ABRAMS INDUSTRIES INC Form 10-Q December 15, 2005

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# FORM 10-Q QUARTERLY REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarter ended October 31, 2005 Commission file number 0-10146 ABRAMS INDUSTRIES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Georgia 58-0522129

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer identification No.)

1945 The Exchange, Suite 300, Atlanta, GA 30339-2029 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (770) 953-0304

Former name, former address, former fiscal year, if changed since last report: N/A

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No b

The number of shares of \$1.00 par value Common Stock of the Registrant outstanding as of November 30, 2005, was 3,545,628.

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS** 

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION** 

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS** 

# **SIGNATURES**

EX-10.(I) SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF ANNUAL INCENTIVE BONUS PLAN

EX-31.(A) SECTION 302, CERTIFICATION OF THE CEO

EX-31.(B) SECTION 302, CERTIFICATION OF THE CFO

EX-32.(A) SECTION 906, CERTIFICATION OF THE CEO

EX-32.(B) SECTION 906, CERTIFICATION OF THE CFO

# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# **ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# ABRAMS INDUSTRIES, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

	October 31, 2005	April 30, 2005
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,634,651	\$ 1,402,645
Restricted cash	+ -,	8,272,399
Short-term investment	2,000,000	2,000,000
Receivables (Note 4)	2,010,550	2,721,831
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(19,760)	(69,801)
Assets of discontinued operations (Note 5)	3,155	103,632
Costs and earnings in excess of billings	266,359	312,781
Deferred income taxes	552,953	552,953
Note receivables Other	882,267 1,047,490	23,500 867,022
Other	1,047,490	807,022
Total current assets	13,377,665	16,186,962
INCOME-PRODUCING PROPERTIES, net	24,296,167	24,413,645
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net OTHER ASSETS:	893,399	836,227
Real estate held for future development or sale	3,167,721	3,692,731
Intangible assets, net (Note 8)	3,371,747	3,164,272
Goodwill (Note 8)	5,458,717	5,458,717
Other	3,727,443	3,314,618
	\$54,292,859	\$57,067,172
<u>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUIT</u> Y CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Trade and subcontractors payables	\$ 961,853	\$ 888,397
Accrued expenses	1,499,727	1,861,348
Accrued incentive compensation	456,402	1,089,369
Liabilities of discontinued operations (Note 5)	97,289	196,427
Billings in excess of costs and earnings	191,248	526,512
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,188,133	1,174,707
Total current liabilities	4,394,652	5,736,760
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	3,177,700	3,460,151

OTHER LIABILITIES MORTGAGE NOTES PAYABLE, less current maturities OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT, less current maturities	1,663,373 23,083,209 1,663,250	1,602,243 23,567,189 1,787,418
Total liabilities	33,982,184	36,153,761
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 10)		
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY: Common stock, \$1 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; 3,694,436 issued and 3,545,738 outstanding at October 31, 2005 (including 335,203 shares issued on October 11, 2005, as a stock dividend), 3,357,601 issued and 3,209,113 outstanding at April 30, 2005 Additional paid-in capital Deferred stock compensation Retained earnings Treasury stock, common shares; 148,698 at October 31, 2005, and 148,488 at April 30, 2005	3,694,436 4,800,028 (6,048) 12,508,071 (685,812)	3,357,601 3,067,982 (14,162) 15,186,932 (684,942)
Total shareholders equity	20,310,675	20,913,411
	\$54,292,859	\$57,067,172
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.		
1		

# ABRAMS INDUSTRIES, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	EN	QUARTER DED BER 30, 2004	FIRST SIX MONTHS ENDEI OCTOBER 30, 2005 2004			
REVENUES: Energy and facilities solutions Energy services Rental income Real estate sales	\$ 969,604 1,874,731 1,685,444 1,154,254 5,684,033	\$ 940,084 1,993,530 3,932,511 6,866,125	\$ 1,893,952 3,969,641 3,379,406 1,154,254 10,397,253	\$ 1,830,295 3,956,398 5,670,841 11,457,534		
Interest Other	51,928 240,960 5,976,921	9,810 30,057 6,905,992	98,152 254,021 10,749,426	38,628 36,064 11,532,226		
COSTS AND EXPENSES: Energy and facilities solutions Energy services Rental property operating expenses, excluding interest Cost of real estate sold	492,253 1,278,681 1,135,412 612,124 3,518,470	552,869 1,378,490 1,275,168 3,206,527	1,002,524 2,267,285 2,228,264 612,124 6,110,197	1,033,758 2,859,727 2,549,948 6,443,433		
Selling, general and administrative Energy and facilities solutions Energy services Real estate Parent	541,614 530,741 186,873 736,043 1,995,271	460,031 481,658 583,218 904,294 2,429,201	1,087,587 1,085,636 452,157 1,635,595 4,260,975	1,098,963 1,121,691 945,808 1,600,722 4,767,184		
Extinguishment of debt				218,071		
Interest costs incurred	472,865	499,475	904,970	1,077,392		
	5,986,606	6,135,203	11,276,142	12,506,080		

