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AETHLON MEDICAL INC  
Form 424B3  
September 21, 2006

Prospectus Supplement No. 1 to  
Prospectus dated December 7, 2004  
Registration No. 333-117203  
Filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) (3)

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.

Supplement No. 1  
To  
Prospectus Dated December 7, 2004

This Prospectus Supplement supplements our Prospectus dated December 7, 2004 and our Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 dated December 8, 2005 (collectively, the "Prospectus") relating to the sale of up to 8,174,960 shares of the common stock of Aethlon Medical, Inc. This Prospectus Supplement No.1 includes (i) the attached Annual Report on Form 10-KSB of Aethlon Medical, Inc. as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 29, 2006; (ii) the attached Current Report on Form 8-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 19, 2006; and (iii) the attached Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 11, 2006. We encourage you to read this Supplement carefully with the Prospectus.

Our common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol "AEMD.OB". On September 20, 2006 the last reported sale price for our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board was \$0.27 per share.

Investing in our common stock involves certain risks and uncertainties. See "Risk Factors" in the Prospectus.

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The primary selling shareholder, Fusion Capital Fund II, is an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

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NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR DETERMINED IF THIS PROSPECTUS IS TRUTHFUL OR COMPLETE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

THIS PROSPECTUS IS NOT AN OFFER TO SELL THESE SECURITIES AND IS NOT SOLICITING AN OFFER TO BUY THESE SECURITIES IN ANY STATE WHERE THE OFFER OR SALE IS NOT PERMITTED.

The date of this Prospectus Supplement is September 21, 2006.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-KSB

(MARK ONE)

[X] ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006

OR

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 0-21846

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.

(Name of Small Business issuer in its charter)

NEVADA

13-3632859

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3030 Bunker Hill Street, Suite 4000, San Diego, CALIFORNIA

92109

(Address of principal executive office)

(Zip Code)

ISSUER'S TELEPHONE NUMBER (858) 459-7800

SECURITIES REGISTERED UNDER SECTION 12(b) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT:

TITLE OF EACH CLASS	NAME OF EACH EXCHANGE ON WHICH REGISTERED
NONE	NONE

SECURITIES REGISTERED UNDER SECTION 12(g) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT:

COMMON STOCK--\$.001 PAR VALUE (TITLE OF CLASS)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [ ]

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-B contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB. [x]

Revenues of the registrant for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 were \$0. The aggregate market value of the Common Stock held by non-affiliates was approximately \$3,815,000 based upon the closing price of the Common Stock of \$0.37, as reported by the NASDAQ Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board ("OTCBB") on June 15, 2006.

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The number of shares of the Common Stock of the registrant outstanding as of June 15, 2006 was 25,602,304.

TRANSITIONAL SMALL BUSINESS DISCLOSURE FORMAT (CHECK ONE):

Yes [ ] No [X]

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Forward Looking Statements	1
PART I.	
Item 1. Description of Business	1
Item 2. Description of Property	9
Item 3. Legal Proceedings	10
Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	10
PART II.	
Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters	10
Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation	16
Item 7. Financial Statements	33
Item 8. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	33
Item 8A. Controls and Procedures	33
Item 8B. Other Information	34
PART III.	
Item 9. Directors, Executive Officers, Promoters and Control Persons; Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act	34
Item 10. Executive Compensation	39
Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management And Related Stockholder Matters	41
Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions	42
Item 13. Exhibits	43
Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services	46
Signatures	47
Certifications	

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### FORWARD - LOOKING STATEMENTS

All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included in this Form 10-KSB are, or may be deemed to be, "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). The safe harbor for forward looking statements provided by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 does not apply to us. We note, however, that such forward-looking statements involve assumptions, known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Aethlon Medical, Inc. ("Aethlon Medical", "We" or the "Company") to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-KSB. Such potential risks and uncertainties include, without limitation, Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") and other regulatory approval of our products, patent protection on our proprietary technology, product liability exposure, uncertainty of market acceptance, competition, technological change, and other risk factors detailed herein and in other of our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Each forward-looking statement should be read in context with, and with an understanding of, the various other disclosures concerning our Company and our business made elsewhere in this annual report as well as other public reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this Form 10-KSB, and we assume no obligation to update the forward-looking statements or to update the reasons actual results could differ from those projected in such forward-looking statements.

### PART I

#### ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

##### GENERAL OVERVIEW:

We are a developmental stage medical device company focused on expanding the applications of our Hemopurifier (TM) platform technology which is designed to rapidly reduce the presence of infectious viruses and other toxins from human blood. As such, we focus on developing therapeutic devices to treat acute viral conditions brought on by pathogens targeted as potential biological warfare agents and chronic viral conditions including HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis-C. The Hemopurifier (tm) combines the established scientific technologies of hemodialysis and affinity chromatography as a means to mimic the immune system's response of clearing viruses and toxins from the blood before cell and organ infection can occur. The Hemopurifier (tm) cannot cure these afflictions but can lower viral loads and allow compromised immune systems to overcome otherwise serious or fatal medical conditions.

On March 10, 1999, Aethlon, Inc., a California corporation ("Aethlon"), Hemex, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Hemex"), the accounting predecessor to the Company and Bishop, Inc. ("Bishop"), a publicly traded "shell" company completed an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan") structured to result in Bishop's acquisition of all of the outstanding common shares of Aethlon and Hemex (the "Reorganization"). The Reorganization was intended to qualify as a tax-free transaction under Section 368(a)(1)(B) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended. Under the Plan's terms Bishop issued 733,500 and 1,350,000 shares of its common stock to the common stock shareholders of Aethlon and Hemex, respectively, such that Bishop then owned 100% of each company. Upon completion of the transaction, Bishop was renamed Aethlon Medical, Inc.

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On January 10, 2000, we acquired all of the outstanding common stock of Syngen Research, Inc. ("Syngen") in exchange for 65,000 shares of our common stock in order to establish research facilities in San Diego, California, as well as to employ Dr. Richard Tullis, the founder of Syngen. Dr. Tullis is a recognized research scientist in the area of DNA synthesis and antisense. Syngen has no significant assets, liabilities or operations and primarily served as the entity through which Dr. Tullis performed research consulting services. As such, the acquisition was accounted for as an acquisition of assets in the form of an employment contract with Dr. Tullis and not as a business combination. Dr. Tullis is presently the Chief Scientific Officer of Aethlon Medical, Inc.

On April 6, 2000, we completed the acquisition of Cell Activation, Inc. ("Cell"). In accordance with the Purchase Agreement, we issued 99,152 shares of restricted common stock and 50,148 options to purchase common stock in exchange for all of the outstanding common shares and options to purchase common stock of Cell. After the transaction, Cell became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. At March 31, 2001, we determined that goodwill recorded during the acquisition of Cell was impaired due to the permanent suspension of operations by Cell and, accordingly, treated the related goodwill as fully impaired.

### THE HEMOPURIFIER:

The Hemopurifier (tm) is a broad spectrum platform technology that combines the established scientific methods of hemodialysis (artificial kidneys) and affinity chromatography (a method that allows the selective capture of viruses and related toxins) as a means to augment the natural immune response of clearing infectious virus and toxins from the blood. The therapeutic goal of each Hemopurifier (tm) application is to improve patient survival rates by reducing viral load and preserving the immune function. We believe that the Hemopurifier (tm) will enhance and prolong the benefit of current infectious disease drug therapies and fill the void for patients who inevitably become resistant to such therapies. The Hemopurifier (tm) is also positioned to treat those infected by biological agents for which there are no effective drug or vaccine treatments. The Hemopurifier (tm) is not a substitute for antiviral drug or vaccine therapies, as it is solely positioned to treat drug and vaccine resistant pathogens.

1

Traditionally, hemodialysis (kidney dialysis) has been used to remove urea and other small metabolic toxins that accumulate in the blood of people with acute or chronic kidney failure (also called renal failure). Acute renal failure is generally treated in hospital intensive care units using a continuous filtration therapy. Chronic renal failure is treated through intermittent, thrice-weekly kidney dialysis in a specialized clinic setting. A catheter is most often the method used to gain access to the blood which is then pumped through thousands of hollow micro-fibers running the length of the kidney dialysis cartridge. Within the cartridge, toxins, urea and excess water pass through small pores in the walls of the micro-fibers and are removed by a separately circulating dialysis fluid outside of the fibers. Blood cells and molecules that are too large to pass through the pores are retained and the cleansed blood is returned back to circulation.

The Hemopurifier (tm) modifies this process in several ways to provide an efficient method to selectively remove targeted viruses and toxins. First, the pores of the micro-fibers within the Hemopurifier (tm) are large enough to allow circulating infectious viruses and toxins to separate from the blood and diffuse through the walls of the fibers. Second, within the cartridge but outside of the

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fibers the Hemopurifier (tm) contains a unique material (the "affinity agent") which selectively binds to the viruses or toxins. Finally, because of the affinity agent's ability to bind to viruses and toxins, there is no need for a separate circulation of a dialysis solution with the Hemopurifier (tm). This provides the flexibility to use the Hemopurifier (tm) either on kidney dialysis machines (global infrastructure), by employing a simple pump mechanism or using a patient's own blood pressure (in field or military applications).

### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT:

In fiscal 2001, we realigned our research and development activities from developing Hemopurifiers (tm) to treat harmful metals to developing Hemopurifiers (tm) for the treatment of chronic viral conditions (HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis-C). As a result of this strategic realignment, we consolidated all of our research and development functions into our San Diego offices during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001. This consolidation was completed during the first fiscal quarter of 2002 and our facilities in Buffalo, New York, were closed. In fiscal 2004 we expanded our research efforts to include the development of Hemopurifier (tm) technology against potential biological weapons and associated acute viral pathogens. Additionally, in fiscal 2006 we began research into the capture of the H5N1 Avian Flu virus.

### MANUFACTURING:

We plan to manufacture in our current facilities a small number of cartridges sufficient to complete clinical trials. Ultimately we will outsource cartridge manufacturing to a GMP/ISO9001 compliant contract manufacturer. Hemopurifiers (tm) developed to treat bioweapons candidates will likely be sold directly to the US Military and the Federal Government. Sale of Hemopurifiers (tm) to treat chronic viral conditions will be marketed through established healthcare distribution channels.

### PRODUCT LIABILITY:

The risk of product liability claims, product recalls and associated adverse publicity is inherent in the testing, manufacturing, marketing and sale of medical products. Presently we do not have clinical trial liability insurance coverage. There can be no assurance that future insurance coverage will be adequate or available and we may not be able to secure product liability insurance coverage on acceptable terms or at reasonable costs when needed. Any liability for mandatory damages could exceed the amount of our coverage. A successful product liability claim against us could require us to pay a substantial monetary award. Moreover, a product recall could generate substantial negative publicity about our products and business and inhibit or prevent commercialization of other future product candidates.

### APPLICATIONS:

The Aethlon Hemopurifier (tm) is designed to fill voids in drug and vaccine therapy. Potential applications include the clearance of mutant viral strains that cause treatment resistance to drug therapy when available, and as a first line treatment option for viral conditions that are already known to be drug and vaccine resistant. Each viral candidate can be further defined as envelope viruses with glycosolated proteins that reside on the envelope surface surrounding the virus. Some well-known envelope viruses include HIV/AIDS, SARS, West Nile, Ebola and influenza.

### CHRONIC VIRAL INFECTION:

Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) - Of all the chronic viral conditions, HIV infection is a high-profile, worldwide problem resulting in the devastation of populations in many countries. It is estimated the approximately 950,000 people

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in the United States, and 40 million people worldwide, are infected with HIV. About 40,000 people in the United States, and close to 5 million people worldwide, become infected by HIV each year. Three million people die of HIV/AIDS associated illnesses every year worldwide. Generally, HIV is spread through sexual transmission, mother-to-child transmission, inadequately screened blood transfusions and needle sharing among intravenous drug users.

2

Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) - HCV is a major cause of acute hepatitis and chronic liver disease, including cirrhosis and liver cancer. Globally it is estimated that there are 170 million persons infected (with 3.9 million in the US). About 80% of newly infected patients progress to developing a chronic infection however the majority of all infected patients are initially asymptomatic. Cirrhosis develops in from 10% to 20% of persons chronically infected and liver cancer develops in 1% to 5% of patients infected over a period of 20 to 30 years. HCV is spread primarily by direct contact with human blood via inadequately screened blood transfusions, the re-use of improperly sterilized needles and needle sharing among intravenous drug users.

### ACUTE VIRAL INFECTION:

Acute viral infections attack people relatively quickly, last a number of days and result in high mortality rates. Examples include certain strains of influenza (H5N1 avian influenza), smallpox and viral hemorrhagic fevers (VHFs).

Influenza - In the US, seasonal influenza infects more than 15 million people each year and results in some 36,000 deaths annually. However avian influenza, an infection found naturally in birds, has arisen as a new concern and potential pandemic. To date approximately 225 human cases of laboratory-confirmed avian flu have been reported worldwide and, of these, 128 cases (56%) have resulted in death. The majority of the confirmed cases have contracted the H5N1 virus from close contact with infected birds but there appears to be some evidence (in Indonesia, for example) that human to human transmission of the virus is possible. If the avian flu virus has mutated to a form that permits human to human infection, the potential exists for an influenza pandemic that some have predicted could rival that of the 1918 Spanish flu that killed millions of people worldwide.

Smallpox - Smallpox is a serious, contagious and sometimes fatal infectious disease with no specific treatment available other than vaccination. Smallpox is transmitted through direct face-to-face contact, exposure to infected bodily fluids or exposure to infected blankets and bedding and has an incubation period of from 7 to 17 days. Untreated, smallpox in its most common form, has an overall fatality rate of approximately 30%. Smallpox was eliminated in the US by 1949 with the last case worldwide recorded in Somalia in 1977. Because of its eradication, few people have any resistance to the smallpox virus and, given its relatively long incubation period and virulence, were the smallpox virus reintroduced into the general population, the results could be catastrophic.

Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers (VHFs) - VHFs are a group of envelope viruses which can infect humans and which can be extremely severe and often result in death. These include Ebola, Marburg and Lassa hemorrhagic fevers. In general these viruses are transmitted to people when activities of infected animal "hosts" overlap with those of humans. VHFs can be transmitted when humans have contact with body excretions from infected rodents, when humans are bitten by infected mosquitos and ticks, when humans care for or slaughter infected livestock or when humans have close contact with infected people or their bodily fluids. Outbreaks of VHFs are sporadic, period and often unpredictable. Symptoms include a marked

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fever, fatigue, dizziness, muscle aches and exhaustion which progress to bleeding under the skin, shock, bleeding of internal organs, and sometimes from the mouth, nose or ears. VHF's are almost always fatal.

### CURRENT TREATMENTS FOR VIRAL INFECTIONS:

The most effective tools in controlling viral infections have been successful vaccines. Smallpox, polio, measles, mumps and yellow fever have been controlled or eliminated from nature through the use of effective vaccines. Some vaccines are developed and manufactured each year to provide some protection against anticipated strains of flu virus prior to the typical winter flu season. These flu vaccines are developed based on international surveillance and scientists' estimations about which types and strains of viruses will circulate in a given year. Vaccines, however, do not exist for most viral infections and are difficult to develop as viruses can mutate to become vaccine resistant; These viruses essentially become moving targets for the vaccine "silver bullet". A good example of this is the HIV virus: An AIDS vaccine has been "just around the corner" for 25 years despite intense scientific effort and billions of dollars invested. Another issue is that present vaccine technology requires large fermentation systems which are expensive to set up and are already in short supply. Restrictions on overall production capacity are already so severe that some companies have had to delay the introduction of approved products to the public.

In the case of chronic viral diseases for which vaccines do not exist antiviral drugs and combinations of inhibitor drugs can be used to manage, but not cure the disease. For example, for HIV/AIDS the use of multiple antiretroviral drugs, fusion inhibitors and reverse transcriptase inhibitors are used to block the progression of the disease, but these treatments inevitably become less effective and ultimately ineffective over time.

### THE HEMOPURIFIER (tm) TO TREAT VIRAL INFECTIONS:

The Hemopurifier (tm) provides an ideal solution to reduce the burden of circulating envelope viruses because the affinity compounds immobilized within the Hemopurifier (tm) binds to the glycosolated proteins that reside on the surface of all envelope viruses. Thus the Hemopurifier (tm) is a potential treatment alternative for viral infections where vaccines do not yet exist, where viruses have mutated to render combinatorial drug therapies ineffective or in emergencies where the viral pathogen may not have been identified.

3

### BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS AND BIOTERRORISM:

Since September 11, 2001, the Federal Government has heightened its concern and developed plans in anticipation of a potential bioterrorist attack. Government officials recently signed into law, Project Bioshield, a \$5.6 billion program that provides for advance purchase contracts of countermeasures against biological weapons. Additional legislation to increase the effort to combat bioterror agents are currently under discussion in both the House and Senate. A bioterror attack involves the deliberate release of viruses, bacteria or other agents to purposely cause illness or death in people or animals. In particular, the government anticipates the possible reengineering of viruses and/or the use of agents with particularly long incubation periods to maximize the number of people infected prior to detection or quarantine. The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) have prioritized bioterrorism agents by category according to various criteria. These criteria establish that the high-priority agents can be easily transmitted



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from person to person, result in high death rates with the potential for major public health impact, might cause public panic and social disruption and would require significant government preparation for preparedness. Included in the high-priority bioterror threat category are the Smallpox Virus and Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers (VHFs), both of which are conditions able to be addressed by the Aethlon Hemopurifier(TM).

Smallpox is a particularly dangerous bioterror agent both because of its mortality rate (30% if left untreated) and its long incubation period (7 to 14 days). It can be spread through human to human contact, direct contact with bodily fluids or contaminated objects (like bedding or clothing). Because of its long incubation period, by the time a smallpox outbreak is identified, a high number of individuals would likely be infected. Fortunately, in the case of known strains of smallpox virus, the government has significant quantities of vaccine which, in the case of smallpox, can be effective even after a person is infected. Unfortunately, bioweapon programs in certain countries are likely to have developed smallpox viral strains for which no vaccine exists. Were one of these strains acquired by terrorist groups and introduced into the general population, the outcome could be catastrophic with no treatment other than supportive care being available.

Viral hemorrhagic fevers include variants like Ebola, Lassa, Machupo, Marburg, Dengue and Hantaviruses. These viruses, if released into the general public, would be particularly unpleasant. Symptoms for VHFs begin with flu-like fevers, fatigue, dizziness and muscle aches and progress over a few days to internal bleeding, severe shock, nervous system malfunction, coma, delirium, seizures and death. There is basically no cure, only supportive therapy and in limited cases anti-viral drugs (Ribavirin) have shown some effectiveness.

### THE HEMOPURIFIER TO TREAT VIRAL BIOWEAPONS EXPOSURE:

In the event of exposure to a smallpox variant virus or one of the VHFs the Hemopurifier (tm) may be the only treatment available to reduce the viral burden of these pathogens. The ability to bind and capture envelope viruses whether they be engineered smallpox, ebola hemorrhagic fever or lassa hemorrhagic fever will be critical to supporting patients' immune systems and increasing chances of survival. A practical consideration to keep in mind is that in the early stages of a bioweapon attack the pathogen deployed is likely to be unknown. For example, in the case of Sudden Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS), it took from November 2002 until March of 2003 to identify the virus involved. In a bioterror attack the ability to have a broad-spectrum treatment that will be effective for a wide range of viruses will be critically important. The utilization of the Hemopurifier (tm) in such cases, because of its ability to capture a broad-spectrum of viruses, will be crucial, especially in the post-exposure treatment of unidentified pathogens.

### THE HEMOPURIFIER (tm) AND CANCER:

Studies have shown that cancer surgery can cause a significant elevation of circulating growth factors and related agents associated with the wound healing process. The agents of interest, such as vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), promote the growth of new blood vessels, which provide nutrition and oxygen to the cancerous cells, allowing them to multiply and tumors to grow. The use of inhibitors of VEGF and other growth factors has proved effective in controlling the growth and spread of many types of cancer; however, the use of these agents following surgery would interfere with the healing process.

We plan to combine the core principles of our Hemopurifier (tm) platform with intellectual property developed by researchers at Boston University as a means to prevent the spread of cancer following surgery. The post-surgery deployment of the Hemopurifier (tm) with immobilized growth factor affinity agents offers the potential to control the levels of growth factors in circulation during this

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critical period without affecting local growth factor levels near the surgical wound.

4

### HUMAN CLINICAL STUDIES:

On April 19, 2006 we announced the successful completion of our Human Safety Study conducted at the Apollo Hospital in Delhi, India under the supervision Dr. Vijay Kher. Aethlon demonstrated the safety of treatment using the Hemopurifier(TM) in all patients enrolled in the study. Each patient suffered from end-stage renal disease (requiring kidney dialysis treatment) as well as Hepatitis-C infection. A total of four patients met the conditions to be enrolled and were treated in the study. The average patient age exceeded 50 years and, as a result of their compromised condition, spent greater than 50% of their waking hours in bed. The treatment regimen required multiple treatments over a two-week time frame. Blood chemistry and the general health of the patients were monitored throughout the study and, at the conclusion of the study, no material adverse events attributable to the Hemopurifier (TM) had been observed.

### ANIMAL STUDIES:

On May 24, 2005, we disclosed the results of an animal safety study related to Hemopurifier(TM) treatment procedures that were performed on a limited number of New Zealand white rabbits. In general, the animals tolerated the Hemopurifier(TM) treatment well and were able to move about freely within a restricted space. The most common interruption during the procedure was related to excessive animal movement that resulted in low arterial side pressures due to partial occlusion of the catheter. Such issues are not expected in human treatment. We did not observe any adverse events during the Hemopurifier(TM) animal study. The choice to utilize rabbits in the study was related to the similarity in the infection pathogenesis of rabbitpox with human smallpox. As smallpox efficacy studies are not allowed in humans, related animal studies are the primary challenge for market approval as a treatment countermeasure.

### INDUSTRY AND COMPETITION:

The pharmaceutical, biotechnology and medical device industries are intensely competitive and we may not be able to develop, perfect or acquire rights to new products with commercial potential. We compete with biotechnology, medical device and pharmaceutical companies that have been established longer than we have, have more experience in commercializing their technology, have a greater number of products on the market, have greater financial and other resources and have other technological or competitive advantages. We also have competition in the development of technologies and processes and in acquiring personnel and technology from academic institutions, governmental agencies, and other private and public research organizations. The factors that affect the likelihood of commercial success for our potential products include: the development of alternative therapies that are more user-friendly for customers or physicians or are more effective and safer, the ability to develop cost-effective products, the ability to acquire, develop, maintain and enforce intellectual property rights and the availability of financial and technical resources. We cannot be certain that one or more of our competitors will not receive patent protection that dominates, blocks or adversely affects our clinical studies, product development or business; will not benefit from significantly greater sales and marketing capabilities; or will not develop products that are accepted more widely than ours.

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We are advancing our Hemopurifier (TM) technology as a treatment to enhance and prolong current drug therapies by removing the viral strains that cause drug resistance. The Hemopurifier (TM) is also designed to prolong life for infected patients who have become drug resistant and to provide the only treatment option where no vaccines exist. Therefore, we do not believe that the Hemopurifier (TM) competes with the current drug therapy treatment standard. However, if the industry considered the Hemopurifier (TM) to be a potential replacement for drug therapy, then the marketplace for the Hemopurifier (TM) would be extremely competitive. We are also pursuing the development of Hemopurifiers (TM) to be utilized as treatment countermeasures against biological weapons. In this regard and as described above, we are targeting the treatment of pathogens in which current treatments are either limited or do not exist. We believe that we are the sole developer of viral filtration systems (Hemopurifiers (TM) to treat chronic viral diseases. We do, however, face competition from producers of the following alternative treatment options for the biodefense industry:

Antiviral Drug Competition - For viral infections, specific drugs can be effective, but there are no drugs that are effective against the broad-spectrum of known pathogenic viruses. At present, only a few antiviral drugs are available to treat the multitude of viruses that may be used as biological weapons. For example, Ribavirin is the treatment of choice for certain hemorrhagic fever viral infections, but has no current application to Ebola and Marburg infections. Some newer antiviral drugs have shown significant promise in animal models, and limited case reports in humans are encouraging. The lack of broad-spectrum antivirals takes on added significance in light of the ability of many viruses to rapidly develop resistance. Current efforts to define the genetic details of normal and pathogenic agents on a molecular level promise the hope of new points of attack. Genomic analysis of the viral pathogen and the animal model response to infection provide valuable information enabling the

5

development of novel treatment and prevention strategies. However, even the rapid elucidation of the genetic structure of a specific pathogen does not provide sufficient information to design an effective cure. For example, while SARS has been known of for more than a year and several strains have had their complete genetic sequence determined, no effective treatment has yet emerged. One promising approach in drug development has been the advent of combinatorial chemistry, which provides the ability to rapidly synthesize huge libraries of related compounds, many of which have never been seen before. However, the real roadblock to progress is the need to laboriously screen each new compound for efficacy in fighting a particular disease. In that sense, combinatorial drugs confront the same problem as the traditional method of screening of plant and animal extracts for active compounds that block viral or bacterial replication. Thus while science can radically increase the number of drug candidates, the slow step will always be showing that they are both effective and safe. Even effective new drugs represent an irresistible selective pressure on natural and unnatural pathogens to develop resistance, something at which they are clearly very efficient.

Vaccine Development Competition - Historically, the most effective tool in controlling infections has been vaccines. Promising vaccines are being tested for some of the more virulent diseases, but research is hampered by the need to conduct the studies in secure laboratories. There are other issues with relying on vaccines as our primary protection against a biological weapons attack. While vaccination may be an effective prophylaxis in a military setting, it would be problematic for civilian populations for several reasons:

- o The agent used would have to be known prior to its deployment.

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With the exception of the smallpox vaccine, vaccination is of no use post-exposure.

- o Even if every person in the United States could be vaccinated, it would be impossible to vaccinate him or her against every agent for which a vaccine is available.
- o Even if a vaccine is available, it would only be useful if the agent involved has not been genetically altered so that it is drug or vaccine resistant.

Vaccines that are both efficacious and safe are notoriously difficult to develop. History has shown that developing vaccines can be a slow process and may not even be possible for highly mutable pathogens like HIV and Hepatitis C. Moreover, current vaccine strategies often carry significant risk for complications. For example, smallpox vaccine, which uses attenuated strains of a live virus, can occasionally cause illness or death by infection from the very organism that usually provides protection.

In terms of a bioterrorist attack, anthrax vaccine can serve as an example of our presumed capability in treating a well recognized threat. Only one anthrax vaccine, licensed in 1970, is available. This vaccine, produced by the Bioprot Corporation, consists of a membrane-sterilized culture filtrate of an avirulent, non-encapsulated strain of anthrax. The data in support of the license consisted of a single field study. The vaccine efficacy was 92.5% effective in this small trial. In December 1985, 15 years after the vaccine was licensed, the FDA's advisory panel reviewed the efficacy of the anthrax vaccine but did not review the effectiveness of the current vaccine to inhalation exposure anthrax infection. The shortcomings of the current vaccine have spurred studies of new anthrax vaccine products. The new vaccines include protective antigen-based vaccines, e.g., purified protein from B. ANTHRACIS culture or live-attenuated spore vaccine. One of the immune correlates of protection of anthrax vaccines is likely to be the antibody response to protective antigen. However, the quantitative relation of anti-protective antigen antibody to protection has not been established in humans. The relationship between neutralization of protective antigen and the lethal effects of anthrax is currently being investigated by the Department of Defense. The point to make here is that the development of these new vaccines will take a significant amount of time during which the population will remain without an effective vaccine treatment.

### PATENTS:

We currently own or have license rights to a number of U.S. and foreign patents and patent applications and endeavor to continually improve our intellectual property position. We consider the protection of our technology, whether owned or licensed, to the exclusion of use by others, to be vital to our business. While we intend to focus primarily on patented or patentable technology, we may also rely on trade secrets, unpatented property, know-how, regulatory exclusivity, patent extensions and continuing technological innovation to develop our competitive position.

In certain countries, medical devices are not patentable or only recently have become patentable, and enforcement of intellectual property rights in some countries has been limited or non-existent. Future enforcement of patents and proprietary rights in many countries can be expected to be problematic or unpredictable. We cannot guarantee that any patents issued or licensed to us will provide us with competitive advantages or will not be challenged by others. Furthermore, we cannot be certain that others will not independently develop similar products or will not design around patents issued or licensed to us.

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We cannot guarantee that patents that are issued will not be challenged, invalidated or infringed upon or designed around by others, or that the claims contained in such patents will not infringe the patent claims of others, or provide us with significant protection against competitive products, or otherwise be commercially valuable. We may need to acquire licenses under patents belonging to others for technology potentially useful or necessary to us. If any such licenses are required, we cannot be certain that they will be available on terms acceptable to us, if at all. To the extent that we are unable to obtain patent protection for our products or technology, our business may be materially adversely affected by competitors who develop substantially equivalent technology.

### LICENSING AGREEMENTS:

Effective January 1, 2000, we entered into an agreement with a related party under which an invention and related patent rights for a method of removing HIV and other viruses from the blood using the Hemopurifier(TM) were assigned to us by the inventors in exchange for a royalty to be paid on future sales of the patented product or process and shares of our common stock. On March 4, 2003, the related patent was issued and we issued 196,078 shares of restricted common stock.

On February 9, 2006, we entered into an option agreement with the Trustees of Boston University which provides for the right to negotiate an exclusive license for a Boston University patent BU05-41, "Method to Prevent Proliferation and Growth of Metastases". It is our intention to effect such license within the term of the option.

### GOVERNMENT REGULATION

The Hemopurifier(TM) is a medical device subject to extensive and rigorous regulation by FDA, as well as other federal and state regulatory bodies in the United States and comparable authorities in other countries. Therefore, we cannot assure that our Hemopurifier(TM) technology will successfully complete any regulatory clinical trial for any of our proposed applications.

One of the main problems facing the FDA is the need to ensure public safety while at the same time preventing unsafe treatments from reaching the public. The balance between these competing pressures has resulted in a long and deliberate process for approving new treatments, which is not responsive to the urgent need for new treatments presented in the era of bioterrorism. For most drugs, the principal research and development phases take one to three years before a drug is even submitted to FDA for testing. A clinical research program takes two to 10 years, depending on the agent and clinical indication. The marketing application review period requires an average of one year. Once a product is approved for market, long-term post-marketing surveillance, inspections, and product testing must be performed to ensure the quality, safety, and efficacy of the product, as well as appropriate product labeling.

FDA'S PREMARKET CLEARANCE AND APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS. Unless an exemption applies, each medical device we wish to commercialize in the United States will require either prior 510(k) clearance or a PMA from FDA. Medical devices are classified into one of three classes--Class I, Class II, or Class III--depending on the degree or risk associated with each medical device and the extent of control needed to ensure safety and effectiveness. Devices deemed to pose lower risks are placed in either Class I or II, which requires the manufacturer to submit to FDA a premarket notification requesting permission to commercially distribute the device. This process is generally known as 510(k) clearance. Some low risk devices are exempted from this requirement. Devices deemed by FDA to

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pose the greatest risk, such as life-sustaining, life-supporting or implantable devices, or devices deemed not substantially equivalent to a previously cleared 510(k) device, are placed in Class III, requiring premarket approval. If any application of the Hemopurifier(TM) is not cleared as a 510(k), then it is likely that such applications will be classified as Class III medical device.

510(K) CLEARANCE PATHWAY. When a 510(k) clearance is required, we must submit a premarket notification to FDA demonstrating that our proposed device is substantially equivalent to a previously cleared and legally marketed 510(k) device or a device that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976 for which FDA has not yet called for the submission of a PMA application. By regulation, FDA is required to clear or deny a 510(k) premarket notification within 90 days of submission of the application. As a practical matter, clearance often takes significantly longer. FDA may require further information, including clinical data, to make a determination regarding substantial equivalence. If FDA determines that the device, or its intended use, is not substantially equivalent to a previously-cleared device or use, FDA will place the device, or the particular use, into Class III. The FDA has notified the Company that it intends to classify the Hemopurifier (TM) as a Class III medical Device.

PREMARKET APPROVAL PATHWAY. A PMA application must be submitted to FDA if the device cannot be cleared through the 510(k) process. The PMA application process is much more demanding than the 510(k) premarket notification process. A PMA application must be supported by extensive data, including but not limited to technical, preclinical, clinical trials, manufacturing and labeling to demonstrate to FDA's satisfaction the safety and effectiveness of the device.

7

After a PMA application is submitted and FDA determines that the application is sufficiently complete to permit a substantive review, FDA will accept the application for review. FDA has 180 days to review an "accepted" PMA application, although the review of an application generally occurs over a significantly longer period of time and can take up to several years. During this review period, FDA may request additional information or clarification of the information already provided. Also, an advisory panel of experts from outside FDA may be convened to review and evaluate the application and provide recommendations to FDA as to the approvability of the device. In addition, FDA will conduct a preapproval inspection of the manufacturing facility to ensure compliance with quality system regulations. New PMA applications or PMA application supplements are required for significant modification to the manufacturing process, labeling and design of a device that is approved through the premarket approval process. Premarket approval supplements often require submission of the same type of information as a premarket approval application, except that the supplement is limited to information needed to support any changes from the device covered by the original premarket approval application and may not require as extensive clinical data or the convening of an advisory panel.

CLINICAL TRIALS. Clinical trials are almost always required to support an FDA premarket application and are sometimes required for 510(k) clearance. In the United States, these trials generally require submission of an application for an Investigational Device Exemption, or IDE, to FDA. The IDE application must be supported by appropriate data, such as animal and laboratory testing results, showing that it is safe to test the device in humans and that the testing protocol is scientifically sound. The IDE must be approved in advance by FDA for a specific number of patients unless the product is deemed a non-significant risk device eligible for more abbreviated IDE requirements. Clinical trials for

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significant risk devices may not begin until the IDE application is approved by FDA and the appropriate institutional review boards, or IRBs, at the clinical trial sites. Our clinical trials must be conducted under the oversight of an IRB at the relevant clinical trial sites and in accordance with FDA regulations, including but not limited to those relating to good clinical practices. We are also required to obtain patients' informed consent that complies with both FDA requirements and state and federal privacy regulations. We, FDA or the IRB at each site at which a clinical trial is being performed may suspend a clinical trial at any time for various reasons, including a belief that the risks to study subjects outweigh the benefits. Even if a trial is completed, the results of clinical testing may not demonstrate the safety and efficacy of the device, may not be equivocal or may otherwise not be sufficient to obtain approval of the product. Similarly, in Europe the clinical study must be approved by the local ethics committee and in some cases, including studies with high-risk devices, by the Ministry of Health in the applicable country.

PERVASIVE AND CONTINUING REGULATION. After a device is placed on the market, numerous regulatory requirements continue to apply. These include:

- o FDA's Quality System Regulation, or QSR, which requires manufacturers, including third-party manufacturers, to follow stringent design, testing, control, documentation and other quality assurance procedures during all aspects of the manufacturing process;
- o labeling regulations and FDA prohibitions against the promotion of products for uncleared, unapproved or off-label uses;
- o clearance or approval of product modifications that could significantly affect safety or efficacy or that would constitute a major change in intended use;
- o medical device reporting, or MDR, regulations, which require that manufacturers report to FDA if their device may have caused or contributed to a death or serious injury or malfunctioned in a way that would likely cause or contribute to a death or serious injury if the malfunction were to recur; and
- o post-market surveillance regulations, which apply when necessary to protect the public health or to provide additional safety and effectiveness data for the device.

After a device receives 510(k) clearance or a PMA, any modification that could significantly affect its safety or effectiveness, or that would constitute a major change in its intended use, will require a new clearance or approval. FDA requires each manufacturer to make this determination initially, but FDA can review any such decision and can disagree with a manufacturer's determination.

The MDR regulations also require that we report to FDA any incident in which our product may have caused or contributed to a death or serious injury or in which our product malfunctioned and, if the malfunction were to recur, would likely cause or contribute to death or serious injury.

