SUNGARD DATA SYSTEMS INC Form 10-Q

August 09, 2006

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United States

	Securities and Exchange Commission
	Washington, D.C. 20549
	FORM 10-Q
	<u> </u>
(Mai	rk One)
X	Quarterly report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2006
	OR
	Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
	For the transition period from to Commission file number 1-12989
	SunGard [®] Data Systems Inc.
	(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

51-0267091 (IRS Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification No.) 680 East Swedesford Road, Wayne, Pennsylvania 19087

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(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

484-582-2000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes "No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ". Accelerated filer ". Non-accelerated filer x. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes". No x.

There were 100 shares of the registrant s common stock outstanding as of June 30, 2006.

SUNGARD DATA SYSTEMS INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SunGard Data Systems Inc.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In millions except share and per-share amounts)

	Succ December 31, 2005	June 30, 2006 (unaudited)
Assets		, ,
Current:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 317	\$ 260
Trade receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$9 and \$12	190	177
Earned but unbilled receivables	38	46
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	166	157
Clearing broker assets	391	408
Retained interest in accounts receivable sold	224	270
Deferred income taxes	40	45
	1.077	4 2/2
Total current assets	1,366	1,363
Property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation of \$72 and \$188	705	731
Software products, less accumulated amortization of \$83 and \$191	1,528	1,405
Customer base, less accumulated amortization of \$68 and \$168	2,817	2,902
Other tangible and intangible assets, less accumulated amortization of \$3 and \$8	248	268
Trade name	1,019	1,019
Goodwill	6,904	6,935
Total Assets	\$ 14,587	\$ 14,623
Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity		
Current:		
Short-term and current portion of long-term debt	\$ 46	\$ 44
Accounts payable	67	54
Accrued compensation and benefits	218	157
Accrued interest expense	161	163
Other accrued expenses	282	262
Clearing broker liabilities	360	375
Deferred revenue	695	736
Total current liabilities	1,829	1,791
Long-term debt	7,383	7,392
Deferred income taxes	1,803	1,863
Total liabilities	11,015	11,046
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholder s equity:		
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share; 100 shares authorized, issued and oustanding		
Capital in excess of par value	3,629	3,650

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Notes receivable for common stock		(6)
Accumulated deficit	(29)	(105)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(28)	38
Total stockholder s equity	3,572	3,577
Total Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity	\$ 14,587	\$ 14,623

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SunGard Data Systems Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Operations

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

	M E Ju	Predecessor Successor Predecessor Six Three Months Months Six Months Ended Ended June 30, June 30, 2005 2006 2005		Six Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		e Months Inded ne 30,	Thre	ee Months Ended une 30,
Revenue:	2	2005 2006		2003			2000			
Services	\$	1,737	\$	1,879	\$	897	\$	956		
License and resale fees	Ψ	162	Ψ	133	Ψ	80	Ψ	80		
		102		133		00		00		
Total products and services		1,899		2,012		977		1,036		
Reimbursed expenses		55		55		30		28		
•		33				30		20		
		1,954		2,067		1,007		1,064		
		1,50.		_,,,,,		1,007		2,001		
Costs and expenses:										
Cost of sales and direct operating		914		967		471		495		
Sales, marketing and administration		380		444		186		221		
Product development		125		128		65		64		
Depreciation and amortization		115		115		59		58		
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets		69		198		35		102		
Merger costs and other		18		3		14		1		
		1,621		1,855		830		941		
		,-		,						
Income from operations		333		212		177		123		
Interest income		6		6		3		3		
Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing fees		(14)		(318)		(7)		(161)		
Other income (expense)				(18)				(6)		
Income (loss) before income taxes		325		(118)		173		(41)		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		137		(42)		75		(11)		
Net income (loss)	\$	188	\$	(76)	\$	98	\$	(30)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SunGard Data Systems Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

	Predecessor Six Months Ended June 30, 2005	Successor Six Months Ended June 30, 2006
Cash flow from operations:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 188	\$ (76)
Reconciliation of net income (loss) to cash flow from operations:		
Depreciation and amortization	184	313
Deferred income tax benefit	(4)	(64)
Stock compensation expense		16
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount		16
Other noncash credits	(15)	(22)
Accounts receivable and other current assets	1	(7)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	22	(94)
Clearing broker assets and liabilities, net	(3)	(3)
Deferred revenue	19	40
Cash flow from operations	392	119
Investment activities:		
Cash paid for businesses acquired by the Company, net of cash acquired	(418)	(17)
Cash paid for property and equipment and software	(123)	(144)
Other investing activities	2	(4)
Cash used in investment activities	(539)	(165)
Financing activities:		
Cash used to repay debt	(55)	(27)
Cash received from stock option and award plans	53	,
Cash used in financing activities	(2)	(27)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		16
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(149)	(57)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	675	317
2-5 Cash and cash equitations	0/3	31/
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 526	\$ 260

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Supplemental information:		
Acquired businesses:		
Property and equipment	\$ 65	\$
Software products	56	4
Customer base	160	9
Goodwill	227	3
Other tangible and intangible assets	3	2
Deferred income taxes	(53)	(2)
Purchase price obligations and debt assumed	(21)	(1)
Net current (liabilities) assets assumed	(19)	2
Cash paid for acquired businesses, net of cash acquired of \$31 and \$2, respectively	\$ 418	\$ 17

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SUNGARD DATA SYSTEMS INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. Basis of Presentation:

SunGard Data Systems Inc. (SunGard) was acquired on August 11, 2005 (the Transaction) by a consortium of private equity investment funds associated with Bain Capital Partners, The Blackstone Group, Goldman Sachs & Co., Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co., Providence Equity Partners, Silver Lake Partners and Texas Pacific Group (collectively, the Sponsors). The Transaction was accomplished through the merger of Solar Capital Corp. into SunGard with SunGard being the surviving company.

SunGard is a wholly owned subsidiary of SunGard Holdco LLC, which is wholly owned by SunGard Holding Corp., which is wholly owned by SunGard Capital Corp. II, which is wholly owned by SunGard Capital Corp. All four of these companies were formed for the purpose of facilitating the Transaction and are collectively referred to as the Holding Companies.

Although SunGard continued as the same legal entity after the Transaction, the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and cash flows are presented for two periods: Predecessor and Successor, which relate to the period preceding the Transaction and the period succeeding the Transaction, respectively. The Company refers to the operations of SunGard and subsidiaries for both the Predecessor and Successor periods.

SunGard has three segments: Financial Systems (FS), Higher Education and Public Sector Systems (HEPS) and Availability Services (AS). The Company is Software & Processing Solutions business is comprised of the FS and HEPS segments. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated. The consolidated financial statements exclude the accounts of the Holding Companies.

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), consistent in all material respects with those applied in the Successor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. Interim financial reporting does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The interim financial information is unaudited, but reflects all normal adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to provide a fair statement of results for the interim periods presented. Operating results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2006.

