Kentucky First Federal Bancorp Form 10-Q February 16, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2015

OR

"TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File Number: 0-51176

KENTUCKY FIRST FEDERAL BANCORP (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

United States of America61-1484858(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

216 West Main Street, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 (Address of principal executive offices)(Zip Code) (502) 223-1638 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months or such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety days: Yes x No["]</sup>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No⁻⁻

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company," in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer "A Non-accelerated filer "A (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Accelerated filer " Smaller Reporting Company x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.)

Yes " No x

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: At February 9, 2016, the latest practicable date, the Corporation had 8,439,515 shares of \$.01 par value common stock outstanding.

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PART I

ITEM 1: Financial Information

Kentucky First Federal Bancorp

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share data)

ASSETS	December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015
Cash and due from financial institutions	¢ 5 205	¢2.964
Cash and due from financial institutions Interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 5,305 9,175	\$3,864 9,771
Cash and cash equivalents	9,175 14,480	13,635
Cash and cash equivalents	14,400	15,055
Securities available for sale	137	159
Securities held-to-maturity, at amortized cost- approximate fair value of \$15,989 and \$6,534 at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, respectively	15,916	6,423
Loans held for sale		100
Loans, net of allowance of \$1,568 at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015	243,968	243,815
Real estate owned, net	1,138	1,593
Premises and equipment, net	5,980	5,235
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	6,482	6,482
Accrued interest receivable	685	725
Bank-owned life insurance	3,018	2,971
Goodwill	14,507	14,507
Prepaid federal income taxes	26	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	501	653
Total assets	\$ 306,838	\$296,298
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits	\$ 192,485	\$199,701
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	44,532	26,635
Advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance	235	699
Accrued interest payable	32	32
Accrued federal income taxes		78
Deferred federal income taxes	706	569
Deferred revenue	603	610
Other liabilities	654	661

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Total liabilities	239,247	228,985
Commitments and contingencies	-	-
Shareholders' equity Preferred stock, 500,000 shares authorized, \$.01 par value; no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock, 20,000,000 shares authorized, \$.01 par value; 8,596,064 shares issued Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	86 34,628 34,917	86 34,638 34,711
Unearned employee stock ownership plan (ESOP), 112,973 shares and 122,311 shares at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, repectively	(1,130) (1,223)
Treasury shares at cost, 112,563 common shares at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015 Accumulated other comprehensive income Total shareholders' equity	(937 27 67,591) (937) 38 67,313
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 306,838	\$296,298

See accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Six months e 31,	ended December	Three months e 31,	nded December
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Interest income				
Loans, including fees	\$ 5,786	\$ 6,055	\$ 2,894	\$ 3,055
Mortgage-backed securities	44	57	21	28
Other securities	10	13	5	7
Interest-bearing deposits and other	129	130	65	66
Total interest income	5,969	6,255	2,985	3,156
Interest expense				
Interest-bearing demand deposits	14	16	7	8
Savings	130	118	65	59
Certificates of Deposit	404	452	196	230
Deposits	548	586	268	297
Borrowings	144	119	74	57
Total interest expense	692	705	342	354
Net interest income	5,277	5,550	2,643	2,802
Provision for loan losses	11	266		210
Net interest income after provision for loan	5,266	5,284	2,643	2,592
losses	5,200	5,204	2,043	2,392
Non-interest income				
Earnings on bank-owned life insurance	47	47	24	24
Net gain on sales of loans	41	15	22	9
Net gain on sales of OREO	53	142	37	143
Valuation adjustments of OREO	(39) (21	
Other	138	138	64	70
Total non-interest income	240	328	126	232
Non-interest expense				
Employee compensation and benefits	2,639	2,509	1,360	1,132
Occupancy and equipment	316	271	168	140
Outside service fees	91	87	43	49
Legal fees	40	26	11	19
Data processing	191	209	94	107
Auditing and accounting	130	130	63	65
FDIC insurance premiums	110	119	56	56
Franchise and other taxes	127	134	64	67

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Foreclosure and OREO expenses (net) Other Total non-interest expense		53 537 4,234		121 521 4,127		25 285 2,169		68 255 1,958
Income before income taxes		1,272		1,485		600		866
Federal income tax expense		330		490		196		287
NET INCOME	\$	942	\$	995	\$	404	\$	579
EARNINGS PER SHARE Basic and diluted DIVIDENDS PER SHARE	\$ \$	0.11 0.20	\$ \$	0.12 0.20	\$ \$	0.05 0.10	\$ \$	0.07 0.10

See accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Six months ended December 31, 2015 2014		December 31, December 31,				
Net income	\$ 942	\$ 995	\$ 404	\$ 579			
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax benefits: Unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities designated as available for sale, net of tax benefits of \$(6), \$(18), \$(6) and \$(5) during the respective periods Comprehensive income	(11) \$931	(34 \$ 961) (11) \$ 393	(10) \$569			

See accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Six mon Decemb	er 3	31,	
	2015	-	2014	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$942	,	\$995	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating Activities	$\psi \gamma + 2$		\$775	
Depreciation	148		135	
Accetion of purchased loan credit discount	(78)	(165)
Amortization of purchased loan premium	9	,	9)
Amortization (accretion) of deferred loan origination costs (fees)	15		8	
Amortization of premiums on investment securities	47		81	
Amortization of premiums on deposits	(42)	(98)
Net gain on sale of loans	(41)	(15)
Net loss (gain) on sale of real estate owned	(53)	(142)
Valuation adjustments of real estate owned	39	,	14	
Deferred gain on sale of real estate owned	(7)	(13)
ESOP compensation expense	83		77	
Earnings on bank-owned life insurance	(47)	(47)
Provision for loan losses	11		266	
Origination of loans held for sale	(1,019)	(505)
Proceeds from loans held for sale	1,160		340	
Increase (decrease) in cash, due to changes in:				
Accrued interest receivable	40		143	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	152		157	
Accrued interest payable			(1)
Other liabilities	(7)	(42)
Federal income taxes	39		235	
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,391		1,432	2
Cash flows from investing activities:		<u>.</u> .		
Purchase of held-to-maturity U.S. Treasury notes	(11,00))	(8,50	0)
Securities maturities, prepayments and calls:	1.460		1 0 0 0	
Held to maturity	1,460		1,028	5
Available for sale	5	、 、	31	
Loans originated for investment, net of principal collected	(304)	1,668	
Proceeds from sale of real estate owned	777	`	397	
Improvements to real estate owned	(114)		

Additions to premises and equipment, net	(893)	(141)
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,069)	(5,517)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net decrease in deposits	(7,174)	(8,025)
Payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance, net	(464)	(411)
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances	24,700	15,500
Repayments on Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(6,803)	(3,653)
Dividends paid on common stock	(736)	(704)
Treasury stock repurchases		(345)
Net cash provided by financing activities	9,523	2,362
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	845	(1,723)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	13,635	11,511
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$14,480	\$9,788

See accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Six months ended December 31,		
	2015	2014	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Cash paid during the period for:			
Federal income taxes		\$ 205	
Interest on deposits and borrowings	\$ 734	\$ 804	
Transfers of loans to real estate owned, net	\$ 307	\$ 1,035	
Loans made on sale of real estate owned	\$ 510	\$ 379	

