PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP INC Form 10-Q August 09, 2013

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

#### FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

(X) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

OR

( ) TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 0-22193

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

33-0743196 (I.R.S Employer Identification No.)

17901 VON KARMAN AVENUE, SUITE 1200, IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92614 (Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

(949) 864-8000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [\_]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No [\_]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "accelerated filer", "large accelerated filer", and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Large accelerated filer	[]	Accelerated filer	[X]	Non-accelerated filer	[]	Smaller reporting company	[]
				(Do not check if a			
				smaller			
				reporting			
				company)			

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes [] No [X]

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of August 8, 2013 was 16,641,991.

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#### PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

# PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

(dollars in thousands, except share data)

ASSETS	June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2012 (Audited)	June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)
Cash and due from	(Onaudited)	(Auditeu)	(Ollaudited)
banks	\$ 103,946	\$ 59,325	\$ 64,945
Federal funds sold	26	27	27
Cash and cash	20	2.	21
equivalents	103,972	59,352	64,972
Investment		,	- 1,5- 1 <del>-</del>
securities available			
for sale	313,047	84,066	146,134
FHLB/Federal			
Reserve Bank/TIB			
stock, at cost	11,917	11,247	12,744
Loans held for sale,			
net	3,617	3,681	2,401
Loans held for			
investment	1,055,430	982,207	795,319
Allowance for loan			
losses	(7,994)	(7,994)	(7,658)
Loans held for			
investment, net	1,047,436	974,213	787,661
Accrued interest			
receivable	5,766	4,126	3,968
Other real estate			
owned	1,186	2,258	9,339

Premises and			
equipment	9,997	8,575	9,429
Deferred income	7,771	0,275	J, 12J
taxes	8,644	6,887	5,585
Bank owned life	-,	3,00.	2,2 22
insurance	23,674	13,485	13,240
Intangible assets	7,135	2,626	2,781
Goodwill	18,234	-	-
Other assets	3,833	3,276	6,781
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,558,458	\$ 1,173,792	\$ 1,065,035
LIABILITIES AND			
STOCKHOLDERS'			
EQUITY			
LIABILITIES:			
Deposit accounts:			
Noninterest bearing	\$ 345,063	\$ 213,636	\$ 150,538
Interest bearing:			
Transaction			
accounts	631,951	329,925	327,556
Retail certificates of			
deposit	332,015	361,207	435,097
Wholesale			
certificates of			
deposit	5,160	-	-
Total deposits	1,314,189	904,768	913,191
FHLB advances and			
other borrowings	48,082	115,500	28,500
Subordinated			
debentures	10,310	10,310	10,310
Accrued expenses			
and other liabilities	17,066	8,697	16,965
TOTAL			0.60.0.66
LIABILITIES	1,389,647	1,039,275	968,966
STOCKHOLDERS'			
EQUITY:			
Common stock,			
\$.01 par value;			
25,000,000 shares			
authorized;			
16,635,786 shares at			
June 30, 2013,			
13,661,648 shares at			
December 31, 2012,			
and 10,329,934			
shares at June 30, 2012 issued and			
	166	137	103
outstanding  Additional paid in	100	137	103
Additional paid-in	142 750	107 452	76 250
capital Retained earnings	142,759 27,545	107,453 25,822	76,258 18,549
Ketamed Carilligs	(1,659)	1,105	1,159
	(1,039 )	1,105	1,137

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax (benefit) of (\$1,160) at June 30, 2013, \$772 at December 31, 2012, and \$810 at June 30, 2012 TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY 168,811 134,517 96,069 **TOTAL** LIABILITIES AND

Accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

\$ 1,173,792

\$ 1,065,035

\$ 1,558,458

STOCKHOLDERS'

**EQUITY** 

# PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(dollars in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
INTEREST INCOME					
Loans	\$ 13,688	\$ 12,098	\$ 27,084	\$ 23,335	
Investment securities					
and other					
interest-earning assets	1,248	948	2,087	1,827	
Total interest income	14,936	13,046	29,171	25,162	
INTEREST					
EXPENSE					
Interest-bearing					
deposits:					
Interest on transaction					
accounts	280	223	498	552	
Interest on certificates					
of deposit	753	1,224	1,554	2,651	
Total interest-bearing					
deposits	1,033	1,447	2,052	3,203	
FHLB advances and					
other borrowings	238	235	478	470	
Subordinated					
debentures	76	82	153	166	
Total interest expense	1,347	1,764	2,683	3,839	
	13,589	11,282	26,488	21,323	

NET INTEREST				
INCOME BEFORE				
PROVISION FOR				
LOAN LOSSES				
PROVISION FOR	222		610	
LOAN LOSSES	322	-	618	-
NET INTEREST				
INCOME AFTER				
PROVISION FOR				
LOAN LOSSES	13,267	11,282	25,870	21,323
NONINTEREST				
INCOME				
Loan servicing fees	318	214	644	391
Deposit fees	457	472	897	973
Net gain from sales of				
loans	222	10	945	10
Net gain from sales of				
investment securities	1,068	174	1,068	174
Other-than-temporary				
impairment loss on				
investment securities,				
net	(5)	(45)	(35)	(82)
Gain on FDIC				
transaction	-	5,340	-	5,340
Other income	371	364	636	662
Total noninterest				
income	2,431	6,529	4,155	7,468
NONINTEREST	,	•	,	
EXPENSE				
Compensation and				
benefits	5,687	3,947	10,784	7,467
Premises and	- 7	- 7-	- / -	
occupancy	1,329	981	2,622	1,859
Data processing and	-,	, , , ,	_,	2,007
communications	755	817	1,390	1,184
Other real estate	755	017	1,570	1,101
owned operations, net	574	590	611	737
FDIC insurance	371	370	011	757
premiums	196	168	336	301
Legal, audit and	170	100	330	301
professional expense	249	552	844	1,038
Marketing expense	264	264	470	479
Office and postage	201	201	470	777
expense	322	217	585	380
Loan expense	184	177	432	413
Deposit expense	515	34	675	98
Merger related	J1J	JT	013	<i></i>
expense	4,978		6,723	
Other expense	•	458		890
Total noninterest	803	430	1,563	070
	15 056	9 205	27.025	14 946
expense	15,856	8,205	27,035	14,846

NET INCOME					
(LOSS) BEFORE					
INCOME TAXES	(158	)	9,606	2,990	13,945
INCOME TAX	91		3,795	1,267	5,442
NET INCOME					
(LOSS)	\$ (249	)	\$ 5,811	\$ 1,723	\$ 8,503
EARNINGS (LOSS)					
PER SHARE					
Basic	\$ (0.02	)	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.82
Diluted	\$ (0.02	)	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.80
WEIGHTED					
AVERAGE SHARES					
OUTSTANDING					
Basic	15,516,53	7	10,329,934	14,939,179	10,332,935
Diluted	15,516,53	7	10,669,005	15,721,262	10,647,590

Accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

		Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,		
		2013			2012		2013	2012
Net income (loss)	\$	(249	)	\$	5,811	\$	1,723	\$ 8,503
Other comprehensive	ıncom	e (loss),						
net of tax (benefit):								
Unrealized holding gains on securities								
arising during the								
period		(6,548	3)		1,118		(5,764)	1,256
Reclassification		(0,5 10	, )		1,110		(2,701)	1,250
adjustment for net								
gain on sale of								
securities included								
in net income (1)		1,068			174		1,068	174
Income tax								
(benefit)		(2,255	5)		532		(1,932)	589
Net unrealized gain								
(loss) on securities,								
net of tax		(3,225)	)		760		(2,764)	841
Comprehensive	Ф	(2, 47)		Ф	C 571	Ф	(1.041)	Φ 0.244
income (loss)	\$	(3,474)	F)	\$	6,571	\$	(1,041)	\$ 9,344

(1) Income tax expense associated with the reclassification adjustment for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$438 and \$71, respectively, and the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$438 and \$71, respectively.

Accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND 2012

(dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulate		l Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2012	13,661,648	\$ 137	\$ 107,453		\$ 1,105	\$ 134,517
Net Income Other comprehensive loss				1,723	(2,764)	1,723
Share-based compensation expense			423			423
Common stock repurchased and retired	(3,666 )	-	(22	)		(22 )
Common stock issued	2,972,472	29	34,895			34,924
Stock options exercised	5,332	-	10			10
Balance at June 30, 2013	16,635,786	\$ 166	\$ 142,759	\$ 27,545	\$ (1,659)	\$ 168,811
Balance at December 31,						
2011 Net Income	10,337,626	\$ 103	\$76,310	\$ 10,046 8,503	\$ 318	\$ 86,777 8,503
Other comprehensive income				0,505	841	841
Share-based compensation expense			27			27
	(13,022)	-		)		(102)

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Common stock						
repurchased						
and retired						
Stock options						
exercised	5,330	-	23			23
Balance at June						
30, 2012	10,329,934	\$ 103	\$76,258	\$ 18,549	\$ 1,159	\$ 96,069

Accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED S F (in t	SIDIARIES	NTS OI	F CASH	),
FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income	\$ 1,723	\$	8,503	
Adjustments to net			<del>,</del>	
income:				
Depreciation and				
amortization expense	904		642	
Provision for loan				
losses	618		-	
Share-based				
compensation				
expense	423		27	
Loss (gain) on sale of				
other real estate				
owned	226		305	
Write down of other				
real estate owned	354		302	
Amortization of				
premium/discounts				
on securities held for				
sale, net	1,366		378	
Amortization of loan				
mark-to-market				
discount from FDIC				
transaction	(1,529	)	(1,048	)
Gain on sale of loans				
held for sale	-		(10	)
Gain on sale of				
investment securities				
available for sale	(1,068	)	(174	)

Other-than-temporary impairment loss on		
investment securities,		
net	35	82
Gain on sale of loans	33	04
held for investment	(945)	
Purchase and	(943)	-
origination of loans		
held for sale		(2.005
Recoveries on loans	229	(2,995)
	229	95
Principal payments		
from loans held for	C 4	505
sale	64	595
Gain on FDIC		(5.240
transaction	-	(5,340)
Deferred income tax	(1.757	0.410
provision	(1,757 )	3,413
Change in accrued		
expenses and other		
liabilities, net	6,011	(159)
Income from bank		
owned life insurance,		
net	(282)	(263)
Change in accrued		
interest receivable		
and other assets, net	437	(1,364)
Net cash provided by		
operating activities	6,809	2,989
CASH FLOWS		
FROM INVESTING		
ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale		
and principal		
payments on loans		
held for investment	86,720	92,770
Net change in		
undisbursed loan		
funds	146,741	57,361
Purchase and		
origination of loans		
held for investment	(236,886)	(143,900)
Proceeds from sale of		
other real estate		
owned	1,488	5,315
Principal payments		
on securities		
available for sale	16,600	7,505
Purchase of securities		
available for sale	(6,208)	(70,467)
Proceeds from sale or	102,755	44,151
maturity of securities		

available for sale		
Purchases of		
premises and		
equipment	(1,055)	(252)
Purchase of Federal		
Reserve Bank stock	(1,276 )	63
Redemption of		
FHLB stock	1,259	1,058
Cash acquired in		
PDNB transaction	-	39,491
Cash acquired in		
acquisitions, net	138,752	-
Net cash provided by		
investing activities	248,890	33,095
CASH FLOWS		
FROM FINANCING		
ACTIVITIES		
Net (decrease)		
increase in deposit		
accounts	(131,304)	(31,268)
Repayment of FHLB		
advances and other		
borrowings	(84,323)	-
Proceeds from		
issuance of common		
stock, net of issuance		
cost	4,560	-
Proceeds from		
exercise of stock		
options	10	23
Repurchase of		
common stock	(22)	(102)
Net cash (used in)		
provided by		
financing activities	(211,079)	(31,347)
NET INCREASE IN		
CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS Property of the second se	44,620	4,737
CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS,		
beginning of period	59,352	60,235
CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS,		
end of period	\$ 103,972	\$ 64,972

PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(in thousands) (unaudited) Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 2012

SUPPLEMENTAL		
CASH FLOW		
DISCLOSURES		
Interest paid	\$ 2,637	\$ 3,827
Income taxes paid	5,850	3,775
Assets acquired		
(liabilities assumed		
and capital		
created) in		
acquisitions (See		
Note 3):		
Investment		
securities	347,196	101
FRB and FHLB		
Stock	-	1,390
FHLB Stock and		
TIB Stock	653	-
FDIC receivable	-	167
Loans	68,815	63,773
Core deposit		
intangible	4,766	840
Other real estate		
owned	752	11,533
Goodwill	18,234	-
Fixed assets	1,446	-
Other assets	7,800	3,656
Deposits	(540,725)	(115,582)
Other borrowings	(16,905)	-
Other liabilities	(6,276 )	(29)
Additional paid-in		
capital	(30,364)	-
NONCASH		
INVESTING		
ACTIVITIES		
DURING THE		
PERIOD		
Transfers from		
loans to other real		
estate owned	\$ 244	\$ 2,497
Investment		
securities available		
for sale purchased		
and not settled	\$ -	\$ 10,460

Accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Pacific Premier Bancorp, Inc. (the "Corporation") and its wholly owned subsidiaries, including Pacific Premier Bank (the "Bank") (collectively, the "Company," "we," "our" or "us"). A significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

In the opinion of management, the consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012, and June 30, 2012, the results of its operations and comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 and the changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. Operating results or comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results or comprehensive income that may be expected for any other interim period or the full year ending December 31, 2013.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, as amended (the "2012 Annual Report").

The Company accounts for its investments in its wholly owned special purpose entity, PPBI Trust I, under the equity method whereby the subsidiary's net earnings are recognized in the Company's statement of operations.

#### Note 2 – Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Updated ("ASU") 2011-11, "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities". ASU 2011-11 affects all entities that have financial instruments and derivative instruments that are either (1) offset in accordance with either Section 210-20-45 or Section 815-10-45 or (2) subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. The requirements amend the disclosure requirements on offsetting in Section 210-20-50. This information is intended to enable users of an entity's financial statements to evaluate the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements on an entity's financial position, including the effect or potential effect of rights of setoff associated with certain financial instruments and derivative instruments in the scope of this ASU. The amended guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after January 1, 2013 and should be applied retrospectively to all periods presented. The adoption of the disclosure requirements had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In October 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-06, "Subsequent Accounting for an Indemnification Asset Recognized at the Acquisition Date as a Result of a Government-Assisted Acquisition of a Financial Institution." The amendments in this update clarify the applicable guidance for subsequently measuring an indemnification asset recognized as a result of a government-assisted acquisition of a financial institution. The update provides that changes

in cash flows expected to be collected on the indemnification asset arising subsequent to initial recognition as a result of changes in cash flows expected to be collected on the related indemnified assets should be accounted for on the same basis as the change in the assets subject to indemnification. Any amortization of changes in value should be limited to the contractual term of the indemnification agreement. The Company is required to adopt this update prospectively for the quarter ending June 30, 2013. The requirements of the update are consistent with the Company's existing accounting policy; therefore, adoption has no impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-02, "Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income." This update requires entities to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. In addition, entities are required to present, either on the face of the statement where net income is presented or in the notes, significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items of net income. The adoption of the disclosure requirements had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Note 3 – Acquisitions

San Diego Trust Bank ("SDTB") Acquisition

Effective June 25, 2013, the Bank acquired SDTB ("SDTB Acquisition"), a San Diego, California based state-chartered bank, pursuant to the terms of a definitive agreement entered into by the Corporation, the Bank and SDTB on March 6, 2013. As a result of the SDTB Acquisition, the Bank acquired and recorded at the acquisition date assets with a fair value of approximately \$201.1 million, including:

\$125.9 million in investment securities, including Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") stock;

\$42.4 million of loans;

\$14.1 million of cash and cash equivalents;

\$6.4 million in goodwill;

\$5.8 million in bank owned life insurance;

\$3.7 million of other types of assets; and

\$2.8 million of a core deposit intangible.

