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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

Report of Foreign Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

for the period ended 25 July 2006

BP p.l.c. (Translation of registrant's name into English)

1 ST JAMES'S SQUARE, LONDON, SW1Y 4PD, ENGLAND (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F |X| Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2 (b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No |X|

BP p.l.c. Group Results 2nd Quarter and Half Year 2006

London 25 July 2006

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

CONTINUED STRONG PERFORMANCE

uarter (2006	Quarter 2006	<pre>\$ million</pre>	2006	2005	olo
		Profit for the period* Inventory holding			
(358)	(1,148)	(gains) losses	(1,506)	(1,721)	
5,265	6,118	Replacement cost profit	11,383	10,472	9
1.54	1.82	1 1	55.94 3.36	26.22 49.03 2.94	14
	2006 5,623 (358) 5,265 14.66 25.66 1.54	25.66 30.28	### Arabian State Profit for the period* 1.54 1.82 - per ADS (dollar)	Tarter Quarter 2006 2006 \$ million 2006 5,623 7,266 Profit for the period* 12,889 Inventory holding (358) (1,148) (gains) losses (1,506) 5,265 6,118 Replacement cost profit 11,383 14.66 16.59 - per ordinary share (pence) 31.25 25.66 30.28 - per ordinary share (cents) 55.94 1.54 1.82 - per ADS (dollar) 3.36	First Half 2006 2006 \$ million 2006 2005 2005 2005 2006 2005 2006 2005 2006 2005 2006 2005 2006 2005 2006 2005 2006 2005 2006 2005 2006 2005 2006 2006

- o BP's second quarter replacement cost profit was \$6,118 million, compared with \$4,981 million a year ago, an increase of 23%. For the half year, replacement cost profit was \$11,383 million compared with \$10,472 million, up 9%.
- o The second quarter result included a net non-operating gain of \$6 million compared with a net non-operating charge of \$822 million in the second quarter of 2005. For the half year, the net non-operating charge was \$11 million compared with a net non-operating charge of \$280 million for the first half of 2005.
- o The second quarter trading environment was generally stronger than a year ago with higher oil and gas realizations and higher refining margins but with lower overall marketing margins.
- Net cash provided by operating activities for the quarter and half year was \$9.1 billion and \$18.1 billion compared with \$6.7 billion and \$16.1 billion a year ago.
- o The ratio of net debt to net debt plus equity was 15%.
- The quarterly dividend, to be paid in September, is 9.825 cents per share (\$0.5895 per ADS) compared with 8.925 cents per share a year ago. For the half year, the dividend showed an increase of 10%. In sterling terms, the quarterly dividend is 5.324 pence per share, compared with 5.119 pence per share a year ago; for the half year the increase was 11%. During the first half, the company repurchased 725 million of its own shares at a cost of \$8.5 billion.

BP Group Chief Executive, Lord Browne, said:

"BP's second quarter result reflected good overall operating performance and continuing strong upstream and refining margins. The Texas City refinery is now running at 200 mb/d and further units will be brought onstream across the balance of 2006. Our actions to control costs are on track. Results are being impacted by higher tax charges. Strong cash generation continues to support shareholder distributions through dividends and buybacks."

* Profit attributable to BP shareholders.

Summary Quarterly Results

Exploration and Production's second quarter result benefited from higher liquid

realizations and marginally higher gas realizations. In addition, it included higher costs, reflecting the impact of sector-specific inflation, increased integrity spend, repairs and revenue investment.

The Refining and Marketing result showed an improvement over the same period last year despite the effects of reduced throughputs at the Texas City refinery. The second quarter's result reflects strong operating performance, higher refining margins, supply optimization benefits and a lower net charge for non-operating items, partially offset by lower overall marketing margins.

In Gas, Power and Renewables, the higher second quarter result benefited from a higher net gain from non-operating items, increased contributions from the gas trading and marketing business and better operational performance in the natural gas liquids business. This was partly offset by a negative impact from IFRS fair value accounting charges.

Finance costs and Other finance expense was \$107 million for the quarter compared with \$163 million in the second quarter of 2005. Increases in market interest rates were more than offset by increased capitalized interest and a higher expected return on pension and other post-retirement benefit plan assets.

The consolidation adjustment, which removes the margin on sales between segments in respect of inventory at the period end, was a charge of \$277 million in the second quarter.

The effective tax rate on replacement cost profit of continuing operations was 36% versus 32% a year earlier, reflecting the higher level of provision write-backs in 2005.

Capital expenditure was \$3.7 billion for the quarter; there were no significant acquisitions. Disposal proceeds were \$2 billion.

Net debt at the end of the quarter was \$14.4 billion. The ratio of net debt to net debt plus equity was 15%.

During the second quarter, the company repurchased 376 million of its own shares, at a cost of \$4.5\$ billion. These shares are held in treasury.

In July, BP purchased 9.6% of the shares released under Rosneft's IPO for a consideration of \$1 billion.

The commentaries above and following are based on replacement cost profit.

The financial information for 2005 has been restated to reflect the following, all with effect from 1 January 2006: (a) the transfer of three equity-accounted entities from Other businesses and corporate to Refining and Marketing following the sale of Innovene; (b) the transfer of certain mid-stream assets and activities from Refining and Marketing and Exploration and Production to Gas, Power and Renewables; (c) the transfer of Hydrogen for Transport activities from Gas, Power and Renewables to Refining and Marketing; and (d) the change in the basis of accounting for over-the-counter forward sale and purchase contracts for oil, natural gas, NGLs and power. See Note 2 for further details.

Non-operating Items

	Second
	Quarter
<pre>\$ million</pre>	2006
	======
Exploration and Production	479
Refining and Marketing	(464)

Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate		106 26
Taxation		147 (53)
Continuing Operations Innovene Operations Taxation	(88)	94
Total for all operations		6 =====

Reconciliation of Replacement Cost Profit to Profit for the Period

Second Quarter 2005	Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2006	<pre>\$ million</pre>	First 2006	2005
5,901 1,273 189	6,823 1,612	7,826 1,856 453	Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and	14,649 3,468 754	12,385 2,684 601
(156) (217)	(193)	corporate Consolidation adjustments	(410)	(327)
(4) (8)	(277)	Unrealized profit in inventory Net profit on transaction	(285) s	(157)
159	_		between continuing and Innovene operations (a) –	255
7 , 362	8 , 511	9 , 665	RC profit before interest and tax	18,176	15,441
(163 (2,291 (69) (2,929)	(3,441)	Finance costs and other finance expense Taxation Minority interest	(250) (6,370) (148)	(365) (4,770) (130)
4,839	5,368	6,040	RC profit from continuing operations attributable to BP shareholders (b)	11,408	10,176
648	358	1,148	Inventory holding gains (losses) for continuing operations	1,506	1 , 609
5,487 104	5,726 (103)	7 , 188	Profit for the period from continuing operation attributable to BP shareholders Profit (loss) for the period from Innovene operations(c)	.s 12,914 (25)	11 , 785
			Profit for the period		
5 , 591	5 , 623	7 , 266	attributable to BP shareholders	12,889	12,193
4,839	5 , 368	6,040	RC profit from continuing operations attributable to BP shareholders	11,408	10,176

142	(103)	78	RC profit (loss) for Innovene operations	(25)	296
4.981	5 265	 6 110	Replacement cost profit	11,383	10 472
4,901	3,263	0,110	Replacement Cost profit	11,303	10,472

- (a) In the circumstances of discontinued operations, Accounting Standards require that the profits earned by the discontinued operations, in this case the Innovene operations, on sales to the continuing operations be eliminated on consolidation from the discontinued operations, and attributed to the continuing operations and vice versa. This adjustment has two offsetting elements: the net margin on crude refined by Innovene as substantially all crude for their refineries was supplied by BP and most of the refined products manufactured were taken by BP; and the margin on sales of feedstock from BP's US refineries to Innovene's manufacturing plants. The profits attributable to individual segments were not affected by this adjustment. Neither does this representation indicate the profits earned by continuing or Innovene operations, as if they were stand-alone entities, for past periods or likely to be earned in future periods.
- (b) Replacement cost profit reflects the current cost of supplies. The replacement cost profit for the period is arrived at by excluding from profit inventory holding gains and losses. BP uses this measure to assist investors to assess BP's performance from period to period. Replacement cost profit is not a recognized GAAP measure. Operating cash flow is calculated from the starting point of profit before taxation which includes inventory holding gains and losses. Operating cash flow also reflects working capital movements including inventories, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables. The carrying value of these working capital items will change for various reasons, including movements in oil, gas and products prices.
- (c) See further detail in Note 3.

