

PIVOTAL CORP
Form 10-Q
February 14, 2003

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2002

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR
15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 000-26867

PIVOTAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA

98-0366456

(State or other Jurisdiction of incorporation)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**SUITE 700 - 858 BEATTY STREET
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA, V6B 1C1
CANADA**

(Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

Telephone (604) 699-8000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes ☐ No ☒

Common shares outstanding at February 1, 2003: 25,482,591

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PIVOTAL CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

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PART I ITEM 1: CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PIVOTAL CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(EXPRESSED IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS; ALL AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	December 31, <u>2002</u> (unaudited)	June 30, <u>2002</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,392	\$ 20,322
Short-term investments	11,298	20,961
Restricted cash	1,240	--
Accounts receivable	9,785	11,100
Prepaid expenses and other	2,462	2,546
Total current assets	42,177	54,929
Property and equipment, net	3,597	4,201
Goodwill and acquired intangibles	10,895	7,632
Other assets	1,209	1,883
Total assets	\$ 57,878	\$ 68,645
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 17,083	\$ 16,414
Current portion of accrued restructuring costs	6,176	2,296
Current portion of restructuring costs assumed on acquisition	2,075	--
Deferred revenue	13,036	12,327
Current portion of obligations under capital leases and long-term debt	487	320
Total current liabilities	38,857	31,357
Non-current portion of accrued restructuring costs	3,396	3,082
Non-current portion of restructuring costs assumed on acquisition	771	--
Non-current portion of obligations under capital leases and long-term debt	111	423
Total liabilities	43,135	34,862
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred shares, undesignated, no par value; authorized shares 20,000 at December 31, 2002 and June 30, 2002; no shares issued and outstanding		
Common shares, no par value; authorized shares 200,000 at December 31, 2002 and June 30, 2002; issued and outstanding shares 25,337 and 24,096 at December 31, 2002 and June 30, 2002, respectively	179,572	178,084
Deferred share-based compensation	(11)	(23)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	--	(90)

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	December 31, 2002	June 30, 2002
Accumulated deficit	(164,818)	(144,188)
Total shareholders' equity	14,743	33,783
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 57,878	\$ 68,645

See accompanying notes.

PIVOTAL CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(EXPRESSED IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS,
ALL AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)
(UNAUDITED)

	Three months ended December 31,		Six months ended December 31,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Revenues:				
License	\$ 7,017	\$ 6,870	\$ 10,232	\$ 12,923
Services and maintenance	9,078	9,828	18,170	19,905
Total revenues	16,095	16,698	28,402	32,828
Cost of Revenues:				
License	906	557	1,153	1,049
Services and maintenance	4,719	5,895	10,065	11,863
Total cost of revenues	5,625	6,452	11,218	12,912
Gross profit	10,470	10,246	17,184	19,916
Operating Expenses:				
Sales and marketing	7,080	10,476	16,136	23,880
Research and development	4,214	4,795	8,205	9,877
General and administrative	2,395	2,780	4,425	7,985
Restructuring costs and other charges	8,596	49,504	8,596	51,429
Amortization of goodwill	--	5,996	--	12,700
Total operating expenses	22,285	73,551	37,362	105,871
Loss from operations	(11,815)	(63,305)	(20,178)	(85,955)

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	Three months ended December 31,		Six months ended December 31,	
Interest and other income (loss)	16	481	(273)	699
Loss before income taxes	(11,799)	(62,824)	(20,451)	(85,256)
Income taxes	16	180	179	335
Net loss	\$(11,815)	\$(63,004)	\$(20,630)	\$(85,591)
Loss per share:				
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.47)	\$ (2.63)	\$ (0.83)	\$ (3.57)
Weighted average number of shares used to calculate loss per share:				
Basic and diluted	25,161	24,001	24,737	23,996

See accompanying notes.

PIVOTAL CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002
(EXPRESSED IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS; ALL AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)
(UNAUDITED)

	<u>Common Shares and Additional Paid-In Capital</u>	<u>Deferred Share-Based Compensation</u>	<u>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss</u>	<u>Accumulated (Deficit)</u>	<u>Total Shareholders' Equity</u>
Balance June 30, 2002	24,096	\$178,084	\$(23)	\$(90)	\$ (144,188)
Net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2002	--	--	--	(8,815)	(8,815)
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale investment	--	--	(22)	--	(22)
Comprehensive loss					(8,837)
Issuance of common shares on exercise of stock options	4	3	--	--	3
Issuance of common shares related to Employee Stock Purchase Plan	62	195	--	--	195
Issuance of common shares related to prior year acquisitions	448	970	--	--	970

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	Common Shares and Additional Paid-In Capital		Deferred Share-Based	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Accumulated	Total Shareholders'
Amortization of share-based compensation	--	--	6	--	--	6
Balance at September 30, 2002	24,610	\$179,252	\$(17)	\$(112)	\$(153,003)	\$ 26,120
Net loss for the three months ended December 31, 2002	--	--	--	--	(11,815)	(11,815)
Change in net unrealized loss on available-for-sale investment	--	--	--	112	--	112
Comprehensive loss						(11,703)
Issuance of common shares on exercise of stock options	2	1	--	--	--	1
Issuance of common shares on acquisition of MarketFirst	725	319	--	--	--	319
Amortization of deferred share-based compensation	--	--	6	--	--	6
Balance at December 31, 2002	25,337	\$179,572	\$(11)	--	\$(164,818)	\$ 14,743

PIVOTAL CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(EXPRESSED IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS; ALL AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)
(UNAUDITED)

	Six months ended <u>December 31,</u>	
	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss for the period	\$(20,630)	\$(85,591)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Amortization of goodwill	--	12,700
Amortization of acquired intangibles	176	270
Impairment of goodwill and other purchased intangible assets	--	32,987
Depreciation	1,001	2,693
Loss on disposal of other assets	78	--
Non-cash restructuring	844	7,535
Amortization of deferred share-based compensation	12	28
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	3,767	9,600
Prepaid expenses	228	(1,316)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,612)	(2,514)
Accrued restructuring costs	3,616	8,662

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	Six months ended December 31,	
Deferred revenue	(821)	(2,330)
Net cash used in operating activities	(13,341)	(17,276)
Cash flow from investing activities:		
Purchases, sales and maturities of short-term investments, net	9,663	22,317
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,133)	(469)
Proceeds on disposal of property and equipment	16	--
Proceeds from sale and leaseback of assets	--	289
Change in restricted cash	(1,240)	--
Net cash acquired on acquisition of MarketFirst Software, Inc. (note 2)	2,515	--
Long term investments and other assets	686	(3,839)
Net cash provided by investing activities	10,507	18,298
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of common shares	199	633
Repayment of obligations under capital lease	(295)	(300)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(96)	333
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,930)	1,355
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	20,322	13,247
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 17,392	\$ 14,602
Supplemental non-cash investing and financing disclosure:		
Issuance of common shares on acquisitions	\$ 319	\$ --

See accompanying notes.

PIVOTAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(EXPRESSED IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS; ALL AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS
EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)
(UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission for the presentation of interim financial information. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed, or omitted, pursuant to such rules and regulations. In Pivotal's opinion, these financial statements include all adjustments necessary (which are of a normal and recurring nature) for the fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations, cash flows and shareholders' equity for the interim periods presented. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in Pivotal's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2002. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for any other interim period or for a full fiscal year.

2. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

On October 23, 2002, Pivotal acquired 100% of MarketFirst Software, Inc. (MarketFirst), a privately-held company based in Mountain View, California that provides technology to help companies automate their marketing processes. MarketFirst's marketing automation software extends the Pivotal CRM suite and expands Pivotal's revenue opportunity with new and existing customers. The results of operations of MarketFirst Software, Inc. are included in the condensed consolidated statement of operations since the acquisition date, and the related assets and liabilities were recorded based upon their respective fair values at the date of acquisition. Pivotal paid an aggregate purchase price of \$584 consisting of 725 common shares and cash of \$265, which includes acquisition related expenditures of \$210.

The total consideration paid by Pivotal for MarketFirst, including acquisition costs, was allocated based on estimated fair values on the acquisition date as follows:

Assets acquired (including cash of \$2,780)	\$ 5,499
Liabilities assumed	8,354
	<hr/>
Net identifiable assets (liabilities) acquired	(2,855)
Goodwill and other intangibles	3,439
	<hr/>
Purchase price	\$ 584
	<hr/>
Consideration	
Cash	\$ 265
Fair value of common shares issued	319
	<hr/>
	\$ 584
	<hr/>

Prior to the date of acquisition by the Company, MarketFirst implemented restructuring plans that included a reduction in headcount and facilities abandonment to align its expenses and revenue levels. The fair value of

obligations related to this restructuring, which consist principally of facilities lease obligations and employee severance, were recorded as liabilities on the consolidated financial statements of Pivotal as at the date of the acquisition. Of the remaining balance of this restructuring liability of \$2,846 at December 31, 2002, \$1,284 will be paid over the remainder of fiscal 2003 and the remaining balance of \$1,562 will be paid over the associated lease terms, which range from one to two years.

The following table presents the unaudited pro forma results of operations for informational purposes assuming Pivotal had acquired MarketFirst at the beginning of the fiscal 2001 year.