See accompanying notes.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

On March 2, 2005, First Federal Savings and Loan Association of Hazard ("First Federal of Hazard" or the "Association") completed a Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan" or the "Reorganization") pursuant to which the Association reorganized into the mutual holding company form of ownership with the incorporation of a stock holding company, Kentucky First Federal Bancorp (the "Company") as parent of the Association. Coincident with the Reorganization, the Association converted to the stock form of ownership, followed by the issuance of all the Association's outstanding stock to Kentucky First Federal Bancorp. Completion of the Plan of Reorganization culminated with Kentucky First Federal Bancorp issuing 4,727,938 common shares, or 55% of its common shares, to First Federal Mutual Holding Company ("First Federal MHC"), a federally chartered mutual holding company, with 2,127,572 common shares, or 24.8% of its shares offered for sale at \$10.00 per share to the public and a newly formed Employee Stock Ownership Plan ("ESOP"). The Company received net cash proceeds of \$16.1 million from the public sale of its common shares. The Company's remaining 1,740,554 common shares of Frankfort First Bancorp ("Frankfort First") and its wholly-owned subsidiary, First Federal Savings Bank of Frankfort ("First Federal of Frankfort"). The acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting and resulted in the recordation of goodwill and other intangible assets totaling \$15.4 million.

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements, which represent the consolidated balance sheets and results of operations of the Company, were prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and, therefore, do not include information or footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. However, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) which are necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements have been included. The results of operations for the six- and three-month periods ended December 31, 2015, are not necessarily indicative of the results which may be expected for an entire fiscal year. The consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2015 has been derived from the audited consolidated balance sheet as of that date. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in the Company's annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K annual report for 2015 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

<u>Principles of Consolidation</u> - The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, Frankfort First, and its wholly-owned banking subsidiaries, First Federal of Hazard and First Federal of Frankfort (collectively hereinafter "the Banks"). All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Reclassifications - Certain amounts presented in prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. Such reclassifications had no impact on prior years' net income or shareholders' equity.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

2. Earnings Per Share

Diluted earnings per share is computed taking into consideration common shares outstanding and dilutive potential common shares to be issued or released under the Company's share-based compensation plans. The factors used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations follow:

	Six months ended		Three mon		e months ended	
(in thousands)	December 2015	r 31, 2014	Dec 201:	ember 5	31, 2014	
Net income allocated to common shareholders, basic and diluted	\$ 942	2 \$ 995 \$ 4		\$ 404)
	Six month	ns ended		Three	month	ns ended
	December 2015	r 31, 2014		Decer 2015	nber 3	1, 2014
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	8,319,58	9 8,381	,992	8,321	1,924	8,321,183

There were 309,800 stock option shares outstanding for the six- and three-month periods ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, all of which expired on December 13, 2015. The stock option shares outstanding were antidilutive for the respective periods.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

3. Investment Securities

The following table summarizes the amortized cost and fair value of securities available-for-sale and securities held-to-maturity at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, the corresponding amounts of gross unrealized gains recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income and gross unrecognized gains and losses:

(in thousands)		ecember 31, 2015 Gross mortizedunrealized/ ost unrecognized gains		Gross unreal unreco losses	ognized	Estimated fair value
Available-for-sale Securities Agency mortgage-backed: residential FHLMC stock	\$90 8 \$98	\$ \$	1 38 39	\$ \$		\$ 91 46 \$ 137
Held-to-maturity Securities Agency mortgage-backed: residential U.S. Treasury notes Agency bonds	\$2,353 10,999 2,564 \$15,916	\$ \$	81 1 - 82	\$ \$	3 	\$ 2,431 11,000 2,558 \$ 15,989

(in thousands)	June 30 Amortiz cost	Gr zeudh un	15 ross realized/ recognized ins	 lized/ ognized	Estimated fair value
Available-for-sale Securities					
Agency mortgage-backed: residential	\$94	\$	2	\$ 	\$ 96
FHLMC stock	8		55		63
	\$102	\$	57	\$ 	\$ 159

Held-to-maturity Securities				
Agency mortgage-backed: residential	\$2,821	\$ 112	\$ 2	\$ 2,931
Agency bonds	3,602	2	1	3,603
	\$6,423	\$ 114	\$ 3	\$ 6,534

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

3. Investment Securities (continued)

The Company's equity securities consist of Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company (FHLMC or Freddie Mac) stock, while our debt securities consist of agency bonds and mortgage-backed securities. Mortgage-backed securities do not have a single maturity date. The amortized cost and fair value of held-to-maturity debt securities are shown by contractual maturity. Securities not due at a single maturity date are shown separately.

(in thousands)	December Amortized Cost	31, 2015 Fair Value
Held-to-maturity Securities		
Within one year	\$12,533	\$ 12,531
One to five years	1,030	1,027
Mortgage-backed	2,353	2,431
	\$15,916	\$ 15,989

Our pledged securities at December 31, 2015, and June 30, 2015 totaled \$2.2 million.

There were no sales of investment securities during the six month periods ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

We evaluated securities in unrealized loss positions for evidence of other-than-temporary impairment, considering duration, severity, financial condition of the issuer, our intention to sell or requirement to sell. Those securities were agency bonds, which carry a very limited amount of risk. Also, we have no intention to sell nor feel that we will be compelled to sell such securities before maturity. Based on our evaluation, no impairment has been recognized through earnings.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable

The composition of the loan portfolio was as follows:

(in thousands)	December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015
Residential real estate		
One- to four-family	\$ 192,367	\$191,721
Multi-family	17,207	16,621
Construction	2,444	3,780
Land	1,641	2,021
Farm	1,542	1,567
Nonresidential real estate	25,801	22,118
Commercial nonmortgage	1,757	1,782
Consumer and other:		
Loans on deposits	1,919	2,262
Home equity	5,367	5,477
Automobile	75	73
Unsecured	469	605
	250,589	248,027
Undisbursed portion of loans in process	(5,157)	(2,753)
Deferred loan origination costs	104	109
Allowance for loan losses	(1,568)	(1,568)
	\$ 243,968	\$243,815

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the six months ended December 31, 2015:

Recoveries

	Beginning balance	Provision for loan losses	Loans charged off		Ending balance
Residential real estate:					
One- to four-family	\$ 1,059	\$ (3)	\$ (13) \$	2	\$1,045
Multi-family	94	2			96
Construction	21	(7)	·		14
Land	7	1			8
Farm	9	_			9
Nonresidential real estate	121	22			143
Commercial nonmortgage	10	_			10
Consumer and other:					
Loans on deposits	13	(2)	·		11
Home equity	31	(1)			30
Automobile		_			
Unsecured	3	(1)			2
Unallocated	200				200
Totals	\$ 1,568	\$ 11	\$ (13) \$	2	\$ 1,568

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three months ended December 31, 2015:

(in thousands)	Beginning balance	ovision fo an losses	or	ans irged off	•	Reco	overies	Ending balance
Residential real estate:								
One- to four-family	\$ 1,060	\$ (15)	\$ (2)	\$	2	\$1,045
Multi-family	97	(1)					96
Construction	16	(2)					14
Land	8							8
Farm	9							9
Nonresidential real estate	122	21						143
Commercial nonmortgage	10							10
Consumer and other:								
Loans on deposits	13	(2)					11
Home equity	31	(1)					30
Automobile								
Unsecured	2							2
Unallocated	200							200
Totals	\$ 1,568	\$ 		\$ (2)	\$	2	\$ 1.568