Per Share Amounts

	First Quarter			Fi	rst Half
2005	2006	2006	_		2005
			Results for the period (\$m)		
5 , 591	5,623	7,266	Profit*	12,889	12,193
4,981	5,265	6,118	Replacement cost profi	t 11,383	10,472
			Shares in issue at		
21,174,934	20,341,135	19,993,613	<pre>period end (thousand)1 - ADS equivalent</pre>	9,993,613	21,174,934
3,529,156	3,390,189	3,332,269	(thousand) Average number of shares oustanding	3,332,269	3,529,156
21,270,485	20,521,872	20,171,546	(thousand) 2 - ADS equivalent	0,345,750	21,355,418
3,545,081	3,420,312	3,361,924	(thousand) Per ordinary share (cents)	3,390,958	3,559,236
26.30	27.40	35.94	Profit for the period RC profit	63.34	57.09
23.42	25.66	30.28	*	55.94	49.03

157.80	164.40	215.64	Per ADS (cents) Profit for the period	380.04	342.54
			RC profit		
140.52	153.96 	181.68	for the period	335.64	294.18

^{*} Profit attributable to BP shareholders.

Exploration and Production

Second Quarter Q 2005	2006		<pre>\$ million</pre>	2006	Half 2005
5 , 904 (3)	6,816 7	7,827 (1)	Profit before interest and tax(a)	14,643	12,393
5,901 =====	6 , 823	7 , 826	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax	14,649	12,385
(3)	9 –	330 -	Results include: Impairment and gain (loss) on sale of businesses and fixed assets Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and	339	937 -
(674) 25	- (395) -	149 -	rationalization costs Fair value gain (loss) on embedded derivatives Other	- (246) -	- (834) 25
(652)	(386)	479 =====	Total non-operating items	93	128
139 47	189 114	97 13	Exploration expense Of which: Exploration expenditure written of	286 Ef 127	299 131
2,437 182 2,619 8,661 4,112	2,360 173 2,533 8,713 4,035	2,355 176 2,531 8,624 4,018	Production (Net of Royalties) (b) Crude oil (mb/d) Natural gas liquids (mb/d) Total liquids (mb/d) (c) Natural gas (mmcf/d) Total hydrocarbons (mboe/d) (d)	2,358 174 2,532 8,668 4,026	2,421 185 2,606 8,703 4,107
47.79 29.86 45.95 4.38 36.11	58.25 35.47 55.88 5.54 44.20	65.96 37.80 62.86 4.44 44.58	Average realizations(e) Crude oil (\$/bbl) Natural gas liquids (\$/bbl) Total liquids (\$/bbl) Natural gas (\$/mcf) Total hydrocarbons (\$/boe)	62.08 36.66 59.36 4.99 44.39	45.60 28.99 43.85 4.32 34.86
51.63 53.08 50.10	61.79 63.29 60.89	69.59 70.46 68.84	Average oil marker prices(\$/bbl) Brent West Texas Intermediate Alaska North Slope US West Coast	65.71 66.89 64.89	49.64 51.52 47.64

6.74	9.01	6.80	Average natural gas marker prices Henry Hub gas price (\$/mmbtu)(f)	7.90	6.51
30.15	70.00	34.55	UK Gas - National Balancing Point (p/therm)	52.70	34.02
=======	=======================================				

- (a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.
- (b) Includes BP's share of production of equity-accounted entities.
- (c) Crude oil and natural gas liquids.
- (d) Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet = 1 million barrels.
- (e) Based on sales of consolidated subsidiaries only this excludes equityaccounted entities.
- (f) Henry Hub First of the Month Index.

Exploration and Production

The replacement cost profit before interest and tax for the second quarter was \$7,826 million, an increase of 33% from the second quarter of 2005. This result benefited from higher liquid realizations and marginally higher gas realizations. In addition, it included higher costs, reflecting the impact of sector-specific inflation, increased integrity spend, repairs and revenue investment. Net non-operating gains for the second quarter were \$479 million, arising from net gains on sales of assets of \$330 million, primarily from interests in the North Sea and the Gulf of Mexico shelf assets in the USA, and fair value gains of \$149 million on embedded derivatives relating to North Sea gas contracts. The corresponding quarter in 2005 contained net non-operating losses of \$652 million principally in respect of fair value losses on embedded derivatives.

Production for the quarter at 4,018 mboe/d was broadly flat compared with the second quarter of 2005 after adjusting for the effect of disposals. Underlying production growth in the new profit centres and TNK-BP was offset by decline in existing profit centres.

The replacement cost profit before interest and tax of \$14,649 million for the half year represented an increase of 18% over the same period of the previous year. This result also benefited from higher realizations partially offset by lower volumes and higher costs, reflecting sector-specific inflation, increased integrity spend, repairs and revenue investment. The half year result included net gains on sales of assets of \$339 million and net fair value losses of \$246 million on embedded derivatives. The first half of 2005 contained net non-operating gains of \$128 million.

Production for the half year of 4,026 mboe/d was 2% lower than the first half of 2005. After adjusting for the effect of disposals, production was broadly flat. Underlying production growth from major projects in the new profit centres and TNK-BP was offset by decline in existing profit centres.

Three new projects started up in the quarter. In Azerbaijan, the BTC pipeline was successfully completed, with the first lifting from Ceyhan in Turkey in June. In Algeria, first gas was produced from our In Amenas project in June. In Egypt the Temsah redevelopment project started production in April, ahead of schedule. Additionally, in June we signed a framework agreement for the development of a new LNG plant - Damietta 2.

Offshore repair work on Thunder Horse is proceeding and we anticipate having approval to introduce hydrocarbons to the facilities in the third quarter. Recent work has focused on testing of the subsea equipment in readiness for

start-up. However, during a routine hydrotest we experienced two leaks in a subsea manifold. We are taking a precautionary approach and are fully investigating the events before starting up the platform. Subject to a satisfactory outcome of these investigations our current plan anticipates replacing just the damaged subsea equipment. Depending upon weather, this would enable a start-up of production in early 2007.

We had further exploration success in Angola with the Urano oil discovery in ultra-deepwater Block 31, bringing the number of successful discoveries that BP has drilled in the Block to ten.

During the quarter, we completed the sale of our Gulf of Mexico Shelf assets to Apache. Certain participants in these fields exercised their right of pre-emption, and completion of these transactions is expected in the third quarter of 2006. We also completed the sales of our 4.84% interest in the Statfjord oil and gas field and of our interest in the Luva gas discovery, both in the North Sea. In May, we announced our intention to sell our exploration and production and gas infrastructure business in the Netherlands. In June, TNK-BP announced that it had reached agreement to sell its Urdmurtneft assets to Sinopec. Since the end of the quarter we have announced the sale of our 28% interest in the Shenzi discovery in the Gulf of Mexico to Repsol for \$2,145 million.

Refining and Marketing

Second Quarter (First	Half
2005	2006	2006	<pre>\$ million</pre>	2006	
1,932	2,038	2,992	Profit before interest and tax(a) Inventory holding (gains) losses	5,030	4,285
1,273	1,612	•	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax	3,468	•
75 -	564 -		Results include: Impairment and gain (loss) on sale of businesses and fixed assets Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and	676 -	48
_	-	_	rationalization costs	_	_
_	_	_	Fair value gain (loss) on embedded derivatives	_	_
(733)	_	(576)	Other	(576)	(733)
(658) =======	564		Total non-operating items	100	(685)
			Refinery throughputs (mb/d)		
210	111		UK		187
671 1,350		671 1,200	Rest of Europe	655 1 , 088	659
•	296	256	Rest of World	•	302
2,536	2,022	2 , 289	Total throughput	2,156 ======	
93.1	79.9	86.4	Refining availability (%)(b)	83.1	
356	345	355	Oil sales volumes (mb/d) Refined products UK	350	347

	1,315 1,599		Rest of Europe USA	•	1,335 1,652
604	567	579	Rest of World	573	612
•	3,826 2,204		Total marketing sales Trading/supply sales		3,946 2,163
			Total refined product sales Crude oil	5,794 2,602	6,109 2,475
8,537	8,761	8,031	Total oil sales	8 , 396	•
			Global Indicator Refining Margin (\$/bbl)(c)		
5.68	2.88	5.78	NWE	4.33	4.27
9.37	10.86	17.74	USGC	14.30	8.34
7.45	4.89	14.75	Midwest	9.82	5.65
14.53	11.22	21.27	USWC	16.25	13.71
6.30	3.54	6.83	Singapore	5.18	5.64
8.42	6.28	12.59	BP Average	9.44	7.19
			Chemicals production (kte)		
	303		UK		634
	842		Rest of Europe		1,541
•	789		USA	1,605	2,325
1,443	1,687 	1,728	Rest of World	3,415	2,551
3,602	3 , 621	•	Total production	7 , 204	7 , 051

- (a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.
- (b) Refining availability is defined as the ratio of units which are available for processing, regardless of whether they are actually being used, to total capacity. Where there is planned maintenance, such capacity is not regarded as being available. During the first half of 2006, there was planned maintenance of a substantial part of the Texas City refinery.
- (c) The Global Indicator Refining Margin (GIM) is the average of regional indicator margins weighted for BP's crude refining capacity in each region. Each regional indicator margin is based on a single representative crude with product yields characteristic of the typical level of upgrading complexity. The regional indicator margins may not be representative of the margins achieved by BP in any period because of BP's particular refinery configurations and crude and product slate.