Also as a result of the SDTB Acquisition, the Bank recorded equity of \$14.4 million in connection with the Corporation's stock issued to SDTB shareholders as part of the acquisition consideration and assumed at acquisition date liabilities with a fair value of approximately \$186.7 million, including:

\$178.8 million in deposit transaction accounts;

\$5.1 million in retail certificates of deposit;

\$1.9 million other liabilities; and

\$922,000 in deferred tax liability.

The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined based on the requirements of FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

The acquisition is an opportunity for the Company to acquire a banking network that will complement our existing banking franchise and expand our footprint into a new market. Additionally, this partnership will improve the Company's deposit base, lower its cost of deposits and provide the opportunity to accelerate future core deposit growth. Additionally, the acquisition of SDTB allowed the Company to deploy a portion of its current capital base into a compelling investment.

First Associations Bank ("FAB") Acquisition

Effective March 15, 2013, the Bank acquired FAB ("FAB Acquisition"), a Dallas, Texas, based Texas-chartered bank, pursuant to the terms of a definitive agreement entered into by the Corporation, the Bank and FAB on October 15, 2012. As a result of the FAB Acquisition, the Bank acquired and recorded at the acquisition date assets with a fair value of approximately \$394.1 million, including:

\$223.0 million in investment securities, including FHLB and TIB-The Independent Bankers Bank ("TIB") stock;

\$124.7 million of cash and cash equivalents;

\$26.4 million of loans;

\$11.9 million in goodwill;

\$6.2 million of other types of assets; and

\$1.9 million of a core deposit intangible.

Also as a result of the FAB Acquisition, the Bank recorded equity of \$15.9 million in connection with the Corporation's stock issued to FAB shareholders as part of the acquisition consideration and assumed at acquisition date liabilities with a fair value of approximately \$378.2 million, including:

\$329.5 million in deposit transaction accounts;

\$17.4 million in retail certificates of deposit;

\$9.9 million in wholesale deposits;

\$16.9 million in other borrowings;

\$3.9 million in deferred tax liability; and

\$536,000 of other liabilities.

The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined based on the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

The acquisition is a unique opportunity for the Company to acquire a highly efficient, consistently profitable and niche focused business that will complement our existing banking franchise. Additionally, this partnership will

improve the Company's deposit base, lower its cost of deposits and provide the platform to accelerate future core deposit growth. Additionally, the acquisition of FAB allowed the Company to deploy a portion of its current capital base into a compelling investment.

Palm Desert National Bank ("Palm Desert National") Acquisition

Effective April 27, 2012, the Bank acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of Palm Desert National Bank ("Palm Desert National") from the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") as receiver for Palm Desert National (the "Palm Desert National Acquisition"), pursuant to the terms of a purchase and assumption agreement entered into by the Bank and the FDIC on April 27, 2012. The Palm Desert National Acquisition included one branch of Palm Desert National that became a branch of the Bank upon consummation of the Palm Desert National Acquisition. The Bank did not enter into any loss sharing agreements with the FDIC in connection the Palm Desert National Acquisition As a result of the Palm Desert National Acquisition, the Bank acquired and recorded at the acquisition date certain assets with a fair value of approximately \$120.9 million, including \$63.8 million of loans, \$39.5 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$11.5 million of other real estate owned ("OREO"), \$1.5 million in investment securities, including FHLB stock and Federal Reserve Bank stock, \$840,000 of a core deposit intangible and \$3.8 million of other types of assets. Liabilities with a fair value of approximately \$118.0 million, including \$50.1 million in deposit transaction accounts, \$30.8 million in retail certificates of deposit, \$34.1 million in whole sale certificates of deposits, which were purposefully run off during the second quarter of 2012, \$2.4 million in deferred tax liability and \$578,000 of other liabilities. The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined based on the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

#### Canyon National Bank ("Canyon National) Acquisition

Effective February 11, 2011, the Bank acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of Canyon National Bank ("Canyon National") from the FDIC as receiver for Canyon National (the "Canyon National Acquisition"), pursuant to the terms of a purchase and assumption agreement entered into by the Bank and the FDIC on February 11, 2011. The Canyon National Acquisition included the three branches of Canyon National, all of which became branches of the Bank upon consummation of the Canyon National Acquisition. The Bank did not enter into any loss sharing agreements with the FDIC in connection with the Canyon National Acquisition. As a result of the Canyon National Acquisition, the Bank acquired and received certain assets with a fair value of approximately \$208.9 million, including \$149.7 million of loans, \$16.1 million of a FDIC receivable, \$13.2 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$12.8 million of investment securities, \$12.0 million of OREO, \$2.3 million of a core deposit intangibles, \$1.5 million of other assets and \$1.3 million of FHLB and Federal Reserve Bank stock. Liabilities with a fair value of approximately \$206.6 million were also assumed, including \$204.7 million of deposits, \$1.9 million in deferred tax liability and \$39,000 of other liabilities. The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined based on the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

Note 4 – Investment Securities

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities were as follows:

June 30, 2013

Estimated

Amortized UnrealizedUnrealized

Fair

Cost Gain Loss Value

(in thousands)

Investment securities

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available for sale:					
U.S. Treasury	\$ 73	\$ 10	\$ -		\$83
Corporate	9,169	φ 10 -	Ψ -		9,169
Municipal bonds	96,257	226	(1,730	5)	94,747
Mortgage-backed			(-,	· )	, ,,, ,,
securities	210,367	736	(2,055	5)	209,048
Total securities					
available for sale	315,866	972	(3,79)	1)	313,047
Investment securities available for	Amortized Cost	Gain			Estimated Fair Value
sale:					
U.S. Treasury	\$ 147	\$ 12	\$ -		\$ 159
Municipal bonds	25,401	1,186	(1	)	26,586
Mortgage-backed		1 162	(492	\	57 221
Mortgage-backed securities	56,641	1,162	(482	)	57,321
Mortgage-backed securities Total securities	56,641		·	,	
Mortgage-backed securities		1,162 2,360	(482 (483	)	57,321 84,066
Mortgage-backed securities Total securities	56,641	2,360	(483	,	
Mortgage-backed securities Total securities	56,641	2,360	·	,	
Mortgage-backed securities Total securities	56,641	2,360 June 3	(483 60, 2012	)	84,066
Mortgage-backed securities Total securities	56,641 82,189	2,360 June 3	(483 60, 2012	)	84,066 Estimated
Mortgage-backed securities Total securities	56,641 82,189 Amortized	2,360  June 3  Unrealized  Gain	(483 0, 2012 Unrealiz	)	84,066 Estimated Fair
Mortgage-backed securities Total securities	56,641 82,189 Amortized	2,360  June 3  Unrealized  Gain	(483 0, 2012 Unrealiz Loss	)	84,066 Estimated Fair
Mortgage-backed securities Total securities available for sale  Investment securities available for	56,641 82,189 Amortized	2,360  June 3  Unrealized  Gain	(483 0, 2012 Unrealiz Loss	)	84,066 Estimated Fair
Mortgage-backed securities Total securities available for sale  Investment securities available for sale:	56,641 82,189 Amortized Cost	2,360  June 3  Unrealized  Gain  (in the	(483 0, 2012 Unrealiz Loss busands)	)	84,066 Estimated Fair Value
Mortgage-backed securities Total securities available for sale  Investment securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds Mortgage-backed	56,641 82,189 Amortized Cost \$247 39,928	2,360  June 3  Unrealized Gain (in the state of the state	(483 0, 2012 Unrealiz Loss busands)	) ed	84,066  Estimated Fair Value
Mortgage-backed securities Total securities available for sale  Investment securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds	56,641 82,189 Amortized Cost \$247 39,928	2,360  June 3  Unrealized Gain (in the	(483 0, 2012 Unrealiz Loss busands)	) ed	84,066  Estimated Fair Value

At June 30, 2013, the Company had an \$8.6 million investment in FHLB stock carried at cost. During the second quarter of 2013, the FHLB has repurchased \$1.9 million of the Company's excess FHLB stock through its stock repurchase program.

At June 30, 2013, mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") with an estimated par value of \$34.8 million and a fair value of \$36.0 million were pledged as collateral for the Bank's three reverse repurchase agreements which totaled \$28.5 million.

The table below shows the number, fair value and gross unrealized holding losses of the Company's investment securities by investment category and length of time that the securities have been in a continuous loss position.

	Le Numbe	ss than 12 i Fair r Value	Gross Unrealize Holding	ed ; Numb	Fair er Value	ns or		Total Fair r Value	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses
Municipal bonds	122	\$51,937	\$(1,736	) -	\$-	\$-	122	\$51,937	\$(1,736)
Mortgage-backet		7 - 7	1 ( )	/	·	·		1 - 7	1 ( ) = = )
securities	29	86,940	(1,916	) 17	713	(138)	46	87,653	(2,054)
Total	151	\$138,877	\$(3,652		\$713	\$(138)	168	\$139,590	\$(3,790)
	Le Numbe	ss than 12 i Fair er Value	Gross Unrealize Holding	ed ; Numb	Fair er Value	ns or		Total Fair r Value	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses
Municipal bonds	1	\$292	\$(1	) -	\$-	\$-	1	\$292	\$(1)
Mortgage-backed									
securities	2	15,128	(152		1,012		33	16,140	(482)
Total	3	\$15,420	\$(153	) 31	\$1,012	\$(330)	34	\$16,432	\$(483)
		ss than 12 i Fair er Value	Gross Unrealize Holding	ed ; Numb	Fair er Value	ns or		Total Fair r Value	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses
N	10	Φ.F. Q.4.F.	ф <i>(</i> <b>7</b> 14	\	ф	ф	10	Φ.5. Ο 4.5	Φ ( <b>7.1</b>
Municipal bonds		\$5,245	\$(71	) -	\$-	\$ -	12	\$5,245	\$(71)
Mortgage-backed securities	1 7	21,090	(82	) 41	1,185	(540)	48	22,275	(622 )
Total	19	\$26,335	\$(153					\$27,520	\$(693)

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities available for sale at June 30, 2013, by contractual maturity are shown in the table below.

					More th	an Five				
	One	Year	More th	an One	Ye	ars	More	than		
			Year to	Five						
	or I	Less	Yea	ars	to Ten Years		Ten Years		Total	
	Amortize	d Fair	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
					(dollars	in thousa	ands)			
Investment										
securities										
available for										
sale:										
U.S. Treasury	\$-	\$-	\$73	\$83	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$73	\$83
Corporate	2,006	2,006	7,163	7,163	-	-	-	-	9,169	9,169
Municipal bonds	-	-	7,998	7,900	43,271	42,550	44,988	44,297	96,257	94,747
Mortgage-backet	d									
securities	-	-	51	54	16,080	15,931	194,235	193,063	210,366	209,048
Total investment										
securities										
available for sale	2,006	2,006	15,285	15,200	59,351	58,481	239,223	237,360	315,865	313,047

Any temporary impairment is a result of the change in market interest rates and not the underlying issuers' ability to repay. The Company has the intent and ability to hold these securities until the temporary impairment is eliminated. Accordingly, the Company has not recognized the temporary impairment in earnings.

Unrealized gains and losses on investment securities available for sale are recognized in stockholders' equity as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). At June 30, 2013, the Company had accumulated other comprehensive loss of \$2.8 million, or \$1.7 million net of tax, compared to accumulated other comprehensive income of \$1.9 million, or \$1.1 million net of tax, at December 31, 2012.

Note 5 – Loans Held for Investment

The following table sets forth the composition of our loan portfolio in dollar amounts at the dates indicated:

	June 30,	December	June 30,
	2013	31, 2012	2012
Business		(in thousands)	
loans:			
Commercial			
<mark>and</mark>			
<mark>industrial</mark>	\$ 146,240	\$ 115,354	\$ 84,191
Commercial			
owner			
occupied (1)	201,802	150,934	150,428
SBA	5,820	6,882	3,995
Warehouse			
facilities	135,317	195,761	61,111

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Real estate			
loans:			
Commercial			
non-owner			
occupied	295,767	253,409	242,700
Multi-family	172,797	156,424	183,742
One-to-four			
family (2)	84,672	97,463	56,694
Construction	2,135	-	281
Land	10,438	8,774	11,191
Other loans	4,969	1,193	4,019
Total gross			
loans (3)	1,059,957	986,194	798,352
Less loans			
held for sale,			
net	3,617	3,681	2,401
Total gross			
loans held			
for			
investment	1,056,340	982,513	795,951
Less:			
Deferred			
loan			
origination			
costs (fees)			
and			
premiums			
(discounts),			
net	(910 )	(306)	(632)
Allowance			
for loan			
losses	(7,994)	(7,994)	(7,658)
Loans held			
for			
investment,			
net	\$ 1,047,436	\$ 974,213	\$ 787,661

(1) Majority

secured by

real estate.

(2) Includes

second trust

deeds.

(3) Total gross loans for June 30, 2013 is net of the mark-to-market discounts on Canyon National loans of \$2.1 million, on Palm Desert National loans of \$4.0 million, and on SDTB loans of \$560,000 and of the mark-to-market premium on FAB loans of \$103,000.

From time to time, we may purchase or sell loans in order to manage concentrations, maximize interest income, change risk profiles, improve returns and generate liquidity.

The Company makes residential and commercial loans held for investment to customers located primarily in Southern California. Consequently, the underlying collateral for our loans and a borrower's ability to repay may be impacted unfavorably by adverse changes in the economy and real estate market in the region.

Under applicable laws and regulations, the Bank may not make secured loans to one borrower in excess of 25% of unimpaired capital plus surplus and likewise in excess of 15% for unsecured loans. These loans-to-one borrower limitations result in a dollar limitation of \$45.2 million for secured loans and \$27.1 million for unsecured loans at June 30, 2013. At June 30, 2013, the Bank's largest aggregate outstanding balance of loans to one borrower was \$35.0 million of secured credit.

#### Purchased Credit Impaired

The following table provides a summary of the Company's investment in purchased credit impaired loans, acquired from Canyon National and Palm Desert National, as of the period indicated:

	Canyon National	I Na	30, 2013 Palm Desert ational nousands	Total
Business				
loans:				
Commercial Commercial				
and				
industrial	\$ 81	\$	185	\$ 266
Commercial				
owner				
occupied				
(1)	942		-	942
Real estate				
loans:				
Commercial				
non-owner				
occupied	1,019		-	1,019
One-to-four				
family (2)	-		24	24
Land	1,066		-	1,066
Total				
purchase				
credit				
impaired	\$ 3,108	\$	209	\$ 3,317

On the acquisition date, the amount by which the undiscounted expected cash flows of the purchased credit impaired loans exceed the estimated fair value of the loan is the "accretable yield." The accretable yield is measured at each financial reporting date and represents the difference between the remaining undiscounted expected cash flows and the current carrying value of the purchased credit impaired loan. At June 30, 2013, the Company had \$3.3 million

of purchased credit impaired loans, of which \$21,000 were placed on nonaccrual status.