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the six months ended December 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	Beginning	Provision for	Loans	Dagovarias	Ending
(III tilousalius)	balance	loan losses	charged off	Recoveries	balance

Residential real estate:

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One- to four-family Multi-family Construction	\$ 1,003 73 11	\$ 241 7 (4	\$ (165 — —)\$	7	\$ 1,086 80 7
Land Farm	10 9	3				13 9
Nonresidential real estate	112	11			_	123
Commercial nonmortgage	11	1				12
Consumer and other:						
Loans on deposits	13	2				15
Home equity	28	4				32
Automobile						
Unsecured	3	1				4
Unallocated	200					200
Totals	\$ 1,473	\$ 266	\$ (165)\$	7	\$ 1,581

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three months ended December 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	Beginning balance	ovision for an losses			ed off	R	lecoveries	Ending balance
Residential real estate:								
One- to four-family	\$ 1,020	\$ 189	\$	6 (12	8) \$	5	\$1,086
Multi-family	73	7						80
Construction	11	(4))					7
Land	11	2						13
Farm	9							9
Nonresidential real estate	114	9						123
Commercial nonmortgage	10	2						12
Consumer and other:								
Loans on deposits	14	1						15
Home equity	30	2					—	32
Autombile							—	
Unsecured	2	2						4
Unallocated	200							200
Totals	\$ 1,494	\$ 210	\$	6 (12	8)\$	5	\$ 1.581

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

The following table presents the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio class and based on impairment method as of December 31, 2015. The recorded investment in loans excludes accrued interest receivable and deferred loan costs, net due to immateriality.

December 31, 2015:

(in thousands)	Loans individually evaluated	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality	Ending loans balance	Ending allowance attributed to loans	Unallocated allowance	d Total allowance
Loans individually evaluated for impairment:						
Residential real estate:						
One- to four-family	\$ 2,993	\$ 2,059	\$5,052	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Land		282	282		_	
Nonresidential real estate		147	147			
	2,993	2,488	5,481	—		
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment: Residential real estate:						
One- to four-family			\$187,315	\$ 1,045	\$ —	\$ 1,045
Multi-family			17,207	96		96
Construction			2,444	14		14
Land			1,359	8	_	8
Farm			1,542	9		9
Nonresidential real estate			25,654	143		143
Commercial nonmortgage			1,757	10		10
Consumer:			1.010			
Loans on deposits			1,919	11		11
Home equity			5,367	30		30

Automobile	75	_		_
Unsecured	469	2		2
Unallocated			200	200
	245,108	1,368	200	1,568
	\$250,589	\$ 1,368	\$ 200	\$ 1,568

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

The following tables present the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio class and based on impairment method as of June 30, 2015.

June 30, 2015:

(in thousands)	Loans individually evaluated	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality	Ending loans balance	Ending allowance attributed to loans	Unallocated allowance	l Total allowance
Loans individually evaluated for						
impairment:						
Residential real estate: One- to four-family	\$ 1,743	\$ 2,565	\$4,308	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Land	\$ 1,743 476	\$ 2,505 381	\$4,308 857	φ —	φ —	φ —
Nonresidential real estate	470 241	526	837 767			
Consumer and other:	271	520	707			
Home equity	28		28			
Unsecured	18		18			
	2,506	3,472	5,978	—	—	_
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment: Residential real estate:						
One- to four-family			\$187,413	\$ 1,059	\$ —	\$ 1,059
Multi-family			16,621	94		94
Construction			3,780	21		21
Land			1,164	7		7
Farm			1,567	9	—	9
Nonresidential real estate			21,351	121	—	121
Commercial nonmortgagel			1,782	10		10
Consumer:						

Loans on deposits	2,262	13		13
Home equity	5,449	31		31
Automobile	73			—
Unsecured	587	3		3
Unallocated			200	200
	242,049	1,368	200	1,568
	\$248,027	\$ 1,368	\$ 200	\$ 1,568

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

The following table presents loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans as of and for the six months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014:

December 31, 2015:

(in thousands)	P B R	npaid rincipal alance and ecorded ivestment	Allow for L Losse Alloc	es	Average Recorded Investment	Inc	erest come cognized	Inc	sh Basis come cognized
With no related allowance recorded:									
One- to four-family	\$	2,993	\$		\$ 3,022	\$	5	\$	5
Purchased credit-impaired loans		2,488			2,980		34		34
		5,481			6,002		39		39
With an allowance recorded:									
One- to four-family									
	\$	5,481	\$		\$ 6,002	\$	39	\$	39

December 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	Unpaid Principal Balance and Recorded Investment	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized	Cash Basis Income Recognized
----------------	--	--	-----------------------------------	----------------------------------	------------------------------------

With no related allowance recorded	l:				
One- to four-family	\$ 1,006	\$ 	\$ 1,470	\$ 	\$
Purchased credit-impaired loans	3,510		3,593	75	75
	4,516		5,063	75	75
With an allowance recorded:					
One- to four-family	80	8	116		
	\$ 4,596	\$ 8	\$ 5,179	\$ 75	\$ 75

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

The following table presents loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans as of and for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014:

December 31, 2015:

(in thousands)	Pi B R	npaid rincipal alance and ecorded ivestment	Allow for L Losse Alloc	es	Average Recorded Investment	Inc	erest come cognized	Inc	sh Basis come cognized
With no related allowance recorded:									
One- to four-family	\$	2,993	\$		\$ 3,280	\$	2	\$	2
Purchased credit-impaired loans		2,488			2,734		11		11
-		5,481			6,014		13		13
With an allowance recorded:									
One- to four-family									
	\$	5,481	\$	—	\$ 6,014	\$	13	\$	13

December 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	Unpaid Principal Balance and Recorded Investment	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized	Cash Basis Income Recognized
----------------	--	--	-----------------------------------	----------------------------------	------------------------------------

With no related allowance recorded	l:				
One- to four-family	\$ 1,006	\$ 	\$ 1,264	\$ 	\$
Purchased credit-impaired loans	3,510		3,539	44	44
	4,516		4,803	44	44
With an allowance recorded:					
One- to four-family	80	8	35		
	\$ 4,596	\$ 8	\$ 4,838	\$ 44	\$ 44

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

The following tables present the recorded investment in nonaccrual and loans past due over 90 days still on accrual by class of loans as of December 31, 2015, and June 30, 2015:

	December	31, 2015	June 30	, 2015	
		Loans Past		Loans Past	
(in thousands)	Nonaccru	Due Over 90 aDays Still	Nonacci	Due Over 90 rual Days Still	
(in thousands)	ronuceru	•	1 (ondeen	-	
		Accruing		Accruing	
One- to four-family residential real estate	\$ 4,066	\$ 1,198	\$4,331	\$ 1,745	
Nonresidential real estate and land	691		410	— —	
Consumer	7		26		
	\$ 4,764	\$ 1,198	\$4,767	\$ 1,745	

Troubled Debt Restructurings:

A Troubled Debt Restructuring ("TDR") is the situation where the Bank grants a concession to the borrower that the Bank would not otherwise have considered due to the borrower's financial difficulties. All TDRs are considered "impaired." At December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, the Company had \$1.6 million and \$1.9 million of loans classified as TDRs, respectively. Of the TDRs at December 31, 2015, approximately 32.5% were related to the borrower's completion of Chapter 7 bankruptcy proceedings with no reaffirmation of the debt to the Banks.