(9,685)		770,789		(526,716)		(973,854)
(3,680)		310,757		(200,152)		(349,595)
(6,005)		460,032		(326,564)		(624,259)
(16,909)		61,308		(33,376)		40,145
\$ (22,914)	\$	521,340	\$	(359,940)	\$	(584,114)
\$ (.00) (.01)	\$	.13 .02	\$	(.09) (.01)	\$	(.18) .01
\$ (.01)	\$	.15	\$	(.10)	\$	(.17)
\$ .04	\$	.04	\$	.07	\$	.22
l statements.		3,541,913		3,545,049		3,537,356
\$ \$	(3,680) (6,005) (16,909) \$ (22,914) \$ (.00) (.01) \$ (.01)	(3,680) (6,005) (16,909) \$ (22,914) \$ \$ (.00) \$ (.01) \$ .04 \$  3,545,418  ancial statements.	(3,680) 310,757 (6,005) 460,032  (16,909) 61,308  \$ (22,914) \$ 521,340  \$ (.00) \$ .13 .02  \$ (.01) \$ .15  \$ .04 \$ .04	(3,680) 310,757 (6,005) 460,032  (16,909) 61,308  \$ (22,914) \$ 521,340 \$  \$ (.00) \$ .13 \$ (.01) .02  \$ (.01) \$ .15 \$  \$ .04 \$ .04 \$  ancial statements.	(3,680) 310,757 (200,152) (6,005) 460,032 (326,564)  (16,909) 61,308 (33,376)  \$ (22,914) \$ 521,340 \$ (359,940)  \$ (.00) \$ .13 \$ (.09) (.01)  \$ (.01) .02 (.01)  \$ .04 \$ .04 \$ .07  3,545,418 3,541,913 3,545,049  uncial statements.	(3,680) 310,757 (200,152) (6,005) 460,032 (326,564)  (16,909) 61,308 (33,376)  \$ (22,914) \$ 521,340 \$ (359,940) \$  \$ (.00) \$ .13 \$ (.09) \$ (.01) .02 (.01)  \$ .04 \$ .04 \$ .07 \$  3,545,418 3,541,913 3,545,049  ancial statements.

#### **Table of Contents**

# ABRAMS INDUSTRIES, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

	Commo Shares	on Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital C	Stock	Retained on Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total
BALANCES at April 30, 2003 Net loss Common stock acquired	3,060,239	3,060,239	2,153,505	(16,598)	16,734,753 (1,850,126)	(673,947)	21,257,952 (1,850,126)
Common stock issued Stock compensation expense Cash dividends declared \$.16 per	267,389	267,389	810,369	(41,700) 31,443		(5,836)	1,036,058 25,607
share					(471,964)		(471,964)
BALANCES at April 30, 2004	3,327,628	3,327,628	2,963,874	(26,855)	14,412,663	(679,783)	19,997,527
Net earnings Common stock acquired					1,800,358		1,800,358
Common stock acquired Common stock issued Stock compensation expense Cash dividends declared \$.32 per	29,973	29,973	104,108	(39,175) 51,868		(5,159)	94,906 46,709
share					(1,026,089)		(1,026,089)
BALANCES at April 30, 2005	3,357,601	3,357,601	3,067,982	(14,162)	15,186,932	(684,942)	20,913,411
Net loss					(359,940)		(359,940)
Common stock issued Stock compensation expense	900	900	3,555	(4,455) 12,569		(870)	11,699
Stock option exercise Cash dividends declared \$.0726 per share (adjusted for subsequent	732	732	2,196	12,309		(070)	2,928
stock dividend) Stock dividend declared 10% at					(257,423)		(257,423)
market value on date declared	335,203	335,203	1,726,295		(2,061,498)		
BALANCES at October 31, 2005	3,694,436	\$3,694,436	\$4,800,028	\$ (6,048)	\$12,508,071	\$(685,812)	\$20,310,675

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

3

# ABRAMS INDUSTRIES, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 30,			
		2005		2004
CONTINUING OPERATIONS:				
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net loss	\$	(359,940)	\$	(584,114)
Loss (earnings) from discontinued operations, net of tax	Ψ	33,376	Ψ	(40,145)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by		22,27		(10,110)
operating activities:				
Gain on sale of real estate		(542,130)		
Depreciation and amortization		790,935		1,011,336
Deferred tax benefit		(282,451)		(333,325)
(Recovery of) provison for doubtful accounts, net		(50,041)		9,190
Extinguishment of debt				218,071
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Receivables		711,281		(593,466)
Costs and earnings in excess of billings		46,422		232,306
Note receivables		(623,031)		
Other current assets		(180,468)		(284,356)
Other assets		(198,561)		(303,504)
Trade and subcontractors payable		73,456		630,058
Accrued expenses		(361,621)		(187,204)
Accrued incentive compensation		(632,967)		
Billings in excess of costs and earnings		(335,264)		711,124
Other liabilities		61,130		180,736
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(1,849,874)		666,707
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Release of restricted cash held in escrow		8,272,399		
Proceeds from sale of real estate		617,140		
Additions to income-producing properties, net		(355,897)		(205,447)
Additions to property and equipment, net		(148,158)		(400,581)
Additions to intangible assets, net		(474,143)		(253,955)
Acquisition, net of cash acquired		, , -,		(178,315)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		7,911,341		(1,038,298)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Debt restructuring				(1,974,042)
Debt restructuring  Debt repayments		(542,929)		(478,212)
Deferred loan costs paid		(		(50,000)
2 -111110 10mi voom pma				(50,000)

Cash received on stock option exercise Cash dividends	2,928 (257,423)	(769,456)
Net cash used in financing activities	(797,424)	(3,271,710)
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS: Operating activities Investing activities Financing activities	(32,037)	1,764,506 (47,472) (89,156)
Net cash (used in) provided by discontinued operations	(32,037)	1,627,878
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	5,232,006 1,402,645 \$ 6,634,651	\$ (2,015,423) 6,379,679 4,364,256
Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities: Issuance of common stock under Stock Award Plan See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.  4	\$ 4,455	\$ 7,500

#### **Table of Contents**

#### ABRAMS INDUSTRIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OCTOBER 31, 2005, AND APRIL 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

#### NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

Abrams Industries, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, the Company ) was organized under Delaware law in 1960. In 1984, the Company changed its state of incorporation from Delaware to Georgia. The Company (i) provides energy engineering and analytical consulting services and develops, implements and supports facility management software applications; (ii) implements energy saving lighting programs and provides other energy services, including facility related improvements that reduce energy and operating costs; and (iii) engages in real estate investment and development.

