

BERRY PETROLEUM CO
 Form 424B5
 March 07, 2012

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CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Maximum Offering Price Per Unit	Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee(1)
6 ³ / ₈ Senior Notes Due 2022	\$600,000,000	100.000%	\$600,000,000	\$68,760

(1) Calculated in accordance with Rule 457(r) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

**Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5)
 Registration No. 333-161243**

**PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT
 (to Prospectus dated August 11, 2009)**

Berry Petroleum Company
\$600,000,000
6³/₈% Senior Notes due 2022

We are offering \$600,000,000 of our 6³/₈% Senior Notes due 2022. Interest on the notes will accrue from March 9, 2012 and will be payable semiannually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning on September 15, 2012. The notes will mature on September 15, 2022.

We may redeem all or part of the notes at any time on or after March 15, 2017 at the redemption prices set forth in this prospectus supplement. In addition, before March 15, 2015, we may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes with the net cash proceeds of certain equity offerings if certain conditions are met. At any time prior to March 15, 2017, we may also redeem all or a part of the notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes plus a "make-whole" premium. Redemption prices are set forth under "Description of Notes - Optional Redemption" in this prospectus supplement. If we sell certain of our assets or experience specific kinds of change of control, we must offer to purchase the notes at prices set forth in this prospectus supplement plus accrued and unpaid interest.

The notes will be our senior unsecured obligations. The notes will rank effectively junior to all of our existing and any future secured debt, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing that debt, will rank equally in right of payment with our existing and any future senior unsecured debt and will rank senior in right of payment to our existing and any future subordinated debt.

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Investing in our notes involves risks. Please read "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-14 of this prospectus supplement and page 5 of the accompanying base prospectus. You should read this prospectus supplement, the accompanying base prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference carefully before you make your investment decision.

	Per Note	Total
Price to public(1)	100.00%	\$ 600,000,000
Underwriting discounts	1.75%	\$ 10,500,000
Proceeds, before expenses, to Berry Petroleum Company(1)	98.25%	\$ 589,500,000

(1) Plus accrued interest, if any, from March 9, 2012.

The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. Currently, there is no public market for the notes. Delivery of the notes, in book-entry form, will be made on or about March 9, 2012 through The Depository Trust Company. See "Underwriting."

None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying base prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Joint Book-Running Managers

Wells Fargo Securities

BMO Capital Markets

Credit Suisse

J.P. Morgan

RBS

SOCIETE GENERALE

Senior Co-Managers

RBC Capital Markets

Mitsubishi UFJ Securities

Citigroup

US Bancorp

Co-Managers

BOSC, Inc.

Morgan Keegan

KeyBanc Capital Markets

Natixis

Lloyds Securities

Scotiabank

The date of this prospectus supplement is March 6, 2012.

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Prospectus

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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus or to which this prospectus refers or that is contained in any free writing prospectus relating to the notes. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized anyone to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not making an offer of the notes in any jurisdiction where their offer or sale is not permitted. The information in this prospectus supplement and the base prospectus and incorporated herein by reference may only be accurate as of the date of the applicable document. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since those dates.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the specific terms of the notes we are offering and certain other matters. The second part, the base prospectus dated August 11, 2009, provides more general information about the various securities that we may offer from time to time, some of which information may not apply to the notes we are offering hereby. Generally when we refer to this prospectus, we are referring to both this prospectus supplement and the base prospectus combined. If any of the information in this prospectus supplement is inconsistent with any of the information in the base prospectus, you should rely on the information in this prospectus supplement. Before you invest in our notes, you should carefully read this prospectus supplement, along with the base prospectus, in addition to the information contained in the documents we refer to under the heading "Incorporation by Reference" in this prospectus supplement.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") allows us to "incorporate by reference" information we file with it. This means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. Any information we reference in this manner is considered part of this prospectus. Information we file with the SEC after the date of this prospectus will automatically update and, to the extent inconsistent, supersede the information contained in this prospectus.

We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and future filings we make with the SEC (in each case, excluding any portions of such documents that have been "furnished" but not "filed" for purposes of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the date of this prospectus supplement and before the termination of this offering.

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011;

Our Definitive Proxy Statement filed on Schedule 14A relating to our 2011 Annual Meeting of Shareholders;

Our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 5, 2012 and February 28, 2012; and

The description of our Class A Common Stock contained in our Registration Statement on Form 8-A which was declared effective by the SEC on or about October 20, 1987.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus and the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus contain statements that are, or may be deemed to be, "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. We have attempted to identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "anticipate," "believe," "can," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "potential," "predict," "should," "would" or "will" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including those discussed under "Risk Factors," which could cause our actual results to differ from those projected in any forward-looking statements we make.

We believe that it is important to communicate our future expectations to our investors. However, there may be events in the future that we are unable to accurately predict or control and that may cause our actual results to differ materially from the expectations we describe in our forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of such statement. We do not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after we distribute this prospectus, whether as

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a result of any new information, future events or otherwise. Potential investors should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Before you invest in the notes, you should be aware that the occurrence of any of the events described in the "Risk Factors" section and elsewhere in this prospectus and the information incorporated by reference into this prospectus could harm our business, prospects, operations and financial condition. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements.

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PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus and in the documents we incorporate by reference. This summary is not complete and does not contain all of the information that you should consider before deciding whether or not to invest in the notes. For a more complete understanding of our company and this offering, we encourage you to read this entire document, including "Risk Factors," the financial and other information incorporated by reference in this prospectus and the other documents to which we have referred. Unless otherwise indicated or required by the context, as used in this prospectus, the terms "we," "our" and "us" refer to Berry Petroleum Company. DeGolyer and MacNaughton ("D&M"), independent petroleum engineers, provided the estimates of our proved oil and natural gas reserves as of December 31, 2009, 2010 and 2011, included in this prospectus supplement.

Berry Petroleum Company

We are an independent energy company engaged in the production, development, exploitation and acquisition of oil and natural gas. We were incorporated in Delaware in 1985. We have been publicly traded since 1987 and trace our roots in California oil production back to 1909. Our principal reserves and producing properties are located in California, Texas (the Permian and E. Texas), Utah (Uinta) and Colorado (Piceance).

Since 2002, we have expanded our portfolio of assets through selective acquisitions driven by a consistent focus on properties with proved reserves and significant growth potential through low risk development. We focus on growing reserves and production by developing known undeveloped reserves rather than through exploration. We maintain a geographically diverse portfolio of assets that generally have long reserve lives, stable and predictable well production characteristics and significant inventories of relatively low-risk repeatable drilling opportunities.

As of December 31, 2011, our estimated proved reserves were approximately 275 MMBOE. Estimated proved oil reserves increased 12% to 186 MMBOE at December 31, 2011, and represent 68% of our total proved reserves. Reserve growth was driven by our three oil basins in which we invested \$527 million of development capital and made \$158 million of acquisitions in 2011. Proved developed reserves increased to 53% of total proved reserves from 49% at December 31, 2010. Our standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows increased to \$4.0 billion at December 31, 2011 compared to \$2.8 billion at December 31, 2010, with our pre-tax PV10 increasing 49% to \$5.7 billion at December 31, 2011 from \$3.8 billion at December 31, 2010.

In 2011, our oil production increased 14% to 24,771 BOE/D, with total production increasing 9% to 35,687 BOE/D. Average sales prices, including the effects of derivatives, were \$65.68 per BOE in 2011 compared to \$53.84 per BOE in 2010, with operating margins of \$44.87 per BOE in 2011 compared to \$35.96 per BOE in 2010. We generated cash from operating activities of \$456 million in 2011, up 24% from \$367 million in 2010.

As of December 31, 2011, we had hedged approximately 70% and 40% of our expected crude oil production in 2012 and 2013, respectively. Our consumption of natural gas to produce steam for our California oil production provides us with a natural hedge on our natural gas production in E. Texas and Colorado. Our strong hedge position, our ability to generate free cash flow and our operating control over approximately 92% of our assets further enhances our ability to perform in volatile environments.

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We currently have six asset teams as follows: South Midway-Sunset Steam Floods ("SMWSS Steam Floods"), North Midway-Sunset Diatomite ("NMWSS Diatomite"), Permian, Uinta, Piceance and E. Texas. The following table sets forth the estimated quantities of proved reserves and production attributable to our principal operating areas for the periods indicated:

Operating Areas	Proved Reserves as of December 31, 2011			Average Daily Production Year Ended December 31, 2011
	Total (MMBOE)	% Oil	% Proved Developed	(MBOE/D)
SMWSS Steam Floods	58.0	100%	88%	13.2
NMWSS Diatomite	62.4	100%	54%	4.2
Permian	56.9	85%	29%	4.4
Uinta	23.2	62%	57%	5.5
Piceance	55.0	2%	22%	4.0
E. Texas	19.4	10%	94%	4.4
Total	274.9	68%	53%	35.7

SMWSS Steam Floods. Our SMWSS Steam Floods assets include our Homebase, Formax, Ethel D, Placerita, and Poso Creek properties. Production from our Homebase, Formax and Ethel D properties in the South Midway-Sunset Field relies on thermal enhanced oil recovery ("EOR") methods, primarily cyclic steaming, to place steam effectively into the remaining oil column. These are some of our most thermally mature assets, with production from our Ethel D properties dating back to 1909. In 2011, we expanded our steam flood at our Homebase and Formax properties, drilling five horizontal wells, three vertical wells and six steam injection wells. At our Ethel D property, we expanded development of a new steam flood, drilling 17 production wells and three steam injection wells. In 2012, we plan to continue development of the steam flood at our Ethel D property, adding additional steam generation capacity and drilling approximately 40 production wells and five steam injection wells. In addition, we plan to drill eight horizontal wells and two vertical wells on our Homebase and Formax properties.

In 2003, we acquired our Poso Creek properties in the San Joaquin Valley and have proceeded with a successful thermal EOR redevelopment. Average daily production from these properties increased from 50 BOE/D at acquisition in 2003 to 3,620 BOE/D in 2011. In 2012, we plan to expand the steam flood at our Poso Creek properties by drilling approximately 10 production wells and six steam injection wells. Our Placerita field is located in Los Angeles County. In 2011, our efforts at Placerita were focused on the initiation of an Upper Kraft zone steam flood pilot and recompletion program. Average daily production at our Placerita properties increased to approximately 2,300 BOE/D in the fourth quarter of 2011 from less than 1,900 BOE/D in the third quarter of 2011. In 2012, we plan to drill six production wells and continue our recompletion program in the Upper Kraft zone.

Average daily production from all SMWSS Steam Floods assets was approximately 13,185 BOE/D in 2011 compared to 13,595 BOE/D in 2010.

NMWSS Diatomite. Our NMWSS Diatomite assets include our Diatomite and McKittrick properties and our North Midway-Sunset steam flood properties in the San Joaquin Valley. We received a new full-field development approval in late July 2011 from the California Department of Conservation, Division of Oil, Gas and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) with respect to our Diatomite property. The approval contained operating requirements that were significantly more stringent than similar specifications contained in prior approvals from DOGGR. Implementation of these newer operating requirements negatively impacted the pace of drilling and steam injection in 2011, and this impact has continued into 2012. We are working constructively with DOGGR on the operating specifications to

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enable an increase in the pace of our development. On February 24, 2012, we received revisions to the July 2011 project approval letter, which, among other things, allow us to conduct mechanical integrity testing at least once every five years, rather than annually as provided in the original project approval letter. In addition, we are no longer required to cease cyclic steaming operations on wells located within 150 feet of a failed well bore, subject to demonstrating to DOGGR that steam injection into such surrounding wells will be confined to the Diatomite zone. Our estimates of well performance and ultimate recovery for the asset remain unchanged. We are currently assessing the impact of the revised project approval letter on the development and operations of our Diatomite properties. In 2011, we drilled 113 wells at our Diatomite property and expanded our infrastructure for the next phase of development. In 2012, we plan to drill approximately 70 new production wells and 20 replacement wells at Diatomite. Average daily production from our Diatomite property was 3,154 BOE/D in 2011 compared to 2,721 BOE/D in 2010.

At our McKittrick property, we drilled 44 cyclic production wells in 2011 in advance of a steam flood pilot expansion. We plan to steam cycle these new McKittrick wells and put them on production during the first quarter of 2012. We are currently in the final construction stages of our dehydration and steam generation facilities at our McKittrick property and plan to drill approximately 50 additional production wells in 2012.

In 2011, we also drilled 51 wells at our North Midway-Sunset steam flood properties. In 2012, we plan to expand steam flood projects at our Fairfield, Pan and Main Camp properties, drilling approximately 35 production wells and converting four wells to steam injection wells.

Average daily production from all NMWSS Diatomite assets was approximately 4,210 BOE/D in 2011 compared to 3,527 BOE/D in 2010.

Permian. In 2010, we acquired approximately 20,000 net acres in the Wolfberry trend. In 2011, we acquired approximately 22,000 additional net acres in or adjacent to the Wolfberry trend, bringing our total Permian acreage to approximately 42,000 net acres. In 2011, we drilled 72 gross (69 net) wells and completed 80 gross (75 net) wells. Average daily production at our Permian properties was 5,600 BOE/D in the fourth quarter of 2011, despite a reduction of approximately 800 BOE/D related to natural gas curtailments in the fourth quarter. In 2012, we plan to operate a five rig drilling program and drill approximately 100 gross operated wells. Average daily production from our Permian properties was 4,420 BOE/D in 2011 compared to 1,225 BOE/D in 2010.

Uinta. In 2003, we established our initial acreage position in our Uinta properties, targeting the Green River formation that produces both light oil and natural gas. We acquired the Brundage Canyon leasehold in Duchesne County in Northeastern Utah, which consists of working interests in approximately 51,000 net acres on federal, tribal and private leases. We have working interests in approximately 27,000 net acres and exploratory rights in approximately 45,000 net acres in the Lake Canyon project, which is located immediately west of our Brundage Canyon producing properties. In 2011, we drilled 54 gross (45 net) wells in our Uinta properties, which included 20 gross (20 net) wells in Brundage Canyon, 17 gross (17 net) wells in the Ashley National Forest and 17 gross (8 net) wells in Lake Canyon. Additionally, we deepened two existing wells in Brundage Canyon and one existing well in Lake Canyon. We participated in six non-operated Uteland Butte horizontal wells with our partner in Lake Canyon and drilled three Uteland Butte horizontal wells (two in Lake Canyon and one in Brundage Canyon). Of the 54 gross wells drilled in 2011, 12 tested the Wasatch formation. Results from the Wasatch test wells have been encouraging. We continue to monitor the progress of our initial water flood pilot in Brundage Canyon, which was implemented in the fourth quarter of 2009, and, in 2012, we plan to expand our second water flood pilot that was implemented in Brundage Canyon in the fourth quarter of 2010. Our Ashley National Forest Environmental Impact Study ("EIS") continues to progress, although final approval continues to be delayed. We plan to run a three rig program in the Uinta in 2012, focused on developing areas of higher oil potential, including horizontal wells in the Uteland Butte and Brundage Canyon and commingled wells from the Green River and Wasatch formations. We

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estimate an inventory of 800-1,400 potential drilling locations distributed across our entire Uinta leasehold. Average daily production in our Uinta properties was approximately 5,540 BOE/D in 2011 compared to 5,350 BOE/D in 2010.

Piceance. In 2006, we acquired two properties in the Piceance targeting the Williams Fork section of the Mesaverde formation. We have a 62.5% working interest in 6,300 gross acres on our Garden Gulch property, a 95% working interest in 4,300 gross acres and a 5% non-operating working interest in 89 wells on our North Parachute property. We have accumulated a sizable resource base, which should allow us to add significant proved reserves as we develop these assets. We have successfully drilled 111 gross wells (69 net) at our Garden Gulch property and 38 gross wells (36 net) on our North Parachute property since the acquisitions of those properties. During 2009, we began a 20 well completion program testing new completion designs and saw improved well performance in line with our expectations. During 2011, we completed nine wells utilizing these improved completion techniques, and results continue to meet our expectations. In January 2011, we renegotiated the agreement covering our North Parachute property such that we have until January 31, 2020 to complete our drilling obligations. We are currently deferring drilling in the Piceance while we focus on higher return oil development opportunities in our portfolio. Average daily production in our Piceance properties was 24 MMcf/D in 2011 compared to 23 MMcf/D in 2010.

E. Texas. In 2008, we acquired certain interests in natural gas producing properties in Limestone and Harrison Counties in E. Texas. The Limestone County assets include seven productive horizons in the Cotton Valley and Bossier sands at depths between 8,000 and 13,000 feet. Additional potential exists in the Haynesville/Bossier shale. The Harrison County assets include five productive sands as well as the Haynesville/Bossier Shale, with average depths between 6,500 and 13,000 feet. In 2010, we completed an eight well Haynesville horizontal development program. We deferred drilling in E. Texas during 2011 and will defer drilling during 2012 while we focus on higher return oil development opportunities in our portfolio. Due to the impact of lower natural gas prices, we recorded a pre-tax impairment of \$625.0 million related to our E. Texas assets in 2011. Average daily production from the E. Texas assets was 26 MMcf/D in 2011 as compared to 31 MMcf/D in 2010.

Business Strategy

Our business strategy is to increase shareholder value by efficiently increasing production, reserves and cash flow, both through the drill bit and through acquisitions. We believe our inventory of drilling locations is ideally suited to growing production, reserves and cash flow due to predictable geology. Our strategy is based on the following:

Pursuing the development of projects that we believe will generate attractive rates of return;

Maintaining a balanced portfolio of long-lived oil and natural gas properties that provide stable cash flows;

Maximizing production from our base oil assets;

Selectively acquiring properties with an emphasis on oil; and

Maintaining a strong financial position by investing our capital in a disciplined manner.

Business Strengths

We believe that the following strengths allow us to successfully execute our business strategy.

Low-Risk Multi-Year Drilling Inventory in Established Crude Oil Plays. We have a significant number of drilling locations in established crude oil plays that possess low geologic risk, leading to relatively predictable drilling results. Our complementary mix of primary development locations as well

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as heavy oil thermal projects provide high operating margins and the financial flexibility to respond to commodity price environments and localized operating environments.

Balanced High Quality Asset Portfolio. Since 2002, we have grown our asset base and diversified our portfolio through acquisitions in the Permian and Uinta. Our portfolio provides us with the flexibility to allocate capital among a diverse set of high return oil assets.

Long-Lived Proved Reserves with Stable Production Characteristics. Our properties generally have long reserve lives and reasonably stable and predictable well production characteristics, with a ratio of proved reserves to production of approximately 21 years as of December 31, 2011.

Operational Control and Financial Flexibility. We exercise operating control over approximately 92% of our assets. We generally prefer to retain operating control over our properties, allowing us to more effectively control operating costs, timing of development activities and technological enhancements, marketing of production and allocation of our capital budget. In addition, the timing of most of our capital expenditures is discretionary, which allows us a significant degree of flexibility to adjust the size of our capital budget. We finance our drilling and development budget primarily through our internally generated operating cash flows.

Experienced Management and Operational Teams. Our core team of technical staff and operating managers has broad industry experience, including experience in heavy oil thermal recovery operations and unconventional reservoir development and completion. We continue to utilize technologies and steam practices that we believe will allow us to improve the ultimate recovery of crude oil on our California properties.

Concurrent Tender Offer and Redemption

Concurrently with this offering of notes, we are conducting a cash tender offer (the "Tender Offer") for up to \$150 million aggregate principal amount of our 10¹/₄% Senior Notes due 2014 (the "2014 Notes"). The Tender Offer is scheduled to expire on April 2, 2012, subject to our right to extend the offer. As of March 1, 2012, \$355.3 million aggregate principal amount of 2014 Notes were outstanding. We are offering to purchase the 2014 Notes for cash in an amount to be determined based on a modified "dutch auction" process. In this procedure, each holder that tenders 2014 Notes will specify a bid price between \$1,155 and \$1,175 per \$1,000 principal amount 2014 Notes, which represents the minimum consideration such holder is willing to receive for those 2014 Notes. These bid amounts include an early tender payment of \$30.00 per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2014 Notes tendered before 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on March 19, 2012 unless extended by us. No early tender payment will be paid to holders who tender their 2014 Notes after 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on March 19, 2012. We expect that the aggregate consideration payable in the Tender Offer will be approximately \$180 million including accrued interest and fees and expenses (assuming \$150 million aggregate principal amount of 2014 Notes are tendered and purchased by the early consent date at a purchase price equal to the average of the maximum and minimum allowed bid prices). The Tender Offer is being made pursuant to the offer to purchase issued in connection with the Tender Offer, and this prospectus is not an offer to purchase with respect to any of the 2014 Notes. We intend to finance the purchase of the 2014 Notes in the Tender Offer with a portion of the net proceeds from this offering. The closing of the Tender Offer will be conditioned on, among other things, the completion of this offering on terms satisfactory to us. We are permitted, among other things, to amend or terminate the Tender Offer, and there is no assurance that the Tender Offer will be consummated in accordance with its terms, or at all. This offering is not conditioned upon the successful consummation of the Tender Offer. Wells Fargo Securities, LLC is acting as the dealer manager for the Tender Offer. Please read "Use of Proceeds" and "Conflicts of Interest."

Following this offering, we intend to use a portion of the net proceeds to redeem \$200 million aggregate principal amount of our 8¹/₄% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2016 (the "2016 Notes") at a

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total redemption price of approximately \$215 million, including accrued and unpaid interest. The redemption will occur approximately 30 days following the closing of this offering.

Executive Offices and Website

We were incorporated in Delaware in 1985. Our corporate headquarters and principal executive offices are located at 1999 Broadway, Suite 3700, Denver, Colorado 80202, and our telephone number is (303) 999-4400. We maintain a web site at <http://www.bry.com>. The information on our website is not part of this prospectus, and you should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference when making a decision as to whether to invest in the notes.

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THE OFFERING

The following summary contains basic information about the notes and is not intended to be complete. For a more complete understanding of the notes, please refer to the section entitled "Description of Notes" beginning on page S-25 of this prospectus supplement.

Issuer	Berry Petroleum Company
Securities offered	\$600,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 6 ³ / ₈ % Senior Notes due 2022
Maturity	September 15, 2022
Interest payment dates	March 15 and September 15, commencing September 15, 2012.
Optional redemption	We may redeem all or part of the notes at any time on or after March 15, 2017 at the redemption prices set forth under "Description of Notes – Optional Redemption," plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. In addition, before March 15, 2015, we may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes with the net cash proceeds of certain equity offerings, if certain conditions are met, at a price of 106.375% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. At any time prior to March 15, 2017, we may also redeem all or part of the notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes plus a "make-whole" premium, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. See "Description of Notes – Optional Redemption."
Mandatory offers to purchase	If a specified change of control event occurs, we must make an offer to purchase the notes at a purchase price of 101% of the principal amount of the notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of the purchase. See "Description of Notes – Change of Control." Certain asset dispositions will be triggering events that may require us to use the net proceeds from those asset dispositions to make an offer to purchase the notes at 100% of their principal amount, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of purchase if such proceeds are not otherwise used within 330 days to repay certain types of indebtedness (with a corresponding permanent reduction in commitment, if applicable) or to invest in capital assets or capital expenditures related to our business. See "Description of Notes – Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock."
Ranking	The notes will be our unsecured senior obligations. The notes will rank: effectively junior to all of our existing and future senior secured indebtedness, including our senior secured revolving credit facility and our senior secured money market line of credit, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing that debt;

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Covenants

equally in right of payment with our existing and any future senior unsecured indebtedness; and

senior in right of payment to all of our existing and any future subordinated indebtedness and obligations.

As of December 31, 2011, after giving effect to this offering and the application of estimated net proceeds from this offering of \$589 million (assuming \$150 million aggregate principal amount of 2014 Notes are tendered and purchased by the early consent date at a purchase price equal to the average of the maximum and minimum allowed bid prices), the notes would have ranked effectively junior to approximately \$339 million under our senior secured revolving credit facility and equally in right of payment to \$205 million of our 2014 Notes and \$300 million aggregate principal amount of our 6³/₄% Senior Notes due 2020 ("2020 Notes"). See " Concurrent Tender Offer and Redemption" and "Description of Notes Ranking." We will issue the notes under an indenture with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee, dated as of June 15, 2006, as supplemented by a supplemental indenture establishing the terms of the notes. The indenture, among other things, limits our ability and the ability of our future restricted subsidiaries to:

incur, assume or guarantee additional indebtedness or issue redeemable stock;

pay dividends or distributions or redeem or repurchase capital stock;

prepay, redeem or repurchase debt that is junior in right of payment to the notes;

make loans and other types of investments;

incur liens;

restrict dividends, loans or asset transfers from our subsidiaries;

sell or otherwise dispose of assets, including capital stock of subsidiaries;

consolidate or merge with or into, or sell substantially all of our assets to, another person;

enter into transactions with affiliates; and

enter into new lines of business.

These covenants are subject to important exceptions and qualifications, which are described under the caption "Description of Notes Certain Covenants." In addition, if and for as long as the notes have an investment grade rating from both Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, Inc. and Moody's Investors Service, Inc., and no default exists under the indenture, we will not be subject to certain of the covenants listed above.

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Use of proceeds

We intend to use the estimated net proceeds of this offering of \$589 million to redeem all \$200 million outstanding principal amount of our 2016 Notes, to finance the Tender Offer, and to reduce outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility. To the extent that we purchase less than \$150 million of our 2014 Notes in the Tender Offer, we intend to use the net proceeds that otherwise would have been used to purchase the 2014 Notes to further reduce outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility. Pending the application of the net proceeds to redeem the 2016 Notes and finance the Tender Offer, we intend to reduce outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility, and we may temporarily invest the remaining net proceeds in cash equivalents or short-term investments. Amounts repaid under our senior secured revolving credit facility may be reborrowed, subject to the terms of the facility. This offering is not conditioned upon the successful consummation of the Tender Offer. See "Use of Proceeds."

Conflicts of interest

Affiliates of each of the underwriters are lenders under our senior secured revolving credit facility, and accordingly, each will receive its proportionate share of the net proceeds used to reduce outstanding borrowings under the facility. Wells Fargo Securities, LLC is acting as the dealer manager for the Tender Offer. Certain of the underwriters and their affiliates may hold our 2016 Notes, which will be redeemed with a portion of the net proceeds from this offering, and our 2014 Notes, which may be repurchased pursuant to the Tender Offer, and as such will receive a portion of the net proceeds from this offering. Additionally, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, an affiliate of Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, serves as the trustee under the indentures governing our senior and subordinated notes. See "Conflicts of Interest."

