

WELLS FARGO & COMPANY/MN  
Form 424B2  
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**File No. 333-202840**

**Title of Each Class of**

<b>Securities Offered</b>	<b>Maximum Aggregate Offering Price</b>	<b>Amount of Registration Fee<sup>(1)</sup></b>
Medium Term Notes, Series K, Principal at Risk Securities Linked to an International Equity Index Basket	\$3,687,000	\$371.28

<sup>(1)</sup> The total filing fee of \$371.38 is calculated in accordance with Rule 457(r) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the Securities Act ) and will be paid by wire transfer within the time required by Rule 456(b) of the Securities Act.

Pricing Supplement No. 586 dated December 18, 2015 (To Prospectus Supplement dated March 18, 2015 and Prospectus dated March 18, 2015)

**Wells Fargo & Company**

**Medium-Term Notes, Series K**

**Equity Index Linked Securities**

\$3,687,000

**Buffered Enhanced Return Securities**

**With Capped Upside and Buffered Downside**

(Principal at Risk Securities Linked to an International Equity Index Basket)

**Unlike ordinary debt securities, the securities do not pay interest or repay a fixed amount of principal at maturity.** Instead, the securities provide for a payment on the stated maturity date (December 21, 2017) that may be greater than, equal to or less than the \$1,000 face amount per security, depending on the performance of an unequally weighted basket consisting of the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index (37.00% weight), the FTSE<sup>®</sup> 100 Index (23.00% weight), the TOPIX<sup>®</sup> Index (23.00% weight), the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) (9.00% weight) and the S&P/ASX 200 Index (8.00% weight) as measured from the trade date to the determination date (December 18, 2017). The initial basket level is 100 and the final basket level on the determination date will equal the sum of the following, calculated for each basket underlier: (i) the final basket underlier level for that basket underlier on the determination date divided by (ii) the initial basket underlier level for that basket underlier (the closing level of that basket underlier on the trade date as set forth below under Terms of the Securities Initial Basket Underlier Level ) multiplied by (iii) the initial weighted value for that basket underlier (which is the initial weight of that basket underlier times the initial basket level). If the value of the basket increases, the securities offer 1.5 times participation in that appreciation, **subject to the maximum settlement amount (\$1,240.00 for each \$1,000 face amount security)**. If the value of the basket declines by up to the buffer amount of 15%, you will receive the face amount of your securities. However, if the value of the basket declines by more than 15%, you will lose approximately 1.1765% of the face amount of your securities at maturity for every 1% by which the decline is more than 15%. In exchange for the upside leverage and downside buffer features, you must be willing to forgo (i) a return on the face amount of the securities in excess of the maximum return at maturity of 24.00% (which results from the maximum settlement amount of \$1,240.00 per \$1,000 face amount security), (ii) interest on the securities and (iii) dividends paid on the stocks included in the basket underliers. **You must also be willing to accept the risk that, if the value of the basket declines by more than 15%, you will lose some, and possibly all, of the face amount of your securities at maturity.** All payments on the securities are subject to the credit risk of Wells Fargo & Company, and you will have no ability to pursue any securities included in the basket underliers for payment. If Wells Fargo & Company defaults on its obligations, you could lose some or all of your investment.

To determine your payment at stated maturity, we will calculate the basket return, which is the percentage increase or decrease in the final basket level on the determination date from the initial basket level of 100. On the stated maturity date, for each \$1,000 face amount security:

if the basket return is *positive* (the final basket level is *greater than* the initial basket level), you will receive an amount in cash equal to the *sum* of (i) \$1,000 *plus* (ii) the *product* of (a) \$1,000 *times* (b) the upside participation rate of 1.5 *times* (c) the basket return, subject to the maximum settlement amount;

if the basket return is *zero* or *negative* but *not below* -15% (the final basket level is *equal to* or *less than* the initial basket level but not by more than 15%), you will receive \$1,000; or

if the basket return is *negative* and is *below* -15% (the final basket level is *less than* the initial basket level by more than 15%), you will lose approximately 1.1765% of the face amount of your securities for every 1% by which the basket return is below -15%. In this case, you will receive an amount in cash equal to the *sum* of (i) \$1,000 *plus* (ii) the *product* of (a) approximately 1.1765 *times* (b) the *sum* of the basket return *plus* 15% *times* (c) \$1,000. **This amount will be less than \$1,000 and may be zero.**

The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange and are designed to be held to maturity.