FRAUD AND ABUSE. We may also directly or indirectly be subject to various federal and state laws pertaining to healthcare fraud and abuse, including anti-kickback laws. In particular, the federal healthcare program Anti-Kickback Statute prohibits persons from knowingly and willfully soliciting, offering, receiving or providing remuneration, directly or indirectly, in exchange for or to induce either the referral of an individual, or the furnishing, arranging for

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or recommending a good or service, for which payment may be made in whole or part under federal healthcare programs, such as the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Penalties for violations include criminal penalties and civil sanctions such as fines, imprisonment and possible exclusion from Medicare, Medicaid and other federal healthcare programs. The Anti-Kickback Statute is broad and prohibits many arrangements and practices that are lawful in businesses outside of the healthcare industry. In implementing the statute, the Office of Inspector General, or OIG, has issued a series of regulations, known as the "safe harbors." These safe harbors set forth provisions that, if all their applicable requirements are met, will assure healthcare providers and other parties that they will not be prosecuted under the Anti-Kickback Statute. The failure of a transaction or arrangement to fit precisely within one or more safe harbors does not necessarily mean that it is illegal or that prosecution will be pursued. However, conduct and business arrangements that do not fully satisfy each applicable element of a safe harbor may result in increased scrutiny by government enforcement authorities, such as the OIG.

INTERNATIONAL. International sales of medical devices are subject to foreign governmental regulations, which vary substantially from country to country. The time required to obtain clearance or approval by a foreign country may be longer or shorter than that required for FDA clearance or approval, and the requirements may be different.

The primary regulatory environment in Europe is that of the European Union, which has adopted numerous directives and has promulgated voluntary standards regulating the design, manufacture, clinical trials, labeling and adverse event reporting for medical devices. Devices that comply with the requirements of a relevant directive will be entitled to bear CE conformity marking, indicating that the device conforms with the essential requirements of the applicable directives and, accordingly, can be commercially distributed throughout the member states of the European Union, and other countries that comply with or mirror these directives. The method of assessing conformity varies depending on the type and class of the product, but normally involves a combination of self-assessment by the manufacturer and a third-party assessment by a notified body, an independent and neutral institution appointed by a country to conduct the conformity assessment. This third-party assessment may consist of an audit of the manufacturer's quality system and specific testing of the manufacturer's device. Such an assessment is required in order for a manufacturer to commercially distribute the product throughout these countries. ISO 9001 and ISO 13845 certifications are voluntary harmonized standards. Compliance establishes the presumption of conformity with the essential requirements for a CE Marking.

We have completed preclinical studies that demonstrate the removal of HIV and Hepatitis C virus from infected human blood. We have also completed animal safety studies and demonstrated safety in humans treated at the Apollo Hospital in Delhi, India. We are now preparing to submit an Investigational Device Exemption ("IDE") with the FDA which we anticipate will lead to further human studies in the United States.

### SUBSIDIARIES

We have four dormant wholly-owned subsidiaries, Aethlon, Inc., Cell Activation, Inc., Syngen Research, Inc., and Hemex, Inc.

### EMPLOYEES

At March 31, 2006, we had five full-time employees, comprised of our Chief Executive Officer, our Chief Science Officer, our Chief Financial Officer, a research associate and a senior bioengineer. We utilize, whenever appropriate, contract and part time professionals in order to conserve cash and resources. We



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believe that our employee relations are good. None of our employees is represented by a collective bargaining unit.

### WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual reports on Form 10-KSB, quarterly reports on Form 10-QSB, current reports on Form 8-K and proxy and information statements and amendments to reports files or furnished pursuant to Sections 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The public may read and copy these materials at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth St NW, Washington, DC 20549. The public may obtain information on the operation of the public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC also maintains a website (<http://www.sec.gov>) that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding other companies, like us, that file materials with the SEC electronically. Our headquarters are located at 3030 Bunker Hill Street, Suite 4000, San Diego, CA 92109. Our phone number at that address is (858) 459-7800. Our website is [www.aethlonmedical.com](http://www.aethlonmedical.com).

### ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

We currently rent approximately 3,200 square feet of executive office space and laboratory space at 3030 Bunker Hill Street, Suite 4000, San Diego, California 92109 at the rate of \$7,744 per month on a lease that expires on July 12, 2007.

9

### ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We may be involved from time to time in various claims, lawsuits, disputes with third parties or breach of contract actions incidental to the normal course of business operations. We are currently not involved in any such litigation or any pending legal proceedings that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

On June 10, 2005, Aethlon Medical, Inc. (the "Company") held a special meeting of stockholders at the Company's executive offices for the following purposes: (1) to ratify the appointment of Squar, Milner, Reehl & Williamson, L.L.P ("Squar Milner"), as the Company's independent auditors for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2005 and (2) to approve an amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of the Company's common stock from 25,000,000 to 50,000,000. Stockholders holding an aggregate of 10,624,365 shares of common stock of the Company voted in favor to ratify the appointment of Squar Milner as the Company's independent auditors and stockholders holding an aggregate of 10,238,794 shares of common stock of the Company voted in favor of approving the amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of common stock from 25,000,000 to 50,000,000. The number of shares voting in favor of the two proposals was sufficient for the approval of both proposals. The number of shares voting against and/or abstaining from the vote were as follows: Proposal 1: 80,776 shares; Proposal 2: 469,347 shares.

## PART II

### ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

#### LIMITED PUBLIC MARKET FOR SHARES OF COMMON STOCK

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Our Common Stock is quoted on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board. Our trading symbol is "AEMD."

Our Common Stock has had a limited and sporadic trading history.

The following table sets forth for the calendar period indicated the quarterly high and low bid prices for our Common Stock as reported by the OTCBB. The prices represent quotations between dealers, without adjustment for retail markup, mark down or commission, and do not necessarily represent actual transactions.

	HIGH ----	LOW ---
2006		
1st Quarter	\$ 0.89	\$ 0.27
2005		
4th Quarter	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.23
3rd Quarter	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.19
2nd Quarter	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.22
1st Quarter	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.25
2004		
4th Quarter	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.46
3rd Quarter	\$ 0.95	\$ 0.44
2nd Quarter	\$ 1.70	\$ 0.54
1st Quarter	\$ 4.25	\$ 0.37

We have not declared any cash dividends on our common stock since inception and do not anticipate any in the future. Our current business plan is to retain any future earnings to finance the expansion and development of our business. Any future determination to pay cash dividends will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors, and will be dependent upon our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements and other factors our board may deem relevant at that time.

There are approximately 146 record holders of our Common Stock at June 15, 2006. The number of registered shareholders includes any beneficial owners of common shares held in street name.

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is ComputerShare Trust Company, located in Denver, Colorado.

### RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

We have sold or issued the following securities not registered under the Securities Act in reliance upon the exemption from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act or Regulation D of the Securities Act during the three year period ending on the date of filing of this registration statement. Except as stated below, no underwriting discounts or commissions were payable with respect to any of the following transactions.

10

### CONVERTIBLE DEBT

In March 2004, we issued a 10% convertible note to RP Capital, LLC an accredited investor, in the amount of \$50,000 for cash. The note was due on

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April 30, 2004 and was converted at \$0.44 per share in May 2004. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

On May 16, 2005 the Company issued Fusion Capital ("Fusion") a \$30,000 Convertible Promissory Note (the "Note") with an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum that matures on August 15, 2005. The Note converted into 174,716 restricted shares of common stock in March 2006.

From July 11, 2005 through December 15, 2005 the Company received cash investments of \$760,000 from an accredited investor (Ellen R. Weiner Family Revocable Trust) based on agreed-upon terms reached on the cash receipt dates. Such investments were documented on November 2, 2005, November 4, 2005 and December 15, 2005 in three 10% Series A Convertible Notes ("Weiner Series A Notes"). The Weiner Series A Notes accrue interest at a rate of ten percent (10%) per annum and mature on January 2, 2007. The Weiner Series A Notes are convertible into shares of restricted common stock at any time at the election of the holder at a conversion price equal to \$0.20 per share for any conversion occurring on or prior to the maturity date. In addition, upon conversion, the Company is obligated to issue three-year Warrants (the "Weiner Series A Warrants") to purchase a number of shares equal to the number of shares into which the Weiner Series A Notes can be converted at an exercise price of \$0.20. The Weiner Series A Warrants have been valued using a Binomial Lattice option pricing model and an associated discount of \$531,875, measured at the commitment dates, will be expensed as future conversions occur. The convertible feature of the Weiner Series A Notes provides for a rate of conversion that is below market value. Pursuant to EITF 98-5 and EITF 00-27, the Company has estimated the fair value of such BCF to be \$228,125 and records such amount as a debt discount. Such discount is being accreted to interest expense over the term of the Weiner Series A Notes. Total interest expense on the Weiner Series A Note for amortization of the above BCF debt discount totaled \$42,506 and \$56,096 for the three months and nine months ended December 31, 2005, respectively. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

From August 8, 2005 through December 14, 2005 the Company received cash investments of \$225,000, from an accredited investor (Allan S. Bird) based on agreed upon terms reached on the cash receipt dates. Such investments were documented on November 2, 2005, November 7, 2005 and December 14, 2005 in three 10% Series A Convertible Notes ("Bird Series A Notes"). The Bird Series A Notes accrue interest at a rate of ten percent (10%) per annum and mature on January 2, 2007. The Bird Series A Notes are convertible into shares of restricted common stock at any time at the election of the holder at a conversion price equal to \$0.20 per share for any conversion occurring on or prior to the maturity date. In addition, upon conversion, the Company is obligated to issue three-year Warrants (the "Bird Series A Warrants") to purchase a number of shares equal to the number of shares into which the Bird Series A Notes can be converted at an exercise price of \$0.20. The Bird Series A Warrants have been valued using a Binomial Lattice option pricing model and an associated discount of \$183,000, measured at the commitment dates with the warrants being initially classified as a derivative liability. The derivative liability was reclassified as additional paid in capital upon obtaining an effective registration statement in January 2006 and the discount will be expensed when the warrants are issued when future debt conversions occur. The convertible feature of the Bird Series A Note provides for a rate of conversion that is below market value. Pursuant to EITF 98-5 and EITF 00-27, the Company has estimated the fair value of such BCF to be \$42,000 and records such amount as a debt discount. Such discount is being accreted to interest expense over the term of the Bird Series A Note. Total interest expense on the Bird Series A Note for amortization of the above BCF debt discount totaled \$7,783 and \$9,271 for the three months and nine months ended December 31, 2005, respectively. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of

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1933.

On December 15, 2005, the Company received total cash investments of \$15,000 from two related accredited investors (Christian Hoffmann III and Claypoole Capital, LLC). Such investments were documented in two 10% Series A Convertible Notes ("December Notes"). The December Notes accrue interest at a rate of ten percent (10%) per annum and mature on January 2, 2007. The December Notes are convertible into shares of restricted common stock at any time at the election of the holder at a conversion price of \$0.20 per share for any conversion occurring on or before the maturity date. In addition, upon conversion, the Company is obligated to issue three-year Warrants (the "December

11

Warrants") to purchase a number of shares equal to the number of shares into which the December Notes were converted at an exercise price of \$0.20. The December Warrants have been valued using a Binomial Lattice option pricing model and an associated discount of \$15,000, measured at the commitment date, with the warrants being initially classified as a derivative liability. The derivative liability was reclassified as additional paid in capital upon obtaining an effective registration statement in January 2006 and the discount will be expensed when the warrants are issued upon the occurrence of future debt conversion. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

On March 23, 2006, the Company retired its \$30,000 Aethlon Medical, Inc. Convertible Promissory Note dated May 16, 2005 ("Note") with Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC. The Note plus accrued interest of \$4,943.19 was exchanged for 174,716 shares of restricted common stock valued at \$0.20 a share as per the terms of the Note. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

### COMMON STOCK AND WARRANTS

In April 2004, the Company issued 500,000 shares of restricted common stock to an accredited individual investor in connection with the exercise of warrants at \$0.25 per share for cash totaling \$125,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In April 2004, the Company issued 17,143 shares at \$1.75 per share to an accredited individual investor for investor relations services in the amount of \$30,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In April 2004, the Company issued 50,000 shares of restricted common stock to Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC, a accredited institutional investor, for a financing commitment to provide \$6,000,000 under a registered private placement. In connection with the \$6,000,000 financing the Company paid a fee to Fusion Capital in the amount of 418,604 shares of common stock. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In May 2004, the Company issued 225,000 shares of common stock at \$0.44 per share and 225,000 warrants to purchase our common stock at a price of \$0.76 per share to legal counsel for legal services in the amount of approximately \$99,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

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In May 2004, a \$50,000 10% convertible note was converted at \$0.44 per share for 113,636 shares of common stock and 113,636 warrants to purchase our common stock at a price of \$0.76 per share. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In May 2004, we issued fourteen accredited investors a total of 1,529,545 shares of restricted stock at a price of \$0.44 per share for cash totaling \$673,000. In connection with the issuance of these shares, we granted the stockholders 1,529,545 warrants to purchase our common stock at a price of \$0.76 per share. The warrants vested immediately and expire on fifth anniversary from the date of a registration statement covering the common stock underlying such warrants is declared effective. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In July 2004, we issued 10,715 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.70 per share to an accredited individual for employee placement services in the amount of \$7,500. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In July 2004, we issued 6,850 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.73 per share to an accredited individual for consulting services on opportunities for our Hemopurifier(TM) within the biodefense marketplace in the amount of \$5,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In August 2004, we issued a one-year warrant to purchase 7,000 shares of common stock at \$0.55 per share to an accredited corporate entity in conjunction with a \$6,000 fee for investor and public relations services. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933,

In September 2004, we issued 479,513 shares of restricted common stock to LH Financial (Esquire Trade and Finance), an accredited investor, in conjunction with the conversion of \$125,000 in principal amount of notes, plus accrued interest, at \$0.34 per share, in accordance with their convertible note agreement. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

12

In October 2004, we issued two \$40,000 10% one year promissory notes each with 80,000 three-year warrants to purchase common stock at \$0.50 and 44,444 three-year warrants to purchase common stock at \$0.90 for cash in the total amount of \$80,000 to two accredited individual investors. In accordance with GAAP, the proceeds of the financing have been allocated to the debt and the warrants, based on their relative fair values. Accordingly, a discount of \$46,000 has been recorded as a reduction in the debt balance, and the off-setting credit has been recorded as additional paid-in capital. The debt discount is amortized and charged to interest expense over the life of the debt. At March 31, 2004, approximately \$23,000 of such discount was unamortized and is included in notes payable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In October 2004, we issued a \$50,000 10% one-year promissory note plus 100,000 three-year warrants to purchase common stock at \$0.50 and 55,555 three-year warrants to purchase common stock at \$0.90 for cash in the amount of

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\$50,000 to an accredited individual investor. In accordance with GAAP, the proceeds of the financing have been allocated to the debt and the warrants, based on their relative fair values. Accordingly, a discount of \$38,000 has been recorded as a reduction in the debt balance, and the off-setting credit has been recorded as additional paid-in capital. The debt discount is amortized and charged to interest expense over the life of the debt. At March 31, 2005, approximately \$22,000 of such discount was unamortized and is included in notes payable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In November 2004, we issued 60,000 shares of restricted common stock to an accredited individual investor in connection with the exercise of 60,000 warrants at \$0.25 per share for consideration of a \$15,000 reduction in the principal amount of a 10% one-year promissory note. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In December 2004, the Company issued 461,667 shares of restricted common stock to two accredited individual investors in connection with the exercise of 461,667 warrants at \$0.25 per share held by an institutional investor. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In December 2004, the Company repaid two \$25,000 12% promissory notes, including accrued interest, through the issuance of 87,303 restricted common shares at \$0.49 per share to each of two separate accredited individual investors. These transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In December 2004, the Company issued 20,000 shares of restricted common stock to an accredited individual investor in connection with the exercise of a warrant to purchase 20,000 shares of common stock at \$0.25 per share for consideration of a \$5,000 reduction in the principal amount of a 10% one-year note, resulting in a remaining note balance of \$30,000 at December 31, 2004. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In December 2004, the Company issued 60,000 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.50 per share under a consulting agreement with an accredited individual investor, for investor relations consulting services to the Company. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In January 2005, the Company issued 55,556 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.36 per share and a warrant to purchase 55,556 shares of common stock at \$0.44 per share for cash in the amount of \$20,000 to an accredited individual investor. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In January 2005, the Company issued 66,666 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.45 per share to an accredited individual investor under a consulting agreement for investor relations consulting services to the Company. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In January 2005, the Company issued 25,834 shares of restricted common stock to an accredited individual investor in connection with the exercise of a warrant to purchase 25,834 shares of common stock at \$0.25 per share. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

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In February 2005, the Company issued 139,063 shares of restricted common stock to an accredited individual investor in connection with the exercise of a warrant to purchase 139,063 shares of common stock at \$0.25 per share. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

13

In February 2005, the Company issued 90,000 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.27 per share and a three-year warrant to purchase 90,000 shares of common stock at \$0.34 per share for cash in the amount of \$24,300 to an accredited individual investor. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company issued an additional total of 1,416,958 shares of restricted common stock at prices ranging from \$0.25 to \$0.52 for total cash proceeds of approximately \$541,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company issued an additional 557,647 shares of restricted common stock at prices ranging from \$0.25 to \$0.55 under various consulting service agreements for total recorded value of approximately \$196,000. All services on these agreements were completed and expensed during the year ended March 31, 2005. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In May 2005 the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock and a warrant to purchase 400,000 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$0.176 per share to an accredited investor for \$17,600. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In June 2005, the Company issued 836,730 shares of restricted common stock and a three-year warrant to purchase 418,365 shares of the Company's restricted common stock at an exercise price of \$0.25 to legal counsel as an inducement to settle accrued past due legal services payable in the amount of \$167,346 which had been expensed in the prior fiscal year. At the time of the settlement, the shares of the Company's restricted common stock were valued at \$209,183 and, using a Black-Scholes option pricing model, the warrant was valued at \$100,408. The non-cash additional consideration of \$142,245 has been recorded as professional fees expense during the quarter ended June 30, 2005. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In September 2005, the Company issued 27,852 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.206 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,738.

On September 9, 2005, the Company granted 2,857,143 options to James A. Joyce, its Chief Executive Officer, in exchange for \$300,000 of accrued related-party liabilities. The fair value of such options approximated the value of the accrued related-party liability. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In December 2005, the Company issued 73,964 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.246 per share in payment of legal fees related to capital raising transactions valued at \$18,202. This transaction was exempt from registration

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pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In January 2006, the Company issued 579,813 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.24 per share in payment for patent fees valued at \$139,155. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In January 2006, the Company issued 66,017 shares of restricted common stock at Prices ranging from \$0.28 to \$0.33 per share in payment for investor relations. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

During March 2006, the Company issued 568,181 shares of common stock, at \$0.76 per share, to Fusion Capital for total proceeds of \$431,818. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In March 2006, the Company repaid a \$30,000 10% promissory notes, including accrued interest of \$4,564, through the issuance of 140,000 restricted common shares at \$0.25 per share to an accredited individual investor. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In March 2006, a \$30,000 15% convertible note was converted at \$0.20 per share for 174,716 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.20 per share. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

14

In March 2006, the Company issued 150,000 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.326 per share in payment of profession services related to investor relations valued at \$49,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In March 2006, the Company issued 35,714 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.28 per share in payment of profession services related to investor relations valued at \$10,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In March 2006, the Company issued 15,152 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.33 per share in payment of profession services related to investor relations valued at \$5,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In March 2006, the Company issued 33,333 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.33 per share in payment of an option agreement valued at \$10,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

### EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

#### SUMMARY EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN DATA

The following table sets forth March 31, 2006 information on our equity compensation plans (including the potential effect of debt instruments convertible into common stock) in effect as of that date:



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Plan category	(a) Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (1) (2)	(b) Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	(c) Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	32,500	\$2.65	467,500
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders (1)	22,155,820	0.35	N/A
Totals	22,188,320	0.35	467,500

(1) The description of the material terms of non-plan issuances of equity instruments is discussed in Notes 4, 5 and 6 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

(2) Net of equity instruments forfeited, exercised or expired.

2000 STOCK OPTION PLAN

Our 2000 Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"), adopted by us in August 2000, provides for the grant of incentive stock options (ISOs) to our full-time employees (who may also be Directors) and nonstatutory stock options ("NSOs") to non-employee Directors, consultants, customers, vendors or providers of significant services. The exercise price of any ISO may not be less than the fair market value of the Common Stock on the date of grant or, in the case of an optionee who owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of our outstanding stock, not be less than 110% of the fair market value on the date of grant. The exercise price, in the case of any NSO, must not be less than 75% of the fair market value of the Common Stock on the date of grant. The amount reserved under the Plan is 500,000 options. At March 31, 2006, we had granted 32,500 options under the 2000 Stock Option Plan, with 467,500 available for future issuance.

2003 CONSULTANT STOCK PLAN

Our 2003 Consultant Stock Plan (the "Stock Plan"), adopted by us in August 2003, advances our interests by helping us obtain and retain the services of persons providing consulting services upon whose judgment, initiative, efforts and/or services we are substantially dependent, by offering to or providing those persons with incentives or inducements affording such persons an opportunity to become owners of our capital stock. Consultants or advisors are eligible to receive grants under the plan program only if they are natural

persons providing bona fide consulting services to us, with the exception of any services they may render in connection with the offer and sale of our securities

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in a capital-raising transaction, or which may directly or indirectly promote or maintain a market for our securities. We initially reserved a total of 1,000,000 common shares for issuance under the Stock Plan and increased this to 3,000,000 on August 29, 2005. The Stock Plan provides for the grants of common stock. No awards may be issued after the ten year anniversary of the date we adopted the Stock Plan, the termination date for the plan.

On March 29, 2004, we filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-8 for the purpose of registering 1,000,000 common shares issuable under the Stock Plan under the Securities Act of 1933.

On August 29, 2005, we filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-8 for the purpose of registering 2,000,000 common shares issuable under The Stock Plan under the Securities Act of 1933.

At March 31, 2006, 719,312 shares of common stock remain to be issued under the 2003 Consultant Stock Plan. To date we have issued 5,325,158 options (of which 1,773,300 have been exercised or cancelled) outside both the 2005 Directors Compensation Plan and 2000 Stock Option Plan.

### 2005 DIRECTORS COMPENSATION PROGRAM

Upon the recommendation of our Compensation Committee, in February 2005, we adopted our 2005 Directors Compensation Program (the "Directors Compensation Program") which advances our interest by helping us to obtain and retain the services of outside directors upon whose judgment, initiative, efforts and/or services we are substantially dependent, by offering to or providing those persons with incentives or inducements affording them an opportunity to become owners of our capital stock.

Under the Directors Compensation Program, a newly elected director will receive a one time grant of a non-qualified stock option of 1.5% of the common stock outstanding at the time of election. The options will vest one-third at the time of election to the board and the remaining two-thirds will vest equally at year end over three years. Additionally, each director will also receive an annual \$25,000 non-qualified stock option retainer, \$15,000 of which is to be paid at the first of the year to all directors who are on the Board prior to the first meeting of the year and a \$10,000 retainer will be paid if a director attends 75% of the meetings either in person, via conference call or other electronic means. The exercise price for the options under the Directors Compensation Program will equal the average closing of the last ten (10) trading days prior to the date earned. At March 31, 2006 under the 2005 Directors Compensation Program we had issued 1,337,825 options to outside directors and 3,965,450 options to employee-directors for a total of 5,303,275 options.

### STAND-ALONE GRANTS

From time to time our Board of Directors grants common share purchase options or warrants to selected directors, officers, employees, consultants and advisors in payment of goods or services provided by such persons on a stand-alone basis outside of any of our formal stock plans. The terms of these grants are individually negotiated.

### ITEM 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report.

#### Operating Expenses

Consolidated operating expenses were \$2,094,939 for the fiscal year

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ended March 31, 2006, versus \$2,183,377 for the comparable period one year ago. The net decrease of (\$88,438) was comprised of an increase in Professional fees of \$102,757, an increase in general and administration expense of \$52,236 and an asset impairment charge of \$81,722 offset by a decrease in Payroll and related expenses of (\$325,063).

Professional fees increased by \$102,757 of which \$262,239 is a result of increased scientific consulting fees associated with our human safety trials conducted in India, \$56,189 in investor relations expense associated with our retention of a new Director of Corporate Communications, and \$17,670 in website development costs offset by reductions of (\$108,526) in director's fees and accounting expenses and (\$101,074) in legal expenses.

Payroll and related expenses decreased by (\$325,153) of which (\$317,236) was due to a reduction in employee/director compensation (issuance and vesting of below-market stock options in the prior fiscal year) as well as a reduction of bonus/vacation expense of (\$7,917) as compared to the prior fiscal year.

16

General and Administrative expenses increased by \$52,236. This increase was comprised of increases in lab expenses of \$36,920, rent expense of \$20,490, utilities expense of \$6,425 and depreciation expense of \$6,195, offset by decreases in, in contract labor of (\$18,484), decreases in lab fees of (\$11,259), office supplies of (\$8,821) and a net decrease in other operating expenses of (\$8,152).

### Interest and Other Expense

Other non-cash expense of \$360,125 was recognized to reflect the change in fair value of the warrants issued related to our 10% Series A Convertible Notes on January 20, 2006, the date which the common shares underlying the warrants were registered under Form SB-2.

Interest expense increased by \$536,723 as a consequence of the increase in convertible debt required to finance the ongoing operations of the Company. This increase was comprised of \$255,666 in amortization of BCF associated with convertible notes outstanding, \$164,628 of interest expense on notes payable, a benefit of \$113,920 recorded in the prior fiscal year due to the correction of an error and a \$2,509 increase in bank service charges for the year.

Other expense of \$14,822 comprised of an increase of \$142,245 to reflect the fair value of common stock and warrants issued to satisfy an obligation for legal expense offset by a decrease of (\$131,175) for the forgiveness of debt.

### PLAN OF OPERATION

The Company's current plan of operation is to fund our anticipated increased research and development activities and operations through the common stock purchase agreement in place with Fusion Capital, whereby Fusion Capital has committed to buy up to an additional \$6,000,000 of our common stock over a 30-month period, that commenced, at our election, after the SEC declared effective a registration statement under Form SB-2 on December 7, 2004 covering such shares. Through June 15, 2006 the Company had received \$1,685,001 and has \$4,314,999 remaining available from this agreement. However, no assurance can be given that we will receive any additional funds under our agreement with Fusion Capital. Based on our projections of additional employees and equipment for operations and to complete research, development and testing associated with our

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Hemopurifier(TM) products, we anticipate that these funds will satisfy our cash requirements, including this anticipated increase in operations, in excess of the next twelve months. However, due to market conditions, and to assure availability of funding for operations in the long term, we may arrange for additional funding, subject to acceptable terms, during the next twelve months.

The Company is a development stage medical device company that has not yet engaged in significant commercial activities. The primary focus of our resources is the advancement of our proprietary Hemopurifier(TM) platform treatment technology, which is designed to treat drug and vaccine resistant pathogens.

The Company plans to continue its research and development activities related to the Hemopurifier(TM) platform technology, with particular emphasis on the treatment of HIV/AIDS, HCV, and acute viral conditions such as pandemic influenza and bioterror agents.

The Company may choose to outsource some of its research and development in the next twelve months, as required to support our increased research and development effort that will include expanding our goal beyond treating infectious disease conditions. Accordingly, management anticipates continuing to increase spending on outsourced research and development during this period.

Operations to date have consumed substantial capital without generating revenues, and will continue to require substantial and increasing capital funds to conduct necessary research and development and pre-clinical and clinical testing of our Hemopurifier(TM) products, as well as market any of those products that receive regulatory approval. The Company does not expect to generate revenue from operations for the foreseeable future, and our ability to meet our cash obligations as they become due and payable is expected to depend for at least the next several years on our ability to sell securities, borrow funds or a combination thereof. Future capital requirements will depend upon many factors, including progress with pre-clinical testing and clinical trials, the number and breadth of our clinical programs, the time and costs involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining and enforcing patent claims and other proprietary rights, the time and costs involved in obtaining regulatory approvals, competing technological and market developments, as well as management's ability to establish collaborative arrangements, effective commercialization, marketing activities and other arrangements. The Company expects to continue to incur increasing negative cash flows and net losses for the foreseeable future.

17

### Convertible Notes Payable

On March 31, 2006, the Company had \$1,000,000 in 10% Series A Convertible Notes ("Promissory Notes") outstanding, offset by a (\$857,635) note discount. The discount is associated with the unamortized fair value of a beneficial conversion feature and warrant attached to the Promissory Notes. The discount value will amortize to interest expense over the lives of the Promissory Notes and warrants. On March 31, 2005 the Company had no outstanding convertible notes payable. The 10% Series A Notes are described below.

From July 11, 2005 through December 15, 2005 the Company received a series of cash investments totaling \$760,000 from the Ellen R. Weiner Family Revocable Trust, an accredited investor, as a part of the funding of the \$1.0 million Promissory Notes. The Promissory Notes accrue interest at the rate of

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ten percent (10%) per annum and mature on January 2, 2007. The Promissory Notes are convertible into shares of restricted common stock at any time at the election of the holder at a conversion price equal to \$0.20 per share for any conversion occurring on or prior to the maturity date. In addition, upon conversion, the Company is obligated to issue a three-year Warrant to purchase a number of shares equal to the number of shares into which the Note was converted at an exercise price of \$0.20.

From August 2, 2005 through December 15, 2005 the Company received cash investments totaling \$225,000 from Allan S. Bird, an accredited investor, as a part of the funding of the \$1.0 Promissory Notes. The Promissory Notes accrue interest at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum and mature on January 2, 2007. The Promissory Notes are convertible into shares of restricted common stock at any time at the election of the holder at a conversion price equal to \$0.20 per share for any conversion occurring on or prior to the maturity date. In addition, upon conversion, the Company is obligated to issue a three-year Warrant to purchase a number of shares equal to the number of shares into which the Note was converted at an exercise price of \$0.20.

On December 15, 2005 the Company received cash investments totaling \$10,000 from Christian J. Hoffmann III and \$5,000 from Claypoole Capital LLC (an affiliate of Mr. Hoffmann), accredited investors, as a part of the funding of the \$1.0 million Promissory Notes. The Promissory Notes accrue interest at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum and mature on January 2, 2007. The Promissory Notes are convertible into shares of restricted common stock at any time at the election of the holder at a conversion price equal to \$0.20 per share for any conversion occurring on or prior to the maturity date. In addition, upon conversion, the Company is obligated to issue a three-year Warrant to purchase a number of shares equal to the number of shares into which the Note was converted at an exercise price of \$0.20. Mr. Hoffmann is legal counsel to the Ellen R. Weiner Family Revocable Trust.

On May 16, 2005 the Company issued Fusion Capital ("Fusion") a \$30,000 Convertible Promissory Note (the "Convertible Note") with an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum that matures on August 15, 2005 (the "Maturity Date"). The Note converted into 176,716 restricted common shares at a conversion rate of \$0.20 per share in March 2006.

### Notes Payable

At March 31, 2006, the Company had \$527,500 in principal amount of notes payable outstanding with 14 noteholders as compared with \$537,500 outstanding at March 31, 2005 with 16 noteholders.

On May 27, 2005, the Company issued a promissory note (the "Note") to an accredited investor in an amount of \$100,000 with 12% interest maturing on December 1, 2005. In conjunction with the issuance of the Note, the Company also issued a 12-month warrant to acquire 400,000 shares of Common Stock at \$0.25 per share.

On October 3, 2005, the Company retired a 10% Note Payable in an amount of \$40,000 for cash.

On October 10, 2005, the Company retired a 10% Note Payable in an amount of \$40,000 for cash.

On March 23, 2006, the Company retired a 10% Debenture Note in an amount of \$30,000 plus accrued interest \$4,564 in exchange for 140,000 restricted shares of common stock.

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The Company is currently in default on approximately \$527,500 of amounts owed under various unsecured notes payable and accrued liabilities and is currently seeking other financing arrangements to retire all past due notes. At March 31, 2006 the Company had accrued interest in the amount of \$286,098 associated with these notes payable.

### Securities Issued for Services

We have issued securities in payment of services to reduce our obligations and to avoid using our cash resources. In the year ended March 31, 2006 we issued 2,737,588 common shares for services of which 1,030,700 were unregistered. We issued 579,813 restricted common shares in settlement of a legal dispute, 150,000 restricted common shares for financial consulting services, 116,883 restricted common shares for corporate communications services, 110,040 restricted common shares for accrued legal fees and 73,964 restricted common shares for legal fees related to financing activities. In addition, 1,706,888 shares, registered under a Form S-8 registration statement, were issued as follows: 1,061,129 for scientific and regulatory consulting, 399,131 for legal expense, 110,040 for payment of accrued legal fees, 103,255 for financial consulting and 33,333 for the right to license intellectual property assets. The average price discount of common shares issued for these services, weighted by The number of shares issued for services in this period, was approximately 9%.

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 we issued 1,412,625 common shares for services, of which 854,978 of the shares issued were unregistered. We issued 468,604 restricted common shares for commitment and financing fees associated with the \$6 million commitment from Fusion Capital; 225,000 restricted common shares for payment of legal services associated with the related private placement and Form SB-2 registration statement, 10,715 restricted common shares for employment placement fees; 143,809 restricted common shares were issued for investor relations and 6,850 restricted common shares were issued for technical consulting. In addition, 557,647 shares, registered under a Form S-8 registration statement, were issued as follows: for corporate and SEC legal advice, 356,547 shares; for regulatory and technical consulting, 132,236 shares; for employment placement fee, 46,364 shares and for achievement of employee goals and objectives, 22,500 shares. The value of services purchased with registered and restricted shares was approximately \$337,000. The average price discount of common stock issued for these services, weighted by the number of shares issued for services in this period, was approximately 36%.

### Securities Issued for Debt

We have also issued securities for debt to reduce our obligations to avoid using our cash resources. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 we issued 314,716 restricted common shares for repayment in full of notes, including accrued interest. The price discount of the common stock issued for debt in this period weighted by the number of shares issued for conversion of debt was approximately 70%, primarily to reflect the fact that these common shares were not freely tradeable when issued.

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 we issued 847,755 common shares for repayment in full of notes, including accrued interest. The price discount of common stock issued for debt in this period, weighted by number of shares issued for conversion of debt in this period, was approximately 41%, partially due to a substantial discount in the conversion of the \$125,000 convertible note in accordance with its original terms in 2001.

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### Prospects for Debt Conversion

We seek, where possible, to convert our debt and accounts payable to stock and/or warrants in order to reduce our cash liabilities. Our success at accomplishing this depends on several factors including market conditions, investor acceptance and other factors, including our business prospects.

### GOING CONCERN

Our independent registered public accounting firm has stated in their audit report on our March 31, 2006 consolidated financial statements, that we have a working capital deficiency and a significant deficiency accumulated during the development stage. These conditions, among others, raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires us to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Such estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates estimates and assumptions based upon historical experience and various other factors and circumstances. Management believes the Company's estimates and assumptions are reasonable in the circumstances; however, actual results may differ from these estimates under different future conditions.

19

The Company believes that the estimates and assumptions that are most important to the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and results of operations, in that they require the most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, form the basis for the accounting policies deemed to be most critical to us. These critical accounting policies relate to stock purchase warrants issued with notes payable, beneficial conversion feature of convertible notes payable, impairment of intangible assets and long lived assets, stock compensation, contingencies and litigation. We believe estimates and assumptions related to these critical accounting policies are appropriate under the circumstances; however, should future events or occurrences result in unanticipated consequences, there could be a material impact on the Company's future financial conditions or results of operations.

### Long Lived Assets

SFAS No.144 ("SFAS 144"), "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-lived Assets and for Long-lived Assets to be Disposed Of" addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. SFAS 144 requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If the cost basis of a long-lived asset is greater than the projected future undiscounted net cash flows from such asset (excluding interest), an impairment loss is recognized. Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the cost basis of an asset and its estimated fair value. SFAS 144 also requires companies to separately report discontinued operations and extends that reporting requirement to a component of an entity that either has been disposed of (by sale, abandonment or in a distribution to owners) or is classified as held for sale. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower

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of the carrying amount or the estimated fair value less costs to sell. Management noted certain impairment indicators requiring review for impairment during the year ended March 31, 2006 and recorded an impairment loss on patents totaling \$81,722.

### Stock Purchase Warrants Issued with Notes Payable

The Company granted warrants in connection with the issuance of certain notes payable. Under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 14, "Accounting for Convertible Debt and Debt Issued With Stock Purchase Warrants," the relative estimated fair value of such warrants represents a discount from the face amount of the notes payable. Such discounts are amortized to interest expense over the term of the notes.