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Table of Contents**SUMMARY HISTORICAL FINANCIAL DATA**

The following table presents our summary historical financial data as of and for the periods indicated. The historical data for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2009, 2010 and 2011 and as of December 31, 2010 and 2011 have been derived from our audited financial statements and related notes incorporated by reference into this prospectus. You should read the summary historical financial data below in conjunction with our historical financial statements and the accompanying notes, all of which are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. You should also read the sections entitled "Risk Factors" included elsewhere in this prospectus and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Risk Factors" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
	(in thousands, except per share, production, and per BOE data)		
Statements of Operations Data (continuing operations):			
Operating revenues	\$ 919,558	\$ 676,510	\$ 559,403
Net (loss) earnings	(228,063)	82,524	47,224
Adjusted net earnings(1)	149,086	80,064	61,451
Basic net (loss) earnings per share	(4.21)	1.54	1.03
Diluted net (loss) earnings per share	(4.21)	1.52	1.02
Production Data (continuing operations):			
Oil production (MBOE)	9,041	7,925	7,186
Natural gas production (MMcf)	23,907	23,988	20,982
Balance Sheet and Other Data (at period end):			
Total assets	2,734,952	2,838,616	2,240,135
Long-term debt	1,380,192	1,108,965	1,008,544
Dividends per share	0.31	0.30	0.30
Cash Flow Data:			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 455,899	\$ 367,237	\$ 212,576
Exploration and development of oil and natural gas properties	(527,112)	(310,139)	(134,946)
Property acquisitions	(158,090)	(334,409)	(13,497)

- (1) Adjusted net earnings from continuing operations is considered a non-GAAP financial measure of performance. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" included in this summary.

Table of Contents**SUMMARY HISTORICAL RESERVE, PRODUCTION AND OPERATING DATA**

Historical estimates of our oil and natural gas reserves and present values as of and for our fiscal years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 are derived from reserve reports prepared by D&M. Estimates of reserves and their value are inherently imprecise and are subject to constant revision and change, and they should not be construed as representing the actual quantities of future production or cash flows to be realized from oil and natural gas properties or the fair market value of such properties. The following table sets forth summary data with respect to estimated proved reserves and present values on a historical basis for the periods presented:

	As of December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
Proved reserves (\$ in thousands):			
Oil (MBOE)	185,880	166,181	129,940
Natural gas (MMcf)	534,279	630,192	632,178
Total (MBOE)	274,926	271,213	235,303
% oil	68%	61%	55%
% proved developed	53%	49%	53%
Reserve life (years)(1)	21	23	22
Undiscounted future net cash flows	\$ 8,596,643	\$ 5,847,259	\$ 3,072,923
Standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows	\$ 4,035,279	\$ 2,799,156	\$ 1,445,747

(1)

Reserve life is a measure of the productive life of oil and natural gas properties, expressed in years, and is calculated by dividing proved reserve volumes at year end by production for the year shown.

The following table sets forth summary data with respect to production data and effective unit prices on a historical basis for the periods presented:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
Production (continuing operations):			
Oil (BOE/D)	24,771	21,713	19,688
Natural gas (Mcf/D)	65,498	65,720	57,484
Total (BOE/D)(2)	35,687	32,666	29,269
Average sales price, before cash derivative settlements:(1)			
Oil (\$/BOE)	\$ 92.35	\$ 67.61	\$ 50.73
Natural gas (\$/Mcf)	4.09	4.37	3.61
Total (\$/BOE)	71.59	53.69	41.23
Average sales price, including cash derivative settlements:(1)			
Oil (\$/BOE)	\$ 82.63	\$ 66.71	\$ 57.28
Natural gas (\$/Mcf)	4.55	4.74	3.80
Total (\$/BOE)	65.68	53.84	46.02
Operating expenses per BOE:			
Operating costs oil and natural gas production	\$ 18.23	\$ 15.95	\$ 14.66
Production taxes	2.58	1.93	1.70
DD&A oil and natural gas production	16.42	15.05	13.10
G&A	4.74	4.43	4.61
Interest expense	5.59	5.58	4.67
Total	\$ 47.56	\$ 42.94	\$ 38.74

(1)

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Excludes non-cash amortization of other comprehensive loss related to discontinuing hedge accounting effective January 1, 2010.

(2)

Oil equivalents are determined using the ratio of six Mcf of natural gas to one barrel of oil.

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Table of Contents**NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES**

In this prospectus, we refer to adjusted net earnings from continuing operations, operating margin per BOE and pre-tax PV10, which are non-GAAP financial measures. These measures should not be considered substitutes for their most directly comparable GAAP measures. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered substitutes for their most directly comparable GAAP measures. In addition, it should be noted that companies calculate non-GAAP measures differently and, therefore, the non-GAAP measures presented in this release may not be comparable to the non-GAAP measures reported by other companies. These non-GAAP measures have material limitations as performance measures because they exclude certain items that are necessary elements of our operations.

Adjusted Net Earnings from Continuing Operations. Adjusted net earnings from continuing operations consists of net (loss) earnings from continuing operations before non-cash derivatives gains (losses), oil and natural gas property impairments and charges related to the extinguishment of debt and bad debt recovery. We believe that adjusted net earnings is useful for evaluating our operational performance from oil and natural gas properties. The following table reconciles adjusted net earnings to net earnings:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
	(in thousands)		
Adjusted net earnings from continuing operations	149,086	80,064	61,451
After tax adjustments:			
Non-cash derivative gain (loss)	17,919	(31,286)	(477)
Impairment oil & natural gas properties	(385,285)		(712)
Bad debt recovery		36,579	
Extinguishment of debt and other	(9,783)	(2,833)	(13,038)
Net (loss) earnings from continuing operations	(228,063)	82,524	47,224

Operating Margin per BOE. Operating margin per BOE consists of oil and natural gas revenues less oil and natural gas operating expenses and production taxes divided by the total BOE sold during the period. We use operating margin per barrel as a measure of profitability and believes it provides useful information to investors because it relates our oil and natural gas revenue and oil and natural gas operating expenses to our total units of production providing a gross margin per unit of production, allowing investors to evaluate how profitability varies on a per unit basis each period.

	Years Ended	
	December 31:	
	2011	2010
	(per BOE)	
Average sales price including cash derivative settlements	\$ 65.68	\$ 53.84
Average operating costs oil and natural gas production	18.23	15.95
Average production taxes	2.58	1.93
Operating margin	\$ 44.87	\$ 35.96

Pre-Tax PV10. Pre-tax PV10 is defined as standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows before the effect of income taxes. We believe that pre-tax PV10 is helpful to investors because it is a widely used industry standard and is helpful when comparing our asset base and performance to other

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comparable oil and natural gas exploration and production companies. The following table reconciles pre-tax PV-10 to the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2011	2010
	(in thousands)	
Standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows	\$ 4,035,279	\$ 2,799,156
Discounted future cash flow from income taxes	1,669,768	1,035,021
Pre-tax PV-10	5,705,047	3,834,177

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RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the risks described below and in the documents incorporated by reference as provided under "Incorporation By Reference," including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, as well as other information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus, before making an investment decision. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations. If any of the risks included in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or discussed below actually were to occur, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially and adversely affected, which in turn could adversely affect our ability to pay interest and/or principal on the notes.

We have a substantial amount of debt and the cost of servicing that debt could adversely affect our business and hinder our ability to make payments on the notes, and such risk could increase if we incur more debt.

We have a substantial amount of indebtedness. As of December 31, 2011, we had approximately \$1,386.8 million of total outstanding long-term debt, including \$531.5 million of outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility (excluding \$23.2 million of outstanding letters of credit). Total lender commitments under the facility are \$1,200.0 million, and the borrowing base is currently approximately \$1,400.0 million. The issuance of the notes will automatically reduce the borrowing base under the facility by 25 cents per dollar, and the purchase of 2014 Notes pursuant to the Tender Offer will increase the borrowing base under the facility by 25 cents per dollar, resulting in a net decrease in the borrowing base of \$112.5 million (assuming \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2014 Notes are tendered and purchased). After giving effect to this offering, the application of the estimated net proceeds from this offering of \$588.5 million, the decrease in our borrowing base as a result of this offering and assuming \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2014 Notes are tendered and purchased by the early consent date at a purchase price equal to the average of the maximum and minimum allowed bid price, as of December 31, 2011, we would have had approximately \$1,443.9 million of total outstanding long-term debt, including \$338.7 million outstanding under our credit facility (excluding \$23.2 million of outstanding letters of credit), with a borrowing base under the facility of approximately \$1,287.5 million, lender commitments of \$1,200.0 million and additional borrowing availability of approximately \$838.1 million.

We have demands on our cash resources in addition to interest expense on the notes, including, among others, operating expenses and interest and principal payments under our senior secured revolving credit facility, our senior secured money market line of credit, our 2014 Notes, 2020 Notes and our 2016 Notes. Our level of indebtedness relative to our proved reserves and these significant demands on our cash resources could have important effects on our business and on your investment in the notes. For example, they could:

make it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the notes and our other debt;

require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to payments on our debt, thereby reducing the amount of our cash flow available for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes;

require us to make principal payments under our senior secured revolving credit facility if the quantity of proved reserves attributable to our natural gas and crude oil properties are insufficient to support our level of borrowings under that credit facility;

limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in the oil and natural gas industry;

place us at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that have lower debt service obligations and significantly greater operating and financing flexibility than we do;

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limit our financial flexibility, including our ability to borrow additional funds, pay dividends, make certain investments and issue equity on favorable terms or at all;

increase our interest expense if interest rates increase, because borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility are at a variable rate of interest, and borrowings under our senior secured money market line of credit are generally at a variable rate of interest;

increase our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions; and

result in an event of default upon a failure to comply with financial covenants contained in our senior secured revolving credit facility or senior secured money market line of credit which, if not cured or waived, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

A higher level of indebtedness increases the risk that we may default on our obligations. Our ability to pay the principal and interest on our long-term debt, including the notes, and to satisfy our other liabilities will depend upon our future performance and our ability to refinance our debt as it becomes due. Our future operating performance and ability to refinance will be affected by economic and capital markets conditions, oil and natural gas prices, our financial condition, results of operations and prospects and other factors, many of which are beyond our control.

If we are unable to service our indebtedness and fund our operating costs, we will be forced to adopt alternative strategies that may include:

reducing or delaying capital expenditures;

seeking additional debt financing or equity capital;

selling assets; or

restructuring or refinancing debt.

There can be no assurance that any such strategies could be implemented on satisfactory terms, if at all.

The borrowing base under our senior secured revolving credit facility may be reduced below the amount of our outstanding borrowings under that facility.

The amount we are able to borrow under our senior secured revolving credit facility is determined based on the value of our proved oil and natural gas reserves and is based on oil and natural gas price assumptions which vary by individual lender. Our borrowing base is subject to redetermination twice each year in April and October with the option for one additional redetermination each year and additional redeterminations contemporaneously with any issuance of permitted second lien debt and after any issuance of permitted unsecured debt, including the issuance of the notes. Each dollar of permitted senior unsecured debt, including the notes, automatically reduces the borrowing base under our senior secured revolving credit facility by 25 cents. Should there be a deficiency in the amount of our borrowing base in comparison to our outstanding debt under the senior secured revolving credit facility, we would be required to repay any such deficiency in two equal installments, 90 and 180 days after the redetermination. If we were unable to make those repayments, we would be in default under our senior secured revolving credit facility, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial condition. See "Description of Other Indebtedness."

Despite current indebtedness levels, we may still be able to incur substantially more debt. This could further exacerbate the risks described above.

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The terms of the indenture governing the notes permit us to incur substantial additional indebtedness, including significant additional secured debt, under our senior secured revolving credit facility or other facilities. Any secured debt we incur will effectively rank senior to the notes to the

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extent of the value of the collateral securing that debt. If we incur any additional indebtedness that ranks equally with the notes, the holders of that debt will be entitled to share ratably with you in any proceeds distributed in connection with any insolvency, liquidation, reorganization, dissolution or other winding-up of our business. This may have the effect of reducing the amount of proceeds paid to you. If new debt is added to our current debt levels, the related risks that we now face could intensify. See "Description of Notes" and "Description of Other Indebtedness."

Covenants in agreements governing our debt restrict our ability to engage in certain activities.

Agreements governing our outstanding debt and the indenture governing the notes restrict our ability to, among other things:

incur, assume or guarantee additional indebtedness or issue redeemable stock;

pay dividends or distributions or redeem or repurchase capital stock;

prepay, redeem or repurchase debt that is junior in right of payment to the notes;

make loans and other types of investments;

incur liens;

restrict dividends, loans or asset transfers from our subsidiaries;

sell or otherwise dispose of assets, including capital stock of subsidiaries;

consolidate or merge with or into, or sell substantially all of our assets to, another person;

make capital expenditures or acquire assets or businesses;

enter into transactions with affiliates; and

enter into new lines of business.

In addition, our senior secured revolving credit facility contains certain covenants, which, among other things, require the maintenance of (i) an interest coverage ratio of 2.75 to 1.0 and (ii) a minimum current ratio of 1.0 to 1.0. Our ability to borrow under our senior secured revolving credit facility is dependent upon the quantity of proved reserves attributable to our natural gas and oil properties and the respective projected commodity prices as determined by the lenders under that credit facility. Our ability to meet these covenants or requirements may be affected by events beyond our control, and we cannot assure you that we will satisfy such covenants and requirements.

If we default on our obligations to pay our indebtedness we may not be able to make payments on the notes.

Any default under the agreements governing our indebtedness, including a default under our senior secured revolving credit facility, our money market line of credit or the indentures governing our senior and subordinated notes, that is not waived by the required lenders or holders of such indebtedness, could make us unable to pay principal, premium, if any, and interest on the notes and substantially decrease the market value of the notes. If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flow and are otherwise unable to obtain funds necessary to meet required payments of principal, premium (if any) and interest on our indebtedness, or if we otherwise fail to comply with the various covenants, including financial and operating covenants, in the instruments governing our indebtedness (including covenants in our senior secured revolving credit

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facility, our money market line of credit and the indentures governing our senior and subordinated notes), we could be in default under the terms of the agreements governing such indebtedness. In the event of such default, the holders of such indebtedness could elect to declare all the funds borrowed thereunder to be due and payable, together with accrued and unpaid interest, the lenders could elect to terminate their commitments thereunder and cease making further loans and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation. Moreover, our senior

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secured revolving credit facility, our money market line of credit, our senior and subordinated notes indentures and the indenture governing the notes offered hereby each contain cross-default or cross-acceleration provisions that would be triggered by the occurrence of a default or acceleration under other instruments governing our indebtedness. If the payment of our indebtedness is accelerated, there can be no assurance that our assets would be sufficient to repay in full that indebtedness and our other indebtedness that would become due as a result of any acceleration.

If our operating performance declines, we may in the future need to obtain waivers from the required lenders under our senior secured revolving credit facility to avoid being in default. If we breach our covenants under our senior secured revolving credit facility and seek a waiver, we may not be able to obtain a waiver from the required lenders. If this occurs, we would be in default under our senior secured revolving credit facility, the lenders could exercise their rights and the lenders under our money market line of credit and the holders of our senior and subordinated notes could exercise their cross-default or cross-acceleration rights, as described above, and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation. See "Description of Other Indebtedness" and "Description of Notes."

The notes are not secured by our assets.

The notes will be our general unsecured obligations and will be effectively junior in right of payment to all of our secured indebtedness, including the senior secured revolving credit facility and the money market line of credit, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. If we become insolvent or are liquidated, our assets which serve as collateral under our secured indebtedness, if any, would be made available to satisfy our obligations under any secured debt before any payments are made on the notes.

Variable rate indebtedness subjects us to interest rate risk, which could cause our debt service obligations to increase significantly.

Our borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility (and generally under our money market line of credit) are, and are expected to continue to be, at variable rates of interest and expose us to interest rate risk. If interest rates increase, our debt service obligations on the variable rate indebtedness would increase even though the amount borrowed remained the same, and our net earnings would decrease. Borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility bear interest at either (i) LIBOR plus a margin between 1.50% and 2.50% or (ii) the prime rate plus a margin between 0.50% and 1.50%, in each case based on the amount utilized. Borrowings under our money market line of credit bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of approximately 1.4%. Assuming a constant debt level of \$1,400 million, the cash flow impact resulting from a 100 basis point change in interest rates during periods when the interest rate is not fixed would be \$3.3 million over a 12-month time period.

The notes will be structurally subordinated to all indebtedness and other liabilities of our future subsidiaries that are not guarantors of the notes.

We currently do not have any subsidiaries. You would not have any claim as a creditor against any of our future subsidiaries that are not or do not become guarantors of the notes. Indebtedness and other liabilities, including trade payables, whether secured or unsecured, of those subsidiaries will be effectively senior to your claims against those subsidiaries.

In addition, the indenture governing the notes, subject to some limitations, permits our present and future non-guarantor subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness and does not contain any limitation on the amount of other liabilities, such as trade payables, that these subsidiaries may incur.

We may not be able to repurchase the notes upon a change of control.

Upon the occurrence of specific kinds of change of control events, we will be required to offer to repurchase all outstanding notes at 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest. We

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may not be able to repurchase the notes upon a change of control because we may not have sufficient funds. In addition, restrictions under our credit facilities may not allow such repurchase. Our failure to repurchase the notes upon a change of control would cause a default under the indenture and a cross-default or cross-acceleration under the senior secured revolving credit facility, our money market line of credit and our senior and subordinated notes indentures. Our senior secured revolving credit facility also provides that a change of control, as defined in such agreement, will be a default that permits lenders to terminate their commitment to lend and to accelerate the maturity of borrowings thereunder, thereby limiting our ability to raise cash to purchase the notes, and reducing the practical benefit of the offer-to-purchase provisions to the holders of the notes. We may not be able to obtain waivers from the lenders under or refinance our senior secured revolving credit facility. Any of our future debt agreements may contain similar provisions.

In addition, the change of control provisions in the indenture governing the notes may not protect you from certain important corporate events, such as a leveraged recapitalization (which would increase the level of our indebtedness), reorganization, restructuring, merger, sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of our assets or other similar transaction. Such a transaction may not involve a change in voting power or beneficial ownership or, even if it does, may not involve a change that constitutes a "Change of Control" as defined in the indenture that would trigger our obligation to repurchase the notes. If an event occurs that does not constitute a "Change of Control" as defined in the indenture, we will not be required to make an offer to repurchase the notes and you may be required to continue to hold your notes despite the event. See "Description of Other Indebtedness" and "Description of Notes - Change of Control."

You cannot be sure that an active trading market will develop or be maintained for the notes.

There is no active trading market for the notes of the series offered hereby, and we cannot assure you that an active trading market for the notes will develop or be maintained. We do not intend to list the notes on any national securities exchange. The underwriters are not obligated to make any market for the notes and may cease their market-making activities at any time. In addition, the liquidity of the trading market in the notes, and the market price quoted for the notes, will depend on a number of factors, including:

the number of holders of notes;

our operating performance, financial condition or prospects;

the operating performance, financial condition or prospects of other companies in our industry;

the overall market for high yield securities;

the interest of securities dealers in making a market in the notes; and

prevailing interest rates.

Historically, the market for non-investment grade debt has been subject to disruptions that have caused substantial volatility in the prices of securities similar to the notes. We cannot assure you that an active trading market for the notes will develop or be maintained or that the market will be free from similar disruptions or that any such disruptions may not adversely affect the prices at which you may sell your notes. Therefore, we cannot assure you that you will be able to sell your notes at a particular time or the price that you receive when you sell will be favorable.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

The estimated net proceeds from this offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses, will be approximately \$589 million. We intend to use approximately \$215 million of the net proceeds from this offering to redeem all \$200 million outstanding principal amount of our 2016 Notes, approximately \$180 million of the net proceeds (assuming \$150 million aggregate principal amount of 2014 Notes are tendered and repurchased by the early consent date at a purchase price equal to the average of the maximum and minimum allowed bid price) to finance the Tender Offer and the remainder to reduce outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility. To the extent that we purchase less than \$150 million of our 2014 Notes in the Tender Offer, we intend to use the net proceeds that otherwise would have been used to purchase the 2014 Notes to further reduce outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility. Pending the application of the net proceeds to redeem the 2016 Notes and finance the Tender Offer, we intend to reduce outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility, and we may temporarily invest the remaining net proceeds in cash equivalents or short-term investments. Amounts repaid under our senior secured revolving credit facility may be reborrowed, subject to the terms of the facility. This offering is not conditioned upon the successful consummation of the Tender Offer. See "Summary Concurrent Tender Offer and Redemption."

Borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility were incurred for general corporate purposes. As of March 1, 2012, the weighted average interest rate with respect to outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility was 2.0%. The indebtedness under our senior secured revolving credit facility matures on May 13, 2016.

Affiliates of each of the underwriters are lenders under our senior secured revolving credit facility, and accordingly, each will receive its proportionate share of the net proceeds used to reduce outstanding borrowings under the facility. Wells Fargo Securities, LLC is acting as the dealer manager for the Tender Offer. Certain of the underwriters and their affiliates may hold our 2016 Notes, which will be redeemed with a portion of the net proceeds from this offering, and our 2014 Notes, which may be repurchased pursuant to the Tender Offer, and as such will receive a portion of the net proceeds from this offering. See "Conflicts of Interest."

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The following table sets forth our unaudited capitalization as of December 31, 2011:

on an actual basis; and

on an as adjusted basis, to reflect this offering, the application of the estimated net proceeds of the offering as described in "Use of Proceeds" to redeem all \$200 million outstanding principal amount of our 2016 Notes, to finance the Tender Offer (assuming \$150 million aggregate principal amount of 2014 Notes are tendered and purchased by the early consent date at a purchase price equal to the average of the maximum and minimum allowed bid price) and to reduce outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility, as if such transactions occurred on December 31, 2011.

We are permitted, among other things, to amend or terminate the Tender Offer, and there is no assurance that the Tender Offer will be consummated in accordance with its terms, or at all. This offering is not conditioned upon the successful consummation of the Tender Offer. Pending the application of the net proceeds to finance the Tender Offer, we intend to reduce the outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility, and we may temporarily invest the remaining net proceeds in cash equivalents or short-term investments. In addition, to the extent that we purchase less than \$150 million outstanding principal amount of 2014 Notes in the Tender Offer, we intend to use the net proceeds from this offering that would have otherwise been used to purchase 2014 Notes to further reduce outstanding borrowings under our senior secured revolving credit facility. Neither of such reductions are reflected in the table below. The following table is unaudited and should be read together with our financial statements and accompanying notes incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

	As of December 31, 2011	
	Actual	As Adjusted
	(\$ in thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 298	\$ 298
Short-term debt:		
Money market line of credit	\$	\$
Long-term debt:		
Senior secured revolving credit facility(1)	531,500	338,654
10 ¹ / ₄ % Senior Notes due 2014(2)	355,256	205,256
6 ³ / ₄ % Senior Notes due 2020(2)	300,000	300,000
8 ¹ / ₄ % Senior Subordinated Notes due 2016(2)	200,000	
Senior notes offered hereby(2)		600,000
Total long-term debt	\$ 1,386,756	\$ 1,443,910
Total shareholders' equity(3)	840,729	815,824
Total capitalization	\$ 2,227,485	\$ 2,259,734

(1) As of March 1, 2012, outstanding borrowings were approximately \$530.0 million (excluding \$23.2 million of outstanding letters of credit).

(2) Represents the aggregate principal amount outstanding.

(3) Adjusted to reflect the premiums paid on the 2014 Notes in connection with the Tender Offer and in connection with the redemption of the 2016 Notes, along with the write off of related deferred financing costs reflected on the balance sheet at December 31, 2011.

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RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

Our ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges is as follows:

	Historical				
	Years Ended December 31,				
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges	x(1)	2.1x	1.5x	4.4x	6.0x

(1)

For the year ended December 31, 2011, earnings were deficient to cover fixed charges by \$397.6 million, which was due primarily to a pre-tax, non-cash charge to earnings of \$625.0 million related to the impairment of our E. Texas natural gas properties.

For purposes of this table, "earnings" consists of earnings from continuing operations before income taxes plus fixed charges and less capitalized interest. "Fixed charges" consists of interest expense and capitalized interest (for both continued and discontinued operations).

The calculation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges is different from the calculation of the Consolidated Coverage Ratio contemplated by the indenture. See "Description of Notes" for more information about the Consolidated Coverage Ratio.

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DESCRIPTION OF OTHER INDEBTEDNESS

Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility

Our senior secured revolving credit facility, which matures on May 13, 2016, has a current borrowing base of \$1,400.0 million, subject to lender commitments of \$1,200.0 million, as of December 31, 2011. Borrowings under the facility bear interest at either (i) LIBOR plus a margin between 1.50% and 2.50% or (ii) the prime rate plus a margin between 0.50% and 1.50%, in each case, based on the amount utilized. The annual commitment fee on the unused portion of the facility ranges between 0.35% to 0.50% based on the amount utilized.

The facility contains certain covenants, which, among other things, require the maintenance of (i) an interest coverage ratio of 2.75 to 1.0 and (ii) a minimum current ratio of 1.0 to 1.0.

As of December 31, 2011, outstanding borrowings under the facility were approximately \$531.5 million (excluding \$23.2 million of outstanding letters of credit). The maximum amount available is subject to semi-annual redeterminations of the borrowing base, based on the value of the our proved oil and natural gas reserves, in April and October of each year in accordance with the lenders' customary procedures and practices. We and the banks have the bilateral right to one additional redetermination each year.

The issuance of the notes will automatically reduce the borrowing base under the facility by 25 cents per dollar, and the purchase of 2014 Notes pursuant to the Tender Offer will increase the borrowing base under the facility by 25 cents per dollar, resulting in a net decrease in the borrowing base of \$112.5 million (assuming \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2014 Notes are tendered and purchased). After giving effect to this offering, the application of the estimated net proceeds from this offering of \$588.5 million, the decrease in our borrowing base as a result of this offering and assuming \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2014 Notes are tendered and purchased by the early consent date at a purchase price equal to the average of the maximum and minimum allowed bid price, as of December 31, 2011, we would have had approximately \$338.7 million outstanding under our senior secured revolving credit facility (excluding \$23.2 million of outstanding letters of credit), with a borrowing base of approximately \$1,287.5 million, lender commitments of \$1,200.0 million and additional borrowing availability of approximately \$838.1 million.

Subject to certain agreed limitations, we granted first priority security interests over substantially all of our assets in favor of the lenders under the senior secured revolving credit facility.

The senior secured revolving credit facility contains customary covenants, subject to certain agreed exceptions, including covenants restricting our ability to, among other things:

owe or be liable for indebtedness;

create, assume or permit to exist liens;

be a party to or be liable on any hedging contract;

engage in mergers or consolidations;

transfer, lease, exchange, alienate or dispose of our material assets or properties;

declare dividends on or redeem or repurchase our capital stock;

make any acquisitions of, capital contributions to or other investments in any entity or property;

extend credit or make advances or loans;

engage in transactions with affiliates; and

enter into, create or allow to exist contractual obligations limiting our ability to grant liens on our assets to the lenders under the senior secured revolving credit facility.

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Money Market Line of Credit

Our senior secured uncommitted money market line of credit has a borrowing capacity of up to \$40.0 million for a maximum of 30 days. As of December 31, 2011, there were no borrowings outstanding under the money market line of credit. Amounts borrowed under the line of credit bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of approximately 1.4%. The line of credit is currently unavailable to us and we do not know when or if the line of credit will be available in the future.

Senior Notes

On May 27, 2009, we issued \$325 million aggregate principal amount of our 2014 Notes. On August 14, 2009, we issued an additional \$125 million aggregate principal amount of our 2014 Notes. In November 2010, we issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 2020 Notes (together with the 2014 Notes, the "Outstanding Senior Notes"). The Outstanding Senior Notes rank effectively junior to our secured indebtedness, including the senior secured revolving credit facility and the money market line of credit, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, equally in right of payment with our other existing and any future senior indebtedness, including our money market line of credit and the notes offered hereby, and senior in right of payment with our existing and any future subordinated indebtedness.