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	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	December 31, 2002	December 31, 2001	December 31, 2002	December 31, 2001
Total revenues	\$ 16,441	\$ 19,792	\$ 30,346	\$ 38,958
Net loss	\$(14,967)	\$(70,157)	\$(25,491)	\$(97,368)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.59)	\$ (2.84)	\$ (1.01)	\$ (3.94)

Included in the pro forma net loss for the three months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, are restructuring costs and other charges of \$12,727 and \$54,463. For the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, included are charges of \$12,307 and \$56,388 for restructuring costs and other charges, and charges of \$0 and \$1,268 for discontinued operations. This information may not necessarily be indicative of the future combined results of operations of Pivotal and MarketFirst.

3. GOODWILL AND OTHER ACQUIRED INTANGIBLE ASSETS

In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 141 (SFAS 141), Business Combinations and Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 142 (SFAS 142), Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets.

SFAS 141 requires that business combinations be accounted for under the purchase method of accounting and addresses the initial recognition and measurement of assets acquired, including goodwill and intangibles, and liabilities assumed in a business combination. The Company adopted SFAS 141 on a prospective basis effective July 1, 2001. The adoption of SFAS 141 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements, but will impact the accounting treatment of future acquisitions.

SFAS 142 requires goodwill to be allocated to, and assessed as part of, a reporting unit. Further, SFAS 142 specifies that goodwill will no longer be amortized but instead will be subject to impairment tests at least annually. In conjunction with the implementation of SFAS 142, Pivotal completed the first of the required SFAS 142 transitional impairment tests during the second quarter of fiscal 2003 and concluded that there was no impairment of recorded goodwill. The fair value of its reporting unit, determined based on a combination of the present value of expected future cash flows, analysis of qualitative factors, and consideration of market capitalization as of October 31, 2002 exceeded the carrying amount of recorded goodwill as of October 31, 2002. Therefore, the second step of the transitional impairment test under SFAS 142 was not required to be performed.

Changes to the estimates used in step one analysis, including estimated future cash flows, could cause the reporting unit to be valued differently in future periods. Future analysis could possibly result in a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of up to \$10,895, depending on the estimated value of the reporting unit and the value of the net assets attributable to the reporting unit at that time.

The Company adopted SFAS 142 on a prospective basis at the beginning of fiscal 2003 and stopped amortizing goodwill totaling \$7.3 million, thereby eliminating annual goodwill amortization of approximately \$6.0 million in fiscal 2003. Net loss and net loss per share adjusted to exclude goodwill amortization for the comparative period ended December 31, 2002 are as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	December 31, 2002	December 31, 2001	December 31, 2002	December 31, 2001
Net loss, as reported	\$ (11,815)	\$(63,004)	\$ (20,630)	\$(85,591)
Adjustments:				
Amortization of goodwill	--	5,996	--	12,700
Net Loss	\$ (11,815)	\$(57,008)	\$ (20,630)	\$(72,891)

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	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
Basic and diluted net loss per share, as reported	\$ (0.47)	\$ (2.63)	\$ (0.83)	\$ (3.57)
Basic and diluted net loss per share, adjusted	\$ (0.47)	\$ (2.38)	\$ (0.83)	\$ (3.04)

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,550 and \$1,704 at December 31, 2002 and June 30, 2002, respectively.

5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

The components of accounts payable and accrued liabilities are as follows:

	December 31, 2002	June 30, 2002
Accounts payable	\$ 8,254	\$ 9,084
Accrued compensation	3,919	3,287
Accrued acquisition costs	1,044	2,044
Other accrued liabilities	3,866	1,999
	\$17,083	\$16,414

6. LOSS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted loss per share:

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Six Months Ended December 31,	
	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Net loss (A)	\$(11,815)	\$(63,004)	\$(20,630)	\$(85,591)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (B)	25,161	24,001	24,737	23,996
Loss per share:				
Basic and diluted (A/B)	\$ (0.47)	\$ (2.63)	\$ (0.83)	\$ (3.57)

7. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Pivotal's business involves the development, marketing, and supporting of Internet and corporate network-based software applications used for managing customer and selling partner relationships. Pivotal licenses and markets products internationally and is in a single industry segment, specifically the license, implementation and support of its software. Pivotal's chief operating decision maker reviews financial information presented on a consolidated basis, accompanied by disaggregated information about revenues by geographic region for the purpose of making operating decisions and assessing financial performance.

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During the three months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 and the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, no single customer accounted for 10% or more of Pivotal's total revenue.

8. RESTRUCTURING COSTS AND OTHER CHARGES

During the year ended June 30, 2002, in light of the significant downturn in the North American and global economies, and the related impact on corporate capital spending, management approved restructuring plans to align Pivotal's cost structure with management's revised revenue expectations. In connection with these plans, Pivotal recorded charges of \$53,576 related to both restructuring activities and intangible asset writedowns. These charges included restructuring costs of \$20,589 associated with workforce reduction, consolidation of excess facilities, contract settlements and tangible asset impairments. In addition, Pivotal recorded a charge of \$32,987 related to the impairment of previously recorded goodwill and other purchased intangible assets.

During the three month period ended December 31, 2002, restructuring plans were implemented to align Pivotal's cost structure with changing market conditions and to create a more efficient organization. In connection with these plans, Pivotal recorded a charge of \$8,596 in the quarter ended December 31, 2002. This charge included costs associated with workforce reduction, consolidation of excess facilities, contract settlements and asset impairments.

Pivotal does not currently expect to incur additional material restructuring charges in subsequent periods, however unforeseen changes in business circumstances could require additional restructuring initiatives. Adjustments to the restructuring reserves will be made in future periods, if necessary, based upon actual events and circumstances at the time.

Changes in the restructuring reserve were as follows:

	Workforce Reduction	Excess Facilities/Asset Impairments	Contract Settlement Costs/Other	Total
Reserve balances, June 30, 2002	\$ 295	\$ 4,331	\$ 752	\$ 5,378
Restructuring charges, quarter ended September 30, 2002	--	--	--	--
Cash payments	(216)	(404)	(353)	(973)
Reserve balances, September 30, 2002	\$ 79	\$ 3,927	\$ 399	\$ 4,405
Restructuring charges, quarter ended December 31, 2002	3,302	4,842	452	8,596
Cash payments, relating to restructuring charges for:				
Fiscal 2002	--	(208)	(39)	(247)
Fiscal 2003	(1,788)	(503)	(47)	(2,338)
Non-cash portion relating to restructuring charges for:				
Fiscal 2002	--	(341)	--	(341)
Fiscal 2003	--	(487)	(16)	(503)
Reserve balances, December 31, 2002	\$ 1,593	\$ 7,230	\$ 749	\$ 9,572
Current Portion	\$ 1,567	\$ 3,931	\$ 678	\$ 6,176
Non-current Portion	26	3,299	71	3,396
	\$ 1,593	\$ 7,230	\$ 749	\$ 9,572

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Workforce Reduction	Excess Facilities/Asset Impairments	Contract Settlement Costs/Other	Total
------------------------	---	---------------------------------------	-------

Workforce reduction charges of \$3,302 for the three months and six months ended December 31, 2002, were related to the cost of severance and benefits associated with approximately 120 employees notified of termination during

the three months ended December 31, 2002, across Pivotal's sales, marketing, research and development, professional services and administrative departments.

In connection with the above noted workforce reduction, Pivotal identified a number of leased office facilities that were no longer required. As a result, Pivotal recorded net lease costs of approximately \$8,807. The costs primarily related to Pivotal's future contractual obligations under operating leases. The remaining lease commitments will be paid over the respective lease terms through to 2008. Offsetting the total lease charge was approximately \$4,452 in net expected sublease revenue. The estimated costs to exit the facilities, including expected sublease revenues, are based on available commercial rates and an estimate of the time required to sublet the facilities. The charge may be increased in future periods if further consolidations are required or if sublease income is less than expected. In addition, leasehold improvements located at the closed facilities and associated furniture and equipment were determined to be impaired and were written down to estimated realizable value, net of estimated disposal costs. The total write down of capital assets in the three months ended December 31, 2002 amounted to \$487.

Contract settlement and other costs of \$452 for the three months and six months ended December 31, 2002 were comprised of the remaining commitments on operating lease contracts for equipment made redundant due to the restructuring activities. If additional contracts are cancelled in future periods, or if additional unforeseen costs are incurred in respect of current contracts, this charge may increase.

During the three months and six months ended December 31, 2001, Pivotal recorded workforce reduction charges of \$2,844 and \$3,176, respectively, related to severance and related benefits to approximately 50 and 150, respectively, terminated employees. The workforce reductions were primarily in the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom and extended across all departments.

During the three months and six months ended December 31, 2001, Pivotal recorded charges of \$949 and \$9,695, respectively, related to the consolidation of facilities and impairment of certain assets. These charges for the three months ended December 31, 2001 included \$4,842 of asset impairments for certain capital assets that were either abandoned during the period or for which the resulting estimated future reduced cash flows were insufficient to cover the carrying amounts of the related assets. The remainder of the charges related to the consolidation of facilities and represent remaining lease commitments, net of expected sublease income, and other costs related to the closure of certain corporate facilities, sales offices and research and development centers for activities that have been exited or restructured. The remaining lease commitments will be paid over the respective lease terms through to June 2007. The estimated costs to exit the facilities, including expected sublease revenues, are based on available commercial rates and an estimate of the time required to sublet the facilities. The charge may be increased in future periods if further consolidations are required or if sublease income is less than expected.