### Derivatives

The Company was obligated to register for resale the shares underlying warrants in connection with the issuance of its 10% Series A Convertible Promissory Notes. In accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") No. 00-19, "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed To, and Potentially Settled In, a Company's Own Stock," the value of the warrants were recorded as a liability until the registration became effective on January 20, 2006. At that time the Company determined the fair value of these warrants and recorded an additional non-cash expense of \$363,875. Coincident with this valuation, the derivative liability balance was reclassified to equity.

### Beneficial Conversion Feature of Notes Payable

The convertible feature of certain notes payable provides for a rate of conversion that is below market value. Such feature is normally characterized as a "Beneficial Conversion Feature" ("BCF"). Pursuant to EITF Issue No. 98-5, "Accounting for Convertible Securities With Beneficial Conversion Features or Contingently Adjustable Conversion Ratio" and EITF No. 00-27, "Application of Eitf Issue No. 98-5 to Certain Convertible Instruments," the estimated fair value of the BCF is recorded in the consolidated financial statements as a discount from the face amount of the notes. Such discounts are amortized to interest expense over the term of the notes.

### Accounting for Transactions Involving Stock Compensation

Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Interpretation No. 44 ("FIN 44"), "Accounting for Certain Transactions Involving Stock Compensation, an Interpretation of APB 25" clarifies the application of APB 25 for (a) the definition of employee for purposes of applying APB 25, (b) the criteria for determining whether a plan qualifies as a non-compensatory plan, (c) the accounting consequence for various modifications to the terms of a previously fixed stock option or award, and (d) the accounting for an exchange of stock compensation awards in a business combination. Under APB 25 compensation expense is the excess, if any, of the estimated fair value of the stock at the grant date or other measurement date over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock. Compensation expense, if any, is recognized over the applicable service period, which is usually the vesting period.

SFAS 123, if fully adopted, changes the method of accounting for employee stock-based compensation plans to the fair value based method. For stock options and warrants, fair value is estimated using an option pricing model that takes into account the stock price at the grant date, the exercise



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price, the expected life of the option or warrant, stock volatility and the annual rate of quarterly dividends. Compensation expense, if any, is recognized over the applicable service period, which is usually the vesting period. The adoption of the accounting methodology of SFAS 123 is optional and we have elected to continue accounting for stock-based compensation issued to employees using APB 25; however, pro forma disclosures, as we adopted the cost recognition requirement under SFAS 123, are required to be presented.

SFAS 148, "Accounting for Stock-based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure, an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 123," provides alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, this Statement amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS 123 to require prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123-R, "Share-Based Payment," which requires that the compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions (including the cost of all employee stock options) be recognized in the financial statements. That cost will be measured based on the estimated fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. SFAS No. 123-R covers a wide range of share-based compensation arrangements including share options, restricted share plans, performance-based awards, share appreciation rights, and employee share purchase plans. SFAS No. 123-R replaces SFAS No. 123 and supersedes APB 25. As originally issued, SFAS No. 123 established as preferable a fair-value-based method of accounting for share-based payment transactions with employees. However, that pronouncement permitted entities to continue applying the intrinsic-value model of APB 25, provided that the financial statements disclosed the pro forma net income or loss based on the preferable fair-value method.

Small Business Issuers are required to apply SFAS No. 123-R in the first interim or annual reporting period of the registrant's first fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2005. Thus, the Company's consolidated financial statements will reflect an expense for (a) all share-based compensation arrangements granted on or after January 1, 2006 and for any such arrangements that are modified, cancelled, or repurchased on or after that date, and (b) the portion of previous share-based awards for which the requisite service has not been rendered as of that date, based on the grant-date estimated fair value. Management has not yet determined the future effect of FAS 123-R on its consolidated financial statements.

### OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We have not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources and would be considered material to investors.

### RISK FACTORS

An investment in our common shares involves a high degree of risk and is subject to many uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties may adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition. In such an event, the trading price for our common shares could decline substantially, and you could lose all or part of your investment. In order to attain an appreciation for these risks and uncertainties, you should read this annual report in its entirety and consider all of the information and advisements contained in this annual report, including the following risk factors and uncertainties.

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### RISKS RELATING TO OUR BUSINESS

WE HAVE A LIMITED OPERATING HISTORY WITH SIGNIFICANT LOSSES AND EXPECT LOSSES TO CONTINUE FOR THE FORESEEABLE FUTURE.

We have yet to establish any history of profitable operations. We have not had any revenues for the past three years. We have incurred annual operating losses of \$2,094,939, \$2,183,377 and \$995,549 respectively, during the past three fiscal years of operation. We have incurred net losses from continuing operations of \$2,920,183 and \$2,096,951 for the fiscal years ending March 31, 2006 and 2005. As a result, at March 31, 2006, we had an accumulated deficit of \$22,062,447. Our revenues have not been sufficient to sustain our operations. We expect that our revenues will not be sufficient to sustain our operations for the foreseeable future. Our profitability will require the successful commercialization of our Hemopurifier(TM) technology. No assurances can be given when or if this will occur or that we will ever be profitable.

21

WE HAVE RECEIVED AN OPINION FROM OUR AUDITORS REGARDING OUR ABILITY TO CONTINUE AS A GOING CONCERN

Our independent auditors noted in their report accompanying our financial statements for our fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 that we had a significant deficit accumulated during the development stage, had a working capital deficit and that a significant amount of additional capital, approximately \$5,000,000 as estimated by management, will be necessary to advance the development of our products to the point at which we may become commercially viable and stated that those conditions raised substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Note 1 to our financial statements addressed management's plans to address these matters. We cannot assure you that our business plans will be successful in addressing these issues. This opinion about our ability to continue as a going concern could affect our ability to obtain additional financing at favorable terms, if at all, as such an opinion may cause investors to lose faith in our long term prospects. If we cannot successfully continue as a going concern, our shareholders may lose their entire investment in our common shares.

WE WILL REQUIRE ADDITIONAL FINANCING TO SUSTAIN OUR OPERATIONS AND WITHOUT IT WE WILL NOT BE ABLE TO CONTINUE OPERATIONS.

At March 31, 2006 and 2005, we had a working capital deficit of approximately \$1,920,000 and \$3,349,000, respectively. The independent auditors' report for the year ended March 31, 2006, includes an explanatory paragraph stating that, among other conditions, our recurring losses from operations and working capital deficiency raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. We had a net operating cash flow deficit of \$1,584,281 for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, a net operating cash flow deficit of \$1,559,366 for the year ended March 31, 2005, and for the year ended March 31, 2004 a net operating cash flow deficit of \$542,056. We do not currently have sufficient financial resources to fund our operations or those of our subsidiaries. Therefore, we need additional funds to continue these operations.

We have the right to receive \$10,000 per trading day under an agreement with Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC unless our stock price equals or exceeds \$1.00, in which case the daily amount may be increased under certain conditions as the price of our common stock increases.

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The extent to which we rely on Fusion Capital as a source of funding will depend on a number of factors including, the prevailing market price of our common stock and the extent to which we are able to secure working capital from other sources, such as through the commercialization or licensing of our Hemopurifier(TM) technology. If obtaining sufficient financing from Fusion Capital were to prove prohibitively expensive and if we are unable to commercialize and sell our Hemopurifier(TM) technology, we will need to secure another source of funding in order to satisfy our working capital needs. Should the financing we require to sustain our working capital needs be unavailable or prohibitively expensive when we require it, the consequences would be a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, financial condition and prospects.

WE MAY FAIL TO OBTAIN GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS TO DEVELOP OUR HEMOPURIFIER(TM) TECHNOLOGY FOR BIODEFENSE APPLICATIONS.

The U.S. Government has undertaken commitments to help secure improved countermeasures against bioterrorism. To date, we have submitted four Small Business Innovative Research ("SBIR") grant proposals, one in 2002, one in April 2004, and two in May 2006 with the National Institutes of Health that relate to the use of our Hemopurifier(TM) as a treatment countermeasure against certain biological weapon candidates and we anticipate that we will submit additional proposals to obtain U.S. Government grants. The first proposal in 2002 was reviewed but not scored. We expanded the proposal, submitted the proposal in 2004 and it was again reviewed but not scored as the term countermeasures in SBIR and other related Request for Proposal ("RFP") grants includes drugs and vaccines, but not medical devices such as the Hemopurifier(TM). Presently, the two most recent grant submissions are in process. As a result, future attempts to obtain grant income from the Federal Government will be sought through direct communication to government health and military agencies, and may include unsolicited proposals to provide the Hemopurifier(TM) as a treatment countermeasure.

At present, the Hemopurifier(TM) has not been approved for use by any government agency, nor have we received any contracts to purchase the Hemopurifier(TM). Since inception, we have not generated revenues from the sale of any product based on our Hemopurifier(TM) technology platform. The process of obtaining government contracts is lengthy with the uncertainty that we will be successful in obtaining announced grants or contracts for therapeutics as a medical device technology. Accordingly, we cannot be certain that we will be awarded any future government grants or contracts utilizing our Hemopurifier(TM) platform technology.

22

IF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT FAILS TO PURCHASE SUFFICIENT QUANTITIES OF ANY FUTURE BIODEFENSE CANDIDATE UTILIZING OUR HEMOPURIFIER(TM) PLATFORM TECHNOLOGY, WE MAY BE UNABLE TO GENERATE SUFFICIENT REVENUES TO CONTINUE OPERATIONS.

We cannot be certain of the timing or availability of any future funding from the U.S. Government, and substantial delays or cancellations of funding could result from protests or challenges from third parties once such funding is obtained. If we develop products utilizing our Hemopurifier(TM) platform technology that are approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (the "FDA"), but the U.S. Government does not place sufficient orders for these products, our future business will be harmed.

U.S. GOVERNMENT AGENCIES HAVE SPECIAL CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS, WHICH CREATE ADDITIONAL RISKS.

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Our plan to provide the Hemopurifier(TM) as a candidate to treat Certain infectious disease conditions may involve contracts with the U.S. Government. U.S. Government contracts typically contain unfavorable termination provisions and are subject to audit and modification by the government at its sole discretion, which subjects us to additional risks. These risks include the ability of the U.S. Government to unilaterally:

- o suspend or prevent us for a period of time from receiving new contracts or extending existing contracts based on violations or suspected violations of laws or regulations;
- o audit and object to our contract-related costs and fees, including allocated indirect costs;
- o control and potentially prohibit the export of our products; and
- o change certain terms and conditions in our contracts.

If we were to become a U.S. Government contractor, we would be required to comply with applicable laws, regulations and standards relating to our accounting practices and would be subject to periodic audits and reviews. As part of any such audit or review, the U.S. Government may review the adequacy of, and our compliance with, our internal control systems and policies, including those relating to our purchasing, property, estimating, compensation and management information systems. Based on the results of its audits, the U.S. Government may adjust our contract-related costs and fees, including allocated indirect costs. In addition, if an audit or review uncovers any improper or illegal activity, we would possibly be subject to civil and criminal penalties and administrative sanctions, including termination of our contracts, forfeiture of profits, suspension of payments, fines and suspension or prohibition from doing business with the U.S. Government. We could also suffer serious harm to our reputation if allegations of impropriety were made against us. Although adjustments arising from government audits and reviews have not seriously harmed our business in the past, future audits and reviews could cause adverse effects. In addition, under U.S. Government purchasing regulations, some of our costs, including most financing costs, amortization of intangible assets, portions of our research and development costs, and some marketing expenses, would possibly not be reimbursable or allowed under such contracts. Further, as a U.S. Government contractor, we would be subject to an increased risk of investigations, criminal prosecution, civil fraud, whistleblower lawsuits and other legal actions and liabilities to which purely private sector companies are not.

WE WILL FACE INTENSE COMPETITION FROM COMPANIES THAT HAVE GREATER FINANCIAL, PERSONNEL AND RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT RESOURCES THAN OURS. THESE COMPETITIVE FORCES MAY IMPACT OUR PROJECTED GROWTH AND ABILITY TO GENERATE REVENUES AND PROFITS, WHICH WOULD HAVE A NEGATIVE IMPACT ON OUR BUSINESS AND THE VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

Our competitors are developing vaccine candidates, which could compete with the Hemopurifier(TM) medical device candidates we are developing. Our commercial opportunities will be reduced or eliminated if our competitors develop and market products for any of the diseases we target that:

- o are more effective;
- o have fewer or less severe adverse side effects;
- o are better tolerated;

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- o are more adaptable to various modes of dosing;
- o are easier to administer; or
- o are less expensive than the products or product candidates we are developing.

23

Even if we are successful in developing effective Hemopurifier(TM) products, and obtain FDA and other regulatory approvals necessary for commercializing them, our products may not compete effectively with other successful products. Researchers are continually learning more about diseases, which may lead to new technologies for treatment. Our competitors may succeed in developing and marketing products that are either more effective than those that we may develop, alone or with our collaborators, or that are marketed before any products we develop are marketed.

The Congress' recent passage of the Project BioShield Bill, a comprehensive effort to develop and make available modern, effective drugs and vaccines to protect against attack by biological and chemical weapons or other dangerous pathogens, may encourage competitors to develop their own product candidates. We cannot predict the decisions that will be made in the future by the various government agencies as a result of such legislation.

Our competitors include fully integrated pharmaceutical companies and biotechnology companies as well as universities and public and private research institutions. Many of the organizations competing with us, have substantially greater capital resources, larger research and development staffs and facilities, greater experience in product development and in obtaining regulatory approvals, and greater marketing capabilities than we do. The market for medical devices is intensely competitive. Many of our potential competitors have longer operating histories, greater name recognition, more employees, and significantly greater financial, technical, marketing, public relations, and distribution resources than we have. This intense competitive environment may require us to make changes in our products, pricing, licensing, services or marketing to develop, maintain and extend our current technology. Price concessions or the emergence of other pricing or distribution strategies of competitors may diminish our revenues (if any), adversely impact our margins or lead to a reduction in our market share (if any), any of which may harm our business.

### WE HAVE LIMITED MANUFACTURING EXPERIENCE.

To achieve the levels of production necessary to commercialize our Hemopurifier(TM) products, we will need secure manufacturing agreements with manufacturers which comply with good manufacturing practices standards and other standards prescribed by various federal, state and local regulatory agencies in the U.S. and any other country of use.

We have limited experience manufacturing products for testing purposes and no experience manufacturing products for large scale commercial purposes. We will likely outsource the manufacture of our Hemopurifier(TM) products to third parties operating FDA-certified facilities. To date, we have manufactured devices on a small scale for testing purposes. There can be no assurance that manufacturing and control problems will not arise as we attempt to commercialize our products or that such manufacturing can be completed in a timely manner or at a commercially reasonable cost. Any failure to surmount such problems could delay or prevent commercialization of our products and would have a material

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adverse effect on us.

OUR HEMOPURIFIER(TM) TECHNOLOGY MAY BECOME OBSOLETE.

Our Hemopurifier(TM) products may be made unmarketable by new scientific or technological developments where new treatment modalities are introduced that are more efficacious and/or more economical than our Hemopurifier(TM) products. The Homeland Security industry is growing rapidly with many competitors trying to develop products or vaccines to protect against infectious disease. Any one of our competitors could develop a more effective product which would render our technology obsolete.

OUR USE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS, CHEMICALS AND VIRUSES REQUIRE US TO COMPLY WITH REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS AND EXPOSES US TO POTENTIAL LIABILITIES.

Our research and development involves the controlled use of hazardous materials, chemicals and viruses. The primary hazardous materials include chemicals needed to construct the Hemopurifier(TM) cartridges and HIV and Hepatitis C infected plasma samples used in preclinical testing of the Hemopurifier(TM). All other chemicals are fully inventoried and reported to the appropriate authorities, such as the fire department, who inspect the facility on a regular basis. We are subject to federal, state, local and foreign laws governing the use, manufacture, storage, handling and disposal of such materials. Although we believe that our safety procedures for the use, manufacture, storage, handling and disposal of such materials comply with the standards prescribed by federal, state, local and foreign regulations, we cannot completely eliminate the risk of accidental contamination or injury from these materials. We have had no incidents or problems involving hazardous chemicals or biological samples. In the event of such an accident, we could be held liable for significant damages or fines. We currently carry a limited amount of insurance to protect us from these damages. In addition, we may be required to incur significant costs to comply with regulatory requirements in the future.

24

WE ARE DEPENDENT FOR OUR SUCCESS ON A FEW KEY EXECUTIVE OFFICERS. OUR INABILITY TO RETAIN THOSE OFFICERS WOULD IMPEDE OUR BUSINESS PLAN AND GROWTH STRATEGIES, WHICH WOULD HAVE A NEGATIVE IMPACT ON OUR BUSINESS AND THE VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

Our success depends to a critical extent on the continued services of Our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, James A. Joyce and our Chief Science Officer, Richard H. Tullis. Were we to lose one or more of these key executive officers, we would be forced to expend significant time and money in the pursuit of a replacement, which would result in both a delay in the implementation of our business plan and the diversion of limited working capital. The loss of Dr. Tullis could delay the clinical development of our products due to his unique experience with the Hemopurifier(TM) technology. The loss of Mr. Joyce would be detrimental to our growth as he possesses unique knowledge of our business model and infectious disease which would be difficult to replace.

We can give you no assurance that we can find satisfactory replacements for these key executive officers at all, or on terms that are not unduly expensive or burdensome to our company. Although Mr. Joyce and Mr. Tullis have signed employment agreements providing for their continued service to our company, these agreements will not preclude them from leaving our company. We do not currently carry key man life insurance policies on any of our key executive officers which would assist us in recouping our costs in the event of the loss of those officers.

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OUR INABILITY TO ATTRACT AND RETAIN QUALIFIED PERSONNEL COULD IMPEDE OUR ABILITY TO GENERATE REVENUES AND PROFITS AND TO OTHERWISE IMPLEMENT OUR BUSINESS PLAN AND GROWTH STRATEGIES, WHICH WOULD HAVE A NEGATIVE IMPACT ON OUR BUSINESS AND COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT THE VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

We currently have an extremely small staff comprised of five full time employees consisting of our Chief Executive Officer, our Chief Science Officer, our Chief Financial Officer, a research scientist, a research associate, as well as other personnel employed on a contract basis. Although we believe that these employees, together with the consultants currently engaged by our company, will be able to handle most of our additional administrative, research and development and business development in the near term, we will nevertheless be required over the longer-term to hire highly skilled managerial, scientific and administrative personnel to fully implement our business plan and growth strategies. Due to the specialized scientific nature of our business, we are highly dependent upon our ability to attract and retain qualified scientific, technical and managerial personal. Competition for these individuals, especially in San Diego where many bio-technology companies are located, is intense and we may not be able to attract, assimilate or retain additional highly qualified personnel in the future. We cannot assure you that we will be able to engage the services of such qualified personnel at competitive prices or at all, particularly given the risks of employment attributable to our limited financial resources and lack of an established track record.

WE PLAN TO GROW VERY RAPIDLY, WHICH WILL PLACE STRAINS ON OUR MANAGEMENT TEAM AND OTHER COMPANY RESOURCES TO BOTH IMPLEMENT MORE SOPHISTICATED MANAGERIAL, OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL SYSTEMS, PROCEDURES AND CONTROLS AND TO TRAIN AND MANAGE THE PERSONNEL NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THOSE FUNCTIONS. OUR INABILITY TO MANAGE OUR GROWTH COULD IMPEDE OUR ABILITY TO GENERATE REVENUES AND PROFITS AND TO OTHERWISE IMPLEMENT OUR BUSINESS PLAN AND GROWTH STRATEGIES, WHICH WOULD HAVE A NEGATIVE IMPACT ON OUR BUSINESS AND THE VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

We will need to significantly expand our operations to implement our longer-term business plan and growth strategies. We will also be required to manage multiple relationships with various strategic partners, technology licensors, customers, manufacturers and suppliers, consultants and other third parties. This expansion and these expanded relationships will require us to significantly improve or replace our existing managerial, operational and financial systems, procedures and controls; to improve the coordination between our various corporate functions; and to manage, train, motivate and maintain a growing employee base. The time and costs to effectuate these steps may place a significant strain on our management personnel, systems and resources, particularly given the limited amount of financial resources and skilled employees that may be available at the time. We cannot assure you that we will institute, in a timely manner or at all, the improvements to our managerial, operational and financial systems, procedures and controls necessary to support our anticipated increased levels of operations and to coordinate our various corporate functions, or that we will be able to properly manage, train, motivate and retain our anticipated increased employee base.

WE MAY HAVE DIFFICULTY IN ATTRACTING AND RETAINING MANAGEMENT AND OUTSIDE INDEPENDENT MEMBERS TO OUR BOARD OF DIRECTORS AS A RESULT OF THEIR CONCERNS RELATING TO THEIR INCREASED PERSONAL EXPOSURE TO LAWSUITS AND SHAREHOLDER CLAIMS BY VIRTUE OF HOLDING THESE POSITIONS IN A PUBLICLY-HELD COMPANY

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The directors and management of publicly traded corporations are increasingly concerned with the extent of their personal exposure to lawsuits and shareholder claims, as well as governmental and creditor claims which may be made against them, particularly in view of recent changes in securities laws imposing additional duties, obligations and liabilities on management and directors. Due to these perceived risks, directors and management are also becoming increasingly concerned with the availability of directors and officers liability insurance to pay on a timely basis the costs incurred in defending such claims. We currently do carry limited directors and officers liability insurance. Directors and officers liability insurance has recently become much more expensive and difficult to obtain. If we are unable to continue or provide directors and officers liability insurance at affordable rates or at all, it may become increasingly more difficult to attract and retain qualified outside directors to serve on our board of directors. We may lose potential independent board members and management candidates to other companies in the biotechnology field that have greater directors and officers liability insurance to insure them from liability or to biotechnology companies that have revenues or have received greater funding to date which can offer greater compensation packages. The fees of directors are also rising in response to their increased duties, obligations and liabilities as well as increased exposure to such risks. As a company with a limited operating history and limited resources, we will have a more difficult time attracting and retaining management and outside independent directors than a more established company due to these enhanced duties, obligations and liabilities.

IF WE FAIL TO COMPLY WITH EXTENSIVE REGULATIONS OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN REGULATORY AUTHORITIES, THE COMMERCIALIZATION OF OUR PRODUCT CANDIDATES COULD BE PREVENTED OR DELAYED.

The Hemopurifier (TM) is subject to extensive government regulations related to development, testing, manufacturing and commercialization in the United States and other countries. The determination of when and whether a product is ready for large scale purchase and potential use will be made by the government through consultation with a number of governmental agencies, including the FDA, the National Institutes of Health, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Department of Homeland Security. Our product candidates are in the pre-clinical and clinical stages of development and have not received required regulatory approval from the FDA to be commercially marketed and sold. The process of obtaining and complying with FDA and other governmental regulatory approvals and regulations is costly, time consuming, uncertain and subject to unanticipated delays. Such regulatory approval (if any) and product development requires several years. Despite the time and expense exerted, regulatory approval is never guaranteed. We also are subject to the following risks and obligations, among others.

- o The FDA may refuse to approve an application if they believe that applicable regulatory criteria are not satisfied.
- o The FDA may require additional testing for safety and effectiveness.
- o The FDA may interpret data from pre-clinical testing and clinical trials in different ways than we interpret them.
- o If regulatory approval of a product is granted, the approval may be limited to specific indications or limited with respect to its distribution.
- o The FDA may change their approval policies and/or adopt new regulations.



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Failure to comply with these or other regulatory requirements of the FDA may subject us to administrative or judicially imposed sanctions, including:

- o warning letters;
- o civil penalties;
- o criminal penalties;
- o injunctions;
- o product seizure or detention;
- o product recalls; and
- o total or partial suspension of productions.

DELAYS IN SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETING OUR CLINICAL TRIALS COULD JEOPARDIZE OUR ABILITY TO OBTAIN REGULATORY APPROVAL OR MARKET OUR HEMOPURIFIER(TM) PRODUCT CANDIDATES ON A TIMELY BASIS.

26

Our business prospects will depend on our ability to complete clinical trials, obtain satisfactory results, obtain required regulatory approvals and successfully commercialize our Hemopurifier(TM) product candidates. Completion of our clinical trials, announcement of results of the trials and our ability to obtain regulatory approvals could be delayed for a variety of reasons, including:

- o serious adverse events related to our medical device candidates;
- o unsatisfactory results of any clinical trial;
- o the failure of our principal third-party investigators to perform our clinical trials on our anticipated schedules; and/or
- o different interpretations of our pre-clinical and clinical data, which could initially lead to inconclusive results.

Our development costs will increase if we have material delays in any clinical trial or if we need to perform more or larger clinical trials than planned. If the delays are significant, or if any of our Hemopurifier(TM) product candidates do not prove to be safe or effective or do not receive required regulatory approvals, our financial results and the commercial prospects for our product candidates will be harmed. Furthermore, our inability to complete our clinical trials in a timely manner could jeopardize our ability to obtain regulatory approval.

THE INDEPENDENT CLINICAL INVESTIGATORS THAT WE RELY UPON TO CONDUCT OUR CLINICAL TRIALS MAY NOT BE DILIGENT, CAREFUL OR TIMELY, AND MAY MAKE MISTAKES, IN THE CONDUCT OF OUR CLINICAL TRIALS.

We depend on independent clinical investigators to conduct our clinical trials. The investigators are not our employees, and we cannot control the amount or timing of resources that they devote to our product development programs. If independent investigators fail to devote sufficient time and

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resources to our product development programs, or if their performance is substandard, it may delay FDA approval of our medical device candidates. These independent investigators may also have relationships with other commercial entities, some of which may compete with us. If these independent investigators assist our competitors at our expense, it could harm our competitive position.

THE APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS FOR MEDICAL PRODUCTS USED TO FIGHT BIOTERRORISM ARE STILL EVOLVING, AND WE CANNOT BE CERTAIN THAT ANY PRODUCTS WE DEVELOP, IF EFFECTIVE, WOULD MEET THESE REQUIREMENTS.

We are developing product candidates based upon current governmental policies regulating these medical countermeasure treatments. For instance, we intend to pursue FDA approval of our proprietary pathogen filtration devices to treat infectious agents under requirements published by the FDA that allow the FDA to approve certain medical devices used to reduce or prevent the toxicity of chemical, biological, radiological or nuclear substances based on human clinical data to demonstrate safety and immune response, and evidence of effectiveness derived from appropriate animal studies and any additional supporting data. Our business is subject to substantial risk because these policies may change suddenly and unpredictably and in ways that could impair our ability to obtain regulatory approval of these products, and we cannot guarantee that the FDA will approve our proprietary pathogen filtration devices.

OUR PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT EFFORTS MAY NOT YIELD MARKETABLE PRODUCTS DUE TO RESULTS OF STUDIES OR TRIALS, FAILURE TO ACHIEVE REGULATORY APPROVALS OR MARKET ACCEPTANCE, PROPRIETARY RIGHTS OF OTHERS OR MANUFACTURING ISSUES.

Our success depends on our ability to successfully develop and obtain regulatory approval to market new filtration devices. We expect that a significant portion of the research that we will conduct will involve new and unproven technologies. Development of a product requires substantial technical, financial and human resources even if the product is not successfully completed.

Our previously planned products have not become marketable products due in part to our transition in 2001 from a focus on utilizing our Hemopurifier(TM) technology on treating harmful metals to treating infectious diseases prior to our having completed the FDA approval process. Our transition was made in order to focus on larger markets with an urgent need for new treatment and to take advantage of the sense of greater sense of urgency surrounding acute and chronic infectious diseases. Prior to initiating the development of infectious disease Hemopurifiers(TM), we successfully completed an FDA approved Phase I human safety trial of a Hemopurifier(TM) to treat aluminum and iron intoxication. Since changing the focus to infectious disease research, we have not initiated an FDA approved human clinical trial as the development of the technology is still continuing and will require both significant capital and scientific resources. Our pending products face similar challenges of obtaining successful clinical trials in route to gaining FDA approval prior to commercialization. Additionally, our limited financial resources hinder the speed of our product development due to personal constraints.

27

Our potential products may appear to be promising at various stages of development yet fail to reach the market for a number of reasons, including the:

- o lack of adequate quality or sufficient prevention benefit, or unacceptable safety during pre-clinical studies or clinical trials;

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- o failure to receive necessary regulatory approvals;
- o existence of proprietary rights of third parties; and/or
- o inability to develop manufacturing methods that are efficient, cost-effective and capable of meeting stringent regulatory standards.

POLITICAL OR SOCIAL FACTORS MAY DELAY OR IMPAIR OUR ABILITY TO MARKET OUR PRODUCTS.

Products developed to treat diseases caused by or to combat the threat of bioterrorism will be subject to changing political and social environments. The political and social responses to bioterrorism have been highly charged and unpredictable. Political or social pressures may delay or cause resistance to bringing our products to market or limit pricing of our products, which would harm our business. Bioterrorism has become the focus of political debates especially with the upcoming presidential elections, both in terms of how to approach bioterrorism and the amount funding the government should provide for any programs involving homeland protection. Government funding for products on bioterrorism could be reduced which would hinder our ability to obtain governmental grants.

OUR INABILITY TO PROTECT OUR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS COULD NEGATIVELY IMPACT OUR PROJECTED GROWTH AND ABILITY TO GENERATE REVENUES AND PROFITS, WHICH WOULD HAVE A NEGATIVE IMPACT ON OUR BUSINESS AND THE VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

We rely on a combination of patents, patents pending, copyrights, trademark and trade secret laws, proprietary rights agreements and non-disclosure agreements to protect our intellectual properties. We cannot give you any assurance that these measures will prove to be effective in protecting our intellectual properties.

In the case of patents, we cannot give you any assurance that our existing patents will not be invalidated, that any patents that we currently or prospectively apply for will be granted, or that any of these patents will ultimately provide significant commercial benefits. Further, competing companies may circumvent any patents that we may hold by developing products which closely emulate but do not infringe our patents. While we intend to seek patent protection for our products in selected foreign countries, those patents may not receive the same degree of protection as they would in the United States. We can give you no assurance that we will be able to successfully defend our patents and proprietary rights in any action we may file for patent infringement. Similarly, we cannot give you any assurance that we will not be required to defend against litigation involving the patents or proprietary rights of others, or that we will be able to obtain licenses for these rights. Legal and accounting costs relating to prosecuting or defending patent infringement litigation may be substantial. Since many of our patents were issued in the 1980's, they may expire before FDA approval, if any, is obtained. One of our patents, (Ambrus and Horvath - Blood Purification) expires in October 2007. However, we believe that certain patent applications filed and/or other patents issued more recently will help to protect the proprietary nature of the Hemopurifier(TM) treatment technology.

The Hemopurifier(TM) is protected by four issued patents, in the United States, Europe and Japan, three of which we own and one in which we own an exclusive license. One additional US patent application deals with treatments for virus infection and manufacturing methods has been accepted by the European Patent Office and is in process of being translated and filed in the United Kingdom, Germany, France and Italy.

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We also rely on proprietary designs, technologies, processes and know-how not eligible for patent protection. We cannot give you any assurance that our competitors will not independently develop the same or superior designs, technologies, processes and know-how.

While we have and will continue to enter into proprietary rights agreements with our employees and third parties giving us proprietary rights to certain technology developed by those employees or parties while engaged by our company, we can give you no assurance that courts of competent jurisdiction will enforce those agreements.

LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS AND POTENTIAL NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS ARE LIKELY TO IMPACT OUR FUTURE FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

28

There have been regulatory changes, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and there may potentially be new accounting pronouncements or additional regulatory rulings which will have an impact on our future financial position and results of operations. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and other rule changes as well as proposed legislative initiatives following the Enron bankruptcy have increased our general and administrative costs as we have incurred increased legal and accounting fees to comply with such rule changes. Further, proposed initiatives are expected to result in changes in certain accounting rules, including legislative and other proposals to account for employee stock options as a compensation expense. These and other potential changes could materially increase the expenses we report under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and adversely affect our operating results.

OUR PRODUCTS MAY BE SUBJECT TO RECALL OR PRODUCT LIABILITY CLAIMS.

Our Hemopurifier(TM) products may be used in connection with medical procedures in which it is important that those products function with precision and accuracy. If our products do not function as designed, or are designed improperly, we may be forced by regulatory agencies to withdraw such products from the market. In addition, if medical personnel or their patients suffer injury as a result of any failure of our products to function as designed, or our products are designed inappropriately, we may be subject to lawsuits seeking significant compensatory and punitive damages. The risk of product liability claims, product recalls and associated adverse publicity is inherent in the testing, manufacturing, marketing and sale of medical products. We do not have general clinical trial liability insurance coverage. There can be no assurance that future insurance coverage will be adequate or available. We may not be able to secure product liability insurance coverage on acceptable terms or at reasonable costs when needed. Any product recall or lawsuit seeking significant monetary damages may have a material affect on our business and financial condition. Any liability for mandatory damages could exceed the amount of our coverage. Moreover, a product recall could generate substantial negative publicity about our products and business and inhibit or prevent commercialization of other future product candidates.

RISKS RELATING TO AN INVESTMENT IN OUR SECURITIES

TO DATE, WE HAVE NOT PAID ANY CASH DIVIDENDS AND NO CASH DIVIDENDS WILL BE PAID IN THE FORESEEABLE FUTURE.

We do not anticipate paying cash dividends on our common shares in the foreseeable future, and we cannot assure an investor that funds will be legally available to pay dividends, or that even if the funds are legally available,

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that the dividends will be paid.

THE APPLICATION OF THE "PENNY STOCK" RULES COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON SHARES AND INCREASE YOUR TRANSACTION COSTS TO SELL THOSE SHARES.

As long as the trading price of our common shares is below \$5 per share, the open-market trading of our common shares will be subject to the "penny stock" rules. The "penny stock" rules impose additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell securities to persons other than established customers and accredited investors (generally those with assets in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000 or \$300,000 together with their spouse). For transactions covered by these rules, the broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchase of securities and have received the purchaser's written consent to the transaction before the purchase. Additionally, for any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the broker-dealer must deliver, before the transaction, a disclosure schedule prescribed by the SEC relating to the penny stock market. The broker-dealer also must disclose the commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative and current quotations for the securities. Finally, monthly statements must be sent disclosing recent price information on the limited market in penny stocks. These additional burdens imposed on broker-dealers may restrict the ability or decrease the willingness of broker-dealers to sell our common shares, and may result in decreased liquidity for our common shares and increased transaction costs for sales and purchases of our common shares as compared to other securities.

OUR COMMON SHARES ARE THINLY TRADED, SO YOU MAY BE UNABLE TO SELL AT OR NEAR ASK PRICES OR AT ALL IF YOU NEED TO SELL YOUR SHARES TO RAISE MONEY OR OTHERWISE DESIRE TO LIQUIDATE YOUR SHARES.

Our common shares have historically been sporadically or "thinly-traded" on the OTCBB, meaning that the number of persons interested in purchasing our common shares at or near ask prices at any given time may be relatively small or non-existent. As of June 16, 2006, our average trading volume per day for the past three months was approximately 205,665 shares a day with a high of 1,964,000 shares traded and a low of 43,600 shares traded. This situation is attributable to a number of factors, including the fact that we are a small company which is relatively unknown to stock analysts, stock brokers, institutional investors and others in the investment community that generate or influence sales volume, and that even if we came to the attention of such persons, they tend to be risk-averse and would be reluctant to follow an

29

unproven company such as ours or purchase or recommend the purchase of our shares until such time as we became more seasoned and viable. As a consequence, there may be periods of several days or more when trading activity in our shares is minimal or non-existent, as compared to a seasoned issuer which has a large and steady volume of trading activity that will generally support continuous sales without an adverse effect on share price. We cannot give you any assurance that a broader or more active public trading market for our common shares will develop or be sustained, or that current trading levels will be sustained.

In May of 2004, we entered into a common stock purchase agreement with Fusion Capital II, LLC ("Fusion"). Under the common stock purchase agreement, Fusion agreed to purchase, on each trading day during the term of the agreement, \$10,000 of our common stock. As of June 16, 2006, Fusion can purchase an aggregate of \$4,314,999 of common stock over a 30 month period from the

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Commencement Date.