Since August 2011, we have repurchased \$94.7 million aggregate principal amount of our 2014 Notes in open market transactions for an aggregate purchase price of \$108.8 million, including accrued and unpaid interest. These amounts were repurchased using available borrowings under our credit facility.

Concurrently with this offering of notes, we are conducting a cash tender offer for up to \$150 million outstanding principal amount of the 2014 Notes. See "Summary Concurrent Tender and Redemption."

The 2014 Notes bear interest at a rate of 10¹/₄% per year and are redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, at any time at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2014 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, plus a "make-whole" premium.

The 2020 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6³/₄% per year and on and after November 1, 2015, the 2020 Notes are redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, at the following prices if redeemed during the 12-month period beginning on November 1 of the years indicated below:

Year	Percentage
2015	103.375%
2016	102.250%
2017	101.125%
2018 and thereafter	100.000%

In addition, prior to November 1, 2013, we may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes with the net cash proceeds of certain equity offerings if certain conditions are met at a price equal to 106.75% of the principal amount of the 2020 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

Prior to November 1, 2015, the 2020 Notes are redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, at any time at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2020 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, plus a "make-whole" premium.

The indentures governing the Outstanding Senior Notes, among other things, limit our ability and the ability of our future restricted subsidiaries to:

incur, assume or guarantee additional indebtedness;

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issue redeemable stock and preferred stock;

pay dividends or distributions or redeem or repurchase capital stock;

prepay, redeem or repurchase debt that is junior in right of payment to the Outstanding Senior Notes;

make loans and other types of investments;

incur liens;

restrict dividends, loans or asset transfers from our subsidiaries;

sell or otherwise dispose of assets, including capital stock of subsidiaries;

consolidate or merge with or into, or sell substantially all of our assets to, another person;

enter into transactions with affiliates; and

enter into new lines of business.

These covenants are subject to important exceptions and qualifications, which are described in the indentures governing the Outstanding Senior Notes. In addition, if and for as long as the Outstanding Senior Notes have an investment grade rating from both Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, Inc. and Moody's Investors Service, Inc., and no default exists under the indentures, we will not be subject to certain of the covenants listed above.

Subject to certain conditions, if a specified change of control event (as defined in the indentures governing the Outstanding Senior Notes) occurs, we must make an offer to purchase the Outstanding Senior Notes at a purchase price of 101% of the principal amount of the Outstanding Senior Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest. Certain asset dispositions will be triggering events that may require us to use the net proceeds from those asset dispositions to make an offer to purchase the Outstanding Senior Notes at 100% of their principal amount, together with accrued and unpaid interest.

8¹/₄% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2016

In October 2006, we issued \$200 million aggregate principal amount of our 2016 Notes. The 2016 Notes rank junior in right of payment to all of our existing and future senior indebtedness, including our senior secured revolving credit facility, our money market line of credit, our Outstanding Senior Notes and the notes, and equally in right of payment with any future senior subordinated indebtedness.

We intend to use a portion of the net proceeds from this offering to redeem all of our 2016 Notes. See "Use of Proceeds."

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DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

The notes will be a series of our senior debt securities described in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Debt Securities." The Company will issue the notes under an indenture dated June 15, 2006 (the "*Base Indenture*"), as supplemented by a supplemental indenture establishing the terms of the notes (together, as such may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "*Indenture*") between itself and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the "*Trustee*"). The terms of the notes include those expressly set forth in the Indenture and those made part of the Indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the "*Trust Indenture Act*"). The Indenture is unlimited in aggregate principal amount, although the issuance of notes in this offering will be limited to \$600 million. The Company may from time to time issue additional notes under the Indenture having identical terms and conditions as the notes offered hereby other than issue date, issue price and the first interest payment date (the "*Additional Notes*"). The Company may issue an unlimited principal amount of Additional Notes, subject to compliance with the covenants contained in the Indenture. Any Additional Notes will be part of the same issue as the notes offered hereby and will vote on all matters with the holders of the notes. The Company may issue other series of debt securities under the Base Indenture. Currently, the Company's outstanding 2014 Notes and 2020 Notes are issued under the Base Indenture as separate series of debt securities under the Base Indenture.

This description of notes is intended to be a useful overview of the material provisions of the notes and the Indenture. Since this description of notes is only a summary, you should refer to the Indenture for a complete description of the obligations of the Company and your rights. The Company has filed a copy of the Base Indenture as an exhibit to the registration statement which includes this Prospectus.

You will find the definitions of capitalized terms used in this description under the heading " Certain Definitions." For purposes of this description of notes, references to "the Company," "we," "our" and "us" refer only to Berry Petroleum Company and not to any future subsidiaries. Certain defined terms used in this description of notes but not defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

General

The Notes

The notes:

will be general unsecured, senior obligations of the Company;

will be limited to an aggregate principal amount of \$600 million, subject to the Company's ability to issue Additional Notes;

will mature on September 15, 2022;

will be issued in denominations of \$2,000 and larger integral multiples of \$1,000;

will be represented by one or more registered notes in global form, but in certain circumstances may be represented by notes in definitive form. See "Book-Entry Delivery and Settlement;"

will rank effectively junior to all the Company's secured indebtedness, including under the Company's senior secured revolving credit facility and the money market line of credit, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, equally in right of payment to all existing and any future senior indebtedness of the Company, including the Company's money market line of credit, the remaining 2014 Notes and the 2020 Notes, and senior in right of payment to all of the Company's existing and any future subordinated indebtedness and obligations.

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Interest

Interest on the notes will:

accrue at the rate of $6\frac{3}{8}\%$ per annum;

accrue from the date of original issuance or, if interest has already been paid, from the most recent interest payment date;

be payable in cash semi-annually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year, commencing on September 15, 2012;

be payable to the holders of record on the March 1 and September 1 immediately preceding the related interest payment dates; and

be computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

Payments on the Notes; Paying Agent and Registrar

The Company will pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the notes at the office or agency designated by the Company, except that the Company may, at its option, pay interest on the notes by check mailed to holders of the notes at their registered address as it appears in the Registrar's books. The Company has initially designated the corporate trust office of the Trustee in Minneapolis, Minnesota to act as the Paying Agent and Registrar. The Company may, however, change the Paying Agent or Registrar without prior notice to the holders of the notes, and the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries may act as Paying Agent or Registrar.

The Company will pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest on, notes in global form registered in the name of or held by The Depository Trust Company or its nominee in immediately available funds to The Depository Trust Company or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered holder of such global note.

Transfer and Exchange

A holder may transfer or exchange notes in accordance with the Indenture. The Registrar and the Trustee may require a holder, among other things, to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents. No service charge will be imposed by the Company, the Trustee or the Registrar for any registration of transfer or exchange of notes, but the Company may require a holder to pay a sum sufficient to cover any transfer tax or other governmental taxes and fees required by law or permitted by the Indenture. The Company is not required to transfer or exchange any note selected for redemption. Also, the Company is not required to transfer or exchange any note for a period of 15 days before the mailing of a notice of redemption of notes to be redeemed.

The registered holder of a note will be treated as the owner of it for all purposes.

Optional Redemption

Except as described below, the notes are not redeemable at the option of the Company prior to maturity.

On and after March 15, 2017, the Company may redeem all or, from time to time, a part of the notes upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice, at the following redemption prices (expressed as a percentage of principal amount of notes to be redeemed), plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the applicable redemption date (subject to the right of holders of record on the

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relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date), if redeemed during the 12-month period beginning on March 15 of the years indicated below:

Year	Percentage
2017	103.188%
2018	102.125%
2019	101.063%
2020 and thereafter	100.000%

Prior to March 15, 2015, the Company may, at its option, on any one or more occasions redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes (including Additional Notes) issued under the Indenture upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice with the Net Cash Proceeds of one or more Equity Offerings at a redemption price of 106.375% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date (subject to the right of holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date); *provided that*

- (1) at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes (including Additional Notes) issued under the Indenture remains outstanding after each such redemption; and
- (2) the redemption occurs within 90 days after the closing of the related Equity Offering.

Prior to March 15, 2017, the notes may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at any time at the option of the Company upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes redeemed plus the Applicable Premium plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date (subject to the right of holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date).

"*Applicable Premium*" means, with respect to a note on any date of redemption, the greater of (1) 1.0% of the principal amount of such note and (2) the excess of (a) the present value at such time of the redemption price of such note as of March 15, 2017 plus all remaining scheduled payments of interest on such note to March 15, 2017 (but excluding accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date), computed using a discount rate equal to the Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points, over (b) the then-outstanding principal amount of such note.

"*Treasury Rate*" means the yield to maturity at the time of computation of United States Treasury securities with a constant maturity (as compiled and published in the most recent Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 (519) which has become publicly available at least two Business Days prior to the redemption date (or, if such Statistical Release is no longer published, any publicly available source of similar market data)) most nearly equal to the period from the redemption date to March 15, 2017; *provided, however*, that if the period from the redemption date to March 15, 2017 is not equal to the constant maturity of a United States Treasury security for which a weekly average yield is given, the Treasury Rate shall be obtained by linear interpolation (calculated to the nearest one-twelfth of a year) from the weekly average yields of United States Treasury securities for which such yields are given, except that if the period from the redemption date to March 15, 2017 is less than one year, the weekly average yield on actually traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year shall be used.

If any redemption date is on or after an interest record date and on or before the related interest payment date, the accrued and unpaid interest, if any, will be paid to the Person in whose name the note is registered at the close of business on such record date, and no additional interest will be payable to holders whose notes will be subject to redemption by the Company.

In the case of any partial redemption, selection of the notes for redemption will be made by the Trustee in compliance with the requirements of the principal national securities exchange, if any, on which the notes are listed or, if the notes are not listed, then by lot or by such other method as the Trustee in its sole discretion will deem to be fair and appropriate, although no note of \$2,000 in original

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principal amount or less will be redeemed in part. If any note is to be redeemed in part only, the notice of redemption relating to such note will state the portion of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed. A new note in principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion thereof will be issued in the name of the holder thereof upon cancellation of the original note.

The Company is not required to make mandatory redemption payments or sinking fund payments with respect to the notes. However, under certain circumstances, the Company may be required to offer to purchase notes as described below under the captions "Change of Control" and "Certain Covenants - Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock."

The Company may acquire notes by means other than a redemption, whether by tender offer, open market purchases, negotiated transactions or otherwise, in accordance with applicable securities laws, so long as such acquisition does not otherwise violate the terms of the Indenture.

Ranking

The notes will rank effectively junior to all of the Company's secured indebtedness, including the senior secured revolving credit facility and the money market line of credit, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, equally in right of payment to all existing and any future senior indebtedness of the Company, including the 2014 Notes and the 2020 Notes, and senior in right of payment to all of the Company's existing and any future subordinated indebtedness and obligations.

Although the Company does not currently have any Subsidiaries, the notes would be structurally subordinated to the liabilities of any future Subsidiaries of the Company that do not provide Subsidiary Guarantees. See "Future Subsidiary Guarantors."

Although the Indenture will limit the amount of indebtedness that the Company and any Restricted Subsidiaries may Incur, such indebtedness may be substantial, and a substantial portion of it may be secured and therefore effectively senior to the notes.

Change of Control

If a Change of Control occurs, unless the Company has exercised its right to redeem all of the notes as described under "Optional Redemption," each holder will have the right to require the Company to repurchase all or any part (equal to \$2,000 or larger integral multiples of \$1,000) of such holder's notes at a purchase price in cash equal to 101% of the principal amount of the notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of purchase (subject to the right of holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date).

Within 30 days following any Change of Control, unless the Company has given irrevocable notice that it will exercise its right to redeem all of the notes as described under "Optional Redemption," the Company will mail (in the case of notes held in book entry form, by electronic transmission) a notice (the "*Change of Control Offer*") to each holder, with a copy to the Trustee, stating:

- (1) that a Change of Control has occurred and that such holder has the right to require the Company to purchase such holder's notes at a purchase price in cash equal to 101% of the principal amount of such notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of purchase (subject to the right of holders of record on a record date to receive interest on the relevant interest payment date) (the "*Change of Control Payment*");
- (2) the repurchase date (which shall be no earlier than 30 days nor later than 60 days from the date such notice is mailed) (the "*Change of Control Payment Date*"); and
- (3) the procedures determined by the Company, consistent with the Indenture, that a holder must follow in order to have its notes repurchased.

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On the Change of Control Payment Date, the Company will, to the extent lawful:

- (1) accept for payment all notes or portions of notes (of \$2,000 or larger integral multiples of \$1,000) properly tendered pursuant to the Change of Control Offer;
- (2) deposit prior to 11:00 A.M. New York City time with the paying agent an amount equal to the Change of Control Payment in respect of all notes or portions of notes so tendered; and
- (3) deliver or cause to be delivered to the Trustee any definitive notes so accepted together with an Officers' Certificate stating the aggregate principal amount of notes or portions of notes being purchased by the Company.

The paying agent will promptly mail (or cause to be transferred by book entry) to each holder of notes so tendered the Change of Control Payment for such notes, and the Trustee will promptly authenticate and mail (or cause to be transferred by book entry) to each holder a new note equal in principal amount to any unpurchased portion of the notes surrendered, if any; *provided* that each such new note will be in a principal amount of \$2,000 or larger integral multiples of \$1,000.

If the Change of Control Payment Date is on or after an interest record date and on or before the related interest payment date, any accrued and unpaid interest, if any, will be paid on the relevant interest payment date to the Person in whose name a note is registered at the close of business on such record date, and no additional interest will be payable to holders who tender pursuant to the Change of Control Offer.

The Change of Control provisions described above will be applicable whether or not any other provisions of the Indenture are applicable. Except as described above with respect to a Change of Control, the Indenture does not contain provisions that permit the holders to require that the Company repurchase or redeem the notes in the event of a takeover, recapitalization, sale of all or substantially all assets or similar transaction.

The Company will not be required to make a Change of Control Offer following a Change of Control if a third party makes the Change of Control Offer in the manner, at the times and otherwise in compliance with the requirements set forth in the Indenture applicable to a Change of Control Offer made by the Company and purchases all notes validly tendered and not withdrawn under such Change of Control Offer.

The Company will comply, to the extent applicable, with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act and any other securities laws or regulations in connection with the repurchase of notes pursuant to this covenant. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with provisions of the Indenture, the Company will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations described in the Indenture by virtue of the conflict.

The Company's ability to repurchase notes pursuant to a Change of Control Offer may be limited by a number of factors. The occurrence of certain of the events that constitute a Change of Control would constitute a default under the senior secured revolving credit facility. In addition, certain events that may constitute a change of control under the senior secured revolving credit facility and cause a default under that agreement may not constitute a Change of Control under the Indenture. Future Indebtedness of the Company and its Subsidiaries may also contain prohibitions of certain events that would constitute a Change of Control or require such Indebtedness to be repurchased upon a Change of Control. Moreover, the exercise by the holders of their right to require the Company to repurchase the notes could cause a default under such Indebtedness, even if the Change of Control itself does not, due to the financial effect of such repurchase on the Company. Finally, the Company's ability to pay cash to the holders upon a repurchase may be prohibited or limited by the terms of the Company's credit facilities and the Company's then existing financial resources. There can be no assurance that sufficient funds will be available when necessary to make any required repurchases.

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The Change of Control provisions described above may deter certain mergers, tender offers and other takeover attempts involving the Company by increasing the capital required to effectuate such transactions, but may have no impact on certain other proposed takeover transactions. The definition of "Change of Control" includes a disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries taken as a whole to any Person other than a Permitted Holder. Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase "substantially all," there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, in certain circumstances there may be a degree of uncertainty as to whether a particular transaction would involve a disposition of "all or substantially all" of the property or assets of a Person. As a result, it may be unclear as to whether a Change of Control has occurred and whether a holder of notes may require the Company to make an offer to repurchase the notes as described above. In a decision, the Chancery Court of Delaware raised the possibility that a change of control as a result of a failure to have "continuing directors" comprising a majority of the board of directors may be unenforceable on public policy grounds.

Certain provisions under the Indenture relative to the Company's obligation to make an offer to repurchase the notes as a result of a Change of Control may be waived or modified with the written consent of the holders of a majority in principal amount of the notes.

Certain Covenants

Effectiveness of Covenants

Following the first day on which:

- (a) the notes have an Investment Grade Rating from both of the Ratings Agencies; and
- (b) no Default has occurred and is continuing under the Indenture;

the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries will not be subject to the provisions of the Indenture summarized under the subheadings below:

" Limitation on Indebtedness,"

" Limitation on Restricted Payments,"

" Limitation on Restrictions on Distributions from Restricted Subsidiaries,"

" Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock,"

" Limitation on Affiliate Transactions,"

" Limitation on the Sale of Capital Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries,"

" Limitation on Lines of Business," and

Clause (3) of " Merger and Consolidation"

(collectively, the "*Suspended Covenants*"). If at any time the notes' credit rating is downgraded from an Investment Grade Rating by any Rating Agency or a Default or Event of Default occurs and is continuing, then the Suspended Covenants will thereafter be reinstated as if such covenants had never been suspended (the "*Reinstatement Date*") and thereafter be applicable pursuant to the terms of the Indenture (including in connection with performing any calculation or assessment to determine compliance with the terms of the Indenture), unless and until the notes subsequently attain an Investment Grade Rating (in which event the Suspended Covenants shall no longer be in effect for such time that the notes maintain an Investment Grade Rating and no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing); *provided, however*, that no

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Default, Event of Default or breach of any kind shall be deemed to exist under the Indenture, the notes or the Subsidiary Guarantees with respect to the Suspended Covenants based on, and none of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries shall bear any liability for, any actions taken or events occurring after the notes attain an Investment Grade Rating and before any reinstatement of such Suspended Covenants as provided above, or any actions taken at any

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time pursuant to any contractual obligation arising prior to such reinstatement, regardless of whether such actions or events would have been permitted if the applicable Suspended Covenants remained in effect during such period. The period of time between the date of suspension of the covenants and the Reinstatement Date is referred to as the "*Suspension Period*."

On the Reinstatement Date, all Indebtedness Incurred during the Suspension Period will be classified to have been Incurred pursuant to the first paragraph of "Limitation on Indebtedness" or one of the clauses set forth in the second paragraph of "Limitation on Indebtedness" (to the extent such Indebtedness would be permitted to be Incurred thereunder as of the Reinstatement Date and after giving effect to Indebtedness Incurred prior to the Suspension Period and outstanding on the Reinstatement Date). To the extent such Indebtedness would not be so permitted to be Incurred pursuant to the first or second paragraph of "Limitation on Indebtedness," such Indebtedness will be deemed to have been outstanding on the Issue Date, so that it is classified as permitted under clause (4)(b) of the second paragraph of "Limitation on Indebtedness." Calculations made after the Reinstatement Date of the amount available to be made as Restricted Payments under " Limitation on Restricted Payments" will be made as though the covenants described under " Limitation on Restricted Payments" had been in effect since the Issue Date and throughout the Suspension Period. Accordingly, Restricted Payments made during the Suspension Period will reduce the amount available to be made as Restricted Payments under the first paragraph of " Limitation on Restricted Payments."

During any period when the Suspended Covenants are suspended, the Board of Directors of the Company may not designate any of the Company's Subsidiaries as Unrestricted Subsidiaries pursuant to the Indenture.

Limitation on Indebtedness

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, Incur any Indebtedness (including Acquired Indebtedness); *provided, however*, that the Company and any Subsidiary Guarantor may Incur Indebtedness if on the date thereof:

- (1) the Consolidated Coverage Ratio for the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries is at least 2.25 to 1.00; and
- (2) no Default or Event of Default will have occurred or be continuing or would occur as a consequence of Incurring the Indebtedness or transactions relating to such Incurrence.

The first paragraph of this covenant will not prohibit the Incurrence of the following Indebtedness:

- (1) Indebtedness of the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor Incurred pursuant to Credit Facilities in an aggregate amount outstanding at any time up to the greater of (a) \$1.2 billion and (b) 30% of Adjusted Consolidated Net Tangible Assets determined as of the date of the Incurrence of such Indebtedness;
- (2) Guarantees by (a) the Company or Subsidiary Guarantors of Indebtedness Incurred by the Company or a Subsidiary Guarantor in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture; *provided* that in the event such Indebtedness that is being Guaranteed is a Subordinated Obligation or a Guarantor Subordinated Obligation, then the related Guarantee shall be subordinated in right of payment to the notes or the Subsidiary Guarantee, as the case may be, and (b) Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiaries of Indebtedness Incurred by Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiaries in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture;
- (3) Indebtedness of the Company owing to and held by any Restricted Subsidiary or Indebtedness of a Restricted Subsidiary owing to and held by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary; *provided, however*,
 - (a) if the Company is the obligor on such Indebtedness, such Indebtedness is expressly subordinated to the prior payment in full in cash of all obligations with respect to the notes;

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- (b) if a Subsidiary Guarantor is the obligor on such Indebtedness and the Company or a Subsidiary Guarantor is not the obligee, such Indebtedness is subordinated in right of payment to the Subsidiary Guarantee of such Subsidiary Guarantor; and
- (c) (i) any subsequent issuance or transfer of Capital Stock or any other event which results in any such Indebtedness being beneficially held by a Person other than the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company and (ii) any sale or other transfer of any such Indebtedness to a Person other than the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company, shall be deemed, in each case under this clause (c), to constitute an Incurrence of such Indebtedness by the Company or such Subsidiary, as the case may be.
- (4) Indebtedness represented by (a) the notes issued on the Issue Date and any Subsidiary Guarantees, (b) any Indebtedness (other than the Indebtedness described in clauses (1), (2), (3), (6), (8), (9) and (10) of this paragraph) outstanding on the Issue Date and (c) any Refinancing Indebtedness Incurred in respect of any Indebtedness described in this clause (4) or clause (5) of this paragraph or Incurred pursuant to the first paragraph of this covenant;
- (5) Indebtedness of a Restricted Subsidiary Incurred and outstanding on the date on which such Restricted Subsidiary was acquired by, or merged into, the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or such Restricted Subsidiary was designated as such (other than Indebtedness Incurred (a) to provide all or any portion of the funds utilized to consummate the transaction or series of related transactions pursuant to which such Restricted Subsidiary became a Restricted Subsidiary or was otherwise acquired by the Company or (b) otherwise in connection with, or in contemplation of, such acquisition); *provided, however*, that at the time such Restricted Subsidiary is so acquired, merged or designated, the Company would have been able to incur \$1.00 of additional Indebtedness pursuant to the first paragraph of this covenant after giving effect to the Incurrence of such Indebtedness pursuant to this clause (5);
- (6) Indebtedness under Hedging Obligations that are Incurred in the ordinary course of business (and not for speculative purposes) (a) for the purpose of fixing or hedging interest rate risk with respect to any Indebtedness permitted under the Indenture; (b) for the purpose of fixing or hedging currency exchange rate risk with respect to any currency exchanges; or (c) for the purpose of fixing or hedging commodity price risk with respect to any commodities;
- (7) the Incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Indebtedness represented by Capitalized Lease Obligations, mortgage financings, purchase money obligations or other payments, in each case Incurred to finance all or any part of the purchase price or cost of construction or improvement of assets or property (other than Capital Stock or other Investments) acquired, constructed or improved by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary and related financing costs, and Attributable Indebtedness, and all Refinancing Indebtedness Incurred to refund, defease, renew, extend, refinance or replace any Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to this clause (7), in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$25.0 million at any time outstanding;
- (8) Indebtedness Incurred in respect of workers' compensation claims, self-insurance obligations, performance, surety and similar bonds and completion guarantees provided by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business;
- (9) Indebtedness arising from agreements of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary providing for indemnification, adjustment of purchase price or similar obligations, in each case, Incurred or assumed in connection with the acquisition or disposition of any business, assets or Capital Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary or any business or assets of the Company and Refinancing Indebtedness Incurred with the same counterparty in respect thereof, *provided* that the maximum aggregate liability in respect of all such Indebtedness shall at no time exceed the gross proceeds actually paid or received by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries in connection with such acquisition or disposition;

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(10) Indebtedness arising from the honoring by a bank or other financial institution of a check, draft or similar instrument (except in the case of daylight overdrafts) drawn against insufficient funds or in respect of cash management services provided by a bank or other financial institution, each in the ordinary course of business, *provided, however*, that such Indebtedness is extinguished within five Business Days of Incurrence;

(11) Indebtedness in respect of the financing of insurance premiums with the providers of such insurance or their Affiliates in the ordinary course of business;

(12) for the avoidance of doubt, in-kind obligations relating to net oil or natural gas balancing positions arising in the ordinary course of business; and

(13) in addition to the items referred to in clauses (1) through (12) above, Indebtedness of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries in an aggregate outstanding principal amount which, when taken together with the principal amount of all other Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to this clause (13) and then outstanding, will not exceed \$20.0 million at any time outstanding.

The Company will not Incur any Indebtedness under the preceding paragraph if the proceeds thereof are used, directly or indirectly, to refinance any Subordinated Obligations of the Company unless such Indebtedness will be subordinated to the notes to at least the same extent as such Subordinated Obligations. No Subsidiary Guarantor will Incur any Indebtedness under the preceding paragraph if the proceeds thereof are used, directly or indirectly, to refinance any Guarantor Subordinated Obligations of such Subsidiary Guarantor unless such Indebtedness will be subordinated to the obligations of such Subsidiary Guarantor under its Subsidiary Guarantee to at least the same extent as such Guarantor Subordinated Obligations. No Restricted Subsidiary (other than a Subsidiary Guarantor) may Incur any Indebtedness if the proceeds are used to refinance Indebtedness of the Company or a Subsidiary Guarantor.

For purposes of determining compliance with, and the outstanding principal amount of any particular Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to and in compliance with, this covenant:

(1) in the event that Indebtedness meets the criteria of more than one of the types of Indebtedness described in the first and second paragraphs of this covenant, the Company, in its sole discretion, will classify such item of Indebtedness on the date of Incurrence and may from time to time re-classify such item of Indebtedness in any manner that complies with this covenant and only be required to include the amount and type of such Indebtedness in one of such clauses; *provided* that all Indebtedness outstanding on the Issue Date under the Senior Credit Facility shall be deemed Incurred under clause (1) of the second paragraph of this covenant and not the first paragraph or clause (4) of the second paragraph of this covenant;

(2) Guarantees of, or obligations in respect of letters of credit relating to, Indebtedness which is otherwise included in the determination of a particular amount of Indebtedness shall not be included;

(3) if obligations in respect of letters of credit are Incurred pursuant to a Credit Facility and are being treated as Incurred pursuant to clause (1) of the second paragraph above and the letters of credit relate to other Indebtedness, then such other Indebtedness shall not be included;

(4) the principal amount of any Disqualified Stock of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary, or Preferred Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Subsidiary Guarantor, will be equal to the greater of the maximum mandatory redemption or repurchase price (not including, in either case, any redemption or repurchase premium) or the liquidation preference thereof;

(5) Indebtedness permitted by this covenant need not be permitted solely by reference to one provision permitting such Indebtedness but may be permitted in part by one such provision and in part by one or more other provisions of this covenant permitting such Indebtedness;

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(6) the principal amount of any Indebtedness outstanding in connection with a securitization transaction or series of securitization transactions is the amount of obligations outstanding under the legal documents entered into as part of such transaction that would be characterized as principal if such transaction were structured as a secured lending transaction rather than as a purchase relating to such transaction; and

(7) the amount of Indebtedness issued at a price that is less than the principal amount thereof will be equal to the amount of the liability in respect thereof determined in accordance with GAAP.