The following table summarizes the accretable yield on the purchased credit impaired for the six months ended June 30, 2013:

Six Months Ended						
June 30, 2013						
	Palm					
Canyon	Desert					
National National Total						
(in thousands)						

Balance at				
the				
beginning				
of period	\$2,029	\$ 247		\$2,276
Accretable				
yield at				
acquisition	-	-		-
Accretion	(243)	(44	)	(287)
Disposals				
and other	-	(514	)	(514)
Change in				
accretable				
yield	157	448		605
Balance at				
the end of				
period	\$1,943	\$ 137		\$2,080

#### Impaired Loans

The following tables provide a summary of the Company's investment in impaired loans as of the period indicated:

	Impaired Loans							
	Specific							
	Contractua	1		Allowance				
	Unpaid		With	Without	for	Average	Interest	
	Principal	Recorded	Specific	Specific	Impaired	Recorded	Income	
	Balance	Investmen	Allowance	Allowanc	e Loans	Investment	Recognized	
	(in thousa	ınds)						
June 30,								
2013								
Business								
loans:								
Commercial								
and								
industrial	\$ 423	\$ 308	\$ 233	\$ 76	\$ 233	\$ 454	\$ 19	
<b>Commercial</b>	-	-	-	-	-	122	-	
owner								

occupied occupied							
SBA	-	-	-	-	-	84	1
Real estate							
loans:							
Commercial							
non-owner							
occupied	531	450	-	450	-	1,254	3
Multi-family	1,046	1,035	-	1,035	-	217	2
One-to-four							
family	836	813	501	312	360	837	26
<b>Totals</b>	\$ 2,836	\$ 2,606	\$ 734	\$ 1,873	\$ 593	\$ 2,968	\$ 51

## Impaired Loans

				Specific		
Contractua	l		1	Allowance	•	
Unpaid	•	With	Without	for	Average	Interest
Principal	Recorded Sp	pecific	Specific	Impaired	Recorded	Income
Balance	InvestmenAll	owance A	Allowance	Loans	InvestmentR	ecognized
(in the	ousands)					

December 31, 2012

31, 2012								
Business								
loans:								
Commercial								
and								
industrial	\$ 707	\$ 593	\$ 287	\$	306	\$ 270	\$ 203	\$ 29
Commercial								
owner								
occupied occupied	_	_	_		_	_	444	_
SBA	810	259	-		259	-	468	21
Real estate								
loans:								
Commercial								
non-owner								
occupied	746	670	_		670	_	1,031	59
Multi-family	315	266	_		266	-	1,123	22
One-to-four								
family	960	948	541		407	395	720	59
Totals	\$ 3,538	\$ 2,736	\$ 828	\$	1,908	\$ 665	\$ 3,989	\$ 190

#### Impaired Loans

		•		Specific		
Contractua	1			Allowance	e	
Unpaid		With	Without	for	Average	Interest
Principal	Recorded	Specific	Specific	Impaired	Recorded	Income
Balance	InvestmenA	llowance	Allowance	Loans	Investment	Recognized
(in the	ousands)					

June 30
2012
<b>D</b> .

Business loans:

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Commercial							
and							
industrial	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 200	\$ -
Commercial Commercial							
owner							
occupied	507	478	-	478	-	889	-
SBA	1,723	549	-	549	-	564	16
Real estate							
loans:							
Commercial							
non-owner							
occupied	2,304	2,095	-	2,095	-	1,279	32
Multi-family	1,442	1,404	-	1,404	-	1,412	45
One-to-four							
family	670	667	-	667	-	708	22
Totals	\$ 6,646	\$ 5,193	\$ -	\$ 5,193	\$ -	\$ 5,052	\$ 115

The Company considers a loan to be impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement or it is determined that the likelihood of the Company receiving all scheduled payments, including interest, when due is remote. The Company has no commitments to lend additional funds to debtors whose loans have been impaired.

The Company reviews loans for impairment when the loan is classified as substandard or worse, delinquent 90 days, or determined by management to be collateral dependent, or when the borrower files bankruptcy or is granted a troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs"). Measurement of impairment is based on the loan's expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, measured by reference to an observable market value, if one exists, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is deemed collateral dependent. All loans are generally charged-off at such time the loan is classified as a loss. Valuation allowances are determined on a loan-by-loan basis or by aggregating loans with similar risk characteristics.

The following table provides additional detail on the components of impaired loans at the period end indicated:

June	December	June
30,	31,	30,
2013	2012	2012
(i	in thousands	s)

Nonaccruing Nonaccruing	g		
loans	\$1,969	\$1,988	\$3,826
Accruing			
loans	637	748	1,367
<mark>Total</mark>			
<mark>impaired</mark>			
loans	\$2,606	\$2,736	\$5,193

When loans are placed on nonaccrual status all accrued interest is reversed from earnings. Payments received on nonaccrual loans are generally applied as a reduction to the loan principal balance. If the likelihood of further loss is remote, the Company will recognize interest on a cash basis only. Loans may be returned to accruing status if the Company believes that all remaining principal and interest is fully collectible and there has been at least three months

of sustained repayment performance since the loan was placed on nonaccrual.

The Company does not accrue interest on loans 90 days or more past due or when, in the opinion of management, there is reasonable doubt as to the collection of interest. The Company had impaired loans on nonaccrual status of \$2.0 million at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, and \$3.8 million at June 30, 2012. The Company had no loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing at June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012 or June 30, 2012.

The Company had an immaterial amount of TDRs related to two U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") loans which were all completed prior to 2011.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2013, the Company's loan portfolio was collateralized by various forms of real estate and business assets located principally in Southern California. The Company's loan portfolio contains concentrations of credit in multi-family real estate, commercial non-owner occupied real estate and commercial owner occupied business loans. The Bank maintains policies approved by the Bank's Board of Directors (the "Bank Board") that address these concentrations and continues to diversify its loan portfolio through loan originations, purchases and sales to meet approved concentration levels. While management believes that the collateral presently securing these loans is adequate, there can be no assurances that further significant deterioration in the California real estate market and economy would not expose the Company to significantly greater credit risk.

#### Credit Quality and Credit Risk Management

The Company's credit quality is maintained and credit risk managed in two distinct areas. The first is the loan origination process, wherein the Bank underwrites credit quality and chooses which risks it is willing to accept. The second is in the ongoing oversight of the loan portfolio, where existing credit risk is measured and monitored, and where performance issues are dealt with in a timely and comprehensive fashion.

The Company maintains a comprehensive credit policy which sets forth minimum and maximum tolerances for key elements of loan risk. The policy identifies and sets forth specific guidelines for analyzing each of the loan products the Company offers from both an individual and portfolio wide basis. The credit policy is reviewed annually by the Bank Board. The Bank's seasoned underwriters ensure all key risk factors are analyzed with nearly all underwriting including a comprehensive global cash flow analysis of the prospective borrowers. The credit approval process mandates multiple-signature approval by the management credit committee for every loan that requires any subjective credit analysis.

Credit risk is managed within the loan portfolio by the Company's Portfolio Management department based on a comprehensive credit and investment review policy. This policy requires a program of financial data collection and analysis, comprehensive loan reviews, property and/or business inspections and monitoring of portfolio concentrations and trends. The Portfolio Management department also monitors asset-based lines of credit, loan covenants and other conditions associated with the Company's business loans as a means to help identify potential credit risk. Individual loans, excluding the homogeneous loan portfolio, are reviewed at least biennially, and in most cases more often, including the assignment of a risk grade.

Risk grades are based on a six-grade Pass scale, along with Special Mention, Substandard, Doubtful and Loss classifications as such classifications are defined by the regulatory agencies. The assignment of risk grades allows the Company to, among other things, identify the risk associated with each credit in the portfolio, and to provide a basis for estimating credit losses inherent in the portfolio. Risk grades are reviewed regularly by the Company's Credit and Investment Review committee, and are reviewed annually by an independent third-party, as well as by regulatory agencies during scheduled examinations.

The following provides brief definitions for risk grades assigned to loans in the portfolio:

Pass classifications represent assets with a level of credit quality which contain no well-defined deficiency or weakness.

Special Mention assets do not currently expose the Bank to a sufficient risk to warrant classification in one of the adverse categories, but possess correctable deficiency or potential weaknesses deserving management's close attention.

Substandard assets are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. These assets are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. OREO acquired from foreclosure is also classified as substandard.

Doubtful credits have all the weaknesses inherent in substandard credits, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loss assets are those that are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as assets is not warranted. Amounts classified as loss are promptly charged off.

The Portfolio Management department also manages loan performance risks, collections, workouts, bankruptcies and foreclosures. Loan performance risks are mitigated by our portfolio managers acting promptly and assertively to address problem credits when they are identified. Collection efforts are commenced immediately upon non-payment, and the portfolio managers seek to promptly determine the appropriate steps to minimize the Company's risk of loss. When foreclosure will maximize the Company's recovery for a non-performing loan, the portfolio managers will take appropriate action to initiate the foreclosure process.

When a loan is graded as special mention or substandard or doubtful, the Company obtains an updated valuation of the underlying collateral. If the credit in question is also identified as impaired, a valuation allowance, if necessary, is established against such loan or a loss is recognized by a charge to the allowance for loan losses ("ALLL") if management believes that the full amount of the Company's recorded investment in the loan is no longer collectable. The Company typically continues to obtain updated valuations of underlying collateral for special mention and classified loans on an annual basis in order to have the most current indication of fair value. Once a loan is identified as impaired, an analysis of the underlying collateral is performed at least quarterly, and corresponding changes in any related valuation allowance are made or balances deemed to be fully uncollectable are charged-off.

The following tables stratify the loan portfolio by the Company's internal risk grading system as well as certain other information concerning the credit quality of the loan portfolio as of the periods indicated:

		Credit Risk Grades						
		Special		<b>Total Gross</b>				
	Pass	Mention	Substandar	d Loans				
June 30,								
2013		(in the	ousands)					
Business								
loans:								
Commercial								
and								
<mark>industrial</mark>	\$143,034	\$88	\$3,118	\$146,240				
Commercial								
owner								
occupied	186,271	2,298	13,233	201,802				
SBA	5,820	-	-	5,820				
	135,317	-	-	135,317				

Warehouse facilities				
Real estate				
loans:				
Commercial				
non-owner				
	290 210	356	6,201	295,767
occupied Multi-family	289,210 170,726	515	1,556	172,797
One-to-four	170,720	313	1,330	172,797
	92 205		1 277	94 672
family	83,395	-	1,277	84,672
Construction	,	-	-	2,135
Land	10,430	-	8	10,438
Other loans	4,960	- Φ2.257		4,969
Totals	\$1,031,298	\$3,257	\$25,402	\$1,059,957
		G 11. D		
			isk Grades	m . 1 G
	-	Special	~ .	Total Gross
_	Pass	Mention	Substandar	d Loans
December				
31, 2012		(in tho	usands)	
Business				
loans:				
Commercial Commercial				
<mark>and</mark>				
industrial	\$111,895	\$92	\$3,367	\$115,354
Commercial				
owner				
occupied	136,330	2,674	11,930	150,934
SBA	6,819	-	63	6,882
Warehouse				
facilities	195,761	-	-	195,761
Real estate				
loans:				
Commercial				
non-owner				
occupied	240,585	687	12,137	253,409
<mark>Multi-family</mark>	143,003	11,583	1,838	156,424
One-to-four				
family	96,061	-	1,402	97,463
Land	8,762	-	12	8,774
Other loans	1,177	-	16	1,193
Totals	\$940,393	\$15,036	\$30,765	\$986,194
	Pass	Special	isk Grades Substandar	Total Gross
June 30,				
2012		(in the	usands)	
Business		·	,	
loans:				
	\$81,359	\$1,753	\$1,079	\$84,191

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Commercial				
<mark>and</mark>				
<mark>industrial</mark>				
Commercial				
owner				
occupied	134,749	4,036	11,643	150,428
SBA	3,858	-	137	3,995
Warehouse				
facilities	61,111	-	-	61,111
Real estate				
loans:				
Commercial				
non-owner				
occupied	236,685	668	5,347	242,700
Multi-family	166,309	9,898	7,535	183,742
One-to-four				
family	55,303	-	1,391	56,694
Construction	281	-	-	281
Land	8,591	-	2,600	11,191
Other loans	3,892	-	127	4,019
Totals	\$752,138	\$16,355	\$29,859	\$798,352

The following tables set forth delinquencies in the Company's loan portfolio at the dates indicated:

			Non-			
	Current	30-59	60-89	90+	Total	Accruing
June 30,						
2013			(in tho	usands)		
Business						
loans:						
Commercial						
<mark>and</mark>						
<mark>industrial</mark>	\$146,000	\$7	\$233	\$-	\$146,240	\$96
Commercial						
owner						
occupied	201,162	640	-	-	201,802	-
SBA	5,795	-	25	-	5,820	-
Warehouse						
facilities	135,317	-	-	-	135,317	-
Real estate						
loans:						
Commercial						
non-owner						
occupied	295,767	-	-	-	295,767	450
Multi-family	171,762	-	-	1,035	172,797	1,035
One-to-four						
family	84,290	22	322	38	84,672	451
<b>Land</b>	10,438	-	-	-	10,438	-
Other loans	4,969	-	-	-	4,969	-
Totals	\$1,057,635	\$669	\$580	\$1,073	\$1,059,957	\$2,032

Current

Days Past Due

30-59 60-89 90+ Total

Non-

Accruing

December			00 07	701	10001	riceranig
			(in the	usanda)		
31, 2012			(III tilo	usands)		
Business						
loans:						
Commercial						
and						
industrial <u> </u>	\$115,078	\$-	\$58	\$218	\$115,354	\$347
Commercial						
owner						
occupied	150,689	-	245	-	150,934	14
SBA	6,697	-	-	185	6,882	260
Warehouse						
facilities	195,761	-	-	-	195,761	-
Real estate						
loans:						
Commercial						
non-owner						
occupied	253,409	_	_	_	253,409	670
Multi-family		_	_	_	156,424	266
One-to-four	100,121				100,121	200
family	97,283	101	_	79	97,463	522
Land	8,774	-	_	-	8,774	127
Other loans	1,188	5	_	_	1,193	-
Totals	\$985,303	\$106	\$303	\$482	\$986,194	\$2,206
1 otals	Ψ > 05,505	ΨΙΟΟ	4505	Ψ.Ο=	Ψ > 00,1 > 1	Ψ2,200
		D	ave Paet l	Due		Non-
	Current		ays Past I		Total	Non-
June 30	Current	Da 30-59	•		Total	Non- Accruing
June 30,	Current		60-89	90+	Total	
2012	Current		60-89		Total	
2012 Business	Current		60-89	90+	Total	
2012 Business loans:	Current		60-89	90+	Total	
2012 Business loans: Commercial	Current		60-89	90+	Total	
2012 Business loans: Commercial and		30-59	(in tho	90+ usands)		Accruing
2012 Business loans: Commercial and industrial			60-89	90+	Total \$84,191	
2012 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial		30-59	(in tho	90+ usands)		Accruing
2012 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner	\$84,141	30-59	(in tho	90+ usands)	\$84,191	Accruing \$9
2012 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied	\$84,141 148,900	\$-	(in tho	90+ usands) \$- 1,528	\$84,191 150,428	\$9 1,528
Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA	\$84,141	30-59	(in tho	90+ usands)	\$84,191	Accruing \$9
Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse	\$84,141 148,900 3,475	\$-	(in tho	90+ usands) \$- 1,528	\$84,191 150,428 3,995	\$9 1,528
Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities	\$84,141 148,900	\$-	(in tho	90+ usands) \$- 1,528	\$84,191 150,428	\$9 1,528
Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse	\$84,141 148,900 3,475	\$-	(in tho	90+ usands) \$- 1,528	\$84,191 150,428 3,995	\$9 1,528
Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans:	\$84,141 148,900 3,475	\$-	(in tho	90+ usands) \$- 1,528	\$84,191 150,428 3,995	\$9 1,528
Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate	\$84,141 148,900 3,475	\$-	(in tho	90+ usands) \$- 1,528	\$84,191 150,428 3,995	\$9 1,528
Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans:	\$84,141 148,900 3,475	\$-	(in tho	90+ usands) \$- 1,528	\$84,191 150,428 3,995	\$9 1,528
Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans: Commercial	\$84,141 148,900 3,475	\$-	(in tho	90+ usands) \$- 1,528	\$84,191 150,428 3,995	\$9 1,528
Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans: Commercial non-owner	\$84,141 148,900 3,475 61,111	\$- - 46 -	(in tho	90+ usands) \$- 1,528 474	\$84,191 150,428 3,995 61,111	\$9 1,528 503
Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans: Commercial non-owner occupied	\$84,141 148,900 3,475 61,111	\$- - 46 -	\$50 	90+ usands) \$- 1,528 474	\$84,191 150,428 3,995 61,111	\$9  1,528 503 - 2,094
Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans: Commercial non-owner occupied Multi-family	\$84,141 148,900 3,475 61,111	\$- - 46 -	\$50 	90+ usands) \$- 1,528 474	\$84,191 150,428 3,995 61,111	\$9  1,528 503 - 2,094

<b>Construction</b>	281	-	-	-	281	-
Land	10,934	-	-	257	11,191	691
Other loans	4,018	1	-	-	4,019	-
Totals	\$791,645	\$399	\$2,885	\$3,423	\$798,352	\$8,426

#### Note 6 – Allowance for Loan Losses

The Company's ALLL covers estimated credit losses on individually evaluated loans that are determined to be impaired as well as estimated credit losses inherent in the remainder of the loan portfolio. The ALLL is prepared using the information provided by the Company's credit and investment review process together with data from peer institutions and economic information gathered from published sources.