Effect of Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (FIN 48). FIN 48 prescribes a more likely than not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This Interpretation also provides guidance on other topics related to accounting for income tax assets and liabilities, interest and penalties associated with tax positions and income taxes in interim periods as well as income tax disclosures. This Interpretation is effective as of January 1, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating FIN 48 and the related impact on the Company is financial position and results of operations.

2. Acquisitions and Dispositions

Acquisition of SunGard

As discussed in Note 1, the Transaction was completed on August 11, 2005 and was financed by a combination of borrowings under the Company s new senior secured credit facilities, the issuance of senior notes due 2013 and senior subordinated notes due 2015, the funding under the Company s new receivables facilities, and the equity investment of the Sponsors, co-investors and management.

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The purchase price, including transaction costs that have been allocated as debt issuance costs or included in the overall purchase price, was approximately \$11.73 billion. Under business combination accounting, the total purchase price was allocated to the Company s net tangible and identifiable intangible assets based on their estimated fair values as of August 11, 2005. The excess of the purchase price over the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets was recorded as goodwill. The allocation of the purchase price for property and equipment, intangible assets and deferred income taxes was based upon valuation data and our estimates and assumptions, and is substantially complete.

The estimated amortization expense for each of the years 2006 to 2010 has been updated primarily to reflect changes in the purchase price allocation for the Transaction. Based on amounts recorded at June 30, 2006, total estimated amortization of all acquisition-related intangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2006 and for each of the years ended December 31, 2007 to 2010 follows (in millions):

2006	\$ 392
2007	384
2008	379
2009	375
2010	368

Acquisitions by the Company

The Company seeks to acquire businesses that broaden its existing product lines and service offerings by adding complementary products and service offerings and by expanding its geographic reach. During the six months ended June 30, 2006, the Company completed two acquisitions in its FS segment. Gross cash paid, subject to certain adjustments, was \$19 million.

The following table lists the businesses the Company acquired since January 1, 2006:

Date

Acquired Company/Business Acquired Description

Dataware Solutions, Inc. 3/14/2006 Employee compliance solutions for financial institutions.

Armonys 4/28/2006 Consulting and IT professional services to financial institutions in France.

Goodwill

The following table summarizes changes in goodwill by segment (in millions):

	FS	HEPS	AS	Total
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$ 3,104	\$ 1,794	\$ 2,006	\$ 6,904
2006 acquisitions	10			10
Adjustments related to the Transaction	13	(8)	(25)	(20)
Effect of foreign currency translation	10	6	25	41
Balance at June 30, 2006	\$ 3,137	\$ 1,792	\$ 2,006	\$ 6,935

3. Stock-Based Compensation:

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) Number 123R (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment (SFAS 123R), supersedes Accounting Principles Board Opinion Number 25 (APB 25) and requires companies to expense the fair value of employee stock options over the employee requisite service period. The Company adopted SFAS

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123R as of the date of closing the Transaction using the modified prospective method, which requires companies to record stock compensation expense for all unvested and new awards as of the adoption date. Accordingly, prior period amounts presented herein have not been restated. Under the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123R, stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the value of the award and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period. The Company recorded as a component of sales, marketing and administration expense non-cash stock compensation of \$9 million and \$16 million for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2006, respectively.

Prior to the closing of the Transaction, the Company applied APB 25 in accounting for its stock option and award plans and the pro forma disclosure requirements of SFAS Number 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation SFAS 123). Had the Company adopted the full provisions of SFAS 123, stock compensation expense of \$15 million and \$33 million, each net of tax, would have been recorded in the three-and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005, respectively, and the resulting pro forma net income would have been \$84 million and \$155 million.

4. Clearing Broker Assets and Liabilities:

Clearing broker assets and liabilities are comprised of the following (in millions):

	Succe	essor	sor	
	December 31, 2005	-	ne 30, 2006	
Segregated customer cash and treasury bills	\$ 42	\$	37	
Securities owned	36		32	
Securities borrowed	261		278	
Receivables from customers and other	52		61	
Clearing broker assets	\$ 391	\$	408	
Payables to customers	\$ 60	\$	58	
Securities loaned	272		281	
Customer securities sold short, not yet purchased	16		22	
Payable to brokers and dealers	12		14	
Clearing broker liabilities	\$ 360	\$	375	

Segregated customer cash and treasury bills are held by the Company on behalf of customers. Clearing broker securities consist of trading and investment securities at fair market values. Securities borrowed and loaned are collateralized financing transactions which are cash deposits made to or received from other broker/dealers. Receivables from and payables to customers represent amounts due or payable on cash and margin transactions.

5. Debt and Derivative Instruments:

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of technical interpretations issued by the FASB Derivatives Implementation Group (DIG) in June 2005 (commonly known as DIG Issues B38 and B39). These interpretations outline circumstances in which a put or call option embedded in debt instruments need to be separated from the debt instrument and separately valued. As of June 30, 2006, the fair value of the put option in the Company senior notes due 2013 and senior subordinated notes due 2015 was determined to be immaterial.

In February 2006, the Company entered into its second interest rate swap for a notional amount of \$800 million. The term of the swap agreement is five years and the Company is required to pay a stream of fixed interest payments of 5.00% and, in turn, receives variable interest payments based on LIBOR (5.16% at June 30, 2006). This swap increased the hedged portion of the Company s \$4.5 billion floating rate debt to \$1.6 billion. Both interest rate swaps are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges under SFAS 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. As of

June 30, 2006, the Company recorded a cumulative unrealized gain of \$18 (net of tax of \$12) in Other Comprehensive Income related to the change in the market value on the swaps, which may be recognized in the statement of operations if certain terms of the senior secured credit facility change, if the loan is extinguished or if the swap agreements are terminated prior to maturity.

6. Comprehensive Income (Loss):

Comprehensive income (loss) consists of net income (loss) adjusted for other increases and decreases affecting stockholder s equity that are excluded from the determination of net income (loss). The calculation of comprehensive income (loss) follows (in millions):

	Me Er Jur	lecessor Six onths nded ne 30,	Six E Ju	Months nded ne 30,	Three Ei Jui	ecessor Months ided ie 30,	Thre E Ju	e Months Ended une 30,
Net income (loss)	\$	188	\$	(76)	\$	98	\$	(30)
Foreign currency translation gains (losses)		(74)		48		(55)		44
Unrealized gain on derivative instruments				18				9
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	114	\$	(10)	\$	43	\$	23

7. Segment Information:

The Company has three segments: FS and HEPS, which together form the Company s Software & Processing Solutions business, and AS. The operating results for each segment follow (in millions):