During the three months and six months ended December 31, 2001, Pivotal recorded charges of \$644 and \$4,058, respectively for contract settlement costs including penalties expected to be incurred due to Pivotal's withdrawal from certain purchase and partner contracts and for various unrecoverable prepaid expenses related to future services forfeited as a direct result of the restructuring activities.

As part of Pivotal's review of financial results during the three months ended December 31, 2001, Pivotal performed an impairment assessment of identifiable intangible assets and goodwill recorded in connection with its past acquisitions. The impairment assessment was performed due to changes in overall economic conditions that had negatively impacted Pivotal's revenues and forecasted revenue growth rate. As a result, an impairment charge of \$32,987 was recorded to reduce goodwill associated with acquisitions and other purchased intangibles to their estimated fair values. This impairment charge was primarily associated with the acquisitions of Exactium Ltd., Digital Conversations Inc. (formerly Simba Technologies Inc.), Software Spectrum CRM, Inc. and Project One Business Technologies Inc.

9. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

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In June 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, *Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities* (SFAS No. 146). SFAS No. 146 addresses significant issues regarding the recognition, measurement, and reporting of costs associated with exit and disposal activities, including restructuring activities. SFAS No. 146 also

addresses recognition of certain costs related to terminating a contract that is not a capital lease, costs to consolidate facilities or relocate employees, and termination benefits provided to employees that are involuntarily terminated under the terms of a one-time benefit arrangement that is not an ongoing benefit arrangement or an individual deferred-compensation contract. As SFAS No. 146 is effective only for exit or disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002, Pivotal does not expect the adoption of this statement to have a material impact on its financial statements.

In December 2002, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 148, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure*. SFAS 148 amends SFAS 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, to provide alternative methods of transition for an entity that voluntarily changes to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based compensation. It also amends the disclosure provisions of that statement. The disclosure provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2002 and will become effective for us commencing with the third quarter of its 2003 fiscal year. Pivotal does not currently have plans to change to the fair value method of accounting for its stock-based compensation.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, *Guarantors Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others* (FIN 45). FIN 45 requires a company, at the time it issues a guarantee, to recognize an initial liability for the fair value of obligations assumed under the guarantee and elaborates on existing disclosure requirements related to guarantees and warranties. The initial recognition requirements of FIN 45 are effective for guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002 and adoption of the disclosure requirements are effective for us for the second quarter ending December 31, 2002. Pivotal does not expect the adoption of FIN 45 will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

As part of our standard software license agreement, we normally provide our customers with a limited warranty concerning the operations of our software and an indemnification with respect to damages suffered by our customers as a result of any infringement by our software products of third intellectual property rights. The warranties generally expire after one year, and the indemnities continue indefinitely for all customers using the then current version of our software products. In our experience, the cost of these warranties and indemnifications have not been significant and therefore the recognition of a separate liability reserve has not been considered necessary.

10. EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION PLAN

Under APB Opinion No. 25, because the exercise price of Pivotal's employee stock options generally equals the fair value of the underlying stock on the date of grant, no compensation expense is recognized. An alternative method of accounting for stock options is SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*. Under SFAS No. 123, employee stock options are valued at the grant date using the Black-Scholes valuation model and the resultant compensation cost is recognized ratably over the vesting period. Had compensation cost for Pivotal's share option plan been determined based on the Black-Scholes value at the grant dates for awards as prescribed by SFAS No. 123, the pro forma net loss and basic and diluted loss per share would have been as follows:

	Three months ended December 31,		Six months ended December 31,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Net loss under APB 25	(11,815)	(63,004)	(20,630)	(85,591)
Add back deferred share-based compensation	6	14	12	28
Less stock compensation expense using fair				

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	Three months ended December 31,		Six months ended December 31,	
value method	(783)	(6,628)	(6,999)	(13,256)
Net loss under SFAS 123	(12,592)	(69,618)	(27,617)	(98,819)
Basic and diluted loss per share:				
As reported	(0.47)	(2.63)	(0.83)	(3.57)
SFAS No. 123 pro forma	(0.50)	(2.90)	(1.12)	(4.12)

Compensation expense recognized in providing pro forma disclosures may not be representative of the effects on pro forma earnings for future years since SFAS No. 123 applies only to options granted after 1996.

The weighted average Black-Scholes option pricing model value of options granted under the share option plan during the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 were U.S. \$0.55, and U.S. \$3.46 per share, respectively. The fair value for these options was estimated at the date of grant using the following weighted average assumptions:

	Three months ended December 31,	
	2002	2001
Assumptions		
Volatility factor of expected market price of Pivotal's shares	123.0%	118.4%
Dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%
Weighted average expected life of stock options (years)	4.0 years	4.0 years
Risk free interest rate	3.0%	4.4%

11. CREDIT FACILITIES

On December 30, 2002, Pivotal signed a credit agreement with a U.S. based bank. The agreement provides Pivotal with a \$7,000 credit facility and is secured by a charge on all accounts receivable, inventory, chattel paper, equipment and fixtures and a negative pledge relating to Pivotal's general intangibles. As at December 31, 2002, Pivotal had issued standby letters of credit totaling \$6,454 under the facility, and was in compliance with all associated covenants.

On December 24, 2002, Pivotal amended its existing credit agreement with a Canadian based bank. Under the amended agreement, the facility is limited to the amount of outstanding letters of credit and is secured by either cash or back-to-back letters of credit. At December 31, 2002 \$1,240 of the outstanding letters of credit were secured by cash and the remaining \$5,214 million were secured by back-to-back letters of credit.

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2001, Pivotal loaned Cdn\$124 to its General Counsel and Assistant Secretary. This loan is non-interest bearing and is unsecured. Pursuant to an agreement dated May 29, 2002, Cdn\$33 of the loan has been repaid and the outstanding balance of the loan will be repaid through the offset of future incentive compensation, and will become due and payable in full in the event Pivotal's General Counsel and Assistant Secretary ceases to be employed by Pivotal.

On October 1, 2001, Pivotal entered into a consulting agreement with Christopher Lochhead. Mr. Lochhead was appointed to Pivotal's Board of Directors on November 27, 2001. Pursuant to the consulting agreement, Pivotal agreed to pay Mr. Lochhead a retainer of \$12 per month in exchange for Mr. Lochhead providing a pre-determined number of monthly consulting hours. Mr. Lochhead may charge an additional fee if the pre-determined number of monthly consulting hours is exceeded. During the three month and six month periods ended December 31, 2002, Pivotal paid Mr. Lochhead \$0 and \$47 overall, respectively, pursuant to the agreement. The consulting agreement with Christopher Lochhead was terminated effective September 30, 2002.

13. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in the current period.

PART I ITEM 2

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Investors should read the following in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in Part I Item 1 of this Quarterly Report, and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

Forward-Looking Statements

Statements in this filing about our future results, levels of activity, performance, goals or achievements or other future events constitute forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in our forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, those described in connection with the forward-looking statements, and the factors described under the heading "Risk Factors" in Exhibit 99.1 to this report, which is hereby incorporated by reference in this report.

In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by our use of words such as may, will, should, could, expect, plan, intend, believe, estimate, predict, potential or continue or the negative or other variations of these words, or other comparable words or phrases.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in our forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance, achievements or other future events. Moreover, neither we nor anyone else assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of our forward-looking statements. We are under no duty to update any of our forward-looking statements after the date of this report. You should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements.

Overview

Pivotal Corporation offers Customer Relationship Management (CRM) software and related services that enable mid-sized enterprises worldwide to acquire, serve and manage their customers. Pivotal's target customers are companies and business units in the revenue range of \$100 million to \$3 billion per year. Customer Relationship Management products and services automate and manage marketing, selling and servicing processes. We refer to our software as the Pivotal CRM Suite. The Pivotal CRM Suite is designed to complement and integrate with a business supply chain, therefore enabling businesses to improve efficiency and increase revenue.

Our products are used in 44 countries and are available in English, French, German, Spanish, Portuguese, Japanese, Chinese and Hebrew. More than 1,500 companies around the world use Pivotal's products, including: CIBC, Centex Homes, HarperCollins Publishers, Hitachi Telecom Inc., Premera Blue Cross, Royal Bank of Canada, Southern Company and Vivendi. We market and sell our products through a direct sales force as well as through third-party solution providers.

Our common shares are listed on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol PVTL and on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol PVT. Our head office is located at Suite 700 858 Beatty Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6B 1C1, and our telephone number is (604) 699-8000. Our home page on the Internet can be found at www.pivotal.com. Information contained on our website does not constitute part of this report.

Developments in Fiscal Year 2003

On October 3, 2002, we announced corporate restructuring initiatives, which included a company-wide workforce reduction representing approximately 27% of our total workforce, consolidation of excess facilities and restructuring of certain business functions. We believe that this new headcount enables us to align with both the current demand in the market for customer relationship management software products as well as the anticipated growth within that same market. We incurred a charge to operations of \$8.6 million related to the restructuring in the quarter ending December 31, 2002. Total cash outlays under the restructuring were \$2.3 million during the quarter ended December

31, 2002 and the non-cash portion was \$0.5 million. Of the remaining balance, which relates principally to lease payments on redundant facilities and equipment, \$4.2 million will be paid over the remainder of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003 and the remaining balance will be paid over the associated lease terms, which range from one to ten years. The total restructuring charge and related cash outlay are based on management's estimates, which may change as the restructuring plan is finalized. Additional charges may be incurred in future periods depending on business conditions and management's ability to achieve targeted expense levels.