Accrual of interest, accrual of dividends, the accretion of accreted value, the payment of interest in the form of additional Indebtedness, the payment of dividends in the form of additional shares of Preferred Stock or Disqualified Stock and the incurrence of unrealized losses or charges in respect of Hedging Obligations (including those resulting from the application of FAS 133 and similar provisions), in each case will be deemed not to be Incurrences of Indebtedness for purposes of this covenant. The amount of any Indebtedness outstanding as of any date shall be (i) the accreted value thereof in the case of any Indebtedness issued with original issue discount and (ii) the principal amount or liquidation preference thereof, together with any interest thereon that is more than 30 days past due, in the case of any other Indebtedness.

In addition, the Company will not permit any of its Unrestricted Subsidiaries to Incur any Indebtedness or issue any shares of Disqualified Stock, other than Non-Recourse Debt. If at any time an Unrestricted Subsidiary becomes a Restricted Subsidiary, any Indebtedness of such Subsidiary shall be deemed to be Incurred by a Restricted Subsidiary as of such date (and, if such Indebtedness is not permitted to be Incurred as of such date under this " Limitation on Indebtedness" covenant, the Company shall be in Default of this covenant).

For purposes of determining compliance with any U.S. dollar-denominated restriction on the Incurrence of Indebtedness, the U.S. dollar-equivalent principal amount of Indebtedness denominated in a foreign currency shall be calculated based on the relevant currency exchange rate in effect on the date such Indebtedness was Incurred, in the case of term Indebtedness, or first committed, in the case of revolving credit Indebtedness; *provided* that if such Indebtedness is Incurred to refinance other Indebtedness denominated in a foreign currency, and such refinancing would cause the applicable U.S. dollar-denominated restriction to be exceeded if calculated at the relevant currency exchange rate in effect on the date of such refinancing, such U.S. dollar-denominated restriction shall be deemed not to have been exceeded so long as the principal amount of such refinancing Indebtedness does not exceed the principal amount of such Indebtedness being refinanced. Notwithstanding any other provision of this covenant, the maximum amount of Indebtedness that the Company may Incur pursuant to this covenant shall not be deemed to be exceeded solely as a result of fluctuations in the exchange rate of currencies. The principal amount of any Indebtedness Incurred to refinance other Indebtedness, if Incurred in a different currency from the Indebtedness being refinanced, shall be calculated based on the currency exchange rate applicable to the currencies in which such Refinancing Indebtedness is denominated that is in effect on the date of such refinancing.

Limitation on Restricted Payments

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, directly or indirectly, to:

(1) declare or pay any dividend or make any distribution (whether made in cash, securities or other property) on or in respect of its Capital Stock (including any payment in connection with any merger or consolidation involving the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries) except:

(a) dividends or distributions payable in Capital Stock of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock); and

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(b) dividends or distributions payable to the Company or another Restricted Subsidiary (and if such Restricted Subsidiary is not a Wholly Owned Subsidiary, to its other holders of common Capital Stock on a pro rata basis);

(2) purchase, redeem, retire or otherwise acquire for value any Capital Stock of the Company or any direct or indirect parent of the Company held by Persons other than the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary (other than in exchange for Capital Stock of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock));

(3) purchase, repurchase, redeem, defease or otherwise acquire or retire for value, prior to scheduled maturity, scheduled repayment or scheduled sinking fund payment, any Subordinated Obligations or Guarantor Subordinated Obligations (other than (a) Indebtedness of the Company owing to and held by any Subsidiary Guarantor or Indebtedness of a Subsidiary Guarantor owing to and held by the Company or any other Subsidiary Guarantor permitted under clause (3) of the second paragraph of the covenant "Limitation on Indebtedness" or (b) the purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of Subordinated Obligations or Guarantor Subordinated Obligations in anticipation of satisfying a sinking fund obligation, principal installment or final maturity, in each case due within one year of the date of purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement); or

(4) make any Restricted Investment in any Person;

(any such dividend, distribution, purchase, redemption, repurchase, defeasance, other acquisition, retirement or Restricted Investment referred to in clauses (1) through (4) above shall be referred to herein as a "*Restricted Payment*"), if at the time the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary makes such Restricted Payment:

(a) a Default shall have occurred and be continuing (or would result therefrom); or

(b) the Company is not able to Incur \$1.00 of additional Indebtedness pursuant to the first paragraph under the "Limitation on Indebtedness" covenant after giving effect, on a pro forma basis, to such Restricted Payment as if such Restricted Payment and the use of proceeds thereof had been made at the beginning of the applicable four-quarter period; or

(c) the aggregate amount of such Restricted Payment and all other Restricted Payments declared or made subsequent to the Start Date (except as excluded by other provisions of this covenant) would exceed the sum of (all such calculations being made as if this covenant had been in effect as of the Start Date and at all times thereafter):

(i) 50% of Consolidated Net Income for the period (treated as one accounting period) from the beginning of the fiscal quarter prior to the quarter in which the Start Date occurred to the end of the most recent fiscal quarter ending prior to the date of such Restricted Payment for which financial statements are in existence (or, in case such Consolidated Net Income is a deficit, minus 100% of such deficit); plus

(ii) 100% of the aggregate fair market value of Qualified Proceeds received by the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor from the issue or sale of its Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) or other capital contributions subsequent to the Start Date (other than Qualified Proceeds received from an issuance or sale of such Capital Stock to a Subsidiary of the Company or an employee stock ownership plan, option plan or similar trust to the extent such sale to an employee stock ownership plan or similar trust is financed by loans from or Guaranteed by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary unless such loans have been repaid with cash on or prior to the date of determination) excluding in any event Qualified Proceeds to the extent used as consideration for Permitted Investments pursuant to clause (17) of the definition of "Permitted Investments"; plus

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(iii) the amount by which Indebtedness of the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries is reduced on the Company's balance sheet upon the conversion or exchange (other than by a Subsidiary of the Company) subsequent to the Start Date of any Indebtedness of the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries convertible or exchangeable for Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) of the Company (less the amount of any cash, or the fair market value of any other property, distributed by the Company upon such conversion or exchange); plus

(iv) the amount equal to the net reduction in Restricted Investments made by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries in any Person resulting from:

(A) repurchases or redemptions of such Restricted Investments by such Person, proceeds realized upon the sale of such Restricted Investment to an unaffiliated purchaser, repayments of loans or advances or other transfers of assets (including by way of dividend or distribution) by such Person to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (other than for reimbursement of tax payments) and to the extent not otherwise already included releases or reductions of Guarantees; or

(B) the redesignation of Unrestricted Subsidiaries as Restricted Subsidiaries or the merger or consolidation of an Unrestricted Subsidiary with and into the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries (valued in each case as provided in the definition of "Investment") not to exceed the amount of Investments previously made by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in such Unrestricted Subsidiary,

which amount in each case under this clause (iv) was included in the calculation of the amount of Restricted Payments; *provided, however,* that no amount will be included under this clause (iv) to the extent it is already included in Consolidated Net Income.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph will not prohibit:

(1) any purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of Capital Stock, Disqualified Stock or Subordinated Obligations of the Company or Guarantor Subordinated Obligations of any Subsidiary Guarantor made by conversion into or exchange for, or out of the proceeds of the substantially concurrent sale of, Capital Stock of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock and other than Capital Stock issued or sold to a Subsidiary or an employee stock ownership plan or similar trust to the extent such sale to an employee stock ownership plan or similar trust is financed by loans from or Guaranteed by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary unless such loans have been repaid with cash on or prior to the date of determination); *provided, however,* that the amount of such Restricted Payments will be excluded in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments; *provided, further,* that the Qualified Proceeds from such sale of Capital Stock (to the extent so used) will be excluded from clause (c)(ii) of the preceding paragraph;

(2) any purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of Subordinated Obligations of the Company or Guarantor Subordinated Obligations of any Subsidiary Guarantor made by exchange for, or out of the proceeds of the substantially concurrent sale or Incurrence of, Subordinated Obligations of the Company or any purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of Guarantor Subordinated Obligations made by exchange for or out of the proceeds of the substantially concurrent sale or Incurrence of Guarantor Subordinated Obligations that, in each case, is permitted to be Incurred pursuant to the covenant described under " Limitation on Indebtedness" and that, if Incurred under the second paragraph thereof, in each case constitutes Refinancing Indebtedness; *provided, however,* that the amount of such Restricted Payments will be excluded in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments;

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(3) any purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of Disqualified Stock of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary made by exchange for or out of the proceeds of the substantially concurrent sale of Disqualified Stock of the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, that, in each case, is permitted to be Incurred pursuant to the covenant described under " Limitation on Indebtedness" and that in each case constitutes Refinancing Indebtedness *provided, however*, that the amount of such Restricted Payments will be excluded in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(4) dividends paid within 60 days after the date of declaration if at such date of declaration such dividend would have complied with this provision;

provided, however, that from and after the date of payment thereof the amount of such Restricted Payments will be included in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(5) so long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing,

(a) the repurchase, redemption or other acquisition or retirement for value of Capital Stock of the Company or any direct or indirect parent of the Company held by any existing or former employees or directors of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company or their assigns, estates or heirs, in each case in connection with the repurchase provisions under employee stock option or stock purchase agreements or other compensation-related agreements; *provided* that such Capital Stock was received for services related to, or for the benefit of, the Company and its Subsidiaries; and *provided further* that such repurchases, redemptions, acquisitions and retirements pursuant to this clause will not exceed \$2.0 million in the aggregate during any calendar year and \$5.0 million in the aggregate for all such redemptions and repurchases, plus in each case, to the extent not previously applied, the amount of any capital contributions to the Company as a result of sales of Capital Stock of the Company or any direct or indirect parent of the Company to such Persons (*provided, however*, that the Qualified Proceeds from such sale of Capital Stock (to the extent so used) will be excluded from clause (c)(ii) of the preceding paragraph), plus the amount of any "key man" insurance proceeds received by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary to the extent not previously applied; and

(b) loans or advances to, and Guarantees of obligations of, employees, officers or directors of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company the proceeds of which are used to purchase Capital Stock of the Company or any direct or indirect parent of the Company, in an aggregate amount not in excess of \$2.0 million with respect to all loans or advances made since the Start Date (without giving effect to the forgiveness of any such loan); *provided, however*, that the Company and its Subsidiaries shall comply in all material respects with the provisions of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 and the rules and regulations promulgated in connection therewith relating to the provision of any such loans and advances as if the Company had filed a registration statement with the SEC;

provided, however, that the amount of such Restricted Payments will be excluded in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(6) so long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the declaration and payment of dividends to holders of any class or series of Disqualified Stock of the Company issued in accordance with the terms of the Indenture to the extent such dividends are included in the definition of "Consolidated Interest Expense;" *provided, however*, that the amount of such Restricted Payments will be excluded in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(7) repurchases of Capital Stock deemed to occur upon the exercise of stock options, warrants or other convertible securities if such Capital Stock represents a portion of the exercise

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price thereof; *provided, however*, that the amount of such Restricted Payments will be excluded in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(8) the purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement for value of any Subordinated Obligation or Guarantor Subordinated Obligation (a) at a purchase price not greater than 101% of the principal amount of such Subordinated Obligation or Guarantor Subordinated Obligation in the event of a Change of Control in accordance with provisions similar to the " Change of Control" covenant or (b) at a purchase price not greater than 100% of the principal amount thereof in accordance with provisions similar to the " Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock" covenant *provided* that, prior to or simultaneously with such purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement, the Company (or a third party, in the case of a Change of Control Offer) has made the Change of Control Offer or Asset Disposition Offer, as applicable, as provided in such covenant with respect to the notes and has completed the repurchase of all notes validly tendered for payment in connection with such Change of Control Offer or Asset Disposition Offer; *provided, however*, that the amount of such Restricted Payments will be included in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(9) (a) so long as no Event of Default described under clauses (1) or (2) thereof has occurred and is continuing, the declaration of dividends to holders of Common Stock of the Company of up to \$10.0 million in the aggregate for all such dividends and the subsequent payment of such dividends and (b) so long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the declaration of dividends to holders of Common Stock of the Company of up to \$0.36 per share per calendar year (but in no event in excess of \$20.0 million in the aggregate during any calendar year pursuant to this clause (9)) and the subsequent payment of such dividends; *provided, however*, that in each case the amount of such Restricted Payments will be included in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(10) so long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, repurchases of Common Stock pursuant to a previously announced share repurchase program for up to an aggregate purchase price after the Issue Date of \$25.0 million; *provided, however*, that the amount of such Restricted Payments will be included in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(11) for avoidance of doubt, payments pursuant to any customary tax sharing or tax indemnification arrangement; *provided, however*, that the amount of such payments will be excluded in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(12) the payment of cash in lieu of issuance of fractional shares of Capital Stock in connection with any transaction otherwise permitted under this covenant; *provided, however*, that the amount of such Restricted Payments will be included in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments;

(13) payments to dissenting stockholders not to exceed \$5.0 million (A) pursuant to applicable law or (B) in connection with the settlement or other satisfaction of legal claims made pursuant to or in connection with a consolidation, merger or transfer of assets in connection with a transaction that is not prohibited by the Indenture; *provided, however*, that such payments will be included in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments; and

(14) so long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, Restricted Payments in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$30.0 million; *provided, however*, that the amount of such Restricted Payments will be included in subsequent calculations of the amount of Restricted Payments.

The amount of all Restricted Payments (other than cash) shall be the fair market value on the date of such Restricted Payment of the asset(s) or securities proposed to be paid, transferred or issued by the

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Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, pursuant to such Restricted Payment. The fair market value of any cash Restricted Payment shall be its face amount and any non-cash Restricted Payment (i) of less than \$20.0 million shall be determined conclusively by an executive officer of the Company or (ii) of \$20.0 million or more shall be determined conclusively by the Board of Directors of the Company acting in good faith whose resolution with respect thereto shall be delivered to the Trustee. Not later than the date of making any Restricted Payment, the Company shall deliver to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate stating that such Restricted Payment is permitted and setting forth the basis upon which the calculations required by the covenant " Restricted Payments" were computed, together with a copy of any fairness opinion or appraisal required by the Indenture.

Limitation on Liens

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, create, Incur or suffer to exist any Lien (other than Permitted Liens) upon any of its property or assets (including Capital Stock of Subsidiaries), whether owned on the Issue Date or acquired after that date, which Lien is securing any Indebtedness, unless contemporaneously with the Incurrence of such Liens effective provision is made to secure the Indebtedness due under the Indenture and the notes and, in respect of Liens on any Restricted Subsidiary's property or assets, any Subsidiary Guarantee of such Restricted Subsidiary, with Liens on such property or assets (1) in the case of unsubordinated Indebtedness, that rank equally and ratably with, or senior in priority to, the Liens securing such other Indebtedness, and (2) in the case of Subordinated Obligations or Guarantor Subordinated Obligations, that rank senior in priority to the Liens securing such other Indebtedness, in each case for so long as such other Indebtedness is so secured.

Limitation on Restrictions on Distributions from Restricted Subsidiaries

The Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, create or otherwise cause or permit to exist or become effective any consensual encumbrance or consensual restriction on the ability of any Restricted Subsidiary to:

- (1) pay dividends or make any other distributions on its Capital Stock or pay any Indebtedness or other obligations owed to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (it being understood that the priority of any Preferred Stock in receiving dividends or liquidating distributions prior to dividends or liquidating distributions being paid on Common Stock shall not be deemed a restriction on the ability to make distributions on Capital Stock);
- (2) make any loans or advances to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (it being understood that the subordination of loans or advances made to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary to other Indebtedness Incurred by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary shall not be deemed a restriction on the ability to make loans or advances); or
- (3) transfer any of its property or assets to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (it being understood that such transfers shall not include any type of transfer described in clause (1) or (2) above).

The preceding provisions will not prohibit:

- (1) any encumbrance or restriction pursuant to an agreement in effect at or entered into on the Issue Date, including, without limitation, the Indenture, the notes and the Senior Credit Facility (and related documentation) in effect on such date;
- (2) any encumbrance or restriction with respect to a Restricted Subsidiary pursuant to any Capital Stock or agreement (including an agreement relating to any Capital Stock or Indebtedness) Incurred by a Restricted Subsidiary on or before the date on which such Restricted Subsidiary became a Restricted Subsidiary or was merged with or into or consolidated with or was acquired by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary (other than Capital Stock or Indebtedness Incurred as

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consideration in, or to provide all or any portion of the funds utilized to consummate, the transaction or series of related transactions pursuant to which such Restricted Subsidiary became a Restricted Subsidiary or was acquired by the Company or in contemplation of the transaction) and outstanding on such date provided, that any such encumbrance or restriction shall not extend to any assets or property of the Company or any other Restricted Subsidiary other than the assets and property so acquired and all improvements, additions and accessions thereto and products and proceeds thereof, and that, in the case of Indebtedness, was permitted to be Incurred pursuant to the Indenture;

(3) any encumbrance or restriction with respect to a Restricted Subsidiary pursuant to an agreement effecting a refunding, replacement or refinancing, in whole or in part, of Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to an agreement referred to in clause (1) or (2) of this paragraph or this clause (3) or contained in any amendment, restatement, modification, renewal, supplement, refunding, replacement or refinancing of an agreement referred to in clause (1) or (2) of this paragraph or this clause (3); *provided, however*, that the encumbrances and restrictions with respect to such Restricted Subsidiary contained in any such agreement are not materially less favorable, taken as a whole, to the holders of the notes than the encumbrances and restrictions contained in such agreements referred to in clauses (1) or (2) of this paragraph on the Issue Date or the date such Restricted Subsidiary became a Restricted Subsidiary or was merged into a Restricted Subsidiary, whichever is applicable;

(4) in the case of clause (3) of the first paragraph of this covenant, encumbrances and restrictions in agreements governing Liens permitted to be incurred under the provisions of the covenant described under " Limitation on Liens;"

(5) (i) purchase money obligations for property acquired in the ordinary course of business and (ii) Capitalized Lease Obligations permitted under the Indenture, in each case, that impose encumbrances or restrictions of the nature described in clause (3) of the first paragraph of this covenant on the property so acquired;

(6) any restriction with respect to a Restricted Subsidiary (or any of its property or assets) imposed pursuant to an agreement entered into for the direct or indirect sale or disposition of the Capital Stock or assets of such Restricted Subsidiary (or the property or assets that are subject to such restriction) pending the closing of such sale or disposition;

(7) any customary encumbrances or restrictions imposed pursuant to any agreement constituting a Permitted Business Investment;

(8) restrictions on cash or other deposits and net worth provisions in leases and other agreements entered into by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business;

(9) encumbrances or restrictions arising or existing by reason of applicable law or any applicable rule, regulation or order;

(10) encumbrances or restrictions contained in Credit Facilities, indentures, other debt agreements and Hedging Obligations Incurred by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or Preferred Stock issued by Restricted Subsidiaries subsequent to the Issue Date and permitted pursuant to the covenant described under " Limitations on Indebtedness;" *provided* that such encumbrances and restrictions contained in any such agreement or instrument will not materially affect the Company's ability to make anticipated principal or interest payments on the notes (as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company);

(11) customary supermajority voting provisions and other similar provisions contained in corporate charters, bylaws, stockholders' agreements, limited liability company agreements, partnership agreements, joint venture agreements and other similar agreements;

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(12) encumbrances and restrictions contained in contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business, not relating to any Indebtedness, and that do not, individually or in the aggregate, detract from the value of property or assets of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or the ability of the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary to realize such value, or to make any distributions relating to such property or assets in each case in any material respect; and

(13) restrictions on the transfer of property or assets required by any regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or any of their businesses.

Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, make any Asset Disposition unless:

(1) the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, receives consideration at least equal to the fair market value (such fair market value to be determined on the date of contractually agreeing to such Asset Disposition), as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors (including as to the value of all non-cash consideration), of the shares and assets subject to such Asset Disposition;

(2) at least 75% of the consideration from such Asset Disposition received by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, is in the form of cash or Cash Equivalents; and

(3) an amount equal to 100% of the Net Available Cash from such Asset Disposition is applied by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be:

(a) to the extent the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, elects or is required to do so, to prepay, repay, redeem, defease or purchase Indebtedness of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary (other than Capital Stock, Disqualified Stock, Subordinated Obligations, Guarantor Subordinated Obligations or Indebtedness owed to the Company or an Affiliate of the Company) within 330 days from the later of the date of such Asset Disposition or the receipt of such Net Available Cash; *provided, however*, that, in connection with any prepayment, repayment, redemption, defeasance or purchase of Indebtedness pursuant to this clause (a), the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary will retire such Indebtedness and will cause the related commitment (if any) to be permanently reduced in an amount equal to the principal amount so prepaid, repaid, redeemed, defeased or purchased; and

(b) to the extent the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary elects, to invest in Additional Assets within 330 days from the later of the date of such Asset Disposition or the receipt of such Net Available Cash;

provided that pending the final application of any such Net Available Cash in accordance with clause (a) or clause (b) above, the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries may temporarily reduce Indebtedness or otherwise invest such Net Available Cash in any manner not prohibited by the Indenture.

Any Net Available Cash from Asset Dispositions that is not applied or invested as provided in the preceding paragraph will be deemed to constitute "Excess Proceeds." On the 331st day after an Asset Disposition, if the aggregate amount of Excess Proceeds exceeds \$20.0 million, the Company will be required to (and may, in satisfaction of such requirement, at any time prior to such day) make an offer (an "*Asset Disposition Offer*") to all holders of notes and to the extent required by the terms of other Pari Passu Indebtedness, to all holders of other Pari Passu Indebtedness outstanding with similar provisions requiring the Company to make an offer to purchase such Pari Passu Indebtedness with the proceeds from any Asset Disposition ("*Pari Passu Notes*"), to purchase the maximum principal amount of notes and any such Pari Passu Notes to which the Asset Disposition Offer applies that may be

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purchased out of the Excess Proceeds, at an offer price in cash in an amount equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes and Pari Passu Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase, in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Indenture or the agreements governing the Pari Passu Notes, as applicable, in each case in denominations of \$2,000 and larger integral multiples of \$1,000. To the extent that the aggregate amount of notes and Pari Passu Notes so validly tendered and not properly withdrawn pursuant to an Asset Disposition Offer is less than the Excess Proceeds, the Company may use any remaining Excess Proceeds for general corporate purposes, subject to other covenants contained in the Indenture. If the aggregate principal amount of notes surrendered by holders thereof and other Pari Passu Notes surrendered by holders or lenders, collectively, exceeds the amount of Excess Proceeds, the Trustee shall select the notes and Pari Passu Notes to be purchased on a pro rata basis on the basis of the aggregate principal amount of tendered notes and Pari Passu Notes. Upon completion of such Asset Disposition Offer, the amount of Excess Proceeds shall be reset at zero.

The Asset Disposition Offer will remain open for a period of 20 Business Days following its commencement, except to the extent that a longer period is required by applicable law (the "*Asset Disposition Offer Period*"). No later than five Business Days after the termination of the Asset Disposition Offer Period (the "*Asset Disposition Purchase Date*"), the Company will purchase the principal amount of notes and Pari Passu Notes required to be purchased pursuant to this covenant (the "*Asset Disposition Offer Amount*") or, if less than the Asset Disposition Offer Amount has been so validly tendered, all notes and Pari Passu Notes validly tendered in response to the Asset Disposition Offer.

If the Asset Disposition Purchase Date is on or after an interest record date and on or before the related interest payment date, any accrued and unpaid interest will be paid to the Person in whose name a note is registered at the close of business on such record date, and no additional interest will be payable to holders who tender notes pursuant to the Asset Disposition Offer.

For the purposes of clause (2) of the first paragraph of this covenant only, the following will be deemed to be cash:

- (1) the release of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries from all liability on Indebtedness (other than Subordinated Obligations or Disqualified Stock) of the Company or Indebtedness of a Restricted Subsidiary (other than Guarantor Subordinated Obligations or Disqualified Stock of any Subsidiary Guarantor) in connection with such Asset Disposition, whether by assumption and release, satisfaction and discharge, or otherwise (in which case the Company will, without further action, be deemed to have applied such deemed cash to Indebtedness in accordance with clause (3)(a) above); and
- (2) securities, notes or other obligations received by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary from the transferee that are promptly converted by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary into cash or Cash Equivalents.

The Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, engage in any Asset Swaps, unless:

- (1) at the time of entering into such Asset Swap and immediately after giving effect to such Asset Swap, no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing or would occur as a consequence thereof; and
- (2) in the event such Asset Swap involves the transfer by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of assets having an aggregate fair market value, as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company in good faith, in excess of \$20.0 million, the terms of such Asset Swap have been approved by a majority of the members of the Board of Directors of the Company.

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The Company will comply, to the extent applicable, with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act and any other securities laws or regulations in connection with the repurchase of notes pursuant to the Indenture. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with provisions of this covenant, the Company will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations under the Indenture by virtue of any conflict.

Limitation on Affiliate Transactions

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, enter into or conduct any transaction (including the purchase, sale, lease or exchange of any property or the rendering of any service) with any Affiliate of the Company (an "*Affiliate Transaction*") involving aggregate consideration in excess of \$10.0 million unless:

(1) the terms of such Affiliate Transaction are no less favorable to the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, than those that could be obtained in a comparable transaction at the time of such transaction in arm's-length dealings with a Person who is not such an Affiliate; and

(2) in the event such Affiliate Transaction involves an aggregate consideration in excess of \$25.0 million, the terms of such transaction have been approved by a majority of the members of the Board of Directors of the Company and by a majority of the members of such Board having no personal stake in such transaction, if any (and such majority or majorities, as the case may be, determines that such Affiliate Transaction satisfies the criteria in clause (1) above).