Fusion Capital's purchase of \$10,000 of our common stock each trading day could cause our common stock price to decline due to the additional shares available in the market, particularly in light of the relatively thin trading volume of our common stock. Using the closing price on June 15, 2006 of \$0.37 as an example, Fusion Capital would be issued approximately 27,027 shares each trading day if we elected to have them purchase the daily purchase amount, whereas our average trading volume for the prior three months is 205,665 per day. The market price of our common stock could decline given our minimal

average trading volume compared to the number of shares potentially issuable to Fusion Capital and the voting power and value of your investment would be subject to continual dilution if Fusion Capital purchases the shares and resells those shares into the market, although there is no obligation for Fusion Capital to sell such shares. Any adverse affect on the market price of our common stock would increase the number of shares issuable to Fusion Capital each trading day which would increase the dilution of your investment. Although we have the right to reduce or suspend Fusion Capital purchases at any time, our financial condition at the time may require us to waive our right to suspend purchases even if there is a decline in the market price.

Contractual 9.9% beneficial ownership limitations prohibit Fusion Capital, together with its affiliates, from beneficially owning more than 9.9% of our outstanding common stock. This 9.9% limitation does not prevent Fusion Capital from purchasing shares of our common stock and then reselling those shares in stages over time where Fusion Capital and its affiliates do not, at any given time, beneficially own shares in excess of the 9.9% limitation. Consequently, these limitations will not necessarily prevent substantial dilution of the voting power and value of your investment.

THE MARKET PRICE FOR OUR COMMON SHARES IS PARTICULARLY VOLATILE GIVEN OUR STATUS AS A RELATIVELY UNKNOWN COMPANY WITH A SMALL AND THINLY-TRADED PUBLIC FLOAT, LIMITED OPERATING HISTORY AND LACK OF REVENUES WHICH COULD LEAD TO WIDE FLUCTUATIONS IN OUR SHARE PRICE. THE PRICE AT WHICH YOU PURCHASE OUR COMMON SHARES MAY NOT BE INDICATIVE OF THE PRICE THAT WILL PREVAIL IN THE TRADING MARKET. YOU MAY BE UNABLE TO SELL YOUR COMMON SHARES AT OR ABOVE YOUR PURCHASE PRICE, WHICH MAY RESULT IN SUBSTANTIAL LOSSES TO YOU.

The market for our common shares is characterized by significant price volatility when compared to seasoned issuers, and we expect that our share price will continue to be more volatile than a seasoned issuer for the indefinite future. In fact, during the 52-week period ended June 15, 2006, the high and low sale prices of a share of our common stock were \$0.89 and \$0.19, respectively. The volatility in our share price is attributable to a number of factors. First, as noted above, our common shares are sporadically and/or thinly traded. As a consequence of this lack of liquidity, the trading of relatively small quantities of shares by our shareholders may disproportionately influence the price of those shares in either direction. The price for our shares could, for example, decline precipitously in the event that a large number of our common shares are sold on the market without commensurate demand, as compared to a seasoned issuer which could better absorb those sales without adverse impact on its share price. Secondly, we are a speculative or "risky" investment due to our limited operating history and lack of revenues or profits to date, and uncertainty of future market acceptance for our potential products. As a consequence of this enhanced risk, more risk-adverse investors may, under the fear of losing all or most of their investment in the event of negative news or lack of progress, be more inclined to sell their shares on the market more quickly and at greater discounts than would be the case with the stock of a seasoned issuer. The following factors may add to the volatility in the price of our common shares: actual or anticipated variations in our quarterly or annual operating results; acceptance or rejection of our proprietary technology as

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viable method of augmenting the immune response of clearing viruses and toxins from human blood; government regulations, announcements of significant acquisitions, strategic partnerships or joint ventures; our capital commitments; and additions or departures of our key personnel. Many of these factors are beyond our control and may decrease the market price of our common shares, regardless of our operating performance. We cannot make any predictions or projections as to what the prevailing market price for our common shares will be at any time, including as to whether our common shares will sustain their current market prices, or as to what effect that the sale of shares or the availability of common shares for sale at any time will have on the prevailing market price.

30

Shareholders should be aware that, according to SEC Release No. 34-29093, the market for penny stocks has suffered in recent years from patterns of fraud and abuse. Such patterns include (1) control of the market for the security by one or a few broker-dealers that are often related to the promoter or issuer; (2) manipulation of prices through prearranged matching of purchases and sales and false and misleading press releases; (3) boiler room practices involving high-pressure sales tactics and unrealistic price projections by inexperienced sales persons; (4) excessive and undisclosed bid-ask differential and markups by selling broker-dealers; and (5) the wholesale dumping of the same securities by promoters and broker-dealers after prices have been manipulated to a desired level, along with the resulting inevitable collapse of those prices and with consequent investor losses. Our management is aware of the abuses that have occurred historically in the penny stock market. Although we do not expect to be in a position to dictate the behavior of the market or of broker-dealers who participate in the market, management will strive within the confines of practical limitations to prevent the described patterns from being established with respect to our securities. The occurrence of these patterns or practices could increase the volatility of our share price.

### VOLATILITY IN OUR COMMON SHARE PRICE MAY SUBJECT US TO SECURITIES LITIGATION.

The market for our common shares is characterized by significant price volatility when compared to seasoned issuers, and we expect that our share price will continue to be more volatile than a seasoned issuer for the indefinite future. In the past, plaintiffs have often initiated securities class action litigation against a company following periods of volatility in the market price of its securities. We may in the future be the target of similar litigation. Securities litigation could result in substantial costs and liabilities and could divert management's attention and resources.

OUR OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS BENEFICIALLY OWN OR CONTROL APPROXIMATELY 31% OF OUR OUTSTANDING COMMON SHARES AS OF JUNE 15, 2006, WHICH MAY LIMIT THE ABILITY OF YOURSELF OR OTHER SHAREHOLDERS, WHETHER ACTING INDIVIDUALLY OR TOGETHER, TO PROPOSE OR DIRECT THE MANAGEMENT OR OVERALL DIRECTION OF OUR COMPANY. ADDITIONALLY, THIS CONCENTRATION OF OWNERSHIP COULD DISCOURAGE OR PREVENT A POTENTIAL TAKEOVER OF OUR COMPANY THAT MIGHT OTHERWISE RESULT IN YOU RECEIVING A PREMIUM OVER THE MARKET PRICE FOR YOUR COMMON SHARES.

As of June 15, 2006, our officers and directors beneficially own or control approximately 31% of our outstanding common shares. These persons will have the ability to control substantially all matters submitted to our shareholders for approval and to control our management and affairs, including extraordinary transactions such as mergers and other changes of corporate control, and going private transactions.

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A LARGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES ARE ISSUABLE UPON EXERCISE OF OUTSTANDING COMMON SHARE PURCHASE OPTIONS, WARRANTS AND CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTES. THE EXERCISE OR CONVERSION OF THESE SECURITIES COULD RESULT IN THE SUBSTANTIAL DILUTION OF YOUR INVESTMENT IN TERMS OF YOUR PERCENTAGE OWNERSHIP IN THE COMPANY AS WELL AS THE BOOK VALUE OF YOUR COMMON SHARES. THE SALE OF A LARGE AMOUNT OF COMMON SHARES RECEIVED UPON EXERCISE OF THESE OPTIONS OR WARRANTS ON THE PUBLIC MARKET TO FINANCE THE EXERCISE PRICE OR TO PAY ASSOCIATED INCOME TAXES, OR THE PERCEPTION THAT SUCH SALES COULD OCCUR, COULD SUBSTANTIALLY DEPRESS THE PREVAILING MARKET PRICES FOR OUR SHARES.

As of June 15, 2006, there are outstanding non-variable priced purchase options and warrants entitling the holders to purchase 16,740,820 common shares at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.39 per share. There are 5,000,000 shares underlying promissory notes convertible into common stock at a weighted average exercise price of \$ 0.20. The exercise price for all of the aforesaid warrants, may be less than your cost to acquire our common shares. In the event of the exercise of these securities, you could suffer substantial dilution of your investment in terms of your percentage ownership in the company as well as the book value of your common shares. In addition, the holders of the common share purchase options or warrants may sell common shares in tandem with their exercise of those options or warrants to finance that exercise, or may resell the shares purchased in order to cover any income tax liabilities that may arise from their exercise of the options or warrants.

OUR ISSUANCE OF ADDITIONAL COMMON SHARES, OR OPTIONS OR WARRANTS TO PURCHASE THOSE SHARES, WOULD DILUTE YOUR PROPORTIONATE OWNERSHIP AND VOTING RIGHTS.

We are entitled under our certificate of incorporation to issue up to 50,000,000 shares of common stock. After taking into consideration our outstanding common stock at June 15, 2006, our convertible notes, outstanding options and outstanding warrants we will be entitled to issue up to 21,740,820 additional common shares. Our board may generally issue shares of common stock, or options or warrants to purchase those shares, without further approval by our shareholders based upon such factors as our board of directors may deem relevant at that time. It is likely that we will be required to issue a large amount of additional securities to raise capital to further our development. It is also likely that we will be required to issue a large amount of additional securities

31

to directors, officers, employees and consultants as compensatory grants in connection with their services, both in the form of stand-alone grants or under our stock plans. We cannot give you any assurance that we will not issue additional shares of common stock, or options or warrants to purchase those shares, under circumstances we may deem appropriate at the time.

OUR ISSUANCE OF ADDITIONAL COMMON SHARES IN EXCHANGE FOR SERVICES OR TO REPAY DEBT, WOULD DILUTE YOUR PROPORTIONATE OWNERSHIP AND VOTING RIGHTS AND COULD HAVE A NEGATIVE IMPACT ON THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

Our board of directors may generally issue shares of common stock to reduce debt or pay for services without further approval by our shareholders based upon such factors as our board may deem relevant at that time. During the past three fiscal years we issued a total of 4,413,427 shares in exchange for outstanding debt to reduce our obligations. The average price discount of common stock issued to reduce debt for each year, weighted by the number of shares issued for the corresponding periods was 47.4%, 53.4% and 70.0% for the years



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ended 2004, 2005 and 2006, respectively. During the past three fiscal years we issued a total of 2,790,176 shares in payment for services. The average price discount of common stock issued for services for the corresponding periods, weighted by the number of shares issued in such period was 55.4%, 46.3% and 9.0% for the years ended 2004, 2005 and 2006, respectively. It is likely that we will issue additional securities to pay for services and reduce debt in the future. We cannot give you any assurance that we will not issue additional shares of common stock under circumstances we may deem appropriate at the time.

THE SALE OF OUR COMMON STOCK UNDERLYING THE PROMISSORY NOTES AND WARRANTS OWNED BY THE SELLING SHAREHOLDERS MAY CAUSE DILUTION AND THE SALE OF THE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK ACQUIRED BY SELLING SHAREHOLDERS COULD CAUSE THE PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK TO DECLINE.

Depending upon market liquidity at the time, a sale of shares under this offering at any given time could cause the trading price of our common stock to decline. The sale of a substantial number of shares of our common stock under this offering, or anticipation of such sales, could make it more difficult for us to sell equity or equity-related securities in the future at a time and at a price that we might otherwise wish to effect sales.

THE ELIMINATION OF MONETARY LIABILITY AGAINST OUR DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES UNDER OUR CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION AND THE EXISTENCE OF INDEMNIFICATION RIGHTS TO OUR DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES MAY RESULT IN SUBSTANTIAL EXPENDITURES BY OUR COMPANY AND MAY DISCOURAGE LAWSUITS AGAINST OUR DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

Our certificate of incorporation contains provisions which eliminate the liability of our directors for monetary damages to our company and shareholders. Our bylaws also require us to indemnify our officers and directors. We may also have contractual indemnification obligations under our agreements with our directors, officers and employees. The foregoing indemnification obligations could result in our company incurring substantial expenditures to cover the cost of settlement or damage awards against directors, officers and employees, which we may be unable to recoup. These provisions and resultant costs may also discourage our company from bringing a lawsuit against directors, officers and employees for breaches of their fiduciary duties, and may similarly discourage the filing of derivative litigation by our shareholders against our directors, officers and employees even though such actions, if successful, might otherwise benefit our company and shareholders.

ANTI-TAKEOVER PROVISIONS MAY IMPEDE THE ACQUISITION OF OUR COMPANY.

Certain provisions of the Nevada General Corporation Law have anti-takeover effects and may inhibit a non-negotiated merger or other business combination. These provisions are intended to encourage any person interested in acquiring us to negotiate with, and to obtain the approval of, our Board of Directors in connection with such a transaction. However, certain of these provisions may discourage a future acquisition of us, including an acquisition in which the shareholders might otherwise receive a premium for their shares. As a result, shareholders who might desire to participate in such a transaction may not have the opportunity to do so.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

In this prospectus we make a number of statements, referred to as "FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), which are intended to convey our expectations or predictions regarding the occurrence of possible future events or the existence of trends and factors that may impact our future plans and operating results. The safe harbor for forward-looking statements

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provided by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 does not apply to us. We note, however, that these forward-looking statements are derived, in part, from various assumptions and analyses we have made in the context of our current business plan and information currently available to us and in light of our experience and perceptions of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments and other factors we believe to be appropriate in

32

the circumstances. You can generally identify forward-looking statements through words and phrases such as "SEEK", "ANTICIPATE", "BELIEVE", "ESTIMATE", "EXPECT", "INTEND", "PLAN", "BUDGET", "PROJECT", "MAY BE", "MAY CONTINUE", "MAY LIKELY RESULT", and similar expressions. When reading any forward looking statement you should remain mindful that all forward-looking statements are inherently uncertain as they are based on current expectations and assumptions concerning future events or future performance of our company, and that actual results or developments may vary substantially from those expected as expressed in or implied by that statement for a number of reasons or factors, including those relating to:

- o whether or not markets for our products develop and, if they do develop, the pace at which they develop;
- o our ability to attract and retain the qualified personnel to implement our growth strategies,
- o our ability to obtain approval from the Food and Drug Administration for our products;
- o our ability to protect the patents on our proprietary technology;
- o our ability to fund our short-term and long-term financing needs;
- o changes in our business plan and corporate strategies; and
- o other risks and uncertainties discussed in greater detail in the sections of this prospectus, including those captioned "RISK FACTORS" and "MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS".

Each forward-looking statement should be read in context with, and with an understanding of, the various other disclosures concerning our company and our business made elsewhere in this prospectus as well as other public reports filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement as a prediction of actual results or developments. We are not obligated to update or revise any forward-looking statement contained in this prospectus to reflect new events or circumstances unless and to the extent required by applicable law.

### ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements listed in the accompanying Index to Financial Statements are attached hereto and filed as a part of this Report under Item 13.

### ITEM 8. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

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None.

### ITEM 8A. EVALUATION OF CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act as of a date (the "Evaluation Date") within 90 days prior to filing the Company's March 31, 2006 Form 10-KSB. Based upon that evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that, as of March 31, 2006, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in timely alerting management to the material information relating to us (or our consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in our periodic filings with the SEC. Based on their most recent evaluation as of the Evaluation Date, our CEO and the CFO have also concluded that there are no significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting, at the reasonable assurance level, which are reasonably likely to adversely affect our ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information, and such officers have identified no material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting.

### CHANGES IN CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

There were no significant changes made in our internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2006 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect these controls. Thus, no corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were necessary.

### LIMITATIONS ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROL

Our management, including the CEO, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will necessarily prevent all fraud and material errors. An internal control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further,

33

the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations on all internal control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within Aethlon Medical have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, and/or by management override of the control. The design of any system of internal control is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in circumstances, and/or the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective internal control system, financial reporting misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected on a timely basis.

### ITEM 8B. OTHER INFORMATION

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On June 28, 2006, Calvin M. Leung resigned as a director of the Company. The resignation by Mr. Leung was not due to any disagreement with the Company.

### PART III

#### ITEM 9. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS; COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(A) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

##### COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(A) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires our officers, directors, and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the SEC and Nasdaq. Officers, directors, and greater than 10% beneficial owners are required by SEC regulation to furnish the Company with copies of all Section 16 (a) forms they file. Based solely on our review of copies of the Section 16(a) reports filed for the fiscal year ended December, 2005, we believe that all filing requirements applicable to officers, directors, and greater than 10% beneficial owners were complied with.

##### DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS

The names, ages and positions of our directors and executive officers as of June 15, 2006 are listed below:

NAMES	TITLE OR POSITION	AGE
James A. Joyce (1) Officer and Secretary	Chairman, President, Chief Executive	44
Richard H. Tullis, PhD (2) and Director	Vice President, Chief Science Officer	60
James W. Dorst (3)	Chief Financial Officer	51
Franklyn S. Barry, Jr.	Director	66
Edward G. Broenniman	Director	69
Calvin M. Leung (4)	Director	68

(1) Effective June 1, 2001, Mr. Joyce was appointed our President and Chief Executive Officer, replacing Mr. Barry, who continues as a member of the board of directors. Mr. Barry also served as a consultant to us on strategic business issues from June 1, 2001 to May 31, 2003.

(2) Effective June 1, 2001, Dr. Tullis was appointed as our Chief Science Officer, replacing Dr. Clara M. Ambrus, who retired.

(3) Effective August 1, 2005, Mr. Dorst was appointed Chief Financial Officer.

(4) Effective June 30, 2003, Mr. Leung was elected to our board of directors. On June 28, 2006, Mr. Leung resigned from the Board of Directors.

None of our directors or executive officers has, during the past five years:

- o been convicted in a criminal proceeding and none of our

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directors or executive officers is subject to a pending criminal proceeding,

- o been subject to any order, judgment, or decree not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated of any court of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities, futures, commodities or banking activities, or

34

- o been found by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated a federal or state securities or commodities law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated.

### Resumes of Management:

James A. Joyce, Chairman, President and CEO

Mr. Joyce is the founder of Aethlon Medical, and has been the Chairman of the Board and Secretary since March 1999. On June 1, 2001, our Board of Directors appointed Mr. Joyce with the additional roles of President and CEO. In 1992, Mr. Joyce founded and was the sole shareholder of James Joyce & Associates, an organization that provided management consulting and corporate finance advisory services to CEOs and CFOs of publicly traded companies. Previously, from 1989 to 1991, Mr. Joyce was Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Mission Labs, Inc. Prior to that Mr. Joyce was a principal in charge of U.S. operations for London Zurich Securities, Inc. Mr. Joyce is a graduate from the University of Maryland.

James W. Dorst, Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Dorst brings more than 20 years of senior management experience in finance, operations, planning and business transactions to the Company. Prior to joining Aethlon, Mr. Dorst was Vice President of Finance and Operations for VerdiSoft Corporation, a developmental-stage mobile-software developer recently acquired by Yahoo, Inc. (NASDAQ:YHOO). Previously, Mr. Dorst held executive positions as SVP of Finance and Administration at SeeCommerce; COO/CFO of Omnis Technology Corp. (now NASDAQ Small Cap: RDTA); CFO and SVP of Information Technology at Savoir Technology Group, Inc. (acquired by NYSE:AVT). Mr. Dorst practiced as a Certified Public Accountant with Coopers & Lybrand (PricewaterhouseCoopers) and holds an MS in Accounting and BS in finance from the University of Oregon.

Richard H. Tullis, Ph.D., Vice President, Chief Science Officer

Dr. Tullis has been Vice President and a director of the Company since January 2000 and Chief Science Officer since June 2001. Dr. Tullis has extensive biotechnology management and research experience, and is the founder of Syngen Research, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Aethlon Medical, Inc. Previously, Dr. Tullis co-founded Molecular Biosystems, Inc., a former NYSE company. At Molecular Biosystems, Dr. Tullis was Director of Oligonucleotide Hybridization, Senior Research Scientist and Member of the Board of Directors. In research, Dr. Tullis developed and patented the first application of oligonucleotides to antisense antibiotics and developed new methods for the chemical synthesis of DNA via methoxy-hosphorochloridites. Dr. Tullis also co-developed the first

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applications of covalently coupled DNA-enzyme conjugates using synthetic oligonucleotides during his tenure at Molecular Biosystems. In 1985, Dr. Tullis founded, and served as President and CEO of Synthetic Genetics, Inc., a pioneer in custom DNA synthesis, which was sold to Molecular Biology Resources in 1991. Dr. Tullis also served as interim-CEO of Genetic Vectors, Inc., which completed its IPO under his management, and was co-founder of DNA Sciences, Inc., a company that was eventually acquired by Genetic Vectors. Dr. Tullis received his Ph.D. in Biochemistry and Cell Biology from the University of California at San Diego, and has done extensive post-doctoral work at UCSD, USC, and the University of Hawaii.

Franklyn S. Barry, Jr.

Mr. Barry has over 25 years of experience in managing and building companies. He was President and Chief Executive Officer of Hemex from April 1997 through May 31, 2001 and our President and CEO from March 10, 1999 to May 31, 2001. He became a director of Aethlon Medical on March 10, 1999. From 1994 to April 1997, Mr. Barry was a private consultant. Included among his prior experiences are tenures as President of Fisher-Price and as co-founder and CEO of Software Distribution Services, which today operates as Ingram Micro-D, an international distributor of personal computer products. Mr. Barry serves on the Board of Directors of Merchants Mutual Insurance Company.

Edward G. Broenniman

Mr. Broenniman became a director of Aethlon Medical on March 10, 1999. Mr. Broenniman has 30 years of management and executive experience with high-tech, privately-held growth firms where he has served as a CEO, COO, or corporate advisor, using his expertise to focus management on increasing profitability and stockholder value. He is the Managing Director of The Piedmont Group, LLC, a venture advisory firm. Mr. Broenniman recently served on the Board of Directors of publicly-traded QuesTech (acquired by CACI International), and currently serves on the Boards of four privately-held firms. His nonprofit Boards are the Dingman Center for Entrepreneurship's Board of Advisors at the University of Maryland, the National Association of Corporate Directors, National Capital Chapter and the Board of the Association for Corporate Growth, National Capital Chapter.

35

Calvin M. Leung

Mr. Leung became a director of Aethlon Medical on June 30, 2003. He is the President of Mandarin Investment Corporation, specializing in investment, development and management of mobile home and recreational vehicle parks in California, Arizona and the midwest since 1975. He has syndicated a number of land and housing developments in the western United States. Mr. Leung, born in Hong Kong, received his advanced education in the United States where he was awarded a doctorate degree in psychology specializing in experimental research. He taught at the university level for several years. Mr. Leung resigned from the Board of Directors effective June 28, 2006.

Our Board of Directors has the responsibility for establishing broad corporate policies and for overseeing our overall performance. Members of the Board are kept informed of our business activities through discussions with the President and other officers, by reviewing analyses and reports sent to them, and by participating in Board and committee meetings. Our bylaws provide that each of the directors serves for a term that extends to the next Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Company. Our Board of Directors presently has an Audit

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Committee and a Compensation Committee on each of which Messrs. Barry, Broenniman and Leung serve. Mr. Barry is Chairman of the Audit Committee, and Mr. Broenniman is Chairman of the Compensation Committee.

Upon the recommendation of our Compensation Committee, in February 2005, we adopted our 2005 Directors Compensation Program (the "Directors Compensation Program") which advances our interest by helping us to obtain and retain the services of outside directors services upon whose judgment, initiative, efforts and/or services we are substantially dependent, by offering to or providing those persons with incentives or inducements affording such persons an opportunity to become owners of our capital stock. Under the Directors Compensation Program, a newly elected director will receive a one time grant of a non-qualified stock option of 1.5% of the common stock outstanding at the time of election. The options will vest one-third at the time of election to the board and the remaining two-thirds will vest equally at year end over three years. Additionally, each director will also receive an annual \$25,000 non-qualified stock option retainer, \$15,000 of which is to be paid at the first of the year to all directors who are on the Board prior to the first meeting of the year and a \$10,000 retainer will be paid if a director attends 75% of the meetings either in person, via conference call or other electronic means. The exercise price for the options under the Directors Compensation Program will equal the average closing of the last ten (10) trading days prior to the date earned. At March 31, 2006 under the 2005 Directors Compensation Program, we had issued 1,337,825 options to outside directors and 3,965,450 options to employee-directors for a total of 5,303,275 options.

### FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS.

There are no family relationships between or among the directors, executive officers or persons nominated or charged by us to become directors or executive officers.

There are no arrangements or understandings between any two or more of our directors or executive officers. There is no arrangement or understanding between any of our directors or executive officers and any other person pursuant to which any director or officer was or is to be selected as a director or officer, and there is no arrangement, plan or understanding as to whether non-management shareholders will exercise their voting rights to continue to elect the current Board of Directors. There are also no arrangements, agreements or understanding between non-management shareholders that may directly or indirectly participate in or influence the management of our affairs.

### REGULATORY AND CLINICAL ADVISOR

Kenneth R. Michael, Pharm.D. R.A.C.  
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Dr. Michael is the President of KRM Associates LLC, a regulatory and clinical affairs consulting organization. He is the former VP of Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance at Siemens Medical Systems, and he is the founder, past President and Chairman of The Regulatory Affairs Professional Society. He is also the founder of the San Diego Regulatory Affairs Network.

### SCIENCE ADVISORY BOARD

Each person listed below is a current member of our Science Advisory Board. The role of the Science Advisory Board is to provide scientific guidance related to the development of our Hemopurifier(TM) technology. Unlike the members of our Board of Directors, the Science Advisory Board members are not involved in the management or operations of our company. Members of the Science Advisory Board are paid \$500 per day for services rendered either on-site or at a mutually agreeable location.

Ken Alibek, M.D., Ph.D., D.Sc.  
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Dr. Alibek is the Executive Director of Education at the National Center for Biodefense at George Mason University (GMU), and is a Distinguished Professor at GMU as well. Dr. Alibek specializes in medical and scientific research dedicated to developing new forms of protection against biological weapons and other infectious diseases.

Formerly, Dr. Alibek was a Soviet Army Colonel, and served as First Deputy Chief of the civilian branch of the Soviet Union's biological weapons program until he defected to the United States in 1992 and subsequently served as a consultant to numerous U.S. government agencies in the areas of medical microbiology, biological weapons defense, and biological weapons nonproliferation. Dr. Alibek has worked with the National Institutes of Health, testified extensively before the U.S. Congress on nonproliferation of biological weapons and is the author of Biohazard: The Chilling True Story of the Largest Covert Biological Weapons Program in the World--Told from Inside by the Man Who Ran It, published by Random House Books. He holds numerous patents, is widely published in science journals, and has provided over 300 lectures and presentations to military and civilian universities, as well as foreign governments. The December 2003 issue of the Acumen Journal of Life Sciences named Dr. Alibek as one of top five biological warfare experts in the nation.

Charles Bailey, Ph.D.  
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Dr. Bailey is the former commander of the U.S. Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases (USAMRIID). Dr. Bailey has 25 years U.S. Army experience in R&D and management in infectious diseases and biological warfare defense. As an officer of the Defense Intelligence Agency, Dr. Bailey wrote extensively on foreign biological warfare capabilities. Dr. Bailey is currently the Executive Director for Research & International Relations at the National Center for Biodefense at George Mason University (GMU), and is a Distinguished Professor of Biology at GMU as well. The Acumen Journal of Life Sciences named Dr. Bailey as one of the top five biological warfare experts in the nation.

Joseph A. Bellanti, M.D.  
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Dr. Bellanti is the Director of the International Center for Immunology and Professor of Pediatrics at Georgetown University School of Medicine. He has authored over 400 scientific articles and 25 books and book chapters in the areas of Immunology and Virology. Dr. Bellanti's textbook, "Immunology," is used in medical and graduate schools throughout the country.

Larry Cowgill, D.V.M., Ph.D.  
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Dr. Cowgill is a Professor in the Department of Medicine and Epidemiology at the School of Veterinary Medicine, University of California--Davis and has nearly 30 years of experience as a clinical instructor in small animal internal medicine, nephrology and hemodialysis. He currently Heads the Companion Animal Hemodialysis Units at the Veterinary Medical Teaching Hospital at UC Davis and the UC Veterinary Medical Center--San Diego. Dr. Cowgill is also Associate Dean for Southern California Clinical Programs and is



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Co-Director of the University of California Veterinary Medical Center-San Diego. Prior to his appointment at the University of California, he was a National Institutes of Health (NIH) Special Research Fellow at the University of Pennsylvania School of Veterinary Medicine and at the Renal Electrolyte Section at the University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine, where he conducted research in basic renal physiology and clinical nephrology. Dr. Cowgill received his D.V.M. from the University of California--Davis School of Veterinary Medicine and his Ph.D. in Comparative Medical Sciences from the University of Pennsylvania, where he also completed his internship and Residency training in Small Animal Internal Medicine. He became a Diplomat of the American College of Veterinary Internal Medicine in 1977. Dr. Cowgill has published extensively in the area of veterinary nephrology and has established a Clinical Fellowship in Renal Medicine and Hemodialysis, which is the first of its kind in veterinary Medicine.

Pedro Cuatrecasas, M.D.  
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Dr. Cuatrecasas was President of the Pharmaceutical Research Division of Parke-Davis Co., and Corporate Vice President for Warner Lambert Company from 1989 until his retirement in 1997. From 1986 to 1989, he served as SVP and Director of Glaxo Inc. For the prior ten years, he was VP/R&D and Director, of the Burroughs Wellcome Company. During his career in pharmaceutical research, he was involved in the discovery, development and marketing registration of more than 40 novel medicines. Dr. Cuatrecasas is widely recognized for the invention and development of affinity chromatography which is a method for the selective capture of proteins, sugars, fats and inorganic compounds. He is a member of the National Academy of Sciences, The Institute of Medicine, and the American Academy of Arts & Sciences, and he has authored more than 400 original publications.

37

Nathan W. Levin, M.D.  
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Dr. Levin is recognized as a leading authority within the hemodialysis industry. He is the Medical and Research Director of the Renal Research Institute, LLC, a joint venture between Fresenius Medical Care - North America and Beth Israel Medical Center, New York. Dr. Levin also serves as Professor of Clinical Medicine at the Albert Einstein College of Medicine.

Raveendran (Ravi) Pottathil, Ph.D.  
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Dr. Pottathil was the Section Manager for Retroviruses (focus on HIV and HCV) and Tumor markers and PCR diagnostics at Hoffman La Roche from 1985 to 1992. He then co-founded Specialty Biosystems, Inc, a venture of Specialty Labs, one of the largest independent reference laboratories in California. Dr. Pottathil has also advised the World Health Organization's Sexually Transmitted Diseases and Global Vaccination Program. Dr. Pottathil has worked with Dr. Robert Huebner of the NIH in immunology and virology at The Jackson Laboratory, and with Drs. David Lang and Wolfgang Joklik at Duke University on interferons, anti-tumor RNAs and antigenic suppression of tumorigenic retroviruses. Academic positions include: Assistant Professor at the University of Maryland School of Medicine; Associate Professor at the City of Hope Medical Center in Duarte, California where he published extensively with Dr. Pedro Cuatrecasas (one of developers of affinity chromatography); and Adjunct Professor in Cellular and Molecular Biology at Down State Medical Center and Rutgers University. As a

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virologist and molecular biologist, Dr. Pottathil has over 40 refereed publications to his credit and has been a Director of OncQuest, Inc., GeneQuest, Inc., Specialty Laboratories Asia in Singapore and Specialty Ranbaxy in India. Currently, Dr. Pottathil is the President of AccuDx, Inc. a pharmaceutical diagnostics company he founded in 1996.

Claudio Ronco, M.D.  
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Dr. Ronco is the Director of the Dialysis and Renal Transplantation Programs of St. Bartolo Hospital in Vicenza, Italy. He has published 17 books on nephrology and dialysis and has written or co-authored over 350 scientific articles. Dr. Ronco also serves on the editorial board of 12 scientific journals, is a director of three international scientific societies, and is recognized as being instrumental in the introduction of continuous hemofiltration and high flux dialysis in Europe.

Members of the Scientific Advisory Board do not receive any monetary compensation for service on the Board. However, on occasion, the members may be awarded stock options.

INVOLVEMENT IN LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

To the best of our knowledge, during the past five years, none of the following occurred with respect to a present or former director or executive officer of the Company: (1) any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two years prior to that time; (2) any conviction in a criminal proceeding or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses); (3) being subject to any order, judgment or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of any competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities or banking activities; and (4) being found by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the SEC or the Commodities Futures Trading Commission to have violated a federal or state securities or commodities law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended or vacated.

CODE OF ETHICS.

On February 23, 2005, the Board of Directors approved a "Code of Business Conduct and Ethics."

ITEM 10. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table sets forth compensation received for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2004 through 2006 by our Chief Executive Officer and all other executive officers.

NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND	ANNUAL COMPENSATION	LONG TERM COMP
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PRINCIPAL POSITION	YEAR	SALARY (1)	BONUS	OTHER	RESTRICTED STOCK	OPTION & SAR
James A. Joyce	2006	\$ 224,712	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	2,857,148
PRESIDENT AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER	2005	187,291	20,000	--	--	2,231,148
	2004	180,000	--	--	--	
Richard H. Tullis, Ph.D	2006	\$ 165,000	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	
VICE PRESIDENT AND CHIEF SCIENCE OFFICER	2005	154,375	15,000	--	--	1,734,748
	2004	150,000	--	--	--	
James W. Dorst (3)	2006	\$ 93,750	\$ --	--	--	500,000
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	2005	N/A	--	--	--	
	2004	N/A	--	--	--	

(1) The remuneration described in the above table excludes our cost of benefits furnished to the named executive officers, including premiums for health insurance and other personal benefits provided to such individuals that are extended to all of our employees in connection with their employment. Perquisites and other personal benefits, securities, or property received by an executive officer are either the lesser of \$50,000 or 10% of the total salary and bonus reported for each named executive officer, except as otherwise disclosed.

(2) On September 9, 2005, the Company's board of directors approved and the Company entered into a Stock Option Agreement with Mr. James A Joyce, the Company's Chief Executive Officer in exchange for the cancellation of \$300,000 of debt owed to Mr. Joyce. the Stock Option Agreement provides for a fully-vested, non-qualified, ten-year option to purchase restricted common stock with an exercise price of \$0.21 per share. On September 9, 2005 the market closing price per share of the Company's common stock was \$0.20.

(3) James W. Dorst was appointed Chief financial Officer August 1, 2005. Mr. Dorst receives an annual salary of \$150,000 and was granted nonqualified stock options to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the stock on the date of grant.

STOCK OPTIONS AND STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS GRANT TABLE

The following table provides certain information with respect to individual grants during the last fiscal year to each of our named executive officers of common share purchase options or stock appreciation rights ("SARs") relating to our common shares:

NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICER	COMMON SHARES UNDERLYING GRANT OF OPTIONS OR SARs	AS PERCENTAGE OF GRANTS TO ALL EMPLOYEES	EXERCISE OR BASE PRICE	EXPIRATION DATE
James A. Joyce, CHAIRMAN, PRESIDENT AND CEO	2,857,148	85.1%	\$0.21	9/9/05
James W. Dorst CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	500,000	14.9%	\$0.23	8/1/05

STOCK OPTIONS AND STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS EXERCISE AND VALUATION TABLE

The following table sets forth the number of common stock options, both exercisable and unexercisable, held by each of our Named Executive Officers and the value of any in-the-money options at June 15, 2006, utilizing a value of

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\$0.37 per share, the closing price of the Company's common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board on June 15, 2006:

39

NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICER	SHARES ACQUIRED ON EXERCISE	VALUE REALIZED	NUMBER OF SECURITIES UNDERLYING UNEXERCISED OPTIONS/SARS (EXERCISABLE/ UNEXERCISABLE)	VALUE O IN- OPTI (EXE UNEX
James A. Joyce	--	--	4,530,468 / 557,775	\$440,41
Richard H. Tullis	--	--	1,580,763 / 433,587	\$
James W. Dorst	--	--	0 / 500,000	\$

### EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

We entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Joyce effective April 1, 1999. Effective June 1, 2001, Mr. Joyce was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer and his base annual salary was increased from \$120,000 to \$180,000. Effective January 1, 2005, Mr. Joyce's salary was increased from \$180,000 to \$205,000 per year. Under the terms of the agreement, his employment continues at a salary of \$205,000 per year for successive one year periods, unless given notice of termination 60 days prior to the anniversary of his employment agreement. Effective April 1, 2006, Mr. Joyce's salary was increased from \$205,000 to \$240,000.