In October 2002 we opened a development center in Bangalore, India and incorporated a wholly-owned Indian subsidiary. As of December 31, 2002 we had four full-time employees in India. We intend to continue to increase head count in India over the next 12 months. The Indian development center will primarily perform software development to augment our North American development teams. We expect that our total research and development costs will remain approximately flat for the remainder of fiscal 2003 as costs related to the Indian operation will be offset by a reduction of contractor and other costs in North America.

On October 23, 2002, we acquired 100% of MarketFirst Software, Inc. ("MarketFirst"), a privately-held company based in Mountain View, California that provides technology to help companies automate and manage their marketing processes. Accordingly, the results of operations of MarketFirst Software Inc. are included in the condensed consolidated statement of operations since the acquisition date, and the related assets and liabilities were recorded based upon their respective fair values at the date of acquisition. We paid an aggregate purchase price of \$0.6 million consisting of 725,000 common shares and cash of \$0.3 million, which includes acquisition related expenditures of \$0.2 million. The impact of the acquisition on operations for the three and six-month periods ended December 31, 2002 is not considered material.

Sources of Revenue and Revenue Recognition Policy

We derive our revenues from the sale of (a) licenses and, (b) services and maintenance. License and maintenance revenues are normally generated from licensing our products to end-users, value added resellers and application service providers and, to a lesser extent, through distribution of third-party products. Service revenues are generated from consulting services and education services sold to end-users.

We recognize license revenues on delivery of our solutions to the customer when all of the following conditions have been satisfied:

there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement (we consider a binding, non-cancelable agreement signed by us and the customer to be persuasive evidence of an arrangement);

the fee is fixed or determinable (we consider the fee to be fixed or determinable if the fee is not subject to refund or adjustment and if we have not granted extended payment terms to the customer); and

the collection of the license fee is probable (we consider collection to be probable if our internal credit analysis indicates that the customer will be able to pay amounts as they become due under the arrangement).

Revenues for multiple-element arrangements, which could consist of software licenses, upgrades, enhancements, maintenance and consulting services, are allocated among the component elements based upon the relative fair value of each element. The fair value of each element is determined by the price charged by us when that element is sold separately, or, in the case of an element not yet sold separately, by the price established by authorized management, if it is probable that the price, once established, will not change before market introduction.

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We enter into reseller and sub-licensing arrangements that provide a fee payable to us based on a percentage of list prices. We recognize revenue only on the net fee payable to us from the reseller upon sell-through to the end customer by the reseller.

We typically sell first year maintenance with the related software license. Revenue related to maintenance is recognized evenly over the term of the maintenance contract, typically one year.

We recognize revenue from consulting, implementation services and education as these services are performed. We derive revenue from these services primarily on a time-and-materials basis under a separate service arrangement

with the customer. In circumstances where we enter into fixed-price service contracts, revenue is recognized on a percentage-of-completion basis, which is measured based upon actual person-hours performed. Much of the implementation services provided to our customers in connection with installations of our solutions are provided by third-party consulting and implementation service providers. These third-party service providers ordinarily contract directly with the customer.

Results of Operations

The following table presents selected financial data, derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations, as a percentage of total revenues for the periods indicated. The operating results for the three months and six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full fiscal year or any future period.

	Three Months Ended December 31, <u>2002</u>	December 31, <u>2001</u>	Six Months Ended December 31, <u>2002</u>	December 31, <u>2001</u>
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS				
Revenues:				
Licenses	44%	41%	36%	39%
Services and maintenance	56%	59%	64%	61%
Total revenues	100%	100%	100%	100%
Cost of Revenues:				
Licenses	6%	3%	4%	3%
Services and maintenance	29%	35%	35%	36%
Total cost of revenues	35%	38%	39%	39%
Gross profit	65%	62%	61%	61%
Operating Expenses:				
Sales and marketing	44%	63%	57%	73%
Research and development	26%	29%	29%	30%
General and administrative	15%	17%	16%	24%
Restructuring costs and other charges	53%	297%	30%	157%
Amortization of goodwill	--	36%	--	39%
Total operating expenses	138%	442%	132%	323%
Loss from operations	(73%)	(380%)	(71%)	(262%)

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	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	0%	3%	(1)%	2%
Interest and other income (loss)				
Loss before income taxes	(73%)	(377%)	(72%)	(260%)
Income tax expense	0%	1%	1%	1%
Net loss	(73%)	(378%)	(73%)	(261%)

Revenues

In the quarter ended December 31, 2002, total revenues decreased 4% to \$16.1 million as compared to total revenues of \$16.7 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2001. Total revenues for the six month period ended December 31, 2002 were \$28.4 million compared with \$32.9 million for the six months ended December 31, 2001, representing a decrease of 14%.

The market for our products and related services is unpredictable (our sales are susceptible to fluctuations in the economy and the corresponding effect on corporate purchasing habits can create a reluctance of companies to acquire significant software systems). These market conditions may continue to deteriorate. The severity and duration of any further deterioration may compel us to consider further reductions in our workforce to realign with those new market conditions, on either a regional or global scale, or both. Any further deterioration in market conditions could adversely impact our ability to develop, deliver and/or service our existing and new products, as well as our ability to attract, maintain and service our customers.

Licenses

In the quarter ended December 31, 2002, revenues from licenses increased 2% to \$7.0 million as compared to revenues from licenses \$6.9 million for quarter ended December 31, 2001. Revenues from licenses for the six months ended December 31, 2002 were \$10.2 million compared with \$12.9 million for the six months ended December 31, 2001, representing a decrease of 21%.

For the six months ended December 31, 2002, our revenue from licenses decreased as a result of the continued economic slowdown through calendar 2002 and the resulting impact on corporate capital spending. We have observed an overall reduction in corporate capital budgets and continue to experience unpredictable selling cycles. Our license revenues depend on the overall demand for customer relationship management products, and the overall demand for our software depends in large part on the general economic and business conditions. Additionally, in the first quarter of fiscal 2003 we experienced contract losses with some customers due to customer concerns over the rapid decline of our stock price in the latter half of September 2002 and whether such decline indicated issues within Pivotal.

Revenues from licenses represented 44% and 41% of total revenues for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, revenues for licenses represented 36% and 39% of total revenues. No single customer accounted for 10% or more of our revenues for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 or for the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001. North American license revenues accounted for 59% and 41% of total license revenues in the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, North American license revenues accounted for 55% and 51% of total license revenues.

Services and Maintenance

Revenues from services and maintenance decreased 8% to \$9.1 million from \$9.8 million for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the quarter ended December 31, 2002, we experienced an increase of \$0.5 million in revenues from technical support and maintenance contracts as compared to the quarter ended December 31, 2001, which entitle the customer to new versions of the solutions and to technical support and maintenance services, and a decrease of \$1.3 million in revenues from implementation, education and consulting service

engagements.

During the six months ended December 31, 2002, revenues from services and maintenance decreased 9% to \$18.2 million as compared to the same period in 2001 when revenues from services and maintenance were \$19.9 million. Revenue relating to maintenance has increased due to an increased customer base and renewals of technical support and maintenance contracts upon expiration of first year maintenance arrangements. This resulted in an increase of \$1.0 million in revenues from technical support and maintenance contracts which was offset by a decrease of \$2.7 million in revenues from implementation, education, and consulting engagements, largely due to lower license sales in the first quarter of fiscal year 2003 as compared to the first quarter of fiscal year 2002.

Our revenues from services and maintenance represented 56% and 59% of total revenues for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six-month period ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, revenues from services and maintenance represented 64% and 61% of total revenues, respectively. We believe that future revenues from services and maintenance will decrease as a percentage of total revenues as license revenues are anticipated to grow at a greater rate than service and maintenance revenues. We plan to continue to rely on third parties to provide a large part of implementation services to our customers rather than providing those services directly.

Cost of Revenues

Total cost of revenues decreased 13% to \$5.6 million, or 35% of total revenues, from \$6.5 million, or 39% of total revenues, for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. For the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, total cost of revenues decreased 13% to \$11.2 million, or 39% of total revenues, from \$12.9 million, or 39% of total revenues. The decrease in total cost of revenues was due to decreased revenues, as well as reduced headcount and related allocations for services and maintenance following our restructuring initiatives in the first and second quarter of fiscal 2002 and the second quarter of fiscal 2003. The decrease in cost of revenues as a percentage of total revenues in the quarter ended December 31, 2002 compared to the quarter ended December 31, 2001 is due to a change in revenue mix between services and maintenance revenues versus license revenues in the December 2002 quarter compared to the December 2001 quarter.

Licenses

Cost of revenues from licenses increased to approximately \$0.9 million from \$0.6 million for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 cost of revenues from licenses increased from \$1 million to \$1.2 million in the prior year period. The increase is due primarily to the increase in products sold on an OEM and reseller basis, resulting in higher costs from third-party technology integrated with our solutions, compared to prior quarters. Cost of revenues from licenses as a percentage of revenues from licenses were 13% and 8% for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, cost of revenues from licenses as a percentage of revenues from licenses were 11% and 8%.