The preceding paragraph will not apply to:

(1) any Restricted Payment (other than a Restricted Investment) and Permitted Investments (other than pursuant to clauses (1), (2), (11), (13) and (14) of the definition of "Permitted Investments") permitted to be made pursuant to the Indenture;

(2) any issuance of securities, or other payments, awards or grants in cash, securities or otherwise pursuant to, or the funding of, employment agreements and other compensation arrangements, options to purchase Capital Stock of the Company, restricted stock plans, long-term incentive plans, stock appreciation rights plans, participation plans or similar employee benefits plans and/or indemnity provided on behalf of officers, directors and employees approved by the Board of Directors of the Company;

(3) the payment of customary fees paid to, and indemnity provided on behalf of, directors of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary;

(4) loans or advances to employees, officers or directors of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business in an aggregate amount not in excess of \$2.0 million with respect to all loans or advances made since the Issue Date (without giving effect to the forgiveness of any such loan); *provided, however*, that the Company and its Subsidiaries shall comply in all material respects with the provisions of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 and the rules and regulations promulgated in connection therewith relating to the provision of any such loans and advances as if the Company had filed a registration statement with the SEC;

(5) any transaction between the Company and a Restricted Subsidiary or between Restricted Subsidiaries and Guarantees issued by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary for the benefit of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, in accordance with " Limitations on Indebtedness;"

(6) the existence of, and the performance of obligations of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries under the terms of any agreement to which the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries is a party as of or on the Issue Date and identified on a schedule to the

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Indenture on the Issue Date, as these agreements may be amended, modified, supplemented, extended or renewed from time to time; *provided, however*, that any future amendment, modification, supplement, extension or renewal entered into after the Issue Date will be permitted to the extent that its terms, taken as a whole, are not materially more disadvantageous to the holders of the notes than the terms of the agreements in effect on the Issue Date;

(7) transactions with customers, clients, suppliers or purchasers or sellers of goods or services, including Eagle Creek Mining & Drilling, Inc., in each case in the ordinary course of the business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries and otherwise in compliance with the terms of the Indenture; *provided* that in the reasonable determination of the members of the Board of Directors or senior management of the Company, such transactions are on terms that are no less favorable to the Company or the relevant Restricted Subsidiary than those that would have been obtained in a comparable transaction by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary with an unrelated Person; and

(8) any issuance or sale of Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) to Affiliates of the Company and the granting of registration and other customary rights in connection therewith.

Limitation on Sale of Capital Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries

The Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, transfer, convey, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any Voting Stock of any Restricted Subsidiary or, with respect to a Restricted Subsidiary, to issue any of the Voting Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary (other than, if necessary, shares of its Voting Stock constituting Foreign Required Minority Shares) to any Person except:

- (1) to the Company or a Wholly Owned Subsidiary;
- (2) the granting of Liens permitted under " Limitation on Liens"; and
- (3) in compliance with the covenant described under " Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock" and immediately after giving effect to such issuance or sale, such Restricted Subsidiary would continue to be a Restricted Subsidiary.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries may sell all the Voting Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary as long as the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries comply with the terms of the covenant described under " Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock."

SEC Reports

Notwithstanding that the Company may not be subject to the reporting requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, to the extent permitted by the Exchange Act, the Company will file with the SEC, and make available to the Trustee and the registered holders of the notes, the annual reports and the information, documents and other reports (or copies of such portions of any of the foregoing as the SEC may by rules and regulations prescribe) that are specified in Sections 13 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act with respect to U.S. issuers, in each case not later than 60 days after the final due dates therefor specified therein or in the relevant forms (after giving effect to any cure period specified therein). For the avoidance of doubt, no Default shall be deemed to occur under the Indenture until the expiration of such 60-day period, provided that the Trustee shall have no responsibility whatsoever to determine if such filing or posting has occurred.

In the event that the Company is not permitted to file such reports, documents and information with the SEC pursuant to the Exchange Act, the Company will nevertheless make available such Exchange Act information to the Trustee and the holders of the notes as if the Company were subject to the reporting requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, in each case not later than 60 days after the final due dates therefor specified therein or in the relevant forms (after giving effect to

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any cure period specified therein). For the avoidance of doubt, no Default shall be deemed to occur under the Indenture until the expiration of such 60-day period.

If the Company has designated any of its Subsidiaries as Unrestricted Subsidiaries, then the quarterly and annual financial information required by the preceding paragraph shall include a reasonably detailed presentation, either on the face of the financial statements or in the footnotes to the financial statements and in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition, of the financial condition and results of operations of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries.

In the event that any direct or indirect parent company of the Company becomes a guarantor of the notes, the Company may satisfy its obligations under this covenant by furnishing financial information relating to such parent; *provided* that (a) such financial statements are accompanied by consolidating financial information for such parent, the Company, the Subsidiary Guarantors and the Subsidiaries of the Company that are not Subsidiary Guarantors in the manner prescribed by the SEC and (b) such parent is not engaged in any business in any material respect other than incidental to its ownership, directly or indirectly, of the Capital Stock of the Company.

A Default under this covenant is subject to a 180-day cure period. During such cure period, the interest rate on the notes shall increase by 0.50% per annum.

Merger and Consolidation

The Company will not consolidate with or merge with or into, or convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all its assets to, any Person, unless:

- (1) the resulting, surviving or transferee Person (the "*Successor Company*") will be a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State of the United States or the District of Columbia and the Successor Company (if not the Company) will expressly assume, by supplemental indenture, executed and delivered to the Trustee, in form satisfactory to the Trustee, all the obligations of the Company under the notes and the Indenture;
- (2) immediately after giving effect to such transaction (and treating any Indebtedness that becomes an obligation of the Successor Company or any Subsidiary of the Successor Company as a result of such transaction as having been Incurred by the Successor Company or such Subsidiary at the time of such transaction), no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing;
- (3) immediately after giving effect to such transaction, the Successor Company would be able to Incur at least \$1.00 of additional Indebtedness pursuant to the first paragraph of the " Limitation on Indebtedness" covenant or the Consolidated Coverage Ratio for the Successor Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries would be greater than such ratio for the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries immediately prior to such transaction;
- (4) each Subsidiary Guarantor (unless it is the other party to the transactions above, in which case clause (1) shall apply or unless the Company is the Successor Company and such Subsidiary Guarantor was a Subsidiary Guarantor immediately prior to such transaction) shall have by supplemental indenture confirmed that its Subsidiary Guarantee shall apply to such Person's obligations in respect of the Indenture and the notes; and
- (5) the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, together stating that such consolidation, merger or transfer and such supplemental indenture (if any) comply with the Indenture.

For purposes of this covenant, the sale, lease, conveyance, assignment, transfer, or other disposition of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of one or more Subsidiaries of the Company, which properties and assets, if held by the Company instead of such Subsidiaries, would constitute all or

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substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company on a consolidated basis, shall be deemed to be the transfer of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company.

The predecessor Company will be released from its obligations under the Indenture and the Successor Company will succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company under the Indenture, but, in the case of a lease of all or substantially all its assets, the predecessor Company will not be released from the obligation to pay the principal of and interest on the notes.

Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase "substantially all," there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, in certain circumstances there may be a degree of uncertainty as to whether a particular transaction would involve "all or substantially all" of the property or assets of a Person.

Notwithstanding the preceding clause (3), (a) any Restricted Subsidiary may consolidate with, merge into or transfer all or part of its properties and assets to the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor and (b) the Company may merge with an Affiliate incorporated solely for the purpose of reincorporating the Company in another jurisdiction to realize tax benefits; *provided* that, in the case of a Restricted Subsidiary that merges into the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor, the Company will not be required to comply with the preceding clause (5).

In addition, the Company will not permit any Subsidiary Guarantor to consolidate with, merge with or into any Person (other than the Company or another Subsidiary Guarantor) and will not permit the conveyance, transfer or lease of all or substantially all of the assets of any Subsidiary Guarantor (other than to the Company or another Subsidiary Guarantor) unless:

(1) (a) if such entity remains a Subsidiary Guarantor, the resulting, surviving or transferee Person will be a corporation, partnership, trust or limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State of the United States or the District of Columbia and shall have by supplemental indenture confirmed that its Subsidiary Guarantee shall apply to such Person's obligations in respect of the Indenture and the notes; (b) immediately after giving effect to such transaction (and treating any Indebtedness that becomes an obligation of the resulting, surviving or transferee Person or any Restricted Subsidiary as a result of such transaction as having been Incurred by such Person or such Restricted Subsidiary at the time of such transaction), no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing; and (c) the Company will have delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, together stating that such consolidation, merger or transfer and such supplemental indenture (if any) comply with the Indenture; and

(2) the transaction is made in compliance with the covenant described under " Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock" (it being understood that only such portion of the Net Available Cash as is required to be applied on the date of such transaction in accordance with the terms of the Indenture needs to be applied in accordance therewith at such time), " Limitation on Sale of Capital Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries" and this " Merger and Consolidation" covenant.

Future Subsidiary Guarantors

After the Issue Date, the Company will cause each Restricted Subsidiary (other than a Foreign Subsidiary) that Guarantees any Indebtedness of the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor to execute and deliver to the Trustee a Subsidiary Guarantee pursuant to which such Subsidiary Guarantor will unconditionally Guarantee, on a joint and several basis, the full and prompt payment of the principal of, premium, if any and interest on the notes on a senior basis.

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The obligations of each Subsidiary Guarantor will be limited to the maximum amount as will, after giving effect to all other contingent and fixed liabilities of such Subsidiary Guarantor (including, without limitation, any guarantees under the Senior Credit Facility) and after giving effect to any collections from or payments made by or on behalf of any other Subsidiary Guarantor in respect of the obligations of such other Subsidiary Guarantor under its Subsidiary Guarantee or pursuant to its contribution obligations under the Indenture, result in the obligations of such Subsidiary Guarantor under its Subsidiary Guarantee not constituting a fraudulent conveyance or fraudulent transfer under federal or state law.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Indenture, in the event a Subsidiary Guarantor is sold or disposed of (whether by merger, consolidation, the sale of its Capital Stock or the sale of all or substantially all of its assets (other than by lease) and whether or not the Subsidiary Guarantor is the surviving corporation in such transaction) to a Person which is not the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary, such Subsidiary Guarantor will be released from its obligations under its Subsidiary Guarantee if:

- (1) the sale or other disposition is in compliance with the Indenture, including the covenants " Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock" (it being understood that only such portion of the Net Available Cash as is required to be applied on or before the date of such release in accordance with the terms of the Indenture needs to be applied in accordance therewith at such time), " Limitation on Sales of Capital Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries" and " Merger and Consolidation;" and
- (2) all the obligations of such Subsidiary Guarantor under all Indebtedness of the Company and all Subsidiary Guarantors terminate upon consummation of such transaction.

In addition, each Subsidiary Guarantor will be deemed released and relieved of its obligations under the Indenture and its Subsidiary Guarantee if the Company designates such Subsidiary as an Unrestricted Subsidiary and such designation complies with the other applicable provisions of the Indenture or in connection with any legal defeasance of the notes or upon satisfaction and discharge of the Indenture, each in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture.

Limitation on Lines of Business

The Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, engage in any business as a primary line of business other than a Related Business.

Payments for Consent

Neither the Company nor any of its Restricted Subsidiaries will, directly or indirectly, pay or cause to be paid any consideration, whether by way of interest, fees or otherwise, to any holder of any notes for or as an inducement to any consent, waiver or amendment of any of the terms or provisions of the Indenture or the notes unless such consideration is offered to be paid or is paid to all holders of the notes that consent, waive or agree to amend in the time frame set forth in the solicitation documents relating to such consent, waiver or amendment.

Events of Default

Each of the following is an Event of Default:

- (1) default in any payment of interest on any note when due, continued for 30 days;
- (2) default in the payment of principal of or premium, if any, on any note when due at its Stated Maturity, upon optional redemption, upon required repurchase, upon declaration or otherwise;

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(3) failure by the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor to comply with its obligations under " Certain Covenants Merger and Consolidation;"

(4) failure by the Company to comply for 30 days after notice as provided below with any of its obligations under the covenants described under " Change of Control" above or under the covenants described under " Certain Covenants" above (in each case, other than (a) a failure to purchase notes which constitutes an Event of Default under clause (2) above, (b) a failure to comply with " Certain Covenants Merger and Consolidation" which constitutes an Event of Default under clause (3) above or (c) a failure to comply with " Certain Covenants SEC Reports" which constitutes an Event of Default under clause (5)(a) below);

(5) (a) failure by the Company to comply with " Certain Covenants SEC Reports" for 180 days; or (b) failure by the Company to comply for 60 days after notice as provided below with its other agreements contained in the Indenture;

(6) default under any mortgage, indenture or instrument under which there may be issued or by which there may be secured or evidenced any Indebtedness for money borrowed by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries (or the payment of which is Guaranteed by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries), other than Indebtedness owed to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary, whether such Indebtedness or Guarantee now exists, or is created after the Issue Date, which default:

(a) is caused by a failure to pay principal of, or interest or premium, if any, on such Indebtedness prior to the expiration of the grace period provided in such Indebtedness ("*payment default*"); or

(b) results in the acceleration of such Indebtedness prior to its maturity (the "*cross acceleration provision*");

and, in each case, the principal amount of any such Indebtedness, together with the principal amount of any other such Indebtedness under which there has been a payment default or the maturity of which has been so accelerated, aggregates \$25.0 million or more;

(7) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of the Company or a Significant Subsidiary or group of Restricted Subsidiaries that, taken together (as of the latest audited consolidated financial statements for the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries), would constitute a Significant Subsidiary (the "*bankruptcy provisions*");

(8) failure by the Company or any Significant Subsidiary or group of Restricted Subsidiaries that, taken together (as of the latest audited consolidated financial statements for the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries), would constitute a Significant Subsidiary to pay final judgments aggregating in excess of \$25.0 million (net of any amounts covered by insurance with a reputable and creditworthy insurance company that has not disclaimed liability therefor in writing), which judgments are not paid, discharged or stayed for a period of 60 days (the "*judgment default provision*"); or

(9) (a) any Subsidiary Guarantee of a Significant Subsidiary or group of Restricted Subsidiaries that taken together as of the latest audited consolidated financial statements for the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries would constitute a Significant Subsidiary (i) ceases to be in full force and effect (except as contemplated by the terms of the Indenture) for 5 Business Days after notice as provided below or (ii) is declared null and void in a judicial proceeding or (b) any Subsidiary Guarantor that is a Significant Subsidiary or group of Subsidiary Guarantors that taken together as of the latest audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries would constitute a Significant Subsidiary denies or disaffirms its obligations under the Indenture or its Subsidiary Guarantee.

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However, a default under clauses (4), (5)(b) and (9)(a)(i) of this paragraph will not constitute an Event of Default until the Trustee or the holders of 25% in principal amount of the outstanding notes notify the Company of the default and the Company does not cure such default within the time specified in clauses (4), (5)(b) and (9)(a)(i) of this paragraph after receipt of such notice.

During the continuance of a Default under clause (5)(a) above, the interest rate on the notes shall increase by 0.50% per annum.

If an Event of Default (other than an Event of Default described in clause (7) above) occurs and is continuing, the Trustee by notice to the Company, or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding notes by notice to the Company and the Trustee, may, and the Trustee at the request of such holders shall, declare the principal of, premium, if any, and accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on all the notes to be due and payable. Upon such a declaration, such principal, premium and accrued and unpaid interest will be immediately due and payable. In the event of a declaration of acceleration of the notes because an Event of Default described in clause (6) under " Events of Default" has occurred and is continuing, the declaration of acceleration of the notes shall be automatically annulled if the default triggering such Event of Default pursuant to clause (6) shall be remedied or cured by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary or waived by the holders of the relevant Indebtedness within 20 days after the declaration of acceleration with respect thereto and if (1) the annulment of the acceleration of the notes would not conflict with any judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction and (2) all existing Events of Default, except nonpayment of principal, premium or interest on the notes that became due solely because of the acceleration of the notes, have been cured or waived. If an Event of Default described in clause (7) above occurs and is continuing, the principal of, premium, if any, and accrued and unpaid interest on all the notes will become and be immediately due and payable without any declaration or other act on the part of the Trustee or any holders. The holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding notes may waive all past defaults (except with respect to nonpayment of principal, premium or interest) and rescind any such acceleration with respect to the notes and its consequences if (1) rescission would not conflict with any judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction and (2) all existing Events of Default, other than the nonpayment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the notes that have become due solely by such declaration of acceleration, have been cured or waived.

Subject to the provisions of the Indenture relating to the duties of the Trustee, if an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers under the Indenture at the request or direction of any of the holders unless such holders have offered to the Trustee indemnity or security satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense. Except to enforce the right to receive payment of principal, premium, if any, or interest when due, no holder may pursue any remedy with respect to the Indenture or the notes unless:

- (1) such holder has previously given the Trustee written notice that an Event of Default is continuing;
- (2) holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding notes have requested the Trustee to pursue the remedy;
- (3) such holders have offered the Trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense;
- (4) the Trustee has not complied with such request within 60 days after the receipt of the request and the offer of security or indemnity; and
- (5) the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding notes have not given the Trustee a direction that, in the opinion of the Trustee, is inconsistent with such request within such 60-day period.

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Subject to certain restrictions, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding notes are given the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or of exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee. The Indenture provides that in the event an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Trustee will be required in the exercise of its powers to use the degree of care that a prudent person would use in the conduct of its own affairs. The Trustee, however, may refuse to follow any direction that conflicts with law or the Indenture or that the Trustee determines is unduly prejudicial to the rights of any other holder or that would involve the Trustee in personal liability. Prior to taking any action under the Indenture, the Trustee will be entitled to indemnification satisfactory to it in its sole discretion against all losses and expenses caused by taking or not taking such action.

The Indenture provides that if a Default occurs and is continuing and is actually known to the Trustee, the Trustee must mail (in the case of notes held in book entry form, by electronic transmission) to each holder notice of the Default within 90 days after it occurs. Except in the case of a Default in the payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on any note, the Trustee may withhold notice if and so long as a committee of trust officers of the Trustee in good faith determines that withholding notice is in the interests of the holders.

The Company is required to deliver to the Trustee, within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year, a certificate indicating whether the signers thereof know of any Default that occurred during the previous year. The Company also is required to deliver to the Trustee, within 30 days after the occurrence thereof, written notice of any events which would constitute certain Defaults, their status and what action the Company is taking or proposing to take in respect thereof.

Amendments and Waivers

Subject to certain exceptions, the Indenture and the notes may be amended or supplemented with the consent of the holders of a majority in principal amount of the notes then outstanding (including without limitation, consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or tender offer or exchange offer for, notes) and, subject to certain exceptions, any past default or compliance with any provisions may be waived with the consent of the holders of a majority in principal amount of the notes then outstanding (including, without limitation, consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or tender offer or exchange offer for, notes). However, without the consent of each holder of an outstanding note affected, no amendment, supplement or waiver may, among other things:

- (1) reduce the amount of notes whose holders must consent to an amendment;
- (2) reduce the stated rate of or extend the stated time for payment of interest on any note;
- (3) reduce the principal of or extend the Stated Maturity of any note;
- (4) reduce the premium payable upon the redemption or repurchase of any note or change the time at which any note may be redeemed or repurchased as described above under " Optional Redemption," " Change of Control" or " Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock" whether through an amendment or waiver of provisions in the covenants, definitions or otherwise (except amendments to the definitions of "Change of Control" and "Permitted Holder");
- (5) make any note payable in money other than that stated in the note;
- (6) impair the right of any holder to receive payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on such holder's notes on or after the due dates therefor or to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to such holder's notes;
- (7) make any change in the amendment provisions which require each holder's consent or in the waiver provisions;

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- (8) modify the ranking of the notes in any manner that adversely affects the rights of any holder of notes; or
- (9) modify the Subsidiary Guarantees in any manner adverse to the holders of the notes.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, without the consent of any holder, the Company, the Guarantors and the Trustee may amend the Indenture and the notes to:

- (1) cure any ambiguity, omission, defect or inconsistency;
- (2) provide for the assumption by a successor Person of the obligations of the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor under the Indenture;
- (3) provide for uncertificated notes in addition to or in place of certificated notes (*provided* that the uncertificated notes are issued in registered form for purposes of Section 163(f) of the Code, or in a manner such that the uncertificated notes are described in Section 163(f) (2) (B) of the Code);
- (4) add Guarantees with respect to the notes or release a Subsidiary Guarantor from its obligations under its Subsidiary Guarantee or the Indenture in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Indenture;
- (5) secure the notes;
- (6) add to the covenants of the Company for the benefit of the holders or surrender any right or power conferred upon the Company;
- (7) make any change that does not adversely affect the rights of any holder;
- (8) comply with any requirement of the SEC in connection with the qualification of the Indenture under the Trust Indenture Act;
- (9) provide for the appointment of a successor trustee; *provided* that the successor trustee is otherwise qualified and eligible to act as such under the terms of the Indenture; or
- (10) conform the text of the Indenture, the notes or the Subsidiary Guarantees to any provision of this "Description of Notes" to the extent that such provision in this "Description of Notes" is intended to be a verbatim recitation of a provision of the Indenture, the notes or the Subsidiary Guarantees.

The consent of the holders is not necessary under the Indenture to approve the particular form of any proposed amendment or supplement. It is sufficient if such consent approves the substance of the proposed amendment or supplement. A consent to any amendment, supplement or waiver under the Indenture by any holder of notes given in connection with a tender of such holder's notes will not be rendered invalid by such tender. After an amendment or supplement under the Indenture becomes effective, the Company is required to mail to the holders a notice briefly describing such amendment or supplement. However, the failure to give such notice to all the holders, or any defect in the notice will not impair or affect the validity of the amendment or supplement.

Defeasance

The Company at any time may terminate all its obligations under the notes and the Indenture ("*legal defeasance*"), except for certain obligations, including those respecting the defeasance trust and obligations to register the transfer or exchange of the notes, to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen notes and to maintain a registrar and paying agent in respect of the notes. If the Company exercises its legal defeasance option, the Subsidiary Guarantees in effect at such time will terminate.

The Company at any time may terminate its obligations described under " Change of Control" and under the covenants described under " Certain Covenants" (other than " Merger and

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Consolidation"), the operation of the cross-default upon a payment default, the cross acceleration provision, the bankruptcy provisions with respect to Subsidiaries and the judgment default provision described under " Events of Default" above and the limitations contained in clause (3) under " Certain Covenants Merger and Consolidation" above ("*covenant defeasance*").

The Company may exercise its legal defeasance option notwithstanding its prior exercise of its covenant defeasance option. If the Company exercises its legal defeasance option, payment of the notes may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default with respect to the notes and the Subsidiary Guarantees in effect at such time shall terminate. If the Company exercises its covenant defeasance option, payment of the notes may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default specified in clause (4), (5), (6), (7) (with respect only to Subsidiaries), (8) or (9) under " Events of Default" above or because of the failure of the Company to comply with clause (3) under " Certain Covenants Merger and Consolidation" above.

In order to exercise either defeasance option, the Company must irrevocably deposit in trust (the "*defeasance trust*") with the Trustee money or U.S. Government Obligations for the payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on the notes to redemption or maturity, as the case may be, and must comply with certain other conditions, including delivery to the Trustee of an Opinion of Counsel (subject to customary exceptions) in the United States to the effect that holders of the notes will not recognize income, gain or loss for Federal income tax purposes as a result of such deposit and defeasance and will be subject to Federal income tax on the same amount and in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such deposit and defeasance had not occurred. In the case of legal defeasance only, such Opinion of Counsel must be based on a ruling of the Internal Revenue Service or other change in applicable Federal income tax law.

No Personal Liability of Directors, Officers, Employees and Stockholders

No director, officer, employee, incorporator or stockholder of the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Company under the notes, the Indenture or the Subsidiary Guarantees or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each holder by accepting a note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the notes. Such waiver may not be effective to waive liabilities under the federal securities laws and it is the view of the SEC that such a waiver is against public policy.

Concerning the Trustee

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association is the Trustee under the Indenture and has been appointed by the Company as Registrar and Paying Agent with regard to the notes. It is also the trustee under the indentures governing the Company's existing senior notes and senior subordinated notes, and is and may be in the future a lender under the Company's senior secured revolving credit facility.

Governing Law

The Indenture provides that it and the notes will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, without regards to conflicts of laws principles thereof.

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Certain Definitions

"*Acquired Indebtedness*" means Indebtedness (1) of a Person or any of its Subsidiaries existing at the time such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary or (2) assumed in connection with the acquisition of assets from such Person, in each case whether or not Incurred by such Person in connection with, or in anticipation or contemplation of, such Person becoming a Restricted Subsidiary or such acquisition. Acquired Indebtedness shall be deemed to have been Incurred, with respect to clause (1) of the preceding sentence, on the date such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary and, with respect to clause (2) of the preceding sentence, on the date of consummation of such acquisition of assets.

"*Additional Assets*" means:

- (1) any property, plant, equipment or other asset (excluding current assets) to be used by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary in a Related Business;
- (2) capital expenditures by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary in a Related Business;
- (3) the Capital Stock of a Person that becomes a Restricted Subsidiary as a result of the acquisition of such Capital Stock by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary; or
- (4) Capital Stock constituting a minority interest in any Person that at such time is a Restricted Subsidiary;

provided, however, that, in the case of clauses (3) and (4), such Restricted Subsidiary is primarily engaged in a Related Business.

"*Adjusted Consolidated Net Tangible Assets*" means (without duplication), as of the date of determination, the remainder of:

(a) the sum of:

(i) discounted future net revenues from proved oil and gas reserves of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries calculated in accordance with SEC guidelines before any provincial, territorial, state, Federal or foreign income taxes, as estimated by the Company in a reserve report prepared as of the end of the Company's most recently completed fiscal year for which audited financial statements are available, as increased by, as of the date of determination, the estimated discounted future net revenues from

(A) estimated proved oil and gas reserves acquired since such year end, which reserves were not reflected in such year end reserve report, and

(B) estimated oil and gas reserves attributable to upward revisions of estimates of proved oil and gas reserves since such year end due to exploration, development or exploitation activities,

in each case calculated in accordance with SEC guidelines (utilizing the prices for the fiscal quarter ending prior to the date of determination),

and decreased by, as of the date of determination, the estimated discounted future net revenues from

(C) estimated proved oil and gas reserves produced or disposed of since such year end, and

(D) estimated oil and gas reserves attributable to downward revisions of estimates of proved oil and gas reserves since such year end due to changes in geological conditions or other factors which would, in accordance with standard industry practice, cause such revisions,

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in each case calculated on a pre-tax basis and substantially in accordance with SEC guidelines (utilizing the prices for the fiscal quarter ending prior to the date of determination), in each case as estimated by the Company's petroleum engineers or any independent petroleum engineers engaged by the Company for that purpose;

(ii) the capitalized costs that are attributable to oil and gas properties of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries to which no proved oil and gas reserves are attributable, based on the Company's books and records as of a date no earlier than the date of the Company's latest available annual or quarterly financial statements;

(iii) the Net Working Capital on a date no earlier than the date of the Company's latest annual or quarterly financial statements; and

(iv) the greater of

(A) the net book value of other tangible assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries, as of a date no earlier than the date of the Company's latest annual or quarterly financial statements, and

(B) the appraised value, as estimated by independent appraisers, of other tangible assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries, as of a date no earlier than the date of the Company's latest audited financial statements; minus

(b) the sum of:

(i) Minority Interests;

(ii) any net gas balancing liabilities of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries reflected in the Company's latest audited financial statements;

(iii) to the extent included in (a)(i) above, the discounted future net revenues, calculated in accordance with SEC guidelines (utilizing the prices utilized in the Company's year end reserve report), attributable to reserves which are required to be delivered to third parties to fully satisfy the obligations of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries with respect to Volumetric Production Payments (determined, if applicable, using the schedules specified with respect thereto); and

(iv) the discounted future net revenues, calculated in accordance with SEC guidelines, attributable to reserves subject to Dollar-Denominated Production Payments which, based on the estimates of production and price assumptions included in determining the discounted future net revenues specified in (a)(i) above, would be necessary to fully satisfy the payment obligations of the Company and its Subsidiaries with respect to Dollar-Denominated Production Payments (determined, if applicable, using the schedules specified with respect thereto).