	Predecessor Six Months Ended June 30, 2005		Successor Six Months Ended June 30, 2006		chs Six Mont ed Ended 30, June 30		Six Months Ended June 30, Six Month Ended June 30, June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30, Six Months Ended June 30, Three Mo Ended June 30		edecessor ee Months Ended (une 30,	ths Three Me Ende	
Revenue:													
Financial systems	\$	927	\$	977	\$	471	\$	500					
Higher education and public sector systems		388		423		214		227					
Software & processing solutions		1,315		1,400		685		727					
Availability services		639		667		322		337					
	\$	1,954	\$	2,067	\$	1,007	\$	1,064					
Income (loss) from operations:													
Financial systems	\$	159	\$	82	\$	80	\$	48					
Higher education and public sector systems		66		57		39		35					
Software & processing solutions		225		139		119		83					
Availability services		159		126		89		65					
Corporate administration		(33)		(50)		(17)		(24)					
Merger and other costs		(18)		(3)		(14)		(1)					
	\$	333	\$	212	\$	177	\$	123					
Depreciation and amortization:													
Financial systems	\$	32	\$	26	\$	16	\$	13					
Higher education and public sector systems		7		7		4		3					
Software & processing solutions		39		33		20		16					
Availability services		76		82		39		42					
Corporate administration													
	\$	115	\$	115	\$	59	\$	58					
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets:													
Financial systems	\$	32	\$	103	\$	16	\$	51					
Higher education and public sector systems		24		36		13		21					
Software & processing solutions		56		139		29		72					
Availability services		13		58		6		29					

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Corporate administration		1		1
	\$ 69	\$ 198	\$ 35	\$ 102
Cash paid for property and equipment and software:				
Financial systems	\$ 32	\$ 38	\$ 17	\$ 21
Higher education and public sector systems	12	8	7	4
Software & processing solutions	44	46	24	25
Availability services	79	98	43	41
Corporate administration				
	\$ 123	\$ 144	\$ 67	\$ 66

8. Related Party Transactions:

During the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2006, in accordance with the Management Agreement between the Company and the Sponsors, the Company recorded \$3 million and \$7 million, respectively, of management fees, in sales, marketing and administration expenses in the statement of operations. At June 30, 2006, \$3 million was included in other accrued expenses on the balance sheet.

9. Supplemental Guarantor Condensed Consolidating Financial Statements:

On August 11, 2005, in connection with the Transaction, the Company issued \$3.0 billion aggregate principal amount of the outstanding senior notes and the outstanding senior subordinated notes. The senior notes are jointly and severally and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis and the senior subordinated notes are jointly and severally and unconditionally guaranteed on an unsecured senior subordinated basis, in each case, subject to certain exceptions, by substantially all wholly owned domestic subsidiaries of the Company (collectively, the Guarantors). All other subsidiaries of the Company, either direct or indirect, do not guarantee the senior notes and senior subordinated notes (Non-Guarantors). The Guarantors also unconditionally guarantee the senior secured credit facilities.

The following tables present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company (Parent), the Guarantor Subsidiaries, the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries and Eliminations as of December 31, 2005 and June 30, 2006 and for each of the six- and three-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2006, to arrive at the information for SunGard Data Systems Inc. on a consolidated basis.

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Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

					,	Successor) ne 30, 2006				
	Pare	nt	Gu	arantor		Guarantor				
(in millions)	Comp	Company		sidiaries	Sub	sidiaries	Eli	minations	Con	solidated
Assets										
Current:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29	\$	(1)	\$	232	\$		\$	260
Intercompany balances	(1,7)	70)		1,734		36				
Trade receivables, net				28		195				223
Prepaid expenses, taxes and other current assets	3	338		101		771		(330)		880
Total current assets	(1,4	103)		1,862		1,234		(330)		1,363
Property and equipment, net		1		505		225				731
Intangible assets, net	2	232		4,859		503				5,594
Intercompany balances	(7	(58)		733		25				
Goodwill				6,247		688				6,935
Investment in subsidiaries	12,8	319		1,589				(14,408)		
Total Assets	\$ 10,8	891	\$	15,795	\$	2,675	\$	(14,738)	\$	14,623
Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity										
Current:										
Short-term and current portion of long-term debt	\$	37	\$	2	\$	5	\$		\$	44
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		.94		1,088		795		(330)		1,747
Total current liabilities	2	231		1,090		800		(330)		1,791
Long-term debt	7,0)67		3		322				7,392
Intercompany debt		(1)		230		(128)		(101)		
Deferred income taxes		17		1,653		193				1,863
Total liabilities	7,3	314		2,976		1,187		(431)		11,046
Total stockholder s equity	3,5	577		12,819		1,488		(14,307)		3,577
Total Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity	\$ 10,8	891	\$	15,795	\$	2,675	\$	(14,738)	\$	14,623

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

						Successor) mber 31, 200	5			
	Paren	ıt	Gu	arantor	Non-Guarantor					
(in millions)	Compa	ny	Sub	sidiaries	Sub	sidiaries	Eli	minations	Con	solidated
Assets										
Current:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	74	\$	(8)	\$	251	\$		\$	317
Intercompany balances	(1,5)	36)		1,442		94				
Trade receivables, net		2		46		180				228
Prepaid expenses, taxes and other current assets	3:	21		142		674		(316)		821
Total current assets	(1,1	39)		1,622		1,199		(316)		1,366
Property and equipment, net	, ,	1		496		208		, ,		705
Intangible assets, net	2	15		4,877		520				5,612
Goodwill				6,272		632				6,904
Intercompany balances	(7	44)		732		12				
Investment in subsidiaries	12,5	68		1,563				(14,131)		
Total Assets	\$ 10,9	01	\$	15,562	\$	2,571	\$	(14,447)	\$	14,587
Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity										
Current:										
Short-term and current portion of long-term debt	\$	37	\$	3	\$	6	\$		\$	46
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		04	Ψ.	1,158	Ψ.	737	Ψ.	(316)	Ψ.	1,783
resource purpose and other current macrimes	_	•		1,100		, , ,		(010)		1,700
Total current liabilities	2	41		1,161		743		(316)		1,829
Long-term debt	7,0	78		4		301				7,383
Intercompany debt		5		212		(134)		(83)		
Deferred income taxes		5		1,617		181				1,803
Total liabilities	7,3	29		2,994		1,091		(399)		11,015
Total stockholder s equity	3,5	72		12,568		1,480		(14,048)		3,572
Total Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity	\$ 10,9	01	\$	15,562	\$	2,571	\$	(14,447)	\$	14,587

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Schedule of Operations

(Successor) Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 **Parent** Guarantor **Non-Guarantor** (in millions) Subsidiaries Subsidiaries Eliminations Consolidated Company Total revenue 2,067 \$ 1,517 \$ 631 \$ (81) Costs and expenses: Cost of sales and direct operating 734 314 (81) 967 Sales, marketing and administration 53 247 144 444 42 Product development 86 128 Depreciation and amortization 84 31 115 Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets 33 164 198 Merger costs and other 3 3 57 1,315 564 (81)1,855 Income (loss) from operations (57)202 67 212 Net interest income (expense) and amortization of deferred financing fees (308)(7) 3 (312)Other income (expense) 155 (14)(193)34 (18)Income (loss) before income taxes (210)229 (118)56 (193)Provision (benefit) for income taxes 73 19 (134)(42)Net income (loss) \$ 156 \$ 37 (193)\$ (76) (76)