We expect that the cost of license revenue as a percentage of license revenue will continue to fluctuate quarter to quarter depending on sales mix and costs of third-party technology integrated with our solutions, but that it will be in the range of 6% to 8%.

Services and Maintenance

Cost of revenues from services and maintenance consists of personnel and other expenses related to providing maintenance and customer support, education and consulting services. Cost of revenues from services and maintenance will vary depending on the mix of services we provide between support and maintenance, education, implementation and consulting services. Gross profit margins are higher for support and maintenance services than they are for education and consulting services. Support and maintenance services involve the delivery of software upgrades, and customer support. Education and consulting services generally require more involvement by our employees, resulting in higher compensation, travel and similar expenses.

Cost of revenues from services and maintenance decreased 20% to \$4.7 million from \$5.9 million for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Cost of revenues from services and maintenance as a percentage of revenues from services and maintenance was 52 % and 60% for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2002, cost of revenues from services and maintenance decreased 15% to \$10.1 million compared to \$11.9 million for the six months ended December 31, 2001 and decreased to 55% of revenues from services and maintenance from 60% for the six months ended December 31, 2001.

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The decrease in cost of revenues from services and maintenance is due primarily to decreased personnel and facilities costs following our restructuring initiatives in fiscal 2002 and 2003.

Operating Expenses

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of salaries, commissions, bonuses and benefits earned by sales and marketing personnel, direct expenditures such as travel, communication and occupancy for direct sales offices, and marketing expenditures related to advertising, trade shows, direct mail, online marketing and promotion.

Sales and marketing expenses decreased 32% to \$7.1 million from \$10.5 million for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six-month periods ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, sales and marketing expense decreased 32% to \$16.1 million compared to \$23.9 million. The decreased expenditures for both the three and six-month periods ending December 31, 2002 is the result of a reduction in employees and marketing program expenditures following the implementation of our restructuring plans in fiscal 2002 and fiscal 2003, as well as to increased operating efficiencies and decreased commissions due to lower sales. Sales and marketing expenses decreased as a percentage of total revenues to 44% from 63% for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, sales and marketing expenses decreased as a percentage of total revenues to 57% from 73%.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses include costs associated with development of new products, enhancements of existing products and quality assurance activities. These costs consist primarily of salaries, benefits and equipment for software engineers, quality assurance personnel, program managers, product managers, technical writers and outside contractors used to augment the research and development efforts. Software development costs incurred prior to the establishment of technological feasibility are included in research and development costs as incurred. Since license revenues from our solutions are not recognized until after technological feasibility has been established, software development costs are not generally expensed in the same period in which license revenues for the developed solutions are recognized. There are no software development costs capitalized on our balance sheet.

Research and development expenses decreased 12% to \$4.2 million from \$4.8 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, research and development expenses decreased 17% from \$9.9 million to \$8.2 million. This decrease is a result of a reduction in employees and contract labor following the implementation of our restructuring plans in the second quarter of fiscal 2002 and in the three months ended December 31, 2002. Research and development expenses were 26% and 28% of total revenues for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, research and development expenses were 29% and 30% of total revenues.

In October 2002, we opened a development center in Bangalore, India and incorporated a wholly-owned Indian subsidiary. As of December 31, 2002 we had four full-time employees in India. We intend to continue to increase head count in India over the next 12 months. The Indian development center will primarily perform software development to augment our North Development teams. We expect that our total research and development costs will remain approximately flat in the short term as costs related to the Indian operation are offset by a reduction of contractor and other costs in North America.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries, benefits and related costs for executive, finance, administrative and human resources. General and administrative expenses also include legal and other professional fees and bad debt expense.

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General and administrative expenses decreased 14% to \$2.4 million from \$2.8 million for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 general and administrative expenses decreased 45% to \$4.4 million from \$8.0 million for the six months ended December 31, 2001. General and administrative expenses were 15% and 17% of total revenues for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively,

general and administrative expenses were 16% and 24% of total revenues. The decrease in general and administrative expenses was due to the fact that general and administrative expense for the six months ended December 31, 2001 included a non-recurring additional \$1.9 million charge for doubtful accounts receivable offset by the impact of reduced personnel and facilities costs following our restructuring in the second quarter of fiscal 2002 and in the second quarter of fiscal 2003.

Restructuring Costs and other Charges

During the year ended June 30, 2002, in light of the significant downturn in the North American and global economies, and the related impact on corporate capital spending, management approved restructuring plans to align Pivotal's cost structure with revised revenue expectations. In connection with these plans, we recorded charges of \$53.6 million related to both restructuring activities and intangible asset write downs. These charges included restructuring costs of \$20.6 million associated with workforce reduction, consolidation of excess facilities, contract settlements and tangible asset impairments. In addition, we recorded a charge of \$33.0 million related to the impairment of previously recorded goodwill and other purchased intangible assets.

During the three month period ended December 31, 2002, further restructuring plans were implemented to align our cost structure with changing market conditions and to create a more efficient organization. In connection with these plans, we recorded a charge of \$8.6 million in the quarter ended December 31, 2002. This charge includes costs associated with workforce reduction, consolidation of excess facilities, contract settlements and asset impairments. We do not currently expect to incur additional material restructuring charges in subsequent periods, however unforeseen changes in business circumstances could require additional restructuring initiatives. Adjustments to the restructuring reserves will be made in future periods, if necessary, based upon actual events and circumstances at the time.

Workforce reduction charges of \$3.3 million in the three and six months ended December 31, 2002 represented the cost of severance and related benefits of employees affected by the restructuring activities. Excess facility costs of \$4.3 million during this period represented lease termination payments, net of expected sublease revenue, and other costs related to the closure of certain corporate facilities and sales offices. Certain leasehold improvements located at the closed facilities and furniture and equipment were determined to be impaired as a result of the restructuring activities and therefore we incurred a charge of \$0.5 million in the three months ended December 31, 2002 related to the written down to estimated recoverable value, net of estimated disposal costs, for these particular assets. We also incurred a charge of \$0.5 million in the three months ended December 31, 2002 related to remaining lease commitments on operating lease contracts for equipment made redundant due to the restructuring activities. Refer to Note 8 of the notes to condensed consolidated financial statements in Part 1 Item 1 of this quarterly report for details of the changes in the restructuring reserve during the six months ended December 31, 2002.

As a result of the fiscal 2003 restructuring, we expect to achieve annualized savings of approximately \$14 million in cost of revenues and operating expenses based on the expenditure levels immediately prior to completion of this restructuring.

Amortization of Goodwill

There was no charge for amortization of goodwill for the three and the six months ended December 31, 2002. Amortization of goodwill was \$6.0 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2001 and \$12.7 million for the six months ended December 31, 2001. Due to our adoption of SFAS No. 141 and 142 on July 1, 2002, we no longer amortize goodwill. In conjunction with the implementation of SFAS 142, Pivotal completed the first of the required SFAS 142 transitional impairment tests during the second quarter of 2002 and concluded that there was no impairment of recorded goodwill, as the fair value of its reporting unit exceeded the carrying amount as of October 31, 2002.

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Interest and Other Income (Loss)

Interest and other income (loss) consists of earnings on cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments net of interest expense, foreign exchange gains and losses, and gains and losses on investments. Interest and other income (loss) was \$0.02 million and \$0.5 million for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During

the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, interest and other income (loss) was \$(0.3) million and \$0.7 million. In the quarter ended December 31, 2002, interest and other income (loss) was impacted by lower cash and short term investment balances held during the period and a \$0.08 million loss on sale of investments. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, interest and other income included a foreign exchange gain of \$0.4 million and a loss of \$0.1 million, respectively. The other components of interest and other income were not material for the periods presented.

Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes was \$0.02 million and \$0.2 million for the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, the provision for income taxes was \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million. These income tax amounts were attributable to our operations in the United States, the United Kingdom and France.

Quarterly Results of Operations

The following tables present our unaudited quarterly results of operations both in absolute dollars and on a percentage of revenue basis for each of our last eight quarters. This data has been derived from unaudited consolidated financial statements that have been prepared on the same basis as the annual audited consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, included all normal recurring adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of such information. These unaudited quarterly results should be read in conjunction with our annual audited consolidated financial statements.