If the Company changes its method of accounting from the successful efforts method of accounting to the full cost or a similar method, "Adjusted Consolidated Net Tangible Assets" will continue to be calculated as if the Company were still using the successful efforts method of accounting.

"Affiliate" of any specified Person means any other Person, directly or indirectly, controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, "control" when used with respect to any Person means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms "controlling" and "controlled" have meanings correlative to the foregoing; *provided* that exclusively for purposes of "Certain Covenants Limitation on Affiliate Transactions," beneficial ownership of 10% or more of the Voting Stock of a Person shall be deemed to be control.

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"*Asset Disposition*" means any direct or indirect sale, lease (other than an operating lease entered into in the ordinary course of business), transfer, issuance or other disposition, or a series of related sales, leases, transfers, issuances or dispositions that are part of a common plan, of shares of Capital Stock of a Subsidiary (other than Foreign Required Minority Shares), property or other assets (each referred to for the purposes of this definition as a "*disposition*") by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, including any disposition by means of a merger, consolidation or similar transaction, in each case after the Issue Date.

Notwithstanding the preceding, the following items shall not be deemed to be Asset Dispositions:

- (1) a disposition of assets by a Restricted Subsidiary to the Company or by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary to a Restricted Subsidiary;
- (2) a disposition of Cash Equivalents in the ordinary course of business;
- (3) a disposition of Hydrocarbons or Related Assets in the ordinary course of business;
- (4) a disposition of obsolete or worn out equipment or equipment that is no longer useful in the conduct of the business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries and that is disposed of in each case in the ordinary course of business;
- (5) transactions subject to and permitted under " Certain Covenants Merger and Consolidation;"
- (6) an issuance of Capital Stock by a Restricted Subsidiary to the Company or to a Restricted Subsidiary;
- (7) for purposes of " Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock" only, the making of a Permitted Investment (but, in the case of an Investment in which the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary receives consideration for such transaction including cash or Cash Equivalents, such transaction shall be deemed to also include an Asset Disposition having a fair market value equal to the aggregate amount of cash and Cash Equivalents so received) or a disposition subject to and in compliance with " Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments;"
- (8) an Asset Swap effected in compliance with " Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock;"
- (9) dispositions of assets with an aggregate fair market value since the Issue Date of less than \$5.0 million;
- (10) the creation of a Permitted Lien and dispositions in connection with Permitted Liens;
- (11) dispositions of receivables in connection with the compromise, settlement or collection thereof in the ordinary course of business or in bankruptcy or similar proceedings and exclusive of factoring or similar arrangements;
- (12) the issuance by a Restricted Subsidiary of Preferred Stock that is permitted by the covenant described under the caption " Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness;"
- (13) the licensing or sublicensing of intellectual property or other general intangibles and licenses, leases or subleases of other property in the ordinary course of business which do not materially interfere with the business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (14) foreclosure on assets;
- (15) any Production Payments and Reserve Sales that are customary in the Oil and Gas Business;

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- (16) a disposition of Permitted Investments of the type described in clause (7) of the definition thereof;
- (17) a disposition of Oil and Gas Properties in connection with tax credit transactions complying with Section 29 or any successor or analogous provisions of the Code;
- (18) surrender or waiver of contract rights or the settlement, release or surrender of contract, tort or other claims of any kind;
- (19) for purposes of clause (2) of " Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock" only, dispositions of equipment in the form of Capitalized Lease Obligations or mortgage or purchase money financing in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$25.0 million at any time outstanding; *provided* that any proceeds received in connection with any such transaction must be applied in accordance with " Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock;" and
- (20) Sale/Leaseback Transactions relating to assets acquired after the Issue Date; *provided* that each such Sale/Leaseback Transaction is consummated within 180 days after the date of the acquisition of such asset by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary (each, a "Qualifying SLB").

"*Asset Swap*" means a concurrent purchase and sale or exchange of Oil and Gas Properties between the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries and another Person; *provided* that any cash received must be applied in accordance with " Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock."

"*Attributable Indebtedness*" in respect of a Sale/Leaseback Transaction means, as at the time of determination, the present value (discounted at the interest rate implicit in the transaction) of the total obligations of the lessee for rental payments during the remaining term of the lease included in such Sale/Leaseback Transaction (including any period for which such lease has been extended), determined in accordance with GAAP; *provided, however*, that if such Sale/Leaseback Transaction results in a Capitalized Lease Obligation, the amount of Indebtedness represented thereby will be determined in accordance with the definition of "Capitalized Lease Obligations"; and *provided further*, obligations relating to Qualifying SLBs shall be deemed not to be Attributable Indebtedness.

"*Average Life*" means, as of the date of determination, with respect to any Indebtedness or Preferred Stock, the quotient obtained by dividing (1) the sum of the products of the numbers of years from the date of determination to the dates of each successive scheduled principal payment of such Indebtedness or redemption or similar payment with respect to such Preferred Stock multiplied by the amount of such payment by (2) the sum of all such payments.

"*Board of Directors*" means, as to any Person, the board of directors of such Person or any duly authorized committee thereof.

"*Business Day*" means each day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which banking institutions in New York, New York are authorized or required by law to close.

"*Capital Stock*" of any Person means any and all shares, interests, rights to purchase, warrants, options, participations or other equivalents of or interests in (however designated) equity of such Person, including any Preferred Stock and limited liability or partnership interests (whether general or limited), but excluding any debt securities convertible into such equity.

"*Capitalized Lease Obligations*" means an obligation that is required to be classified and accounted for as a capitalized lease for financial reporting purposes in accordance with GAAP, and the amount of Indebtedness represented by such obligation will be the capitalized amount of such obligation at the time any determination thereof is to be made as determined in accordance with GAAP, and the Stated Maturity thereof will be the date of the last payment of rent or any other amount due under such lease prior to the first date such lease may be terminated without penalty.

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"Cash Equivalents" means:

- (1) securities issued or directly and fully guaranteed or insured by the United States Government or any agency or instrumentality of the United States (*provided* that the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged in support thereof), having maturities of not more than one year from the date of acquisition;
- (2) marketable general obligations issued by any state of the United States of America or any political subdivision of any such state or any public instrumentality thereof maturing within one year from the date of acquisition thereof (*provided* that the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged in support thereof) and, at the time of acquisition, having a credit rating of "A" or better from either Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, Inc. or Moody's Investors Service, Inc.;
- (3) certificates of deposit, time deposits, eurodollar time deposits, overnight bank deposits or bankers' acceptances having maturities of not more than one year from the date of acquisition thereof issued by any commercial bank the long-term debt of which is rated at the time of acquisition thereof at least "A" or the equivalent thereof by Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, Inc., or "A" or the equivalent thereof by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., and having combined capital and surplus in excess of \$500 million;
- (4) repurchase obligations with a term of not more than 30 days for underlying securities of the types described in clauses (1), (2) and (3) entered into with any bank meeting the qualifications specified in clause (3) above;
- (5) commercial paper rated at the time of acquisition thereof at least "A-2" or the equivalent thereof by Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, Inc. or "P-2" or the equivalent thereof by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or carrying an equivalent rating by a nationally recognized rating agency, if both of the two named rating agencies cease publishing ratings of investments, and in any case maturing within one year after the date of acquisition thereof; and
- (6) interests in any investment company or money market fund which invests 95% or more of its assets in instruments of the type specified in clauses (1) through (5) above.

"Change of Control" means:

- (1) any "person" or "group" of related persons (as such terms are used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act), other than one or more Permitted Holders, becomes the beneficial owner (as defined in Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act, except that such person or group shall be deemed to have "beneficial ownership" of all shares that any such person or group has the right to acquire, whether such right is exercisable immediately or only after the passage of time), directly or indirectly, of more than 35% of the total voting power of the Voting Stock of the Company (or its successor by merger, consolidation or purchase of all or substantially all of its assets) (for the purposes of this clause, such person or group shall be deemed to beneficially own any Voting Stock of the Company held by a parent entity, if such person or group "beneficially owns" (as defined above), directly or indirectly, more than 35% of the voting power of the Voting Stock of such parent entity); or
- (2) the first day on which a majority of the members of the Board of Directors of the Company are not Continuing Directors;
or
- (3) the sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger or consolidation), in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries taken as a whole to any "person" (as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act) other than a Permitted Holder; or
- (4) the adoption by the stockholders of the Company of a plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of the Company.

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"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Commodity Agreement" means any commodity futures contract, commodity swap, commodity option or other similar agreement or arrangement, including options, swaps, floors, caps, collars, futures, forward sales or forward purchases involving commodities (including Hydrocarbons and Related Assets), commodity-related revenues or costs (including basis), equities, bonds, or indexes based on any of the foregoing and any other derivative agreement or arrangement based on any of the foregoing.

"Common Stock" means with respect to any Person, any and all shares, interest or other participations in, and other equivalents (however designated and whether voting or nonvoting) of such Person's common stock whether or not outstanding on the Issue Date, and includes, without limitation, all series and classes of such common stock.

"Consolidated Cash Flow" for any period means, without duplication, the Consolidated Net Income for such period, plus the following to the extent deducted in calculating such Consolidated Net Income:

- (1) Consolidated Interest Expense; plus
- (2) Consolidated Income Taxes; plus
- (3) consolidated depletion and depreciation expense; plus
- (4) consolidated amortization expense or impairment charges recorded in connection with the application of Financial Accounting Standard No. 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangibles" and Financial Accounting Standard No. 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long Lived Assets" and similar provisions; plus
- (5) other non-cash charges reducing Consolidated Net Income (excluding any such non-cash charge to the extent it represents an accrual of or reserve for cash charges in any future period or amortization of a prepaid cash expense that was paid in a prior period not included in the calculation); plus
- (6) consolidated exploration expense;

minus the sum of:

- (A) non-cash items increasing Consolidated Net Income of such Person for such period (excluding any items which represent the reversal of any accrual of, or reserve for, anticipated cash charges made in any prior period); and
- (B) to the extent included in calculating such Consolidated Net Income and in excess of any costs or expenses attributable thereto that were deducted in calculating such Consolidated Net Income, the sum of (x) the amount of deferred revenues that are amortized during such period and are attributable to reserves that are subject to Volumetric Production Payments, and (y) amounts recorded in accordance with GAAP as repayments of principal and interest pursuant to Dollar-Denominated Production Payments.

Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, clauses (2) through (6) relating to amounts of a Restricted Subsidiary of a Person will be added to Consolidated Net Income to compute Consolidated Cash Flow of such Person only to the extent (and in the same proportion) that the net earnings (loss) of such Restricted Subsidiary was included in calculating the Consolidated Net Income of such Person and, to the extent the amounts set forth in clauses (2) through (6) are in excess of those necessary to offset a net loss of such Restricted Subsidiary or if such Restricted Subsidiary has net earnings for such period included in Consolidated Net Income, only if a corresponding amount would be permitted at the date of determination to be dividended to the Company by such Restricted Subsidiary without prior approval (that has not been obtained), pursuant to the terms of its charter and all agreements, instruments, judgments, decrees, orders, statutes, rules and governmental regulations applicable to that Restricted Subsidiary or its stockholders.

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"*Consolidated Coverage Ratio*" means as of any date of determination, with respect to any Person, the ratio of (x) the aggregate amount of Consolidated Cash Flow of such Person for the period of the most recent four consecutive fiscal quarters ending prior to the date of such determination for which financial statements are in existence to (y) Consolidated Interest Expense for such four fiscal quarters, *provided, however*, that:

- (1) if the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary:

(a) has Incurred any Indebtedness since the beginning of such period that remains outstanding on such date of determination or if the transaction giving rise to the need to calculate the Consolidated Coverage Ratio is an Incurrence of Indebtedness, Consolidated Cash Flow and Consolidated Interest Expense for such period will be calculated after giving effect on a pro forma basis to such Indebtedness as if such Indebtedness had been Incurred on the first day of such period (except that in making such computation, the amount of Indebtedness under any revolving credit facility outstanding on the date of such calculation will be deemed to be (i) the average daily balance of such Indebtedness during such four fiscal quarters or such shorter period for which such facility was outstanding or (ii) if such facility was created after the end of such four fiscal quarters, the average daily balance of such Indebtedness during the period from the date of creation of such facility to the date of such calculation) and the discharge of any other Indebtedness repaid, repurchased, defeased or otherwise discharged with the proceeds of such new Indebtedness as if such discharge had occurred on the first day of such period; and

(b) has repaid, repurchased, defeased or otherwise discharged any Indebtedness since the beginning of the period that is no longer outstanding on such date of determination or if the transaction giving rise to the need to calculate the Consolidated Coverage Ratio involves a discharge of Indebtedness (in each case, other than Indebtedness Incurred under any revolving credit facility unless such Indebtedness has been permanently repaid and the related commitment terminated), Consolidated Cash Flow and Consolidated Interest Expense for such period will be calculated after giving effect on a pro forma basis to such discharge of such Indebtedness, including with the proceeds of such new Indebtedness, as if such discharge had occurred on the first day of such period;

- (2) if since the beginning of such period the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary shall have made any Asset Disposition or disposed of any company, division, operating unit, segment, business, group of related assets or line of business or if the transaction giving rise to the need to calculate the Consolidated Coverage Ratio is such an Asset Disposition:

(a) the Consolidated Cash Flow for such period will be reduced by an amount equal to the Consolidated Cash Flow (if positive) directly attributable to the assets which are the subject of such disposition for such period or increased by an amount equal to the Consolidated Cash Flow (if negative) directly attributable thereto for such period; and

(b) Consolidated Interest Expense for such period will be reduced by an amount equal to the Consolidated Interest Expense directly attributable to any Indebtedness of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary repaid, repurchased, defeased or otherwise discharged with respect to the Company and its continuing Restricted Subsidiaries in connection with such disposition for such period (or, if the Capital Stock of any Restricted Subsidiary is sold, the Consolidated Interest Expense for such period directly attributable to the Indebtedness of such Restricted Subsidiary to the extent the Company and its continuing Restricted Subsidiaries are no longer liable for such Indebtedness after such sale);

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(3) if since the beginning of such period the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (by merger or otherwise) shall have made an Investment in any Restricted Subsidiary (or any Person which becomes a Restricted Subsidiary or is merged with or into the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary) or an acquisition of assets, including any acquisition of assets occurring in connection with a transaction causing a calculation to be made hereunder, which constitutes all or substantially all of a company, division, operating unit, segment, business, group of related assets or line of business, Consolidated Cash Flow and Consolidated Interest Expense for such period will be calculated after giving pro forma effect thereto (including the Incurrence of any Indebtedness) as if such Investment or acquisition occurred on the first day of such period; and

(4) if since the beginning of such period any Person (that subsequently became a Restricted Subsidiary or was merged with or into the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary since the beginning of such period) shall have Incurred any Indebtedness or discharged any Indebtedness, made any disposition or any Investment or acquisition of assets that would have required an adjustment pursuant to clause (1), (2) or (3) above if made by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary during such period, Consolidated Cash Flow and Consolidated Interest Expense for such period will be calculated after giving pro forma effect thereto as if such Person had been a Restricted Subsidiary on the first day of such period and such transaction or transactions had occurred on the first day of such period.

For purposes of this definition, whenever pro forma effect is to be given to any calculation under this definition, the pro forma calculations will be determined in good faith by a responsible financial or accounting officer of the Company (including pro forma expense and cost reductions calculated on a basis consistent with Regulation S-X under the Securities Act). If any Indebtedness bears a floating rate of interest and is being given pro forma effect, the interest expense on such Indebtedness will be calculated as if the rate in effect on the date of determination had been the applicable rate for the entire period (taking into account any Interest Rate Agreement applicable to such Indebtedness to the extent of the remaining term thereof). If any Indebtedness that is being given pro forma effect bears an interest rate at the option of the Company, the interest rate shall be calculated by applying such optional rate chosen by the Company.

"*Consolidated Income Taxes*" means, with respect to any Person for any period, taxes imposed upon such Person or other payments required to be made by such Person by any governmental authority which taxes or other payments are calculated by reference to the income or profits of such Person or such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries (to the extent such income or profits were included in computing Consolidated Net Income for such period), regardless of whether such taxes or payments are required to be remitted to any governmental authority.

"*Consolidated Interest Expense*" means, for any period, the total interest expense of the Company and its consolidated Restricted Subsidiaries, whether paid or accrued, plus, to the extent not included in such interest expense and without duplication:

- (1) interest expense attributable to Capitalized Lease Obligations and the interest portion of rent expense associated with Attributable Indebtedness in respect of the relevant lease giving rise thereto, determined as if such lease were a capitalized lease in accordance with GAAP and the interest component of any deferred payment obligations;
- (2) amortization of debt discount; *provided, however*, that any amortization of bond premium will be credited to reduce Consolidated Interest Expense unless, pursuant to GAAP, such amortization of bond premium has otherwise reduced Consolidated Interest Expense;
- (3) non-cash interest expense;
- (4) commissions, discounts and other fees and charges owed with respect to letters of credit and bankers' acceptance financing;

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- (5) the interest expense on Indebtedness of another Person that is Guaranteed by such Person or one of its Restricted Subsidiaries or secured by a Lien on assets of such Person or one of its Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (6) costs associated with Hedging Obligations (including amortization of fees) *provided, however*, that if Hedging Obligations result in net benefits rather than costs, such benefits shall be credited to reduce Consolidated Interest Expense unless, pursuant to GAAP, such net benefits are otherwise reflected in Consolidated Net Income;
- (7) the consolidated interest expense of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries that was capitalized during such period;
- (8) the product of (a) all dividends paid or payable, in cash, Cash Equivalents or Indebtedness or accrued during such period on any series of Disqualified Stock of such Person or on Preferred Stock of its Restricted Subsidiaries that are not Subsidiary Guarantors payable to a party other than the Company or a Wholly Owned Subsidiary, times (b) a fraction, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is one minus the then current combined federal, state, provincial and local statutory tax rate of such Person, expressed as a decimal, in each case, on a consolidated basis and in accordance with GAAP;
- (9) Receivables Fees; and
- (10) the cash contributions to any employee stock ownership plan or similar trust to the extent such contributions are used by such plan or trust to pay interest or fees to any Person (other than the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries) in connection with Indebtedness Incurred by such plan or trust;

minus, to the extent included above, the sum of amortization of debt issuance costs and interest income.

For the purpose of calculating the Consolidated Coverage Ratio, the calculation of Consolidated Interest Expense shall include all interest expense (including any amounts described in clauses (1) through (10) above) relating to any Indebtedness of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary described in the penultimate paragraph of the definition of "Indebtedness".

For purposes of the foregoing, total interest expense will be determined (i) after giving effect to any net payments made or received by the Company and its Subsidiaries with respect to Interest Rate Agreements and (ii) exclusive of amounts classified as other comprehensive earnings in the balance sheet of the Company. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, commissions, discounts, yield and other fees and charges Incurred in connection with any transaction pursuant to which the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries may sell, convey or otherwise transfer or grant a security interest in any accounts receivable or related assets shall be included in Consolidated Interest Expense.

"*Consolidated Net Income*" means, for any period, the net earnings (loss) of the Company and its consolidated Restricted Subsidiaries determined in accordance with GAAP; *provided, however*, that there will not be included in such Consolidated Net Income:

- (1) any net earnings (or loss) of any Person if such Person is not a Restricted Subsidiary, except that:
 - (a) subject to the limitations contained in clauses (3), (4) and (5) below, the Company's equity in the net earnings of any such Person for such period will be included in such Consolidated Net Income up to the aggregate amount of cash actually distributed by such Person during such period to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary as a dividend, distribution or other payment (subject, in the case of a dividend, distribution or other payment to a Restricted Subsidiary, to the limitations contained in clause (2) below); and

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(b) the Company's equity in a net loss of any such Person (other than an Unrestricted Subsidiary) for such period will be included in determining such Consolidated Net Income to the extent such loss has been funded with cash from the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary;

(2) any net earnings (but not loss) of any Restricted Subsidiary if such Subsidiary is subject to restrictions, directly or indirectly, on the payment of dividends or the making of distributions by such Restricted Subsidiary, directly or indirectly, to the Company, except that:

(a) subject to the limitations contained in clauses (3), (4) and (5) below, the Company's equity in the net earnings of any such Restricted Subsidiary for such period will be included in such Consolidated Net Income up to the aggregate amount of cash that could have been distributed by such Restricted Subsidiary during such period to the Company or another Restricted Subsidiary as a dividend, distribution or other payment (subject, in the case of a dividend to another Restricted Subsidiary, to the limitation contained in this clause); and

(b) the Company's equity in a net loss of any such Restricted Subsidiary for such period will be included in determining such Consolidated Net Income;

(3) any after-tax gain (loss) realized upon the sale or other disposition of any property, plant or equipment of the Company or its consolidated Restricted Subsidiaries (including pursuant to any Sale/Leaseback Transaction) which is not sold or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business and any gain (loss) realized upon the sale or other disposition of any Capital Stock of any Person;

(4) any after-tax extraordinary gain or loss;

(5) the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principles;

(6) any asset impairment or writedown on or related to Oil and Gas Properties under GAAP or SEC guidelines;

(7) any unrealized non-cash gains or losses or charges in respect of Hedging Obligations (including those resulting from the application of SFAS 133 or similar provisions);

(8) any after-tax gain or loss realized on the termination of any employee pension benefit plan;

(9) non-cash charges relating to grants of performance shares, stock options, stock awards, stock purchase agreements or management compensation plans for officers, directors, employees or consultants of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary (excluding any such non-cash charge to the extent that it represents an accrual of or reserve for cash charges in any future period or amortization of a prepaid cash expense that was paid in a prior period) to the extent that such non-cash charges are deducted in computing such Consolidated Net Income; *provided* that if the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company makes a cash payment in respect of a non-cash charge in any period, such cash payment shall (without duplication) be deducted from the Consolidated Net Income of the Company for such period;

(10) any adjustments of a deferred tax liability or asset pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 which result from changes in enacted tax laws or rates; and

(11) costs incurred in connection with acquisitions that were eligible for capitalization treatment under GAAP but instead were expensed at the time of incurrence, *provided* that any such costs shall instead reduce Consolidated Net Income for any period to the extent of any amortization in such period that would have occurred had they had been capitalized).

"Continuing Directors" means, as of any date of determination, any member of the Board of Directors of the Company who: (1) was a member of such Board of Directors on the Issue Date; or

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(2) was nominated for election or elected to such Board of Directors with the approval of a majority of the Continuing Directors who were members of such Board at the time of such nomination or election.

"*Credit Facilities*" means, with respect to the Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor, one or more debt facilities (including, without limitation, the Senior Credit Facility and the senior secured uncommitted money market line of credit), or commercial paper facilities with banks or other institutional lenders providing for revolving credit loans, term loans, receivables financing (including through the sale of receivables to such lenders or to special purpose entities formed to borrow from such lenders against such receivables) or letters of credit, in each case, as amended, restated, modified, renewed, refunded, replaced or refinanced in whole or in part from time to time (and whether or not with the original administrative agent and lenders or another administrative agent or agents or other lenders and whether provided under the original Senior Credit Facility or any other credit or other agreement or indenture).

"*Currency Agreement*" means in respect of a Person any foreign exchange contract, currency swap agreement, futures contract, option contract or other similar agreement as to which such Person is a party or a beneficiary.

"*Default*" means any event which is, or after notice or passage of time or both would be, an Event of Default.

"*Disqualified Stock*" means, with respect to any Person, any Capital Stock of such Person which by its terms (or by the terms of any security into which it is convertible or for which it is exchangeable) or upon the happening of any event:

- (1) matures or is mandatorily redeemable pursuant to a sinking fund obligation or otherwise;
- (2) is convertible or exchangeable for Indebtedness or Disqualified Stock (excluding Capital Stock which is convertible or exchangeable solely at the option of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary); or
- (3) is redeemable at the option of the holder of the Capital Stock in whole or in part,

in each case on or prior to the date that is 91 days after the earlier of the date (a) of the Stated Maturity of the notes or (b) on which there are no notes outstanding, *provided* that only the portion of Capital Stock which so matures or is mandatorily redeemable, is so convertible or exchangeable or is so redeemable at the option of the holder thereof prior to such date will be deemed to be Disqualified Stock; *provided, further* that any Capital Stock that would constitute Disqualified Stock solely because the holders thereof have the right to require the Company to repurchase such Capital Stock upon the occurrence of a change of control or asset sale (each defined in a substantially identical manner to the corresponding definitions in the Indenture) shall not constitute Disqualified Stock if the terms of such Capital Stock (and all such securities into which it is convertible or for which it is ratable or exchangeable) provide that the Company may not repurchase or redeem any such Capital Stock (and all such securities into which it is convertible or for which it is ratable or exchangeable) pursuant to such provision prior to compliance by the Company with the provisions of the Indenture described under the captions " Change of Control" and " Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock" and such repurchase or redemption complies with " Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments."

"*Dollar-Denominated Production Payments*" means production payment obligations recorded as liabilities in accordance with GAAP, together with all undertakings and obligations in connection therewith.

"*Domestic Subsidiary*" means any Restricted Subsidiary that is organized under the laws of the United States of America or any state thereof or the District of Columbia.

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"*Equity Offering*" means a public or private offering, other than to a Subsidiary of the Company, for cash by the Company of its Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock).

"*Exchange Act*" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder.

"*Foreign Required Minority Shares*" means directors' qualifying shares and other shares of Capital Stock of a Foreign Subsidiary that are required by the applicable laws and regulations of such foreign jurisdiction to be owned by the government of such foreign jurisdiction or individual or corporate citizens of such foreign jurisdiction in order for such Foreign Subsidiary to transact business in such foreign jurisdiction.

"*Foreign Subsidiary*" means any Restricted Subsidiary that is not organized under the laws of the United States of America or any state thereof or the District of Columbia and any Subsidiary of such Restricted Subsidiary.

"*GAAP*" means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America as in effect as of the Issue Date, including those set forth in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board or in such other statements by such other entity as approved by a significant segment of the accounting profession. All ratios and computations based on GAAP contained in the Indenture will be computed in conformity with GAAP, except that in the event the Company is acquired in a transaction that is accounted for using purchase accounting, the effects of the application of purchase accounting shall be disregarded in the calculation of such ratios and other computations contained in the Indenture.

"*Guarantee*" means any obligation, contingent or otherwise, of any Person directly or indirectly guaranteeing any Indebtedness of any other Person and any obligation, direct or indirect, contingent or otherwise, of such Person:

- (1) to purchase or pay (or advance or supply funds for the purchase or payment of) such Indebtedness of such other Person (whether arising by virtue of partnership arrangements, or by agreement to keep-well, to purchase assets, goods, securities or services, to take-or-pay, or to maintain financial statement conditions or otherwise); or
- (2) entered into for purposes of assuring in any other manner the obligee of such Indebtedness of the payment thereof or to protect such obligee against loss in respect thereof (in whole or in part); *provided, however*, that the term "Guarantee" will not include endorsements for collection or deposit in the ordinary course of business. The term "Guarantee" used as a verb has a corresponding meaning.