# NOTE 2. UNAUDITED STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although management believes that the accompanying disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In the opinion of management, the accompanying financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals that are necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2005. Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of annual results.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the fiscal 2005 consolidated financial statements to conform to the classifications adopted in 2006.

#### **NOTE 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

For purposes of the required pro forma disclosures required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, as amended by SFAS No. 148, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure*, the Company has computed the value of all stock option awards granted for the quarter ended October 31, 2005, and October 31, 2004, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. If the Company had accounted for its stock-based compensation awards in accordance with SFAS 123, pro forma results would have been as follows:

5

	•	orter ctober 31,	Six Months Ended October 31,		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
Net (loss) earnings, as reported Add: Stock-based compensation Deduct: Total stock-based compensation expense as determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax	\$(22,914) 6,654	\$521,340 16,273	\$(359,940) 16,057	\$(584,114) 34,680	
effects Add: Forfeitures, net of related tax effects	(28,013) 7,073	(33,674) 25,271	(58,655) 9,659	(107,668) 46,534	
Pro forma net (loss) earnings	\$(37,200)	\$529,210	\$(392,879)	\$(610,568)	
Net (loss) earnings per share: Basic and diluted as reported	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.17)	
Basic and diluted pro forma	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.15	<b>\$</b> (0.11)	\$ (0.17)	

Options to purchase 703,536 shares were outstanding at October 31, 2005, of which 464,062 options were vested. The Company did not grant any stock options or shares of restricted stock for the quarter ended October 31, 2005. The Company did grant 30,000 stock options and 2,300 shares of restricted stock for the quarter ended October 31, 2004. The Company granted 4,000 stock options and 900 shares of restricted stock for the first six months ended October 31, 2005, and granted 84,900 stock options and 7,500 shares of restricted stock for the first six months ended October 31, 2004. The number of stock options forfeited in the quarters ended October 31, 2005, and October 31, 2004, was 12,198 and 33,500, respectively. The number of stock options forfeited in the first six months ended October 31, 2005, and October 31, 2004, was 16,248 and 60,000, respectively. There were 3,662 stock options that were in-the-money and exercisable as of October 31, 2005. The number of shares of unvested, restricted stock forfeited in the quarters ended October 31, 2005, and October 31, 2004, was 110 and 400, respectively. The number of shares of unvested, restricted stock forfeited in the first six months ended October 31, 2005, and October 31, 2004, was 210 and 700, respectively.

# **NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES**

All net contract and trade receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

#### NOTE 5. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

#### Construction Segment

During fiscal 2004, the Company made the decision to curtail its operations as a general contractor, and pursuant to this decision, all operating activities were ceased. The former Construction Segment has been classified as a discontinued operation.

# Real Estate Sales of Income-Producing Properties

The Company is in the business of creating long-term value by periodically realizing gains through the sale of existing real estate assets, and then redeploying its capital by reinvesting the proceeds from such sales. Effective May 1, 2002, the Company adopted SFAS 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*, which requires, among other things, that the operating results of certain income-producing assets, sold subsequent to April 30, 2002, be included in discontinued operations in the statements of operations for all periods presented. The Company classifies an asset as held for sale when the asset is under a binding sales contract with minimal contingencies, and the buyer is materially

#### **Table of Contents**

Liabilities of discontinued operations

at risk if the buyer fails to complete the transaction. However, each potential transaction is evaluated based on its separate facts and circumstances. Pursuant to this standard, as of October 31, 2005, the Company had no assets that were classified as held for sale.

On April 18, 2005, the Company sold its shopping center located in Jackson, Michigan, and recognized a pre-tax gain of approximately \$4.1 million. On February 9, 2005, the Company sold its shopping center in Cincinnati, Ohio, and recognized a pre-tax gain of approximately \$850,000. As a result of these transactions, the Company s financial statements have been prepared with the assets, liabilities, results of operations, cash flows, and the gains on the sales shown as discontinued operations. All historical statements have been restated in accordance with SFAS 144. Summarized financial information for discontinued operations for the quarters and six month periods ended October 31, 2005, and 2004, is as follows:

		arter Ended ber 31,	Six Months Ended October 31,		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
REVENUES:					
Construction	\$	\$ 11	\$ 40	\$145,513	
Rental properties	19,796	362,980	19,796	653,362	
Total revenues	19,796	362,991	19,836	798,875	
COSTS AND EXPENSES: Construction cost and expenses Rental property operating expenses, including				114,734	
depreciation and interest	6,741	225,706	6,640	462,771	
Construction selling, general & administrative	40,326	41,096	67,028	148,993	
Total costs and expenses	47,067	266,802	73,668	726,498	
(Loss) earnings from discontinued operations	(27,271)	96,189	(53,832)	72,377	
Income tax (benefit) expense	(10,362)	34,881	(20,456)	32,232	
(Loss) earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	<b>\$(16,909)</b>	\$ 61,308	\$(33,376)	\$ 40,145	
	Ψ(109>0>)	Ψ 01,200	φ (εε,ε. ε. σ)	Ψ 10,110	
			Bal October	ances at	
Assets of discontinued operations			31, 2005	April 30, 2005	
Receivables, net			\$	\$100,477	
Other current assets			3,155	3,155	
			\$3,155	\$103,632	
			Bal	ances at	
******			October 31,	April 30,	

Table of Contents 14

2005

2005

Trade and subcontractors payables	\$28,747	\$ 74,150
Accrued expenses	68,542	122,277
	\$97,289	\$196,427

# **NOTE 6. OPERATING SEGMENTS**

The Company has three operating segments: Energy and Facilities Solutions, Energy Services, and Real Estate. The table below shows selected financial data on a segment basis. Net earnings (loss) are total revenues less operating expenses, including depreciation, interest, and income taxes. In this presentation, management fee expense charged by the Parent Company has not been allocated to the subsidiaries.