The following table presents TDR's by loan type at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, and their performance, by modification type:

(dollars in thousands)	Number of Loans	Pre- Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post- Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	TDRs Performing to Modified Terms	TDRs Not Performing to Modified Terms
December 31, 2015 Residential Real Estate: 1-4 Family	30	\$ 1,858	\$ 1,595	\$ 1,062	\$ 533
June 30, 2015 Residential Real Estate: 1-4 Family	38	\$ 2,110	\$ 1,851	\$ 1,710	\$ 141

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

There were no TDR loan modifications for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

There were no TDR loan modifications for the six months ended December 31, 2014. The following table summarizes TDR loan modifications that occured during the six months ended December 31, 2015, and their performance, by modification type:

(in thousands)	Troubled Debt Restructurings Performing to Modified Terms		Troubled Debt Restructurings Not Performing to Modified Terms		Total Troubled Debt Restructurings	
Six months ended December 31, 2015 Residential real estate: Rate reduction	\$	3	\$	_	\$	3

The Company had no allocated specific reserves to customers whose loan terms had been modified in troubled debt restructurings as of December 31, 2015, or at June 30, 2015. The Company had no commitments to lend on loans classified as TDRs at December 31, 2015 or June 30, 2015.

There were no TDRs that defaulted during the six- or three- month periods ended December 31, 2015, or December 31, 2014.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

The following table presents the aging of the principal balance outstanding in past due loans as of December 31, 2015, by class of loans:

(in thousands)	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or Greater Past Due	Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due	Total
Residential real estate:					
One-to four-family	\$ 4,227	\$ 2,674	\$6,901	\$185,466	\$192,367
Multi-family				17,207	17,207
Construction			_	2,444	2,444
Land	—		—	1,641	1,641
Farm			—	1,542	1,542
Nonresidential real estate	139	147	286	25,515	25,801
Commercial non-mortgage				1,757	1,757
Consumer and other:					
Loans on deposits				1,919	1,919
Home equity	19	27	46	5,321	5,367
Automobile	1		1	74	75
Unsecured			_	469	469
Total	\$ 4,386	\$ 2,848	\$7,234	\$ 243,355	\$250,589

The following tables present the aging of the principal balance outstanding in past due loans as of June 30, 2015, by class of loans:

(in thousands)	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or Greater Past Due	Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due	Total
		Duc			

Residential real estate:					
One-to four-family	\$ 5,129	\$ 3,233	\$ 8,362	\$183,359	\$191,721
Multi-family				16,621	16,621
Construction				3,780	3,780
Land	344	262	606	1,415	2,021
Farm				1,567	1,567
Nonresidential real estate	142	388	530	21,588	22,118
Commercial nonmortgage				1,782	1,782
Consumer:					
Loans on deposits				2,262	2,262
Home equity	20		20	5,457	5,477
Automobile				73	73
Unsecured	13	18	31	574	605
Total	\$ 5,648	\$ 3,901	\$ 9,549	\$ 238,478	\$248,027

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

Credit Quality Indicators:

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis is performed on an annual basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Special Mention. Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.

Substandard. Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful. Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above-described process are considered to be pass rated loans. Loans listed that are not rated are included in groups of homogeneous loans and are evaluated for credit quality based on performing status. See the aging of past due loan table above. As of December

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31, 2015, and based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows:

(in thousands)	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Not rated
Residential real estate:					
One- to four-family	\$—	\$ 8,072	\$ 10,626	\$ —	\$173,669
Multi-family	16,862		345		
Construction	2,444				
Land	1,359		282		
Farm	1,542				
Nonresidential real estate	24,728	904	169		
Commercial nonmortgage	1,757				
Consumer:					
Loans on deposits	1,919				
Home equity	5,360		7		
Automobile	75				
Unsecured	469				
	\$56,515	\$ 8,976	\$ 11,429	\$ —	\$173,669

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

At June 30, 2015, the risk category of loans by class of loans was as follows:

(in thousands)	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	l Doubtful		Not rated
Residential real estate:						
One- to four-family	\$—	\$ 6,914	\$ 9,371	\$		\$175,436
Multi-family	16,621					
Construction	3,780					
Land	1,164		857			
Farm	1,567					
Nonresidential real estate	20,198	1,131	789			
Commercial nonmortgage	1,750	32				
Consumer:						
Loans on deposits	2,262					
Home equity	5,448		29			
Automobile	73					
Unsecured	605					
	\$53,468	\$ 8,077	\$ 11,046	\$	—	\$175,436

Purchased Credit Impaired Loans:

The Company purchased loans during fiscal year 2013 for which there was, at acquisition, evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination and it was probable, at acquisition, that all contractually required payments would not be collected. The carrying amount of those loans, net of a purchase credit discount of \$472,000 and \$616,000 at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, respectively, is as follows:

(in thousands)	De	cember 31, 2015	Jı	ine 30, 2015
One- to four-family residential real estate Land	\$	2,059 282	\$	2,565 381
Nonresidential real estate		147		526
Commercial nonmortgage Outstanding balance	\$	 2,488	\$	 3,472

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

4. Loans receivable (continued)

Accretable yield, or income expected to be collected, is as follows

(in thousands)		Three months ended December 31, 2015			x months Ided ecember 31, 915	,	Twelve months ended June 30, 2015		
Balance at beginning of period	\$	1,088		\$	1,021		\$	1,478	
Accretion of income		(39)		(78)		(457)
Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference		43			149				
Disposals		(20)		(20)			
Balance at end of period	\$	1,072		\$	1,072		\$	1,021	

For those purchased loans disclosed above, the Company made no increase in allowance for loan losses for the year ended June 30, 2015, nor for the six- or three-month periods ended December 31, 2015. Neither were any allowance for loan losses reversed during those periods.

5. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

ASC topic 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC topic 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

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Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in active markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Securities

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics. Level 2 securities include agency mortgage-backed securities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

5. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Impaired Loans

At the time a loan is considered impaired, it is evaluated for loss based on the fair value of collateral securing the loan if the loan is collateral dependent. If a loss is identified, a specific allocation will be established as part of the allowance for loan losses such that the loan's net carrying value is at its estimated fair value. Impaired loans carried at fair value generally receive specific allocations of the allowance for loan losses. For collateral-dependent loans, fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Non-real estate collateral may be valued using an appraisal, net book value per the borrower's financial statements, or aging reports, adjusted or discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of the valuation, and management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business, resulting in a Level 3 fair value classification. Impaired loans are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly.

Other Real Estate

Assets acquired through or instead of loan foreclosure are initially recorded at fair value less costs to sell when acquired, establishing a new cost basis. These assets are subsequently accounted for at lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.