Refining and Marketing

The replacement cost profit before interest and tax for the second quarter and half year was \$1,856 million and \$3,468 million respectively. This compares with \$1,273 million and \$2,684 million respectively, for the equivalent periods in 2005.

The quarter's result included a net charge of \$464 million for non-operating items. Following a review during the second quarter of 2006, a further provision of \$500 million was made for fatality and personal injury compensation claims associated with the incident at the Texas City refinery in March 2005. This is in addition to the \$700 million provided last year. The non-operating items also include \$147 million in respect of net gains on disposals, an impairment charge of \$35 million and a charge of \$76 million in respect of a donation to the BP Foundation. The total net non-operating gain for the first half of 2006 amounted to \$100 million.

The result showed an improvement over the same period last year despite the effects of reduced throughputs at the Texas City refinery. The reduction in the result in respect of Texas City, including the impact on associated businesses, was some \$460 million compared to the second quarter of 2005 and nearly \$1.1 billion compared with the first half of 2005. Both the second quarter and half year results reflect strong operating performance, higher refining margins, supply optimization benefits and a lower net charge for non-operating items, partially offset by lower overall marketing margins. The result for the first half of 2006 reflects a net non-operating gain compared with a significant net charge a year ago. IFRS accounting effects for both the quarter and the half year were not material when compared with the same periods last year.

Refining crude throughputs for the quarter were 2,289 mb/d compared with 2,536 mb/d for the same quarter last year. The reduction in throughputs was mainly due to the phased start-up of production at our Texas City refinery. Recommissioning of the site began at the end of March, with current throughput of 200 mb/d. Our focus is to continue re-commissioning the site safely and to bring it back onstream in a phased manner. The full financial potential of the site is not expected to be realized until 2007. Refining availability for the quarter, excluding the Texas City refinery, at 95.7%, was slightly ahead of the second quarter of 2005.

Marketing volumes for the quarter were 3,876 mb/d and 3,851 mb/d for the first half of the year, slightly lower than the comparative periods in the previous year mainly due to divestments.

BP announced plans to invest \$500 million over the next ten years to establish a dedicated bioscience research laboratory. The BP Energy Biosciences Institute (EBI) is planned to be the first of its kind in the world and to be attached to a major academic centre. During the quarter, BP and DuPont announced the creation of a partnership to develop, produce and market a next generation of biofuels. The companies' joint strategy is to deliver advanced biofuels that will provide improved options for expanding energy supplies and accelerate the move to renewable transportation fuels which lower overall greenhouse gas emissions. The first product to market is expected to be biobutanol, which will be introduced in the United Kingdom as a gasoline bio-component.

Also during the quarter, BP announced its intention to sell its Coryton Refinery in Essex, UK which processes 172,000 barrels of crude oil a day. BP is in initial discussions with a number of potential buyers.

Gas, Power and Renewables

	First		0 million	First	Half
2005	2006	2006	\$ million	2006	2005
175 14		463 (10)	Profit before interest and tax(a) Inventory holding (gains) losses	701 53	601
189	301	453 =====	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax	754 =====	601
20 -	- - -	, ,	Results include: Impairment and gain (loss) on sale of businesses and fixed assets Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and rationalization costs Fair value gain (loss)	(1) - -	83 - -

67	(55)	107	on embedded derivatives	52	109	
_	_	-	Other	_	-	
87	(55)	106	Total non-operating items	51	192	
	=======================================					

(a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.

The replacement cost profit before interest and tax for the second quarter and half year was \$453 million and \$754 million respectively, compared with \$189 million and \$601 million a year ago. Included in the result for the quarter was a net non-operating gain of \$106 million primarily in respect of fair value gains on embedded derivatives. The corresponding quarter of 2005 contained fair value gains of \$67 million on embedded derivatives and net gains of \$20 million on the disposal of an NGL plant in the US.

The second quarter result was up 140% on the second quarter of 2005. This result benefited from a higher net gain from non-operating items, increased contributions from the gas trading and marketing business and better operational performance in the natural gas liquids business. This was partly offset by a negative impact from IFRS fair value accounting charges. The first half result was similarly higher than the same period in 2005 largely reflecting higher contributions from the operating businesses partially offset by a lower gain from non-operating items and higher IFRS fair value accounting charges.

In June, operations started at China's first liquefied natural gas (LNG) import and re-gasification terminal at Shengzhen, Guangdong province (BP share 30%) with an initial cargo of LNG from the North West Shelf Venture in Australia in which BP is also a partner. As part of BP Alternative Energy's strategy, we entered into a strategic alliance with Clipper Windpower plc and signed an agreement with GE to jointly develop and deploy hydrogen power projects.

Other Businesses and Corporate

Second		Second	0	First	Half
2005	2006	2006	\$ million	2006	
======			Profit (loss) before	======	
(156)	(215)	(192)	interest and tax(a)	(407)	(327)
_	(2)	(1)	Inventory holding (gains) losses	(3)	_
			Replacement cost profit (loss)		
(156)	(217)	(193)	before interest and tax	(410)	(327)
======				=======	
			Results include:		
			Impairment and gain (loss) on sale		
34	1	21	of businesses and fixed assets	22	34
22	_	_	Environmental and other provisions	_	22
			Restructuring, integration and		
(28)	-	-	rationalization costs	_	(71)
			Fair value gain (loss) on		
(14)	8	5	embedded derivatives	13	(18)
3	_	_	Other	_	3
17	9	26	Total non-operating items	35	(30)
======				=======	

(a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.

Other businesses and corporate comprises Finance, the group's aluminium asset, interest income and costs relating to corporate activities. The second quarter's result includes a net gain of \$26 million in respect of non-operating items, primarily relating to disposal gains.

Dividends Payable

September	June	September		June and	September
2005	2006	2006		2006	2005
=======				=======	
			Dividends per ordinary share		
8.925	9.375	9.825	cents	19.20	17.425
5.119	5.251	5.324	pence	10.575	9.569
53.55	56.25	58.95	Dividends per ADS (cents)	115.20	104.55

BP today announced a dividend of 9.825 cents per ordinary share to be paid in September. Holders of ordinary shares will receive 5.324 pence per share and holders of American Depository Receipts (ADRs) \$0.5895 per ADS share. The dividend is payable on 5 September to shareholders on the register on 11 August. Participants in the Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRIP) or the DRIP facility in the US Direct Access Plan will receive the dividend in the form of shares, also on 5 September.