The loan portfolio is segmented into groups of loans with similar risk characteristics. Each segment possesses varying degrees of risk based on, among other things, the type of loan, the type of collateral, and the sensitivity of the borrower or industry to changes in external factors such as economic conditions. An estimated loss rate calculated using the Company's actual historical loss rates adjusted for current portfolio trends, economic conditions, and other relevant internal and external factors, is applied to each group's aggregate loan balances.

The following provides a summary of the ALLL calculation for the major segments within the Company's loan portfolio.

Owner Occupied Commercial Real Estate Loans, Commercial and Industrial Loans and SBA Loans

The Company's base ALLL factor for owner occupied commercial real estate loans, commercial business loans and SBA loans is determined by management using the Bank's actual trailing 36 month, 24 month, trailing 12 month and annualized trailing six month charge-off data. Adjustments to those base factors are made for relevant internal and external factors. For owner occupied commercial real estate loans, commercial business loans and SBA loans, those factors include:

Changes in national, regional and local economic conditions, including trends in real estate values and the interest rate environment.

Changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, including new types of lending,

Changes in volume and severity of past due loans, the volume of nonaccrual loans, and the volume and severity of adversely classified or graded loans, and

The existence and effect of concentrations of credit, and changes in the level of such concentrations.

The resulting total ALLL factor is compared for reasonableness against the 10-year average, 15-year average, and trailing 12 month total charge-off data for all FDIC insured commercial banks and savings institutions based in California. This factor is applied to balances graded pass-1 through pass-5. For loans risk graded as watch or worse, progressively higher potential loss factors are applied based on management's judgment, taking into consideration the specific characteristics of the Bank's portfolio and analysis of results from a select group of the Company's peers.

Multi-Family and Non-Owner Occupied Commercial Real Estate Loans

The Company's base ALLL factor for multi-family and non-owner occupied commercial real estate loans is determined by management using the Bank's actual trailing 36 month, 24 month, trailing 12 month and annualized

trailing six month charge-off data. Adjustments to those base factors are made for relevant internal and external factors. For multi-family and non-owner occupied commercial real estate loans, those factors include:

Changes in national, regional and local economic conditions, including trends in real estate values and the interest rate environment,

Changes in volume and severity of past due loans, the volume of nonaccrual loans, and the volume and severity of adversely classified or graded loans, and

The existence and effect of concentrations of credit, and changes in the level of such concentrations.

The resulting total ALLL factor is compared for reasonableness against the 10-year average, 15-year average, and trailing 12 month total charge-off data for all FDIC insured commercial banks and savings institutions based in California. This factor is applied to balances graded pass-1 through pass-5. For loans risk graded as watch or worse, progressively higher potential loss factors are applied based on management's judgment, taking into consideration the specific characteristics of the Bank's portfolio and analysis of results from a select group of the Company's peers.

#### One-to-Four Family and Consumer Loans

The Company's base ALLL factor for one-to-four family and consumer loans is determined by management using the Bank's actual trailing 36 month, trailing 24 month, trailing 12 month and annualized trailing six month charge-off data. Adjustments to those base factors are made for relevant internal and external factors. For one-to-four family and consumer loans, those factors include:

Changes in national, regional and local economic conditions, including trends in real estate values and the interest rate environment, and

Changes in volume and severity of past due loans, the volume of nonaccrual loans, and the volume and severity of adversely classified or graded loans.

The resulting total ALLL factor is compared for reasonableness against the 10-year average, 15-year average, and trailing 12 month total charge-off data for all FDIC insured commercial banks and savings institutions based in California. This factor is applied to balances graded pass-1 through pass-5. For loans risk graded as watch or worse, progressively higher potential loss factors are applied based on management's judgment, taking into consideration the specific characteristics of the Bank's portfolio and analysis of results from a select group of the Company's peers.

#### Warehouse Facilities

The Company's warehouse facilities are structured as repurchase facilities, whereby we purchase funded one-to-four family loans on an interim basis. Therefore, the base ALLL factor for warehouse facilities is equal to that for one-to-four family and consumer loans as discussed above. Adjustments to the base factor are made for relevant internal and external factors. Those factors include:

Changes in national, regional and local economic conditions, including trends in real estate values and the interest rate environment,

Changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, including new types of lending, and

The existence and effect of concentrations of credit, and changes in the level of such concentrations.

The resulting total ALLL factor is compared for reasonableness against the 10-year average, 15-year average, and trailing 12 month total charge-off data for one-to-four family loans for all FDIC insured commercial banks and

savings institutions based in California. This factor is applied to balances graded pass-1 through pass-5. For loans risk graded as watch or worse, progressively higher potential loss factors are applied based on management's judgment, taking into consideration the specific characteristics of the Bank's portfolio and analysis of results from a select group of the Company's peers.

The following tables summarize the allocation of the ALLL as well as the activity in the ALLL attributed to various segments in the loan portfolio as of and for the six months ended for the periods indicated:

	Commercial Commercial			1	Commercial															
	and industria	al	owner occupied	SBA	4	Warehou	ise		ed 1	Multi-fam	nily			onstruct	ion	Land		Other loans		Tot
e,								,	/		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-5)								
ber 31,																				
7.0	\$1,310	Į.	\$1,512	<b>\$79</b>		\$1,544		\$1,459	Į,	\$1,145	Ĺ	\$862	Į.	\$-		\$31		\$52	9	\$7,994
-offs	(58	)	-	(5	)	-		(757	)	(11	)	(10	)	-		-		(6 )	)	(847
ries	21		-	44		-		-		-		44		-		-		120		229
ons for ion in)	)																			
sses	806		229	(50	)	(844	)	806		(593	)	243		-		149		(128)	)	618
e, June			<b>*1.711</b>	<b>.</b>		<b>\$</b> 700		<b>\$1.500</b>		2541		<b>\$1.120</b>		4		<b>\$100</b>		<b>*20</b>		<b>* =</b> 00.4
3 t of	\$2,079		\$1,741	\$68		\$700		\$1,508		\$541		\$1,139		\$-		\$180		\$38	3	\$ <mark>7,</mark> 994
it of																				
nce ed to:																				
cally																				
ed																				
	ıs \$233		\$-	\$-		\$-		\$-		\$-		\$360		\$-		\$-		\$-	1	\$593
1	J 4		4	-		4		4		4		4-		4		Ψ		4		70
io																				
on	1,846		1,741	68		700		1,508		541		779		-		180		38		7,401
ually																				
ed for																				
nent	308		-	-		-		450		1,035		813		-		-		-		2,606
c																				
s to																				ļ
ans ually																				ļ
ually ed for																				ļ
ed for nent	75.65	%	0.00	% 0.00		% 0.00	%	6 0.00	%	6 0.00	%	44.28	0%	0.00	0/2	0.00	%	0.00	0%	22.76
Hem	13.05	/0	0.00 /	70 0.00	) /	0.00	/0	) 0.00	/0	0.00	70	77.20	/0	0.00	70	0.00	/0	0.00	76	22.10
vely																				
ed for																				
nent	\$145,93	2	\$201,802	\$5,82	20	\$135,31	7	\$295,31	7	\$171,76	52	\$83,85	9	\$2,135	,	\$10,43	8	\$4,969	9	\$1,057
1	1.26					% 0.52														
s to																				ļ
ans																				

vely

ed for nent											
ross	\$146,24	0 \$201,8	802 \$5,82	0 \$135,317	\$295,767	\$172,797	\$84,672	\$2,135	\$10,438	\$4,969	\$1,059
nce to	1.42	% 0.86	% 1.17	% 0.52	% 0.51	% 0.31 °	% 1.35 %	0.00 %	1.72 %	0.76 %	0.75
	Commerc and industria	ial Comme own al occup	er	Warehous	_				n Land	Other loans	Tot
e, ber 31,	\$1,361	\$1,119		\$1,347	\$1,287	\$2,281	\$931	\$-	\$39		\$8,522
-offs ries	(191	) (265	) (109 77	- -	(88	) - -	(305)	_	-	(1 )	(959 95
ons for ion in)		_	, ,	_	_	_	3	_	_	11	73
sses e, June	78	222	103	(439	) 468	3	(328 )	-	(39 )	(68)	-
2	\$1,250	\$1,076	5 \$151	\$908	\$1,667	\$2,284	\$303	\$-	\$-	\$19	\$7,658
t of nce ed to:											
cally ed											
ed ed loans	\$ \$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
1											
io on	1,250	1,076	5 151	908	1,667	2,284	303	_	_	19	7,658
ually ed for					, 	, 					
nent	-	478	549	-	2,095	1,404	667	_	_	_	5,193
c s to ans ually ed for nent	0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00 <i>9</i>	% 0.00 %	o 0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00
Hent	0.00	% 0.00	70 0.00	70 U.UU	70 0.00	70 0.00 °	% 0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00
vely ed for nent	\$84,191	¢ 140 (	050 \$2.44	6 \$61.111	\$240,605	¢102 220	\$56,027	\$281	\$11,191	\$4.010	\$702.1
l s to ans	1.48	% 0.72		% 1.49			% 0.54 %				

ross																				
	\$84,191		\$150,428	8	\$3,995	\$61,111		\$242,70	0	\$183,74	2	\$56,694	4	\$281		\$11,19	1	\$4,019	<b>)</b> /	\$798,3
nce to																				ŀ
oans	1.48	%	0.72	%	3.78 %	<i>l</i> ₀ 1.49	%	0.69	%	1.24	%	0.53	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.47	%	0.96

#### Note 7 – Subordinated Debentures

nent

In March 2004, the Corporation issued \$10.3 million of Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures (the "Subordinated Debentures") to PPBI Trust I, which funded the payment of \$10.0 million of Floating Rate Trust Preferred Securities ("Trust Preferred Securities") issued by PPBI Trust I in March 2004. The net proceeds from the offering of Trust Preferred Securities were contributed as capital to the Bank to support further growth. Interest is payable quarterly on the Subordinated Debentures at three-month LIBOR plus 2.75% per annum, for an effective rate of 3.03% per annum as of June 30, 2013.

The Corporation is not allowed to consolidate PPBI Trust I into the Company's consolidated financial statements. The resulting effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements is to report only the Subordinated Debentures as a component of the Company's liabilities.

#### Note 8 – Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share excludes dilution and is computed by dividing net income or loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period, excluding common shares in treasury. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted from the issuance of common stock that would then share in earnings and excludes common shares in treasury. Stock options exercisable for shares of common stock are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share if they are anti-dilutive due to their exercise price exceeding the average market price during the period.

The impact of stock options which are anti-dilutive are excluded from the computations of diluted earnings per share. The dilutive impact of these securities could be included in future computations of diluted earnings per share if the market price of the common stock increases. The following table sets forth the number of stock options excluded for the periods indicated:

	Three Month	ns Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	June 3	50,						
	2013	2012	2013	2012				
Stock	61,870	410,179	81,919	434,595				
options options								
excluded								

The following tables set forth the Company's unaudited earnings per share calculations for the periods indicated:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 2012

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	Net	Cl	Per Share	Net	Chara	Per Share		
	Income	Shares (dollars in th	Amount nousands, o	Income except per	Shares share data)	Amount		
Net income	\$ (249)			\$ 5,811				
Basic income available to common								
stockholders	(249)	15,516,537	\$ (0.02)	5,811	10,329,934	\$ 0.56		
Effect of warrants and dilutive stock options		_			339,071			
Diluted income available to common stockholders plus assumed					337,071			
conversions	\$ (249)	15,516,537	\$ (0.02)	\$ 5,811	10,669,005	\$ 0.55		
	2012	Six Months Ended June 30,						
	2013		Per	2012		Per		
	Net		Share	Net		Share		
	Income	Shares	Amount	Income	Shares	Amount		
		(dollars in th	nousands,	except per	share data)			
Net income	\$ 1,723			\$ 8,503				
Basic income available to common								
stockholders	1,723	14,939,179	\$ 0.12	8,503	10,332,935	\$ 0.82		
Effect of warrants and dilutive stock								
options options	-	782,083		-	314,655			
Diluted income available to								
stockholders plus assumed conversions	\$ 1,723	15,721,262	\$ 0.11	\$ 8,503	10,647,590	\$ 0.80		

Note 9 – Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants

on the measurement date. Financial instruments are considered Level 1 when the valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 financial instruments are valued using quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or models using inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. Financial instruments are considered Level 3 when their values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or similar techniques, and at least one significant model assumption or input is unobservable and when determination of the fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

Because no market exists for a significant portion of the Company's financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the fair values presented. The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company to estimate the fair value of its financial instruments at June 30, 2013, December 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012:

Cash and due from banks – The carrying amounts of cash and short-term instruments approximate fair values and are classified as Level 1.

Securities Available for Sale – Where possible, the Company utilizes quoted market prices to measure debt and equity securities; such items are classified as Level 1 in the hierarchy and include equity securities, US government bonds and securities issued by federally sponsored agencies. When quoted market prices for identical assets are unavailable or the market for the asset is not sufficiently active, varying valuation techniques are used. Common inputs in valuing these assets include, among others, benchmark yields, issuer spreads, forward mortgage-backed securities trade prices and recently reported trades. Such assets are classified as Level 2 in the hierarchy and typically include private label mortgage-backed securities and corporate bonds. Pricing on these securities are provided to the Company by a pricing service vendor. In the Level 3 category, the Company is classifying the securities that reflected an OTTI charge based on the discounted cash flow of the security or a determination of fair value that requires significant management judgment or consideration.

FHLB, Federal Reserve Bank Stock and TIB Stock – The carrying value approximates the fair value based upon the redemption provisions of the stock and are classified as Level 1.

Loans Held for Sale - The fair value of loans held for sale is determined, when possible, using quoted secondary-market prices. If no such quoted price exists, the fair value of a loan is determined using quoted prices for a similar asset or assets, adjusted for the specific attributes of that loan. Loans held for sale are classified as Level 2.