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Financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

(in thousands)		Quot Price Activ ue Mark Ident Asse	Measurements Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		sing gnificant ther bservable puts evel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
December 31, 2015							
Agency mortgage-backed: residential	\$91	\$		\$	91	\$	—
FHLMC stock	46				46		
	\$ 137	\$		\$	137	\$	
June 30, 2015							
Agency mortgage-backed: residential	\$ 96	\$		\$	96	\$	
FHLMC stock	63				63		
	\$ 159	\$	—	\$	159	\$	—

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

5. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are summarized below:

(in thousands)		Measurements Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Using Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Ur Inj	gnificant nobservable puts evel 3)
December 31, 2015 Other real estate owned, net One- to four-family Land	\$ 651 121			\$	651 121
June 30, 2015 Other real estate owned, net One- to four-family Land	\$ 525 15			\$	525 15

There were no impared loans, which were measured using the fair value of the collateral for collateral-dependent loans, at December 31, 2015, and June 30, 2015. There was no specific provision made for the six month periods ended December 31, 2015 or 2014.

Other real estate owned measured at fair value less costs to sell, had carrying amounts of \$772,000 and \$540,000 at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, respectively. Other real estate owned was written down \$39,000 and \$14,000 during the six months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

5. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

The following table presents quantitative information about Level 3 fair value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015:

	Fair Value	Valuation	Unobservable	Range (Weighted
December 31, 2015	(in thousands)	Technique(s)	Input(s)	Average)
Foreclosed and repossess assets:				
1-4 family	\$ 651	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments for differences between comparable sales	-10.79% to 11.7% (0.1%)
Land	\$ 121	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments for differences between comparable sales	3.5% to 6.6% (5.4%)
	Fair Value	Valuation	Unobservable	Range (Weighted
June 30, 2015	(in thousands)	Technique(s)	Input(s)	Average)
Foreclosed and repossessed assets:	,			
1-4 family	\$ 525	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments for differences between comparable sales	1.5% to 11.7% (2.9%)
Land	\$ 15	Sales comparison approach	Adjustments for differences between comparable sales	20.2% to 38.9% (20.8%)

The following is a disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments, both assets and liabilities, whether or not recognized in the consolidated balance sheet, for which it is practicable to estimate that value. For financial instruments where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value and other valuation methods.

The methods used are greatly affected by the assumptions applied, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Therefore, the fair values presented may not represent amounts that could be realized in an exchange for certain financial instruments.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

5. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

The following methods were used to estimate the fair value of all other financial instruments at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015:

<u>Cash and cash equivalents and interest-bearing deposits</u>: The carrying amounts presented in the consolidated statements of financial condition for cash and cash equivalents are deemed to approximate fair value.

<u>Held-to-maturity securities</u>: For held-to-maturity securities, fair value is estimated by using pricing models, quoted price of securities with similar characteristics, which is level 2 pricing for the other securities.

Loans held for sale: Loans originated and intended for sale in the secondary market are determined by FHLB pricing schedules.

<u>Loans</u>: The loan portfolio has been segregated into categories with similar characteristics, such as one- to four-family residential, multi-family residential and nonresidential real estate. These loan categories were further delineated into fixed-rate and adjustable-rate loans. The fair values for the resultant loan categories were computed via discounted cash flow analysis, using current interest rates offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality. For loans on deposit accounts and consumer and other loans, fair values were deemed to equal the historic carrying values. The fair values of the loans does not necessarily represent an exit price.

Loans receivable represents the Company's most significant financial asset, which is in Level 3 for fair value measurements. A third party provides financial modeling for the Company and results are based on assumptions and factors determined by management.

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<u>Federal Home Loan Bank stock</u>: It is not practicable to determine the fair value of FHLB stock due to restrictions placed on its transferability.

Accrued interest receivable: The carrying amount is the estimated fair value.

<u>Deposits</u>: The fair value of NOW accounts, passbook accounts, and money market deposits are deemed to approximate the amount payable on demand. Fair values for fixed-rate certificates of deposit have been estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation using the interest rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.

<u>Federal Home Loan Bank advances</u>: The fair value of these advances is estimated using the rates currently offered for similar advances of similar remaining maturities or, when available, quoted market prices.

Advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance and accrued interest payable: The carrying amount presented in the consolidated statement of financial condition is deemed to approximate fair value.

<u>Commitments to extend credit</u>: For fixed-rate and adjustable-rate loan commitments, the fair value estimate considers the difference between current levels of interest rates and committed rates. The fair value of outstanding loan commitments at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, was not material.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

5. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Based on the foregoing methods and assumptions, the carrying value and fair value of the Company's financial instruments at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015 are as follows:

(in thousands)		Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2015 Using						
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$14,480	\$14,480			\$14,480			
Available-for-sale securities	137		\$137		137			
Held-to-maturity securities	15,916		15,989		15,989			
Loans held for sale								
Loans receivable - net	243,968			248,029	248,029			
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	6,482				n/a			
Accrued interest receivable	685		22	663	685			
Financial liabilities Deposits Federal Home Loan Bank advances Advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance Accrued interest payable	\$192,485 44,532 235 32	\$83,122	\$109,367 44,820 235 32		192,489 44,820 235 32			
(in thousands)			Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2015 Using					
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$13,635	\$13,635			\$13,635			
Available-for-sale securities	159		\$159		159			
Held-to-maturity securities	6,423		6,534		6,534			
Loans held for sale	100		101		101			

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Loans receivable – net Federal Home Loan Bank stock Accrued interest receivable	243,815 6,482 725		27	\$248,265 698	248,265 n/a 725
Financial liabilities Deposits Federal Home Loan Bank advances Advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance		\$83,603	\$116,304 27,265 699	090	\$199,907 27,265 699
Accrued interest payable	32		32		32

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2015

(unaudited)

6. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following is a summary of the accumulated other comprehensive income balances, net of tax:

	Balance at June 30, 2015		Cư Ch	urrent Yea aange	ır	Bala Dec 201:	nnce at ember 31, 5
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	\$	38	\$	(11)	\$	27

Other comprehensive income (loss) components and related tax effects for the periods indicated were as follows:

	Six months ended December 31,							
(in thousands)		15		20				
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	\$	(17)	\$	(52)		
Tax effect		(6)		(18)		
Net-of-tax amount	\$	(11)	\$	(34)		
(in thousands)	(6) (18 \$ (11) \$ (34) Three months ended December 2015 2014				r 31,			
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities Tax effect	\$)	\$	(15 (5)		
Net-of-tax amount	\$	(-)	\$	(10)		

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this report that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements that are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. When used herein, the terms "anticipates," "plans," "expects," "believes," and similar expressions as they relate to Kentucky First Federal Bancorp or its management are intended to identify such forward looking statements. Kentucky First Federal Bancorp's actual results, performance or achievements may materially differ from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Risks and uncertainties that could cause or contribute to such material differences include, but are not limited to, general economic conditions, prices for real estate in the Company's market areas, interest rate environment, competitive conditions in the financial services industry, changes in law, governmental policies and regulations, rapidly changing technology affecting financial services and the other matters mentioned in Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2015.

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Average Balance Sheets

The following table represents the average balance sheets for the six month periods ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, along with the related calculations of tax-equivalent net interest income, net interest margin and net interest spread for the related periods.