Quarterly results of operations, expressed in United States dollars; all amounts in thousands:

	Three months ended							
	Dec. 31, 2002	Sept. 30, 2002	June 30, 2002	Mar. 31, 2002	Dec. 31, 2001	Sept. 30, 2001	June 30, 2001	Mar. 31, 2001
Revenues:								
License	\$ 7,017	\$ 3,215	\$ 8,849	\$ 7,510	\$ 6,870	\$ 6,053	\$ 12,028	\$ 16,368
Services and maintenance	9,078	9,092	10,223	10,206	9,828	10,077	10,216	10,271
Total revenues	16,095	12,307	19,072	17,716	16,698	16,130	22,244	26,639
Cost of revenues:								
License	906	247	522	385	557	492	946	1,009
Services and maintenance	4,719	5,346	5,443	5,025	5,895	5,968	6,108	5,591
Total cost of revenues	5,625	5,593	5,965	5,410	6,452	6,460	7,054	6,600
Gross profit	10,470	6,714	13,107	12,306	10,246	9,670	15,190	20,039
Operating expenses:								
Sales and marketing	7,080	9,056	8,803	8,734	10,476	13,404	14,129	12,689
Research and development	4,214	3,991	3,808	3,724	4,795	5,103	5,363	5,231

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	Three months ended							
General and administrative	2,395	2,030	2,774	2,060	2,780	5,206	6,904	2,787
Restructuring costs and other charges	8,596	--	2,147	--	49,504	1,925	--	--
Amortization of goodwill	--	--	1,506	1,505	5,996	6,683	6,459	5,933
Total operating expenses	22,285	15,077	19,038	16,023	73,551	32,321	32,855	26,640
Loss from operations	(11,815)	(8,363)	(5,931)	(3,717)	(63,305)	(22,651)	(17,665)	(6,601)
Other income (loss)								
Interest and other income (loss)	16	(289)	245	345	481	218	1,352	994
Impairment of investments	--	--	(1,244)	--	--	--	--	--
	16	(289)	(999)	345	481	218	1,352	994
Loss before income taxes	(11,799)	(8,652)	(6,930)	(3,372)	(62,824)	(22,433)	(16,313)	(5,607)
Income tax expense (recovery)	16	163	60	(8)	180	154	344	56
Net loss	\$(11,815)	\$(8,815)	\$(6,990)	\$(3,364)	\$(63,004)	\$(22,587)	\$(16,657)	\$(5,663)

Quarterly results of operations on a percentage of revenue basis:

	Three months ended							
	Dec. 31, 2002	Sept. 30, 2002	June 30, 2002	Mar. 31, 2002	Dec. 31, 2001	Sept. 30, 2001	June 30, 2001	Mar. 31, 2001
REVENUES:								
License	44%	26%	46%	42%	41%	38%	54%	62%
Services and maintenance	56%	74%	54%	58%	59%	62%	46%	38%
Total revenues	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
COST OF REVENUES:								
License	6%	2%	3%	2%	3%	3%	4%	4%
Services and maintenance	29%	43%	28%	29%	36%	37%	28%	21%
Total cost of revenues	35%	45%	31%	31%	39%	40%	32%	25%
Gross profit	65%	55%	69%	69%	61%	60%	68%	75%
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Sales and marketing	44%	74%	46%	49%	63%	83%	63%	48%
Research and development	26%	32%	20%	21%	29%	32%	24%	20%
General and administrative	15%	16%	15%	12%	17%	32%	31%	10%
Restructuring costs and other charges	53%	--	11%	--	296%	12%	--	--
Amortization of goodwill	--	--	8%	8%	36%	41%	29%	22%
Total operating expenses	138%	122%	100%	90%	440%	200%	147%	100%
Loss from operations	(73)%	(67)%	(31)%	(21)%	(379)%	(140)%	(79)%	(25)%
Other income (loss)								
Interest and other income (loss)	--	(2)%	1%	2%	3%	1%	6%	4%

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	Three months ended							
Impairment of investments	--	--	(6%)	--	--	--	--	--
Loss before income taxes	--	(2)%	(5)%	2%	3%	1%	6%	4%
Income tax expense (recovery)	(73)%	(69)%	(36)%	(19)%	(376)%	(139)%	(73)%	(21)%
Net loss	--	1%	(1)%	--	1%	1%	2%	--
Net loss	(73)%	(70)%	(37)%	(19)%	(377)%	(140)%	(75)%	(21)%

We believe the decrease in revenue commencing in the quarter ended September 30, 2001 is a result of the global economic slowdown and related reluctance of companies to acquire significant software and systems during this time.

Our quarterly operating results have fluctuated significantly in the past and will continue to fluctuate in the future as a result of a number of factors, many of which are outside of our control. As a result of our restructuring initiatives and our limited operating history and recent acquisitions, we cannot forecast operating expenses based on historical results. Accordingly, we base our anticipated level of expense in part on future revenue projections and planned expenditure levels. Most of our expenses are fixed in the short-term and we may not be able to quickly reduce spending if revenues are lower than we have projected. Our ability to forecast our quarterly revenues accurately is limited given the current economic climate, our limited operating history, the length of the sales cycle of our solutions and other uncertainties in our business. If revenues in a particular quarter do not meet projections, our net losses in a given quarter would be greater than expected. As a result, we believe that quarter-to-quarter comparisons of our operating results are not necessarily meaningful. Investors should not rely on the results of one quarter as an indication of future performance.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At December 31, 2002, we had \$17.4 million in cash and cash equivalents, \$11.3 million in short-term investments, \$1.2 million in restricted cash, and \$3.3 million in total working capital. Our combined cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and restricted cash balance decreased to \$29.9 million at December 31, 2002 from \$41.3 million at June 30, 2002. Our working capital decreased to \$3.3 million at December 31, 2002 from \$23.6 million at June 30, 2002. This decrease was principally due to the net loss for the six months ended December 31, 2002.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$13.3 million and \$17.3 million for the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$10.5 million and \$18.3 million for the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001. During the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, we received proceeds of \$9.7 million and \$22.3 million, respectively, from the sale and maturity of short-term investments. Net capital expenditures were \$1.1 and \$0.5 for the six months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$0.1 million for the six months ended December 31, 2002, compared to \$0.3 million of cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended December 31, 2001.

As of December 31, 2002, our future fixed commitments for cash payments primarily related to obligations under non-cancelable operating and capital leases. We lease facilities under non-cancelable operating leases expiring between 2003 and 2012 and certain equipment under non-cancelable operating and capital leases expiring between 2003 and 2004. Future minimum lease payments and other future fixed commitments for the years ending June 30 are as follows:

	Years ending June 30, (thousands)						
	Total	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008-2012
Capital leases and long term debt	\$ 3,444	1,482	1,577	385	--	--	--
Restructuring liabilities	9,572	4,258	2,561	1,142	893	387	332
Operating leases (excluding amounts charged to restructuring)	36,779	2,463	5,860	4,694	3,711	3,344	16,706

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	Years ending June 30, (thousands)					
Licensing commitments	500	500	--	--	--	--
Total cash obligations	\$50,295	8,703	9,998	6,221	4,604	3,731 17,038

Our principal sources of liquidity at December 31, 2002 were our cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and restricted cash of \$1.2 million.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2002 we entered into a new credit agreement with a U.S. bank. This credit agreement includes a revolving credit facility of up to \$7.0 million, which bears interest at the bank's prime rate plus 0.50% per year and is secured by a charge on all accounts receivable, inventory, chattel paper, equipment and fixtures and a negative pledge on general intangibles. As at December 31, 2002, we had issued standby letters of credit totaling \$6.5 million under the facility, which were used to secure obligations under our facility with a Canadian bank.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2002 we amended our previous credit agreement with a Canadian based bank. Under the amended agreement, the facility is limited to the amount of outstanding letters of credit and is secured by either cash or back-to-back letters of credit. At December 31, 2002 \$1.2 million of the outstanding letters of credit were secured by cash and the remaining \$5.2 million were secured by back-to-back letters of credit from our U.S. credit facility. Subsequent to year end the cash security was replaced by back-to-back letters of credit drawn from our U.S. credit facility. As at December 31, 2002, we were in compliance with all covenants associated with the above facilities.

On October 23, 2002, we completed the acquisition of MarketFirst Software Inc. The purchase price consisted of 725,000 shares of Pivotal Corporation and cash of \$0.3 million, which included acquisition-related expenditures of \$0.2 million. We expect that any additional expenditures and obligations related to the MarketFirst acquisition will be minimal.

We expect to incur capital expenditures of approximately \$1.5 million in the remainder of fiscal 2003, largely due leasehold fit-outs for our subleased space in our Vancouver head office facilities, as well as various upgrades to our computer systems infrastructure.

We believe that the total amount of cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments, along with the credit facilities, will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for working capital and other purposes through at least the next eighteen months. Thereafter, depending on the development of our business, we may need to raise additional cash for working capital or other expenses. In the interim, however, we may encounter lower than anticipated revenues, high than anticipated expenses, or opportunities for acquisitions or other business initiatives that require significant cash commitments, or unanticipated problems or expenses that could result in a requirement for additional cash before that time. If we need to raise additional cash, financing may not be available to us on favorable terms, or at all.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments that potentially subject us to a concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and accounts receivable. Cash and cash equivalents are held with high-quality financial institutions and short-term investments are made in investment grade securities to mitigate exposure to credit risk. Our customer base is dispersed across many different geographic areas throughout North America, Europe and the Asia Pacific and consists of companies in a variety of industries. We perform ongoing credit evaluations of our customers and do not require collateral or other security to support credit sales. We provide an allowance for bad debts based on historical experience and specifically identified risks. If the creditworthiness of certain customers deteriorates, or their business fails, we may experience additional bad debt expenses. During the six month period ended December 31, 2002, we recorded an expense for provisions for doubtful debts and recoveries of previously written-off accounts receivable totaling \$0.8 million.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, *Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities* (SFAS No. 146). SFAS No. 146 addresses significant issues regarding the recognition, measurement, and reporting of costs associated with exit and disposal activities, including restructuring activities. SFAS No. 146 also addresses recognition of certain costs related to terminating a contract that is not a capital lease, costs to consolidate facilities or relocate employees, and termination benefits provided to employees that are involuntarily terminated under the terms of a one-time benefit arrangement that is not an ongoing benefit arrangement or an individual deferred-compensation contract. As SFAS No. 146 is effective only for exit or disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002, we do not expect the adoption of this statement to have a material impact on our Company's financial statements.