Loans Held for Investment— For variable-rate loans that re-price frequently and have no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying values resulting in a Level 3 classification. The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable approximates its fair value as a Level 1 classification.

OREO – OREO assets are recorded at the fair value less estimated costs to sell at the time of foreclosure. The fair value of OREO assets is generally based on recent real estate appraisals adjusted for estimated selling costs. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are typically significant and result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.

Accrued Interest Receivable/Payable – The carrying amount approximates fair value and are classified as Level 1.

Deposit Accounts— The fair values estimated for demand deposits (interest and noninterest checking, passbook savings, and certain types of money market accounts) are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the

reporting date (i.e., their carrying amounts) resulting in a Level 1 classification. Fair values for fixed-rate certificates of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of the aggregate expected monthly maturities on time deposits in a Level 2 classification. The carrying amount of accrued interest payable approximates its fair value as a Level 2 classification.

FHLB Advances and Other Borrowings— For these instruments, the fair value of short term borrowings is estimated to be the carrying amount and is classified as Level 1. The fair value of long term borrowings and debentures is determined using rates currently available for similar borrowings or debentures with similar credit risk and for the remaining maturities and are classified as Level 2. The carrying amount of accrued interest payable approximates its fair value as a Level 2 classification.

Subordinated Debentures – The fair value of subordinated debentures is estimated by discounting the balance by the current three-month LIBOR rate plus the current market spread. The fair value is determined based on the maturity date as the Company does not currently have intentions to call the debenture and are classified as Level 2.

Off-Balance Sheet Commitments and Standby Letters of Credit – The majority of the Bank's commitments to extend credit carry current market interest rates if converted to loans. Because these commitments are generally unassignable by either the Bank or the borrower, they only have value to the Bank and the borrower. The notional amount disclosed for off-balance sheet commitments and standby letters of credit is the amount available to be drawn down all lines and letters of credit. The cost to assume is calculated at 10% of the notional amount and are classified as Level 2.

Estimated fair values are disclosed for financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate fair value. These estimates are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market data and information about the financial instruments. These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering the Company's entire holdings of a particular financial instrument for sale at one time, nor do they attempt to estimate the value of anticipated future business related to the instruments. In addition, the tax ramifications related to the realization of unrealized gains and losses can have a significant effect on fair value estimates and have not been considered in any of these estimates.

The fair value estimates presented herein are based on pertinent information available to management as of the periods indicated.

Assets:	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2 (in thousand	Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
Cash and cash					
equivalents •	\$103,972	\$103,972	\$-	\$-	\$103,972
Securities available for					
sale	313,047	206,226	105,764	1,057	313,047
Federal Reserve Bank, TIB and FHLB					
stock, at cost	11,917	11,917	-	-	11,917
Loans held					
for sale, net	3,617	-	3,617	-	3,617

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Loans held for					
investment,					
*	1 047 426			1,124,670	1 124 670
net Accrued	1,047,436	-	-	1,124,070	1,124,670
interest	5 766	5.766			5 766
receivable	5,766	5,766	-	-	5,766
T. 1 - 1-11141					
Liabilities:					
Deposit	1 214 100	070 117	226.020		1 214 255
accounts	1,314,189	978,117	336,238	-	1,314,355
Other	40.002		50.074		50.074
borrowings	48,082	-	50,074	-	50,074
Subordinated	10.210		4.010		4.010
debentures	10,310	-	4,818	-	4,818
Accrued					
interest	212	212			212
payable	213	213	-	-	213
					G
	<b>X</b> Y 1				Cost to
	Notional				Cede
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	or Assume
Off-balance					
sheet					
commitments					
and standby					
letters of	<b>\$226.425</b>	Φ.	ф22. C 12	<b>.</b>	<b>\$22.642</b>
	\$236,425	\$-	\$23,643	\$-	\$23,643
letters of	\$236,425				\$23,643
letters of			\$23,643 December 31		
letters of	Carrying	At Γ	December 31	, 2012	Estimated
letters of		At Γ Level 1	December 31 Level 2	, 2012 Level 3	
letters of credit	Carrying	At Γ Level 1	December 31	, 2012 Level 3	Estimated
letters of credit  Assets:	Carrying Amount	At Γ Level 1	December 31 Level 2	, 2012 Level 3	Estimated
Assets: Cash and cash	Carrying Amount	At Γ Level 1	December 31  Level 2  (in thousand	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	Carrying Amount	At Γ Level 1	December 31 Level 2	, 2012 Level 3	Estimated
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities	Carrying Amount	At Γ Level 1	December 31  Level 2  (in thousand	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for	Carrying Amount \$59,352	At I Level 1 \$59,352	December 31  Level 2 (in thousand	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale	Carrying Amount	At Γ Level 1	December 31  Level 2  (in thousand	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal	Carrying Amount \$59,352	At I Level 1 \$59,352	December 31  Level 2 (in thousand	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank	Carrying Amount \$59,352	At I Level 1 \$59,352	December 31  Level 2 (in thousand	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB	Carrying Amount \$59,352 84,066	At II Level 1 \$59,352 81,042	December 31  Level 2 (in thousand	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value \$59,352  84,066
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost	Carrying Amount \$59,352	At I Level 1 \$59,352	December 31  Level 2 (in thousand	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held	Carrying Amount \$59,352 84,066	At II Level 1 \$59,352 81,042	Level 2 (in thousand) \$- 2,072	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value \$59,352 84,066
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net	Carrying Amount \$59,352 84,066	At II Level 1 \$59,352 81,042	December 31  Level 2 (in thousand	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value \$59,352  84,066
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held	Carrying Amount \$59,352 84,066	At II Level 1 \$59,352 81,042	Level 2 (in thousand) \$- 2,072	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value \$59,352 84,066
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for	Carrying Amount \$59,352 84,066	At II Level 1 \$59,352 81,042	Level 2 (in thousand) \$- 2,072	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value \$59,352 84,066
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for investment,	Carrying Amount \$59,352 84,066 11,247 3,681	At II Level 1 \$59,352 81,042	Level 2 (in thousand) \$- 2,072	, 2012 Level 3 ls) \$- 952	Estimated Fair Value \$59,352 \$4,066 \$11,247 3,681
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for investment, net	Carrying Amount \$59,352 84,066  11,247 3,681	At II Level 1 \$59,352 81,042	Level 2 (in thousand) \$- 2,072	, 2012 Level 3 ds)	Estimated Fair Value  \$59,352  84,066  11,247  3,681  1,049,589
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for investment,	Carrying Amount \$59,352 84,066 11,247 3,681	At II Level 1 \$59,352 81,042	Level 2 (in thousand) \$- 2,072	, 2012 Level 3 ls) \$- 952	Estimated Fair Value \$59,352 \$4,066 \$11,247 3,681

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FHLB advances 87 Other borrowings 28 Subordinated debentures 10 Accrued interest	04,768 7,000 3,500 0,310	548,101 87,000 - -	363,382 - 31,267 4,973	- -	911,483 87,000 31,267
accounts 90 FHLB advances 85 Other borrowings 28 Subordinated debentures 10 Accrued interest	7,000 3,500		31,267	- -	87,000
accounts 90 FHLB advances 85 Other borrowings 28 Subordinated debentures 10 Accrued interest	7,000 3,500		31,267	- -	87,000
advances 87 Other borrowings 28 Subordinated debentures 10 Accrued interest	7,000 3,500		31,267	_	87,000
Other borrowings 28 Subordinated debentures 10 Accrued interest	3,500	87,000		_	
Other borrowings 28 Subordinated debentures 10 Accrued interest	3,500	-		-	
Subordinated debentures 10 Accrued interest		-		-	31,267
Subordinated debentures 10 Accrued interest	),310	-	4 973		
Accrued interest	),310	-	4 973		
interest			7,713	-	4,973
payable 14					
pujuoi	12	142	-	-	142
					Cost to
N	otional				Cede
A	mount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	or Assume
Off-balance					
sheet					
commitments					
and standby					
letters of					
credit \$13	31,450 \$	- \$	313,145	<b>\$</b> -	\$13,145
		At J	June 30, 20	12	
	arrying				Estimated
A	mount		Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
		(ir	n thousands	)	
Assets:					
Cash and cash		-			+
_	1,972 \$	64,972 \$	5-	<b>\$</b> -	\$64,972
Securities					
available for	16.10.1	102 004	12.202	0.07	146124
	16,134	102,004	43,203	927	146,134
Federal D. 1					
Reserve Bank					
and FHLB	N 7 4 4	10.744			10.744
	2,744	12,744	-	-	12,744
Loans held	401		2.401		2 401
	401	-	2,401	-	2,401
Loans held					
for					
	27 661			260.751	960.751
	07,001		-	009,/31	009,731
	968	3,968			3,968
icceivable 3,	<i>5</i> 00	2,700	-	-	2,700
Liabilities:					
	13,191	477,661	439,328	_	916,989
investment,	37,661	-	-	869,751	869,751

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Deposit					
accounts					
Other					
borrowings	28,500	-	32,177	-	32,177
<b>Subordinated</b>					
debentures	10,310	-	7,513	-	7,513
Accrued					
interest					
payable	151	151	-	-	151
					Cost to
	Notional				Cede
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	or Assume
Off-balance					
sheet					
commitments					
and standby					
letters of					
<u>credit</u>	\$126,544	\$-	\$12,654	\$-	\$12,654

A loan is considered impaired when it is probable that payment of interest and principal will not be made in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Impairment is measured based on the fair value of the underlying collateral or the discounted expected future cash flows. The Company measures impairment on all non-accrual loans for which it has reduced the principal balance to the value of the underlying collateral less the anticipated selling cost. As such, the Company records impaired loans as non-recurring Level 2 when the fair value of the underlying collateral is based on an observable market price or current appraised value. When current market prices are not available or the Company determines that the fair value of the underlying collateral is further impaired below appraised values, the Company records impaired loans as Level 3. At June 30, 2013, substantially all the Company's impaired loans were evaluated based on the fair value of their underlying collateral based upon the most recent appraisal available to management.

The Company's valuation methodologies may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While management believes the Company's valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

The following fair value hierarchy table presents information about the Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at the dates indicated:

June 30, 2013
Fair Value Measurement
Using
Securities
at
Level 1 Level 2 3 Value
(in thousands)

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Investment				
securities				
available for				
sale:				
U.S. Treasury	\$83	\$-	\$-	\$83
Corporate	-	9,169	-	9,169
Municipal bonds	-	94,747	-	94,747
Mortgage-backed				
securities	206,143	1,848	1,057	209,048
Total securities				
available for sale	\$206,226	\$105,764	\$1,057	\$313,047
Stock:				
FHLB stock	\$8,622	\$-	\$-	\$8,622
Federal Reserve				
Bank stock	3,295	-	-	3,295
Total stock	\$11,917	\$-	\$-	\$11,917
Total securities	\$218,143	\$105,764	\$1,057	\$324,964
		1 20	2012	
	D . X	June 30,		
	Fair Va	lue Measure	ement	
		Using		
				a
				Securities
				at
			Level	at Fair
	Level 1	Level 2	3	at
	Level 1	Level 2 (in thous	3	at Fair
Investment	Level 1		3	at Fair
securities	Level 1		3	at Fair
securities available for	Level 1		3	at Fair
securities available for sale:		(in thous	3 sands)	at Fair Value
securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury	Level 1 \$261	(in thous	3	at Fair Value
securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds	\$261 -	(in thous	3 sands)	at Fair Value
securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds Mortgage-backed	\$261 -	(in thous	3 sands) \$-	at Fair Value  \$261 41,116
securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds Mortgage-backed securities	\$261 -	(in thous	3 sands) \$-	at Fair Value  \$261 41,116
securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds Mortgage-backed securities Total securities	\$261 - 101,743	\$- 41,116 2,087	3 sands) \$ 927	at Fair Value \$261 41,116 104,757
securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds Mortgage-backed securities Total securities available for sale	\$261 - 101,743	(in thous	3 sands) \$-	at Fair Value  \$261 41,116
securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds Mortgage-backed securities Total securities available for sale Stock:	\$261 - 101,743 \$102,004	\$- 41,116 2,087 \$43,203	3 sands) \$- - 927 \$927	at Fair Value \$261 41,116 104,757 \$146,134
securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds Mortgage-backed securities Total securities available for sale Stock: FHLB stock	\$261 - 101,743	\$- 41,116 2,087	3 sands) \$ 927	at Fair Value \$261 41,116 104,757
securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds Mortgage-backed securities Total securities available for sale Stock: FHLB stock Federal Reserve	\$261 - 101,743 \$102,004 \$10,725	\$- 41,116 2,087 \$43,203	3 sands) \$- - 927 \$927	at Fair Value \$261 41,116 104,757 \$146,134 \$10,725
securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds Mortgage-backed securities Total securities available for sale Stock: FHLB stock Federal Reserve Bank stock	\$261 - 101,743 \$102,004 \$10,725 2,019	\$- 41,116 2,087 \$43,203	3 sands)  \$ 927 \$927 \$	at Fair Value \$261 41,116 104,757 \$146,134 \$10,725 2,019
securities available for sale: U.S. Treasury Municipal bonds Mortgage-backed securities Total securities available for sale Stock: FHLB stock Federal Reserve	\$261 - 101,743 \$102,004 \$10,725	\$- 41,116 2,087 \$43,203	3 sands) \$- - 927 \$927	at Fair Value \$261 41,116 104,757 \$146,134 \$10,725

The following table provides a summary of the changes in balance sheet carrying values associated with Level 3 financial instruments during the six months ended for the periods indicated:

Six Months Ended

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	June 30,	June 30,
	2013	2012
	(in thou	sands)
Balance, beginning		
of period	\$ 952	\$ 991
Total gains or		
(losses)		
realized/unrealized:		
Included in earnings		
(or changes in net		
assets)	(35)	(82)
Included in other		
comprehensive		
income	186	124
Purchases,		
issuances, and		
settlements	(117)	(146)
Transfer in and/or		
out of Level 3	71	40
Balance, end of		
period	\$ 1,057	\$ 927

The following table provides a summary of the financial instruments the Company measures at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of the periods indicated:

		Jun	ne 30, 2013	
		Fair Va		
	Mea		nt Using	
	1,100	is ar erric	nt comg	Assets
				at
	Laval	Level		Fair
		2	Laval 2	Value
	1	_	Level 3	
		(1n	thousands)	
Assets				
<b>Impaire</b>	d			
loans	\$-	\$ -	\$2,606	\$2,606
Other				
real				
estate				
owned	_	_	1,186	1,186
Total				
assets	\$-	\$ -	\$3,792	\$3,792
		Jun	e 30, 2012	
		Fair Va	•	
	Mes		nt Using	
			Level 3	Assets
			LCVCI 3	
	1	2		at

				Fair Value
		(ir	thousands)	)
Assets				
<b>Impaire</b>	d			
loans	\$-	\$ -	\$5,193	\$5,193
Other				
real				
estate				
owned	-	-	9,339	9,339
Total				
assets	\$-	\$ -	\$14,532	\$14,532

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains information and statements that are considered "forward looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements represent plans, estimates, objectives, goals, guidelines, expectations, intentions, projections and statements of our beliefs concerning future events, business plans, objectives, expected operating results and the assumptions upon which those statements are based. Forward-looking statements include without limitation, any statement that may predict, forecast, indicate or imply future results, performance or achievements, and are typically identified with words such as "may," "could," "should," "will," "would," "believe," "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "plan," or words or phrases of similar meaning. We can that the forward-looking statements are based largely on our expectations and are subject to a number of known and unknown risks and uncertainties that are subject to change based on factors which are, in many instances, beyond our control. Actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those contemplated, expressed, or implied by the forward-looking statements.