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Schedule of Operations (Predecessor)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2005

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2005												
	Parent	Gua	arantor	Non-C	Guarantor								
(in millions)	Company	Subs	sidiaries	Sub	sidiaries	Elim	inations	Con	solidated				
Total revenue	\$	\$	1,448	\$	570	\$	(64)	\$	1,954				
Costs and expenses:													
Cost of sales and direct operating			693		285		(64)		914				
Sales, marketing and administration	32		234		114		, ,		380				
Product development			84		41				125				
Depreciation and amortization			84		31				115				
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets			48		21				69				
Merger costs and other	17		1						18				
	49		1,144		492		(64)		1,621				
Income (loss) from operations	(49)		304		78				333				
Net interest income (expense)	(11)		4		(1)				(8)				
Other income (expense)	221		54		· í		(275)						
Income (loss) before income taxes	161		362		77		(275)		325				
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(27)		141		23				137				
Net income (loss)	\$ 188	\$	221	\$	54	\$	(275)	\$	188				

Net income (loss)

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Schedule of Operations (Successor)

62

(362)

(30)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 **Parent** Guarantor **Non-Guarantor** (in millions) Subsidiaries Eliminations Consolidated Company Subsidiaries Total revenue \$ \$ 769 337 (42)1,064 Costs and expenses: Cost of sales and direct operating 374 163 (42)495 25 221 Sales, marketing and administration 118 78 Product development 43 21 64 Depreciation and amortization 42 16 58 Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets 84 17 102 Merger costs and other 1 1 27 661 295 (42)941 Income (loss) from operations (27)108 42 123 Net interest income (expense) and amortization of deferred 6 (158)financing fees (157)(7) 299 62 (5) (362)Other income (expense) (6) Income (loss) before income taxes 115 163 43 (362)(41)Provision (benefit) for income taxes 145 (137)(19)(11)

\$ (30)

300

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Schedule of Operations (Predecessor)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2005

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005												
	Parent	Guar	antor	Non-C	Guarantor								
(in millions)	Company	Subsic	diaries	Sub	sidiaries	Elim	inations	Cons	solidated				
Total revenue	\$	\$	734	\$	300	\$	(27)	\$	1,007				
Costs and expenses:													
Cost of sales and direct operating			334		164		(27)		471				
Sales, marketing and administration	16		121		49		, ,		186				
Product development			44		21				65				
Depreciation and amortization			43		16				59				
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets			23		12				35				
Merger costs and other	13		1						14				
	29		566		262		(27)		830				
Income (loss) from operations	(29)		168		38				177				
Net interest income (expense)	(5)		4		(3)				(4)				
Other income (expense)	119		22				(141)						
•													
Income (loss) before income taxes	85		194		35		(141)		173				
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(15)		77		13		`		75				
•	. ,												
Net income (loss)	\$ 100	\$	117	\$	22	\$	(141)	\$	98				

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Schedule of Cash Flows

(Successor)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 Non-Guarantor

(in millions)	Parent Guarantor Company Subsidiaries		Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Cash Flow From Operations	company	540514141165	Substant 10s	5	00113011441144
Net income (loss)	\$ (76)	\$ 156	\$ 37	\$ (193)	\$ (76)
Non cash adjustments	(123)	131	58	193	259
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(30)	11	(45)		(64)
Cash flow provided by (used in) operations	(229)	298	50		119
Investment Activities					
Intercompany transactions	209	(164)	(45)		
Cash paid for businesses acquired by the		· ·	· ·		
Company, net of cash acquired		(17)			(17)
Cash paid for property and equipment and					
software		(109)	(35)		(144)
Other investing activities	(6)	1	1		(4)
Cash provided by (used in) investment activities	203	(289)	(79)		(165)
Financing Activities					
Cash used to repay debt	(19)	(2)	(6)		(27)
cush used to reput deet	(17)	(=)	(0)		(=1)
Cash used in financing activities	(19)	(2)	(6)		(27)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash			16		16
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(45)	7	(19)		(57)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	74	(8)	251		317
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29	\$ (1)	\$ 232	\$	\$ 260

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Schedule of Cash Flows

(Predecessor) Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 **Parent** Guarantor **Non-Guarantor** (in millions) Subsidiaries Subsidiaries Eliminations Consolidated Company **Cash Flow From Operations** \$ 188 \$ 221 \$ 54 \$ (275)\$ 188 Net income (loss) (221)50 165 Non cash adjustments 61 275 Changes in operating assets and liabilities 46 (24)39 17 Cash flow provided by (used in) operations (16)328 80 392 **Investment Activities** (199)229 (30)Intercompany transactions Cash paid for businesses acquired by the Company, net of cash acquired (418)(418)Cash paid for property and equipment and software (93)(30)(123)Other investing activities 11 (9) 2 Cash used in investment activities (199)(271)(69)(539)**Financing Activities** (41) (14)(55) Cash used to repay debt Cash received from stock option and award plans 53 53 53 (41)(14)Cash provided by (used in) financing activities (2) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (162)16 (3) (149)Beginning cash and cash equivalents 396 5 274 675 \$ Ending cash and cash equivalents \$ 234 \$ 21 \$ 271 \$ 526

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Introduction

The following discussion and analysis supplement the management s discussion and analysis in the Successor s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 and presume that readers have read or have access to the discussion and analysis in our Annual Report. The following discussion and analysis includes historical and certain forward-looking information that should be read together with the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements, related footnotes, and the discussion below of certain risks and uncertainties that could cause future operating results to differ materially from historical results or from the expected results indicated by forward-looking statements.

Although SunGard Data Systems Inc. continued as the same legal entity after the Transaction, the accompanying consolidated statements of operations, cash flows and stockholder s equity are presented for two periods: Predecessor and Successor, which relate to the period preceding the Transaction and the period succeeding the Transaction, respectively. The Company refers to the operations of SunGard and subsidiaries for both the Predecessor and Successor periods.

Results of Operations:

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain amounts included in our Consolidated Statements of Operations, the relative percentage that those amounts represent to consolidated revenue (unless otherwise indicated), and the percentage change in those amounts from period to period.