7

For the Quarter Ended	Energy and Facilities	Enover	Real Estate			
October 31, 2005	Solutions	Energy Services	(1)	Parent	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues from unaffiliated customers Interest and other income Intersegment revenue	\$ 969,604 1,418	\$1,874,731 9,530	\$2,839,698 418,506 134,705	\$ 9,010	\$ (145,576) (134,705)	\$5,684,033 292,888
Total revenues from continuing operations	\$ 971,022	\$1,884,261	\$3,392,909	\$ 9,010	\$(280,281)	\$5,976,921
Net (loss) earnings (2)	\$(126,613)	\$ (55,994)	\$ 661,738	\$(468,243)	\$ (8,799)	\$ 2,089
For the Quarter Ended October 31, 2004	Energy and Facilities Solutions	Energy Services	Real Estate (1)	Parent	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues from unaffiliated customers Interest and other income Intersegment revenue	\$940,084	\$1,993,530 11,125	\$3,932,511 73,278 121,864	\$ 8,121	\$ (52,657) (121,864)	\$6,866,125 39,867
Total revenues from continuing operations	\$940,084	\$2,004,655	\$4,127,653	\$ 8,121	\$(174,521)	\$6,905,992
Net (loss) earnings (2)	\$ (72,162)	\$ 7,388	\$1,387,925	\$(832,987)	\$ 54,743	\$ 544,907
For the Six Months Ended October 31, 2005	l Energy ar Facilities Solutions	s Energy	Real Estate (1)	Parent	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues from unaffiliated customers Interest and other income Intersegment revenue	\$1,893,955 1,733		\$4,533,660 572,828 261,893	\$ 13,640	\$ (245,558) (261,893)	\$10,397,253 352,173
Total revenues from continuing operations	\$1,895,68	5 \$3,979,171	\$5,368,381	\$ 13,640	\$(507,451)	\$10,749,426
Net (loss) earnings (2)	\$ (257,44	0) \$ 236,229	\$ 794,335	\$(1,084,196)	\$ (7,335)	\$ (318,407)
For the Six Months Ended October 31, 2004	l Energy ar	nd	Real Estate (1)	Parent	Eliminations	Consolidated

Edgar Filing: ABRAMS INDUSTRIES INC - Form 10-Q

	Facilities Solutions	Energy Services				
Revenues from unaffiliated customers Interest and other income Intersegment revenue	\$1,830,295 11,535	\$3,956,398 11,125	\$5,670,841 148,475 246,218	\$ 15,206	\$ (100,114) (257,753)	\$11,457,534 74,692
Total revenues from continuing operations	\$1,841,830	\$3,967,523	\$6,065,534	\$ 15,206	\$(357,867)	\$11,532,226
Net (loss) earnings (2)	\$ (218,582)	\$ (159,990)	\$1,024,749	\$(1,303,683)	\$ 151,412	\$ (506,094)
8						

- (1) The Company is in the business of creating long-term value by periodically realizing gains through the sale of income-producing properties. The Real Estate Segment s net earnings include results from income-producing properties that are reflected as discontinued operations pursuant to SFAS 144, including gains on the sale of those properties.
- (2) The Company has changed its measurement of profit or loss previously disclosed from net (loss) earnings from continuing operations before income taxes to net (loss) earnings. The chief executive officer uses this measurement to analyze each Segment s operating performance.

The following is a reconciliation of Segment net (loss) earnings shown in the table above to consolidated net (loss) earnings on the statements of operations for the quarters and six months ended October 31, 2005, and 2004:

Quarter Ended October 31,

Six Months Ended October 31,

Edgar Filing: ABRAMS INDUSTRIES INC - Form 10-Q

	2005	2004	2005	2004
Consolidated Segment net (loss) earnings	\$ 2,089	\$544,907	\$(318,407)	\$(506,094)
Discontinued Construction Segment net loss	(25,003)	(44,110)	(41,533)	(151,306)
Eliminations related to Construction				
Segment		20,543		73,286
Consolidated net (loss) earnings	<b>\$(22,914)</b>	\$521,340	\$(359,940)	\$(584,114)

#### NOTE 7. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing net (loss) earnings by the weighted average shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share are computed giving effect to dilutive stock equivalents resulting from outstanding stock options and stock warrants. The dilutive effect on the number of common shares for the second quarter and for the first six months of fiscal 2006 was 86,267 and 56,453 shares, respectively, and was 0 and 52 shares for the second quarter and for the first six months of fiscal 2005, respectively. Since the Company had a loss from continuing operations for the periods in which there was a dilutive effect, all stock equivalents were antidilutive during that period, and therefore, are excluded when determining the diluted weighted average shares outstanding.

On August 25, 2005, the Company awarded a stock dividend of ten percent (10%) to all shareholders of record on September 27, 2005. On October 11, 2005, the Company issued 335,203 shares of stock related to the stock dividend. (Loss) earnings per share have been adjusted retroactively to present the shares issued and stock dividend as outstanding for all periods presented.