The following factors, among others, could cause our financial performance to differ materially from that expressed in such forward-looking statements:

The strength of the United States economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which we conduct operations;

The effects of, and changes in, trade, monetary and fiscal policies and laws, including interest rate policies of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "Federal Reserve");

Inflation/deflation, interest rate, market and monetary fluctuations;

The timely development of competitive new products and services and the acceptance of these products and services by new and existing customers;

The willingness of users to substitute competitors' products and services for our products and services;

The impact of changes in financial services policies, laws and regulations, including those concerning taxes, banking, securities and insurance, and the application thereof by regulatory bodies;

## Technological changes;

The effect of the SDTB Acquisition, the FAB Acquisition, the Palm Desert National Acquisition, the Canyon National Acquisition and other acquisitions we may make, if any, including, without limitation, the failure to achieve the expected revenue growth and/or expense savings from such acquisitions;

Changes in the level of our nonperforming assets and charge-offs;

The effect of changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted from time-to-time by bank regulatory agencies, the SEC, the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the FASB or other accounting standards setters;

Possible other-than-temporary impairments ("OTTI") of securities held by us;

The impact of current governmental efforts to restructure the United States financial regulatory system, including enactment of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act");

Changes in consumer spending, borrowing and savings habits;

The effects of our lack of a diversified loan portfolio, including the risks of geographic and industry concentrations;

Ability to attract deposits and other sources of liquidity;

Changes in the financial performance and/or condition of our borrowers;

Changes in the competitive environment among financial and bank holding companies and other financial service providers;

Geopolitical conditions, including acts or threats of terrorism, actions taken by the United States or other governments in response to acts or threats of terrorism and/or military conflicts, which could impact business and economic conditions in the United States and abroad;

Unanticipated regulatory or judicial proceedings; and

Our ability to manage the risks involved in the foregoing.

If one or more of the factors affecting our forward-looking information and statements proves incorrect, then our actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, forward-looking information and statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other reports and registration statements filed by us with the SEC. Therefore, we caution you not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking information and statements. We will not update the forward-looking information and statements to reflect actual results or changes in the factors affecting the forward-looking information and statements. For information on the factors that could cause actual results to differ from the expectations stated in the forward-looking statements, see "Risk Factors" under Part I, Item 1A of our 2012 Annual Report.

Forward-looking information and statements should not be viewed as predictions, and should not be the primary basis upon which investors evaluate us. Any investor in our common stock should consider all risks and uncertainties

disclosed in our filings with the SEC, all of which are accessible on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

#### **GENERAL**

This discussion should be read in conjunction with our Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our 2012 Annual Report, plus the unaudited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the year ending December 31, 2013.

The Corporation is a California-based bank holding company incorporated in the state of Delaware and registered as a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended ("BHCA"). Our wholly owned subsidiary, Pacific Premier Bank, is a California state chartered commercial bank. As a bank holding company, the Corporation is subject to regulation and supervision by the Federal Reserve. We are required to file with the Federal Reserve quarterly and annual reports and such additional information as the Federal Reserve may require pursuant to the BHCA. The Federal Reserve may conduct examinations of bank holding companies, such as the Corporation, and its subsidiaries. The Corporation is also a bank holding company within the meaning of the California Financial Code (the "Financial Code"). As such, the Corporation and its subsidiaries are subject to examination by, and may be required to file reports with, the California Department of Financial Institutions ("DFI").

A bank holding company, such as the Corporation, is required to serve as a source of financial strength to its subsidiary depository institutions and to commit resources to support such institutions in circumstances where it might not do so absent such a policy. The Federal Reserve, under the BHCA, has the authority to require a bank holding company to terminate any activity or to relinquish control of a nonbank subsidiary (other than a nonbank subsidiary of a bank) upon the Federal Reserve's determination that such activity or control constitutes a serious risk to the financial soundness and stability of any bank subsidiary of the bank holding company.

As a California state-chartered commercial bank which is a member of the Federal Reserve, the Bank is subject to supervision, periodic examination and regulation by the DFI and the Federal Reserve. The Bank's deposits are insured by the FDIC through the Deposit Insurance Fund. In general terms, insurance coverage is unlimited for non-interest bearing transaction accounts and up to \$250,000 per depositor for all other accounts in accordance with the Dodd-Frank Act. As a result of this deposit insurance function, the FDIC also has certain supervisory authority and powers over the Bank. If, as a result of an examination of the Bank, the regulators should determine that the financial condition, capital resources, asset quality, earnings prospects, management, liquidity or other aspects of the Bank's operations are unsatisfactory or that the Bank or our management is violating or has violated any law or regulation, various remedies are available to the regulators. Such remedies include the power to enjoin unsafe or unsound practices, to require affirmative action to correct any conditions resulting from any violation or practice, to issue an administrative order that can be judicially enforced, to direct an increase in capital, to restrict growth, to assess civil monetary penalties, to remove officers and directors and ultimately to request the FDIC to terminate the Bank's deposit insurance. As a California-chartered commercial bank, the Bank is also subject to certain provisions of California law.

We provide banking services within our targeted markets in Southern California to businesses, including the owners and employees of those businesses, professionals, real estate investors and non-profit organizations, as well as consumers in the communities we serve. At June 30, 2013, the Bank operated 13 full-service depository branches in Southern California located in the cities of Encinitas, Huntington Beach, Irvine, Los Alamitos, Newport Beach, Palm Springs, Palm Desert, Point Loma, San Bernardino, San Diego and Seal Beach and one office located Dallas, Texas. Our corporate headquarters are located in Irvine, California. Through our branches and our web site at www.ppbi.com, we offer a broad array of deposit products and services for both business and consumer customers, including checking, money market and savings accounts, cash management services, electronic banking, and on-line bill payment. We also offer a variety of loan products, including commercial business loans, lines of credit,

commercial real estate loans, SBA loans, residential home loans, and home equity loans. The Bank funds its lending and investment activities with retail deposits obtained through its branches, advances from the FHLB, lines of credit, and wholesale and brokered certificates of deposits.

Our principal source of income is the net spread between interest earned on loans and investments and the interest costs associated with deposits and borrowings used to finance the loan and investment portfolios. Additionally, the Bank generates fee income from loan and investment sales and various products and services offered to both depository and loan customers.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Management has established various accounting policies that govern the application of U.S. GAAP in the preparation of our financial statements. Our significant accounting policies are described in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our 2012 Annual Report. There have been no significant changes to our Critical Accounting Policies as described in our 2012 Annual Report.

Certain accounting policies require management to make estimates and assumptions which have a material impact on the carrying value of certain assets and liabilities; management considers these to be critical accounting policies. The estimates and assumptions management uses are based on historical experience and other factors, which management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ significantly from these estimates and assumptions, which could have a material impact on the carrying value of assets and liabilities at balance sheet dates and our results of operations for future reporting periods.

We consider the ALLL to be a critical accounting policy that requires judicious estimates and assumptions in the preparation of our financial statements that is particularly susceptible to significant change. For further information, see "Allowances for Loan Losses" discussed in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our 2012 Annual Report.

## SDTB ACQUISITION

Effective June 25, 2013, the Bank acquired SDTB, a San Diego based state-chartered bank pursuant to the terms of a definitive agreement entered into by the Corporation, the Bank and SDTB on March 6, 2013. As a result of the SDTB Acquisition, the Bank acquired and recorded at the acquisition date assets with a fair value of approximately \$201.1 million, including:

\$125.9 million in investment securities, including FHLB stock;

\$42.4 million of loans;

\$14.1 million of cash and cash equivalents;

\$6.4 million in goodwill;

\$5.8 million in bank owned life insurance;

\$3.7 million of other types of assets; and

\$2.8 million of a core deposit intangible.

Also as a result of the SDTB Acquisition, the Bank recorded equity of \$14.4 million in connection with the Corporation's stock issued to SDTB shareholders as part of the acquisition consideration and assumed at acquisition

date liabilities with a fair value of approximately \$186.7 million, including:

\$178.8 million in deposit transaction accounts;

\$5.1 million in retail certificates of deposit;

\$1.9 million other liabilities; and

\$922,000 in deferred tax liability.

The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined based on the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

The acquisition is an opportunity for the Company to acquire a banking network that will complement our existing banking franchise and expand our footprint into a new market. Additionally, this partnership will improve the Company's deposit base, lower its cost of deposits and provide the opportunity to accelerate future core deposit growth. Additionally, the acquisition of SDTB allowed the Company to deploy a portion of its current capital base into a compelling investment.

## FAB ACQUISITION

Effective March 15, 2013, the Bank acquired FAB, a Dallas, Texas, based Texas-chartered bank pursuant to the terms of a definitive agreement entered into by the Bank and the FAB on October 15, 2012. As a result of the FAB Acquisition, the Bank acquired and recorded at the acquisition date assets with a fair value of approximately \$394.1 million, including:

\$223.0 million in investment securities, including FHLB and TIB Bank stock;

\$124.7 million of cash and cash equivalents;

\$26.4 million of loans;

\$11.9 million in goodwill;

\$6.2 million of other types of assets; and

\$1.9 million of a core deposit intangible.

Also as a result of the FAB Acquisition, the Bank recorded equity of \$15.9 million in connection with the Corporation's stock issued to FAB shareholders as part of the acquisition consideration and assumed at acquisition date liabilities with a fair value of approximately \$378.2 million, including:

\$329.5 million in deposit transaction accounts;

\$17.4 million in retail certificates of deposit;

\$9.9 million in wholesale deposits;

\$16.9 million in other borrowings;

\$3.9 million in deferred tax liability; and

\$536,000 of other liabilities.

The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined based on the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

The acquisition is a unique opportunity for the Company to acquire a highly efficient, consistently profitable and niche focused business that will complement our existing banking franchise. Additionally, this partnership will improve the Company's deposit base, lower its cost of deposits and provide the platform to accelerate future core deposit growth. Additionally, the acquisition of FAB allowed the Company to deploy a portion of its current capital base into a compelling investment.

## Palm Desert National Acquisition

Effective April 27, 2012, the Bank acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of Palm Desert National from the FDIC as receiver for Palm Desert National, pursuant to the terms of a purchase and assumption agreement entered into by the Bank and the FDIC on April 27, 2012. The Palm Desert National Acquisition included one branch of Palm Desert National that became a branch of the Bank upon consummation of the Palm Desert National Acquisition. The Bank did not enter into any loss sharing agreements with the FDIC in connection the Palm Desert National Acquisition. As a result of the Palm Desert National Acquisition, the Bank acquired and recorded at the acquisition date certain assets with a fair value of approximately \$120.9 million, including \$63.8 million of loans, \$39.5 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$11.5 million of OREO, \$1.5 million in investment securities, including FHLB stock and Federal Reserve Bank stock, \$840,000 of a core deposit intangible and \$3.8 million of other types of assets. Liabilities with a fair value of approximately \$118.0 million, including \$50.1 million in deposit transaction accounts, \$30.8 million in retail certificates of deposit, \$34.1 million in whole sale certificates of deposits, which were purposefully run off during the second quarter of 2012, \$2.4 million in deferred tax liability and \$578,000 of other liabilities. The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined based on the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

## **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

In the second quarter of 2013, we reported adjusted earnings of \$3.0 million, or \$0.19 per share on a diluted basis, before non-recurring merger-related expenses, compared with adjusted earnings for the second quarter of 2012 of \$2.6 million, or \$0.24 per share on a diluted basis, before the gain on FDIC transaction. For the three months ended June 30, 2013, the Company's adjusted return on average assets was 0.86% and adjusted return on average equity was 7.59%, compared with an adjusted return on average assets of 1.00% and an adjusted return on average equity of 11.08% for the three months ended June 30, 2012.

Taking into account the one-time merger-related expenses incurred in the second quarter in connection with the SDTB Acquisition of \$5.0 million and the gain on FDIC transaction with the Palm Desert National Acquisition of \$5.3 million, the Company recorded a net loss of \$249,000, or \$0.02 per share on a diluted basis, for the second quarter of 2013, compared to net income of \$5.8 million, or \$0.55 per share on a diluted basis, for the second quarter of 2012.

For the first six months of 2013, the Company's net income totaled \$1.7 million or \$0.11 per diluted share, down from \$5.8 million or \$0.55 per diluted share for the first six months of 2012. The decrease in net income was primarily due to the a \$5.3 million gain on FDIC transaction recorded on the Palm Desert acquisition in the first six months of 2012 and merger related expenses of \$6.7 million recorded on the acquisitions of FAB and SDTB in the first six months of 2013. Additionally, in the first half of 2013, we had higher net interest income of \$5.2 million, partially offset by

higher compensation and benefits expense of \$3.3 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2013, our return on average assets was 0.27% and return on average equity was 2.30%, down from a return on average assets of 1.71% and a return on average equity of 18.88% for the same comparable period of 2012.

### Net Interest Income

Our earnings are derived predominately from net interest income, which is the difference between the interest income earned on interest-earning assets, primarily loans and securities, and the interest expense incurred on interest-bearing liabilities, primarily deposits and borrowings. The spread between the yield on interest-earning assets and the cost of interest-bearing liabilities and the relative dollar amounts of these assets and liabilities principally affect net interest income.

Net interest income totaled \$13.6 million in the second quarter of 2013, up \$2.3 million or 20.4%, compared to the second quarter of 2012. The increase in net interest income reflected higher average interest-earning assets of \$338.5 million, partially offset by a decrease in net interest margin to 4.01%. The increase in average interest-earning assets was primarily from a \$228.3 million increase in loans, \$134.8 million increase in securities and \$25.5 million increase in cash and cash equivalents, primarily from the Company's acquisition activities and organic loan growth. The decrease in the net interest margin of 63 basis points is primarily attributable to a decrease in yield on average interest-earning assets of 96 basis points, primarily from a higher mix of lower yielding investment securities and cash and cash equivalents along with a decrease in the loan portfolio yield. Partially offsetting this decrease was lower deposit costs of 31 basis points from an improved mix of lower costing deposits associated with our acquisitions. The loan yield decline of 88 basis points primarily reflected a lower portfolio weighted average rate that decreased 71 basis points to 5.18% at June 30, 2013, and a reduction in deferred fee recognition on loan payoffs.

Compared to the first six months of 2012, net interest income for the first six months of 2013 increased \$5.2 million or 24.2%. The increase in net interest income reflected an increase in average interest-earning assets of \$295.5 million or 31.0% in the first half of 2013 to \$1.2 billion. Partially offsetting the average interest-earning asset increase was a lower net interest margin of 4.28%, compared with 4.48% in the first half of 2012. The increase in average interest-earning assets for the period was primarily due to an increase in average loans of \$229.1 million and securities of \$67.2 million primarily associated with organic loan growth, loan purchases and acquisitions. The decrease in the current period net interest margin of 20 basis points primarily reflected a decrease in our interest-earning asset yield of 57 basis points, partially offset by a decrease in the cost of deposits of 38 basis points.

The following tables present for the periods indicated the average dollar amounts from selected balance sheet categories calculated from daily average balances and the total dollar amount, including adjustments to yields and costs, of:

Interest income earned from average interest-earning assets and the resultant yields; and

Interest expense incurred from average interest-bearing liabilities and resultant costs, expressed as rates.

The tables also set forth our net interest income, net interest rate spread and net interest rate margin for the periods indicated. The net interest rate margin reflects the relative level of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities and equals our net interest rate spread divided by average interest-earning assets for the periods indicated.