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]	Predeces	ssor		Successor Six Months Ended June 30,		Percent Increase (Decrease)	Tì		Predeces e Month	sor s EndedI	hre	Success ee Month		Percent Increase (Decrease)
	Six	June 3	0,	Six						June 3	,		June 3		
(in millions)		2005 percent revenu	of		2006 percent revent	t of	2006 vs. 2005	percei		2005 percent revenu	of		2006 percent revenu	of	2006 vs. 2005
Revenue		revent	ie		reveni	ue				revenu	ie		revent	ie	
Financial systems (FS)	\$	927	47%	\$	977	47%	5%	, 0	\$	471	47%	\$	500	47%	6%
Higher education and public	Ψ)21	1770	Ψ	711	17 70	3 //		Ψ	17.1	1770	Ψ	500	1770	070
sector systems (HEPS)		388	20%		423	20%	9%	ó		214	21%		227	21%	6%
Software & processing															
solutions		1,315	67%		1,400	68%	6%	<u>'</u>		685	68%		727	68%	6%
Availability services (AS)		639	33%		667	32%	4%			322	32%		337	32%	5%
Availability services (AS)		037	3370		007	3270	47	U		322	3270		331	3270	370
	•	1.954	100%	¢	2,067	100%	6%	,	\$	1,007	100%	Ф	1,064	100%	6%
	φ	1,934	100 %	φ	2,007	100 /0	0 /	υ	Φ	1,007	100 //	φ	1,004	100 %	0 //
Costs and Expenses															
Cost of sales and direct															
operating	\$	914	47%	\$	967	47%	6%	ó	\$	471	47%	\$	495	47%	5%
Sales, marketing and															
administration		380	19%		444	21%	17%			186	18%		221	21%	19%
Product development		125	6%		128	6%	2%			65	6%		64	6%	(2%)
Depreciation and amortization Amortization of acquisition-related intangible		115	6%		115	6%		%		59	6%		58	5%	(2%)
assets		69	4%		198	10%	187%	ó		35	3%		102	10%	191%
Merger and other costs		18	1%		3	%	(83%	6)		14	1%		1	%	(93%)
	\$	1,621	83%	\$	1,855	90%	14%	ó	\$	830	82%	\$	941	88%	13%
Operating Income	_														
Financial systems (1)	\$	159	17%	\$	82	8%	(48%	6)	\$	80	17%	\$	48	10%	(40%)
Higher education and public			150			100	(1.40			20	100		2.5	150	(100)
sector systems (1)		66	17%		57	13%	(14%	o)		39	18%		35	15%	(10%)
Software & processing															
solutions (1)		225	17%		139	10%	(38%	6)		119	17%		83	11%	(30%)
Availability services (1)		159	25%		126	19%	(21%	(o)		89	28%		65	19%	(27%)
Corporate administration		(33)	(2)%)	(50)	(2)%	52%	ó		(17)	(2)%		(24)	(2)%	41%
Merger and other costs		(18)	(1)%)	(3)	%	(83%	6)		(14)	(1)%		(1)	%	(93%)
	\$	333	17%	\$	212	10%	(36%	(o)	\$	177	18%	\$	123	12%	(31%)

⁽¹⁾ Percent of revenue is calculated as a percent of revenue from FS, HEPS, Software & Processing Solutions, and AS, respectively.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain supplemental revenue data, the relative percentage that those amounts represent to total revenue and the percentage change in those amounts from period to period.

		Predeces Months June 3	Ended	Six	Success Months June 3	Ended	Percent Predecessor Increase (Decrease) Three Months Endedle June 30,			Increase Three Months EndedThree Months Ended (Decrease)				Percent Increase (Decrease)
		2005 percent	of		2006 percent	of	2006 vs. 2005		2005 percent			2006 percent		2006 vs. 2005
(in millions)		revenu	ie		revenu	1e			revenu	е		revenue	e	
Financial Systems Services	\$	794	41%	\$	864	42%	9%	\$	404	40%	Ф	437	41%	8%
License and resale fees	Ф	89	5%	Ф	72	3%	(19%)		404	40%	Φ	437	41%	%
License and resale lees		09	370		12	370	(19%)		43	470		43	470	70
T-4-1 de-4 d		002	1507		026	1507	601		447	4.407		400	1507	707
Total products and services Reimbursed expenses		883 44	45% 2%		936 41	45% 2%	6%		447 24	44% 2%		480 20	45% 2%	7%
Reillibursed expenses		44	270		41	270	(7%)		2 4	270		20	270	(17%)
	\$	927	47%	\$	977	47%	5%	\$	471	47%	\$	500	47%	6%
	φ	921	4770	φ	911	4770	370	φ	4/1	4770	φ	300	4770	0 70
Higher Education and Public Sector Systems														
Services	\$	318	16%	\$	359	17%	13%	\$	178	18%	\$	188	18%	6%
License and resale fees	Ψ	64	3%	Ψ	58	3%	(9%)		33	3%	Ψ	36	3%	9%
Eroenge und resure rees		0.	2 /0			2 70	(5,70)			2,0		20	2 70	770
Total products and services		382	20%		417	20%	9%		211	21%		224	21%	6%
Reimbursed expenses		6	9	6	6	20 /0		6	3	%		3	%	
	\$	388	20%	\$	423	20%	9%	\$	214	21%	\$	227	21%	6%
Software & Processing Solutions														
Services	\$	1,112	57%	\$	1,223	59%	10%	\$	582	58%	\$	625	59%	7%
License and resale fees		153	8%		130	6%	(15%))	76	8%		79	7%	4%
Total products and services		1,265	65%		1,353	65%	7%		658	65%		704	66%	7%
Reimbursed expenses		50	3%		47	2%	(6%))	27	3%		23	2%	(15%)
	\$	1,315	67%	\$	1,400	68%	6%	\$	685	68%	\$	727	68%	6%
Availability Services														
Services	\$	625	32%	\$	656	32%	5%	\$	315	31%	\$	331	31%	5%
License and resale fees		9	9	6	3	%	(67%))	4	%		1	%	(75%)
Total products and services		634	32%		659	32%	4%		319	32%		332	31%	4%
Reimbursed expenses		5	9	6	8	%	60%		3	%		5	%	67%
	\$	639	33%	\$	667	32%	4%	\$	322	32%	\$	337	32%	5%
Total Revenue	φ.	1 707	000	ф	1.070	010	0.~	φ.	007	000	Ф	056	000	70
Services	\$	1,737	89%	\$	1,879	91%	8%	\$		89%	\$	956	90%	7%
License and resale fees		162	8%		133	6%	(18%))	80	8%		80	8%	%

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Total products and services	1,899	97%	2,012	97%	6%	977	97%	1,036	97%	6%
Reimbursed expenses	55	3%	55	3%	%	30	3%	28	3%	(7%)
	\$ 1,954	100%	\$ 2,067	100%	6%	\$ 1,007	100%	1,064	100%	6%

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Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared To Six Months Ended June 30, 2005

Income from Operations:

Our total operating margin was 10% for the six months ended June 30, 2006, compared to 17% for the six months ended June 30, 2005, due primarily to incremental amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets resulting from the Transaction (incremental amortization) of \$117 million, a \$20 million decrease in software license fees and \$16 million of non-cash stock compensation cost. The negative impact on the total operating margin of the incremental amortization, the decrease in software license fees and the stock compensation cost were 560, 90 and 80 basis points, respectively (one hundred basis points equals one percentage point).