9

#### **Table of Contents**

#### NOTE 8. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The gross carrying amounts and accumulated amortization for all of the Company s intangible assets as of October 31, 2005, are as follows:

	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization
Amortized intangible assets:		
Proprietary facility management software applications Computer software Real estate lease costs Customer relationships Deferred loan costs Other	\$ 2,124,956 417,210 1,615,672 218,000 751,547 55,608	\$ 693,713 386,077 801,770 79,933 525,527 32,933
	\$ 5,182,993	\$ 2,519,953
Unamortized intangible assets: Trademark	\$ 708,707	\$
Goodwill	\$ 5,458,717	\$
Aggregate amortization expense for all amortized intangible assets For the three months ended October 31, 2005 For the six months ended October 31, 2005 For the three months ended October 31, 2004 For the six months ended October 31, 2004 NOTE 9, DISPOSITIONS		\$143,139 266,319 161,293 318,508

**NOTE 9. DISPOSITIONS** 

On October 28, 2005, the Company closed on the sale of one of its outparcels located in North Fort Myers, Florida, for a sales price of \$625,000, resulting in a pre-tax gain of approximately \$296,000. After selling expenses, the sale generated proceeds of approximately \$577,000 of which \$450,000 was recorded as a note receivable, bearing interest at 7.25%, interest only due monthly commencing on December 1, 2005, and matures on April 28, 2006.

On October 21, 2005, the Company closed on the sale of one of its outparcels located in North Fort Myers, Florida,

for a sales price of approximately \$529,000, resulting in a pre-tax gain of approximately \$246,000. After selling expenses, the sale generated net cash proceeds of approximately \$488,000.

# NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is subject to legal proceedings and other claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. While the resolution of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company believes that the final outcome of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial position or results of operations.

#### **Table of Contents**

# NOTE 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Company has entered into a contract to sell its professional medical office building located in Douglasville, Georgia, at a gain. The contract specifies a closing date in fiscal 2006. The contract is subject to customary conditions, and there can be no assurance that the contract will close.

The Company has entered into a contract to sell a 4.7 acre tract of land in Louisville, Kentucky, at a gain. The contract specifies a closing date in fiscal 2006. The contract is subject to customary conditions, and there can be no assurance that the contract will close.

11

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, including the notes to those statements, which are presented elsewhere in this report. The Company also recommends that this discussion and analysis be read in conjunction with the management s discussion and analysis section and the consolidated financial statements included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2005. The Company s fiscal year 2006 ends April 30, 2006.

In the charts below, changes in revenues, costs and expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses from period to period are analyzed on both segment and consolidated bases. For net earnings and similar profit information on a consolidated basis, please see the Company s consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to SFAS 144, the figures shown in the following charts for all periods presented do not include Real Estate Segment revenues, cost and expenses, and selling, general and administrative expenses, generated by certain owned income-producing properties which are held for sale or that have been sold, including the gains on the sale of these properties; such amounts have been reclassified to discontinued operations. See Critical Accounting Policies Discontinued Operations later in this discussion and analysis section.

Results of operations of the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2006, compared to the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2005

#### **REVENUES From Continuing Operations**

For the second quarter of fiscal 2006, consolidated revenues from continuing operations, including interest income and other income, and net of intersegment eliminations, were \$5,976,921, compared to \$6,905,992 for the second quarter of fiscal 2005, a decrease of 13%. For the first six months of fiscal 2006, consolidated revenues from continuing operations were \$10,749,426, compared to \$11,532,226 for the first six months of fiscal 2005, a decrease of 7%.

The figures in Chart A are segment revenues from continuing operations, net of intersegment eliminations, and do not include interest income or other income.

CHART A
REVENUES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT
(Dollars in Thousands)

	En	Quarter ded oer 31,	Amount Increase		5111 1/1011	ths Ended per 31,	Amount Increase	
	2005	2004	(Decrease)	Decrease)	2005	2004	(Decrease)	Decrease)
Energy and Facilities Solutions	\$ 970	\$ 940	\$ 30	3	\$ 1,894	\$ 1,830	\$ 64	3
Energy Services (1)	1,875	1,994	(119)	(6)	3,970	3,956	14	0
Real Estate (2)	2,840	3,933	(1,093)	(28)	4,534	5,671	(1,137)	(20)
	\$5,685	\$6,867	\$(1,182)	(17)	\$10,398	\$11,457	\$(1,059)	(9)
			12					

#### **Table of Contents**

#### NOTES TO CHART A

- (1) Revenues for the Energy Services Segment for the first six months of fiscal 2006 include the recognition of approximately \$593,000 in revenues in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 from a consulting services contract that was substantially performed in prior periods and did not have any associated cost and expense (See Chart B).
- (2) Real estate revenues from continuing operations decreased \$1,093,000 or 28% for the second quarter of fiscal 2006, and \$1,137,000 or 20% for the first six months of fiscal 2006, compared to the same periods in fiscal 2005, primarily due to:
  - (a) rental revenues in fiscal 2005 included revenues of \$2,250,000 from the sale of the Company s leaseback interest in a shopping center in Minneapolis, Minnesota, in September 2004; whereas there were no rental revenues from a leaseback sale in the first six months of fiscal 2006;

offset by:

(b) the sale of land (two outparcels) located in North Fort Myers, Florida, for \$1,154,000, in October 2005. There was no sale of land in the first six months of fiscal 2005.

The following table indicates the backlog of contracts and rental income for the next twelve months, by industry segment.