Outlook

BP Group Chief Executive, Lord Browne, concluded:

- "World economic growth has been sustained. US economic growth appears to have slowed compared to the first quarter, but Europe appears to have grown faster; growth in other regions has been sustained. The near-term global outlook appears resilient.
- "Crude oil prices averaged \$69.59 per barrel (Dated Brent) in the second quarter of 2006, an increase of nearly \$8 per barrel from the first quarter and \$18 per barrel above the same period last year. Prices rose in face of heightened geopolitical concerns. Demand is growing strongly in China and the Middle East, offsetting weakness in the US and Europe. Ample inventories and increased spare OPEC production capacity have failed to stem the increase. Oil prices are expected to remain strong.
- "US natural gas prices averaged \$6.80/mmbtu (Henry Hub First of Month Index) in the second quarter, \$2.21/mmbtu below the first quarter. Gas prices traded below parity with residual fuel oil during the quarter. Onshore gas supplies and net imports have grown; recovery of hurricaneaffected production has continued. Working gas inventories at the end of June were 29% above the five-year average. US gas prices have fallen further so far in the third quarter.
- "UK gas prices (NBP day-ahead) fell in the second quarter to average 34.6 pence per therm, compared to 70 pence per therm in the first quarter, but 15% higher than in the second quarter of 2005. However, European long-term contract prices, which are indexed to oil prices, increased by more over the same period. As a result, UK spot prices traded at a discount to European contract prices in the second quarter 2006, compared to a small premium during the second quarter of 2005. The Rough storage facility has re-opened and inventories are expected to reach normal levels by October, but concerns over winter supply have led the NBP futures to exceed 80 pence per therm.

- "Global average refining margins rose sharply to \$12.59/bbl in the second quarter of 2006 compared with \$6.28/bbl in the first quarter. A heavy US refinery maintenance programme extended into the second quarter and coincided with the switch from MTBE to ethanol for reformulated gasolines. Margins increased strongly to encourage sufficient product imports from abroad. So far in July, margins have remained near the second quarter average as the US driving season approaches its peak and as the transition to ULSD gathers pace. Both of these developments are likely to support the refining environment over the near term.
- "Although retail margins deteriorated in April they recovered in May and June on the back of movements in the cost of product. This has resulted in overall second quarter retail margins being slightly ahead of the first quarter. So far in July, a further rise in wholesale gasoline and crude prices is evident; marketing margins are therefore expected to remain volatile.
- "The UK Government's announced increase in the North Sea supplemental tax rate has been enacted. This increase will have two effects; first to create a one-time deferred tax charge and second to increase current tax to reflect the 2006 impact of the proposed higher rate, which is retroactive to the start of the year. The full year aggregate effective tax rate is expected to be around 39%.
- "We have 16 major projects currently under development scheduled to start up in the 2007-9 period, and a further 11 under appraisal. Beyond 2009 we now see a further 26 major projects which would be expected to develop around 8 billion boe. These projects support our expectation that we will move 11 billion boe from non-proven resources to proved reserves between now and 2010, underpinning our continued renewal beyond this decade.
- "We continue to expect full year 2006 production to be consistent with the guidance of 4.1 to 4.2 mboe/d given in February, after adjusting for divestments and the impact of higher prices on entitlements under production sharing contracts. On the basis of divestments announced in 2006 to date, and assuming that oil prices remain at around \$70/barrel, these adjustments are expected to amount to around 65,000 boe/d and 45,000 boe/d respectively this year.
- "Our strategy is unchanged. We continue to execute it with discipline and focus. Capital expenditure excluding acquisitions is expected to be between \$15.5 billion and \$16 billion for the year, greater than previously estimated as a result of higher sector-specific inflation, driven by high oil prices. Divestment proceeds are also expected to be significantly higher than previously estimated at more than \$6 billion."

Cautionary Statement: The foregoing discussion, in particular the statements under "Outlook", contains forward looking statements particularly those regarding the receipt of approvals for and start-up of production from Thunder Horse; the timing of the completion of the sales of the remaining Gulf of Mexico assets; recommissioning of the Texas City refinery and the timing of the realization of its full financial potential; planned investments in biofuels research, development and marketing; world economic growth; oil and gas prices; UK gas inventories; refining margins; marketing margins; the effect of the increase in the North Sea supplemental tax rate; the aggregate effective tax rate; the timing and effect of major projects; production; divestments and resulting adjustments to production; capital expenditure; and divestment proceeds. By their nature, forward looking statements involve risks and uncertainties and actual results may differ from those expressed in such

statements depending on a variety of factors including the following: the timing of bringing new fields on stream; industry product supply; demand and pricing; currency exchange rates; operational problems; general economic conditions including inflationary pressures; political stability; economic growth in relevant areas of the world; changes in governmental regulations; exchange rate fluctuations; development and use of new technology; the actions of competitors; natural disasters and other changes in business conditions; prolonged adverse weather conditions; wars and acts of terrorism or sabotage; and other factors discussed in this Announcement. For more information you should refer to our Annual Report and Accounts 2005 and our 2005 Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

Cautionary Note to US Investors: The United States Securities and Exchange Commission permits oil and gas companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose only proved reserves that a company has demonstrated by actual production or formation tests to be economically and legally producible under existing economic and operating conditions. We use certain terms in this announcement, such as "resources", that the SEC's guidelines strictly prohibit us from including in our filings with the SEC. U.S. investors are urged to consider closely the disclosure in our Form 20-F, SEC File No. 1-6262, available from us at 1 St James's Square, London SW1Y 4PD, United Kingdom. You can also obtain this form from the SEC by calling 1-800-SEC-0330.

BP p.l.c. and Subsidiaries Summarized Group Income Statement

Quarter 2005	First Quarter 2006	Quarter 2006		2006	st Half 2005
	million				illion
58 , 320	65 , 057	72,428	Sales and other operating revenues (Note 4) Earnings from jointly controlled entities - after	137,485	110,666
742	573	818	interest and tax Earnings from associates -	1,391	1,228
101 105	115 198			229 304	215 271
,	65 , 943	•	Total revenues Gain on sale of businesses and fixed assets	139,409	112,380
59 , 404	66,540	74,007	Total revenues and other income	140,547	113,678
38,988	45 , 588	50,723	Purchases Production and manufacturing	96,311	73,032
5 , 682	5,217	5,876	expenses Production and similar taxes	11,093	10,384
697	932	855	(Note 5) Depreciation, depletion and	1,787	1,346
2,232	2,184	2,308	amortization Impairment and losses on sale	4,492	4 , 379

10	23	80	of businesses and fixed assets	103	196
139	189	97	Exploration expense (Note 5)	286	299
2 005	2 006	2 516	Distribution and administration	6 610	6 040
3,025	3,096	3,516	expenses Fair value (gain) loss on	6,612	6 , 249
621	442	(261)	embedded derivatives	181	743
			-		
			Profit before interest and taxat:		
	8,869	•	from continuing operations	19,682	•
128	191	153	Finance costs (Note 6)	344	300
35	(10)	(46)	Other finance (income) expense (Note 7)	(94)	65
	(40)	(40)	(Note /)	(94)	
			Profit before taxation from		
7,847	8,726	10,706	continuing operations	19,432	16,685
2,291	2,929	3,441	Taxation	6,370	4,770
			-		
			Profit from continuing		
5,556	5 , 797	7,265	operations	13,062	11,915
1.0.4	(102)	7.0	Profit (loss) from Innovene	(05)	400
104	(103)	/ 8 	operations (Note 3)	(Z5) 	408
5,660	5,694	7,343	Profit for the period	13,037	12,323
, ======			-		•
			Attributable to:		
	5,623		BP shareholders	12,889	
69	71	77	Minority interest	148	130
 5 660	5,694	7 2/2	-	13 , 037	10 202
=======	=======		=	========	======
			Earnings per share - cents		
			Profit for the period attributal	ole	
			to BP shareholders		
		35.94	Basic	63.34	
25.94	27.13	35.59	Diluted	62.72	56.30
			Profit from continuing operation attributable to BP shareholde:		
25 Q1	27 90	35.57		rs 63.47	55.18
		35.21		62.84	54.42
20.10	2,.00	00.21	211000	02.01	J 1 • 12

Summarized Group Balance Sheet

	2006	1 December 2005
	\$ mil	
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	85 , 953	85 , 947
Goodwill	10,413	10,371
Other intangible assets	5,251	4,772
Investments in jointly controlled entities	15,711	13,556
Investments in associates	5,736	6,217
Other investments	592	967
Fixed assets	123,656	121,830
Loans	854	821
Other receivables	842	770
Derivative financial instruments	3,789	3 , 652
Prepayments and accrued income	1,399	1,269
Defined benefit pension plan surplus	3,757	3,282