"*Guarantor Subordinated Obligation*" means, with respect to a Subsidiary Guarantor, any Indebtedness of such Subsidiary Guarantor (whether outstanding on the Issue Date or thereafter Incurred) which is subordinated in right of payment to the obligations of such Subsidiary Guarantor under its Subsidiary Guarantee pursuant to a written agreement.

"*Hedging Obligations*" of any Person means the obligations of such Person pursuant to any Interest Rate Agreement, Currency Agreement or Commodity Agreement.

"*holder*" means a Person in whose name a note is registered on the Registrar's books.

"*Hydrocarbons*" means oil, natural gas, casinghead gas, drip gasoline, natural gasoline, condensate, distillate, liquid hydrocarbons, gaseous hydrocarbons and all constituents, elements or compounds thereof and products refined or processed therefrom.

"*Incur*" means issue, create, assume, Guarantee, incur or otherwise become liable for; *provided, however*, that any Indebtedness or Capital Stock of a Person existing at the time such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary (whether by merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise) will be deemed to be

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Incurring by such Restricted Subsidiary at the time it becomes a Restricted Subsidiary; and the terms "Incurred" and "Incurrence" have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

"*Indebtedness*" means, with respect to any Person on any date of determination (without duplication):

- (1) the principal of and premium (if any) in respect of indebtedness of such Person for borrowed money;
- (2) the principal of and premium (if any) in respect of obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or other similar instruments;
- (3) the principal component of all obligations of such Person in respect of letters of credit, bankers' acceptances or other similar instruments (including reimbursement obligations with respect thereto except to the extent such reimbursement obligation relates to a trade payable and such obligation is satisfied within 30 days of Incurrence);
- (4) the principal component of all obligations of such Person to pay the deferred and unpaid purchase price of property (except trade payables), which purchase price is due more than six months after the date of placing such property in service or taking delivery and title thereto;
- (5) Capitalized Lease Obligations and all Attributable Indebtedness of such Person;
- (6) the principal component or liquidation preference of all obligations of such Person with respect to the redemption, repayment or other repurchase of any Disqualified Stock or, with respect to any Subsidiary that is not a Subsidiary Guarantor, any Preferred Stock;
- (7) the principal component of all Indebtedness of other Persons secured by a Lien on any asset of such Person, whether or not such Indebtedness is assumed by such Person; *provided, however*, that the amount of such Indebtedness will be the lesser of (a) the liquidation value of such asset at such date of determination and (b) the amount of such Indebtedness of such other Persons;
- (8) the principal component of Indebtedness of other Persons to the extent Guaranteed by such Person;
- (9) to the extent not otherwise included in this definition, net obligations of such Person under Hedging Obligations (the amount of any such obligations to be equal at any time to the termination value of such agreement or arrangement giving rise to such obligation that would be payable by such Person at such time); and
- (10) to the extent not otherwise included in this definition, the amount of obligations outstanding under the legal documents entered into as part of a securitization transaction or series of securitization transactions that would be characterized as principal if such transaction were structured as a secured lending transaction rather than as a purchase outstanding relating to a securitization transaction or series of securitization transactions.

Notwithstanding the preceding, Indebtedness shall not include Volumetric Production Payments. The amount of Indebtedness of any Person at any date will be the outstanding balance at such date of all unconditional obligations as described above and the maximum liability, upon the occurrence of the contingency giving rise to the obligation, of any contingent obligations at such date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, money borrowed and set aside at the time of the Incurrence of any Indebtedness in order to pre-fund the payment of interest on such Indebtedness shall not be deemed to be "*Indebtedness*," *provided* that such money is held to secure the payment of such interest.

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In addition, "Indebtedness" of any Person shall include Indebtedness described in the preceding paragraph that would not appear as a liability on the balance sheet of such Person if:

- (1) such Indebtedness is the obligation of a partnership, limited liability company or similar entity that is not a Restricted Subsidiary (a "*Joint Venture*");
- (2) such Person or a Restricted Subsidiary of such Person is a general partner of the Joint Venture (a "*General Partner*"); and
- (3) there is recourse, by contract or operation of law, with respect to the payment of such Indebtedness to property or assets of such Person or a Restricted Subsidiary of such Person; and then such Indebtedness shall be included in an amount not to exceed:
 - (a) the lesser of (i) the net assets of the General Partner and (ii) the amount of such obligations to the extent that there is recourse, by contract or operation of law, to the property or assets of such Person or a Restricted Subsidiary of such Person; or
 - (b) if less than the amount determined pursuant to clause (a) immediately above, the actual amount of such Indebtedness that is recourse to such Person or a Restricted Subsidiary of such Person, if the Indebtedness is evidenced by a writing and is for a determinable amount.

No Indebtedness will be deemed to be subordinate in right of payment to any other Indebtedness solely by virtue of being unsecured, being secured by junior liens or having a later maturity date.

"*Interest Rate Agreement*" means, with respect to any Person any interest rate protection agreement, interest rate future agreement, interest rate option agreement, interest rate swap agreement, interest rate cap agreement, interest rate collar agreement, interest rate hedge agreement or other similar agreement or arrangement as to which such Person is party or a beneficiary.

"*Investment*" means, with respect to any Person, all investments by such Person in other Persons (including Affiliates) in the form of any direct or indirect advance, loan or other extension of credit (including by way of Guarantee or similar arrangement) or capital contribution to (by means of any transfer of cash or other property to others or any payment for property or services for the account or use of others), or any purchase or acquisition of Capital Stock, Indebtedness or other similar instruments issued by, such Person and all other items that are or would be classified as investments on a balance sheet prepared in accordance with GAAP.

For purposes of " *Certain Covenants* *Limitation on Restricted Payments*,"

- (1) "*Investment*" will include the portion (proportionate to the Company's equity interest in a Restricted Subsidiary to be designated as an Unrestricted Subsidiary) of the fair market value of the net assets of such Restricted Subsidiary at the time that such Restricted Subsidiary is designated an Unrestricted Subsidiary; *provided, however*, that upon a redesignation of such Subsidiary as a Restricted Subsidiary, the Company will be deemed to continue to have a permanent "*Investment*" in an Unrestricted Subsidiary in an amount (if positive) equal to (a) the Company's "*Investment*" in such Subsidiary at the time of such redesignation less (b) the portion (proportionate to the Company's equity interest in such Subsidiary) of the fair market value of the net assets (as conclusively determined by the Board of Directors of the Company in good faith) of such Subsidiary at the time that such Subsidiary is so re-designated a Restricted Subsidiary; and
- (2) any property transferred to or from an Unrestricted Subsidiary will be valued at its fair market value at the time of such transfer, in each case as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors of the Company.

"*Investment Grade Rating*" means a rating equal to or higher than Baa3 (or the equivalent) by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and BBB- (or the equivalent) by Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, Inc., in each case, with a stable or better outlook.

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"*Issue Date*" means the date on which notes are first issued under the Indenture.

"*Lien*" means any mortgage, pledge, security interest, encumbrance, lien or charge of any kind (including any conditional sale or other title retention agreement or lease in the nature thereof).

"*Minority Interest*" means the percentage interest represented by any shares of stock of any class of Capital Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary that are not owned by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary.

"*Net Available Cash*" from an Asset Disposition means cash payments received (including any cash payments received by way of deferred payment of principal pursuant to a note or installment receivable or otherwise and net proceeds from the sale or other disposition of any securities received as consideration, but only as and when received, but excluding any other consideration received in the form of assumption by the acquiring Person of Indebtedness or other obligations relating to the properties or assets that are the subject of such Asset Disposition or received in any other non-cash form) therefrom, in each case net of:

- (1) all legal, accounting, engineering, investment banking, brokerage, title and recording tax expenses, commissions and other fees and expenses Incurred, and all Federal, state, provincial, foreign and local taxes required to be paid or accrued as a liability under GAAP (after taking into account any available tax credits or deductions and any tax sharing agreements), as a consequence of such Asset Disposition, and any relocation expenses incurred or assumed in connection with such Asset Disposition;
- (2) all payments made on any Indebtedness which is secured by any assets subject to such Asset Disposition, in accordance with the terms of any Lien upon such assets, or which must by its terms, or in order to obtain a necessary consent to such Asset Disposition, or, by applicable law, be repaid out of the proceeds from such Asset Disposition;
- (3) all distributions and other payments required to be made to minority interest holders in Subsidiaries or Joint Ventures or to holders of royalty or similar interests as a result of such Asset Disposition; and
- (4) the deduction of appropriate amounts to be provided by the seller as reserves, in accordance with GAAP, (A) for adjustment in respect of the sale price of the assets that were the subject of such Asset Disposition and (B) against any liabilities associated with the assets disposed of in such Asset Disposition and retained by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary after such Asset Disposition.

"*Net Cash Proceeds*," with respect to any issuance or sale of Capital Stock, means the cash proceeds of such issuance or sale net of attorneys' fees, accountants' fees, underwriters' or placement agents' fees, listing fees, discounts or commissions and brokerage, consultant and other fees and charges actually Incurred in connection with such issuance or sale and net of taxes paid or payable as a result of such issuance or sale (after taking into account any available tax credit or deductions and any tax sharing arrangements).

"*Net Working Capital*" means (a) all current assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries except current assets constituting non-cash gains on Hedging Obligations resulting from the requirements of FAS 133 and similar provisions, less (b) all current liabilities of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries, except current liabilities included in Indebtedness and any current liabilities constituting any non-cash losses or charges on Hedging Obligations resulting from the requirements of FAS 133 and similar provisions, in each case as set forth in the consolidated financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with GAAP.

"*Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiary*" means any Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Subsidiary Guarantor.

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"*Non-Recourse Debt*" means Indebtedness of a Person:

(1) as to which neither the Company nor any Restricted Subsidiary (a) provides any Guarantee or credit support of any kind (including any undertaking, guarantee, indemnity, agreement or instrument that would constitute Indebtedness) or (b) is directly or indirectly liable (as a guarantor or otherwise); and

(2) no default with respect to which (including any rights that the holders thereof may have to take enforcement action against an Unrestricted Subsidiary) would permit (upon notice, lapse of time or both) any holder of any other Indebtedness of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary to declare a default under such other Indebtedness or cause the payment thereof to be accelerated or payable prior to its Stated Maturity.

"*Officer*" means the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, the Chief Financial Officer, any Vice President, the Treasurer or the Secretary of the Company. Officer of any Subsidiary Guarantor has a correlative meaning.

"*Officers' Certificate*" means a certificate signed by two Officers or by an Officer and either an Assistant Treasurer or an Assistant Secretary of the Company.

"*Oil and Gas Business*" means (a) the business of acquiring, exploring, exploiting, developing, producing, operating and disposing of interests in Hydrocarbons and Oil and Gas Properties, (b) the business of gathering, marketing, distributing, treating, processing, storing, refining, selling and transporting of Hydrocarbons and Oil and Gas Properties and products produced in association therewith, (c) other energy-related business, including the ownership and operation of co-generation facilities and steam and electrical transmission businesses, (d) any business relating to oil field sales and services including ownership and operation of drilling rigs, and (e) any business or activity relating to, arising from, or necessary, appropriate or incidental to, the activities described in the foregoing clauses of this definition.

"*Oil and Gas Properties*" means all properties, including equity or other ownership interests therein, owned by such Person which contain or are believed to contain oil and gas reserves.

"*Opinion of Counsel*" means a written opinion from legal counsel who is acceptable to the Trustee. The counsel may be an employee of or counsel to the Company or the Trustee.

"*Pari Passu Indebtedness*" means Indebtedness that ranks equally in right of payment to the notes.

"*Permitted Business Investment*" means any Investment made in the ordinary course of, and of a nature that is or shall have become customary in, the Oil and Gas Business or any other Related Business including investments or expenditures for actively exploiting, exploring for, acquiring, developing, producing, operating, disposing of interests in, processing, gathering, marketing, distributing, treating, storing, refining, selling or transporting Hydrocarbons, Related Assets and Oil and Gas Properties through agreements, transactions, interests or arrangements which permit one to share risks or costs, comply with regulatory requirements regarding local ownership or satisfy other objectives customarily achieved through the conduct of such businesses jointly with third parties, including:

(1) ownership interests in Oil and Gas Properties, co-generation facilities, refineries, liquid natural gas facilities, processing facilities, gathering systems, pipelines or ancillary real property interests, either directly or through entities the primary business of which is to own or operate any of the foregoing; and

(2) entry into and Investments in the form of or pursuant to, operating agreements, working interests, royalty interests, mineral leases, processing agreements, farm-in agreements, farm-out agreements, contracts for the sale, transportation or exchange of oil and natural gas, production sharing agreements, development agreements, area of mutual interest agreements, unitization agreements, pooling arrangements, joint bidding agreements, service contracts, joint

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venture agreements, partnership agreements (whether general or limited), limited liability company agreements, subscription agreements, stock purchase agreements, stockholder agreements and other similar agreements with third parties (including Unrestricted Subsidiaries);

provided, however, that a "Permitted Business Investment" shall only include Investments in entities that are classified as pass-through entities for U.S. federal, state and local and foreign income tax purposes.

"*Permitted Holders*" means William F. Berry and Winberta Holdings, Ltd. Any person or group whose acquisition of beneficial ownership constitutes a Change of Control in respect of which a Change of Control Offer is made in accordance with the requirements of the Indenture (or would result in a Change of Control Offer in the absence of the waiver of such requirement by holders in accordance with the Indenture) will thereafter constitute additional Permitted Holders.

"*Permitted Investment*" means an Investment by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in:

(1) the Company, a Restricted Subsidiary or a Person which will, upon the making of such Investment, become a Restricted Subsidiary; *provided, however*, that the primary business of such Restricted Subsidiary is a Related Business;

(2) another Person if as a result of such Investment such other Person is merged or consolidated with or into, or transfers or conveys all or substantially all its assets to, the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary; *provided, however*, that such Person's primary business is a Related Business;

(3) cash and Cash Equivalents;

(4) receivables owing to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary created or acquired in the ordinary course of business and payable or dischargeable in accordance with customary trade terms; *provided, however*, that such trade terms may include such concessionary trade terms as the Company or any such Restricted Subsidiary deems reasonable under the circumstances;

(5) payroll, travel and similar advances to cover matters that are expected at the time of such advances ultimately to be treated as expenses for accounting purposes and that are made in the ordinary course of business;

(6) loans or advances to, and Guarantees of obligations of, employees, officers or directors of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business in an aggregate amount not in excess of \$2.0 million with respect to all loans or advances made since the Start Date (without giving effect to the forgiveness of any such loan); *provided, however*, that the Company and its Subsidiaries shall comply in all material respects with the provisions of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 and the rules and regulations promulgated in connection therewith relating to the provision of any such loans and advances as if the Company had filed a registration statement with the SEC;

(7) Capital Stock, obligations or securities received in settlement of debts created in the ordinary course of business and owing to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or in satisfaction of judgments or pursuant to any plan of reorganization or similar arrangement upon the bankruptcy or insolvency of a debtor;

(8) Investments made as a result of the receipt of non-cash consideration from an Asset Disposition or other disposition that was made pursuant to and in compliance with " Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock;"

(9) Investments in existence on the Start Date;

(10) Currency Agreements, Interest Rate Agreements, Commodity Agreements and related Hedging Obligations, which transactions or obligations are Incurred in compliance with " Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness;"

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(11) Investments by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, together with all other Investments pursuant to this clause (11), in an aggregate amount at the time of such Investment not to exceed \$10.0 million outstanding at any one time (with the fair market value of such Investment being measured at the time made and without giving effect to subsequent changes in value);

(12) Guarantees issued in accordance with " Certain Covenants Limitations on Indebtedness;"

(13) any Asset Swap made in accordance with " Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock Swaps;"

(14) Permitted Business Investments;

(15) Investments constituting prepaid expenses or advances or extensions of credit to customers or suppliers in the ordinary course of business;

(16) endorsements of negotiable instruments and documents in the ordinary course of business;

(17) acquisitions of assets, Capital Stock or other securities by the Company or a Subsidiary for consideration to the extent such consideration consists of Common Stock of the Company; *provided, however*, that the Qualified Proceeds from such sale of Capital Stock (to the extent so used) will be excluded from clause (c)(ii) of the covenant described under " Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments;"

(18) Investments in the form of Capitalized Lease Obligations or mortgage or purchase money financing in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$25.0 million at any time outstanding;

(19) Investments in the form of bank deposits (other than time deposits); and

(20) Investments in the form of other deposits made in the ordinary course of business and constituting Permitted Liens.

"*Permitted Liens*" means, with respect to any Person:

(1) Liens securing Indebtedness under Credit Facilities (and related Hedging Obligations and related Guarantees) permitted to be Incurred under " Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness";

(2) pledges or deposits by such Person under workers' compensation laws, unemployment insurance laws or similar legislation, or good faith deposits in connection with bids, tenders or contracts (including leases but excluding contracts for the payment of Indebtedness) to which such Person is a party, or deposits to secure public or statutory obligations of such Person or deposits of cash or United States government bonds to secure surety or appeal bonds to which such Person is a party, or deposits as security for contested taxes or import or customs duties or for the payment of rent, in each case Incurred in the ordinary course of business;

(3) Liens imposed by law, including carriers', warehousemen's, mechanics', materialmen's and repairmen's Liens, or related contracts in the ordinary course of business, in each case for sums not yet due or being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings if a reserve or other appropriate provisions, if any, as shall be required by GAAP shall have been made in respect thereof;

(4) Liens for taxes, assessments or other governmental charges not yet subject to penalties for non-payment or which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings provided appropriate reserves required pursuant to GAAP have been made in respect thereof;

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(5) Liens in favor of issuers of surety or performance bonds or letters of credit or bankers' acceptances issued pursuant to the request of and for the account of such Person in the ordinary course of its business; *provided, however*, that such letters of credit do not constitute Indebtedness;

(6) encumbrances, ground leases, easements or reservations of, or rights of others for, licenses, rights of way, sewers, electric lines, telegraph and telephone lines and other similar purposes, or zoning, building codes or other restrictions (including, without limitation, minor defects or irregularities in title and similar encumbrances) as to the use of real properties or liens incidental to the conduct of the business of such Person or to the ownership of its properties which do not in the aggregate materially adversely affect the value of said properties or materially impair their use in the operation of the business of such Person;

(7) Liens securing Hedging Obligations permitted under clause (6) of the second paragraph of " Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness";

(8) leases, licenses, subleases and sublicenses of assets (including, without limitation, real property and intellectual property rights) which do not materially interfere with the ordinary conduct of the business of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries;

(9) judgment Liens not giving rise to an Event of Default so long as such Lien is adequately bonded and any appropriate legal proceedings which may have been duly initiated for the review of such judgment have not been finally terminated or the period within which such proceedings may be initiated has not expired;

(10) Liens for the purpose of securing Indebtedness represented by Capitalized Lease Obligations, mortgage financings, purchase money obligations or other payments Incurred to finance all or any part of the purchase price or cost of construction or improvement of assets or property (other than Capital Stock or other Investments) acquired, constructed or improved by such Person; *provided that*:

(a) the aggregate principal amount of Indebtedness secured by such Liens is otherwise permitted to be Incurred under the Indenture and does not exceed the cost of the assets or property so acquired, constructed or improved; and

(b) such Liens are created within 180 days of construction, acquisition or improvement of such assets or property and do not encumber any other assets or property of such Person other than such assets or property and assets affixed or appurtenant thereto and proceeds thereof;

(11) Liens arising solely by virtue of any statutory or common law provisions relating to banker's Liens, rights of set-off or similar rights or related contracts in the ordinary course of business and remedies as to deposit accounts or other funds maintained with a depository institution; *provided that*:

(a) such deposit account is not a dedicated cash collateral account and is not subject to restrictions against access by such Person in excess of those set forth by regulations promulgated by the Federal Reserve Board; and

(b) such deposit account is not intended by such Person to provide collateral to the depository institution;

(12) Liens arising from Uniform Commercial Code financing statement filings regarding operating leases entered into by such Person in the ordinary course of business;

(13) Liens existing on the Issue Date (other than Liens permitted under clause (1));

(14) Liens on property or Capital Stock of a Person at the time such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary, or is merged with or into or consolidated with or acquired by, the Company

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or a Restricted Subsidiary; *provided, however*, that such Liens are not created, Incurred or assumed in connection with, or in contemplation of, such event; *provided further*, however, that any such Lien may not extend to any other property owned by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary other than improvements, additions and accessions to such property, dividends and distributions in respect of such property and proceeds of any of the foregoing;

(15) Liens on property at the time the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary acquired the property, including any acquisition by means of a merger or consolidation with or into the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary; provided, however, that such Liens are not created, Incurred or assumed in connection with, or in contemplation of, such acquisition; provided further, however, that such Liens may not extend to any other property owned by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary other than improvements, additions and accessions to such property, dividends and distributions in respect of such property and proceeds of any of the foregoing;

(16) Liens in favor of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary;

(17) Liens securing the notes and Subsidiary Guarantees;

(18) Liens securing Refinancing Indebtedness Incurred to refinance, refund, replace, amend, extend or modify, as a whole or in part, Indebtedness that was previously so secured pursuant to clauses (9), (10), (13), (14), (15), (17) and (18) of this definition, *provided* that any such Lien is limited to all or part of the same property or assets (plus improvements, additions, accessions, proceeds, dividends and distributions in respect thereof) that secured (or, under the written arrangements under which the original Lien arose, could secure) the Indebtedness being refinanced or is in respect of property that is the security for a Permitted Lien hereunder;

(19) any interest or title of a lessor under any operating lease;

(20) Liens under industrial revenue, municipal or similar bonds;

(21) Liens in respect of Production Payments and Reserve Sales, which Liens shall be limited to the property that is the subject of such Production Payments and Reserve Sales and proceeds thereof;

(22) Liens arising under farm-out agreements, farm-in agreements, division orders, mineral leases, partnership agreements, joint venture agreements, contracts for the sale, purchase, exchange, transportation, gathering or processing of Hydrocarbons and Related Assets, unitizations and pooling designations, declarations, orders and agreements, development agreements, operating agreements, production sales contracts, area of mutual interest agreements, gas balancing or deferred production agreements, injection, repressuring and recycling agreements, salt water or other disposal agreements, seismic or geophysical permits or agreements, and other agreements which are customary in any Related Business; *provided, however*, in all instances that such Liens are limited to the assets that are the subject of the relevant agreement, program, order or contract and improvements, additions and accessions thereto, and proceeds of any of the foregoing;

(23) Liens on pipelines or pipeline facilities that arise by operation of law;

(24) Liens encumbering assets under construction (and improvements, additions and accessions thereto and proceeds of any of the foregoing) arising from progress or partial payments by a customer of the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries relating to such assets;

(25) Liens arising under the Indenture in favor of the Trustee for its own benefit and similar Liens in favor of other trustees, agents and representatives arising under instruments governing Indebtedness permitted to be incurred under the Indenture, *provided*, that such Liens are solely for the benefit of the trustees, agents, or representatives in their capacities as such and not for the benefit of the holders of such Indebtedness;

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(26) Liens arising from the deposit of funds or securities in trust for the purpose of decreasing or defeasing Indebtedness so long as such deposit of funds or securities and such decreasing or defeasing of Indebtedness are permitted under the covenant described under "Certain Covenants - Limitation on Restricted Payments;" and

(27) Liens securing Indebtedness (other than Subordinated Obligations and Guarantor Subordinated Obligations) and other unsubordinated obligations in an aggregate amount outstanding at any one time not to exceed \$15.0 million.

"*Person*" means any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization, limited liability company, government or any agency or political subdivision hereof or any other entity.

"*Preferred Stock*," as applied to the Capital Stock of any corporation, means Capital Stock of any class or classes (however designated) which is preferred as to the payment of dividends, or as to the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation or dissolution of such corporation, over shares of Capital Stock of any other class of such corporation.

"*Production Payments and Reserve Sales*" means the grant or transfer by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary to any Person of a royalty, overriding royalty, net profits interest, production payment (including Volumetric Production Payments and Dollar-Denominated Production Payments), partnership or other interest in oil and gas properties, reserves or the right to receive all or a portion of the production or the proceeds from the sale of production attributable to such properties where the holder of such interest has recourse solely to such production or proceeds of production, subject to the obligation of the grantor or transferor to operate and maintain, or cause the subject interests to be operated and maintained, in a reasonably prudent manner or other customary standard or subject to the obligation of the grantor or transferor to indemnify for environmental, title or other matters customary in the Oil and Gas Business, including any such grants or transfers pursuant to incentive compensation programs on terms that are reasonably customary in the Oil and Gas Business for geologists, geophysicists or other providers of technical services to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary.

"*Qualified Proceeds*" means any of the following or any combination thereof: (1) Net Cash Proceeds, (2) Cash Equivalents, (3) assets that are used or useful in a Related Business and (4) the Capital Stock of any Person engaged in a Related Business that becomes a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company or merges with or into the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company.

"*Rating Agencies*" means Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, Inc. and Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or if Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, Inc. or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or both shall not make a rating on the notes publicly available, a nationally recognized statistical rating agency or agencies, as the case may be, selected by the Company (as certified by a resolution of the Board of Directors) which shall be substituted for Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, Inc. or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or both, as the case may be.

"*Receivable*" means a right to receive payment arising from a sale or lease of goods or the performance of services by a Person pursuant to an arrangement with another Person pursuant to which such other Person is obligated to pay for goods or services under terms that permit the purchase of such goods and services on credit and shall include, in any event, any items of property that would be classified as an "account," "chattel paper," "payment intangible" or "instrument" under the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of New York and any "supporting obligations" as so defined.

"*Receivables Fees*" means any fees or interest paid to purchasers or lenders providing the financing in connection with a securitization transaction, factoring agreement or other similar agreement, including any such amounts paid by discounting the face amount of Receivables or participations therein transferred in connection with a securitization transaction, factoring agreement or other similar arrangement, regardless of whether any such transaction is structured as on-balance sheet or off-balance sheet or through a Restricted Subsidiary or an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

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"*Refinancing Indebtedness*" means Indebtedness that is Incurred to refund, refinance, replace, exchange, renew, repay or extend (including pursuant to any defeasance or discharge mechanism) (collectively, "*refinance*"; "*refinances*" and "*refinanced*" shall each have a correlative meaning) any Indebtedness existing on the Issue Date or Incurred in compliance with the Indenture (including Indebtedness of the Company that refinances Indebtedness of any Restricted Subsidiary and Indebtedness of any Restricted Subsidiary that refinances Indebtedness of another Restricted Subsidiary) including Indebtedness that refinances Refinancing Indebtedness, *provided, however*, that:

- (1) (a) if the Stated Maturity of the Indebtedness being refinanced is earlier than the Stated Maturity of the notes, the Refinancing Indebtedness has a Stated Maturity no earlier than the Stated Maturity of the Indebtedness being refinanced or (b) if the Stated Maturity of the Indebtedness being refinanced is later than the Stated Maturity of the notes, the Refinancing Indebtedness has a Stated Maturity at least 91 days later than the Stated Maturity of the notes;
- (2) the Refinancing Indebtedness has an Average Life at the time such Refinancing Indebtedness is Incurred that is equal to or greater than the Average Life of the Indebtedness being refinanced;
- (3) such Refinancing Indebtedness is Incurred in an aggregate principal amount (or if issued with original issue discount, an aggregate issue price) that is equal to or less than the sum of the aggregate principal amount (or if issued with original issue discount, the aggregate accreted value) then outstanding of the Indebtedness being refinanced (plus, without duplication, any additional Indebtedness Incurred to pay interest or premiums required by the instruments governing such existing Indebtedness and costs and fees Incurred in connection therewith); and
- (4) if the Indebtedness being refinanced is subordinated in right of payment to the notes or the Subsidiary Guarantees, such Refinancing Indebtedness is subordinated in right of payment to the notes or the Subsidiary Guarantees on terms at least as favorable to the holders as those contained in the documentation governing the Indebtedness being refinanced.