	Six Months Ended December 31, 2015 2014						
	Average Balance	Interest And Dividends	Yield/ Cost	Average Balance	Interest And Dividends	Yield/ Cost	
	(Dollars in	thousands)					
Interest-earning assets:							
Loans ¹	\$246,172	\$ 5,786	4.70	% \$246,474	\$ 6,055	4.91	%
Mortgage-backed securities	2,683	44	3.28	3,652	57	3.12	
Other securities	3,423	10	0.58	5,704	13	0.46	
Other interest-earning assets	16,062	129	1.61	14,417	130	1.80	
Total interest-earning assets	268,340	5,969	4.45	270,247	6,255	4.63	
Less: Allowance for loan losses	(1,568))		(1,479)		
Non-interest-earning assets	29,503			29,196			
Total assets	\$296,275			\$297,964			
Interest-bearing liabilities:							
Demand deposits	\$4,765	\$ 14	0.59	% \$6,348	\$ 16	0.50	%
Savings	76,197	130	0.34	68,834	118	0.34	
Certificates of deposit	112,198	404	0.72	132,693	452	0.68	
Total deposits	193,160	548	0.57	207,875	586	0.56	
Borrowings	29,737	144	0.97	16,673	119	1.43	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	222,897	692	0.62	224,548	705	0.63	
Noninterest-Bearing demand deposits	3,792			4,036			
Noninterest-bearing liabilities	2,749			2,036			
Total liabilities	229,438			230,620			
Shareholders' equity	66,837			67,344			
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$296,275			\$297,964			
Net interest income/average yield		\$ 5,277	3.83	%	\$ 5,550	4.00	%
Net interest margin			3.93	%		4.11	%
			120.39	9%		120.3	5%

Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities

¹ Includes loan fees, immaterial in amount, in both interest income and the calculation of yield on loans. Also includes loans on nonaccrual status.

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Average Balance Sheets (continued)

The following table represents the average balance sheets for the three month periods ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, along with the related calculations of tax-equivalent net interest income, net interest margin and net interest spread for the related periods.

	Three Months Ended December 3 2015			er 31, 2014	·			
	Average Balance	Interest And Dividends	Yield/ Cost	Average Balance	Interest And Dividends	Yield/ Cost		
	(Dollars in thousands)							
Interest-earning assets:								
Loans ²	\$246,024	\$ 2,894	4.71	% \$246,344	\$ 3,055	4.96	%	
Mortgage-backed securities	2,552	21	3.29	3,510	28	3.19		
Other securities	3,528	5	0.57	6,081	7	0.46		
Other interest-earning assets	16,684	65	1.56	14,620	66	1.81		
Total interest-earning assets	268,788	2,985	4.44	270,555	3,156	4.67		
Less: Allowance for loan losses	(1,568))		(1,493)			
Non-interest-earning assets	29,284			28,933				
Total assets	\$296,504			\$297,995				
Interest-bearing liabilities:								
Demand deposits	\$5,478	\$7	0.51	% \$7,531	\$8	0.43	%	
Savings	75,532	65	0.34	67,886	59	0.35		
Certificates of deposit	110,470	196	0.71	130,398	230	0.71		
Total deposits	191,480	268	0.56	205,815	297	0.58		
Borrowings	31,608	74	0.94	18,685	57	1.22		
Total interest-bearing liabilities	223,088	342	0.61	224,500	354	0.63		
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits	3,519			4,252				
Noninterest-bearing liabilities	2,435			1,865				
Total liabilities	229,042			230,617				
Shareholders' equity	67,462			67,378				
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$296,504			\$297,995				
Net interest income/average yield		\$ 2,643	3.83	%	\$ 2,802	4.04	%	
Net interest margin			3.93	%		4.14	%	
			120.43	3%		120.5	1%	

Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities

² Includes loan fees, immaterial in amount, in both interest income and the calculation of yield on loans. Also includes loans on nonaccrual status.

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Discussion of Financial Condition Changes from June 30, 2015 to December 31, 2015

Assets: At December 31, 2015, the Company's assets totaled \$306.8 million, an increase of \$10.5 million, or 3.6%, from total assets at June 30, 2015. This increase was attributed primarily to an increase in investment securities.

Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$845,000 or 6.2% to \$14.5 million at December 31, 2015.

Securities: At December 31, 2015 and 2014 our securities portfolio consisted of agency bonds, mortgage-backed securities and U.S. Treasury notes. Investment securities totaled \$16.1 million at December 31, 2015, compared to \$6.6 million at June 30, 2015, an increase of \$9.5 million or 143.9% due primarily to an \$11.0 million short-term U.S. Treasury note purchased by the Company, which matured subsequent to December 31, 2015.

Loans: Loans receivable, net, increased by \$153,000 or 0.1% to \$244.0 million at December 31, 2015. Management continues to look for high-quality loans to add to its portfolio and will continue to emphasize loan originations to the extent that it is profitable, prudent and consistent with our interest rate risk strategies. However, loan demand continues in its weakened state as a result of the downturn in the economy and we expect to see a continued decrease in demand for home loans until the housing market regains a stronger footing.

Non-Performing Loans: At December 31, 2015, the Company had non-performing loans (loans 90 or more days past due or on nonaccrual status) of approximately \$6.0 million, or 2.4% of total loans (including loans purchased in the acquisition), compared to \$6.5 million or 2.7%, of total loans at June 30, 2015. The Company's allowance for loan losses totaled \$1.6 million at December 31, 2015, and June 30, 2015, respectively. The allowance for loan losses at December 31, 2015, represented 26.3% of nonperforming loans and 0.64% of total loans (including loans purchased in the acquisition), while at June 30, 2015, the allowance represented 24.1% of nonperforming loans and 0.6% of total loans.

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The Company had \$12.5 million in assets classified as substandard for regulatory purposes at December 31, 2015, including loans (\$11.4 million) and real estate owned ("REO") (\$1.1 million), including loans acquired in the CKF Bancorp transaction. Classified loans as a percentage of total loans (including loans acquired) was 4.7% and 4.5% at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, respectively. Of substandard loans, 99.9% were secured by real estate on which the Banks have priority lien position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Discussion of Financial Condition Changes from June 30, 2015 to December 31, 2015 (continued)

The table below shows the aggregate amounts of our assets classified for regulatory purposes at the dates indicated:

(dollars in thousands)December 31, 2015June 30, 2015Substandard assets\$ 12,567\$ 12,639Doubtful assets----Loss assets----Total classified assets\$ 12,567\$ 12,639

At December 31, 2015, the Company's real estate acquired through foreclosure represented 9.1% of substandard assets compared to 12.6% at June 30, 2015. During the six months ended December 31, 2015, the Company sold property with a carrying value of \$723,000 for \$777,000, while during the year ended June 30, 2015, property with a carrying value of \$590,000 was sold for \$702,000. During the six months ended December 31, 2015, the Company made \$510,000 in loans to facilitate the purchase of its other real estate owned by qualified borrowers, while for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, \$424,000 in loans to facilitate an exchange were made. The Company defers recognition of any gain on loans to facilitate an exchange until the proper time in the future. Loans to facilitate the sale of other real estate owned, which were included in substandard loans, totaled \$235,000 and \$292,000 at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Discussion of Financial Condition Changes from June 30, 2015 to December 31, 2015 (continued)

The following table presents the aggregate carrying value of REO at the dates indicated:

	December 31, 2015 Number Net		June 30, 2015 Numb N et	
	of Carrying Propertievalue		of	Carrying
			Properviatue	
Single family, non-owner occupied	10	\$ 1,028	15	\$ 1,440
Building lot	4	110	5	153
Total REO	14	\$ 1,138	20	\$ 1,593

At December 31, 2015, and June 30, 2015, the Company had \$9.0 million and \$8.1 million of loans classified as special mention, respectively (including loans purchased at December 31, 2012.) This category includes assets which do not currently expose us to a sufficient degree of risk to warrant classification, but do possess credit deficiencies or potential weaknesses deserving our close attention. The primary reason for this increase was related to two larger borrowers who each experienced some weakness in cash flow, but had no delinquency and their loans were well secured by real estate.