We entered into an employment agreement with Dr. Tullis effective January 10, 2000. Effective June 1, 2001, Dr. Tullis was appointed our Chief Science Officer of the Company. His compensation under the agreement was modified in June 2001 from \$80,000 to \$150,000 per year. Effective January 1, 2005 Dr. Tullis' salary was increased from \$150,000 to \$165,000 per year. Under the terms of the agreement, his employment continues at a salary of \$165,000 per year for successive one-year periods, unless given notice of termination 60 days prior to the anniversary of his employment agreement. Dr. Tullis was granted 250,000 stock options to purchase our common stock in connection the completing certain milestones, such as the initiation and completion of certain clinical trials, the submission of proposals to the FDA and the filing of a patent application. Effective April 1, 2006, Dr. Tullis salary was increased to \$185,000 per year.

Both Mr. Joyce's and Dr. Tullis' agreements provide for medical insurance and disability benefits, one year of severance pay if their employment is terminated by us without cause or due to change in our control before the expiration of their agreements, and allow for bonus compensation and stock option grants as determined by our Board of Directors. Both agreements also contain restrictive covenants preventing competition with us and the use of confidential business information, except in connection with the performance of their duties for the Company, for a period of two years following the termination of their employment with us.

### STOCK OPTION GRANTS

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Our 2000 Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"), adopted by us in August 2000, provides for the grant of incentive stock options ("ISOs") to full-time employees (who may also be Directors) and nonstatutory stock options ("NSOs") to non-employee Directors, consultants, customers, vendors or providers of significant services. The exercise price of any ISO may not be less than the fair market value of our Common Stock on the date of grant or, in the case of an optionee who owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of our outstanding stock, not be less than 110% of the fair market value on the date of grant. The exercise price, in the case of any NSO, must not be less than 75% of the fair market value of our Common Stock on the date of grant. The amount available under the Plan is 500,000 options.

Under the Directors Compensation Program, adopted by us in February 2005, a newly elected director will receive a one time grant of a non-qualified stock option of 1.5% of the common stock outstanding at the time of election. The options will vest one-third at the time of election to the board and the remaining two-thirds will vest equally at year end over three years. Additionally, each director will also receive an annual \$25,000 non-qualified stock option retainer, \$15,000 of which is to be paid at the first of the year to all directors who are on the Board prior to the first meeting of the year and a \$10,000 retainer will be paid if a director attends 75% of the meetings either in person, via conference call or other electronic means. The exercise price for the options under the Directors Compensation Program will equal the average closing of the last ten (10) trading days prior to the date earned. At March 31, 2006 under the 2005 Directors Compensation Program we had issued 1,337,825 options to outside directors and 3,965,450 options to employee-directors for a total of 5,303,275 options.

40

At March 31, 2006, we had granted 32,500 options under the 2000 Stock Option Plan, with 467,500 available for future issuance. At March 31, 2006 we had issued 5,303,275 options under the Directors Compensation Plan. We issued 5,328,158 options (of which 1,773,300 have been exercised or cancelled) outside both the 2005 Directors Compensation Plan and 2000 Stock Option Plan.

At March 31, 2006, we had outstanding options to purchase 8,812,785 shares of our Common Stock. See Item 11, "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management."

### OUTSTANDING STOCK PURCHASE WARRANTS

Common Stock purchase warrants

At March 31, 2006, we had outstanding a total of 8,343,035 warrants, exercisable at prices between \$0.18 - 4.00 per share and with expiration dates from 2006 - 2011.

See Item 11, "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management."

### ITEM 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth, as of June 30, 2006, information with respect to the shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by (i) each director nominee; (ii) each person (other than a person who is also a director nominee) who is an executive officer; and (iii) all executive officers and directors as a group. The term "executive officer" is defined as the President/Chief Executive Officer, Secretary, Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer, any vice-president in charge of a principal business

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function (such as administration or finance), or any other person who performs similar policy making functions for the Company. We believe that each individual or entity named has sole investment and voting power with respect to shares of common stock indicated as beneficially owned by them, subject to community property laws where applicable, excepted where otherwise noted:

AMOUNT AND NATURE OF TITLE OF CLASS	PERCENT OF NAME	BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP (1) (2)
Common Stock	James A. Joyce, Chief Executive Officer and Director 3030 Bunker Hill Street, Suite 4000, San Diego, CA 92109	5,130,468 shares (3)
Common Stock	Calvin M. Leung, Director P.O. Box 2366 Costa Mesa, CA 92628	2,407,405 shares (4)
Common Stock	Richard H. Tullis, Chief Scientific Officer and Director 3030 Bunker Hill Street, Suite 4000, San Diego, CA 92109	1,638,763 shares (5)
Common Stock	Franklyn S. Barry, Director 3030 Bunker Hill Street, Suite 4000, San Diego, CA 92109	368,647 shares (6)
Common Stock	Edward G. Broenniman, Director 3030 Bunker Hill Street, Suite 4000, San Diego, CA 92109	601,561 shares (7)
Common Stock	James W. Dorst 3030 Bunker Hill Street, Suite 4000, San Diego, CA 92109	165,000 shares (8)
All Current Directors and Executive Officers as a Group (6 members)	*	10,311,844 Shares

\*Less than 1%.

1. Based on 25,602,326 shares of Common Stock outstanding on the transfer records as of June 15, 2006.

2. Calculated pursuant to Rule 13d-3(d)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Under Rule 13d-3(d)(1), shares not outstanding which are subject to options, warrants, rights or conversion privileges exercisable within 60 days are deemed outstanding for the purpose of calculating the number and percentage owned by such person, but not deemed outstanding for the purpose of calculating the percentage owned by each other person listed. The Company believes that each individual or entity named has sole investment and voting power with respect to shares of Common Stock indicated as beneficially owned by them, subject to community property laws, where applicable, except where otherwise noted.

3. Includes 1,673,325 stock options exercisable at \$0.38 per share and 2,857,143 stock options exercisable at \$0.21 per share.
4. Includes all shares owned by members of Mr. Leung's family and entities he controls, 190,000 warrants to purchase common stock at exercise prices between \$0.25 and \$3.00, and 231,546 stock options exercisable at \$0.38 per share. Mr. Leung resigned as director of the Company effective June 28, 2006.
5. Includes 250,000 stock options exercisable at \$1.90 per share, 30,000 stock options exercisable at \$3.00 per share and 1,300,763 stock options exercisable at \$0.38 per share.
5. Includes 250,000 stock options exercisable at \$1.90 per share, 30,000 stock options exercisable at \$2.56 per share and 867,175 at \$0.38 per share.
6. 30,675 stock options exercisable at \$0.489 per share and 205,816 stock options exercisable at \$0.38 per share.
7. Includes 53,885 shares owned by Mr. Broenniman's wife, his 3,000 stock options exercisable at \$1.78, 2,500 stock options exercisable at \$3.75, and 360,187 stock options exercisable at \$0.38 per share.
8. Includes 165,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.23, vesting August 1, 2006.

ITEM 12. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Franklyn S. Barry, Jr., a director and shareholder of Aethlon Medical, was engaged as a consultant to the Company on strategic and business issues from June 1, 2001 to May 31, 2003 and was paid \$60,000 per year. Mr. Barry had been our original President and Chief Executive Officer and served in such capacities until 2001. When Mr. Barry stepped down as our President and Chief Executive Officer was owed severance equal to one year salary. The consulting agreement was in lieu of immediate payment to spread the payment of the course of the agreement and to ensure that Mr. Barry provided transition consultation to Mr. Joyce on company practices and maintained and manage relationships with certain employees and vendors. See Item 9, "Directors and Executive Officers" and Item 11, "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management."

Calvin M. Leung, a former director (resigned as of June 28, 2006) and shareholder of Aethlon Medical, was previously engaged as our consultant providing as needed business advisory services to management, including business development services and introductions to potential investors and merger candidates, and he and his affiliates have invested approximately \$939,500 in Aethlon Medical to date, through equity and convertible debt securities. \$448,000 was invested via convertible promissory notes from November 2001 through May 2002. The notes accrued interest at rates ranging from 6.75% to 12% per annum. Mr. Leung invested \$300,000 via the exercise of stock options received while our consultant for which he received 600,000 shares of restricted common stock. Mr. Leung and his affiliates also invested during 2003 a total of \$146,500 in cash for 586,000 shares of our restricted common stock. Finally, Mr. Leung and his affiliates invested approximately \$45,000 from September 2003 to February 2004 via the exercise of warrants that resulted in the issuance of 180,000 shares of our restricted common stock. Mr. Leung worked as our consultant from January 7, 2001 to January 7, 2003. We do not expect Mr. Leung to provide consulting services now that he is no longer a member of our Board of Directors. He currently owns 1,985,859 of our common shares, 231,546 options to

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purchase common stock at \$0.38 per share and 190,000 warrants to purchase common stock at exercise prices of between \$0.25 and \$3.00 per share. (See ITEM 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT).

Certain of our officers and other related parties have advanced us funds, agreed to defer compensation or paid expenses on behalf of us to cover short-term working capital deficiencies in the aggregate amount of approximately \$1,178,000. Of this amount, we owe Dr. Richard H Tullis, our Chief Scientific Officer approximately \$267,900 in deferred salary. We also owe our former Chief Financial Officer, Mr. Edward C Hall, approximately \$38,111 in deferred salary. We owe Mr. Franklyn S Barry, a director, a total of approximately \$289,848 for deferred salary and consulting fees from pre-merger in 1999 through May 2003. We owe approximately \$46,475 to James Joyce and Associates, a company founded by our current Chief Executive Officer, for deferred consulting fees on services provided prior to our merger in 1999. We previously repaid Mr. Barry a total of \$30,000 in cash. Additionally, we owe John Murray, our former Chief Financial Officer, a total of approximately \$25,000 for deferred salary and medical benefits for services rendered from September 2000 through May 2001. We owe Robert S. Stefanovich, a former Chief Financial Officer, a total of approximately \$91,000 for deferred salary, vacation and medical benefits for services rendered from July 2001 until July 2002. Additionally, we owe Dr. Clara Ambrus, the founder of Hemex, Inc., approximately \$190,500 for services rendered from pre-merger in 1999 through March 2002. We owe Edward Broenniman, a board member, and Linda Broenniman, his wife, an aggregate of approximately \$174,000 for services rendered prior to our merger in 1999. Mr. Broenniman has been paid a total of \$30,000 against this debt. We owe approximately \$34,500 to directors for deferred directors' fees. These non interest-bearing liabilities have been included as due to related parties in the accompanying financial statements.

42

Effective January 1, 2000, we entered into an agreement with Dr. Julian Ambrus, the son of Dr. Clara Ambrus, who was the original founder of Hemex, Inc. Under this agreement, an invention and related patent rights for a method of removing HIV and other viruses from the blood using the Hemopurifier(TM) were assigned to us by the inventors in exchange for (a) a royalty to be paid on future sales of the patented product or process equal to 8.75% of net sales, as defined and (b) 12,500 shares of our restricted common stock. Upon the issuance of the first United States patent relating to the invention, we were obligated to issue an additional 12,500 shares of our restricted common stock to the inventors. If the market price of our common stock on the date the patent was issued was below \$8 per share, the number of shares to be issued was that amount which equates to \$100,000 of market value. On March 4, 2003, the related patent was issued and, as a result, we issued 196,078 shares of our restricted common stock. Such shares were recorded at par value since the original patent acquisition purchase transaction had been measured at \$100,000 and recorded as "patents" in the March 2000 consolidated balance sheet. The 196,078 shares merely satisfied a contingent obligation under the original purchase agreement.

We believe that each of the related party transactions above, due to their related party nature, are not necessarily on terms that would have been obtained from unaffiliated third parties.

### ITEM 13. EXHIBITS

The following documents are filed as part of this report on Form 10-KSB:

1. Consolidated Financial Statements for the periods ended March 31, 2006 and 2005:



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Independent Auditors' Reports  
Consolidated Balance Sheet  
Consolidated Statements of Operations  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficit  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### 2. Exhibits

- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation of Aethlon Medical, Inc. (1)
- 3.2 Bylaws of Aethlon Medical, Inc. (1)
- 3.3 Certificate of Amendment of Articles of Incorporation dated March 28, 2000 (2)
- 3.4 Certificate of Amendment of Articles of Incorporation dated June 13, 2005(3)
- 10.1 Employment Agreement between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and James A. Joyce dated April 1, 1999 (4)
- 10.2 Agreement and Plan of Reorganization Between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Aethlon, Inc. dated March 10, 1999 (5)
- 10.3 Agreement and Plan of Reorganization Between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Hemex, Inc. dated March 10, 1999 (5)
- 10.4 Agreement and Plan of Reorganization Between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Syngen Research, Inc. (6)
- 10.5 Agreement and Plan of Reorganization Between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Cell Activation, Inc. (7)
- 10.6 Common Stock Purchase Agreement between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC. (8)
- 10.7 Registration Rights Agreement between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC. (8)
- 10.8 Form of Securities Purchase Agreement for Private Placement closing on June 7, 2004 (8)
- 10.9 Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant for Private Placement closing on June 7, 2004 (8)
- 10.10 Form of Registration Rights Agreement for Private Placement closing on June 7, 2004 (8)
- 10.11 Note Purchase Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC, dated May 16, 2005.(9)
- 10.12 Convertible Promissory Note by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC, dated May 16, 2005.(9)
- 10.13 Form of Common Stock Cashless Purchase Warrant for benefit of Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC, dated May 16, 2005. (9)

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- 10.14 2003 Consultant Stock Plan (10)
- 10.15 Lease by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and San Diego Science Center (11)
- 10.16 Consulting Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Jean-Claude Chermann, PhD (11)
- 10.17 Consulting Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Franklyn S. Barry, Jr. (11)
- 10.18 Patent License Agreement by and amongst Aethlon Medical, Inc., Hemex, Inc., Dr. Julian L. Ambrus and Dr. David O. Scamurra (11)
- 10.19 Employment Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Dr. Richard H. Tullis (11)
- 10.20 Employment Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Edward C. Hall (11)
- 10.21 Cooperative Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and George Mason University (12)
- 10.22 Consulting Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Dr. Charles Bailey (13)
- 10.23 Consulting Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Dr. Ken Alibek (13)
- 10.24 Stock Option Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and James A Joyce (14)
- 10.25 Stock Option Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Richard Tullis (14)
- 10.26 Stock Option Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Franklyn S. Barry (14)
- 10.27 Stock Option Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Ed Broenniman (14)
- 10.28 Stock Option Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Calvin Leung (14)
- 10.29 Warrant for the benefit of Richardson and Patel, LLP (14)
- 10.30 Stock Option Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and James A. Joyce (15)
- 10.31 10% Series A Convertible Note by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Allan S. Bird (16)
- 10.32 10% Series A Convertible Note by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Ellen R. Weiner Family Revocable Trust (16)
- 10.33 Form of Warrant for Series A Convertible Noteholders (16)
- 10.34 Form of Registration Rights Agreement for Series A Convertible Noteholders (16)

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- 10.35 Employment Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and James Dorst (17)
- 10.36 10% Series A Convertible Note by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Christian Hoffmann (18)
- 10.37 10% Series A Convertible Note by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Claypoole Capital, LLC (18)
- 10.38 Form of Warrant for additional Series A Convertible Noteholders (18)
- 10.39 Form of Registration Rights Agreement for additional Series A Convertible Noteholders (18)
- 10.40 Option Agreement by and between Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Trustees of Boston University (19)
- 10.41 Warrant for the benefit of Fustion Capital Fund II, LLC (20)

44

- 21 List of subsidiaries (21)
- 23.1 Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (Squar, Milner, Reehl & Williamson, LLP) \*
- 31.1 Certification of our Chief Executive Officer and President, pursuant to Securities Exchange Act rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.\*
- 31.2 Certification of our Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Securities Exchange Act rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.\*
- 32 Statement of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350)\*
- 99.1 Resignation Letter dated June 28, 2006 from Calvin Leung\*

\* Filed herewith

- (1) December 18, 2000 and incorporated by reference.
- (2) Filed with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2000 and incorporated by reference.
- (3) Filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated June 10, 2005 and incorporated by reference.
- (4) Filed with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 1999 and incorporated by reference.
- (5) Filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 10, 1999 and incorporated by reference.

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- (6) Filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 10, 2000 an incorporated by reference.
- (7) Filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 10, 2000 and incorporated by reference.
- (8) Filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 7, 2004 and incorporated by reference.
- (9) Filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 16, 2005 and incorporated by reference.
- (10) Filed with the Company Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-114017) filed on August 29, 2005 and incorporated by reference.
- (11) Filed with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A for the year ended March 31, 2004 and incorporated by reference.
- (12) Filed with the Company's Amendment No.2 to Registration Statement on Form SB-2 filed on October 28, 2004 and incorporated by reference.
- (13) Filed with the Company's Amendment No. 3 to Registration Statement on Form SB-2 (File No. 333-117203) filed on November 24, 2004 and incorporated by reference.
- (14) Filed with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2005 and and incorporated by reference.
- (15) Filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 12, 2005 and incorporated by reference.
- (16) Filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 7, 2005 and incorporated by reference.
- (17) Filed with the Company's Post-Effective Amendment to Registration Statement on Form SB-2 filed on December 8, 2005 and incorporated by reference.
- (18) Filed with the Company's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 (File No. 333-130915) filed on January 9, 2006 and incorporated by reference.
- (19) Filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 23, 2006 and incorporated by reference.
- (20) Filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 4, 2006 and incorporated by reference.
- (21) Filed with the Company's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 filed on July 7, 2004 and incorporated by reference.

### ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The following table presents fees for professional services rendered by Squar, Milner, Reehl & Williamson LLP ("Squar Milner") for the annual audit of our consolidated financial statements as of and for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2006, and 2005 and fees billed for other services rendered by Squar Milner during such years:

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	Fiscal Years Ended March 31,	
	2006	2005
	-----	-----
Audit Fees	\$86,000	\$63,140
Audit Related Fees	47,050	43,754
Tax Fees	-	-
All Other Fees	-	-
	-----	-----
	\$123,050	\$106,894
	=====	=====

POLICY ON AUDIT COMMITTEE PRE-APPROVAL OF AUDIT AND PERMISSIBLE NON-AUDIT SERVICES OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Our audit committee of the Board of Directors is responsible for pre-approving all audit and permitted non-audit services to be performed for us by our independent auditor.

46

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on the 28th day of June, 2006.

BY: /S/ JAMES A. JOYCE

-----  
 JAMES A. JOYCE  
 CHAIRMAN, PRESIDENT & CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

BY: /S/ JAMES W. DORST

-----  
 JAMES W. DORST  
 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

SIGNATURE	TITLE	DATE
-----	-----	----
/S/ JAMES A. JOYCE	CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD	JUNE 28, 2006
-----		
JAMES A. JOYCE		
/S/ FRANKLYN S. BARRY, JR.	DIRECTOR	JUNE 28, 2006
-----		
FRANKLYN S. BARRY, JR.		
/S/ EDWARD G. BROENNIMAN	DIRECTOR	JUNE 28, 2006
-----		
EDWARD G. BROENNIMAN		
/S/ RICHARD H. TULLIS	DIRECTOR	JUNE 28, 2006
-----		
RICHARD H. TULLIS		

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2006

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.....	49
Consolidated Balance Sheet .....	50
Consolidated Statements of Operations .....	51
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficit.....	52
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows .....	61
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.....	63

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders  
Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Subsidiaries

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company"), a development stage company, as of March 31, 2006 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' deficit and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period then ended and for the period from January 31, 1984 (Inception) to March 31, 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Aethlon Medical, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of March 31, 2006 and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period then ended and for the period from January 31, 1984 (Inception) to March 31, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United

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States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company has suffered continuing losses from operations, is in default on certain debt, has negative working capital of approximately \$1,921,000 and a deficit accumulated during the development stage of approximately \$22,062,000 at March 31, 2006. As discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, a significant amount of additional capital will be necessary to advance the development of the Company's products to the point at which they may become commercially viable. These conditions, among others, raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding these matters are also described in Note 1. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/S/ SQUAR, MILNER, REEHL & WILLIAMSON, LLP

JUNE 27, 2006

NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

49

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AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET  
MARCH 31, 2006

---

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

	Cash	\$	836,377
	Prepaid expenses		32,222
			-----

TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS

868,599

NON-CURRENT ASSETS

	Property and equipment, net		12,378
	Patents, net		131,599
	Other assets		17,200
			-----

TOTAL ASSETS

\$ 1,029,776  
=====

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

CURRENT LIABILITIES

	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	880,773
	Due to related parties		1,238,624
	Notes payable, net of discounts		527,500
	Convertible notes payable, net of discounts		142,365
			-----

TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES

2,789,262

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COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

Common stock, par value of \$0.001, 50,000,000 shares authorized; 25,383,706 issued and outstanding	25,384
Additional paid-in capital	20,322,494
Deferred consulting fees	(44,917)
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(22,062,447)

TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (1,759,486)

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT \$ 1,029,776

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

50

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND  
FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 2006

	2006	2005	JANUARY (INCEPTION MARCH 31, 1984)
Grant income	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 1,
Subcontract income	--	--	
Sale of research and development	--	--	
	--	--	1,
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Professional fees	851,594	748,837	5,
Payroll and related	675,171	1,000,324	7,
General and administrative	486,452	434,216	4,
Impairment	81,722	--	1,
	2,094,939	2,183,377	18,
OPERATING LOSS	(2,094,939)	(2,183,377)	(16,
OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE			
Change in fair value of warrant liability	360,125	--	
Interest expense (credit)	450,297	(86,426)	4,
Interest income	--	--	
Other	14,822	--	
	825,244	(86,426)	5,



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NET LOSS	\$ (2,920,183)	\$ (2,096,951)	\$ (22,
Basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to common stockholders	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.15)	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	19,551,501	14,037,341	

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

51

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND  
FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 20

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL PAID IN CAPITAL	DEFERRED CONSULTING FEES
	SHARES	AMOUNT		
Balance, January 31, 1984 (Inception)	--	\$ --	\$ --	\$
Common stock issued for cash at \$1 per share	22,000		22	26,502
Common stock issued for cash at \$23 per share	1,100		1	24,999
Common stock issued for cash at \$86 per share	700		1	59,999
Common stock issued for cash at \$94 per share	160		1	14,999
Common stock issued for cash at \$74 per share	540		1	39,999
Common stock issued for cash at \$250 per share	4,678		5	1,169,495
Capital contributions	--		--	521,439
Common stock issued for compensation at \$103 per share	2,600		3	267,403
Conversion of due to related parties to common stock at \$101 per share	1,120		1	113,574
Conversion of due to related parties to common stock at \$250 per share	1,741		2	435,092

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Effect of reorganization	2,560,361	2,558	(2,558)
Common stock issued in connection with employment contract at \$8 per share	65,000	65	519,935
Common stock issued in connection with the acquisition of patents at \$8 per share	12,500	13	99,987
Warrants issued to note holders in connection with notes payable	--	--	734,826
Warrants issued for services	--	--	5,000
Net loss	--	--	--
BALANCE, MARCH 31, 2000	2,672,500	2,673	4,030,691
Common stock and options issued in connection with acquisition of Cell Activation, Inc. at \$7.20 per share	99,152	99	1,067,768
Warrants issued to note holders in connection with notes payable	--	--	218,779
Warrants issued to promoter in connection with notes payable	--	--	298,319
Beneficial conversion feature of convertible notes payable	--	--	150,000
Warrants issued to promoter in connection with convertible notes payable	--	--	299,106
Options issued to directors for services as board members	--	--	14,163

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued.....

52

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND  
FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 2000

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL	DEFERRED
	SHARES	AMOUNT	PAID IN	CONSULTING
	-----	-----	CAPITAL	FEES
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Options and warrants issued for services	--	--	505,400	

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Common stock issued for services at \$3 per share	5,500	5	16,495
Common stock issued for cash at \$1 per share	100,000	100	99,900
Net loss	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
BALANCE, MARCH 31, 2001	2,877,152	\$ 2,877	\$ 6,700,621
			\$
Common stock, warrants and options issued for accounts payable and accrued liabilities	21,750	22	243,353
Common stock issued for services at \$2.65 per share	6,038	6	15,994
Common stock issued for cash at \$1.00 per share, net of issuance costs of \$41,540 paid to a related party	730,804	731	688,533
Common stock issued for services at \$2.75 per share	10,000	10	27,490
Common stock issued in connection with license agreement at \$3.00 per share	6,000	6	17,994
Common stock issued to holder of convertible notes payable at \$3.00 per share	70,586	71	211,687
Options issued to directors for services as board members	--	--	7,459
Common stock issued for cash at \$1.50 per share, net of issuance costs of \$2,500	16,667	17	22,483
Beneficial conversion feature of convertible notes payable	--	--	185,000
Common stock issued for conversion of convertible notes payable and accrued interest at an average price of \$1.24 per share	134,165	134	166,352
Common stock issued for services at \$2.72 per share	9,651	10	26,240
Options issued to consultant for services	--	--	562,000
Common stock and warrants for services at \$1.95 per share	62,327	62	161,475
Common stock issued for services at \$1.90 per share	9,198	9	17,491
Stock options exercised for cash	400,000	400	199,600
Warrants issued to note holders for			

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90-day forbearance	--	--	118,000
Common stock and warrants issued to note holders and vendors in the debt-to-equity conversion program at \$1.25 per share	816,359	816	1,623,635
Other warrant transactions	--	--	(32,715)
Net loss	--	--	--
BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2002	5,170,697	\$ 5,171	\$ 10,962,692

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued.....

53

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND  
FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 2002

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL	DEFERRED
	SHARES	AMOUNT	PAID IN CAPITAL	CONSULTING FEES
BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2002	5,170,697	\$ 5,171	\$ 10,962,692	\$
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock at \$0.50 per share in connection with the exercise of options	200,000	200	99,800	
Interest expense related to beneficial conversion feature	--	--	150,000	
Pro-rata value assigned to warrants issued in connection with conversion of accounts payable	--	--	71,000	
Pro-rata value assigned to warrants issued in connection with note payable	--	--	30,000	
Issuance of common stock at \$1.25 per share in connection with the conversion of accounts payable	150,124	150	187,505	
Issuance of common stock at \$1.25 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable	420,000	420	104,580	
Estimated fair market value of options issued for services	--	--	114,000	

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Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for cash	461,600	462	114,938
Issuance of common stock at \$0.26 per share for cash	19,230	19	4,981
Issuance of common stock at \$1.25 per share for cash	8,000	8	9,992
Issuance of common stock at \$0.65 per share for services	69,231	69	44,931
Issuance of common stock at \$0.51 per share for services	196,078	196	99,804
Adjustment booked	--	--	(100,000)
Net loss	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2003	6,694,960	\$ 6,695	\$ 11,894,223
			\$

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 SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 continued.....

54

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 AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
 (A Development Stage Company)  
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (CONTINUED)  
 FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND  
 FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 2004  
 -----

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL	DEFERRE
	SHARES	AMOUNT	PAID IN	CONSULTI
	-----	-----	CAPITAL	FEEES
	-----	-----	-----	-----
BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2003	6,694,960	\$ 6,695	\$ 11,894,223	\$
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share in connection with the exercise of warrants	540,000	540	134,460	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable, including interest of \$15,099	300,397	300	74,799	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.35 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable, including interest of \$59,827	813,790	814	284,013	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.50 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable, including interest				

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of \$509	11,017	11	5,498
Issuance of common stock at \$0.42 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable, including interest of \$696	13,725	14	5,682
Issuance of common stock at \$0.65 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable, including interest of \$5,088	27,059	27	17,561
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable, including interest of \$15,416	461,667	462	114,954
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for cash	1,226,000	1,226	305,274
Issuance of common stock at \$0.30 per share for cash	180,000	180	53,820
Issuance of common stock at \$0.525 per share for cash	40,000	40	20,960
Issuance of common stock at \$1.125 per share for cash	5,000	5	5,620
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for services	10,000	10	2,490
Issuance of common stock at \$0.34 per share for services	73,529	73	24,927
Issuance of common stock at \$0.40 per share for services	62,000	62	24,763
Issuance of common stock at \$0.45 per share for services	185,185	185	83,148
Issuance of common stock at \$0.50 per share for services	5,000	5	2,495
Interest expense related to beneficial conversion feature	--	--	324,800
Net loss	--	--	--
BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2004	10,649,329	\$ 10,649	\$ 13,379,487

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued.....

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (CONTINUED)  
 FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND  
 FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 20

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL PAID IN CAPITAL	DEFERRED CONSULTING FEES
	SHARES	AMOUNT		
BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2004	10,649,329	\$ 10,649	\$ 13,379,487	\$
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share in connection with the exercise of warrants	1,126,564	1,127	280,515	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.44 per share for cash	1,415,909	1,416	621,584	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for cash	40,233	40	9,960	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.28 per share for cash	35,947	36	9,964	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.29 per share for cash	69,431	69	19,931	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.32 per share for cash	94,449	94	29,906	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.33 per share for cash	60,620	61	19,939	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.35 per share for cash	172,824	173	59,826	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.36 per share for cash	223,756	224	79,776	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.37 per share for cash	108,079	108	39,892	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.38 per share for cash	26,549	27	9,973	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.39 per share for cash	51,748	52	19,948	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.40 per share for cash	25,233	25	9,975	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.42 per share for cash	143,885	144	59,857	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.43 per share for cash	70,467	70	29,930	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.45 per share for cash	22,455	22	9,978	

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Issuance of common stock at \$0.46 per share for cash	43,944	44	19,956
Issuance of common stock at \$0.47 per share for cash	128,836	129	59,872
Issuance of common stock at \$0.52 per share for cash	95,502	96	49,904
Issuance of common stock with warrants at \$0.36 per unit for cash	55,556	56	19,944
Issuance of common stock at \$0.27 per share for cash	90,000	90	24,210
Issuance of common stock at \$0.50 per share for cash	3,000	3	1,497
Issuance of common stock to Fusion Capital for "commitment" shares	50,000	50	(50)

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 SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 continued.....

56

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 AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
 (A Development Stage Company)  
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (CONTINUED)  
 FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND  
 FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 2004  
 -----

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL	DEFERRED
	SHARES	AMOUNT	PAID IN CAPITAL	CONSULTING FEES
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Issuance of common stock to Fusion Capital for fees	418,604	419	(419)	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.34 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable, including interest of \$38,371	479,513	480	162,891	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.44 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable	113,636	114	49,886	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable	80,000	80	19,920	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.49 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable	174,606	175	85,382	



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Issuance of common stock at \$1.75 per share for services	17,143	17	29,983
Issuance of common stock at \$0.44 per share for services	265,273	265	116,455
Issuance of common stock at \$0.70 per share for services	10,715	11	7,489
Issuance of common stock at \$0.73 per share for services	6,850	7	4,993
Issuance of common stock at \$0.55 per share for services	46,364	46	25,454
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for services	165,492	165	41,208
Issuance of common stock at \$0.45 per share for services	28,377	28	12,741
Issuance of common stock at \$0.50 per share for services for deferred consulting services	60,000	60	29,940
Issuance of common stock at \$0.49 per share for services	25,087	25	12,318
Issuance of common stock at \$0.45 per share for services for deferred consulting services	66,666	67	29,933
Issuance of common stock at \$0.37 per share for services	13,369	13	4,987
Issuance of common stock at \$0.42 per share for services	19,231	19	7,981
Issuance of common stock at \$0.39 per share for services	18,042	18	6,982
Issuance of common stock at \$0.32 per share for services	162,678	163	52,382
Issuance of common stock at \$0.31 per share for services	16,234	16	4,984
Issuance of common stock at \$0.39 per share for employee bonus	22,500	22	8,754

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continued.....

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

57

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AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND

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FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 20

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL PAID IN CAPITAL	DEFERRE CONSULTI FEES
	SHARES	AMOUNT		
Debt discount on debt issued with detachable warrants	--	--	84,000	
Amortization of deferred consulting fees	--	--	--	30
Intrinsic value of options issued to directors	--	--	424,262	
Net loss	--	--	--	
BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2005	17,014,696	\$ 17,015	\$ 16,088,278	\$ (30
Issuance of common stock at \$0.28 per share for cash	35,947	36	9,964	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.26 per share for cash	38,256	38	9,962	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.26 per share for cash	38,401	38	9,962	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for cash	201,165	201	49,799	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for cash	80,466	80	19,920	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for cash	80,466	80	19,920	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for cash	80,466	80	19,920	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for cash	80,466	80	19,920	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.18 per share for cash	100,000	100	17,500	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per Share for cash	301,744	302	74,698	
Issuance of common stock at varied prices for cash	2,485,249	2,485	767,512	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.76 per share for cash	568,181	568	431,249	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share in connection with the conversion of notes payable, including interest				

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of \$4,564	140,000	140	34,860
Issuance of common stock at \$0.20 per share in connection with the conversion of convertible notes payable, including interest of \$4,943	174,716	175	34,768
Issuance of common stock at \$0.31 per share for services	9,740	10	2,990
Issuance of common stock at \$0.30 per share for services	25,134	25	7,475
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for services	31,424	31	7,869
Issuance of common stock at \$0.26 per share for services	19,084	19	4,981

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued.....