	134,297	131,624
Current assets		
Loans	118	132
Inventories	20,727	19,760
Trade and other receivables	38,639	40,902
Derivative financial instruments	9,103	
Prepayments and accrued income		1,598
Current tax receivable	218	212
Cash and cash equivalents	4,852	2,960
	76 , 261	75,290
Assets classified as held for sale	1,409	_
Total assets		206,914
Current liabilities	=======	
Trade and other payables	43 323	42,136
Derivative financial instruments	8,538	9,083
Accruals and deferred income	6 , 149	5 , 970
Finance debt	9,648	8,932
Current tax payable		4,274
Provisions	1,282	1,102
	73,983	71,497
Non-current liabilities		
Other payables	1,783	1,935
Derivative financial instruments	3,634	3,696
Accruals and deferred income	3 , 957	3,164
Finance debt	9 , 638	10,230
Deferred tax liabilities	16,703	
Provisions	10,395	
Defined benefit pension plan and other	,	,
post-retirement benefit plan deficits	9,476	9,230
	55,586	54,652
Liabilities directly associated with the assets		
classified as held for sale	42	-
Total liabilities	129,611	126,149
Net assets		80,765
Fauitu	========	
Equity PR shareholders! equity	01 506	70 076
BP shareholders' equity Minority interest	81 , 586 770	789
		80,765
	========	

Group Statement of Recognized Income and Expense

Ş	million	n	\$	million
			====	
2005	2006	2006	2006	2005
Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Fi	irst Half
Second	First	Second		

(1,646)	153	309	Currency translation differences Available-for-sale investments	462	(2,398)
20	197	(44)	marked to market Available-for-sale investments -	153	22
` '		230	recycled to the income statement Cash flow hedges marked to market Cash flow hedges - recycled to the income statement Taxation	287 76	(43) (149) (11) 53
			Net income (expense) recognized directly in equity Profit for the period	599 13,037	(2,526) 12,323
•	5 , 873	•	Total recognized income and expense relating to the period		9 , 797
3,869 69	5,802	7 , 686 77	Attributable to: BP shareholders Minority interest	13,488 148 13,636	9,667 130
•	- -	•	Change in accounting policy - adoption of IAS 32 and 39 on 1 January 2005 (wholly attribut to BP shareholders)		(243)

Movement in BP Shareholders' Equity

Movement in BP shareholders' equity	<pre>\$ million</pre>
At 31 December 2005	79 , 976
Profit for the period	12,889
Distribution to shareholders	(3,816)
Currency translation differences (net of tax)	494
Repurchase of ordinary share capital	(8,499)
Issue of ordinary share capital for employee share schemes	426
Purchase of shares by ESOP trusts	(199)
Share-based payments (net of tax)	241
Available-for-sale investments (net of tax)	(205)
Cash flow hedges (net of tax)	279
At 30 June 2006	81 , 586
	======

Summarized Group Cash Flow Statement

Second First Son Quarter Quart	aarter	First Half
2005 2006	2006	2006 2005
============	=====	=========
<pre>\$ million</pre>		<pre>\$ million</pre>
	Operating activities	
	Profit before taxation	from
7,847 8,726 1	.0,706 continuing operation	ns 19,432 16,685

			Adjustments to reconcile profits before tax to net cash provided	Į.	
47	114	13	-	ff 127	131
2,232	2,184	2,308	Depreciation, depletion and amortization		4,379
(126)	(574)	(461)	Impairment and (gain) loss on sal of businesses and fixed assets	e (1,035)	(1,102)
(843)	(688)	(932)	Earnings from jointly controlled entities and associates Dividends received from jointly	(1,620)	(1,443)
741	1,011	268	controlled entities and associates	1,279	1,096
(2,691)	(1,850)	(2,753)	Working capital and other movements	(4,603)	(3,577)
7,207	8,923	9,149	Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations Net cash used in operating	18,072	16,169
(470)	-	_	activities of Innovene operations	-	(58)
6 , 737	8 , 923	9,149	Net cash provided by operating activities	18 , 072	16,111
(2,911)	(3,295)	(3,412)	Investing activities Capital expenditure Investment in jointly controlled	(6,707)	(5,736)
(36) (186)		(26) (151)	entities Investment in associates Proceeds from disposal of	(26) (308)	(51) (285)
425	484	1,899		2,383	1,752
- 48	166 72	90 58	businesses	256 130	- 80
			Net cash used in		
(2,660)	(2,730)	(1,542)	investing activities	(4,272)	(4,240)
(2 024)	(2 061)	(1 111)	Financing activities	(0 272)	(2.067)
482	396		Net repurchase of shares Proceeds from long-term financing		
(1,011)	(65)	(720)	Repayments of long-term financing Net increase (decrease) in		
	(710)		short-term debt		(2,017)
			Dividends paid - BP shareholders		
(15)	(66) 	(88)	- Minority interes	t (154)	(335)
(4,238)	(6,228)	(5 , 658)	Net cash used in financing activities	(11,886)	(11,861)
_	14	(36)	Currency translation differences relating to cash and cash equivalents	(22)	(9)
(161)	(21)	1,913	Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,892	1
1,521	2,960	2,939	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	2,960	1,359
			Cash and cash equivalents at		

1,360	2 , 939	4,852	end of period	4,852 1,360
=======================================				===========

Summarized Group Cash Flow Statement

(2,691)	(1,850)	(2,753)		(4,603)	(3,577)
(2,433)	(2,761)	(2,615)	Income taxes paid	(5,376)	(3,417)
5,536	(107)	135	current and non-current liabilities	28	7,903
(1,000)	333	2,000	Increase (decrease) in other	2,010	(3/323)
(4 - 608)	335	2 - 008	(Increase) decrease in other current and non-current assets	2.343	(5.925)
(1,786)	1,008	(2,351)	inventories	(1,343)	(2,583)
507	(207)	216	less payments (Increase) decrease in	9	444
			Net charge for provisions,	(- ,	, ,
(6)	(50)	(47)	<pre>and other post-retirement benef less contributions</pre>	•	(16)
			Net operating charge for pensions	,	
	83		Share-based payments	, ,	156
			Other finance (income) expense	(94)	
			Interest paid		(451)
			Finance costs		300
			Interest received		112
(102)	(120)	(122)	Working capital and other movement Interest receivable		(165)
\$	millior	1		\$ mi	llion
Quarter		Quarter			t Half 2005
Socond	First	Socond			

Capital Expenditure and Acquisitions

Quarter	Quarter 2006	2006		2006	t Half 2005
	millior	า			llion
			By business		
			Exploration and Production		
213	182	244	UK	426	389
37	69	74	Rest of Europe	143	68
942	1,021	1,190	USA	2,211	1,939
	1,428	•	Rest of World	2,904	2,386
	2,700				4,782
			Refining and Marketing		
97	61	83	UK	144	140
111	65	101	Rest of Europe	166	178
219	258	252	USA	510	409
118	107	109	Rest of World	216	164
545	491	545		1,036	891
			Cas Dower and Denovables		

Gas, Power and Renewables

			Eugai Filling. BP FLC - Form 6-K		
16	1	6	UK	7	17
6	5	7	Rest of Europe	12	7
19	20		USA	52	32
10	14	19	Rest of World	33 	16
51	40	64	_	104	72
			Other businesses and corporate		
82	19		UK	58	157
58 53	- 8	80	Rest of Europe USA	88	78 117
4	-	-	Rest of World	-	5
197	27	119	-	146	357
3 , 274	3,258	3,712	-	6 , 970	6,102
=====	======	======	= By geographical area	======	
408		372	UK	635	703
212				321	331
	1,307			2,861	
1,421 	1,549	1,604	Rest of World	3 , 153	2,571
3 , 274	3 , 258	3,712	_	6 , 970	6 , 102
			Included above:		
66	10	_	Acquisitions and asset exchanges	10	151
125 	- -======		Innovene operations =	- :=====:	254 =====
			Exchange rates		
1 00	4 55	1 00	US dollar/sterling average rate	4 50	4 0 0
1.86	1.75		for the period	1.79	1.87
1.80	1.75	1.81	US dollar/sterling period-end rate US dollar/euro average rate for	1.81	1.80
1.26	1.20	1.26	the period	1.23	1.28
1.21	1.21		US dollar/euro period-end rate	1.25	1.21
		 Ar	- nalysis of Profit Before Interest an	ıd Tax	
Second	First	Second			
	Quarter			Firs	t Half
2005	2006	2006		2006	2005
======	====== \$ millio:	====== n			===== llion
			By business		
F 7 4	1 165	1 004	Exploration and Production	2 000	1 405
574	1,165	1,834	UK	2,999	1,485

294 303 393 Rest of Europe

(74) (155) 166 UK 982 686 785 Rest of Europe 679 828 1,526 USA 345 679 515 Rest of World