Financial Systems:

The FS operating margin was 8% and 17% for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The lower margin in 2006 was due primarily to incremental amortization of \$62 million (630 basis points) and a \$16 million decrease in software license fees (160 basis points).

Higher Education and Public Sector Systems:

The HEPS operating margin was 13% and 17% for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The lower margin in 2006 was due primarily to \$9 million of incremental amortization (220 basis points) and a \$5 million decrease in software license fees (110 basis points) in the six-month period.

Availability Services:

The AS operating margin was 19% and 25% for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Incremental amortization of \$46 million reduced the 2006 margin by 680 basis points. The operating margin in 2005 was reduced by 180 basis points because of an \$11 million one-time charge related to the relocation of an AS facility.

Revenue:

Total revenue increased \$113 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the first six months of 2005. The increase in total revenue in 2006 is due primarily to internal revenue growth. Internal revenue growth was approximately 4%, compared to a 7% increase in the first half of 2005. Internal revenue is defined as revenue for businesses owned for at least one year and further adjusted for the effects of businesses sold in the previous twelve months. The decrease in the internal revenue growth rate in 2006 is due primarily to a decrease in license fees, only partially offset by an increase in services revenue.

For the six months ended June 30, 2006, services revenue increased to \$1,879 million from \$1,737 million in the first half of 2005. Services revenue represented approximately 91% and 89% of total revenue in the first six months of 2006 and 2005, respectively. The \$142 million increase was due to internal revenue growth across all segments, primarily FS, and acquired revenue in HEPS and FS. The increase of services revenue as a percentage of total revenue is due to the decline in license fees.

Professional services revenue was \$353 million and \$309 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase was due to both internal revenue growth from professional services, primarily from FS and HEPS, and acquired revenue in FS and HEPS.

Revenue from license and resale fees was \$133 million and \$162 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and included software license revenue of \$103 million and \$122 million, respectively. The decrease in software license revenue was mostly from FS, with a smaller decline in HEPS, and primarily reflects the impact of \$17 million of software license backlog at December 31, 2004 which was recognized as revenue in the first quarter of 2005.

Financial Systems:

FS revenue increased \$50 million in 2006. Internal revenue growth was 2% in the first half of 2006 compared to 7% in the first half of 2005. FS services revenue increased \$70 million and FS license and resale fees decreased \$17 million. The increase in services revenue is due primarily to internal revenue growth, and, to a lesser degree, to acquired businesses. Software license fees were \$67 million in the six months ended June 30, 2006, a decrease of \$16 million. The decrease in software license fees was across the segment and primarily reflects the impact of \$9 million of software license backlog at December 31, 2004 which was recognized as revenue in the first quarter of 2005.

Higher Education and Public Sector Systems:

Revenue from HEPS increased \$35 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the corresponding period in 2005 due primarily to a business acquired in the first quarter of 2005. HEPS services revenue increased \$41 million and license and resale fees decreased \$6 million. Software license fees were \$32 million in the six months ended June 30, 2006, a decrease of \$5 million, which primarily reflects the impact of \$8 million of software license backlog at December 31, 2004 which was recognized as revenue in the first quarter of 2005.

Availability Services:

AS revenue increased \$28 million in 2006 or 4%. AS internal revenue increased approximately 6% in 2006, reflecting the effect of the disposition of a U.K.-based value-added reseller. This compares to internal revenue growth of approximately 3% in the first half of 2005.

Costs and Expenses:

The increase of \$234 million in total costs and expenses is due primarily to incremental amortization of \$117 million, increased expenses across all segments and to acquired businesses. Costs and expenses in 2005 includes the impact of a one-time charge of \$11 million related to the relocation of a leased AS facility in North Bergen, New Jersey.

Cost of sales and direct operating expenses as a percentage of total revenue were consistent at 47% in each of the six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. Cost of sales and direct operating expenses increased \$53 million due primarily to increases across all segments and the increase from acquired businesses, offset in part by a one-time charge of \$11 million related to the relocation of an AS facility in 2005.

Sales, marketing and administration expenses increased as a percentage of total revenue to 21% for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to 19% in 2005. The increase in sales, marketing and administration expenses of \$64 million was due primarily to increases in all segments, mostly FS, to non-cash stock compensation of \$16 million and to acquired businesses.

Because AS product development costs are insignificant, it is more meaningful to measure product development expenses as a percentage of revenue from software and processing solutions. For each of the six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, product development costs were 9% and 10%, respectively, of revenue from software and processing solutions.

Depreciation and amortization was consistent as a percentage of total revenue at 6% for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets was 10% of total revenue in the first half of 2006, compared to 4% in 2005. Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets increased \$129 million, of which \$117 million is incremental amortization resulting from the Transaction with the balance from recent acquisitions.

Merger and other costs decreased \$15 million during the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the prior year period. The six-month period ended June 30, 2005 included costs associated with the Transaction.

Interest income was \$6 million for each of the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. Interest expense was \$318 million and \$14 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase was due to the debt incurred in connection with the Transaction and includes amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts of \$16 million.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared To Three Months Ended June 30, 2005

Income from Operations:

Our total operating margin was 12% for the three months ended June 30, 2006, compared to 18% for the three months ended June 30, 2005, due primarily to incremental amortization of \$62 million and stock compensation cost of \$9 million, partially offset by a decrease in merger costs of \$13 million. The impact on the total operating margin of the incremental amortization, the stock compensation and the decrease in merger costs was 580, 80 and 130 basis points, respectively.

Financial Systems:

The FS operating margin was 10% and 17% for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The lower margin in 2006 was due primarily to incremental amortization of \$32 million (640 basis points).

Higher Education and Public Sector Systems:

The HEPS operating margin was 15% and 18% for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The lower margin in 2006 was due primarily to incremental amortization of \$7 million (310 basis points).

Availability Services:

The AS operating margin was 19% and 28% for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Incremental amortization of \$23 million reduced the 2006 margin by 680 basis points.

Revenue:

Total revenue increased \$57 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2005. The increase in total revenue in 2006 is primarily due to internal revenue growth, which was approximately 5%, compared to an 8% increase in the second quarter of 2005.

For the three months ended June 30, 2006, services revenue increased to \$956 million from \$897 million in the second quarter of 2005. Services revenue represented approximately 90% and 89% of total revenue in the second quarter of 2006 and 2005, respectively. The \$59 million increase was due primarily to increases in internal revenue in all three segments. Acquired FS businesses added \$7 million to services revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2006.

Professional services revenue was \$188 million and \$169 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase was due primarily to \$7 million from acquired FS businesses and internal revenue from all three segments, most notably HEPS.