In December 2002, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 148, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure*. SFAS 148 amends SFAS 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, to provide alternative methods of transition for an entity that voluntarily changes to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based compensation. It also amends the disclosure provisions of that statement. The disclosure provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2002 and will become effective for us commencing with the third quarter of our 2003 fiscal year. We do not currently have plans to change to the fair value method of accounting for our stock-based compensation.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, *Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others* (FIN 45). FIN 45 requires a company, at the time it issues a guarantee, to recognize an initial liability for the fair value of obligations assumed under the guarantee and elaborates on existing disclosure requirements related to guarantees and warranties. The initial

recognition requirements of FIN 45 are effective for guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002 and adoption of the disclosure requirements are effective for us for the second quarter ending December 31, 2002. We do not expect the adoption of FIN 45 will have a significant impact on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

As part of our standard software license agreement, we normally provides our customers with a limited warranty concerning the operations of our software and an indemnification with respect to damages suffered by our customers as a result of any infringement by our software products of third intellectual property rights. The warranties generally expire after one year, and the indemnities continue indefinitely for all customers using the then current version of our software products. In our experience, the cost of these warranties and indemnifications have not been significant and therefore the recognition of a separate liability reserve has not been considered necessary.

PART I ITEM 3

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to financial market risks, including fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and interest rates.

INTEREST RATE RISK

We invest our cash in a variety of short-term financial instruments, including government bonds, commercial paper and money market instruments. Our portfolio is diversified and consists primarily of investment grade securities to minimize credit risk. These investments are typically denominated in U.S. dollars. Cash balances in foreign currencies are operating balances and are only invested in demand or short-term deposits of the local operating bank.

Investments in both fixed rate and floating rate interest earning instruments carry a degree of interest rate risk. Fixed rate securities may have their fair market value adversely impacted because of a rise in interest rates, while floating rate securities may produce less income than expected if interest rates fall. Due in part to these factors, our future investment income may fall short of expectations because of changes in interest rates or we may suffer losses in principal if forced to sell securities that have seen a decline in market value because of changes in interest rates.

Our investments are made in accordance with an investment policy approved by our board of directors. Under this policy, all short-term investments must be made in investment grade securities with original maturities of less than one year at the time of acquisition.

We do not attempt to reduce or eliminate our exposure to interest rate risk through the use of derivative financial instruments due to the short-term nature of the investments. Based on a sensitivity analysis performed on our balances as of December 31, 2002, the fair value of our short-term investment portfolio of \$11.3 million would not be materially impacted by a shift in the yield curve of plus or minus 50, 100 or 150 basis points.

OTHER INVESTMENTS

Included in other assets is a \$0.4 million investment in a private company. Our investment in a privately held company is carried at cost less writedowns related to other than temporary declines. This investment is inherently risky. The market for the company's product or technologies that it has under development is in the early stages, and may never materialize. We could lose our entire investment in this company or may incur an impairment charge if we determine that the value of this asset has been impaired.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

We have operations in Canada and a number of other countries outside of the United States and therefore we are subject to risks typical of an international business including, but not limited to, differing economic conditions, changes in political climate, differing tax structures, other regulations and restrictions and foreign exchange rate volatility. Accordingly, our future results could be materially adversely affected by changes in these or other factors.

Our sales and corresponding receivables are substantially in U.S. dollars. Through our operations in Canada and outside North America, we incur the majority of our research and development, customer support costs and administrative expenses in Canadian and other local currencies. We are exposed, in the normal course of business, to foreign currency risks on these expenditures and on related foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities. We have evaluated our exposure to these risks and have determined that our only significant operating exposure to foreign currencies exposure at this time is to the Canadian dollar through our operations in Canada. At this time, we do not believe our operating exposure to other individual currencies is material.

On occasion, we use forward contracts to minimize the risks associated with transactions originating in Canadian dollars. We have not designated these forward contracts to be hedging instruments. Therefore, all gains or losses resulting from the change in fair value of these contracts have been included in earnings in the current period.

If we were to designate these types of forward contracts or other derivatives as hedges in the future and such derivatives satisfy the criteria for hedging instruments, then depending on the nature of the hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivatives will be offset against the change in fair value of assets, liabilities, or firm commitments recognized in earnings (fair value hedges) or recognized in other comprehensive income until the related hedged

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item is recognized in earnings (cash flow hedges). Any change in fair value related to the ineffective portion of a derivative will be recognized in earnings through periodic mark to market adjustments.

In addition to the use of foreign exchange forward contracts noted above, from time to time we may also purchase Canadian dollars in the open market and hold these funds in order to satisfy forecasted operating needs in Canadian dollars for the next operating period, which is generally limited to six months or less.

If our actual currency requirement in the period forecasted differs materially from the notional amount of our forward contracts and/or the amount of Canadian dollars purchased in the open market during a period of currency volatility or if we do not continue to manage our exposure to foreign currency through forward contracts or other means, we could experience unanticipated foreign currency gains or losses.

Our foreign currency risk management policy subjects us to risks relating to the creditworthiness of the commercial banks with which we enter into forward contracts. If one of these banks cannot honor its obligations, we may suffer a loss. We also invest in our international operations which will likely result in increased future operating expenses denominated in United Kingdom and Irish pounds, French francs, euros, German marks, Japanese yen, Australian dollars and New Zealand dollars. Our exposure to exchange fluctuations in foreign currencies is not material to date and accordingly, our current foreign currency risk management practices do not cover foreign exchange risks related to these other currencies. In the future, our exposure to foreign currency risks from these other foreign currencies may increase and if not managed appropriately, we could experience unanticipated foreign currency gains and losses.

The purpose of our foreign currency risk management policy is to reduce the effect of exchange rate fluctuation on our results of operations. Therefore, while our foreign currency risk management policy may reduce our exposure to losses resulting from unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates, it also reduces or eliminates our ability to profit from favorable changes in currency exchange rates.

At December 31, 2002, we had no outstanding currency forward exchange contracts, and had none outstanding during the quarter. For the quarters ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, the foreign exchange gain was \$21,000 and \$149,000.

PART I ITEM 4

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-14(c) and 15d-14(c) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of a date (the Evaluation Date) within 90 days prior to the filing date of this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in timely alerting them to the material information relating to us (or our consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in our periodic SEC filings and Form 8-K reports.

(b) Changes in internal controls.

There were no significant changes made in our internal controls or, to our knowledge, in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION**PART II ITEM 1****LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

As of the date hereof, there is no material litigation pending against us. From time to time, we are a party to litigation and claims incident to the ordinary course of business. While the results of litigation and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, we believe that the final outcome of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

PART II ITEM 2**CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

On October 23, 2002, Pivotal completed the merger of an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Pivotal Corporation, Pivotal Merger Subsidiary, Inc., a Delaware corporation, merged with and into MarketFirst Software, Inc. a Delaware corporation. As such, MarketFirst Software, Inc. became an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Pivotal Corporation. Under the terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger dated October 2, 2002, the merger consideration was 725,000 shares of common stock of Pivotal Corporation. This transaction was exempt from Securities Act registration pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 506 of Regulation D under the Securities Act and the exclusion from registration provided by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

PART II ITEM 3**DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None.

PART II ITEM 4**SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

On November 26, 2002, we held our annual general meeting of shareholders. The following matters were considered and voted upon at the annual general meeting:

The first matter considered and voted upon at the meeting was the election of directors. Kent Roger ("Bo") Manning, Norman B. Francis, Keith R. Wales, Jeremy A. Jaech, and Steven M. Gordon were nominated for election as directors of Pivotal to hold office until the close of the next annual general meeting or until their successor are duly elected or appointed. The votes cast and withheld for such nominees were as follows:

Name	For	Against	Withheld	Unvoted
Kent Roger ("Bo") Manning	8,641,905	0	100	16,695,390
Norman B. Francis	8,641,905	0	100	16,695,390
Keith R. Wales	8,641,905	0	100	16,695,390
Jeremy A. Jaech	8,641,905	0	100	16,695,390
Steven M. Gordon	8,641,905	0	100	16,695,390
Howard Gwin	8,641,905	0	100	16,695,390
Christopher Lochhead	8,641,905	0	100	16,695,390

The second matter considered and voted upon at the meeting was the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP, Chartered Accountants, of Vancouver, British Columbia, as the auditors of Pivotal to hold office until the close of the next annual general meeting or until a successor is appointed. There were 8,429,305 votes cast for the appointment, 212,700 votes withheld and 16,695,390 votes not voted.