Liabilities: At December 31, 2015, the Company's liabilities totaled \$239.2 million, an increase of \$10.3 million, or 4.5%, from total liabilities at June 30, 2015. The increase in liabilities was attributed primarily to an increase in FHLB advances which totaled \$44.5 million at quarter end, an increase of \$17.9 million or 67.2% compared to June 30, 2015 and was partially offset by a \$7.2 million or 3.6% decrease in deposits which totaled \$192.5 million at December 31, 2015. The Company utilized a short-term advance to purchase an \$11.0 million short-term U.S. Treasury note, which matured shortly after December 31, 2015. Deposit customers continue seeking higher yields on their funds after growing impatient in the current low-rate environment and some are turning to non-insured investments. As deposits have continued to decrease, we have utilized short-term FHLB advances as replacement funding.

Shareholders' Equity: At December 31, 2015, the Company's shareholders' equity totaled \$67.6 million, an increase of \$278,000 or 0.4% from the June 30, 2015 total. The change in shareholders equity was chiefly associated with net

profits for the period less dividends paid on common stock.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Discussion of Financial Condition Changes from June 30, 2015 to December 31, 2015 (continued)

The Company paid dividends of \$736,000 or 78.1% of net income for the six month period just ended. On July 7, 2015, the members of First Federal MHC for the fourth time approved a dividend waiver on annual dividends of up to \$0.40 per share of Kentucky First Federal Bancorp common stock. The Board of Directors of First Federal MHC applied for approval of another waiver. The Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland has notified the Company that there were no objection to a waiver of dividends paid by the Company to First Federal MHC, and, as a result, First Federal MHC will be permitted to waive the receipt of dividends for quarterly dividends up to \$0.10 per common share through the third quarter of 2016. Management believes that the Company has sufficient capital to continue the current dividend policy without affecting the well-capitalized status of either subsidiary bank. Management cannot speculate on future dividend levels, because various factors, including capital levels, income levels, liquidity levels, regulatory requirements and overall financial condition of the Company are considered before dividends are declared. However, management continues to believe that a strong dividend is consistent with the Company's long-term capital management strategy. See "Risk Factors" in Part II, Item 1A, of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2015 for additional discussion regarding dividends.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Six Month Periods Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

General

Net income totaled \$942,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2015, a decrease of \$53,000 or 5.3% from net income of \$995,000 for the same period in 2014. The decrease in net earnings for the recently-ended six-month period was primarily attributable to lower net interest income, higher non-interest expense, and lower non-interest income, while partially offset by lower provision for loan losses.

Net Interest Income

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Net interest income after provision for loan losses decreased \$18,000 or 0.3% to \$5.3 million for the six months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. Primarily due to lower interest income on loans. Provision for loan losses decreased by \$255,000 or 95.9% to \$11,000 for the six month period just ended compared to \$266,000 for the prior year period. Interest income decreased \$286,000 or 4.6%, to \$6.0 million, while interest expense decreased \$13,000 or 1.8% to \$692,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2015, after amortization of fair value adjustments on interest bearing accounts.

Interest income on loans decreased \$269,000 or 4.4% to \$5.8 million, due primarily to a decrease in the average rate earned on the loan portfolio as borrowers refinanced or modified existing loans to lower rates offered by the Company. The average rate earned on loans outstanding decreased 21 basis points to 4.70% for the six month period just ended, while the average balance of loans outstanding decreased \$302,000 to \$246.2 million. Interest income on mortgage-backed residential securities ("MBS") decreased \$13,000 or 22.8% to \$44,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2015, as the average balance decreased \$969,000 or 26.5% to \$2.7 million for the recently ended period, while the average rate earned increased 16 basis points to 3.28% compared to the period a year ago. Interest income on other securities, primarily composed of agency bonds, totaled \$10,000 during the recent six month period, compared to \$13,000 for the prior year period. The average balance of other investment securities was \$3.4 million for the six month period, basis points in the six month period.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Comparison of Operating Results for the Six Month Periods Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 (continued)

Net Interest Income (continued)

Interest income on interest-bearing deposits and other decreased slightly for the period just ended.

Interest expense on deposits decreased \$38,000 or 6.5% to \$548,000 for the six month period ended December 31, 2015, due primarily to a decrease in the average balance of deposits outstanding. Average deposits outstanding decreased \$14.7 million or 7.1% to \$193.2 million for the recently ended six month period, while the average rate paid on deposits increased 1 basis point to 57 basis points for the current year period. Interest expense on borrowings increased \$25,000 or 21.0% to \$144,000 for the six month period ended December 31, 2015, compared to the prior year period. The increase in interest expense on borrowings was attributed to a higher average balance outstanding as the average balance outstanding increased \$13.1 million or 78.4% to \$29.7 million, while the average rate paid on borrowings decreased 46 basis points to 97 basis points for the recently ended period. The Company utilized a short-term advance to fund the investment in a U.S. Treasury Note, which matured shortly after December 31, 2015.

Net interest margin decreased from 4.11% for the prior year period to 3.93% for the six months ended December 31, 2015 primarily due to the decrease in rates earned on loans.

Provision for Losses on Loans

The Company recorded \$11,000 in provision for losses on loans during the six months ended December 31, 2015, compared to a provision of \$266,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2014. The decreased provision was primarily due to improving asset quality, minimal loan primarily due to the charge-offs and stable loan balances. There can be no assurance that the loan loss allowance will be adequate to absorb unidentified losses on loans in the portfolio, which could adversely affect the Company's results of operations.

Non-interest Income

Non-interest income totaled \$240,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2015, a decrease of \$88,000 or 26.8% from the same period in 2014. The decrease in non-interest income was primarily attributable to a \$89,000 or 62.7% decrease in net gain on sales of REO. Net gain on sale of REO totaled \$53,000 for the six months just ended compared to \$142,000 for the prior year period. Contributing to the decrease in non-interest income was an increase in valuation adjustment for REO, which totaled \$39,000 for the recently ended period compared to \$14,000 in the prior year. Somewhat offsetting the decrease in non-interest income produced by decreased net gain on sales of REO and an increased valuation adjustment for REO was an increase in net gains on sales of loans, which totaled \$41,000 for the six month period ended December 31, 2015, an increase of \$26,000 or 173.3% compared to the 2014 period.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Comparison of Operating Results for the Six Month Periods Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 (continued)