Revenue from license and resale fees was \$80 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and included software license revenue of \$63 million and \$59 million, respectively. The increase in software license revenue was primarily due to the impact of acquired FS businesses.

Financial Systems:

FS revenue increased \$29 million in 2006. FS services revenue increased \$33 million, due primarily to internal revenue growth, and license and resale fees were unchanged. Internal revenue growth was 4% in the second quarter of 2006 compared to 7% in the second quarter of 2005 due to the decline in license and resale fees more than offsetting the improvement in the internal growth rate of services revenue of 5% in the current year period. FS professional services revenue increased \$11 million, mostly as a result of acquired businesses.

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Higher Education and Public Sector Systems:

Revenue from HEPS increased \$13 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the corresponding period in 2005 due to internal growth. HEPS services revenue increased \$10 million and license and resale fees increased \$3 million, both as a result of internal revenue growth.

Availability Services:

AS revenue increased \$15 million in 2006 or 5%. AS internal revenue increased approximately 6% in 2006, reflecting the effect of the disposition of a U.K.-based value-added reseller. This compares to internal revenue growth of approximately 4% in the second quarter of 2005.

Costs and Expenses:

Total costs and expenses as a percentage of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2006 increased to 88% from 82% in 2005. This increase is due primarily to incremental amortization of \$62 million, to acquired businesses, and to stock compensation of \$9 million, partially offset by the decrease in merger and other costs of \$13 million.

Cost of sales and direct operating expenses as a percentage of total revenue were consistent at 47% in each of the three-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. Cost of sales and direct operating expenses increased \$24 million due primarily to an increase in AS to support its internal revenue growth and from its acquired businesses.

Sales, marketing and administration expenses increased as a percentage of total revenue to 21% for the three months ended June 30, 2006 compared to 18% in 2005. The increase in sales, marketing and administration expenses of \$35 million was due primarily to internal growth of costs in FS to support the increase in business activity, non-cash stock compensation of \$9 million and to acquired businesses.

Because AS product development costs are insignificant, it is more meaningful to measure product development expenses as a percentage of revenue from software and processing solutions. For each of the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, product development costs were 9% of revenue from software and processing solutions.

Depreciation and amortization decreased as a percentage of total revenue to 5% for the three months ended June 30, 2006 from 6% in the prior year period.

Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets was 10% of total revenue in the second quarter of 2006, compared to 3% in 2005. Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets increased \$67 million, of which \$62 million is incremental amortization with the balance from acquired businesses.

Merger and other costs decreased \$13 million in the three months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2005, which included costs associated with the Transaction.

Interest income was \$3 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. Interest expense was \$161 million and \$7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase was due to the debt incurred in connection with the Transaction, and includes amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts of \$8 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources:

At June 30, 2006, cash and equivalents were \$260 million, a decrease of \$57 million from December 31, 2005. Cash flow from operations was \$119 million in the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to cash flow from operations of \$392 million in the six months ended June 30, 2005. The decrease in cash flow from operations is due primarily to the decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses resulting from lower accrued income taxes due to the net loss in 2006 and increased bonus and commission payments.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$165 million in the six months ended June 30, 2006, comprised primarily of cash paid for property and equipment and other assets. During the six months ended June 30, 2006, we spent \$17 million (net of cash acquired) on two acquisitions. Net cash used in investing activities was \$539 million in the six

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months ended June 30, 2005. During the six months ended June 30, 2005, we spent \$418 million (net of cash acquired) on six acquisitions and \$123 million for property and equipment and other assets.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$27 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, primarily related to repayment of borrowings under the revolving credit facility. At June 30, 2006, there were no borrowings outstanding under this facility.

At June 30, 2006, a contingent purchase price obligation that depends upon the operating performance of an acquired business is \$1 million, which we currently do not expect to pay. We also have outstanding letters of credit and bid bonds that total approximately \$40 million.

As a result of the Transaction, we are highly leveraged and our debt service requirements are significant. At June 30, 2006, we have outstanding \$7.4 billion in aggregate indebtedness, with additional borrowing capacity of \$979 million under our revolving credit facility (after giving effect to outstanding letters of credit).

We expect our cash flows from operations, combined with availability under our revolving credit facility and receivables facilities, to provide sufficient liquidity to fund our current obligations, projected working capital requirements and capital spending for a period that includes the next 12 months.

Covenant Compliance

Adjusted EBITDA is used to determine our compliance with certain covenants contained in the indentures governing the senior notes due 2013 and senior subordinated notes due 2015 and in our senior secured credit facilities. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA further adjusted to exclude unusual items and other adjustments permitted in calculating covenant compliance under the indentures and our senior secured credit facilities. We believe that the inclusion of supplementary adjustments to EBITDA applied in presenting Adjusted EBITDA are appropriate to provide additional information to investors to demonstrate compliance with our financing covenants.

The breach of covenants in our senior secured credit facilities that are tied to ratios based on Adjusted EBITDA could result in a default under that agreement and the lenders could elect to declare all amounts borrowed due and payable. Any such acceleration would also result in a default under our indentures. Additionally, under our debt agreements, our ability to engage in activities such as incurring additional indebtedness, making investments and paying dividends is also tied to ratios based on Adjusted EBITDA.

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Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as follows:

	Pred	ecessor	Si	iccessor		edecessor ee Months		cessor Months		
	Six Months Ended June 30, 2005		Six Months Ended June 30, 2006			Ended une 30, 2005	En Jur 20	M Ju	t Twelve Ionths ine 30,	
Net income (loss)	\$	188	\$		\$	98	\$	(30)	\$	(148)
Interest expense, net	Ψ	8	Ψ	312	Ψ	4	Ψ	158	Ψ	554
Taxes		137		(42)		75		(11)		(70)
Depreciation and amortization		184		313		94		160		590
EBITDA		517		507		271		277		926
Purchase accounting adjustments (a)				2						21
Non-cash charges (b)		1		18				10		108
Unusual or non-recurring charges (c)		18		11		15		5		76
Restructuring charges or reserves (d)		11								
Acquired EBITDA, net of disposed EBITDA (e)		17		1		6		2		6
Other (f)		2		11				4		20
Adjusted EBITDA - senior secured credit facilities		566		550		292		298		1,157
Loss on sale of receivables (g)				13				6		31
Adjusted EBITDA - senior notes due 2013 and senior subordinated notes due 2015	\$	566	\$	563	\$	292	\$	304	\$	1,188

- (a) Purchase accounting adjustments include the adjustment of deferred revenue to fair value at the date of the Transaction.
- (b) Non-cash charges include non-cash stock-based compensation resulting from the new stock-based compensation plans under SFAS 123R and loss on the sale of assets.
- (c) Unusual or non-recurring charges include merger costs associated with the Transaction, payroll taxes and certain compensation and other expenses associated with acquisitions made by the Company.
- (d) Restructuring charges or reserves include the relocation of a leased availability services facility in North Bergen, New Jersey to an expanded facility in Carlstadt, New Jersey.
- (e) Acquired EBITDA net of disposed EBITDA reflects the EBITDA impact of significant businesses that were acquired or disposed of during the period as if the acquisition or disposition occurred at the beginning of the period.