Average Balance Sheet
Three Months Ended Three Months Ended

June 30, 2013 June 30, 2012

Average Average Average Average
Balance Interest Yield/Cost Balance Interest Yield/Cost

Assets		(	dollars	in tl	nousands)			
Interest-earning								
assets:								
Cash and cash								
equivalents	\$98,451	\$60	0.24	%	\$72,988	\$35	0.19	%
Federal funds sold	26	-	0.00	%	27	-	0.00	%
Investment								
securities	297,912	1,188	1.60	%	163,151	913	2.24	%
Loans receivable,								
net (1)	964,486	13,688	5.69	%	736,178	12,098	6.57	%
Total								
interest-earning								
assets	1,360,875	14,936	4.40	%	972,344	13,046	5.36	%
Noninterest-earning								
assets	44,064				48,880			
Total assets	\$1,404,939				\$1,021,224			
Liabilities and								
Equity								
Deposit accounts:								
Noninterest-bearing	\$309,311	\$-	0.00	%	\$140,352	\$-	0.00	%
Interest-bearing:								
Transaction								
accounts	521,784	280	0.22	%	323,813	223	0.28	%
Retail certificates								
of deposit	336,165	745	0.89	%	416,818	1,221	1.18	%
Wholesale								
certificates of								
deposit	4,690	8	0.68	%	3,514	3	0.34	%
Total deposits	1,171,950	1,033	0.35	%	884,497	1,447	0.66	%
FHLB advances								
and other								
borrowings	53,891	238	1.77	%	28,588	235	3.31	%
Subordinated								
debentures	10,310	76	2.96	%	10,310	82	3.20	%
Total borrowings	64,201	314	1.96	%	38,898	317	3.28	%
Total deposits and								
borrowings	1,236,151	1,347	0.44	%	923,395	1,764	0.77	%
Other liabilities	9,645				5,627			
Total liabilities	1,245,796				929,022			
Stockholders'								
equity equity	159,143				92,202			
Total liabilities and								
equity	\$1,404,939				\$1,021,224			
Net interest income		\$13,589				\$11,282		
Net interest rate								
spread (2)			3.96	%			4.59	%
Net interest margin								
(3)			4.01	%			4.64	%
Ratio of interest-ear	ning assets to	deposits						
and borrowings			110.0	9%			105.3	0%
=								

- (1) Average balance includes loans held for sale and nonperforming loans and is net of deferred loan origination fees, unamortized discounts and premiums, and ALLL.
- (2) Represents the difference between the yield on interest-earning assets and the cost of interest-bearing liabilities.
- (3) Represents net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets.

	Average Balance Sheet							
	Six M	onths End	Six Months Ended					
	June 30, 2013				June 30, 2012			
	Average		Averag	ge	Average		Averag	ge
	Balance	Interest	Yield/C	ost	Balance	Interest	Yield/C	ost
Assets		(	dollars i	n th	ousands)			
Interest-earning								
assets:								
Cash and cash								
equivalents	\$83,879	\$98	0.24	%	\$84,583	\$86	0.20	%
Federal funds sold	27	-	0.00	%	27	-	0.00	%
Investment								
securities	216,854	1,989	1.83	%	149,683	1,741	2.33	%
Loans receivable,								
net (1)	946,631	27,084	5.77	%	717,551	23,335	6.50	%
Total								
interest-earning								
assets	1,247,391	29,171	4.71	%	951,844	25,162	5.28	%
Noninterest-earning								
assets	41,789				44,690			
Total assets	\$1,289,180				\$996,534			
Liabilities and								
<b>Equity</b>								
Deposit accounts:								
Noninterest-bearing	\$273,440	\$-	0.00	%	\$129,269	\$-	0.00	%
Interest-bearing:								
Transaction								
accounts	451,104	498	0.22	%	309,614	552	0.36	%
Retail certificates								
of deposit	342,782	1,545	0.91	%	420,226	2,649	1.27	%
Wholesale								
certificates of								
deposit	2,772	9	0.65	%	1,757	2	0.23	%
Total deposits	1,070,098	2,052	0.39	%	860,866	3,203	0.75	%
FHLB advances								
and other								
borrowings	49,355	478	1.95	%	28,577	470	3.31	%
Subordinated								
debentures	10,310	153	2.99	%	10,310	166	3.24	%
Total borrowings	59,665	631	2.13	%	38,887	636	3.29	%
Total deposits and								
borrowings	1,129,763	2,683	0.48	%	899,753	3,839	0.86	%
Other liabilities	9,685				6,689			

Total liabilities	1,139,448				906,442			
Stockholders'								
equity	149,732				90,092			
Total liabilities and								
equity	\$1,289,180				\$996,534			
Net interest income		\$26,488				\$21,323		
Net interest rate								
spread (2)			4.23	%			4.42	%
Net interest margin								
(3)			4.28	%			4.48	%
Ratio of interest-ear	ning assets to	deposits						
and borrowings			110.4	1%			105.7	9%

- (1) Average balance includes loans held for sale and nonperforming loans and is net of deferred loan origination fees, unamortized discounts and premiums, and ALLL.
- (2) Represents the difference between the yield on interest-earning assets and the cost of interest-bearing liabilities.
- (3) Represents net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets.

Changes in our net interest income are a function of changes in both volumes and rates of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. The following table presents the impact the volume and rate changes have had on our net interest income for the periods indicated. For each category of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, we have provided information on changes to our net interest income with respect to:

Changes in interest rates (changes in interest rates multiplied by prior volume);

Changes in volume (changes in volume multiplied by prior rate); and

The net change or the combined impact of volume and rate changes allocated proportionately to changes in volume and changes in interest rates.

	Three M	onths End	led June	Six Mont	hs Ended	June 30,
		30, 2013		2013		
	Compared to			Compared to		
	Three M	onths End	led June	Six Months Ended June 30,		
		30, 2012			2012	
	Increase	(decrease	) due to	Increase	(decrease	e) due to
	Rate Volume Net			Rate usands)	Volume	Net
Interest-earning						
assets						
Cash and cash						
equivalents	\$11	\$14	\$ 25	\$13	\$(1)	\$12
Investment						
securities	(317)	592	275	(420)	668	248
Loans receivable,						
net	(1,811)	3,401	1,590	(3,045)	6,794	3,749

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Total									
interest-earning									
assets	\$(2,117	)	\$4,007	\$ 1,890	)	\$ (3,452	)	\$7,461	\$4,009
Interest-bearing									
liabilities									
Transaction									
accounts	\$ (57	)	\$114	\$ 57		\$ (258	)	\$ 204	\$ (54)
Retail certificates									
of deposit	(267	)	(209	(476	)	(671	)	(433)	(1,104)
Wholesale/brokered									
certificates of									
deposit	4		1	5		6		1	7
FHLB advances									
and other									
borrowings	(142	)	145	3		(244	)	252	8
Subordinated									
debentures	(6	)	-	(6	)	(13	)	-	(13)
Total									
interest-bearing									
liabilities	\$ (468	)	\$51	\$ (417	)	\$(1,180	)	\$ 24	\$(1,156)
Change in net									
interest income	\$(1,649	)	\$3,956	\$ 2,307	7	\$ (2,272	)	\$7,437	\$5,165

### Provision for Loan Losses

There was no provision for loan loss recorded in the second quarter of 2012, compared to \$322,000 recorded in the second quarter of 2013, to cover the increase in our loan balance. Strong credit quality metrics and the recent charge-off history within our loan portfolio were significant factors in estimating the adequacy of our ALLL. Compared to the second quarter of 2012, net loan charge-offs increased \$26,000 to \$322,000 during the second quarter of 2013.

For the first six months of 2013, a provision for loan losses of \$618,000 was recorded that matched the net loan charge-offs over the same period. This compares with no provision for loan losses and net loan charge-offs of \$864,000 for the first six months of 2012.

For purchased credit impaired loans, charge-offs are recorded when there is a decrease in the estimated cash flows of the credit from original cash flow estimates. Purchased credit impaired loans were recorded at their estimated fair value, which incorporated our estimated expected cash flows until the ultimate resolution of these credits. To the extent actual or projected cash flows are less than originally estimated, additional provisions for loan losses or charge-offs will be recognized into earnings or against the allowance, if applicable. To the extent actual or projected cash flows are more than originally estimated, the increase in cash flows is prospectively recognized in loan interest income. Due to the accounting rules associated with our purchased credit impaired loans, each quarter we are required to re-estimate cash flows which could cause volatility in our reported net interest margin and provision for loans losses. During the second quarter of 2013, there were no charge-offs associated with purchased credit impaired loans, compared to \$265,000 for the same period in 2012.

Our Loss Mitigation Department continues collection efforts on loans previously written down and/or charged-off to maximize potential recoveries. See "Allowance for Loan Losses" discussed below in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### Noninterest Income

Noninterest income for the second quarter of 2013 amounted to \$2.4 million, down \$4.1 million or 62.8%, compared to the second quarter of 2012. The decrease was primarily attributable to the bargain purchase gain of \$5.3 million from the Palm Desert Acquisition, partially offset by higher gain on sale of securities of \$894,000, gain on sale of loans of \$212,000 and loan servicing fees of \$104,000. The increase in gain on sale of securities was primarily related to the sale of \$101.7 million of securities received in the FAB Acquisition as the portfolio was restructured during the second quarter of 2013.

Noninterest income for the first half of 2013 amounted to \$4.2 million, down \$3.3 million or 44.4% compared to the first half of 2012. The decrease was primarily related to a gain on FDIC transaction of \$5.3 million in the year-ago period for the of Palm Desert National Acquisition, compared to no bargain purchase recorded in the first six months of 2013. Partially offsetting that gain was higher net gains from the sale of loans of \$935,000 and from the sales of investment securities of \$894,000.

### Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense totaled \$15.9 million for the second quarter of 2013, up \$7.7 million or 93.2%, compared to the second quarter of 2012. The increase primarily related to higher costs in the second quarter of 2013 when compared to the second quarter of 2012 associated with the following expense categories:

One-time merger related expenses increased by \$5.0 million;

Compensation and benefits costs increased by \$1.7 million, primarily due to the increase in employees from our acquisition activities and new hires in the lending and credit areas to increase our production of commercial and industrial ("C&I") loans, commercial real estate ("CRE") loans, SBA loans, homeowner association ("HOA") loans, and construction loans:

Deposit expenses of \$481,000, primarily due to our acquisition activities;

Premises and occupancy by \$348,000, primarily due to our acquisition activities and a new leased corporate headquarters needed to support our growth; and

Other expense of \$345,000, primarily related to core deposit intangible amortization and higher miscellaneous expenses related to our acquisition activities.

These higher costs were partially offset by a decline of \$303,000 in OREO operations activity.

Compared to the first six months of 2012, noninterest expense increased \$12.2 million or 82.1%. The increase primarily related to one-time costs associated with the acquisitions of SDTB and FAB of \$6.7 million, as well as higher compensation and benefits costs of \$3.3 million, premises and occupancy costs of \$763,000, other expense of \$673,000, deposit expenses of \$577,000, data processing and communications costs of \$206,000, and office and postage expense of \$205,000. The increases in these categories primarily related to the acquisitions of FAB and SDTB, and business expansion initiatives over the first half of 2013.

### Income Taxes

Operating results during the second quarter of 2013 included \$955,000 of merger costs that were treated as non-deductible for tax purposes. These expenses were largely the cause for a negative effective tax rate of 57.6% for the second quarter of 2013, compared to an effective tax rate of 39.5% in the second quarter of 2012. The merger costs also primarily impacted the difference between the effective tax rate for the first half of 2013 at 42.4%, compared to

39.0% for the same period of 2012. At June 30, 2013, we had no valuation allowance against our deferred tax asset of \$8.6 million based on management's analysis that the asset was more-likely-than-not to be realized.

### FINANCIAL CONDITION

At June 30, 2013, assets totaled \$1.6 billion, up \$493.4 million or 46.3% from June 30, 2012 and up \$384.7 million or 32.8% from December 31, 2012. The increase in assets since year-end 2012 was primarily related to the of FAB Acquisitions, which added assets at the acquisition date of \$394.1 million, partially offset by \$49.0 million of FAB deposits held by the Bank at December 31, 2012 and SDTB, which added assets at the acquisition date of \$201.1 million. Partially offsetting these acquisition increases was a decrease of \$82.3 million in deposits and to pay down of \$67.4 million of FHLB borrowings.

The increase in assets from June 30, 2012 was primarily related to FAB assets in the amount of \$394.1 million and SDTB assets in the amount of \$201.1 million. Partially offsetting these increases were the assets used to fund the decrease in certificates of deposit of \$103.1 million.

### Loans

Net loans held for investment totaled \$1.0 billion at June 30, 2013, an increase of \$259.8 million or 33.0% from June 30, 2012 and an increase of \$73.2 million or 7.5% from December 31, 2012. The increase in loans from December 31, 2012 was primarily related to an increase in business loan balances of \$20.2 million and real estate loan balances of \$49.7 million. The increase in loans from June 30, 2012 was primarily related to increases from organic growth including warehouse facility lending of \$74.2 million and the FAB Associations and SDTB Acquisitions.

During the second quarter of 2013, commitments on our warehouse repurchase facility credits increased \$3.4 million to total \$317.3 million with our end of period utilization rates for these loans dropping from 44.3% at March 31, 2013 to 42.7% at June 30, 2013. Our average daily outstanding balance for these warehouse facilities decreased \$19.6 million to \$125.7 million when comparing the second quarter with the first quarter of 2013.

The following table sets forth the composition of our loan portfolio in dollar amounts, as a percentage of the portfolio and gives the weighted average interest rate by loan category at the dates indicated:

	June	June 30, 2013			nber 31, 20	12	June 30, 2012			
		V	Veighted		V	Veighted			Weighted	
		Percent A	Average		Percent Average			Percent Average		
		of	Interest		of	Interest		of	Interest	
	Amount	Total	Rate	Amount	Total	Rate	Amount	Total	Rate	
		(dollars in thousands)								
Business loans:										
Commercial and										
industrial	\$146,240	13.8 %	5.10%	\$115,354	11.7 %	5.25%	\$84,191	10.5	% 5.47%	
Commercial owner										
occupied (1)	201,802	19.0 %	5.57%	150,934	15.3 %	6.11%	150,428	18.8	% 6.31%	
SBA	5,820	0.5 %	5.02%	6,882	0.7 %	6.04%	3,995	0.5	% 6.06%	
Warehouse facilities	135,317	12.8 %	4.26%	195,761	19.9 %	4.80%	61,111	7.7	% 5.34%	
Real estate loans:										
Commercial										
non-owner occupied	295,767	27.9 %	5.47%	253,409	25.6 %	5.68%	242,700	30.4	% 5.99%	
Multi-family	172,797	16.3 %	5.21%	156,424	15.9 %	5.78%	183,742	23.0	% 5.95%	
One-to-four family (2)	84,672	8.0 %	6.05%	97,463	9.9 %	4.67%	56,694	7.1	% 5.11%	

Construction	2,135	0.2	%	8.44%	-	0.0	%	0.00%	281	0.1	%	5.25%
Land	10,438	1.0	%	7.19%	8,774	0.9	%	4.89%	11,191	1.4	%	5.37%
Other loans	4,969	0.5	%	5.90%	1,193	0.1	%	6.20%	4,019	0.5	%	6.99%
Total gross loans (3)	1,059,957	100.	0%	5.18%	986,194	100.	0%	5.44%	798,352	100.	0%	5.88%
Less loans held for												
sale	3,617				3,681				2,401			
Total gross loans held												
for investment	1,056,340				982,513				795,951			
Less:												
Deferred loan												
origination												
costs/(fees) and												
premiums/(discounts)	(910)				(306)				(632)			
Allowance for loan												
losses	(7,994)				(7,994)				(7,658)			
Loans held for												
investment, net	\$1,047,436				\$974,213				\$787,661			

- (1) Majority secured
- by real estate.
- (2) Includes second

trust deeds.