58

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND  
FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 2004

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL	DEFERRE
	SHARES	AMOUNT	PAID IN	CONSULTI
	-----	-----	CAPITAL	FEES
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for services	33,228	33	8,407	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for services	24,000	24	5,976	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.26 per share for services	11,450	11	2,989	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.26 per share for services	19,084	19	4,981	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.26 per share for services	34,352	34	8,966	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.26 per share for services	11,450	11	2,989	
Loss on settlement of accrued legal liabilities	--	--	142,245	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.24 per				

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share for services	12,605	13	2,987
Issuance of common stock at \$0.24 per share for services	21,008	21	4,979
Issuance of common stock at \$0.23 per share for services	21,739	22	4,978
Issuance of common stock at \$0.23 per share for services	21,740	22	4,978
Issuance of common stock at \$0.23 per share for services	2,155	2	498
Issuance of common stock at \$0.23 per share for services	91,739	92	21,008
Issuance of common stock at \$0.21 per share for services	175,755	176	37,084
Issuance of common stock at \$0.23 per share for services	37,863	38	8,519
Issuance of common stock at \$0.23 per share for services	21,368	21	4,979
Issuance of common stock at \$0.21 per share for services	27,852	28	5,710
Issuance of common stock at \$0.24 per share for services	21,186	21	4,979
Issuance of common stock at \$0.22 per share for services	35,278	35	7,585
Issuance of common stock at \$0.38 per share for services	13,298	13	4,987
Issuance of common stock at \$0.38 per share for services	19,948	20	7,640
Issuance of common stock at \$0.37 per share for services	97,662	98	36,037
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for services	371,847	372	91,137
Issuance of common stock at \$0.25 per share for services	73,964	74	18,128

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SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

59

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AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND

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FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 20

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL PAID IN CAPITAL	DEFERRE CONSULTI FEES
	SHARES	AMOUNT		
Issuance of common stock at \$0.29 per share for services	13,333	13	3,827	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.33 per share for services	15,060	15	4,985	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.24 per share for services	579,813	580	138,575	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.28 and \$0.33 per share for services	66,017	66	19,934	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.36 per share for services	13,889	14	4,986	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.33 per share for services	9,091	9	2,989	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.28 per share for services	10,563	11	2,991	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.33 per share for services	150,000	150	48,850	(49
Issuance of common stock at \$0.28 per share for services	35,714	36	9,964	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.33 per share for services	15,152	15	4,985	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.28 per share for services	17,730	18	4,982	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.20 and \$0.37 per share for services	79,255	79	19,894	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.33 per share for services	33,333	33	9,967	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.39 per share for services	220,080	220	85,171	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.49 per share for services	7,275	7	3,543	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.34 per share for services	27,284	27	9,170	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.33 per share for services	158,046	158	51,997	
Issuance of common stock at \$0.20 per share for services	836,730	837	166,509	

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Issuance of cashless warrants	389,168	389	(389)
Conversion of accrued salaries to employee stock options	--	--	300,000
Debt discount on debt issued with detachable warrants	--	--	119,610
Interest expense related to beneficial conversion feature	--	--	222,375
Professional fees related to registration statement	--	--	(76,732)
Amortization of deferred consulting fees	--	--	--
Reclassification of derivative liabilities upon registration of shares underlying warrants	--	--	1,090,000
Net loss	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2006	25,383,705	\$ 25,384	\$ 20,322,494
	=====	=====	=====

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

60

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND  
FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 2006

	2006	2005
	-----	-----
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (2,920,183)	\$ (2,000,000)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	34,241	
Amortization of deferred consulting fees	34,083	
Gain on settlement of debt	(131,175)	
Loss on settlement of accrued legal liabilities	142,245	
Gain on sale of property and equipment	--	
Change in estimated fair value of warrant liability	360,125	
Fair market value of warrants issued in connection with accounts payable and debt related costs	--	
Fair market value of common stock, warrants and options issued for services and interest	704,383	300,000
Intrinsic value of stock options issued		

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to directors	--	4
Amortization of debt discount	259,416	
Beneficial conversion feature of convertible notes payable	--	
Impairment of patents and patents pending	81,722	
Impairment of goodwill	--	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses	(22,034)	
Other assets	20,050	(
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(118,276)	(2
Due to related parties	(28,878)	(1
	-----	
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,584,281)	(1,5
	-----	
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(4,651)	(
Patents and patents pending	(11,000)	
Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment	--	
Cash of acquired company	--	
	-----	
Net cash used in investing activities	(15,651)	(
	-----	

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 SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.  
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61

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 AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
 (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
 FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 AND 2005 AND  
 FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH MARCH 31, 2006 (CONTINU  
 -----

	2006	20
	-----	
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net proceeds from the issuance of notes payable	100,000	1
Principal repayments of notes payable	(80,000)	(
Proceeds from the issuance of convertible notes payable	1,030,000	
Net proceeds from the issuance of common stock	1,454,415	1,4
Professional fees related to registration statements	(76,731)	
	-----	
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,427,684	1,5
	-----	
Net increase in cash	827,752	
Cash at beginning of period	8,625	
	-----	

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Cash at end of period	\$ 836,377	\$
=====		
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
- Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 8,000	\$
	=====	
Income taxes	\$ --	\$
	=====	
Supplement schedule of noncash investing and financing activities:		
Debt and accrued interest converted to common stock	\$ 69,942	\$ 3
	=====	
Debt discount on notes payable associated with detachable warrants	\$ 1,070,860	\$
	=====	
Issuance of common stock, warrants and options in settlement of accrued expenses and due to related parties	\$ 467,346	\$
	=====	
Reclassification of derivative liability to additional paid in capital	\$ 1,090,000	\$
	=====	
Issuance of common stock in connection with license agreements	\$ --	\$
	=====	
Net assets of entities acquired in exchange for equity securities	\$ --	\$
	=====	
Debt placement fees paid by issuance of warrants	\$ --	\$
	=====	
Patent pending acquired for 12,500 shares of common stock	\$ --	\$
	=====	
Common stock issued for prepaid expenses	\$ --	\$
	=====	

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SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

62

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006  
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1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

ORGANIZATION

Aethlon Medical, Inc. ("Aethlon") engages in the research and development of a medical device known as the Hemopurifier(TM) that removes harmful substances from the blood. Aethlon is in the development stage on the Hemopurifier(TM) and significant research and testing are still needed to reach commercial viability. Any resulting medical device or process will require approval by the U.S. Food



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and Drug Administration ("FDA") or the regulatory agency of any foreign country where it intends to sell its device. Aethlon has not yet begun efforts to obtain any FDA approval, which may take several years, but it intends to initiate human trials in India to obtain regulatory approval there. Since many of Aethlon's patents were issued in the 1980's, some have expired and other are scheduled to expire in the near future. Thus, some patents may expire before FDA approval or approval in a foreign country, if any, is obtained. However, the Company believes that certain patent applications and/or other patents issued more recently will help protect the proprietary nature of the Hemopurifier(TM) treatment technology.

Aethlon is classified as a development stage enterprise under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), and has not generated revenues from its planned principal operations.

Aethlon's common stock is quoted on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board administered by the National Association of Securities Dealers ("OTCBB") under the symbol "AEMD.OB."

### PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Aethlon Medical, Inc. and its inactive wholly-owned subsidiaries Aethlon, Inc., Hemex, Inc., Syngen Research, Inc. and Cell Activation, Inc. (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Company"). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

### GOING CONCERN

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates, among other things, the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The Company has suffered continuing losses from operations, is in default on certain debt (see Notes 6 and 7), has negative working capital of approximately \$1,921,000, recurring losses from operations and a deficit accumulated during the development stage of approximately \$22,062,000 at March 31, 2006, which among other matters, raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. A significant amount of additional capital will be necessary to advance the development of the Company's products to the point at which they may become commercially viable. The Company intends to fund operations through debt and/or equity financing arrangements, which management believes may be insufficient to fund its capital expenditures, working capital and other cash requirements (consisting of accounts payable, accrued liabilities, amounts due to related parties and amounts due under various notes payable) for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2006. Therefore, the Company will be required to seek additional funds to finance its long-term operations.

The Company is currently addressing its liquidity issue by continually seeking investment capital through the public markets, specifically, through private placement of common stock and a common stock purchase agreement with Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC ("Fusion"). As of June 15, 2006, provided certain terms of the agreement remain in force, the Company can sell Fusion up to \$4,314,999 of the Company's common stock through June 2007. The Company believes that its cash on hand and the funds available from the common stock purchase agreement with Fusion will be sufficient to meet its liquidity needs for fiscal 2007. However, no assurance can be given that the Company will receive any funds in addition to the funds it has received to date.

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AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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## 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### GOING CONCERN (continued)

Under such agreement and there is no guarantee that these strategies will enable the Company to meet its obligations for the foreseeable future. The successful outcome of future activities cannot be determined at this time and there is no assurance that, if achieved, the Company will have sufficient funds to execute its intended business plan or generate positive operating results.

The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments related to recoverability and classification of asset carrying amounts or the amount and classification of liabilities that might result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

### RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company operates in an industry that is subject to intense competition, government regulation and rapid technological change. The Company's operations are subject to significant risk and uncertainties including financial, operational, technological, regulatory and other risks associated with a development stage company, including the potential risk of business failure.

### USE OF ESTIMATES

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP, which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates made by management include, among others, realization of long-lived assets, valuation of derivative liabilities, estimating fair value associated with debt and equity transactions and valuation of deferred tax assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 107, "Disclosure About Fair Value of Financial Instruments," requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments when it is practicable to estimate that value. The carrying amount of the Company's cash, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and notes payable approximates their estimated fair values due to the short-term maturities of those financial instruments. . Management has concluded that it is not practical to determine the estimated fair value of amounts due to related parties. SFAS No. 107 requires that for instruments for which it is not practicable to estimate their fair value, information pertinent to those instruments be disclosed, such as the carrying amount, interest rate, and maturity, as well as the reasons why it is not practicable to estimate fair value. Information about these related party instruments is included in Note 9. Management believes it is not practical to estimate the fair value of such financial instruments because the transactions cannot be assumed to have been consummated at arm's length, the terms are not deemed to be market terms, there are no quoted values available for these instruments, and an independent valuation would not be practicable due to the lack of data regarding similar

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instruments, if any, and the associated potential costs.

### CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISKS

Cash is maintained at various financial institutions. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insures accounts at each institution for up to \$100,000. At times, cash may be in excess of the FDIC insurance limit. The Company had no amounts exceeding this limit at March 31, 2006.

64

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which range from two to five years. Repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred while improvements are capitalized. Upon the sale or retirement of property and equipment, the accounts are relieved of the cost and the related accumulated depreciation with any gain or loss included in the statements of operations.

#### INCOME TAXES

Under SFAS 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes," deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the consolidated financial statements and their respective tax basis. Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of (a) temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts reported for income tax purposes, and (b) tax credit carry-forwards. The Company records a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets when, based on management's best estimate of taxable income in the foreseeable future, it is more likely than not that some portion of the deferred income tax assets may not be realized.

#### LONG-LIVED ASSETS

SFAS 144, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of," addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. SFAS 144 requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If the cost basis of a long-lived asset is greater than the projected future undiscounted net cash flows from such asset, an impairment loss is recognized.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the cost basis of an asset and its estimated fair value. SFAS 144 also requires companies to separately report discontinued operations and extends that reporting requirement to a component of an entity that either has been disposed of (by sale, abandonment or in a distribution to owners) or is classified as held for sale. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or the estimated fair value less costs to sell. The provisions of this pronouncement

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relating to assets held for disposal generally are required to be applied prospectively after the adoption date to newly initiated commitments to sell or dispose of such assets, (as defined), by management. As a result, management cannot determine the potential effects that adoption of SFAS 144 will have on the Company's financial statements with respect to future disposal decisions, if any. Management noted certain impairment indicators requiring review for impairment during the year ended March 31, 2006 and recorded an impairment loss on patents totaling \$81,722.

### EARNINGS PER SHARE

Under SFAS 128, "Earnings per Share," basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares assumed to be outstanding during the period of computation. Diluted earnings per share is computed similar to basic earnings per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive (If the Company had net income in each of the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, approximately 6,800,000 and 2,100,000 shares would have been considered additional common stock equivalents, respectively, based on the treasury stock method). As the Company had net losses for the periods presented, basic and diluted loss per share are the same, as any additional common stock equivalents would be antidilutive.

65

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### SEGMENTS

SFAS 131, "Disclosure About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information," requires public companies to report selected segment information in their quarterly reports issued to shareholders. It also requires entity-wide disclosures about the products and services an entity provides, the foreign countries in which it holds significant assets and how the Company reports revenues and its major customers. The Company currently operates in one segment, as disclosed in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

#### STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation issued to employees using the intrinsic value based method as prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 ("APB 25"), "Accounting for Stock issued to Employees." Under the intrinsic value based method, compensation expense is the excess, if any, of the estimated fair value of the stock at the grant date or other measurement date over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock. Compensation expense, if any, is recognized over the applicable service period, which is usually the vesting period.

SFAS 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," changed the method of accounting for employee stock-based compensation plans to the fair value based method. For stock options and warrants, fair value is estimated using an option

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pricing model that takes into account the stock price at the measurement date, the exercise price, the expected life of the option or warrant, stock volatility and the annual rate of quarterly dividends, if any.

The adoption of the accounting methodology of SFAS 123 is optional and the Company has elected to continue account for stock-based compensation issued to employees using APB 25; however, pro forma disclosures, as if the Company had adopted the cost recognition requirement under SFAS 123, are required to be presented (see below).

Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Interpretation ("FIN") No. 44, "Accounting for Certain Transactions Involving Stock Compensation, an Interpretation of APB 25" clarifies the application of APB 25 for (a) the definition of employee for purpose of applying APB 25, (b) the criteria for determining whether a plan qualifies as a non compensatory plan, (c) the accounting consequence for various modifications to the terms of a previously fixed stock option or award and (d) the accounting for an exchange of stock compensation awards in a business combination. Management believes that the Company accounts for transactions involving stock-based employee compensation in accordance with FIN 44.

SFAS 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure, an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 123," provides alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, this statement amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS 123 to require prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results.

66

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

STOCK BASED COMPENSATION (continued)

At March 31, 2006, the Company has one stock-based employee compensation plan (the "Plan"), which is described more fully in Note 8. The Company accounts for the Plan under the recognition and measurement principles of APB 25, and related interpretation. Stock options granted under the Plan had exercise prices equal to or greater than the estimated fair value of the underlying common stock on the dates of grant. In February 2005, the Company granted 5,303,275 stock options to directors for past services, all at an exercise price that was \$0.08 below the estimated fair value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. Accordingly, the Company recorded approximately \$424,000 of compensation expense in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations for the year ended March 31, 2005. The following table illustrates the effect on net loss and loss per common share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123 to stock-based employee compensation.

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31,

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	2006	2005
	-----	-----
Net loss available to common stockholders, as reported	\$ 2,920,183	\$ 2,096,951
Add back: Recorded intrinsic value	--	(424,262)
Pro forma compensation expense	361,111	2,386,474
	-----	-----
Pro forma net loss available to common stockholders	\$ 3,281,294	\$ 4,059,163
	=====	=====
Loss per common share, as reported		
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.15)
Loss per common share, pro forma		
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.17)	\$ (0.29)

The Company follows SFAS No. 123 (as interpreted by EITF Issue No. 96-18, "Accounting for Equity Instruments That are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services") to account for transactions involving services provided by third parties where the Company issues equity instruments as part of the total consideration.

Pursuant to paragraph 8 of SFAS No. 123, the Company accounts for such transactions using the fair value of the consideration received (i.e. the value of the goods or services) or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, whichever is more reliably measurable. The Company applies EITF Issue No. 96-18, in transactions, when the value of the goods and/or services are not readily determinable and (1) the fair value of the equity instruments is more reliably measurable and (2) the counterparty receives equity instruments in full or partial settlement of the transactions, using the following methodology:

- a) For transactions where goods have already been delivered or services rendered, the equity instruments are issued on or about the date the performance is complete (and valued on the date of issuance).
- b) For transactions where the instruments are issued on a fully vested, non-forfeitable basis, the equity instruments are valued on or about the date of the contract.
- c) For any transactions not meeting the criteria in (a) or (b) above, the Company re-measures the consideration at each reporting date based on its then current stock value.

67

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

STOCK BASED COMPENSATION (continued)

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (R), "Share-Based Payments," which requires that the compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions (including the cost of all employee stock options) be recognized in the financial statements. That cost will be measured based on the estimated fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. SFAS No. 123 (R) covers a wide range of share-based compensation arrangements including share options, restricted share plans, performance-based awards, share appreciation rights, and

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employee share purchase plans. SFAS No.123 (R) replaces SFAS No. 123 and supersedes APB 25. As originally issued, SFAS No. 123 established as preferable a fair-value-based method of accounting for share-based payment transactions with employees. However, that pronouncement permitted entities to continue applying the intrinsic-value model of APB 25, provided that the financial statements disclosed the pro forma net income or loss based on the preferable fair-value method.

The Company is required to apply SFAS No. 123 (R) in the first interim or annual reporting period of the registrant's first fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2005. Thus, the Company's consolidated financial statements will reflect an expense for (a) all share-based compensation arrangements granted on or after April 1, 2006 and for any such arrangements that are modified, cancelled, or repurchased on or after that date, and (b) the portion of previous share-based awards for which the requisite service has not been rendered as of that date, based on the grant-date estimated fair value. Management has not yet determined the future effect of SFAS 123 (R) on its consolidated financial statements.

### SIGNIFICANT RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 153, "Exchanges of Nonmonetary Assets, an amendment of APB Opinion 29, Accounting for Nonmonetary Transactions". The amendments made by SFAS No. 153 are based on the principle that exchanges of nonmonetary assets should be measured using the estimated fair value of the assets exchanged. SFAS No. 153 eliminates the narrow exception for nonmonetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a broader exception for exchanges of nonmonetary assets that do not have commercial substance. A nonmonetary exchange has "commercial substance" if the future cash flows of the entity are expected to change significantly as a result of the transaction. This pronouncement is effective for nonmonetary exchanges in fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2005. The adoption of this pronouncement is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections," which replaces APB Opinion No. 20, "Accounting Changes" and FASB Statement No. 3, "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements." This pronouncement applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle, and revises the requirements for accounting for and reporting a change in accounting principle. SFAS No. 154 requires retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements of a voluntary change in accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to do so. This pronouncement also requires that a change in the method of depreciation, amortization, or depletion for long-lived, non-financial assets be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate that is affected by a change in accounting principle. SFAS No. 154 retains many provisions of APB Opinion No. 20 without change, including those related to reporting a change in accounting estimate, a change in the reporting entity, and correction of an error. The pronouncement also carries forward the provisions of FASB No. 3 which govern reporting accounting changes in interim financial statements. SFAS No. 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. The Statement does not change the transition provisions of any existing accounting pronouncements, including those that are in a transition phase as of the effective date of SFAS No. 154. The adoption of this pronouncement is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's future consolidated financial statements.

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AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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## 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### SIGNIFICANT RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (continued)

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155 entitled "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments," an amendment of SFAS No. 133 ("Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities") and SFAS No. 140 ("Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities"). In this context, a hybrid financial instrument refers to certain derivatives embedded in other financial instruments. SFAS No. 155 permits fair value re-measurement of any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation under SFAS No. 133. SFAS No. 155 also establishes a requirement to evaluate interests in securitized financial assets in order to identify interests that are either freestanding derivatives or "hybrids" which contain an embedded derivative requiring bifurcation. In addition, SFAS No. 155 clarifies which interest/principal strips are subject to SFAS No. 133, and provides that concentrations of credit risk in the form of subordination are not embedded derivatives. SFAS No. 155 amends SFAS No. 140 to eliminate the prohibition on a qualifying special-purpose entity from holding a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative. When SFAS No. 155 is adopted, any difference between the total carrying amount of the components of a bifurcated hybrid financial instrument and the fair value of the combined "hybrid" must be recognized as a cumulative-effect adjustment of beginning deficit/retained earnings.

SFAS No. 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. Earlier adoption is permitted only as of the beginning of a fiscal year, provided that the entity has not yet issued any annual or interim financial statements for such year. Restatement of prior periods is prohibited. The Company has not determined the impact of SFAS No. 155 on its future consolidated financial statements.

Other recent accounting pronouncements issued by the FASB (including its Emerging Issues Task Force), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the Securities and Exchange Commission did not or are not believed by management to have a material impact on the Company's present or future consolidated financial statements.

### PATENTS

The Company capitalizes the cost of patents and patents pending, some of which were acquired, and amortizes such costs over the shorter of the remaining legal life or their estimated economic life, upon issuance of the patent.

### STOCK PURCHASE WARRANTS ISSUED WITH NOTES PAYABLE

The Company granted warrants in connection with the issuance of certain notes payable (see Notes 6, 7 and 8). Under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 14, "Accounting for Convertible Debt and Debt Issued With Stock Purchase Warrants", as amended, the relative estimated fair value of such warrants represents a discount from the face amount of the notes payable. Accordingly, the relative estimated fair value of the warrants in those certain transactions where the warrants qualified for equity classification has been recorded in the consolidated financial statements as a discount from the face amount of the



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notes. The discount is amortized using the effective yield method over the respective term of the related notes payable.

69

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### BENEFICIAL CONVERSION FEATURE OF CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE

The convertible feature of certain notes payable (see Notes 6 and 7) provides for a rate of conversion that is below market value. Such feature is normally characterized as a "beneficial conversion feature" ("BCF"). Pursuant to Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 98-5 ("EITF Issue No. 98-5"), "Accounting for Convertible Securities With Beneficial Conversion Features or Contingently Adjustable Conversion Ratio" and Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 00-27, "Application of EITF Issue No. 98-5 to Certain Convertible Instruments," the estimated fair value of the BCF is recorded in the consolidated financial statements as a discount from the face amount of the notes. Such discounts are amortized to interest expense over the term of the notes using the effective yield method. The Company has determined the unamortized fair value of such BCF to be approximately \$127,761 and \$0 for the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

#### CLASSIFICATION OF WARRANT OBLIGATION

In connection with the issuance of the 10% Series A Convertible Notes (see Note 7), the Company had an obligation to file a registration statement covering the common shares underlying the convertible notes and related warrants (the "Registrable Securities", as defined in the Registration Rights Agreement). The obligation to file the registration statement met the criteria of an embedded derivative to be bifurcated pursuant to SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", as amended. Additionally, the Company was required to classify the warrant obligation as a derivative liability, recorded at its fair value, in accordance with SFAS No. 133 under EITF Issue No. 00-19, "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed To, and Potentially Settled In, a Company's Own Stock." The classification of the warrant obligation was evaluated at each reporting date and until such time a registration statement which includes the shares underlying the warrants became effective, with changes in fair value included in earnings.

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

The Company incurred approximately \$754,000 and \$497,000 of research and development expenses during the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, which are included in various operating expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

#### OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on the Company's financial statements.

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### RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2005 financial statement presentation to Correspond to the 2006 presentation.

#### 2. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consist of the following at March 31, 2006:

Furniture and office equipment	\$	243,724
Accumulated depreciation		(231,346)
		-----
	\$	12,378
		=====

Depreciation expense for the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 approximated \$23,000 and \$16,000, respectively.

70

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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#### 3. PATENTS

Patents include both foreign and domestic patents. There was one patent pending at March 31, 2006 and 2005. The unamortized cost of patents and patents pending is written off when management determines there is no future benefit. During the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, patents with net carrying values of \$81,722 and \$0, respectively, were written off as impairment expense. At March 31, 2006, the gross carrying amount of patents and the related accumulated amortization approximated \$157,000 and \$26,000, respectively. Amortization of patents approximated \$12,000 and \$23,000 during the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Amortization expense on patents is estimated to be approximately \$9,000 per year for the next five fiscal years. Some of the Company's patents have expired and others may expire before FDA approval, if any, is obtained.

#### 4. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets consist of deposits at March 31, 2006.

#### 5. DEBT-TO-EQUITY CONVERSION PROGRAM

In March 2002, for a limited time, the Company extended an offer to certain note holders and vendors to convert past due amounts into restricted common stock and warrants to purchase common stock of the Company. The offer entailed the conversion of liabilities at a rate of one share and one-half of a warrant for every \$1.25 converted. The warrants had an exercise price of \$2.00 per share and expired three years from the date of issuance; none are outstanding at March 31, 2006 and 2005.

#### 6. NOTES PAYABLE

12% NOTES

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From August 1999 through September 2000, the Company entered into arrangements for the issuance of notes payable from private placement offerings (the "12% Notes") in the original aggregate amount of \$422,500. The 12% Notes bore annual interest at 12% (15% after maturity), required interest to be paid quarterly, matured one year from the date of issuance, and carried detachable warrants. These notes have no acceleration provisions. In June 2004, one such note in the principal amount of \$12,500 plus accrued interest was repaid. In December 2004, each of two such notes in the principal amount of \$25,000, plus \$17,778 accrued interest, were converted to 87,303 restricted common shares at \$0.49 per share.

On May 27, 2005 the Company issued a promissory note to an accredited investor in an amount of \$100,000 with 12% interest maturing on December 1, 2005. In conjunction with the issuance of the Note, the Company also issued a 12-month warrant to acquire 400,000 shares of Common Stock at \$0.25 per share. Accordingly, this warrant has been valued using a Black-Scholes option pricing model and an associated discount of \$41,860, was accreted to interest expense over the term of the Note. This entire amount was included in interest expense during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

At March 31, 2006, \$372,500 of principal balance of the 12% Notes were outstanding and delinquent, in default, and bore interest at the default rate of 15%.

71

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 6. NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

#### 10% NOTES

In October 2004, the Company issued two \$40,000, 10% one-year promissory notes (the "10% Notes") each with 80,000 three-year warrants to purchase common stock at \$0.50 per share and 44,444 three-year warrants to purchase common stock at \$0.90 per share for cash in the total amount of \$80,000 to two accredited individual investors. In accordance with GAAP, the proceeds of the financing have been allocated to the debt and the warrants, based on their relative fair values. Accordingly, a discount of \$46,000 has been recorded as a reduction in the debt balance, and the off-setting credit has been recorded as additional paid-in capital. The debt discount is amortized and charged to interest expense over the life of the debt. During each of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company amortized approximately \$23,000 to interest expense. The entire principal balance of the 10% Notes totaling \$80,000, and associated accrued interest of \$8,000, were repaid in October 2005. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In October 2004, the Company issued a \$50,000, 10% one-year promissory note plus 100,000 three-year warrants to purchase common stock at \$0.50 per share and 55,555 three-year warrants to purchase common stock at \$0.90 per share for cash in the amount of \$50,000 to an accredited individual investor. In accordance with GAAP, the proceeds of the financing were allocated to the debt and the warrants in fiscal 2005, based on their relative fair values. Accordingly, a discount of \$38,000 was recorded as a reduction in the debt balance, and the off-setting credit was recorded as additional paid-in capital. The debt discount is being amortized and charged to interest expense over the term of the debt.

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During the year ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company amortized approximately \$22,000 and \$16,000 to interest expense, respectively. During the year ended March 31, 2005, \$20,000 in principal amount of this note was reduced through application of the note to exercise a portion of the warrants. On March 23, 2006 the Company issued 140,000 restricted shares of common stock in exchange for the remaining \$30,000 principal balance and approximately \$4,600 of accrued interest associated with this note. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

From time to time, the Company issued convertible notes payable ("10% Note") to various investors, bearing interest at 10% per annum, with principal and interest due six months from the date of issuance. The 10% Notes require no payment of principal or interest during the term and may be converted to common stock of the Company at the conversion price of \$0.50 per share at any time at the option of the noteholder. The total amount of the original notes issued was \$275,000. There were two remaining 10% Notes outstanding at March 31, 2004. As of such date and through March 31, 2006, these notes were classified as notes payable since they were no longer convertible.

In July 2004, the Company repaid one of the two remaining 10% Note in the principal amount of \$10,000, plus accrued interest. This note was classified as notes payable as of March 31, 2004 since the note was no longer convertible at such time.

The remaining 10% Note in the amount of \$5,000, was past due and in default at March 31, 2006. At March 31, 2006, interest payable on this note totaled \$2,375.

### 9% NOTE

In April 2003, the Company issued a convertible note in the amount of \$150,000 ("9% Note"), bearing interest at 9% per annum, with principal and interest due in June 2003, which is in default and currently bears penalty interest at 18% per annum. The 9% Note required no payment of principal or interest during the term and was convertible into common stock of the Company at the conversion price of \$0.25 per share through June 2003 at the option of the noteholder. As this note is no longer convertible, the outstanding balance totaling \$150,000 has been recorded as notes payable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

Notes payable, which are all in default, consist of the following at March 31, 2006:

12% Notes payable, all past due	\$372,500
10% Note payable, past due	5,000
9% Note payable, past due	150,000
	-----
	\$527,500
	=====

Management's plans to satisfy the remaining outstanding balance on these notes include converting the notes to common stock at market value or repayment with available funds.

### 7. CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE

#### 8% CONVERTIBLE NOTE

In November 2000, the Company issued convertible notes payable ("8% Convertible Notes") with original issue amounts totaling \$395,000, bearing interest at 8% per annum, with principal and accrued interest due on November 1, 2002.

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AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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7. CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

8% CONVERTIBLE NOTE (continued)

The 8% Convertible Notes required the Company to file an effective registration statement by February 2001. The Company filed a Form SB-2 with the SEC in December 2000; however, such registration statement was never declared effective and was subsequently abandoned. However, as the underlying securities are no longer restricted under Rule 144 of the Securities Act of 1933, the Company no longer plans on filing a registration statement in connection with this transaction. The Company accrued and expensed penalties approximating \$244,000 through March 31, 2004 in connection with not filing an effective registration statement. During the year ended March 31, 2005 it was discovered that the penalties did not have to be paid. Accordingly, such amount was reversed in fiscal 2005 and is included as a credit to interest expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

There was one remaining 8% Convertible Note with an outstanding principal balance of \$125,000 at March 31, 2004. This note balance, including accrued interest of \$38,370, was converted in September 2004 to 479,513 shares of common stock

15% CONVERTIBLE NOTE

On May 16, 2005 the Company issued Fusion Capital ("Fusion") a \$30,000 Convertible Promissory Note (the "Convertible Note") with an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum that matured on August 15, 2005 (the "Maturity Date"). In addition, the Company issued Fusion a five-year warrant to purchase 300,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.25 per share (the "Warrant"). In accordance with EITF Issue No. 98-5, EITF Issue No. 00-27 and APB No. 14, the Company recorded debt discounts associated with conversion feature and the warrants totaling \$30,000 which was entirely amortized to interest expense during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006. The Convertible Note and approximately \$5,000 in associated accrued interest was exchanged for 174,716 shares of restricted common stock on March 23, 2006.

10% SERIES A CONVERTIBLE NOTES

From July 11, 2005 through December 15, 2005 the Company received cash investments totaling \$1,000,000 from accredited investors based on agreed-upon terms reached on the cash receipt dates. Such investments were documented in November and December 2005 in several 10% Series A Convertible Notes. The 10% Series A Convertible Notes accrue interest at a rate of ten percent (10%) per annum and mature on January 2, 2007. The 10% Series A Convertible Notes are convertible into shares of common stock at any time at the election of the holder at a conversion price equal to \$0.20 per share for any conversion occurring on or prior to the maturity date.

In addition, upon conversion, the Company is obligated to issue three-year Warrants (the "Series A Warrants") to purchase a number of shares equal to the number of shares into which the Series A Notes can be converted at an exercise price of \$0.20.

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### The Conversion Option

SFAS No. 133 states that a contract issued by an entity that is both (a) indexed to its own stock and (b) would be classified in stockholders' equity if it were a freestanding financial instrument is not a derivative for purposes of that pronouncement. Management has concluded that the conversion option associated with the 10% Series A Convertible Notes is "indexed to the Company's own stock" as that term is defined by EITF Issue No. 01-6, "The Meaning of Indexed to Company's Own Stock". In addition, since such notes have been determined to be "conventional convertible debt instruments" as defined in EITF Issue No. 05-2, "The Meaning of Conventional Convertible Debt Instrument" in Issue 00-19", the requirements of EITF Issue No. 00-19 do not apply. Lastly, the debt host contract is not a derivative in its entirety and (based on SFAS No. 133) the conversion option need not be bifurcated from such contract. Therefore, the conversion option is not a derivative instrument as contemplated by EITF Issue No. 00-19 or SFAS No. 133. As explained below, the Company has therefore applied intrinsic value accounting to the BCF embedded in the conversion option.

### Intrinsic Value Accounting for the BCF

The Company has accounted for the BCF associated with the 10% Series A Convertible Notes in accordance EITF Issue No. 98-5, EITF Issue No. 00-27, and APB No. 14. The convertible feature of the 10% Series A Convertible Notes provides for a rate of conversion that is below market value. The excess of the proceeds over the estimated fair value of the warrants (see "Accounting for the Warrants" below) was used to calculate the effective conversion price per share. Pursuant to EITF 98-5 and EITF 00-27, the Company has estimated the fair value of such BCF to be \$270,125 and recorded such amount as a debt discount against the face amount of the notes. Such discount is being accreted to interest expense over the term of the notes. Total interest expense on the 10% Series A Convertible Notes for amortization of the above BCF debt discount totaled \$142,365 for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

73

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 7. CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (continued)

#### 10% SERIES A CONVERTIBLE NOTES (continued)

#### Accounting for the Warrants

Under this transaction, the Company is obligated to register for resale the common shares underlying the warrants, and as a result, the embedded derivative associated with this warrant obligation does not meet the scope exception of paragraph 11(a) of SFAS No. 133. Specifically, at the commitment date, the Company did not have any uncommitted registered shares to settle the warrant obligation and accordingly, such obligation was required to be classified as a liability (outside of stockholders' deficit) in accordance with EITF Issue No. 00-19. The Series A Warrants were valued at \$729,875 on the commitment date using a Binomial Lattice option pricing model. Such amount was recorded as a derivative liability and an offsetting debt discount against the face amount of the 10% Series A Convertible Notes. Such debt discount will be expensed as

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future conversions occur.

On January, 2006, the registration statement which included the shares underlying the 10% Series A Convertible Notes and related warrants was deemed effective. Accordingly, the Company revalued the warrants at such date, totaling \$1,090,000, with the change in fair value of the warrant liability totaling \$360,125 expensed in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the year ended March 31, 2006.

If the effectiveness of the registration statement is not maintained, the Company could incur liquidated damages as described in the related registration rights agreement.

### 8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS

#### 2003 CONSULTANT STOCK PLAN

In August 2003, the Company adopted the 2003 Consultant Stock Plan (the "Stock Plan"), which provides for grants of common stock through August 2013, to assist the Company in obtaining and retaining the services of persons providing consulting services for the Company. A total of 1,000,000 common shares are reserved for issuance under the Stock Plan. On March 29, 2004, the Company filed a registration statement on Form S-8 for the purpose of registering 1,000,000 common shares issuable under the Stock Plan under the Securities Act of 1933. On August 29, 2005, the Company filed a Form S-8 for the purpose of registering an additional 2,000,000 shares, for a total of 3,000,000 common shares reserved under the Plan.

#### 2005 DIRECTORS COMPENSATION PROGRAM

In February 2005, the Company adopted the 2005 Directors Compensation Program (the "Directors Compensation Program") to assist in obtaining and retaining the services of outside directors. Under the Directors Compensation Program, a newly elected director will receive a one time grant of a non-qualified stock option of 1.5% of the common stock outstanding at the time of election. The options will vest one-third at the time of election to the board and the remaining two-thirds will vest equally at year end over three years. Additionally, each director will also receive an annual \$25,000 non-qualified stock option retainer, \$15,000 of which is to be paid at the first of the year to all directors who are on the Board prior to the first meeting of the year and a \$10,000 retainer will be paid if a director attends 75% of the meetings either in person, via conference call or other electronic means. The exercise price for the options under the Directors Compensation Program will equal the average closing of the last ten (10) trading days prior to the date earned.

74

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### COMMON STOCK

In April 2004, the Company issued 500,000 shares of restricted common stock to an accredited individual investor in connection with the exercise of warrants at

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\$0.25 per share for cash totaling \$125,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In April 2004, the Company issued 17,143 shares at \$1.75 per share to an accredited individual investor for investor relations services in the amount of \$30,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In April 2004, the Company issued 50,000 shares of restricted common stock to Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC, an accredited institutional investor, for a financing commitment to provide \$6,000,000 under a registered private placement. In connection with the \$6,000,000 financing the Company paid a fee to Fusion Capital in the amount of 418,604 shares of common stock. The Company recorded no expense related to the issuance of these shares since they were related to equity fund raising activities. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In May 2004, the Company issued 225,000 shares of common stock at \$0.44 per share and 225,000 warrants to purchase the Company's common stock at a price of \$0.76 per share to legal counsel for legal services in the amount of \$99,000, which was recorded as expense in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In May 2004, a \$50,000 10% convertible note was converted at \$0.44 per share for 113,636 shares of common stock and 113,636 warrants to purchase the Company's common stock at a price of \$0.76 per share. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In May 2004, the Company issued a total of 1,415,909 shares of restricted stock at a price of \$0.44 per share for cash totaling \$623,000 to fourteen accredited investors. In connection with the issuance of these shares, the Company granted the stockholders 1,640,908 warrants to purchase the Company's common stock at a price of \$0.76 per share. The warrants vested immediately and expire on the fifth anniversary from the date when a registration statement covering the common stock underlying such warrants is declared effective. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

In July 2004, the Company issued 10,715 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.70 per share to an accredited individual for employee placement services in the amount of \$7,500. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In July 2004, the Company issued 6,850 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.73 per share to an accredited individual for consulting services on opportunities for the Company's Hemopurifier(TM) within the biodefense marketplace in the amount of \$5,000. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In September 2004, the Company issued 479,513 shares of restricted common stock to an accredited investor, in conjunction with the conversion of \$125,000 in principal amount of notes, plus accrued interest, at \$0.34 per share, in accordance with their convertible note agreement (see Note 7). This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.