Refining and Marketing

2,441 2,304 2,255 USA 2,595 3,044 3,345 Rest of World

5,904 6,816 7,827

1,932 2,038 2,992

11	(325)
1,471	1,817
2,354	2,104
1,194	689
5,030	4,285

696 1,622

4,559 4,449 6,389 4,837

14,643 12,393

			Gas, Power and Renewables		
125	(72)	188	UK	116	243
(8)			Rest of Europe	5	(2)
51	168	257	USA	425	227
7	135	20	Rest of World	155	133
175	238	463		701	601
			Other businesses and corporate		
(209)	(141)	(80)		(221)	(388)
30	(1)	(45)	Rest of Europe	(46)	34
(13)	(104)	(37)	USA	(141)	(22)
36	31	(30)	Rest of World	1	49
(156)	(215)	(192)		(407)	(327)
7,855	8,877	11,090		19 , 967	16,952
(4)			Unrealized profit in inventory		
. ,	. ,	. ,	Net profit on transactions between		
159	_	_	continuing and Innovene operati		255
8,010	8,869	10,813	Total for continuing operations	19,682	17,050
			Tananana		
1 (1	(55)	(00)	Innovene operations	(1.45)	222
164	(55)		Rest of Europe	(145)	
129 (16)	(21) 7		-	(61) 1	495 96
16	(27)		Rest of World	21	12
293	(96)	(88)	Net profit on transactions between	(184)	825
(159)	_	_	continuing and Innovene operati		(255)
134	(96)	(88)	Total for Innovene operations	(184)	570
8,144 ======	8 , 773	10 , 725	Total for period	19,498	17,620
			By geographical area		
463	772	2,148	UK	2,920	1,068
1,406	995	1,059	Rest of Europe	2,054	3,652
	3,245		USA	6,962	6,622
2,983	3 , 857	3,889	Rest of World	7,746	5,708
	8,869		Total for continuing operations	19,682	
			alysis of Replacement Cost Profit	_	
			Before Interest and Tax		
	First				
	Quarter				st Half
	2006	2006			2005
	million				llion
Y			By business	, III	
			Exploration and Production		
574	1.165	1,834	UK	2 999	1,485
294	303	393	Rest of Europe	2 , 999	
	2,311		USA	4,565	
4,400	2, JII	4,434	UJA	4,000	4,441

2,595	3,044	3,345	Rest of World	6,389	4,837
5,901	6,823	7,826		14,649	12,385
			Refining and Marketing		
(60)			UK	23	(332)
658	564	584	Rest of Europe	1,148	1,081
361	637		USA	1,386	1,360
314	559 	352	Rest of World	911	575
1,273	1,612	1,856		3,468	2,684
			Gas, Power and Renewables		
125	. ,		UK	116	243
(1)			Rest of Europe	(3)	5
55	178	250		428	222
10	194 	19	Rest of World	213	131
189	301	453		754	601
			Other businesses and corporate		
(209)	(141)	(80)	UK	(221)	(388)
30	(3)	(46)	Rest of Europe	(49)	
(13)	(104)	(37)	USA	(141)	(22)
36	31	(30)	Rest of World	1	49
(156)	(217)	(193)		(410)	(327)
7,207	8 , 519	9,942		18,461	15,343
(4)	(8)	(277)	Unrealized profit in inventory Net profit on transactions between		(157)
159	-	_	continuing and Innovene operation		255
7,362	8 , 511	9,665	Total for continuing operations	18,176	15,441
			Innovene operations		
152	(55)	(90)	UK	(145)	139
120	(21)	(40)	Rest of Europe	(61)	425
42	7	(6)	USA	1	132
17	(27)	48	Rest of World	21	17
331	(96)	(88)		(184)	713
(159)	_	_	Net profit on transactions between continuing and Innovene operat:		(255)
		(88)	Total for Innovene operations	(184)	
7,534	8,415 ======	9 , 577	Total for period	17 , 992	
4.2.2	770	0.150	By geographical area	2 222	1 060
	779	∠ , 153	UK	2,932	1,062
1,089	865 3 , 071	855	Rest of Europe	1,720	2,923 5,869
			USA		
∠ , 955 	3 , 796	3 , 725	Rest of World	/ , 5ZI	5 , 587
	8 , 511		Total for continuing operations	18 , 176	
======				=======	

Analysis of Non-operating Items

Second First Second Quarter Quarter Quarter

First Half

2005	2006	2006		2006	2005
======= \$:	====== million	=====		====== \$ mi	===== llion
			By business		
			Exploration and Production		
		386	UK		(968)
3	-	83	Rest of Europe	83	1,030
(3) 26	2 6	9 1	USA Rest of World	11 7	(4) 70
(652)	(386)	479	-	93	128
			- Refining and Marketing		
(23)	20	(1)		19	(15)
(12)	229	(29)	Rest of Europe	200	(11)
(634)	96	(446)	USA	(350)	(629)
11	219	12	Rest of World	231	(30)
(658)	564	(464)	_	100	(685)
			Gas, Power and Renewables		
66	(55)	107	UK	52	171
_	_	_	±	_	_
21	_	(1)	USA Rest of World	(1)	21
			-		
87	(55)	106	_	51	192
(6)		_	Other businesses and corporate UK		(40)
(6) 12	_		Rest of Europe	- (1)	(48) 11
11	9		USA	19	7
_	_		Rest of World	17	-
17	9	26	_	35	(30)
(1,206)	132	147	Total before taxation for continui operations	.ng 279	(395)
384	(46)		Taxation credit (charge)	(99)	129
			Total after taxation for continuin	.a	
(822)	86	94	operations		(266)
			Innovene operations		
_	(55)	(90)	-	(145)	(24)
_	(21)	(40)	Rest of Europe	(61)	_
-	7	(6)		1	-
	(27)	48	Rest of World	21	
	40.5		Total before taxation for Innovene		,
_	(96)		operations (a)	(184)	
	(7) 		Taxation credit (charge)	(7) 	10
	(102)	(00)	Total after taxation for Innovene	(101)	/1 /1
	(103)	(88)	operations -	(191)	(14)
(822)	(17)	6	Total after taxation for period	(11)	(280)
======		=====	=		

(a) Includes the loss on re-measurement to fair value of \$88 million in the second quarter of 2006 and \$96 million in the first quarter of 2006 and impairment charges of \$24 million in the first quarter of 2005.

Depreciation of Fixed Asset Revaluation Adjustment

Quarter 2005	First Quarter 2006	Quarter 2006		2006	
	======= \$ million			====== \$ mil	
12 70 3		48		15 103 9	20 146 8
85	68	59		127	174
26 	25	25	Refining and Marketing USA	50	51
26 	25 	25		50 	51
5	6	5	Gas, Power and Renewables USA	11	11
5	6	5		11	11
116	99		Total depreciation of revaluation adjustment (a)(b)	188 ======	

- (a) Relates to the revaluation adjustment consequent upon the ARCO acquisition.
- (b) Excludes impairment of the revaluation adjustment which is included in ${\tt non-operating}$ items.

Net Debt Ratio - Net Debt: Net Debt + Equity

======		======		=======	
•	•	82,356 15%	Equity Net debt ratio	82 , 356 15%	,
,	15 , 740	•	Net debt	14,434 ======	•
1,360	•	4,852	Gross debt Cash and cash equivalents	,	19,302 1,360
	million				llion
Quarter 2005	Quarter 2006	Quarter 2006		2006	t Half 2005
Second	First	Second			