(3) Total gross loans for June 30, 2013 is net of the unaccreted mark-to-market discounts on Canyon National loans of \$2.1 million, on Palm Desert National loans of \$4.0 million, and on SDTB loans of \$560,000 and of the mark-to-market premium on FAB loans of \$103,000.

Gross loans held for investment totaled \$1.1 billion at June 30, 2013, compared to \$796.0 million at June 30, 2012 and \$982.5 million at December 31, 2012. The increase in gross loans held for investment of \$260.4 million or 32.7% from the year-ago first quarter was primarily related to increases from organic growth and the acquisition of FAB and SDTB. The increase of \$73.8 million or 7.5% since December 31, 2012 included loan originations of \$213.7 million, loans acquired of \$69.2 million and loans purchased of \$23.2 million, partially offset by an increase in undisbursed loan funds of \$146.7 million, loan repayments of \$78.6 million, and loan sales of \$7.2 million. The increase in the undisbursed loan funds was primarily related to the reduction in the utilization rate for warehouse facility loans.

The following table sets forth loan originations, purchases, sales and principal repayments relating to our gross loans for the periods indicated:

	Six Months Ended					
	June 30,	June 30,				
	2013	2012				
	(in tho	usands)				
Beginning						
balance gross						
loans	\$986,194	\$739,254				
Loans						
originated:						
Business loans:						
Commercial						
and industrial	28,474	16,894				
	20,859	6,516				

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Commercial			
owner occupied			
(1)			
SBA	3,995		1,332
Warehouse	- ,		,
facilities	74,860		51,449
Real estate	7 1,000		51,117
loans:			
Commercial			
non-owner			
	20.070		22.520
occupied	39,970		32,529
Multi-family	41,608		6,497
One-to-four			
family (2)	825		6,086
Other loans	3,068		663
Total loans			
originated	213,659		121,966
Loans			
purchased:			
Business loans:			
Commercial			
and industrial	30,084		5,033
Commercial	,		-,,,,,
owner occupied	38,635		11,786
Real estate	30,033		11,700
loans:			
Commercial			
non-owner			
	16.762		55 212
occupied	16,763		55,313
Multi-family	36		3,690
One-to-four	1 (20		4.427
family .	1,639		4,437
Construction	1,399		198
Land	2,770		5,395
Other loans	716		2,256
Total loans			
purchased	92,042		88,108
Total loan			
production	305,701		210,074
Principal			
repayments	(78,619	)	(92,186)
Sales of loans	(7,220	)	(584)
Change in			
undisbursed			
loan funds, net	(146,741	)	(57,361)
Charge-offs	(847	)	(959)
Change in	(07/	)	()))
_			
mark-to-market			
discounts from	0.405		0.611
acquisitions	2,485	\	2,611
	(996	)	(2,497)

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Transfer to other real estate owned Net increase in 59,098 gross loans 73,763 Ending balance gross loans \$1,059,957 \$798,352 (1) Majority secured by real estate. (2) Includes second trust deeds.

The following table sets forth the weighted average interest rates, weighted average number of months to reprice and the periods to repricing for our gross loan portfolio at the date indicated:

		June 30	0, 2013	
			Weighted	Weighted
				Average
	Number		Average	Months
Periods to	of		Interest	to
Repricing	Loans	Amount	Rate	Reprice
		(dollars in	thousands)	)
1 Year and	l			
less	858	\$497,542	5.40%	3.25
Over 1				
Year to 3				
Years	38	32,734	4.67%	24.47
Over 3				
Years to 5				
Years	251	262,087	4.66%	50.87
Over 5				
Years to 7				
Years	31	66,960	4.19%	76.07
Over 7				
Years to				
10 Years	12	14,828	4.44%	101.72
Total				
adjustable	1,190	874,151	5.04%	25.57
Fixed	787	185,806	5.87%	
Total	1,977	\$1,059,957	5.18%	

Delinquent Loans. When a borrower fails to make required payments on a loan and does not cure the delinquency within 30 days, we normally record a notice of default and, after providing the required notices to the borrower, commence foreclosure proceedings. If the loan is not reinstated within the time permitted by law, we may sell the property at a foreclosure sale. At these foreclosure sales, we generally acquire title to the property. At June 30, 2013,

loans delinquent 30 or more days as a percentage of total gross loans was 0.22%, up from 0.09% at December 31, 2012 but down from 0.84% at June 30, 2012.

The following table sets forth delinquencies in the Company's loan portfolio at the dates indicated:

	30 - 5 # of Loans	59 Days Principal Balance of Loans	60 - # of Loans	89 Days Principal Balance of Loans		Days or ore (1) Principal Balance of Loans	# of Loans	Ootal Principal Balance of Loans
At June 30,				(donars i	ii uiousaii	us)		
2013								
Business								
loans:								
<b>Commercial</b>								
<mark>and</mark>								
industrial <u> </u>	1	\$ 7	1	\$ 233	-	\$ -	2	\$ 240
Commercial								
owner								
occupied	1	640	-	-	-	-	1	640
SBA	-	-	1	25	-	-	1	25
Real estate								
loans:					1	1.025	1	1.025
Multi-family One-to-four	-	-	-	-	1	1,035	1	1,035
	1	22	3	322	2	38	6	382
family <mark>Total</mark>	3	\$ 669	5	\$ 580	2 3	\$ 1,073	11	\$ 2,322
Delinquent	3	Ψ 007	3	Ψ 200	3	Ψ 1,073	11	Ψ 2,322
loans to total								
gross loans		0.06 %		0.05 %	6	0.10 %	)	0.22 %
8								
At December 31, 2012 Business								
loans:								
Commercial								
and								
industrial	-	\$ -	1	\$ 58	1	\$ 218	2	\$ 276
Commercial								
owner								
occupied	-	-	1	245	-	-	1	245
SBA	-	-	-	-	4	185	4	185
Real estate								
loans:								
One-to-four								
family Only	2	101	-	-	2	79	4	180
Other	1	5	-	-	-	-	1	5

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Total	3	\$ 106	2	\$ 303	7	\$ 482	12	\$ 891
Delinquent								
loans to total								
gross loans		0.01 %		0.03 %		0.05 %		0.09 %
At June 30,								
2012								
Business								
loans:								
Commercial Commercial								
<mark>and</mark>								
industrial <u> </u>	-	\$ -	1	\$ 50	-	\$ -	1	\$ 50
Commercial								
owner					_		_	
occupied	-	-	-	-	3	1,528	3	1,528
SBA	1	46	-	-	6	474	7	520
Real estate								
loans:								
Commercial Commercial								
non-owner		• • •					2	4.440
occupied	1	259	-	-	2	1,151	3	1,410
Multi-family	-	-	1	2,835	-	-	1	2,835
One-to-four		0.2				4.0	_	106
family	1	93	-	-	1	13	2	106
Land	-	-	-	-	1	257	1	257
Other	2	1	-	-	-	-	2	1
Total	5	\$ 399	2	\$ 2,885	13	\$ 3,423	20	\$ 6,707
Delinquent								
loans to total		0.05		0.26		0.42		0.04
gross loans		0.05 %		0.36 %		0.43 %		0.84 %

(1) All loans that are delinquent 90 days or more are on nonaccrual status and reported as part of nonperforming loans.

Allowance for Loan Losses. The ALLL represents an estimate of probable losses inherent in our loan portfolio and is determined by applying a systematically derived loss factor to individual segments of the loan portfolio. The adequacy and appropriateness of the ALLL and the individual loss factors are reviewed each quarter by management.

The loss factor for each segment of our loan portfolio is generally based on our actual historical loss rate experience with emphasis on recent past periods to account for current economic conditions and supplemented by management judgment for certain segments where we lack loss history experience. We also consider historical charge-off rates for the last 10 and 15 years for commercial banks and savings institutions headquartered in California as collected and reported by the FDIC. The loss factor is adjusted by qualitative adjustment factors to arrive at a final loss factor for each loan portfolio segment. For additional information regarding the qualitative adjustments, please see "Allowances for Loan Losses" discussed in our 2012 Annual Report. The qualitative factors allow management to assess current trends within our loan portfolio and the economic environment to incorporate their effect when calculating the ALLL. The final loss factors are applied to pass graded loans within our loan portfolio. Higher factors are applied to loans graded below pass, including classified and criticized assets.

No assurance can be given that we will not, in any particular period, sustain loan losses that exceed the amount reserved, or that subsequent evaluation of our loan portfolio, in light of the prevailing factors, including economic

conditions which may adversely affect our market area or other circumstances, will not require significant increases in the loan loss allowance. In addition, regulatory agencies, as an integral part of their examination process, periodically review our ALLL and may require us to recognize additional provisions to increase the allowance or take charge-offs in anticipation of future losses.

Our ALLL at June 30, 2013 was \$8.0 million, up from \$7.7 million at June 30, 2012 and equal to the ALLL at December 31, 2012. At June 30, 2013, given the composition of our loan portfolio, the ALLL was considered adequate to cover estimated losses inherent in the loan portfolio. Should any of the factors considered by management in evaluating the appropriate level of the ALLL change, the Company's estimate of probable loan losses could also change, which could affect the level of future provisions for loan losses.

The following table sets forth the Company's ALLL and its corresponding percentage of the loan category balance and the percent of loan balance to total gross loans in each of the loan categories listed for the periods indicated:

	Jur	ne 30, 20		Dece	mber 31,		Jur	ne 30, 20		
	A	llowance	% of Loans	A	llowance	% of e Loans	A	llowance	% of Loans	
			in			in			in	
Balance at		as a	Category		as a	Category		as a	Categor	У
End of		% of	to		% of	to		% of	to	
Period										
Applicable	(	Category	Total	(	Category	Total	(	Category	Total	
to	Amount	Total	Loans	Amount		Loans	Amount	Total	Loans	
				(dollar	s in thou	isands)				
Business										
loans:										
Commercial Commercial										
and										
industrial	\$2,079	1.42 %	13.8 %	\$ 1,310	1.14 %	11.7 %	\$1,250	1.48 %	10.5	<b>%</b>
Commercial										
owner	1 7 4 1	0.06.00	10.0 0	1.510	1 00 0	150 0	1.076	0.70.00	10.0	01
occupied	1,741 68	0.86 %		,	1.00 %		-,	0.72 %		%
SBA Warehouse	08	1.17 %	0.5 %	79	1.15 %	0.7 %	131	3.78 %	0.5	<b>%</b>
facilities	700	0.52 %	12.8 %	1,544	0.79 %	19.9 %	908	1.49 %	7.7	%
Real estate	700	0.32 %	12.6 %	1,344	0.19 %	19.9 %	908	1.49 %	1.1	70
loans:										
Commercial										
non-owner										
occupied	1,508	0.51 %	27.9 %	1,459	0.58 %	25.6 %	1,667	0.69 %	30.4	%
Multi-family	-	0.31 %		,	0.73 %		,	1.24 %		%
One-to-four				,			ĺ			
family	1,139	1.35 %	8.0 %	862	0.88 %	9.9 %	303	0.53 %	7.1	%
Construction	-	0.00 %	0.2 %	- -	0.00 %	0.0 %	-	0.00%	0.1	%
Land	180	1.72 %	1.0 %	31	0.35 %	0.9 %	-	0.00%	1.4	%
Other Loans	38	0.76 %	0.5 %	52	4.36 %	0.1 %	19	0.47 %	0.5	%
Total	\$7,994	0.75 %	100.0%	\$7,994	0.81 %	100.0%	\$7,658	0.96 %	100.0	%

The ALLL as a percent of nonaccrual loans was 393.4% at June 30, 2013, up from 90.89% at June 30, 2012, and from 362.4% at December 31, 2012. The increase in ALLL as a percent of nonaccrual loans at June 30, 2013,

compared to year-end 2012 was due to an decrease in nonaccrual loans during the first half of 2013. At June 30, 2013, the ratio of ALLL to total gross loans was 0.75%, down from 0.96% at June 30, 2012, and from 0.81% at December 31, 2012. Our ratio of ALLL plus the remaining unamortized credit discount on the loans acquired to total gross loans was 1.11% at June 30, 2013, down from 1.20% at June 30, 2012, and 1.34% at December 31, 2012.

The following table sets forth the activity within the Company's ALLL in each of the loan categories listed for the periods indicated:

	En	Months ded e 30, 2012 (dollars in t	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 2012 thousands)			
Balance,						
beginning of						
period	\$ 7,994	\$8,116	\$7,994	\$ 8,522		
Provision for						
loan losses	322	-	618	-		
Charge-offs:						
Business						
loans:						
Commercial Commercial						
and						
industrial	-	-	(58)	(191)		
Commercial						
owner						
occupied	-	(265)	-	(265)		
SBA	-	(1)	(5)	(109)		
Real estate:						
Commercial						
non-owner						
occupied	(356)	(87)	(757)	(88)		
Multi-family	(11)	-	(11)	-		
One-to-four						
family	-	(183)	(10)	(305)		
Other loans	-	-	(6)	(1)		
Total						
charge-offs	(367)	(536)	(847)	(959)		
Recoveries:						
Business						
loans:						
Commercial						
and						
industrial	14	1	21	2		
SBA	25	66	44	77		
Real estate:						
One-to-four						
family	1	4	44	5		
Other loans	5	7	120	11		
	45	78	229	95		

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<b>Total</b>				
recoveries				
Net loan				
charge-offs	(322)	(458)	(618)	(864)
Balance at				
end of				
<mark>period</mark>	\$7,994	\$7,658	\$ 7,994	\$ 7,658
Ratios:				
Net				
charge-offs				
to average				
total loans,				
net	0.13 %	0.25 %	0.13 %	0.24 %
<b>Allowance</b>				
for loan				
losses to				
gross loans				
at end of				
period	0.75 %	0.96 %	0.75 %	0.96 %

### **Investment Securities**

Investment securities available for sale totaled \$313.0 million at June 30, 2013, up \$166.9 million or 114.2% from June 30, 2012 and up \$229.0 million or 75.2% from December 31, 2012. The increase over both period ends was primarily due to the acquisitions of FAB and SDTB. At acquisition date, we added investment securities available for sale from the FAB Acquisition of \$222.4 million and from the SDTB Acquisition of \$124.8 million. These additions were partially offset by the sale of \$101.7 million of securities during 2013, and \$16.6 million in principal pay downs. Additionally, during the second half of 2012, we sold \$68.4 million in securities while purchasing only \$15.6 million. At June 30, 2013, the end of period yield on investment securities was 2.04%, down from 2.22% at June 30, 2012, and 2.06% at December 31, 2012. At June 30, 2013, 42 of our 51 private label MBS were classified as substandard or impaired and had a book value of \$1.7 million and a market value of \$2.2 million. Interest received from these securities is applied against their respective principal balances. Our entire private label MBS were acquired when we redeemed our shares in certain mutual funds in 2008.

The following tables set forth the amortized cost, unrealized gains and losses, and estimated fair value of our investment securities portfolio at the dates indicated:

		June ?	30, 2013	
				Estimated
	Amortized	Fair		
	Cost	Gain	Loss	Value
Investment				
securities				
available for				
sale:				
U.S. Treasury	\$ 73	\$ 10	\$ -	\$ 83
Corporate	9,169	-	-	9,169

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Municipal bonds	96,257	226	(1,736)	94,747
Mortgage-backed				
securities	210,367	736	(2,055)	209,048
Total securities				
available for sale	315,866	972	(3,791)	313,047