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AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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## 8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

### COMMON STOCK (continued)

In November and December 2004, the Company issued 80,000 shares of restricted common stock to an accredited individual investor in connection with the exercise of 80,000 warrants at \$0.25 per share for consideration of a \$20,000 reduction in the principal amount of a 10% one-year promissory note. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In December 2004, the Company issued 461,667 shares of restricted common stock to two accredited individual investors in connection with the exercise of 461,667 warrants at \$0.25 per share for cash totaling \$115,417. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In December 2004, the Company repaid two \$25,000 12% promissory notes, including accrued interest of \$17,778 each, through the issuance of 87,303 restricted common shares at \$0.49 per share to each of two separate accredited individual investors. These transactions were exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In December 2004, the Company issued 60,000 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.50 per share under a consulting agreement with an accredited individual investor, for investor relations consulting services to the Company. The fair value of the transaction of \$30,000 was recorded as deferred compensation and presented as an offset to additional paid-in capital in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Such amount is being amortized to expense over the six month term of the agreement. At March 31, 2005, \$15,000 of such amount remained unamortized. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933. The remaining \$15,000 balance in deferred consulting fees were amortized during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

In January 2005, the Company issued 55,556 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.36 per share and a warrant to purchase 55,556 shares of common stock at \$0.44 per share for cash in the amount of \$20,000 to an accredited individual investor. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In January 2005, the Company issued 66,666 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.45 per share to an accredited individual investor under a consulting agreement for investor relations services to the Company. The fair value of the transaction of \$30,000 was recorded as deferred compensation and presented as an offset to additional paid-in capital in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Such amount is being amortized to expense over the six month term of the agreement. At March 31, 2005, \$15,000 of such amount remained unamortized. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933. The remaining \$15,000 balance in deferred consulting fees were amortized during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

In January 2005, the Company issued 25,834 shares of restricted common stock to an accredited individual investor in connection with the exercise of a warrant to purchase 25,834 shares of common stock at \$0.25 per share for cash totaling

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\$6,459. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In February 2005, the Company issued 139,063 shares of restricted common stock to an accredited individual investor in connection with the exercise of a warrant to purchase 139,063 shares of common stock at \$0.25 per share for cash totaling \$34,766. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

76

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### COMMON STOCK (continued)

In February 2005, the Company issued 90,000 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.27 per share and a three-year warrant to purchase 90,000 shares of common stock at \$0.34 per share for cash in the amount of \$24,300 to an accredited individual investor. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company issued an additional total of 1,416,958 shares of restricted common stock at prices ranging from \$0.25 to \$0.52 for total cash proceeds of approximately \$541,000.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company issued an additional 557,647 shares of restricted common stock at prices ranging from \$0.25 to \$0.55 under various consulting service agreements for total recorded value of approximately \$196,000. All services on these agreements were completed and expensed during the year ended March 31, 2005.

In April 2005, the Company issued 9,740 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.31 per share in payment for scientific consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000.

In April 2005, the Company issued 25,134 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.30 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$7,500.

In April 2005, the Company issued 31,424 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.25 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$7,900.

During the year ended March 31, 2006, the Company issued 3,990,807 shares of common stock at prices between \$0.25 to and \$0.76 per share to Fusion Capital under its \$6,000,000 common stock purchase agreement for cash proceeds totaling \$1,436,815. These shares are registered pursuant to the Company's Form SB-2 registration statement effective December 7, 2004.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2005, the Company issued 95,420 shares of

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common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.262 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$25,000.

In May 2005, the Company issued 33,228 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.25 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$8,440.

In May 2005, the Company issued 24,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.25 per share in payment for investor relations consulting services to the Company valued at \$6,000.

In May 2005 the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock and a warrant to purchase 400,000 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$0.18 per share to an accredited investor for \$17,600. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.

77

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### COMMON STOCK (continued)

In May 2005, the Company issued 11,450 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.26 per share in payment for scientific consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000.

In June 2005, the Company issued 34,352 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.26 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In June 2005, the Company issued 34,352 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.26 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In June 2005, the Company issued 11,450 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.26 per share in payment for scientific consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000.

In June 2005, the Company issued 21,008 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.24 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In June 2005, the Company issued 836,730 shares of restricted common stock and a three-year warrant to purchase 418,365 shares of the Company's restricted common

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stock at an exercise price of \$0.25 to legal counsel as an inducement to settle accrued past due legal services payable in the amount of \$167,346 which had been expensed in the prior fiscal year. At the time of the settlement, the shares of the Company's restricted common stock were valued at \$209,183 and, using a Black-Scholes option pricing model, the warrant was valued at \$100,408. The non-cash additional consideration of \$142,245 has been recorded as professional fees expense during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

In June 2005, the Company issued 12,605 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.24 per share in payment for scientific consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2005, the Company expensed \$30,000 of deferred consulting fees, which were included in additional paid-in capital at March 31, 2005, as the related consulting services were completed.

In July 2005, the Company issued 43,479 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.23 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$10,000.

In July 2005, the Company issued 2,155 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.23 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$500.

In August 2005, the Company issued 37,863 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.23 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$8,557.

78

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### COMMON STOCK (continued)

In August 2005, the Company issued 91,739 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.23 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$21,100.

In August 2005, the Company issued 21,368 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.23 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In August 2005, the Company issued 175,755 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.21 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$37,260.

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In September 2005, the Company issued 27,852 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.21 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,738.

In October 2005, the Company issued 21,186 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.24 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In October 2005, the Company issued 35,278 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.22 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$7,620.

In November 2005, the Company issued 19,948 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.38 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$7,660.

In November 2005, the Company issued 97,662 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.37 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$36,135.

In November 2005, the Company issued 13,298 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.38 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In December 2005, the Company issued 371,847 shares of common stock to legal counsel pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.25 per share in payment of general legal fees valued at \$91,509.

In December 2005, the Company issued 73,964 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.25 per share in payment of legal fees related to capital raising transactions valued at \$18,202.

79

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### COMMON STOCK (continued)

In December 2005, the Company issued 13,333 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.29 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,840.

In December 2005, the Company issued 15,060 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.33 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting

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services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In January 2006, the Company issued 579,813 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.24 per share in payment for patent fees valued at \$139,155.

In January 2006, the Company issued 66,017 shares of restricted common stock at Prices ranging from \$0.28 to \$0.33 per share in payment for investor relations valued at \$20,000.

In January 2006, the Company issued 9,091 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.33 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000.

In January 2006, the Company issued 13,889 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.36 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In February 2006, the Company issued 10,563 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.28 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000.

In March 2006, the Company issued 17,730 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.28 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In March 2006, the Company issued 79,255 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.28 per share in payment for Corporate communications consulting services to the Company valued at \$19,974.

In March 2006, the Company issued 110,040 shares of common stock to legal counsel pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan and 110,040 shares of restricted stock at \$0.39 per share in payment of general legal fees valued at \$85,392.

In March 2006, the Company issued 7,275 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.49 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company.

In March 2006, the Company issued 27,284 shares of common stock to legal counsel pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.34 per share in payment of general legal fees valued at \$9,197.

80

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

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### COMMON STOCK (continued)

In March 2006, the Company issued 158,046 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.33 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$52,155.

In March 2006, the Company converted a \$30,000 10% promissory notes held by an accredited individual investor, including accrued interest of \$4,564, through the issuance of 140,000 restricted common shares at \$0.25 per share.

In March 2006, a \$30,000 15% convertible note, including accrued interest of \$4,943, was converted at \$0.20 per share for 174,716 shares of common stock. This transaction was exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In March 2006, the Company issued 150,000 shares of restricted common stock under a one year investor relations consulting agreement which was valued at \$49,000 and being amortized over a one year period. Approximately \$4,000 was amortized during the year ended March 31, 2006. As a result, the remaining balance of \$44,917 represents that entire balance of deferred consulting fees (contra equity) in accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

In March 2006, the Company issued 35,714 shares of restricted common stock payment of professional services related to investor relations valued at \$10,000.

In March 2006, the Company issued 15,152 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.33 per share in payment of professional services related to investor relations valued at \$5,000.

In March 2006, the Company issued 33,333 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.30 per share in payment of an option agreement valued at \$10,000.

### WARRANTS

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company granted 568,181 warrants to an investor in connection with a commitment fee for the purchase of common stock. The warrants have an exercise price of \$0.76 per share, vest immediately and are exercisable through May 2009. As the warrants were issued in connection with equity financing, no expense has been recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company granted 847,727 warrants to investors in connection with the purchase of common stock. The warrants have an exercise price of \$0.76 per share, vest immediately and are exercisable through May 2009. As the warrants were issued in connection with equity financing, no expense has been recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company issued 113,636 warrants to purchase common stock for \$0.76 per share, which are exercisable through May 2009 and vested upon grant. The warrants were issued in connection with the conversion of notes payable (see Notes 7 and 8). These warrants were valued using the Black Scholes option pricing model; the relative pro-rata estimated fair value was insignificant and was charged to interest expense upon grant.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company issued 225,000 warrants to purchase common stock for \$0.76 per share, which are exercisable through May 2009 and vested upon grant. The warrants were issued in connection with common stock issued for legal services expense totaling \$99,000 (see "Common Stock" above).

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

WARRANTS (continued)

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company issued 260,000 warrants to purchase common stock for \$0.50 per share, which vested upon grant and expire in October 2007. The warrants were issued in connection with the issuance of notes payable (see Note 7). These warrants were valued using the Black Scholes option pricing model; the relative pro-rata estimated fair value is being amortized to interest expense over the life of the notes.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company issued 144,443 warrants to purchase common stock for \$0.90 per share, which vested upon grant and expire in October 2007. The warrants were issued in connection with the issuance of notes payable (see Note 7). These warrants were valued using the Black Scholes option pricing model; the relative pro-rata estimated fair value was amortized to interest expense over the life of the notes.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company granted 55,556 warrants to An investor in connection with the purchase of common stock. The warrants have an exercise price of \$0.44 per share, vest immediately and are exercisable through January 2008. As the warrants were issued in connection with equity financing, no expense has been recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company granted 90,000 warrants to investors in connection with the purchase of common stock. The warrants have an exercise price of \$0.34 per share, vest immediately and are exercisable through February 2008. As the warrants were issued in connection with equity financing, no expense has been recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

As noted under "Common Stock", 1,206,564 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share, which were granted to investors in connection with the purchase of common stock, were exercised during the year ended March 31, 2005.

On May 16, 2005, the Company granted 100,000 warrants to an accredited investor in connection with the purchase of 100,000 restricted common shares for \$17,600. the warrants have an exercise price of \$0.176 and are exercisable through May 2008.

On May 16, 2005, the Company granted 300,000 warrants to Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC in connection with the issuance of a 15% Convertible Note. The warrants have an exercise price of \$0.25 per share and are exercisable through May 2010.

On May 27, 2005, the Company granted 400,000 warrants to an accredited investor in connection with the issuance of a \$100,000 12% note payable. The warrants had an exercise price of \$0.25 and expired on May 27, 2006.

On June 27, 2005, the Company granted three-year warrants to purchase 418,365 shares of the Company's restricted common stock at an exercise price of \$0.25 to



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legal counsel as an inducement to settle accrued past due legal services payable.

From July 11, 2006 through December 14, 2005, the Company granted three-year warrants to purchase 5,000,000 shares of common stock to the holders of an aggregate of \$1,000,000 in 10% Series A Convertible Notes. The warrants have an exercise price of \$0.20 and will be issued upon conversion of the underlying 10% Series A Convertible Notes.

On March 31, 2006, as an inducement to exercise 568,181 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.76 per share, the Company issued five-year replacement warrants in like amount to Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC. The 568,181 replacement warrants have an exercise price of \$0.76. Such warrants were valued using Binomial Option Pricing model and such value was insignificant.

82

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

WARRANTS (continued)

A summary of the aggregate warrant activity for the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 is presented below:

	Year Ended March 31,			
	2006		2005	
	Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of year	2,833,834	\$ 0.91	3,793,194	\$ 2.22
Granted	1,786,546	\$ 0.41	2,311,543	0.71
Exercised	(568,182)	\$ 0.76	(1,206,564)	0.25
Cancelled/Forfeited	(260,291)	\$ 3.30	(2,064,339)	2.75
Outstanding, end of year	3,791,908	\$ 0.61	2,833,834	\$ 0.91
Exercisable, end of year	3,791,908	\$ 0.61	2,833,834	\$ 0.91
Weighted average estimated fair value of warrants granted		\$ 0.23		\$ 0.60

The following outlines the significant weighted average assumptions used to estimate the fair value information presented utilizing the Black-Scholes and

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Binomial Lattice option pricing models:

	Years Ended March 31, 2006	2005
Risk free interest rate	4.18%-4.3%	2.00%
Average expected life	3 years	2 years
Expected volatility	72% - 97%	139%
Expected dividends	None	None

The detail of the warrants outstanding and exercisable as of March 31, 2006 is as follows:

	Warrants Outstanding			Warrants Exercisable	
	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$0.18 - \$0.20	100,000	3.00	\$ 0.18	100,000	\$ 0.18
\$0.25 - \$0.44	1,443,921	1.76	\$ 0.26	1,443,921	\$ 0.26
\$0.50 - \$0.90	2,158,987	3.63	\$ 0.74	2,158,987	\$ 0.74
\$2.75 - \$4.00	89,000	0.73	\$ 3.79	89,000	\$ 3.79
	----- 3,791,908 =====			----- 3,791,908 =====	

83

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

OPTIONS

At March 31, 2006 the Company had issued 1,337,825 options to outside directors and 3,965,450 options to employee-directors under the 2005 Directors Compensation Program.

From time to time, the Company's Board of Directors grants common share purchase options or warrants to selected directors, officers, employees, consultants and advisors in payment of goods or services provided by such persons on a stand-alone basis outside of any of the Company's formal stock plans. The terms of these grants are individually negotiated.

In August 2000, the Company adopted the 2000 Stock Option Plan ("Stock Option Plan"), which was approved by its stockholders in September 2000. The Stock Option Plan provides for the issuance of up to 500,000 options to purchase shares of common stock. Such options can be incentive options or nonstatutory options, and may be granted to employees, directors and consultants. The Stock Option Plan has limits as to the eligibility of those stockholders who own more than 10% of Company stock, as defined. The options granted pursuant to the Stock

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Option Plan may have exercise prices of no less than 100% of fair market value of the Company's common stock at the date of grant (incentive options), or no less than 75% of fair market value of such stock at the date of grant (nonstatutory). At March 31, 2006, the Company had granted 47,500 options under the 2000 Stock Option Plan of which 15,000 had been forfeited, with 467,500 available for future issuance.

In March 2002, the Board of Directors granted the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Scientific Officer ("CSO") non-qualified stock options to purchase up to 250,000 shares of common stock each, at an exercise price of \$1.90 per share (the estimated fair value of the underlying common stock at grant date) and expire March 2012. Awards are earned upon achievement of certain financial and/or research and development milestones. On July 1, 2005, the Company's CEO forfeited all of his aforementioned 250,000 options.

In February 2005, the Board of Directors granted the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Scientific Officer ("CSO") non-qualified stock options to purchase up to 2,231,100 and 1,734,350 shares of common stock, respectively, at an exercise price of \$0.38 per share and vest fifty percent immediately, twenty-five percent in December 2005 and twenty-five percent in December 2006. In addition Mr. Calvin Leung, a board member, was granted non-qualified stock options to purchase up to 308,725 shares at \$0.38 that vest fifty percent immediately, twenty-five percent in December 2005 and twenty-five percent in December 2006. Messrs. Franklyn S Barry and Edward G Broenniman, board members, were each granted non-qualified stock options to purchase up to 514,550 shares at \$0.38 that vest forty percent immediately, twenty-five percent in December 2005 and twenty-five percent in December 2006. All of these options granted expire in 2010 and 2011 and were granted at a price that was \$0.08 below the estimated fair value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. Accordingly, the Company recorded approximately \$424,000 of compensation expense in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations for the year ended March 31, 2005.

On September 9, 2005, the Company granted 2,857,143 options to James A. Joyce, its Chief Executive Officer, in exchange for \$300,000 of accrued related-party liabilities. The fair value of such options approximated the value of the accrued related-party liability.

84

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 8. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### OPTIONS (continued)

The following is a summary of the stock options outstanding at March 31, 2006 and 2005 and the changes during the two years then ended:

Year Ended March 31,	
2006	2005
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	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of year	6,679,390	\$ 0.80	1,376,115	\$ 2.49
Granted	3,357,143	0.21	5,303,275	0.38
Exercised	--	--	--	--
Cancelled/Forfeited	(1,023,748)	2.74	--	--
Outstanding, end of year	9,012,785	\$ 0.38	6,679,390	\$ 0.80
Exercisable, end of year	7,135,518	\$ 0.39	3,924,856	\$ 1.10
Weighted average estimated fair value of options granted		\$ 0.12		\$ 0.45

The following outlines the significant weighted average assumptions used to estimate the fair value information presented utilizing the Binomial Lattice option pricing model for the years ended March 31, 2006 and March 31, 2005:

Years Ended March 31,

	2006	2005
Risk free interest rate	4.18%	3.75%
Average expected life	4.7 years	4 years
Expected volatility	72%	225%
Expected dividends	None	None

The detail of the options outstanding and exercisable as of March 31, 2006 is as follows:

Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Life	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$0.21 - \$0.23	3,357,143	4.13 years	\$ 0.21	2,857,143	\$ 0.21
\$0.38	5,303,275	4.61 years	\$ 0.38	3,926,008	\$ 0.38
\$1.78 - \$3.75	352,367	5.57 years	\$ 2.02	352,367	\$ 2.02
	9,012,785			7,135,518	

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

DUE TO RELATED PARTIES

Certain officers of the Company and other related parties have advanced the Company funds, agreed to defer compensation and/or paid expenses on behalf of the Company to cover working capital deficiencies. These non interest-bearing liabilities have been included as due to related parties in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Other related party transactions are disclosed elsewhere in these notes to consolidated financial statements.

10. INCOME TAX PROVISION

Income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 differed from the amounts computed by applying the U.S. Federal income tax rate of 34 percent to the loss from continuing operations before provision for income taxes as a result of the following:

	2006	2005
	-----	-----
Computed "expected" tax benefit	\$ (993,000)	\$ (713,000)
Reduction in income taxes resulting from:		
Derivative expense	122,000	--
Change in deferred tax assets valuation allowance	1,024,000	814,000
State and local income taxes, net of federal benefit	(153,000)	(125,000)
Other	--	24,000
	-----	-----
	\$ --	\$ --
	=====	=====

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of deferred tax assets at March 31, 2006 are presented below:

Deferred tax assets:	
Capitalized research and development	\$ 2,401,000
Net operating loss carryforwards	4,401,000
Other	136,000
	-----
Total gross deferred tax assets	6,938,000
Less valuation allowance	(6,938,000)
	-----
Net deferred tax assets	\$ --
	=====

The valuation allowance increased by \$1,024,000 and \$814,000 during the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The current provision for income taxes for the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 is not significant and due primarily to certain state taxes. In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which temporary differences become deductible. Management considers projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based upon the history of

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operating losses, management believes it is more likely than not the Company will not realize the benefits of these deductible differences. A full reduction allowance has been recorded to offset 100% of the deferred tax asset.

As of March 31, 2006, the Company had tax net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$11,600,000 and \$6,300,000 available to offset future taxable Federal and state income, respectively. The carryforward amounts expire in various years through 2026. In the event the Company were to experience a greater than 50% change in ownership as defined in Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code, the utilization of the Company's tax net operating loss carryforwards could be severely restricted.

86

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### EMPLOYMENT CONTRACTS

The Company entered into an employment agreement with its Chairman of the Board effective April 1, 1999. The agreement, which is cancelable by either party upon sixty days notice, will be in effect until the employee retires or ceases to be employed by the Company. The Chairman of the Board was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") effective June 1, 2001 upon which the base annual salary was increased from \$120,000 to \$180,000. Effective January 1, 2005, the CEO's salary was increased from \$180,000 to \$205,000 per year. The CEO is eligible for an annual bonus at the discretion of the Board of Directors, of which \$0 and \$20,000 was earned during each of the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Under the terms of the agreement, if the employee is terminated he may become eligible to receive a salary continuation payment in the amount of at least twelve months' base salary. Effective April 1, 2006, the CEO's salary was increased from \$205,000 to \$240,000 per year.

The Company entered into an employment agreement with Dr. Tullis effective January 10, 2000. Effective June 1, 2001, Dr. Tullis was appointed the Company's Chief Science Officer of the Company. His compensation under the agreement was modified in June 2001 from \$80,000 to \$150,000 per year. Effective January 1, 2005 Dr. Tullis' salary was increased from \$150,000 to \$165,000 per year. Under the terms of the agreement, his employment continues at a salary of \$165,000 per year for successive one-year periods, unless given notice of termination 60 days prior to the anniversary of his employment agreement. Dr. Tullis was granted 250,000 stock options to purchase the Company's common stock in connection the completing certain milestones, such as the initiation and completion of certain clinical trials, the submission of proposals to the FDA and the filing of a patent application. Under the terms of the agreement, if the employee is terminated he may become eligible to receive a salary continuation payment in the amount of twelve months base salary. Effective April 1, 2006, the CSO's salary was increased from \$165,000 per year to \$185,000 per year.

#### LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Company leases its office and research and development space under an operating lease agreement which expires in July 2006. The Company signed a new 12 month extension of its existing lease on substantially the same terms as its

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present lease. Minimum monthly payments under the new extension approximate \$7,700.

Rent expense approximated \$126,000 and \$106,000 for the years ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

### 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (unaudited)

In April 2006, the Company issued 3,782 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.79 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000.

In April 2006, the Company issued 25,601 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.50 per share in payment for past due rents owed by the Company valued at \$12,800.

In April 2006, the Company issued 6,313 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.79 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

87

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006

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### 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (unaudited) (continued)

In April 2006, the Company issued 10,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.50 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In April 2006, the Company issued 14,563 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.29 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$4,165.

In April 2006, the Company issued 3,086 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.81 per share in payment for investor relations.

During April 2006, the Company issued 209,679 shares of common stock at prices between \$0.57 and \$0.74 per share to Fusion Capital under its \$6,000,000 common stock purchase agreement for cash proceeds totaling \$140,002. These shares are registered pursuant to the Company's Form SB-2 registration statement effective December 7, 2004.

In April 2006, the Company repaid a \$25,000 15% promissory notes, including accrued interest of \$18,750, through the issuance of 107,759 restricted common shares at \$0.405 per share to an accredited individual investor.

In May 2006, the Company issued 8,532 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.59 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting

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services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In May 2006, the Company issued 5,703 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.53 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000.

In May 2006, the Company issued 4,545 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.55 per share in payment for investor relations.

In June 2006, the Company issued 8,681 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.58 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In June 2006, the Company issued 5,703 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.53 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000.

In June 2006, the Company issued 3,363 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.45 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$1,500.

88

Exhibit 23.1

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors  
Aethlon Medical, Inc.

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the previously filed Registration Statements of Aethlon Medical, Inc. on Form S-8 (File No. 333-127911 and 333-114017 and 333-49896) of our report, dated June 27, 2006 appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB of Aethlon Medical, Inc. for the year ended March 31, 2006.

/s/ Squar, Milner, Reehl & Williamson, LLP  
-----  
Squar, Milner, Reehl & Williamson, LLP

Newport Beach, California  
June 29, 2006

89

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION

Certification of Chief Executive Officer and President, pursuant to Securities Exchange Act rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.



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I, James A. Joyce, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-KSB of Aethlon Medical, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the small business issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;

4. The small business issuer's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the small business issuer and have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures or cause such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;

b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) evaluated the effectiveness of the small business issuer's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) disclosed in this report any change in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the small business issuer's fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or its reasonably likely to materially affect, the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The small business issuer's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the small business issuer's auditors and the audit committee of small business issuer's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) all significant deficiencies and material weakness in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the small business issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal controls over financial reporting; and

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Date: June 29, 2006

/s/ James A. Joyce

-----  
James A. Joyce  
Chief Executive Officer and President

90

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION

Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Securities Exchange Act rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.

I, James W. Dorst, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-KSB of Aethlon Medical, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the small business issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;
4. The small business issuer's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the small business issuer and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures or cause such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the small business issuer's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the small business issuer's fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or its

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reasonably likely to materially affect, the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The small business issuer's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the small business issuer's auditors and the audit committee of small business issuer's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) all significant deficiencies and material weakness in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the small business issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal controls over financial reporting; and

Date: June 29, 2006

/s/ James W. Dorst

-----  
James W. Dorst  
Chief Financial Officer

91

Exhibit 32

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Aethlon Medical, Inc. Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, James A. Joyce, Chief Executive Officer and President, and I, James W. Dorst, Chief Financial Officer, of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of our knowledge:

(1) Fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and

(2) The information contained in such Annual Report on Form 10-KSB fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, another document authenticating, acknowledging or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Aethlon Medical, Inc. and will be retained by Manhattan Scientifics, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

/s/ James A. Joyce

-----  
James A. Joyce  
Chief Executive Officer and President

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/s/ James W. Dorst

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James W. Dorst  
Chief Financial Officer

June 29, 2006

92

Exhibit 99.1

June 28, 2006  
Mr. Jim Joyce  
Aethlon Medical, Inc.  
7825 Fay Avenue, Suite 200  
La Jolla, CA 92037  
Via Facsimile (858) 332-1739

Re: Board Resignation

Dear Mr. Joyce,

Please accept this letter as my formal notice to resign from the Board of Aethlon Medical, Inc. The resignation is to be effective today.

Due to my missionary activities and other interests I have decided to relinquish my responsibilities as a Board Member in order to devote more time and energy to those missionary outreach programs.

It has been a great honor and privilege for me to work with you and the other distinguished members of the Board over the past several years. I trust under your leadership and the effort of the other Board Members and Able staff, you will be able to take the Company to a much higher level of achievement in the very near Future.

May God bless you all.

Warmest Regards,

/s/ Calvin M. Leung

Calvin M. Leung

93

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): July 18, 2006

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AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

0-21846

13-3632859

(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation)

(Commission File Number)

(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

3030 Bunker Hill Street, Suite 4000, San Diego, California

92109

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (858) 459-7800

Not applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

94

THIS FORM 8-K AND OTHER REPORTS FILED BY AETHLON MEDICAL, INC. (THE "COMPANY") FROM TIME TO TIME WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (COLLECTIVELY THE "FILINGS") CONTAIN FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION THAT ARE BASED UPON BELIEFS OF, AND INFORMATION CURRENTLY AVAILABLE TO, THE COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT AS WELL AS ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS MADE BY THE COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT. WHEN USED IN THE FILINGS THE WORDS "ANTICIPATE", "BELIEVE", "ESTIMATE", "EXPECT", "FUTURE", "INTEND", "PLAN" OR THE NEGATIVE OF THESE TERMS AND SIMILAR EXPRESSIONS AS THEY RELATE TO THE COMPANY'S OR THE COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT IDENTIFY FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS. SUCH STATEMENTS REFLECT THE CURRENT VIEW OF THE COMPANY WITH RESPECT TO FUTURE EVENTS AND ARE SUBJECT TO RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES, ASSUMPTIONS AND OTHER FACTORS RELATING TO THE COMPANY'S INDUSTRY, OPERATIONS AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND ANY BUSINESSES THAT MAY BE ACQUIRED BY THE COMPANY. SHOULD ONE OR MORE OF THESE RISKS OR UNCERTAINTIES MATERIALIZE, OR SHOULD THE UNDERLYING ASSUMPTIONS PROVE INCORRECT, ACTUAL RESULTS MAY DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY FROM THOSE ANTICIPATED, BELIEVED, ESTIMATED, EXPECTED, INTENDED OR PLANNED.

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ITEM 5.02 DEPARTURE OF DIRECTORS OR PRINCIPAL OFFICERS; ELECTION OF DIRECTORS; APPOINTMENT OF PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.

On July 18, 2006, Mr. Harold H. Handley was appointed as President of the Company. Mr. Handley brings over 20 years experience in management and research in immunology, biotechnology and medical devices. Mr. Handley has authored or co-authored over 20 publications and helped developed 15 patents. Prior to joining Aethlon, Mr. Handley was Executive Vice President and Chief Scientific Officer for Transvivo, Inc., a privately-held company, from 2000 to 2006. From 1996 to 2000, Mr. Handley was Vaccine Program Director for Maxim Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Mr. Handley was a co-founder of Idec Limited Partners, Inc., today known as Biogen Idec, Inc., operating with a market value exceeding \$14 billion. (NasdaqGS:BIIB). Mr. Handley holds a Ph.D in Anatomy and Cell Biology from University of Virginia and a B.A. in Zoology from the University of California, Los Angeles. Mr. Handley will receive a salary of \$180,000 per year and stock options to purchase 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.28 per share vesting over three years. With Mr. Handley's appointment, Mr. James A. Joyce resigned as President of the Company. Mr. Joyce will continue to serve as Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors.

On July 18, 2006, the Company issued a press release announcing the appointment of Mr. Handley as the Company's President. The full text of the press release is set forth in Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto and is incorporated in this Report as if fully set forth herein.

ITEM 9.01 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS.

(c) Exhibits.

99.1 Press Release dated July 18, 2006

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.

-----  
(Registrant)

Date July 19, 2006  
-----

By: /s/ James Dorst  
-----

Name: James Dorst  
-----

Title: Chief Financial Officer  
-----

EXHIBIT 99.1

[AETHLON LOGO]

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE:

Contact:

Jeff Richardson  
Senior Director, Communications  
858.459.7800 x302  
jrichardson@aethlonmedical.com

James A. Joyce  
Chairman, CEO  
858.459.7800 x301  
jj@aethlonmedical.com

DR. HAROLD HANDLEY APPOINTED PRESIDENT OF AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.

San Diego, CA, July 18, 2006 -Aethlon Medical, Inc., (OTCBB:AEMD) a pioneer in developing therapeutic devices for infectious disease, announced today that Harold ("Hal") H. Handley, Jr. Ph.D. has been appointed President of the organization. Dr. Handley has over 20 years of management and research experience and was a co-founder of Idec Limited Partners, Inc., today known as Biogen Idec, Inc., operating with a market value exceeding \$14 billion. Dr Handley has authored numerous scientific publications and is the primary inventor of more than twelve issued patents. Most recently, Dr. Handley was Executive Vice President and Chief Scientific Officer of Transvivo, Inc., a developer of biofiltration and catheter devices, where he oversaw all regulatory, clinical, patent, and research efforts.

"I believe Aethlon has established a scientific vision that could provide medical benefit to large numbers of civilian and military personnel," stated Dr. Handley. "I'm excited to participate in the effort to commercialize the Hemopurifier™, and look forward to developing other potentially valuable therapeutics," concluded Handley.

As President, Dr. Handley will be responsible for the management of regulatory initiatives, new product development, coordination of grant proposals and science publications, and related communications to the medical community.

"Hal is a tremendous addition to our team," stated Aethlon Chairman and CEO, James A. Joyce. "Especially when considering our near-term plans to file regulatory submissions with the FDA, and the continued testing of the Hemopurifier that is expected abroad." "Over the last year, we have assembled a team that is capable of executing our current scientific initiatives and beyond," concluded Joyce, who previously held the position of President in addition to his role as Chairman and CEO.

ABOUT AETHLON MEDICAL

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Aethlon Medical is developing the first medical device to treat infectious disease. The device, known as the Hemopurifier(TM), is a broad-spectrum treatment countermeasure against drug and vaccine resistant bioweapons, naturally evolving pandemic threats such as H5N1 Avian Flu, and chronic infectious disease targets including Hepatitis-C (HCV) and the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). Global researcher, Frost & Sullivan, recently awarded the HemopurifierTM the 2006 TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION AWARD for its advances in the field of biodefense. Aethlon has also initiated research on a second generation HemopurifierTM that targets the capture of growth factors inherent in the spread of Cancer. More information on Aethlon Medical and the HemopurifierTM technology can be found at [www.aethlonmedical.com](http://www.aethlonmedical.com).

CERTAIN OF THE STATEMENTS HEREIN MAY BE FORWARD-LOOKING AND INVOLVE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES. SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS INVOLVE ASSUMPTIONS, KNOWN AND UNKNOWN RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND OTHER FACTORS WHICH MAY CAUSE THE ACTUAL RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS OF AETHLON MEDICAL, INC TO BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM ANY FUTURE RESULTS, PERFORMANCE, OR ACHIEVEMENTS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED BY THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. SUCH POTENTIAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES INCLUDE, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE COMPANY'S ABILITY TO RAISE CAPITAL WHEN NEEDED, THE COMPANY'S ABILITY TO COMPLETE THE DEVELOPMENT OF ITS PLANNED PRODUCTS, THE ABILITY OF THE COMPANY TO OBTAIN FDA AND OTHER REGULATORY APPROVALS PERMITTING THE SALE OF ITS PRODUCTS, THE COMPANY'S ABILITY TO MANUFACTURE ITS PRODUCTS AND PROVIDE ITS SERVICES, THE IMPACT OF GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS, PATENT PROTECTION ON THE COMPANY'S PROPRIETARY TECHNOLOGY, PRODUCT LIABILITY EXPOSURE, UNCERTAINTY OF MARKET ACCEPTANCE, COMPETITION, TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGE, AND OTHER RISK FACTORS. IN SUCH INSTANCES, ACTUAL RESULTS COULD DIFFER MATERIALLY AS A RESULT OF A VARIETY OF FACTORS, INCLUDING THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE EFFECT OF CHANGING ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OTHER RISK FACTORS DETAILED IN THE COMPANY'S SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION FILINGS.

97

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2006

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 0-21846



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AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
-----

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA  
-----

13-3632859  
-----

State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

3030 Bunker Hill St, Ste 4000, San Diego, CA  
-----

92109  
-----

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(858)-459-7800  
-----

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The number of shares of common stock of the registrant outstanding as of August 10, 2006 was 25,815,789.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format: Yes  No

Documents incorporated by reference: None

98

## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT JUNE 30, 2006	100
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005 AND FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH JUNE 30, 2006	101
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005 AND FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) THROUGH JUNE 30, 2006	102
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	103
ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION	111
ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	114

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Edgar Filing: AETHLON MEDICAL INC - Form 424B3

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS	115
ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS	115
ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES	115
ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS	115
ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION	115
ITEM 6. EXHIBITS	115

99

### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

All references to "us", "we", "our" "Aethlon", "Aethlon Medical", or "the Company" refer to Aethlon Medical, Inc., its predecessors and its subsidiaries.

#### ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

##### AETHLON MEDICAL, INC. (A Development Stage Company) CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2006
	-----
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash	\$ 421,083
Prepaid expenses	19,503
	-----
	440,586
Property and equipment, net	14,153
Patents, net	129,308
Other assets	13,800
	-----
	\$ 597,847
	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 817,803
Due to related parties	1,195,624
Notes payable	502,500

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Convertible notes payable, net of discount	207,345
	-----
	2,723,272

Commitments and Contingencies

Stockholders' Deficit

Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 25,626,300 shares issued and outstanding	25,626
Additional paid-in capital	20,563,219
Deferred consulting fees	(32,667)
Deficit accumulated during development stage	(22,681,603)
	-----
	(2,125,425)
	-----
	\$ 597,847
	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

100

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 and  
For the Period January 31, 1984 (Inception) through June 30, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005	JANUARY 31, 1984 (INCEPTION) Through June 30, 2006
	-----	-----	-----
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Grant income	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 1,424,012
Subcontract income	--	--	73,746
Sale of research and development	--	--	35,810
	-----	-----	-----
	--	--	1,533,568
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Professional fees	200,504	386,270	5,438,639
Payroll and related	184,257	179,090	7,430,262
General and administrative	117,071	169,709	4,549,102
Impairment	--	--	1,313,253
	-----	-----	-----
	501,832	735,069	18,731,256
<b>OPERATING LOSS</b>	(501,832)	(735,069)	(17,197,688)

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OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE			
Change in fair value of warrant liability	--	--	360,125
Interest and other debt expense	114,663	66,933	4,986,115
Interest income	--	--	(17,415)
Other	2,661	--	155,090
	-----	-----	-----
	117,324	66,933	5,483,915
	-----	-----	-----
NET LOSS	\$ (619,156)	\$ (802,002)	\$ (22,681,603)
	=====	=====	=====
BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER COMMON SHARE			
	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.05)	
	=====	=====	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING			
	25,567,776	17,701,182	
	=====	=====	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

101

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 and  
For the Period January 31, 1984 (Inception) Through June 30, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005
	-----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$ (619,156)	\$ (802,002)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	8,307	5,972
Amortization of deferred consulting fees	12,250	30,000
Gain on sale of property and equipment	--	--
Gain on settlement of debt	--	--
Loss on settlement of accrued legal liabilities	--	--
Stock based compensation	4,750	--
Fair market value of warrants issued in connection with accounts payable and debt	--	--
Fair market value of common stock, warrants and options issued for services	52,466	208,085
Change in fair value of warrant liability	--	--
Intrinsic value of stock options issued to directors	--	--
Amortization of debt discounts	64,980	39,489
Impairment of patents and patents pending	--	--

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Impairment of goodwill	--	--
Deferred compensation forgiven	--	--
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses	12,719	(4,388)
Other assets	3,400	6,225
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(44,220)	194,754
Due to related parties	(43,000)	12,688
	-----	-----
Net cash used in operating activities	(547,504)	(309,177)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of property and equipment	(7,791)	--
Acquisition of patents	--	--
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	--	--
Cash of acquired company	--	--
	-----	-----
Net cash used in investing activities	(7,791)	--
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issuance of notes payable	\$ --	\$ 100,000
Principal payments of notes payable	--	--
Proceeds from issuance of convertible notes payable	--	30,000
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	140,001	177,600
Professional fees related to registration statement	--	--
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by financing activities	140,001	307,600
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH	(415,294)	(1,577)
CASH - beginning of period	836,377	8,625
	-----	-----
CASH - end of period	\$ 421,083	\$ 7,048
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

102

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Aethlon Medical, Inc. (the "Company") is a development stage therapeutic device company focused on expanding the applications of its Hemopurifier (TM) platform technology, which is designed to rapidly reduce the presence of infectious viruses and other toxins from human blood. In this regard, the Company's core focus is the development of pathogens targeted as potential biological warfare agents, HIV/AIDS, and Hepatitis C. In pre-clinical testing, the Company has published that its HIV-Hemopurifier(TM) removed 55% of HIV from human blood in three hours and in excess of 85% of HIV in twelve hours. Additionally, the HIV-Hemopurifier(TM) captured 90% of gp120, a toxic protein that depletes human

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immune cells, during a one-hour pre-clinical blood study.