Production and Realizations

Second First Second

Quarter 2005	Quarter 2006	Quarter 2006		First 2006	Half 2005
			Production (a) (d)	,	
290	268	264	Crude oil (mb/d) (net of royalties UK	3) 266	289
73	64	60		62	74
546	444	444	USA	444	553
1,528	1,584	1,587	Rest of World	1,586	1,505
2,437	2,360	2,355	Total crude oil production	2,358	2,421
			Natural gas liquids (mb/d) (net of royalties)		
20	13	16	-	14	18
4	4	3	Rest of Europe	4	5
127	122			122	131
31	34 	35	Rest of World	35 	31
182	173	176	Total natural gas liquids producti	ion 174	185
			Liquids (b) (mb/d) (net of royalti	ies)	
310	281		UK	280	307
77	68	64	-	65	79
673 1,559	566 1,618			566 1 , 620	684 1,536
2,619		2,531	-	2,532	
======	,		=		=====
1,136	1 106	911	Natural gas (mmcf/d) (net of royalt	ies) 1,053	1 10Ω
106	1 , 196			88	1,189 114
	2,485			2,489	2,688
4,692		5,138			4,712
8,661	8,713	8,624	Total natural gas production	8 , 668	8,703
======	======	======	Average realizations(c)		=====
48.76	60 57	67 02	Crude oil (\$/bbl)	64.19	47.16
	60.57 58.27	67.82 65.37	UK USA	61.84	46.21
44.57	56.18	64.90	Rest of World		43.08
	58.25			62.08	45.60
======	======	======	= Natural gas liquids (\$/bbl)		
34.34	48.19	46.33	2	47.16	32.30
28.04	33.25	37.32	USA	35.33	27.50
33.77		35.18		36.10	32.47
29.86	35.47	37.80	BP Average	36.66 	28.99
			Liquids (\$/bbl)(b)		
47.83	60.00		UK	63.32	46.27
45.92				57.03	43.21
	55.02			58.95	42.43
45.95 =====	55.88 	62.86	=	59.36 	43.85
4 00	7 07	E (7	Natural gas (\$/mcf)	6 02	E 01
4.82 5.83		5.67 5.44		6.92 6.17	5.21 5.57
3.20				3.73	3.15
4.38			BP Average	4.99	4.32

- (a) Includes BP's share of production of equity-accounted entities.
- (b) Crude oil and natural gas liquids.
- (c) Based on sales of consolidated subsidiaries only this excludes equity-accounted entities.
- (d) Because of rounding, some totals may not agree exactly with the sum of their component parts.

Notes

1. Basis of preparation

BP prepares its Annual Report and Accounts on the basis of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted for use by the European Union (EU). The financial information presented herein has been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies expected to be used in preparing Annual Report and Accounts 2006, which do not differ significantly from those used for Annual Report and Accounts 2005.

2. Resegmentation and other changes to comparatives

With effect from 1 January 2006 the following changes to the business segment boundaries have been implemented:

- (a) Following the sale of Innovene to INEOS in December 2005, the transfer of three equity-accounted entities (Shanghai SECCO Petrochemical Company Limited in China and Polyethylene Malaysia Sdn Bhd (PEMSB) and Ethylene Malaysia Sdn Bhd (EMSB), both in Malaysia), previously reported in Other businesses and corporate, to Refining and Marketing.
- (b) The formation of BP Alternative Energy in November 2005 has resulted in the transfer of certain mid-stream assets and activities to Gas, Power and Renewables:
 - South Houston Green Power (SHGP) co-generation facility (in Texas City refinery) from Refining and Marketing.
 - Watson Cogeneration (in Carson City refinery) from Refining and Marketing.
 - Phu My Phase 3 CCGT plant in Vietnam from Exploration and Production.
- (c) The transfer of Hydrogen for Transport activities from Gas, Power and Renewables to Refining and Marketing.

Comparative financial data is shown after these changes.

	Restated		Reported	
	Second Quarter 2005	First Half 2005	Second Quarter 2005	First Half 2005
		\$ million		
Profit before interest and tax Exploration and				
Production	5,904	12,393	5,906	12,397

1,932 175	4,285 601	1,950 160	4,313 578
(156)	(327)	(161)	(336)
7,855	16,952	7,855	16,952
(4)	(157)	(4)	(157)
159	255	159	255
8,010	17 , 050	8,010	17 , 050
	175 (156) 7,855 (4) 159	175 601 (156) (327) 7,855 16,952 (4) (157) 159 255	175 601 160 (156) (327) (161) 7,855 16,952 7,855 (4) (157) (4) 159 255 159

In 2005 the basis of accounting for over-the-counter forward sale and purchase contracts for oil, natural gas, NGLs and power was changed. These transactions are now reported on a net basis in sales and other operating revenues, whereas previously they had been reported gross in sales and purchases. This change, while reducing sales and other operating revenues and purchases, had no impact on reported profit, profit per ordinary share, cash flow or the balance sheet.

During 2006, as part of a continuous process to review how individual contracts are accounted for, certain other minor adjustments have been identified that should have been reflected in the restatement from gross to net presentation. Though these adjustments are not significant to the group income statement, the amendment has been made to bring the comparatives onto a consistent basis. The comparative figures have been amended to reflect these items as set out below.

Notes

2. Resegmentation and other changes to comparatives (concluded)

		Amended			Reported	
	Quarter	Quarter	Half	First Quarter 2006	Quarter	Half
			\$ mill	ion		
Sales and other operating revenues						
Exploration and Production	13,918	10,934	21,120	13,918	10,934	21,120
Refining and Marketing	•	•	•	•	•	•
Gas, Power and Renewable						
Other businesses and						
corporate	206	174	346	206	174	346
Sales by continuing						
operations	76 , 983	70,089	132,917	79,008	72,473	137,698
Less: sales between						
businesses		7,843	16,212	11,926	7,843	16,212
sales to continuir operations	-	3,926	6,039	-	3,926	6,039
Third party sales of						
continuing operations	65 , 057	58,320	110,666	67 , 082	60,704	115,447

Purchases 45,588 38,988 73,032 47,613 41,372 77,813

Notes

3. Sale of Olefins and Derivatives business

The sale of Innovene, BP's olefins, derivatives and refining group, to INEOS, was completed on 16 December 2005.

The Innovene operations represented a separate major line of business for BP. As a result of the sale, these operations were treated as discontinued operations for the year ended 31 December 2005. A single amount was shown on the face of the income statement comprising the post-tax result of discontinued operations and the post-tax loss recognized on the remeasurement to fair value less costs to sell of the discontinued operation. That is, the income and expenses of Innovene were reported separately from the continuing operations of the BP group. The table below provides further detail of the amount shown on the income statement.

In the cash flow statement the cash provided by the operating activities of Innovene in 2005 has been separated from that of the rest of the group and reported as a single line item.

Second quarter 2006 includes a loss before tax of \$88 million related to post-closing adjustments. There was a similar adjustment of \$96 million in the first quarter of 2006. We anticipate further adjustments during the second half of 2006.

	Quarter 2006			First 2006	2005
	millio			\$ mill	
293	-	-	Profit before tax from Innovene operations Net profit on transactions	-	825
(159)	-	-	between continuing and Innovene operations	-	(255)
134 1		-	Profit before interest and taxation Other finance income (expense) (Loss) gain recognized on the		570 2
			remeasurement to fair value		
(31)	(96) - (7)	166	Taxation Related to profit before tax Related to remeasurement to fair value	(184) 166 (7)	
104	` '	78	Profit (loss) from Innovene operations	(25)	408

Earnings (loss) per share from Innovene operations - cents

		(0.50)			(0.13)	1.91
	0.49	(0.50)	0.38	Diluted	(0.12)	1.88
==						
				The net cash flows of Innovene		
				operations are presented belo	W	
				Net cash used in operating		
	(470)	-	_	activities	_	(58)
				Net cash used in investing		
	(105)	-	-	activities	_	(264)
				Net cash provided by		
	575	_	_	financing activities		322
==	=======================================					

Notes

4. Sales and other operating revenues

Quarter 2005	First Quarter 2006	Quarter 2006		2006	
======	======= \$ millio				llion
			Refining and Marketing	27,413 119,905 12,714 458	99,173 12,278
70,089 7,843 3,926	76,983 11,926	83,507 11,079	Sales by continuing operations Less: sales between businesses sales to Innovene operations	23,005	132,917 5 16,212 6,039
58,320 5,951 2,605	_	72 , 428 -	Third party sales of continuing operations Innovene sales Less: sales to continuing operations	137 , 485 -	110,666 11,294 4,139
3,346	-		Third party sales of Innovene operations		7,155
	65 , 057		Total third party sales	137,485	117,821
24,340 16,916 24,403 14,247	18,374	26,288 19,406 27,962 18,467	By geographical area UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	54,153 37,780 51,665 36,842	32,740 46,414
	88,317 23,260	92,123 19,695	Sales by continuing operations Less: sales between areas sales to Innovene operations	·	149,274 32,569 6,039
•	65 , 057			137,485	
·		-			