PART II ITEM 5

OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART II ITEM 6

EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
2.1(1)	Share Purchase Agreement by and between Pivotal and Pierre Marcel, Marc Bahda, Bernard Wach and Other Shareholders of Transistif S.A., dated December 3, 1999
2.2(2)	Stock Purchase Agreement among Pivotal and Industrial & Financial Systems AB and Eli Barak, Alon Hod and Tony Topaz concerning all of the Shares of Exactium Ltd. dated April 11, 2000
2.3(3)	Share Purchase Agreement among Pivotal and David Pritchard, Kirk Herrington, Michael Satterfield, Calvin Mah, VW B.C. Technology Investment Fund, LP, Venrock Associates, Venrock Associates II, LP, Working Ventures Canadian Fund Inc., Bank of Montreal Capital Corporation, Sussex Capital
2.4(12)	Agreement and Plan of Merger among Pivotal, Pivotal Corporation, a Washington corporation, Pivotal Merger Subsidiary, Inc., MarketFirst Software, Inc. and other shareholders of MarketFirst Software, Inc. dated October 2, 2002
3.2(4)	Memorandum and Articles
4.1(4)	Specimen of common share certificate
4.2(4)	Registration Rights (included in Exhibit 10.14)
4.3(2)	Registration Rights Agreement dated June 2, 2000 (included in Exhibit 2.2)
4.4(3)	Registration Rights Agreement dated June 26, 2000 (included in Exhibit 2.3)

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Exhibit No.	Description
4.5(8)	Specimen of common share certificate as of August 17, 2000
#10.1(4)	Employee Share Purchase Plan
10.2(4)	Lease dated as of July 18, 1997 between Sodican (B.C.) Inc. and Pivotal for premises located in North Vancouver, B.C.
10.3(4)	Lease dated as of May 26, 1998 between Novo Esplanade Ltd. and Pivotal for premises located in North Vancouver, B.C.
10.4(4)	Lease(1) dated as of December 14, 1998 between B.C. Rail Ltd. and Pivotal for premises located in North Vancouver, B.C.
10.5(4)	Lease(2) dated as of December 14, 1998, between B.C. Rail Ltd. and Pivotal with respect to premises located in North Vancouver, B.C.
10.6(4)	Lease dated as of December 11, 1998 between The Plaza at Yarrow Bay Inc. (previously Yarrow Bay Office III Limited Partnership) and Pivotal with respect to premises located in Kirkland, Washington
10.7(4)	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce Cdn\$2,000,000 Committed Installment Loan dated March 18, 1998
10.8(4)	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce Cdn\$3,000,000 Operating Line of Credit dated March 18, 1998
10.9(4)	Security Agreement with Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce dated for reference April 15, 1998
10.10(4)	Contract Relative to Special Security under the Bank Act between Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce and Pivotal dated April 30, 1998
10.11(4)	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce Schedule - Standard Credit Terms dated March 18, 1998
10.12(4)	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce Schedule - Standard Credit Terms dated March 18, 1998
#10.13(4)	Form of Indemnity Agreement between Pivotal and directors and officers of Pivotal
10.14(4)	Investors' Rights Agreement dated January 15, 1999
10.15(5)	Lease dated April 14, 2000 among Deramore Holdings Limited(1), Pivotal Corporation (NI) Limited (2) and Pivotal for premises located in Belfast, Northern Ireland Employment Agreement between Vince Mifsud and Pivotal dated November 10, 1998
#10.17(6)	Exactium Ltd. 1999 Stock Option Plan
#10.18(7)	Simba Technologies Inc. Incentive Stock Option Plan, as amended
#10.19(8)	Amended and Restated Incentive Stock Option Plan
10.20(8)	Restated Offer to Lease dated July 28, 2000 between CB Richard Ellis Limited and Pivotal with respect to premises located in Vancouver, B.C.
10.21(8)	First Amendment to Restated Offer to Lease dated October 16, 2000 between PCI Properties Corp. and Pivotal with respect to premises located in Vancouver, B.C.
10.22(8)	Second Amendment to Restated Offer to Lease dated May 18, 2001 between PCI Properties Corp. and Pivotal with respect to premises located in Vancouver, B.C.
10.23(8)	Lease dated September 1, 2000 between Landgem Office I, Ltd. (previously Dallas Office Portfolio L.P.) and Software Spectrum CRM, Inc. for premises located in Dallas, Texas

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Exhibit No.	Description
10.24(8)	Lease dated December 19, 2000 between 485 Properties, LLC and Pivotal for premises located in Atlanta, Georgia
10.25(8)	Lease dated as of November 24, 2000 between Scholl Consumer Products Limited and Pivotal for premises located in Luton, England
#10.26(8)	Employment Agreement between Kent Roger (Bo) Manning and Pivotal dated August 22, 2001
10.27(8)	Amendment No.1 dated June 19, 2001 to the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce Cdn\$3,000,000 Operating Line of Credit dated March 18, 1998
10.28(8)	Amendment No.2 dated July 3, 2001 to the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce Cdn\$3,000,000 Operating Line of Credit dated March 18, 1998
#10.29(9)	Consulting Agreement between Lochhead Corporation and Pivotal dated January 28, 2002
10.30(10)	Loan Agreement between Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce and Pivotal dated December 31, 2001
#10.31(11)	Employment Agreement between John O'Hara and Pivotal dated June 5, 2001
#10.32(11)	Employment Agreement between Robert Douglas and Pivotal dated October 21, 2001
#10.33(11)	Employment Agreement between Joe Dworak and Pivotal dated October 19, 2001
#10.34(11)	Employment Agreement between James Warden and Pivotal dated May 18, 1999
10.35(11)	Lease Amendment Agreement made as of April 22, 2002 between 354875 B.C. Ltd. and Pivotal with respect to premises located in North Vancouver, B.C.
10.36(11)	Modification of Lease dated January 8, 2002 between B.C. Rail Ltd. and Pivotal
10.37(11)	Sub-lease dated September 19, 2001 between The H.W. Wilson Company Inc. and Pivotal with respect to premises located in Dublin, Republic of Ireland
10.38(11)	Sub-lease dated August 18, 2000 between Dunsmuir & Hornby Ltd. and Pivotal with respect to premises located in Vancouver, B.C.
10.39(11)	Lease Extension dated October 30, 2001 between Dunsmuir & Hornby Ltd. and Pivotal with respect to premises located in Vancouver, B.C.
10.40(11)	Lease made May 7, 2000 between 1102758 Ontario Limited and Pivotal with respect to premises located in Toronto, ON
#10.41(11)	Loan Agreement made as of January 29, 2001 between Pivotal and Andre Beaulieu
#10.42(11)	Amendment of Loan Agreement dated May 29, 2002 between Pivotal and Andre Beaulieu
10.43(11)	Sub-lease dated August 29, 2000 between Pivotal and Primus Telecommunications (Canada) Inc. with respect to premises located in Vancouver, B.C.
10.44(11)	Amendment of Lease Extension dated April 29, 2002 between Pivotal and Dunsmuir and Hornby Ltd. with respect to premises located in Vancouver, B.C.
10.45	Lease dated August 18, 2000 between Pivotal and Dunsmuir and Hornby Ltd. with respect to premises located in Vancouver, B.C.
10.46	Credit Agreement with CIBC dated December 24, 2002

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Exhibit

Exhibit No.	Description
10.45	Loan and Security Agreement with Silicon Valley Bank dated December 2002
99.1	Risk Factors

Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

- (1) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Form 8-K filed on January 25, 2000.
- (2) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Form 8-K filed on June 19, 2000.
- (3) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Form 8-K filed on July 11, 2000.
- (4) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Registration Statement on Form F-1 (No. 333-82871).
- (5) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2000.
- (6) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (No. 333-39922).
- (7) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (No. 333-42460).
- (8) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2001
- (9) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2001
- (10) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2002
- (11) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2002
- (12) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Form 8-K filed on October 29, 2002
- (13) Incorporated by reference to Pivotal's Form 10-Q filed on November 14, 2002

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

Three reports on Form 8-K were filed during the three months ended December 31, 2002. The Form 8-K filed on October 29, 2002 reported the completion of the MarketFirst acquisition, the company's restructuring plans and the company's requirement to secure its credit agreement with cash in trust due to required balance sheet ratios under the credit agreement. Attached as an exhibit to the 8-K was the Agreement and Plan of Merger with MarketFirst. The Form 8-K furnished on November 26, 2002 attached as an exhibit the Notice of Annual General Meeting and Management Information Circular and Form of Proxy for the Company's Annual General Meeting held on Tuesday, November 26, 2002. The information and any exhibits in the Form 8-K furnished pursuant to the Item 9 shall not be deemed to be filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Form 8-K furnished on December 4, 2002 attached as an exhibit a press release dated November 13, 2002 by which the Company announced the opening of its wholly-owned research and development subsidiary in India. The information and any exhibits in the Form 8-K furnished pursuant to the Item 9 shall not be deemed to be filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: February 13, 2003

PIVOTAL CORPORATION

/s/ Divesh Sisodraker

Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer
and Duly Authorized Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Divesh Sisodraker, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pivotal Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - (c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: February 13, 2003

/s/ Divesh Sisodraker
Divesh Sisodraker
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

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CERTIFICATION

I, Roger (Bo) Manning, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pivotal Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - (c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: February 13, 2003

/s/ Roger (Bo) Manning
Roger (Bo) Manning
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. ss.1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SAR

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In connection with the Quarterly Report of Pivotal Corporation (the Company) on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2002 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Divesh Sisodraker, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Divesh Sisodraker
Divesh Sisodraker
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: February 13, 2003

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. ss.1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Pivotal Corporation (the Company) on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2002 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Kent Roger (Bo) Manning, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Roger (Bo) Manning
Roger (Bo) Manning
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Chief Executive Officer)

Date: February 13, 2003