"*Related Assets*" means steam, electricity, by-products of the utilization of Hydrocarbons, products produced in association with Hydrocarbons, minerals, and other assets commonly created, recovered or produced in the course of the conduct of any Related Business.

"*Related Business*" means (1) any business which is the same as or related, ancillary or complementary to any of the businesses of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries on the Issue Date, (2) the Oil and Gas Business and (3) the business of acquiring, exploiting, developing, producing, operating, gathering, marketing, treating, processing, storing, refining, selling and transporting Related Assets.

"*Restricted Investment*" means any Investment other than a Permitted Investment.

"*Restricted Subsidiary*" means any Subsidiary of the Company other than an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

"*Sale/Leaseback Transaction*" means an arrangement relating to property now owned or hereafter acquired whereby the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary transfers such property to a Person and the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary leases it from such Person.

"*SEC*" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

"*Securities Act*" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder.

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"*Senior Credit Facility*" means the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of November 15, 2010, as amended, among the Company, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, and the lenders parties thereto from time to time, as the same may be amended, restated, modified, renewed, refunded, replaced or refinanced in whole or in part from time to time, with the same or different agents or lenders (including increasing the amount loaned or the aggregate commitments of the lenders thereunder, *provided* that such additional Indebtedness is Incurred in accordance with the covenant described under " Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness") *provided* that a Senior Credit Facility shall not (1) include Indebtedness issued, created or Incurred pursuant to a registered offering of securities under the Securities Act or a private placement of securities (including under Rule 144A or Regulation S) pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act or (2) relate to Subordinated Obligations.

"*Significant Subsidiary*" means any Restricted Subsidiary that would be a "Significant Subsidiary" of the Company within the meaning of Rule 1-02 under Regulation S-X promulgated by the SEC.

"*Start Date*" means October 24, 2006.

"*Stated Maturity*" means, with respect to any security, the date specified in such security as the fixed date on which the payment of principal of such security is due and payable, including pursuant to any mandatory redemption provision, but shall not include any contingent obligations to repay, redeem or repurchase any such principal prior to the date originally scheduled for the payment thereof.

"*Subordinated Obligation*" means any Indebtedness of the Company (whether outstanding on the Issue Date or thereafter Incurred) which is subordinated in right of payment to the notes pursuant to a written agreement.

"*Subsidiary*" of any Person means (a) any corporation or other business entity (other than a legal partnership, limited liability company or similar entity) of which more than 50% of the total ordinary voting power of shares of Capital Stock entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers or trustees thereof (or persons performing similar functions) or (b) any legal partnership, limited liability company or similar entity of which more than 50% of the capital accounts, distribution rights, total equity and voting interests or general or limited partnership interests, as applicable, is, in the case of clauses (a) and (b), at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by (1) such Person, (2) such Person and one or more Subsidiaries of such Person or (3) one or more Subsidiaries of such Person. Unless otherwise specified herein, each reference to a Subsidiary will refer to a Subsidiary of the Company.

"*Subsidiary Guarantee*" means, individually, any Guarantee of payment of the notes by a Subsidiary Guarantor pursuant to the terms of the Indenture and any supplemental indenture thereto, and, collectively, all such Guarantees. Each such Subsidiary Guarantee will be in the form prescribed by the Indenture.

"*Subsidiary Guarantor*" means any Restricted Subsidiary that provides a Subsidiary Guarantee after the Issue Date in accordance with the Indenture; *provided* that upon release or discharge of such Restricted Subsidiary from its Subsidiary Guarantee in accordance with the Indenture, such Restricted Subsidiary ceases to be a Subsidiary Guarantor.

"*Unrestricted Subsidiary*" means:

- (1) any Subsidiary of the Company that at the time of determination shall be designated an Unrestricted Subsidiary by the Board of Directors of the Company in the manner provided below; and
- (2) any Subsidiary of an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

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The Board of Directors of the Company may designate any Subsidiary of the Company (including any newly acquired or newly formed Subsidiary or a Person becoming a Subsidiary through merger or consolidation or Investment therein) to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary only if:

- (1) such Subsidiary and its Subsidiaries do not own any Capital Stock or Indebtedness of or have any Investment in, or own or hold any Lien on any property of, any other Subsidiary of the Company which is not a Subsidiary of the Subsidiary to be so designated or otherwise an Unrestricted Subsidiary;
- (2) all the Indebtedness of such Subsidiary and its Subsidiaries shall, at the date of designation, and will at all times thereafter, consist of Non-Recourse Debt;
- (3) such designation and the Investment of the Company in such Subsidiary complies with " Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments;"
- (4) such Subsidiary, either alone or in the aggregate with all other Unrestricted Subsidiaries, does not operate, directly or indirectly, all or substantially all of the business of the Company and its Subsidiaries;
- (5) such Subsidiary is a Person with respect to which neither the Company nor any of its Restricted Subsidiaries has any direct or indirect obligation:
 - (a) to subscribe for additional Capital Stock of such Person; or
 - (b) to maintain or preserve such Person's financial condition or to cause such Person to achieve any specified levels of operating results; and
- (6) on the date such Subsidiary is designated an Unrestricted Subsidiary, such Subsidiary is not a party to any agreement, contract, arrangement or understanding with the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary with terms substantially less favorable to the Company than those that might have been obtained from Persons who are not Affiliates of the Company.

Any such designation by the Board of Directors of the Company shall be evidenced to the Trustee by filing with the Trustee a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company giving effect to such designation and an Officers' Certificate certifying that such designation complies with the foregoing conditions. If, at any time, any Unrestricted Subsidiary would fail to meet the foregoing requirements as an Unrestricted Subsidiary, it shall thereafter cease to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary for purposes of the Indenture and any Indebtedness of such Subsidiary shall be deemed to be Incurred as of such date.

The Board of Directors of the Company may designate any Unrestricted Subsidiary to be a Restricted Subsidiary; *provided* that immediately after giving effect to such designation, no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing or would occur as a consequence thereof and the Company could Incur at least \$1.00 of additional Indebtedness pursuant to the first paragraph of the " Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness" covenant on a pro forma basis taking into account such designation.

"*U.S. Government Obligations*" means securities that are (a) direct obligations of the United States of America for the timely payment of which its full faith and credit is pledged or (b) obligations of a Person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America the timely payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation of the United States of America, which, in either case, are not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuer thereof, and shall also include a depositary receipt issued by a bank (as defined in Section 3(a)(2) of the Securities Act), as custodian with respect to any such U.S. Government Obligations or a specific payment of principal of or interest on any such U.S. Government Obligations held by such custodian for the account of the holder of such depositary receipt; *provided* that (except as required by law) such custodian is not authorized to make any deduction from the amount payable to the holder of such depositary receipt from any amount received by the custodian in respect of the U.S.

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Government Obligations or the specific payment of principal of or interest on the U.S. Government Obligations evidenced by such depository receipt.

"*Volumetric Production Payments*" means production payment obligations recorded as deferred revenue in accordance with GAAP, together with all undertakings and obligations in connection therewith.

"*Voting Stock*" of a Person means all classes of Capital Stock of such Person then outstanding and normally entitled to vote in the election of directors, managers or trustees, as applicable.

"*Wholly Owned Subsidiary*" means a Restricted Subsidiary, all of the Capital Stock of which (other than Foreign Required Minority Shares) is owned by the Company or another Wholly Owned Subsidiary.

Book-Entry Delivery and Settlement

Global Notes

The Company will issue the notes in the form of one or more permanent global notes in definitive, fully registered, book-entry form. The global notes will be deposited with or on behalf of DTC and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, or will remain in the custody of the Trustee.

DTC, Clearstream and Euroclear

Beneficial interests in the global notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in DTC. Investors may hold interests in the global notes through either DTC (in the United States of America), Clearstream Banking, société anonyme, Luxembourg ("Clearstream"), or Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. (the "Euroclear Operator"), as operator of the Euroclear System (in Europe) ("Euroclear"), either directly if they are participants of such systems or indirectly through organizations that are participants in such systems. Clearstream and Euroclear will hold interests on behalf of their participants through customers' securities accounts in Clearstream's and Euroclear's names on the books of their U.S. depositories, which in turn will hold such interests in customers' securities accounts in the U.S. depositories' names on the books of DTC.

DTC has advised the Company as follows:

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code and a "clearing agency" registered under Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

DTC holds securities that its participants deposit with DTC and facilitates the settlement among participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates.

Direct participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and other organizations.

DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries.

Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as securities brokers and dealers, banks and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a direct participant, either directly or indirectly.

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The rules applicable to DTC and its direct and indirect participants are on file with the SEC.

The Company has provided the descriptions of the operations and procedures of DTC, Clearstream and Euroclear in this prospectus supplement solely as a matter of convenience. These operations and procedures are solely within the control of those organizations and are subject to change by them from time to time. None of us, the underwriters nor the Trustee takes any responsibility for these operations or procedures, and you are urged to contact DTC, Clearstream and Euroclear or their participants directly to discuss these matters.

The Company expects that under procedures established by DTC:

upon deposit of the global notes with DTC or its custodian, DTC will credit on its internal system the accounts of direct participants designated by the underwriters with portions of the principal amounts of the global notes; and

ownership of the notes will be shown on, and the transfer of ownership thereof will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC or its nominee, with respect to interests of direct participants, and the records of direct and indirect participants, with respect to interests of persons other than participants.

The laws of some jurisdictions may require that purchasers of securities take physical delivery of those securities in definitive form. Accordingly, the ability to transfer interests in the notes represented by a global note to those persons may be limited. In addition, because DTC can act only on behalf of its participants, who in turn act on behalf of persons who hold interests through participants, the ability of a person having an interest in notes represented by a global note to pledge or transfer those interests to persons or entities that do not participate in DTC's system, or otherwise to take actions in respect of such interest, may be affected by the lack of a physical definitive security in respect of such interest.

So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of a global note, DTC or that nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of the notes represented by that global note for all purposes under the Indenture and under the notes. Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in a global note will not be entitled to have notes represented by that global note registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificated notes and will not be considered the owners or holders thereof under the Indenture or under the notes for any purpose, including with respect to the giving of any direction, instruction or approval to the Trustee. Accordingly, each holder owning a beneficial interest in a global note must rely on the procedures of DTC and, if that holder is not a direct or indirect participant, on the procedures of the participant through which that holder owns its interest, to exercise any rights of a holder of notes under the Indenture or the global note.

None of the Company, the underwriters nor the Trustee will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of notes by DTC, Clearstream or Euroclear, or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records of those organizations relating to the notes.

Payments on the notes represented by the global notes will be made to DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered owner thereof. The Company expects that DTC or its nominee, upon receipt of any payment on the notes represented by a global note, will credit participants' accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the global note as shown in the records of DTC or its nominee. The Company also expects that payments by participants to owners of beneficial interests in the global note held through such participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practice as is now the case with securities held for the accounts of customers registered in the names of nominees for such customers. The participants will be responsible for those payments.

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Distributions on the notes held beneficially through Clearstream will be credited to cash accounts of its customers in accordance with its rules and procedures, to the extent received by the U.S. depository for Clearstream.

Securities clearance accounts and cash accounts with the Euroclear Operator are governed by the Terms and Conditions Governing Use of Euroclear and the related Operating Procedures of the Euroclear System, and applicable Belgian law (collectively, the "Terms and Conditions"). The Terms and Conditions govern transfers of securities and cash within Euroclear, withdrawals of securities and cash from Euroclear, and receipts of payments with respect to securities in Euroclear. All securities in Euroclear are held on a fungible basis without attribution of specific certificates to specific securities clearance accounts. The Euroclear Operator acts under the Terms and Conditions only on behalf of Euroclear participants and has no record of or relationship with persons holding through Euroclear participants.

Distributions on the notes held beneficially through Euroclear will be credited to the cash accounts of its participants in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, to the extent received by the U.S. depository for Euroclear.

Clearance and Settlement Procedures

Initial settlement for the notes will be made in immediately available funds. Secondary market trading between DTC participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with DTC rules and will be settled in immediately available funds. Secondary market trading between Clearstream customers and/or Euroclear participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with the applicable rules and operating procedures of Clearstream and Euroclear and will be settled using the procedures applicable to conventional eurobonds in immediately available funds.

Cross-market transfers between persons holding directly or indirectly through DTC, on the one hand, and directly or indirectly through Clearstream customers or Euroclear participants, on the other, will be effected in DTC's system in accordance with DTC rules on behalf of the relevant European international clearing system by the U.S. depository; however, such cross-market transactions will require delivery of instructions to the relevant European international clearing system by the counterparty in such system in accordance with its rules and procedures and within its established deadlines (European time). The relevant European international clearing system will, if the transaction meets its settlement requirements, deliver instructions to the U.S. depository to take action to effect final settlement on its behalf by delivering or receiving the notes in DTC's system, and making or receiving payment in accordance with normal procedures for same-day funds settlement applicable to DTC.

Clearstream customers and Euroclear participants may not deliver instructions directly to their U.S. depositories.

Because of time-zone differences, credits of the notes received in Clearstream or Euroclear as a result of a transaction with a DTC participant will be made during subsequent securities settlement processing and dated the business day following the DTC settlement date. Such credits or any transactions in the notes settled during such processing will be reported to the relevant Clearstream customers or Euroclear participants on such business day. Cash received in Clearstream or Euroclear as a result of sales of the notes by or through a Clearstream customer or a Euroclear participant to a DTC participant will be received with value on the DTC settlement date but will be available in the relevant Clearstream or Euroclear cash account only as of the business day following settlement in DTC.

Although DTC, Clearstream and Euroclear have agreed to the foregoing procedures to facilitate transfers of the notes among participants of DTC, Clearstream and Euroclear, they are under no obligation to perform or continue to perform such procedures and such procedures may be changed or discontinued at any time.

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Certificated Notes

The Company will issue certificated notes to each person that DTC identifies as the beneficial owner of the notes represented by the global notes upon surrender by DTC of the global notes if:

DTC notifies the Company that it is no longer willing or able to act as a depositary for the global notes, and the Company has not appointed a successor depositary within 90 days of that notice; or

an event of default has occurred and is continuing, and DTC requests the issuance of certificated notes.

Neither the Company nor the Trustee will be liable for any delay by DTC, its nominee or any direct or indirect participant in identifying the beneficial owners of the related notes. The Company and the Trustee may conclusively rely on, and will be protected in relying on, instructions from DTC or its nominee for all purposes, including with respect to the registration and delivery, and the respective principal amounts, of the notes to be issued.

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CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion is a summary of certain United States federal tax considerations relating to the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes, which does not purport to be a complete analysis of all the potential tax considerations relating thereto. This summary is based upon the provisions of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Internal Revenue Code"), Treasury regulations, rulings and pronouncements of the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"), and judicial decisions as of the date of this prospectus supplement. These authorities may be changed, perhaps retroactively, so as to result in United States federal tax consequences different from those described herein.

This summary is addressed only to persons who hold the notes as capital assets and who purchase the notes from the underwriters at the price stated on the cover page of this prospectus supplement (the "issue price") and assumes that such price is the first price at which a substantial amount of notes is sold for cash to persons other than the underwriters, brokers or similar persons. This summary does not address the effect of the United States federal gift tax laws, the tax considerations arising under the laws of any foreign, state or local jurisdiction, any tax treaty, or any reporting requirements of or other tax consequences under Treasury regulations relating to certain tax shelter transactions. In addition, this discussion does not address tax considerations that are the result of a holder's particular circumstances or of special rules, such as those that apply to holders who are subject to the alternative minimum tax, holders who tender the 2014 Notes in the Tender Offer, financial institutions, tax-exempt organizations, insurance companies, dealers or traders in securities or commodities, regulated investment companies, persons that own their notes through S corporations or other flow through entities, grantor trusts and real estate investment trusts, U.S. holders (as defined below) whose "functional currency" is not the U.S. dollar, expatriates and certain former citizens or former long-term residents of the United States, persons deemed to sell the notes under any constructive sale provision of the Internal Revenue Code, or persons who will hold the notes as a position in a hedging transaction, "straddle," "conversion transaction" or any other similar transaction. If a partnership or any entity that is treated as a partnership for United States federal tax purposes holds notes, then the United States federal income tax treatment of a partner will generally depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Such a partner should consult its tax advisor as to its consequences.

We have not sought any ruling from the IRS with respect to the statements made and conclusions reached in this discussion, and there can be no assurance that the IRS will agree with these statements and conclusions.

Prospective purchasers of the notes should consult their own tax advisors concerning the U.S. federal income, estate and gift tax consequences, and any state or local income or franchise tax consequences applicable to their particular situations, as well as any consequences under the laws of any other applicable taxing jurisdiction.

Consequences to U.S. Holders

As used in this discussion, a "U.S. holder" is a beneficial owner of a note who is a citizen or resident of the United States, a corporation (or any entity that is treated as a corporation for United States federal tax purposes) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof, or the District of Columbia, an estate the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source, or a trust (1) if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (2) that has a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury regulations to be treated as a United States person.

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Payments of Interest

All interest on the notes will be taxable to you as ordinary income at the time it is paid or accrues in accordance with your ordinary method of accounting for United States federal income tax purposes.

In certain circumstances, we may redeem the notes or we may be required to repurchase the notes upon a change of control or upon a sale of assets prior to maturity and may be required to pay amounts that are in excess of stated interest or principal on the notes. See "Description of Notes Optional Redemption," "Description of Notes Change of Control" and "Description of Notes Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock." We do not intend to treat the possibilities of such redemptions prior to maturity or of paying such additional amounts as causing the notes to be treated as "contingent payment debt instruments" under U.S. Treasury Regulations applicable to debt instruments because, among other reasons, we view the likelihood of any such redemptions or repurchases (other than redemptions made at our option) as remote. However, additional income will be recognized if any such additional payment is made. Our determination that the likelihood of redemptions or repurchases (other than redemptions made at our option) prior to maturity or of additional payments being made on the notes is remote is binding on each holder unless the holder explicitly discloses to the IRS in the proper manner that its determination is different than ours. It is possible that the IRS may take the position that the notes are contingent payment debt instruments, in which case a holder might be required to accrue interest income at a higher rate than the stated interest rate and to treat as ordinary interest income any gain realized on the taxable disposition of a note. The remainder of this discussion assumes that the notes will not be treated as contingent payment debt instruments. Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisors regarding the possible application of the contingent payment debt instrument rules to the notes.

Sale, Exchange, Redemption or Other Disposition of the Notes

You will recognize gain or loss upon the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of a note that is equal to the difference between the amount of cash proceeds and the fair market value of any property received on such disposition (less any amount attributable to accrued and unpaid interest on the note that you have not previously included in income, which will be taxable as ordinary income) and your adjusted tax basis in the note. Your adjusted tax basis in a note will generally equal your cost thereof. Any gain or loss that is recognized on the disposition of a note generally will be capital gain or loss and will be a long-term capital gain or loss if you have held the note for more than one year. If you are not a corporation for United States federal tax purposes, then any long-term capital gain will generally be subject to United States federal income tax at a reduced rate. Your ability to deduct capital losses is subject to certain limitations.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

In general, information reporting is required as to certain payments of principal and interest on the notes and on the proceeds of the disposition of a note unless you are a corporation or other exempt recipient. In addition, you will be subject to backup withholding if you are not exempt and you fail to properly furnish a taxpayer identification number and certain other information or if the IRS has notified you that you are subject to backup withholding. Any amount withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or a credit against your United States federal income tax liability and may entitle you to a refund provided that you properly provide certain information to the IRS.

Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders

The following is a summary of certain United States federal income and estate tax considerations that apply to a beneficial owner of a note that is not a U.S. holder (as defined above) and is not a partnership. The rules governing the United States federal income taxation of a non-U.S. holder are

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complex, and no attempt will be made herein to provide more than a summary of certain of those rules. Prospective non-U.S. holders should consult their own tax advisors to determine the effect of United States federal, state and other tax laws, as well as foreign tax laws, including any reporting requirements.

Payment of Interest. Under the portfolio interest exemption, payments of interest on a note that you receive will not be subject to United States federal income tax or withholding if the interest is not effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States and you:

do not own, actually or constructively, 10 percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our voting stock;

are not a controlled foreign corporation that is related to us;

are not a bank whose receipt of interest on a note is interest received pursuant to a loan agreement entered into in the ordinary course of your trade or business; and

provide the United States person who would otherwise be required to deduct and withhold tax from the interest payment with a statement that you are not a United States person.

Such a statement may be provided by you on a properly completed IRS Form W-8BEN and may be provided by certain other persons who have received certain information from you. If the portfolio interest exemption is not available to you, then the interest on a note may be subject to United States federal income tax (which may be collected by withholding) at a rate of 30 percent, unless you provide us or our paying agent with a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN claiming an exemption from (or reduction of) withholding under an applicable income tax treaty.

Interest on a note that is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States (and, if a tax treaty applies, is attributable to a permanent establishment you maintain in the United States) is not subject to withholding if you provide a properly completed IRS Form W-8ECI. However, you will generally be subject to United States federal income tax on such interest on a net income basis at rates applicable to a United States person generally. In addition, if you are a foreign corporation, you may also incur a branch profits tax at a 30% rate on such interest.

Sale, Exchange, Redemption or Other Disposition of the Notes. You will not be subject to United States federal income tax on any gain realized on the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of a note (other than with respect to payments attributable to accrued interest, which will be taxed as described under " Payment of Interest" above) unless the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States (and, if a tax treaty applies, is attributable to a permanent establishment you maintain in the United States), or you are an individual present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year in which such disposition occurs and certain other conditions are met.

Certain United States Federal Estate Tax Considerations for Non-U.S. Holders. A note beneficially owned by an individual who is not a citizen or resident of the United States (as defined for United States federal estate tax purposes) at the time of death will generally not be includable in the decedent's gross estate for United States federal estate tax purposes, provided that the beneficial owner did not at the time of death actually or constructively own 10% or more of the combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote, and provided that, at the time of the holder's death, payments with respect to that note would not have been effectively connected with the holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding. Payments to a non-U.S. holder of interest on a note, and amounts withheld from such payments, if any, generally will be required to be reported to the IRS and to the non-U.S. holder.

United States backup withholding tax generally will not apply to payments of interest and principal on a note to a non-U.S. holder if the holder properly provides the certification statements

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described in " Payment of Interest" or the holder otherwise establishes an exemption, provided that we do not have actual knowledge or reason to know that the holder is a United States person.

Payment of the proceeds of a sale of a note effected by the U.S. office of a U.S. or foreign broker will be subject to backup withholding (currently at a rate of 28%, but the rate is scheduled to increase on January 1, 2013) unless you properly certify under penalties of perjury as to your foreign status and certain other conditions are met or you otherwise establish an exemption. Information reporting requirements and backup withholding generally will not apply to any payment of the proceeds of the sale of a note effected outside the United States by a foreign office of a broker. However, unless such a broker has documentary evidence in its records that you are a non-U.S. holder and certain other conditions are met, or you otherwise establish an exemption, information reporting will apply to a payment of the proceeds of the sale of a note effected outside the United States by such a broker if it is:

a United States person;

a foreign person which derives 50 percent or more of its gross income for certain periods from the conduct of a trade or business in the United States;

a controlled foreign corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes; or

a foreign partnership that, at any time during its taxable year, has more than 50 percent of its income or capital interests owned by United States persons or is engaged in the conduct of a U.S. trade or business.

Any amount withheld from a payment under the backup withholding rules may be allowed as a credit against your United States federal income tax liability and may entitle you to a refund, provided that the required information is furnished to the IRS.

You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the application of withholding and backup withholding in your particular circumstances and the availability of and procedure for obtaining an exemption from withholding and backup withholding.

Unearned Income Medicare Contribution Tax

Certain holders who are (i) United States citizens and resident aliens, (ii) estates or (iii) trusts are required to pay a 3.8% unearned income Medicare contribution tax on, among other things, interest on and capital gains from the sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition of notes for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding the effect, if any, of this legislation on their ownership and disposition of the notes.

The preceding discussion of certain United States federal income tax considerations is for general information only and is not tax advice. We urge each prospective investor to consult its own tax advisor regarding the particular federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of purchasing, holding and disposing of our notes, including the consequences of any proposed change in applicable laws.

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Subject to the terms and conditions in the underwriting agreement dated the date of this prospectus supplement by and among us and the underwriters named below, for whom Wells Fargo Securities, LLC is acting as representative, we have agreed to sell to each of the underwriters, and each of the underwriters has agreed to purchase from us, the principal amount of the notes indicated in the following table.

Underwriter	Principal Amount of Notes
Wells Fargo Securities, LLC	\$ 159,000,000
BMO Capital Markets Corp.	51,000,000
Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC	51,000,000
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC	51,000,000
RBS Securities Inc.	51,000,000
SG Americas Securities, LLC	51,000,000
RBC Capital Markets, LLC	42,000,000
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	36,000,000
Mitsubishi UFJ Securities (USA), Inc.	36,000,000
U.S. Bancorp Investments, Inc.	36,000,000
BOSC, Inc.	6,000,000
KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc.	6,000,000
Lloyds Securities Inc.	6,000,000
Morgan Keegan & Company, Inc.	6,000,000
Natixis Securities Americas LLC	6,000,000
Scotia Capital (USA) Inc.	6,000,000
Total	\$ 600,000,000

Under the terms and conditions of the underwriting agreement, if the underwriters purchase any of the notes, then they are obligated to purchase all of the notes.

The underwriters propose to offer the notes initially at the price to investors on the cover page of this prospectus supplement and may offer the notes to certain dealers, who may include the underwriters, at that price less a concession not in excess of 0.375% of the principal amount per note. The underwriters may allow, and those dealers may reallow, a concession to certain other broker/dealers not in excess of 0.250% of the principal amount per note. After the initial offering of the notes to the public, the underwriters may change the public offering price and the concession. The underwriters may offer and sell notes through certain of their affiliates.

We estimate that the total expenses of this offering, excluding underwriting discounts, will be approximately \$1,000,000.

In connection with this offering and in compliance with applicable law, the underwriters may engage in over-allotment, stabilizing and syndicate covering transactions and penalty bids in accordance with Regulation M under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Over-allotment involves syndicate sales in excess of the offering size, which creates a syndicate short position.

The underwriters may also effect transactions which stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the notes at levels above those which might otherwise prevail in the open market.

Such transactions may include placing bids for the notes or effecting purchases of the notes for the purpose of pegging, fixing or maintaining the price of the notes.

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