5. Profit before interest and taxation is after charging:

	Second Quarter (2005	Quarter 2006	Quarter 2006		First 2006	2005
		millic			\$ mil	
	13	7	_	Exploration expense UK	7	18
	- 85	- 66	- 55	Rest of Europe	- 121	1 188
	41			Rest of World	158	92
	139			_	286	299
				Production and similar taxes	======	
	153 544	235 697	72 783	UK Overseas	307 1 , 480	267 1 , 079
	697	932	855	-	1,787	
	======			=		=====
				Notes		
6.	Finance	costs				
	Second Quarter (Quarter	Quarter		First	
		2006 ======			2006	
	Ş	millic	n		\$ mil	lion
				Interest payable Capitalized	578 (234)	395 (152)
	128	191	153	_	344	243
	_	-	_	Early redemption of finance leases	_	57
	128	191		_	344	300
7.	Other fir Second Quarter (2005	First	Second	xpense	First 2006	Half 2005
	Ş	millic	n	T-1	\$ mil	lion
	509	471	484	<pre>Interest on pension and other post-retirement benefit plan liabilities Expected return on pension and</pre>	955	1,023
	(542)	(582)	(599)	other post-retirement benefit plan assets	(1,181)	(1,089)
	(33)	(111)	(115)	Interest net of expected return on plan assets Unwinding of discount on	(226)	(66)
	50	54	61	provisions Unwinding of discount on deferr consideration for acquisition		95

17	9	8	of investment in TNK-BP	17	34
34	(48)	(46)	Innovene operations	(94)	63 2
35	(48)	(46)	Continuing operations	(94)	65
======		======		=======	:=====

8. Dividends paid

Second First Second Quarter Quarter Quarter 2005 2006 2006		First Half 2006 2005
	===	==========
<pre>\$ million</pre>		<pre>\$ million</pre>
	Dividends per ordinar	ry share
8.50 9.375 9.3	375 Cents	18.75 17.0
4.450 5.288 5.3	251 Pence	10.539 8.972
51.0 56.25 56	.25 Dividends per ADS (ce	ents) 112.50 102.0
	- ===	

Notes

9. Analysis of changes in net debt

Quarter 2005	Quarter 2006	Second Quarter 2006		_	t Half 2005
	======= \$ millic				llion
			Opening balance	·	
19,564	19,162	18,679	Finance debt	19,162	23,091
1,521	2,960	2,939	Less: Cash and cash equivalents	2,960	1,359
18,043	16,202	15,740	Opening net debt	16,202	21,732
			Closing balance		
19,302	18,679	19,286	Finance debt	19,286	19,302
1,360	2,939	4,852	Less: Cash and cash equivalents	4,852	1,360
17 , 942	15 , 740	14,434	Closing net debt	14,434	17 , 942
101	462	1,306	Decrease (increase) in net debt	1,768	3,790
		1,949	Movement in cash and cash equivalents (excluding	1,914	
380	379	(734)	share capital)	(355)	3,927
_	_		Adoption of IAS 39		(147)
17	82	60	Fair value hedge adjustment	142	115
53	32	26	Other movements	58	102
289 (188)	458 4	1,301 5	Movement in net debt before exchange effects Exchange adjustments	1,759 9	4,007 (217)
101	462	1,306	Decrease (increase) in net debt	1,768	3 , 790
			-		

Notes

10. TNK-BP Operational and Financial Information

Quarter	First Quarter 2006				First 2006	
903 429 977	896 567 994	907 538 999	Production (Net of royalties (BP share) Crude oil (mb/d) Natural gas (mmcf/d) Total hydrocarbons (mboe/d)(901 552 997	889 477 971
	\$ millio	on			\$ mil	llion
920 (32) (227) (20)	(43) (350)	(45) (348)	Income statement (BP share) Profit before interest and t Interest expense * Taxation Minority interest	ax	1,936 (88) (698) (87)	(61) (394)
641	418	645	Net Income		1,063	1,052
17	9	8	* Excludes unwinding of discount on deferred consideration		17	34
425	771	-	Cash Flow Dividends received		771	675
	First Quarter 2006	Quarter			First 2006	
48.49	58.26		Average oil marker prices (\$ Urals (NWE - cif) Urals (Med - cif) Domestic Oil	/bk	61.42 61.52 35.73	45.85
Balance	sheet		200	6	31 Dec	cember 2005
Investme	ents in	jointly c	ontrolled entities 9,15		=======	8,089
Due wi	d conside thin one		1,24 e year	=== 4 -		1,227
			1,24 =====	4 ===		1,227 =====

⁽a) Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet = 1 million barrels.

As reported in previous quarters, various TNK-BP companies have received tax notifications. Upon entering into the joint venture arrangement, each party received indemnities from its co-venturers in respect of historical tax liabilities related to assets contributed to the joint venture. BP believes its

provisions are adequate for its share of any liabilities arising from tax claims not covered by these indemnities.

Notes

11. Equity-accounted entities

The group's profit for the period includes the following in respect of equity-accounted entities.

	RC profit (loss) before interest and tax	Inventory holding gains (losses)	Profit (loss) before interest and tax
		\$ million	
Second Quarter 2006 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	1,369 106 55 1	- 3 - -	1,369 109 55 1
Continuing operations Innovene operations	1 , 531 -	3 -	1 , 534
	1,531	3 :======	1,534
First Quarter 2006 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	1,149 95 29 (2)	- 6 - -	1,149 101 29 (2)
Continuing operations Innovene operations	1,271 -	6 -	1,277 -
	1,271	6 	1,277
Second Quarter 2005 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	1,161 67 18 -	- (15) - -	1,161 52 18
Continuing operations Innovene operations	1,246 3	(15)	1,231 3
	1,249 ========	(15)	1,234
Half Year 2006 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	2,518 201 84 (1)	- 9 - -	2,518 210 84 (1)
Continuing operations Innovene operations	2,802 -	9 –	2,811 -

	2,802	9	2,811
Half Year 2005	=========	========	======
Exploration and Production	2,000	-	2,000
Refining and Marketing	142	(19)	123
Gas, Power and Renewables	25	-	25
Other businesses and corporate	_	- 	
Continuing operations Innovene operations	2 , 167	(19)	2,148
	2,170	(19)	2,151

Notes

11. Equity-accounted entities (continued)

	Interest	Tax	Minority interest	Profit (loss) for the period
	\$ million			
Second Quarter 2006				
Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing	(78) (19)	(436) (13)	(46)	809 77
Gas, Power and Renewables	(6)	(4)	_	45
Other businesses and corporate	-	_	_	1
Continuing operations	(103)	(453)	(46)	932
Innovene operations	_	_	_	_
	(103)	(453)	(46)	932
First Quarter 2006	(70)	(420)	(41)	F 0.7
Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing	(72) (19)	(439) (10)	(41)	597 72
Gas, Power and Renewables	(4)	(4)	_	21
Other businesses and corporate	_	_	_	(2)
Continuing operations	(95)	(453)	(41)	688
Innovene operations	-	_ 	_ 	-
	(95)	(453)	(41)	688
Second Quarter 2005 Exploration and Production	(56)	(289)	(20)	796
Refining and Marketing	(6)	(13)	(20)	33
Gas, Power and Renewables	(3)	(1)	_	14
Other businesses and corporate	_			
Continuing operations	(65)	(303)	(20)	843
Innovene operations		_ 	_ 	3
	(65)	(303)	(20)	846
	_=======	=====	=	=====

Half Year 2006				
Exploration and Production	(150)	(875)	(87)	1,406
Refining and Marketing	(38)	(23)	_	149
Gas, Power and Renewables	(10)	(8)	_	66
Other businesses and corporate	_	_	_	(1)
Continuing operations	(198)	(906)	(87)	1,620
Innovene operations	_	_	_	_
	(198)	(906)	(87)	1,620
	=======			======
Half Year 2005				
Exploration and Production	(108)	(516)	(28)	1,348
Refining and Marketing	(14)	(31)	_	78
Gas, Power and Renewables	(5)	(3)	_	17
Other businesses and corporate	_	_		_
Continuing operations	(127)	(550)	(28)	1,443
Innovene operations	_	_		3
		(550)	(28)	,
	=			=

Notes

12. Third quarter results

BP's third quarter results will be announced on 24 October 2006.

13. Statutory accounts

The financial information shown in this publication is unaudited and does not constitute statutory accounts. The 2005 Annual Report and Accounts have been delivered to the UK Registrar of Companies; the report of the auditors on those accounts (in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 2005) was unqualified.

Contacts

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BP p.l.c.
(Registrant)

Dated: 25 July 2006 /s/ D. J. PEARL

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D. J. PEARL

Deputy Company Secretary