Non-interest Expense

Non-interest expense totaled \$4.2 million and \$4.1 million for the six months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, an increase of \$107,000 or 2.6% period to period. The increase was primarily related to higher costs associated with employee compensation and benefits and occupancy and equipment, while being somewhat offset by decreases in foreclosure and REO expenses as well as data processing. Employee compensation and benefits totaled \$2.6 million for the six months ended December 31, 2015, an increase of \$130,000 or 5.2% over the prior year period due primarily to expenses associated with the Company's defined benefit ("DB") pension plan. Plan expenses totaled \$354,000 during the six-month period just ended compared to \$226,000 in the six-month period a year ago, an increase of \$128,000 or 56.6%. In the previous fiscal year plan expenses for the DB plan were reduced because of sufficient funding levels, while acknowledging that additional expenses would be incurred in the current fiscal year. The DB expense levels for the six months just ended are expected to remain level for the next six months. Occupancy and equipment costs increased \$45,000 or 16.6% and totaled \$316,000 for the recently ended period, primarily due to the Company's additional physical plant capacity. First Federal of Kentucky began operating in its newly-acquired branch facility during the second quarter of this fiscal year. First Federal of Hazard expects to occupy its newly-acquired main office in Q3 of this fiscal year. Foreclosure and REO expenses totaled \$53,000, a decrease of \$68,000 or 56.2% as the Company continued to work through its REO process. Data processing expense totaled \$191,000, a decrease of \$18,000 or 8.6%, for the recently ended six month period.

Federal Income Tax Expense

Federal income taxes expense totaled \$330,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2015, compared to \$490,000 in the prior year period primarily due to the reversal of a FIN 48 reserve related to a previously received federal tax refund. The effective tax rates were 25.9% and 33.0% for the six month periods ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three Month Periods Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

<u>General</u>

Net income totaled \$404,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2015, a decrease of \$175,000 or 30.2% from net income of \$579,000 for the same period in 2014 primarily due to lower net interest income, higher non-interest expense and lower non-interest income, while partially offset by lower provision for loan losses.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income after provision for loan losses increased \$51,000 or 2.0% to \$2.6 million for the three month period just ended. Net interest income before provision for loan loss decreased \$159,000 or 5.7% to \$2.6 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2015. There was no provision for losses on loans in the recently-ended quarter compared to a provision of \$210,000 in the prior year period. Interest income decreased by \$171,000, or 5.4%, to \$3.0 million, while interest expense decreased \$12,000 or 3.4% to \$342,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2015, after amortization of fair value adjustments on interest bearing accounts.

Interest income on loans decreased \$161,000 or 5.3% to \$2.9 million, due primarily to a decrease in the average rate earned on the loan portfolio decreased 26 basis points to 4.71% for the three month period ended December 31, 2015, while the average balance of the loan portfolio decreased \$320,000 or 0.13% to \$246.0 million. Interest income on mortgage-backed securities decreased \$7,000 or 25.0% to \$21,000 for the quarter just ended primarily as a result of a \$958,000 or 27.3% decrease in the average balance which totaled \$2.6 million for the most recent quarter ended.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three Month Periods Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(continued)

Interest expense on deposits decreased \$29,000 or 9.8% to \$268,000 for the three month period ended December 31, 2015, while interest expense on borrowings increased \$17,000 or 29.8% to \$74,000 for the same period. The decrease in interest expense on deposits was attributed primarily to a decrease in the average balance of deposits and to a lesser extent a decrease in the average rate paid on deposits. The average balance of deposits decreased \$14.3 million or 7.0% to \$191.5 million for the most recent period, while the average balance paid on deposits decreased 2 basis points to 56 basis points. The decrease in average deposits was attributed to rate-sensitive deposit customers withdrawing funds to seek additional yield as the historically low interest rate environment continues. The increase in interest expense on borrowings was attributed primarily to higher average outstanding balances, while the rate paid on amounts outstanding decreased period to period. The average balance of borrowings outstanding increased \$12.9 million or 69.2% to \$31.6 million for the recently ended three month period, while the average rate paid on borrowings decreased 28 basis points to 94 basis points for the most recent period.

Net interest margin decreased slightly from 4.14% for the prior year quarterly period to 3.93% for the quarter ended December 31, 2015.

Provision for Losses on Loans

The Company recorded no provision for losses on loans during the three months ended December 31, 2015, compared to a \$210,000 provision for the three months ended December 31, 2014, primarily due to improving asset quality, minimal loan charge-offs and stable loan balances. There can be no assurance that the loan loss allowance will be adequate to absorb unidentified losses on loans in the portfolio, which could adversely affect the Company's results of operations.

Non-interest Income

Non-interest income totaled \$126,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2015, a decrease of \$106,000 from the same period in 2014, primarily due to a decrease in gain on sale of REO.

Non-interest Expense

Non-interest expense increased \$211,000 or 10.8% and totaled \$2.2 million for the three months ended December 31, 2015. Employee compensation and benefits increased \$228,000 or 20.1% to \$1.4 million for the quarterly period, primarily due to expenses associated with the Company's defined benefit ("DB") pension plan. Plan expenses totaled \$206,000 during the three-month period just ended compared to nil in the three-month period a year ago. In the previous fiscal year DB expenses were reduced because of sufficient funding levels, while acknowledging that additional expense would be incurred in the current fiscal year. Occupancy and equipment costs increased \$28,000 or 20.0% and totaled \$168,000 for the recently ended period, primarily due to the Company's additional physical plant capacity. First Federal of Kentucky began operating in its newly-acquired branch facility during the second quarter of this fiscal year. Foreclosure and REO expenses totaled \$25,000, a decrease of \$43,000 or 63.2% as the Company continued to work through its REO process. Data processing expense totaled \$94,000, a decrease of \$13,000 or 12.2%, for the recently ended quarter.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three Month Periods Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(continued)

Federal Income Tax Expense

Federal income taxes expense totaled \$196,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2015, compared to \$287,000 in the prior year period. The effective tax rates were 32.7% and 33.1% for the three-month periods ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

ITEM 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

This item is not applicable as the Company is a smaller reporting company.

ITEM 4: Controls and Procedures

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report, and have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have also concluded that there were no significant changes during the quarter ended December 31, 2015, in the Company's internal control over financial reporting or in other factors that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

None.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in the risk factors disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) The following table sets forth information regarding Company's repurchases of its common stock during the quarter ended December 31, 2015.

Period	Total # of shares purchased	Average price paid per share (incl commissions)	Total # of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	Maximum # of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs
October 1-31, 2015	_	\$		60,323
November 1-30, 2015		\$		60,323
December 1-31, 2015	—	\$		60,323

(1) On January 16, 2014, the Company announced a program (its seventh) to repurchase of up to 150,000 shares of its common stock.

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. Other Information

None.

ITEM 6. Exhibits

- 3.1¹ Charter of Kentucky First Federal Bancorp
- 3.2^1 Bylaws of Kentucky First Federal Bancorp, as amended and restated
- 4.1¹ Specimen Stock Certificate of Kentucky First Federal Bancorp
- 31.1 CEO Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 CFO Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 CEO Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 CFO Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

101.0 The following materials from Kentucky First Federal Bancorp's Quarterly Report

On Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2015 formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Income; (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income; (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows: and (v) the related Notes.

⁽¹⁾ Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-119041).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

KENTUCKY FIRST FEDERAL BANCORP

Date: February 16, 2016 By:/s/Don D. Jennings Don D. Jennings Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 16, 2016 By:/s/ R. Clay Hulette R. Clay Hulette Vice President and Chief Financial Officer