this proxy statement, and therefore is not incorporated by reference. For a more detailed description of the information available, please refer to Where You Can Find Additional Information .

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WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Aleris files annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any reports, statements or other information we file with the SEC at the SEC s Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the Public Reference Room. Our SEC filings are also available to the public from commercial document retrieval services and at the web site maintained by the SEC at http://www.sec.gov or at the Company s website at http://www.aleris.com. The information provided on our website is not part of this proxy statement, and therefore is not incorporated by reference.

Reports, proxy statements or other information concerning us may also be inspected at the offices of the NYSE at:

20 Broad Street

New York, NY 10005

Any person, including any beneficial owner, to whom this proxy statement is delivered may request copies of reports, proxy statements or other information concerning us, without charge, by written or telephonic request directed to us at Aleris International, Inc., 25825 Science Park Drive, Suite 400, Beachwood, Ohio 44122-7392, Attention: Investor Relations. If you would like to request documents, please do so by [•] in order to receive them before the special meeting.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference into this proxy statement documents we file with the SEC. This means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be a part of this proxy statement, and later information that we file with the SEC will update and supersede that information. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and any documents filed by us pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 after the date of this proxy statement and prior to the date of the special meeting (including periodic reports, such as Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K, as well as proxy statements); these documents contain important information about Aleris:

Company Filings:

Annual Report on Form 10-K

Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q

Current Reports on Form 8-K

Periods:

Year ended December 31, 2005.

Quarters ended March 31, 2006 and June 30, 2006.

Dated February 27, 2006; March 16, 2006; May 9, 2006; May 18, 2006, as amended May 18, 2006; May 24, 2006; June 30, 2006; July 11, 2006; July 17, 2006; July 31, 2006; August 1, 2006; August 7, 2006, as amended September 8, 2006; August 8, 2006; August 8, 2006; and August 9, 2006.

Aleris has not authorized anyone to give any information or to make any representations that are different from, or in addition to, the information contained in this proxy statement and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by us or any other person. This proxy statement is dated [•] 2006. You should not assume that the information contained in this proxy statement is accurate as of any date other than that date, and the mailing of this proxy statement to stockholders shall not create any implication to the contrary.

ANNEX A

AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

AMONG

AURORA ACQUISITION HOLDINGS, INC.,

AURORA ACQUISITION MERGER SUB, INC.

AND

ALERIS INTERNATIONAL, INC.

Dated as of August 7, 2006

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