	October 31,		
	2005	2004	
Energy and Facilities Solutions (a)	\$ 2,821,000	\$ 2,572,000	
Energy Services (b)	2,469,000	4,396,000	
Real Estate (c)	6,602,000	6,509,000	
Less: Intersegment eliminations	(540,000)	(524,000)	
Total Backlog	\$ 11,352,000	\$ 12,953,000	

- (a) The increase in backlog is primarily due to an increase in energy engineering service contracts. Backlog includes contracts that can be cancelled with less than one year s notice, and assumes cancellations provisions will not be invoked. The cancellation rate for such contracts in the previous twelve months was approximately 9%.
- (b) The decrease in backlog is primarily due to one large contract included in the prior period in the education and government sector.
- (c) The increase in real estate backlog primarily relates to an increase in occupancy rates at leased properties. Revenues from any contract in which the prospective buyer is not materially at risk are not included in backlog. As of October 31, 2005, backlog does not include a contract to sell, at a gain, the Company s professional medical office building located in Douglasville, Georgia. Backlog also does not include a contract to sell, at a gain, a 4.7 acre tract of land in Louisville, Kentucky. See Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

# COSTS AND EXPENSES APPLICABLE TO REVENUES

From Continuing Operations

As a percentage of total segment revenues from continuing operations (See Chart A), the total applicable costs and expenses (See Chart B) were 62% and 47% for the second quarters of fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively, and 59% and 56% for the first six months of fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively. In

13

#### **Table of Contents**

reviewing Chart B, the reader should recognize that the volume of revenues generally will affect the amounts and percentages presented there.

The figures in Chart B are net of intersegment eliminations.

#### **CHART B**

# COSTS AND EXPENSES APPLICABLE TO REVENUES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT

(Dollars in Thousands)

			Perce	ent of			Perce	ent of	
		Segment							
		Revenues for							
	Second	Quarter	Second	Quarter			Six M	lonths	
	En	ded	Enc	ded	Six Mont	ths Ended	Enc	ded	
	Octob	October 31,		er 31,	October 31,		October 31,		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	
Energy and Facilities Solutions (1)	\$ 492	\$ 553	51	59	\$ 1,003	\$ 1,034	53	57	
Energy Services (2)	1,279	1,378	68	69	2,267	2,860	57	72	
Real Estate (3)	1,747	1,275	62	32	2,840	2,550	63	45	
	\$ 3,518	\$ 3,206	62	47	\$6,110	\$ 6,444	59	56	

#### NOTES TO CHART B

- (1) The change in the percentage of costs and expenses applicable to revenues from continuing operations of the Energy and Facilities Solutions Segment for all periods presented is primarily due to:
  - (a) changes in the mix of services and products; and
  - (b) an increase in margins on energy engineering services and proprietary facility management software applications due to improved operational efficiencies.
- (2) On a dollar basis, costs and expenses from continuing operations decreased \$593,000 or 21% for the first six months of fiscal 2006, compared to the same period of fiscal 2005, primarily due to a corresponding decrease in installation contract revenues.

On a percentage basis, costs and expenses decreased for the first six months of fiscal 2006, primarily due to:

- (a) the recognition of revenue from a consulting services contract in the first quarter of fiscal 2006, that had no associated cost and expense in the first six months of fiscal 2006; and
- (b) an increase in margins on installation contract revenues due to improved operational efficiencies.
- (3) On a dollar basis, costs and expenses from continuing operations increased \$472,000 or 37% for the second quarter of fiscal 2006, and \$290,000 or 11% for the first six months of fiscal 2006, compared to the same periods of fiscal 2005, primarily due to:
  - (a) the cost of sales of land of \$612,000, resulting from the sale of two outparcels located in North Fort Myers, Florida, in October 2005; there were no land sales in the first six months of fiscal 2005;

offset by:

(b) the absence of lease costs of \$30,000 and \$98,000, in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2006, respectively, related to the leaseback interest in a shopping center located in Minneapolis, Minnesota, that was sold in September 2004;

(c)

a decrease in common area maintenance and operating expenses of \$41,000 and \$85,000, in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2006, respectively; and

14

#### **Table of Contents**

(d) a decrease in depreciation and amortization of \$41,000 and \$81,000 in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2006, respectively.

On a percentage basis, costs and expenses from continuing operations increased for both periods presented, primarily due to the rental revenues of \$2,250,000 that resulted from the sale of the Company s leaseback interest in the shopping center in Minneapolis, Minnesota, in the second quarter ended October 31, 2004; the cost of the sale was \$42,115.

# SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

#### From Continuing Operations

For the second quarters of fiscal 2006 and 2005, total selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) from continuing operations, net of intersegment eliminations, were \$1,995,271 and \$2,429,201, respectively. As a percentage of consolidated revenues from continuing operations, these expenses were 35% for both of the second quarters of fiscal 2006 and 2005. For the first six months of fiscal 2006 and 2005, total SG&A expenses from continuing operations, net of intersegment eliminations, were \$4,260,975 and \$4,767,184, respectively. As a percentage of consolidated revenues from continuing operations, these expenses were 41% and 42% for the first six months of fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively. In reviewing Chart C, the reader should recognize that the volume of revenues generally will affect the amounts and percentages presented there. The percentages in Chart C are based upon expenses as they relate to segment revenues from continuing operations (Chart A), except that parent and total expenses relate to consolidated revenues from continuing operations.

# CHART C SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT

(Dollars in Thousands)

					Perce	ent of				Perce	ent of
					Segr	nent				Segr	nent
					Reven	ues for				Reven	ues for
					Second	Quarter				Six M	onths
	Se	econd Qu	arter	Ended	End	ded	Six Mon	ths E	nded	End	ded
		Octob	er 31	l,	Octob	er 31,	Octob	oer 31	Ι,	Octob	er 31,
		2005		2004	2005	2004	2005		2004	2005	2004
Energy and Facilities											
Solutions (1)	\$	542	\$	460	56	49	\$ 1,088	\$	1,099	57	60
Energy Services (2)		531		482	28	24	1,086		1,122	27	28
Real Estate (3)		187		583	7	15	452		946	10	17
Parent		736		904	13	13	1,636		1,601	16	14
	\$	1,996	\$	2,429	35	35	\$ 4,262	\$	4,768	41	42

#### NOTES TO CHART C

- (1) On a dollar basis, SG&A expenses from continuing operations increased \$82,000 or 18% for the second quarter of 2006, compared to the same period of fiscal 2005, primarily due to an increase in personnel related costs.
- (2) On a dollar and percentage basis, SG&A expenses from continuing operations increased \$49,000 or 10% for the second quarter of 2006, compared to the same period of fiscal 2005, primarily due to an increase in unallocated project development costs associated with a delay in contracts being awarded.
- (3) On a dollar and percentage basis, SG&A expenses from continuing operations decreased \$396,000 or 68% for the second quarter of fiscal 2006 and \$494,000 or 52% for the first six

15

#### **Table of Contents**

months of fiscal 2006, compared to the same periods of fiscal 2005, primarily due to the legal costs and a net settlement cost that was expensed in fiscal 2005, due to the conclusion of arbitration proceedings.