The Hemopurifier(TM) is in the development stage and significant research and testing are still needed to reach commercial viability. Any resulting medical device or process will require approval by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA"), and the Company has not yet begun efforts to obtain FDA approval and such approval may take several years. Since some of the Company's patents were issued in the 1980's, they are scheduled to expire in the near future. Thus, such patents may expire before FDA approval is obtained.

The Company is classified as a development stage enterprise under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and has not generated revenues from its principal operations.

The Company's common stock is quoted on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board of the National Association of Securities Dealers under the symbol "AEMD.OB".

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-QSB. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three-month period ended June 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending March 31, 2007. For further information, refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2006, which includes audited financial statements and footnotes as of March 31, 2006 and for the years ended March 31, 2005 and 2006.

### NOTE 2. GOING CONCERN AND LIQUIDITY CONSIDERATIONS

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The Company has experienced a loss of \$22,681,603 for the period from January 31, 1984 (Inception) through June 30, 2006. The Company has not generated significant revenue or any profit from operations since inception. A substantial amount of additional capital will be necessary to advance the development of the Company's products to the point at which they may become commercially viable. The Company's current plan of operation is to fund the Company's anticipated increased research and development activities and operations for the near future utilizing its existing financing agreement with Fusion Capital Fund II, LLC ("Fusion Capital").

No assurance can be given that the Company will receive any additional funds under the Company's agreement with Fusion Capital however, the Company anticipates that the Fusion Capital financing agreement will satisfy its cash requirements for the foreseeable future. However, due to market conditions, and to assure availability of funding for operations in the long term, the Company may arrange for additional funding, subject to acceptable terms, during the next twelve months.

The condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability of assets that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain additional financing as may be required, and generate revenue and operating cash flow to meet its obligations on a timely basis.

### NOTE 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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The summary of significant accounting policies of the Company presented below is designed to assist the reader in understanding the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements. Such financial statements and related notes are the representations of Company management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to GAAP in all material respects, and have been consistently applied in preparing the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

103

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

### NOTE 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Aethlon Medical, Inc. and its inactive legal wholly-owned subsidiaries Aethlon, Inc., Hemex, Inc. and Cell Activation, Inc. ("Cell") (collectively hereinafter referred to as the "Company"). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### LOSS PER COMMON SHARE

Loss per common share is based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock and common stock equivalents outstanding during the year in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 128, "Earnings per Share."

Securities that could potentially dilute basic loss per share (prior to their conversion, exercise or redemption) were not included in the diluted-loss-per-share computation because their effect is anti-dilutive. Had such securities been factored in, an additional 7,133,811 common stock equivalents would have been included in the calculation of earnings per share.

#### PATENTS

The Company capitalizes the cost of patents, some of which were acquired, and amortizes such costs over the shorter of the remaining legal life or their estimated economic life, upon issuance of the patent.

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

The Company incurred approximately \$177,107 and \$305,692 of research and development expenses during the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, which are included in operating expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

#### EQUITY INSTRUMENTS FOR SERVICES PROVIDED BY OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES

The Company follows SFAS No. 123-R (as interpreted by Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue No. 96-18, "ACCOUNTING FOR EQUITY INSTRUMENTS THAT ARE ISSUED TO OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES FOR ACQUIRING, OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH SELLING, GOODS OR SERVICES") ("EITF No. 96-18") to account for transactions involving goods and services provided by third parties where the Company issues equity instruments

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as part of the total consideration. Pursuant to paragraph 7 of SFAS No. 123-R, the Company accounts for such transactions using the fair value of the consideration received (i.e. the value of the goods or services) or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, whichever is more reliably measurable.

The Company applies EITF No. 96-18, in transactions, when the value of the goods and/or services are not readily determinable and (1) the fair value of the equity instruments is more reliably measurable and (2) the counterparty receives equity instruments in full or partial settlement of the transactions, using the following methodology:

- (a) For transactions where goods have already been delivered or services rendered, the equity instruments are issued on or about the date the performance is complete (and valued on the date of issuance).
- (b) For transactions where the instruments are issued on a fully vested, non-forfeitable basis, the equity instruments are valued on or about the date of the contract.
- (c) For any transactions not meeting the criteria in (a) or (b) above, the Company re-measures the consideration at each reporting date based on its then current stock value.

### IMPAIRMENT OR DISPOSAL OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

The Company follows SFAS No. 144, "ACCOUNTING FOR THE IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS AND FOR LONG-LIVED ASSETS TO BE DISPOSED OF" ("SFAS No. 144") addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. SFAS No. 144 requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If the cost basis of a long-lived asset is greater than the projected future undiscounted net cash flows from such asset (excluding interest), an impairment loss is recognized. Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the cost basis of an asset and its estimated fair value. SFAS No. 144 also requires companies to separately report discontinued operations and extends that reporting requirement to a component of an entity that either has been disposed of (by sale, abandonment or in a distribution to owners) or is classified as held for sale. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or the estimated fair value less costs to sell, if any. Management noted no impairment indicators requiring review for impairment at or during the three months ended June 30, 2006.

104

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

### NOTE 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### BENEFICIAL CONVERSION FEATURE OF CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE

The convertible feature of certain notes payable provides for a rate of conversion that is below market value. Such feature is normally characterized as a "beneficial conversion feature" ("BCF"). Pursuant to EITF No. 98-5, "ACCOUNTING FOR CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES WITH BENEFICIAL CONVERSION FEATURES OR CONTINGENTLY ADJUSTABLE CONVERSION RATIO" and EITF Issue No. 00-27, "APPLICATION OF EITF ISSUE NO. 98-5 TO CERTAIN CONVERTIBLE INSTRUMENTS," the estimated fair value of the BCF is recorded in the consolidated financial statements as a



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discount from the face amount of the notes. Such discounts are amortized to interest expense over the term of the notes.

### DERIVATIVE LIABILITIES

The Company evaluates free-standing instruments (or embedded derivatives) indexed to its common stock to properly classify such instruments within equity or as liabilities in its financial statements, pursuant to the requirements of the EITF No. 00-19, "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company's Own Stock," EITF No. 01-06, "The Meaning of Indexed to a Company's Own Stock," EITF No. 05-04, "The Effect of a Liquidated Damages Clause on a Freestanding Financial Instrument Subject to EITF No. 00-19," and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," as amended. The Company's policy is to settle instruments indexed to its common shares on a first-in- first-out basis.

The Company accounts for the effects of registration rights and related liquidated damages pursuant to EITF No. 05-04, View C, subject to EITF No. 00-19. Pursuant to EITF No. 05-04, View C, liquidated damages payable in cash or stock are accounted for as a separate derivative, which requires a periodical valuation of its fair value and a corresponding recognition of liabilities associated with such derivative. The Company accounts for certain embedded conversion features and free-standing warrants pursuant to SFAS No. 133 and EITF No. 00-19, which require corresponding recognition of liabilities associated with such derivatives at their fair values and changes in fair values to be charged to earnings.

### CLASSIFICATION OF WARRANT ISSUANCE

In connection with the issuance of its 10% Series A Convertible Promissory Notes, the Company has an obligation to issue warrants upon conversion of the notes, which are convertible at any time at the discretion of the noteholders (see Note 4). The obligation to issue the warrants meets the criteria of an embedded derivative to be bifurcated pursuant to SFAS No. 133, "ACCOUNTING FOR DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES" ("SFAS No. 133"), as amended. Under this transaction, the Company is obligated to and has registered for resale the common shares underlying the warrants. At June 30, 2006, the Company has sufficient registered shares to settle the exercise of warrants. As a result, at June 30, 2006, the embedded derivative associated with this warrant obligation meets the scope exception of paragraph 11 (a) of SFAS No. 133. If such were not the case, these warrants would need to be classified as a liability. The classification of these warrants will be evaluated at each reporting date.

### STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

Effective April 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123-R, "Share-Based Payment," ("SFAS No. 123-R"). SFAS No. 123-R requires employee stock options and rights to purchase shares under stock participation plans to be accounted for under the fair value method and requires the use of an option pricing model for estimating fair value. Accordingly, share-based compensation is measured at the grant date, based on the fair value of the award. The Company previously accounted for awards granted under its equity incentive plan under the intrinsic value method prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "ACCOUNTING FOR STOCK ISSUED TO EMPLOYEES," and related interpretations, and provided the required pro forma disclosures prescribed by SFAS No. 123, "ACCOUNTING FOR STOCK BASED COMPENSATION," as amended. The exercise price of options is generally equal to the market price of the Company's common stock (defined as the closing price as quoted on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board

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administered by Nasdaq) on the date of grant. Accordingly, no share-based compensation was recognized in the financial statements for the three months ended June 30, 2005. Under the modified prospective method of adoption for SFAS No. 123-R, the compensation cost recognized by the Company beginning April 1, 2006 includes (a) compensation cost for all equity incentive awards granted prior to, but not yet vested as of April 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS No. 123, and (b) compensation cost for all equity incentive awards granted subsequent to April 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123-R.

From time to time, the Company's Board of Directors grants common share purchase options or warrants to selected directors, officers, employees, consultants and advisors in payment of goods or services provided by such persons on a stand-alone basis outside of any of the Company's formal stock plans. The terms of these grants are individually negotiated and generally expire within five years from the grant date.

In August 2000, the Company adopted the 2000 Stock Option Plan ("Stock Option Plan"), which was approved by its stockholders in September 2000. The Stock Option Plan provides for the issuance of up to 500,000 options to purchase shares of common stock. Such options can be incentive options or nonstatutory options, and may be granted to employees, directors and consultants. The Stock Option Plan has limits as to the eligibility of those stockholders who own more than 10% of Company stock, as defined. The options granted pursuant to the Stock Option Plan may have exercise prices of no less than 100% of fair market value of the Company's common stock at the date of grant (incentive options), or no less than 75% of fair market value of such stock at the date of grant (nonstatutory). At June 30, 2006, the Company had granted 47,500 options under the 2000 Stock Option Plan of which 15,000 had been forfeited, with 467,500 available for future issuance. All of these options vested prior to the adoption of FAS 123-R.

105

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The effects of share-based compensation resulting from the application of SFAS No. 123-R to options granted outside of the Company's Stock Option Plan resulted in an expense of \$4,750 for the quarter ended June 30, 2006. This expense was recorded as stock compensation included in payroll and related expenses in the accompanying June 30, 2006 condensed consolidated statement of operations. Share-based compensation recognized as a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 123-R as well as pro forma disclosures according to the original provisions of SFAS No. 123 for periods prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123-R use the Binomial Lattice option pricing model for estimating fair value of options granted.

The following table summarizes the effect of share-based compensation resulting from the application of SFAS No. 123-R to options granted:

Three Months Ended  
June 30, 2006

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Payroll and related	\$ (4,750)
	=====
Net share-based compensation effect in net loss from continuing operations	\$ (4,750)
	=====
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.00)
	=====

In accordance with SFAS No. 123-R, the Company adjusts share-based compensation on a quarterly basis for changes to the estimate of expected award forfeitures based on actual forfeiture experience. The effect of adjusting the forfeiture rate for all expense amortization after March 31, 2006 is recognized in the period the forfeiture estimate is changed. The effect of forfeiture adjustments in the first quarter of fiscal 2007 was insignificant.

Pro forma information required under SFAS No. 123 for periods prior to fiscal 2007 as if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to options granted under and outside of the Company's equity incentive plans was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005
	-----
Net loss as reported	\$ (802,002)
Less: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the Binomial Lattice option pricing model, net of tax	--
	-----
Pro forma net loss	\$ (802,002)
	=====
Basic and diluted loss per common share:	
As reported	\$ (0.05)
	=====
Pro forma	\$ (0.05)
	=====

Pro forma compensation expense reported in the above table is generally based on the vesting provisions in the related stock option grants. Since the requisite service period for all options granted prior to April 1, 2005 had been completed prior to such date, there is no pro forma compensation expense to disclose for the three months ended June 30, 2005, as reflected in the above table. The following weighted average assumptions were used as applicable in the above tables:

	Three Months Ended June 30	
	----- 2006 -----	----- 2005 -----
Annual dividends	zero	N/A
Expected volatility	72%	N/A
Risk free interest rate	4.18%	N/A
Expected life	4.7 years	N/A

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AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility. The expected life of options granted is based on the "simplified method" described in the SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 due to changes in the vesting terms and contractual life of current option grants compared to the Company's historical grants. Options outstanding that have vested and are expected to vest as of June 30, 2006 are as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term in Years	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (1)
Vested	7,135,518	\$ 0.39	6.12	\$ --
Expected to vest	1,877,267	0.23	4.60	\$168,954
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,012,785</b>			<b>\$168,954</b>

(1) These amounts represent the difference between the exercise price and \$0.32, the closing market price of the Company's common stock on June 30, 2006 as quoted on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol "AEMD.OB" for all in-the-money options outstanding.

Options outstanding that are expected to vest are net of estimated future forfeitures in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123-R, which are estimated when compensation costs are recognized. Additional information with respect to stock option activity is as follows:

	Outstanding Options			
	Shares Available for Grant	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (1)
March 31, 2006	467,500	9,012,785	\$ 0.38	\$3,875,498
Grants	--	--	--	
Exercises	--	--	--	
Cancellations	--	--	--	
June 30, 2006	467,500	9,012,785	\$ 0.38	\$ 168,954

Options exercisable at:

March 31, 2006	7,135,518	\$ 0.39
June 30, 2006	7,135,518	\$ 0.39

(1) Represents the difference between the exercise price and the March 31, 2006 or June 30, 2006 market price of the Company's common stock, which was \$0.81 and

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\$0.32, respectively.

### INCOME TAXES

Under SFAS No. 109, "ACCOUNTING FOR INCOME TAXES," deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to the difference between the consolidated financial statements and their respective tax basis. Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of (a) temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts reported for income tax purposes, and (b) tax credit carryforwards. The Company records a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets when, based on management's best estimate of taxable income (if any) in the foreseeable future, it is more likely than not that some portion of the deferred tax assets may not be realized.

### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND ERROR CORRECTIONS, A REPLACEMENT OF APB OPINION NO. 20 AND SFAS NO. 3." ("SFAS No. 154") The statement applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principles, and changes the requirements for accounting for and reporting of a change in accounting principle. The Company does not believe the adoption of SFAS No. 154 will have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

107

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

### NOTE 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155 entitled "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments," ("SFAS No. 155") an amendment of SFAS No. 133 ("Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities") ("SFAS 133") and SFAS No. 140 ("Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities") ("SFAS 140"). In this context, a hybrid financial instrument refers to certain derivatives embedded in other financial instruments. SFAS No. 155 permits fair value re-measurement of any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation under SFAS No. 133. SFAS No. 155 also establishes a requirement to evaluate interests in securitized financial assets in order to identify interests that are either freestanding derivatives or "hybrids" which contain an embedded derivative requiring bifurcation. In addition, SFAS No. 155 clarifies which interest/principal strips are subject to SFAS No. 133, and provides that concentrations of credit risk in the form of subordination are not embedded derivatives. SFAS No. 155 amends SFAS No. 140 to eliminate the prohibition on a qualifying special-purpose entity from holding a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative. When SFAS No. 155 is adopted, any difference between the total carrying amount of the components of a bifurcated hybrid financial instrument and the fair value of the combined "hybrid" must be recognized as a cumulative-effect adjustment of beginning deficit/retained earnings.

SFAS No. 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15,

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2006. Earlier adoption is permitted only as of the beginning of a fiscal year, provided that the entity has not yet issued any annual or interim financial statements for such year. Restatement of prior periods is prohibited. The Company has not determined the impact of SFAS No. 155 on its future consolidated financial statements.

### NOTE 4. NOTES PAYABLE

At June 30, 2006, the Company had \$502,500 in principal amount of notes payable outstanding with 12 noteholders.

The Company is currently in default on \$502,500 of amounts owed under various unsecured notes payable and is currently seeking other financing arrangements to retire all past due notes. At June 30, 2006 the Company had accrued interest in the amount of \$290,066 associated with these defaulted notes payable.

At June 30, 2006, the Company had \$1,000,000 in principal amount of convertible notes payable outstanding, net of \$792,655 discount, held by 4 noteholders (the 10% Series A Convertible Notes). The \$792,655 discount is comprised of \$62,780 in unamortized BCF discount and \$729,875 in unamortized discount attributable to the valuation of warrant rights associated with the issuance of the convertible notes.

### NOTE 5. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS

In April 2006, the Company issued 3,782 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.79 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000 based on the value of the services.

In April 2006, the Company issued 25,601 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.50 per share in payment for past due rents owed by the Company valued at \$12,801 based on the value of the services.

In April 2006, the Company issued 6,313 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.79 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000 based on the value of the services.

In April 2006, the Company issued 10,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.50 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000 based on the value of the services.

In April 2006, the Company issued 14,563 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.29 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$4,165 based on the value of the services.

In April 2006, the Company issued 3,086 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.81 per share in payment for investor relations valued at \$2,500 based on the value of the services.

108

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(UNAUDITED)

### NOTE 5. EQUITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

During April 2006, the Company issued 209,679 shares of common stock at prices between \$0.57 and \$0.74 per share to Fusion Capital under its \$6,000,000 common stock purchase agreement for net cash proceeds totaling \$140,002. These shares are registered pursuant to the Company's Form SB-2 registration statement effective December 7, 2004.

In April 2006, the Company repaid a \$25,000 15% promissory notes, including accrued interest of \$18,750, through the issuance of 107,759 restricted common shares at \$0.406 per share to an accredited individual investor.

In May 2006, the Company issued 8,532 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.59 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000 based on the value of the services.

In May 2006, the Company issued 5,703 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.53 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000 based on the value of the services.

In May 2006, the Company issued 4,545 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.55 per share in payment for investor relations valued at \$2,500 based on the value of the services.

In June 2006, the Company issued 8,681 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.58 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000 based on the value of the services.

In June 2006, the Company issued 5,703 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.53 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000 based on the value of the services.

In June 2006, the Company issued 3,363 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consultant Stock Plan at \$0.45 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$1,500 based on the value of the services.

### NOTE 6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### LEGAL MATTERS

From time to time, claims are made against the Company in the ordinary course of business, which could result in litigation. Claims and associated litigation are subject to inherent uncertainties and unfavorable outcomes could occur, such as monetary damages, fines, penalties or injunctions prohibiting the Company from selling one or more products or engaging in other activities. The occurrence of an unfavorable outcome in any specific period could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations for that period or future periods. The Company is not presently a party to any pending or threatened legal proceedings.

#### REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

In January, 2006 the Company registered the common stock for resale underlying the warrants to be issued upon conversion of its 10% Series A Convertible Notes (the "Series A Notes"). Upon the occurrence of certain events, as defined,

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including if (i) after a registration statement has been declared effective, such registration statement ceases to be effective at any time prior to the end of the effectiveness period without being succeeded with an amendment within 10 business days of such registration elapsing or by subsequent registration statement filed with and declared effective by the SEC (ii) the common stock is delisted or suspended from trading on an exchange, the Company shall pay liquidated damages in cash of 1% of the original principal amount of the Series A Notes. For each month that the event has not been cured, the Company shall pay 1.5 % in cash of the original principal balance of the Series A Notes. If the Company fails to pay liquidated damages timely within seven days, the Company shall be obligated to pay interest thereon at 12% per annum, accruing daily. At the option of the Company, shares may be issued instead of cash for such liquidated damages based upon the conversion price, then in effect. At June 30, 2006, the Company had an effective registration statement covering these obligations. Accordingly, no value was ascribed to the registration rights agreement obligation as the likelihood of an event triggering liquidated damages is deemed to be remote at June 30, 2006. The Company will re-evaluate this obligation at each reporting date in accordance with SFAS No. 133.

109

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

### NOTE 7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In July 2006, the Company issued 8,721 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.34 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000.

In July 2006, the Company issued 10,684 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.47 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

In July 2006, the Company issued 6,250 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.40 per share in payment for investor relations services to the Company valued at \$2,500.

In July 2006, the Company issued 7,813 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.32 per share in payment for investor relations services to the Company valued at \$2,500.

In July 2006, the Company issued 8,721 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.34 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$3,000.

In July 2006, the Company issued 132,765 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.37 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting services to the Company valued at \$48,858.

In July 2006, the Company issued 14,535 shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's S-8 registration statement covering the Company's 2003 Consulting Stock Plan at \$0.34 per share in payment for regulatory affairs consulting



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services to the Company valued at \$5,000.

110

### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

The following discussion of Aethlon Medical's financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, included in Item 1 in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB. This item contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those indicated in such forward-looking statements.

#### FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included in this Form 10-QSB are, or may be deemed to be, "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("the Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Such forward-looking statements involve assumptions, known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of Aethlon Medical, Inc. ("the Company") to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by such forward looking statements contained in this Form 10-QSB. Such potential risks and uncertainties include, without limitation, completion of the Company's capital-raising activities, FDA approval of the Company's products, other regulations, patent protection of the Company's proprietary technology, product liability exposure, uncertainty of market acceptance, competition, technological change, and other risk factors detailed herein and in other of the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this Form 10-QSB, and the Company assumes no obligation to update the forward-looking statements, or to update the reasons actual results could differ from those projected in such forward-looking statements.

#### THE COMPANY

We are a developmental stage medical device company focused on expanding the applications of our Hemopurifier (TM) platform technology which is designed to rapidly reduce the presence of infectious viruses and other toxins from human blood. As such, we focus on developing therapeutic devices to treat acute viral conditions brought on by pathogens targeted as potential biological warfare agents and chronic viral conditions including HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis-C. The Hemopurifier (tm) combines the established scientific technologies of hemodialysis and affinity chromatography as a means to mimic the immune system's response of clearing viruses and toxins from the blood before cell and organ infection can occur. The Hemopurifier (tm) cannot cure these afflictions but can lower viral loads and allow compromised immune systems to overcome otherwise serious or fatal medical conditions.

#### WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We are subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act and must file reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. The reports, information statements and other information we file with the Commission can be inspected and copied at the Commission Public Reference Room, 450 Fifth Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the

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operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (800) SEC-0330. The Commission also maintains a Web site (<http://www.sec.gov>) that contains reports, proxy, and information statements and other information regarding registrants, like us, which file electronically with the Commission. Our headquarters are located at 3030 Bunker Hill Street, Suite 4000, San Diego, California 92109. Our telephone number is 858/459-7800. Our Web site is maintained at <http://www.aethlonmedical.com>.

Our common stock is traded on the OTCBB under the symbol "AEMD.OB".

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 COMPARED TO THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005.

#### OPERATING EXPENSES

Consolidated operating expenses were \$501,832 for the three months ended June 30, 2006, versus \$735,069 for the comparable period one year ago. This represents an absolute dollar decrease of \$233,237 or approximately 32% as compared to the prior time period. This difference is comprised of reductions in professional fees and general and administrative expenses of approximately \$185,766 and \$52,637, respectively, offset by a slight increase in payroll expense of \$417.

Professional fees decreased by \$185,766 or approximately 48% from the prior period one year ago. The primary reason for this was a decrease in legal expense of \$201,732 and a decrease in public relations expense of \$21,106 offset by a \$33,418 increase in scientific consulting expense and a net \$3,654 increase in all other professional expenses. The significant decrease in legal expense results from the comparatively high legal expense in the period ending June 30, 2005, a result of three factors:

111

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION (continued)

the first was the payment of a previously outstanding legal bill in a negotiated transaction for restricted stock and warrants in the earlier period. The warrants were provided as an inducement to settle the obligation and were valued at approximately \$145,245; secondly, the prior period's 10-KSB filing required significant legal resources, unnecessary in the more recent quarter as the Company had a full-time Chief Financial Officer; and finally, there were additional legal costs incurred in the prior period associated with a Proxy filing and Special Meeting of Stockholders in June 2005.

General and administrative expenses declined \$52,638 or approximately 31% as compared to the prior comparable quarter one year ago. The decrease is attributable to a reduction in research and development supplies of \$67,525 and rent expense of \$14,901 offset by increases in industry conference expense of \$24,721, license expense of \$5,154 and all other general expenses by \$85. Research and development supplies decreased from the prior quarter one year ago because in the prior period the Company incurred expenses related to the completion of its clinical animal studies and had begun to ramp up to begin its Human Safety Trials in India. Rent expense declined during the current quarter as the Company no longer leased facilities required to maintain its clinical animal trials.

#### INTEREST EXPENSE

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Interest expense increased \$47,730 or approximately 71%, reflective of the additional interest expense associated with the issuance of the Company's 10% Series A Convertible Notes, none of which were outstanding in the quarter ended June 30, 2005.

### NET LOSS

We recorded a consolidated net loss of \$619,156 and \$802,002 for the quarters ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The decrease in net loss of approximately 23% was primarily attributable to decreased professional fees and general expenses. These were offset somewhat by increased interest expense associated with the issuance of the Company's 10% Series A Convertible Notes in comparison to the prior year quarter.

Basic and diluted loss per common share were (\$0.02) for the three month period ended June 30, 2006 as compared to (\$0.05) for the same period ended June 30, 2005. This decrease in loss per share was attributable to the decrease in net loss as compared to the prior quarter one year ago and the effect of a greater number of common shares outstanding during the current quarter.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

To date, the Company has funded its capital requirements for the current operations from net funds received from the public and private sale of debt and equity securities, as well as from the issuance of common stock in exchange for services. The Company's cash position at March 31, 2006 was \$836,377 compared to \$421,083, at June 30, 2006, representing an decrease of \$421,083. During the three months ended June 30, 2006, operating activities used net cash of \$547,504. The Company received \$140,001 from the issuance of common stock and purchased \$7,791 of property and equipment.

A decrease in working capital during the three months in the amount of \$362,023 increased the Company's negative working capital position to (\$2,282,686) at June 30, 2006 as compared to a negative working capital of (\$1,920,663) at March 31, 2006.

The Company's current deficit in working capital requires us to obtain funds in the short-term to be able to continue in business, and in the longer term to fund research and development on products not yet ready for market.

The Company's operations to date have consumed substantial capital without generating revenues, and will continue to require substantial capital funds to conduct necessary research and development and pre-clinical and clinical testing of Hemopurifier(TM) products, and to market any of those products that receive regulatory approval. The Company does not expect to generate revenue from operations for the foreseeable future, and its ability to meet its cash obligations as they become due and payable is expected to depend for at least the next several years on its ability to sell securities, borrow funds or a combination thereof. The Company's future capital requirements will depend upon many factors, including progress with pre-clinical testing and clinical trials, the number and breadth of our programs, the time and costs involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining and enforcing patent claims and other proprietary rights, the time and costs involved in obtaining regulatory approvals, competing technological and market developments, and management's ability to establish collaborative arrangements, effect successful commercialization strategies, marketing activities and other arrangements. The Company expects to continue to incur increasing negative cash flows and net losses for the foreseeable future, and presently requires a minimum of \$150,000 per month to sustain operations.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION (continued)

Management does not believe that inflation has had or is likely to have any material impact on the Company's limited operations.

At the date of this filing, we do not have plans to purchase significant amounts of equipment or hire significant numbers of employees prior to successfully raising additional capital.

PLAN OF OPERATION

The Company's current plan of operation is to fund our anticipated increased research and development activities and operations through the common stock purchase agreement in place with Fusion Capital, whereby Fusion Capital has committed to buy up to an additional \$6,000,000 of our common stock over a 30-month period, that commenced, at our election, after the SEC declared effective a registration statement under Form SB-2 on December 7, 2004 covering such shares. Through June 30, 2006 the Company had received \$1,685,001 and has \$4,314,999 remaining available from this agreement. However, no assurance can be given that we will receive any additional funds under our agreement with Fusion Capital. Based on our projections of additional employees and equipment for operations and to complete research, development and testing associated with our Hemopurifier(TM) products, we anticipate that these funds will satisfy our cash requirements, including this anticipated increase in operations, in excess of the next twelve months. However, due to market conditions, and to assure availability of funding for operations in the long term, we may arrange for additional funding, subject to acceptable terms, during the next twelve months.

The Company is a development stage medical device company that has not yet engaged in significant commercial activities. The primary focus of our resources is the advancement of our proprietary Hemopurifier(TM) platform treatment technology, which is designed to rapidly reduce the presence of infectious viruses and toxins in human blood. Our main focus is to prepare our Hemopurifier(TM) to treat HIV/AIDS, Hepatitis-C and Flu Viruses in human clinical trials. The Company is also working to advance pathogen filtration devices to treat infectious agents that may be used in biological warfare and terrorism.

The Company plans to continue our research and development activities related to our Hemopurifier(TM) platform technology, with particular emphasis on the advancement of our lead product candidates for the treatment of HIV/AIDS, HCV and Flu Viruses. The Company also plans to implement a regulatory strategy for the use of our Hemopurifier(TM) for biodefense treatments in calendar year 2006 pursuant to a recent rule implemented by the FDA for medical countermeasures to weapons of mass destruction. Under this rule, in situations where it is deemed unethical to conduct efficacy studies in humans, a treatment can be reviewed for approval on the basis of efficacy in the most relevant animal species and safety data in humans.

The Company expects to outsource research and development in the next twelve months, as required to support our increased research and development effort that will include expanding our goal beyond treating infectious diseases HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis-C and new applications to combat infectious agents that may be used in biological warfare and terrorism. This will involve designing

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Hemopurifier(TM) products that can be rapidly deployed by armed forces as wearable post-exposure treatments on the battlefield, as well as dialysis-based treatments for civilian populations. This will entail developing the new treatment device based on the same proprietary Hemopurifier(TM) filtration technology that is utilized in advancing our HIV/AIDS, and Hepatitis-C treatments.

Accordingly, due to this increase in activity during the next twelve months, management anticipates continuing to increase spending on outsourced research and development during this period.

Operations to date have consumed substantial capital without generating revenues, and will continue to require substantial and increasing capital funds to conduct necessary research and development and pre-clinical and clinical testing of our Hemopurifier(TM) products, as well as market any of those products that receive regulatory approval. The Company does not expect to generate revenue from operations for the foreseeable future, and our ability to meet our cash obligations as they become due and payable is expected to depend for at least the next several years on our ability to sell securities, borrow funds or a combination thereof. Future capital requirements will depend upon many factors, including progress with pre-clinical testing and clinical trials, the number and breadth of our clinical programs, the time and costs involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining and enforcing patent claims and other proprietary rights, the time and costs involved in obtaining regulatory approvals, competing technological and market developments, as well as management's ability to establish collaborative arrangements, effective commercialization, marketing activities and other arrangements. The Company expects to continue to incur increasing negative cash flows and net losses for the foreseeable future.

113

### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION (continued)

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Company to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Such estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates estimates and assumptions based upon historical experience and various other factors and circumstances. Management believes the Company's estimates and assumptions are reasonable in the circumstances; however, actual results may differ from these estimates under different future conditions.

The Company believes that the estimates and assumptions that are most important to the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and results of operations, in that they require the most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, form the basis for the accounting policies deemed to be most critical to us. These critical accounting policies relate to stock purchase warrants issued with notes payable, beneficial conversion feature of convertible notes payable, impairment of intangible assets and long lived assets, stock compensation, classification of warrant obligation, contingencies and litigation. We believe estimates and assumptions related to these critical accounting policies are appropriate under the circumstances; however, should future events or occurrences result in unanticipated consequences, there could be a material impact on the Company's

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future financial conditions or results of operations.

There have been no changes to the Company's critical accounting policies as disclosed in its Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2006.

### OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

There are no guarantees, commitments, lease and debt agreements or other agreements that could trigger an adverse change in our credit rating, earnings, cash flows or stock price, including requirements to perform under standby agreements.

### ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report (the "Evaluation Date"). Based upon that evaluation, the CEO and CFO concluded that, as of June 30, 2006, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in timely alerting them to the material information relating to us (or our consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in our periodic filings with the SEC.

#### Changes in Controls and Procedures

There were no significant changes made in our internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2006 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect these controls. Thus, no corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were necessary.

#### Limitations on the Effectiveness of Internal Control

Our management, including the CEO, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will necessarily prevent all fraud and material errors. An internal control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations on all internal control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within Aethlon Medical have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, and/or by management override of the control. The design of any system of internal control is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in circumstances, and/or the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective internal control system, financial reporting misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected on a timely basis.

PART II

OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

In April 2006, the Company issued 3,086 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.81 per share in payment for investor relations. The shares were issued without registration under the Securities Act in reliance upon the exemption from registration set forth in Section 4(2).

In April 2006, the Company repaid a \$25,000 15% promissory notes, including accrued interest of \$18,750, through the issuance of 107,759 restricted common shares at \$0.405 per share to an accredited individual investor. The shares were issued without registration under the Securities Act in reliance upon the exemptions from registration set forth in Section 4(2) and Regulation D.

In May 2006, the Company issued 4,545 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.55 per share in payment for investor relations. The shares were issued without registration under the Securities Act in reliance upon the exemption from registration set forth in Section 4(2).

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

As of the date of this report, various promissory and convertible notes payable in the aggregate principal amount of \$502,500 have reached maturity and are past due. The Company is currently seeking other financing arrangements to retire all past due notes. At June 30, 2006, the Company had accrued interest in the amount of \$290,066 associated with these notes and accrued liabilities payable.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following documents are filed as part of this report:

- 31.1 Certification of our Chief Executive Officer and President, pursuant to Securities Exchange Act rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of our Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer, pursuant to Securities Exchange Act rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act

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of 2002.

- 32.1 Statement of our Chief Executive Officer under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350)
- 32.2 Statement of our Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350)

115

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC

Date: August 11, 2006

BY: /S/ JAMES A. JOYCE

BY: /S/ JAMES W. DORST

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JAMES A. JOYCE  
CHAIRMAN, PRESIDENT AND  
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

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JAMES W. DORST  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER AND CHIEF  
ACCOUNTING OFFICER

AETHLON MEDICAL, INC.

116

EXHIBIT 31.1

CERTIFICATION

I, James Joyce, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-QSB of Aethlon Medical, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;



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3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.

4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

c) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2006

/s/ James A. Joyce

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James A. Joyce  
Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 31.2

CERTIFICATION

I, James W. Dorst, certify that:

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1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-QSB of Aethlon Medical, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - c) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and;
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2006

/s/ James W. Dorst

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James W. Dorst  
Chief Financial Officer and  
Chief Accounting Officer

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EXHIBIT 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Aethlon Medical, Inc. Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, James A. Joyce, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

1. Such quarterly report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
2. The information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Aethlon Medical, Inc.

Date: August 11, 2006.

By: /s/ James A. Joyce  
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James A. Joyce  
Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Aethlon Medical, Inc. and will be retained by Aethlon Medical, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

119

EXHIBIT 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Aethlon Medical, Inc. Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, James W. Dorst, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

1. Such quarterly report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
2. The information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Aethlon Medical, Inc.

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Date: August 11, 2006.

By: /s/ James W. Dorst

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James W. Dorst

Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Aethlon Medical, Inc. and will be retained by Aethlon Medical, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.