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- (f) Other includes franchise and similar taxes reported in operating expenses and management fees paid to the Sponsors, offset by interest charges relating to the receivables facilities and gains related to fluctuation of foreign currency exchange rates.
- (g) The loss on sale of receivables under the long-term receivables facility is added back in calculating Adjusted EBITDA for purposes of the indentures governing the senior notes due 2013 and the senior subordinated notes due 2015 but is not added back in calculating Adjusted EBITDA for purposes of the senior secured credit facilities.

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Our covenant requirements and actual ratios for the twelve months ended June 30, 2006 are as follows:

	Covenant Requirements	Actual Ratios
Senior secured credit facilities (1)		
Minimum Adjusted EBITDA to consolidated interest expense ratio	1.40x	2.00x
Maximum total debt to Adjusted EBITDA	8.25x	6.28x
Senior notes due 2013 and senior subordinated notes due 2015 (2)		
Minimum Adjusted EBITDA to fixed charges ratio required to incur additional debt pursuant to		
ratio provisions	2.00x	2.03x

- (1) Our senior secured credit facilities require us to maintain an Adjusted EBITDA to consolidated interest expense ratio starting at a minimum of 1.40x for the four-quarter period ended December 31, 2005 and stepping up over time to 1.50x by the end of 2006 and 2.20x by the end of 2013. Consolidated interest expense is defined in the senior secured credit facilities as consolidated cash interest expense less cash interest income further adjusted for certain noncash or nonrecurring interest expense and the elimination of interest expense and fees associated with our receivables facility. Beginning with the four-quarter period ending March 31, 2006, we are also required to maintain a consolidated total debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio starting at a maximum of 8.25x and stepping down over time to 7.75x by the end of 2006 and 4.0x by the end of 2013. Consolidated total debt is defined in the senior secured credit facilities as total debt less certain indebtedness and further adjusted for cash and cash equivalents on our balance sheet in excess of \$50 million. Failure to satisfy these ratio requirements would constitute a default under the senior secured credit facilities. If our lenders fail to waive any such default, our repayment obligations under the senior secured credit facilities could be accelerated, which would also constitute a default under our indentures.
- (2) Our ability to incur additional debt and make certain restricted payments under our indentures is tied to an Adjusted EBITDA to fixed charges ratio (fixed charges coverage ratio) of at least 2.00x, except that we may incur certain debt and make certain restricted payments in certain permitted investments without regard to the ratio, such as our ability to incur up to an aggregate principal amount of \$5.75 billion under credit facilities (inclusive of amounts outstanding under our senior secured credit facilities from time to time; as of June 30, 2006, we have \$3.97 billion outstanding under our term loan facilities and available commitments of \$979 million under our revolving credit facility), to acquire persons engaged in a similar business that become restricted subsidiaries and to make other investments equal to 6% of our consolidated assets. Fixed charges is defined in the indentures governing the senior notes due 2013 and the senior subordinated notes due 2015 as consolidated interest expense less interest income, adjusted for acquisitions, and further adjusted for noncash interest expense and the elimination of interest expense and fees associated with our receivables facility.

Certain Risks and Uncertainties

Certain of the matters we discuss in this Report on Form 10-O may constitute forward-looking statements. You can identify forward-looking statements because they contain words such as believes, expects, may. will. should. seeks. approximately. anticipates or similar expressions which concern our strategy, plans or intentions. All statements we make relating to estimated and projected earnings, margins, costs, expenditures, cash flows, growth rates and financial results are forward-looking statements. In addition, we, through our senior management, from time to time make forward-looking public statements concerning our expected future operations and performance and other developments. All of these forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may change at any time, and, therefore, our actual results may differ materially from those we expected. We derive most of our forward-looking statements from our operating budgets and forecasts, which are based upon many detailed assumptions. While we believe that our assumptions are reasonable, we caution that it is very difficult to predict the impact of known factors, and, of course, it is impossible for us to anticipate all factors that could affect our actual results. Some of the factors that we believe could affect our results include: our high degree of leverage; general economic and market conditions; the condition of the financial services industry, including the effect of any further consolidation among

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financial services firms; the integration of acquired businesses, the performance of acquired businesses, and the prospects for future acquisitions; the effect of war, terrorism, natural disasters or other catastrophic events; the effect of disruptions to our systems and infrastructure; the timing and magnitude of software sales; the timing and scope of technological advances; customers taking their information availability solutions in-house; the trend in information availability toward solutions utilizing more dedicated resources; the market and credit risks associated with clearing broker operations; the ability to retain and attract customers and key personnel; risks relating to the foreign countries where we transact business; and the ability to obtain patent protection and avoid patent-related liabilities in the context of a rapidly developing legal framework for software and business-method patents. The factors described in this paragraph and other factors that may affect our business or future financial results are discussed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including this Form 10-Q. We assume no obligation to update any written or oral forward-looking statement made by us or on our behalf as a result of new information, future events or other factors.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk:

We do not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. We have invested our available cash in short-term, highly liquid financial instruments, with a substantial portion having initial maturities of three months or less. When necessary, we have borrowed to fund acquisitions.

At June 30, 2006, we had total debt of \$7.4 billion, including \$4.4 billion of variable rate debt. We have entered into two interest rate swap agreements which fixed the interest rates for \$1.6 billion of our variable rate debt. Our two swap agreements each have a notional value of \$800 million and, effectively, fix our interest rates at 4.85% and 5.00%, respectively, and expire in February 2009 and February 2011, respectively. Our remaining variable rate debt of \$2.8 billion is subject to market rate risk, as our interest payments will fluctuate as the underlying interest rates change as a result of market changes. During the period when both of our interest rate swap agreements are effective, a 1% change in interest rates would result in a change in interest rate swap agreement in February 2009 and February 2011, a 1% change in interest rates would result in a change in interest of approximately \$36 million and \$44 million per year, respectively.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures:

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Report were effective.

No change in our internal control over financial reporting occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II Other Information:

Item 1. Legal Proceedings: None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors: There have been no material changes to our Risk Factors as previously disclosed in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds: None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities: None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to Vote of Security Holders: Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information: None.

Item 6. Exhibits:

Number	Document
12.1	Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.
31.1	Certification of Cristóbal Conde required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) and Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Michael J. Ruane required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) and Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Cristóbal Conde required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Michael J. Ruane required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

SUNGARD DATA SYSTEMS INC.

Dated: August 9, 2006 By: /s/ Michael J. Ruane

Michael J. Ruane

Senior Vice President-Finance and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

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