# Liquidity and capital resources

Between April 30, 2005, and October 31, 2005, working capital decreased by \$1,467,189. Operating activities used cash of \$1,850,000 primarily due to:

- (a) an increase in note receivables of approximately \$623,000 related to services performed on a consulting contract:
- (b) the cash payment of \$620,000, representing 58% of the incentive compensation generated by the successful achievement of Company-wide earnings and performance goals in fiscal 2005;
- (c) a net decrease in trade and subcontractors payables, accrued expenses and billings in excess of costs and earnings of \$562,000 due to the timing and submission of payments;
- (d) an increase in other current assets of approximately \$180,000 related to insurance prepayments and real estate tax prepayments; and
- (e) losses from continuing operations; offset by:
- (f) a decrease in gross receivables and costs and earnings in excess of billings of approximately \$758,000. Investing activities provided cash of \$7,911,000, primarily due to:
  - (a) the release of approximately \$8,272,000 previously held in escrow for the purpose of purchasing a replacement property as part of an Internal Revenue Code Section 1031 federal tax deferred exchange for the Company's former shopping center located in Cincinnati, Ohio, which was sold in February 2005, and the Company's former shopping center located in Jackson, Michigan, which was sold in April 2005, as the Company did not purchase replacement properties;
  - (b) proceeds of \$617,000 from the sale of two outparcels located in North Fort Myers, Florida, that were sold at gains in October 2005;

#### offset by:

- (c) approximately \$356,000 in tenant and building improvements; and
- (d) additions to intangible assets of \$474,000 primarily related to software development costs for one of the Company's proprietary software solutions.

Financing activities used cash of \$797,000 for scheduled principal payments of mortgage notes and other long-term debt and the regular quarterly dividends. Discontinued operations used cash of \$32,000.

The Company anticipates that its existing cash balances, equity, line of credit, potential proceeds from sales of real estate, potential cash flow provided by financing or refinancing of debt obligations, and cash flow generated from operations will, for the foreseeable future, provide adequate liquidity and financial flexibility to meet the Company s needs to fund working capital, capital expenditures, and investment activities.

The Company has a commitment from a bank for a secured line of credit in the amount of \$1.5 million, of which a total of \$300,000 is restricted to secure a letter of credit. The bank line of credit is secured by the Company s investment in a short-term securities bond of \$2.0 million that matures in April 2006. The Company can borrow an amount not to exceed 75% of the current market value on the bond. The line of credit bears interest at the prime rate or LIBOR plus 2%, and has a commitment fee of .375% on any

16

#### **Table of Contents**

unused portion. The bank line of credit expires January 31, 2006. As of October 31, 2005, there were no amounts outstanding on this line of credit.

# Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements

Certain statements contained or incorporated by reference in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including without limitation, statements containing the words believes, anticipates, estimates, expects, plans, and words of similar import, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other matters which may cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance, or uncertainties expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Factors relating to general global, national, regional, and local economic conditions, including international political stability, national defense, homeland security, natural disasters, employment levels, wage and salary levels, consumer confidence, availability of credit, taxation policies, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, SEC reporting requirements, fees paid to vendors in order to remain in compliance with Sarbanes-Oxley Act and SEC requirements, interest rates, capital spending, and inflation could negatively impact the Company and its customers, suppliers, and sources of capital. Any significant negative impact from these factors could result in material adverse effects on the Company s results of operations and financial condition.

The Company is at risk for many other matters beyond its control, including, but not limited to: the possible impact, if any, on the ultimate disposition of legal proceedings in which the Company is involved; the potential loss of significant customers; co-tenancy provisions in anchor retail tenant leases; the Company is ability to sell or refinance its real estate; the possibility of not achieving projected backlog revenues or not realizing earnings from such revenues; the cost and availability of insurance; the ability of the Company to attract and retain key personnel; weather conditions; changes in laws and regulations, including changes in accounting standards, generally accepted accounting principles, and regulatory requirements of the SEC and NASDAQ; overall vacancy rates in markets where the Company leases retail and office space; overall capital spending trends in the economy; the timing and amount of earnings recognition related to the possible sale of real estate properties held for sale; delays in or cancellations of customers orders; the level and volatility of interest rates; the level and volatility of energy prices; the failure of a subcontractor to perform; and the deterioration in the financial stability of an anchor tenant, significant subcontractor, vendor, or other significant customer.

# **Critical Accounting Policies**

A critical accounting policy is one that is both important to the portrayal of the Company s financial position and results of operations, and requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect the amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes. In preparing these financial statements, the Company has made its best estimates and used its best judgments regarding certain amounts included in the financial statements, giving due consideration to materiality. The application of these accounting policies involves the exercise of judgment and the use of assumptions regarding future uncertainties, and as a result, actual results could differ from those estimates. Management believes that the Company s most critical accounting policies include:

Revenue recognition

Energy and facilities solutions revenues primarily consist of services and product sales. Revenues are

17

#### **Table of Contents**

recognized as services are rendered, and depending upon the product type and customer agreement, product sales are recognized when products are installed or when products are delivered.

Energy services revenues are reported on the percentage-of-completion method, using costs incurred to-date in relation to estimated total costs of the contracts, to measure the stage of completion. Original contract prices are adjusted for changes in estimated total contract costs and revenues (change orders), in the amounts that are reasonably estimated based on the Company s historical experience. The cumulative effects of change orders are recorded in the period in which the facts requiring such revisions become known, and are accounted for using the percentage-of-completion method. At the time it is determined that a contract is expected to result in a loss, the entire estimated loss is recorded.

The Company leases space in its income-producing properties to tenants, and recognizes minimum base rentals as revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Tenants may also be required to pay additional rental amounts as reimbursement for their share of property operating expenses. In addition, certain tenants are required to pay incremental rental amounts, which are contingent on their store sales. These percentage rents are recognized only if and when earned.

Revenue from the sale of real estate is recognized when all of the following has occurred: (a) the property is transferred to the buyer; (b) the buyer s initial and continuing investment is adequate to demonstrate a commitment to pay for the property; and (c) the buyer has assumed all future ownership risks of the property. The cost of sales related to real estate is based on the specific property sold. When a portion or unit of a development property is sold, a proportionate share of the total cost of the development is charged to cost of sales.

*Income-producing properties and property and equipment* 

Income-producing properties are stated at cost, and are depreciated for financial reporting purposes using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Property and equipment are stated at cost and are depreciated for financial reporting purposes using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Significant additions that extend asset lives are capitalized. Normal maintenance and repair costs are expensed as incurred.

Interest and other carrying costs related to real estate assets under development are capitalized. Costs of development and construction of real estate assets are also capitalized. Capitalization of interest and other carrying costs is discontinued when a development project is substantially completed or if active development ceases.

The Company reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

Valuation of goodwill and other intangible assets

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives are required to be reviewed for impairment on an annual basis or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to estimated future net discounted cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. The most significant assumptions in the impairment analysis are revenue growth and the discount rate utilized. If an asset is considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the asset s fair value. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of their carrying amount or estimated fair value less costs to sell.

18

#### **Table of Contents**

#### Income taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date of such change.

# Discontinued Operations

The Company adopted SFAS 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long- Lived Assets, effective May 1, 2002, which requires, among other things, that the gains and losses from the disposition of certain income-producing real estate assets and the related historical operating results be reflected as discontinued operations in the statements of operations for all periods presented. Although net earnings is not affected, the Company has reclassified results previously included in continuing operations to discontinued operations for qualifying dispositions pursuant to SFAS 144.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes since April 30, 2005. Refer to the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2005, for detailed disclosures about quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Management has evaluated the Company s disclosure controls and procedures as defined by Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of the end of the period covered by this report. This evaluation was carried out with the participation of the Company s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. No system of controls, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide absolute assurance that the objectives of the system of controls are met, and no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that the system of controls has operated effectively in all cases. The Company s disclosure controls and procedures, however, are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the objectives of disclosure controls and procedures are met. Based on management s evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective, as of the end of the period covered by this report, to provide reasonable assurance that the objectives of disclosure controls and procedures were met. There was no change in the Company s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this quarterly report on Form 10-Q that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the

Company s internal control over financial reporting.

19

#### **Table of Contents**

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

At the Company s Annual Meeting of Shareholders, held on August 24, 2005, the shareholders voted upon and approved the nominees for the Board of Directors. The voting was as follows:

DIRECTORS	<b>VOTES FOR</b>	<b>VOTES WITHHELD</b>
Alan R. Abrams	2,986,014	1,200
David L. Abrams	2,984,239	2,975
J. Andrew Abrams	2,984,614	2,600
Samuel E. Allen	2,965,888	21,326
Gilbert L. Danielson	2,985,139	2,075
Melinda S. Garrett	2,984,139	3,075
Robert T. McWhinney, Jr.	2,986,914	300
Felker W. Ward, Jr.	2,964,113	23,101

#### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

The Company is committed to attracting quality employees by offering competitive compensation programs. Accordingly, the Company has an annual incentive bonus program that covers all full-time employees of the Company and its subsidiaries, including the executive officers. At the beginning of each fiscal year, with recommendations from management, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approves a specific consolidated net earnings target and an incentive bonus opportunity for each executive officer, generally expressed as a percentage of such officer s base salary. The incentive bonus that can be earned by executive officers is contingent on the Company achieving consolidated net earnings, and is derived by a formula tied to the level of attainment of the consolidated net earnings target, or in the case of those executive officers who are presidents of operating segments, tied partially to the level of attainment of the consolidated net earnings target and partially to the level of attainment of a net earnings target for the operating segment. All executive officers receive any earned incentive bonuses in two installments, payable six months apart. To qualify to receive an incentive bonus installment, a plan participant must be actively employed by the Company at the time of such payment. The Company retains discretion to terminate or amend the plan at any time.

On July 15, 2005, the Company made the first installment payout under the annual incentive bonus program for the achievement of performance goals for the Company s fiscal year ended April 30, 2005. The total amounts payable to the executive officers of the Company with respect to fiscal 2005, including the previously-paid July 2005 installment, were reported in the Company s Proxy Statement related to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 26, 2005.

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors has renewed this annual incentive bonus program for fiscal 2006.

20

#### **Table of Contents**

# ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- 10(i) Summary Description of Annual Incentive Bonus Plan
- 31(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant Rules 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
- 31(b) Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant Rules 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
- 32(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act 2002
- 32(b) Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act 2002

21

#### **Table of Contents**

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ABRAMS INDUSTRIES, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: December 15, 2005 /s/ Alan R. Abrams

Alan R. Abrams

Chief Executive Officer

Date: December 15, 2005 /s/ Mark J. Thomas

Mark J. Thomas

Chief Financial Officer

22