**A decrease in the level of a basket underlier may offset increases in the levels of the other basket underliers. Due to the unequal weighting of each basket underlier, the performances of the EURO STOXX 50® Index, the FTSE® 100 Index and the TOPIX® will have a significantly larger impact on your return on the securities than the performances of the Swiss Market Index and the S&P/ASX 200 Index.**

**On the date of this pricing supplement, the estimated value of the securities is \$977.50 per \$1,000 face amount security. The estimated value of the securities was determined for us by Wells Fargo Securities, LLC using its proprietary pricing models. It is not an indication of actual profit to us or to Wells Fargo Securities, LLC or any of our other affiliates, nor is it an indication of the price, if any, at which Wells Fargo Securities, LLC or any other person may be willing to buy the securities from you at any time after issuance. See Investment Description in this pricing supplement.**

**The securities have complex features and investing in the securities involves risks not associated with an investment in conventional debt securities. See Risk Factors herein on page PRS-10.**

**The securities are unsecured obligations of Wells Fargo & Company and all payments on the securities are subject to the credit risk of Wells Fargo & Company. The securities are not deposits or other obligations of a depository institution and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Deposit Insurance Fund or any other governmental agency of the United States or any other jurisdiction.**

**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

	Original Offering Price	Agent Discount <sup>(1)</sup>	Proceeds to Wells Fargo
Per Security	\$1,000.00	\$0.00	\$1,000.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$3,687,000.00</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$3,687,000.00</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company, is the agent for the distribution of the securities and is acting as principal. See Investment Description in this pricing supplement for further information.

**Wells Fargo Securities**

### Investment Description

The Principal at Risk Securities Linked to an International Equity Index Basket are senior unsecured debt securities of Wells Fargo & Company that do not pay interest or repay a fixed amount of principal at maturity. Instead, the securities provide for a payment at maturity that may be greater than, equal to or less than the face amount of the securities depending on the performance of a basket of equity indices (the basket ) from the initial basket level to the final basket level. The securities provide:

- (i) the possibility of a leveraged return at maturity if the value of the basket increases from the initial basket level to the final basket level, provided that the potential total return at maturity of the securities will be effectively capped by the maximum settlement amount;
- (ii) payment of the face amount at maturity if, and only if, the final basket level is not less than the initial basket level by more than the buffer amount; and
- (iii) exposure to the decrease in the value of the basket from the initial basket level if the final basket level is less than the initial basket level by more than the buffer amount, with exposure on a leveraged basis to any such decrease in excess of the buffer amount.

**If the final basket level is less than the initial basket level by more than the buffer amount, you will lose some, and possibly all, of the face amount of your securities at maturity.** All payments on the securities are subject to the credit risk of Wells Fargo.

The basket is composed of the following five unequally-weighted basket underliers, with each basket underlier having the weighting noted parenthetically:

the EURO STOXX 50 Index (37.00%) is an equity index that is composed of 50 component stocks of sector leaders in 12 Eurozone countries and is intended to provide an indication of the pattern of common stock price movement in the Eurozone;

the FTSE 100 Index (23.00%) is an equity index that measures the composite price performance of stocks of the largest 100 companies (determined on the basis of market capitalization) traded on the London Stock Exchange;

the TOPIX Index (23.00%) is an equity index that is composed of all domestic common stocks listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange First Section and is designed to provide an investable benchmark for the Japanese equity market;

the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) (9.00%) is an equity index that is composed of the 20 largest and most liquid equities traded on the Swiss Stock Exchange; and

the S&P/ASX 200 Index (8.00%) is an equity index that is composed of the 200 largest index-eligible stocks listed on the Australian Stock Exchange and is designed to provide an investable benchmark for the Australian equity market.

You should read this pricing supplement together with the prospectus supplement dated March 18, 2015 and the prospectus dated March 18, 2015 for additional information about the securities. Information included in this pricing supplement supersedes information in the prospectus supplement and prospectus to the extent it is different from that information. Certain defined terms used but not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the prospectus supplement.

You may access the prospectus supplement and prospectus on the SEC website [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filing for the relevant date on the SEC website):

Prospectus Supplement dated March 18, 2015 and Prospectus dated March 18, 2015 filed with the SEC on March 18, 2015:

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/72971/000119312515096449/d890684d424b2.htm>

The EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> is the intellectual property (including registered trademarks) of STOXX Limited ( STOXX ), Zurich, Switzerland and/or its licensors ( Licensors ), which is used under license.

FTSE<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of the London Stock Exchange Group companies and is used by FTSE International Limited under license.

Tokyo Stock Price Index<sup>®</sup>/TOPIX<sup>®</sup> , Tokyo Stock Exchange and TOPIX are trademarks of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. and are expected to be licensed for use by Wells Fargo & Company.

The Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) is the intellectual property (including registered trademarks) of SIX Swiss Exchange AG, Zurich, Switzerland and/or its licensors ( Licensors ), which is used under license.

The S&P/ASX 200 Index is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC ( SPDJI ), and has been licensed for use by Wells Fargo & Company ( WFC ). Standard & Poor's S&P<sup>®</sup> are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ( S&P ); ASX is a registered trademark of ASX Operations Pty Ltd; and these trademarks have been licensed for use by SPDJI and sublicensed for certain purposes by WFC. The securities are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by SPDJI, Dow Jones, S&P, their respective affiliates, and none of such parties make any representation regarding the advisability of investing in such product(s) nor do they have any liability for any errors, omissions, or interruptions of the S&P/ASX 200 Index.

The original offering price of each security includes certain costs that are borne by you. Because of these costs, the estimated value of the securities on the trade date is less than the original offering price. The costs included in the original offering price relate to selling, structuring, hedging and issuing the securities, as well as to our funding considerations for debt of this type.

The costs related to selling, structuring, hedging and issuing the securities include (i) the agent discount (if any), (ii) the projected profit that our hedge counterparty (which may be one of our affiliates) expects to realize for assuming risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the securities and (iii) hedging and other costs relating to the offering of the securities.

Our funding considerations take into account the higher issuance, operational and ongoing management costs of market-linked debt such as the securities as compared to our conventional debt of the same maturity, as well as our liquidity needs and preferences. Our funding considerations are reflected in the fact that we determine the economic terms of the securities based on an assumed funding rate that is generally lower than the interest rates implied by secondary market prices for our debt obligations and/or by other traded instruments referencing our debt obligations, which we refer to as our secondary market rates. As discussed below, our secondary market rates are used in determining the estimated value of the securities.

If the costs relating to selling, structuring, hedging and issuing the securities were lower, or if the assumed funding rate we use to determine the economic terms of the securities were higher, the economic terms of the securities would be more favorable to you and the estimated value would be higher. The estimated value of the securities as of the trade date is set forth on the cover page of this pricing supplement.

#### *Determining the estimated value*

Our affiliate, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC (WFS), calculated the estimated value of the securities set forth on the cover page of this pricing supplement based on its proprietary pricing models. Based on these pricing models and related market inputs and assumptions referred to in this section below, WFS determined an estimated value for the securities by estimating the value of the combination of hypothetical financial instruments that would replicate the payout on the securities, which combination consists of a non-interest bearing, fixed-income bond (the debt component) and one or more derivative instruments underlying the economic terms of the securities (the derivative component).

The estimated value of the debt component is based on a reference interest rate, determined by WFS as of a recent date, that generally tracks our secondary market rates. Because WFS does not continuously calculate our reference interest rate, the reference interest rate used in the calculation of the estimated value of the debt component may be higher or lower than our secondary market rates at the time of that calculation. As noted above, we determine the economic terms of the securities based upon an assumed funding rate that is generally lower than our secondary market rates. In contrast, in determining the estimated value of the securities, we value the debt component using a reference interest rate that generally tracks our secondary market rates. Because the reference interest rate is generally higher than the assumed funding rate, using the reference interest rate to value the debt component generally results in a lower estimated value for the debt component, which we believe more closely approximates a market valuation of the debt component than if we had used the assumed funding rate.

WFS calculated the estimated value of the derivative component based on a proprietary derivative-pricing model, which generated a theoretical price for the derivative instruments that constitute the derivative component based on various inputs, including the derivative component factors identified in Risk Factors The Value Of The Securities Prior To Stated Maturity Will Be Affected By Numerous Factors, Some Of Which Are Related In Complex Ways. These inputs may be market-observable or may be based on assumptions made by WFS in its discretion.

The estimated value of the securities determined by WFS is subject to important limitations. See Risk Factors The Estimated Value Of The Securities Is Determined By Our Affiliate s Pricing Models, Which May Differ From Those Of Other Dealers and Risk Factors Our Economic Interests And Those Of Any Dealer Participating In The Offering Are Potentially Adverse To Your Interests.

*Valuation of the securities after issuance*

The estimated value of the securities is not an indication of the price, if any, at which WFS or any other person may be willing to buy the securities from you in the secondary market. The price, if any, at which WFS or any of its affiliates may purchase the securities in the secondary market will be based upon WFS s proprietary pricing models and will fluctuate over the term of the securities due to changes in market conditions and other relevant factors. However, absent changes in these market conditions and other relevant factors, except as otherwise described in the following paragraph, any secondary market price will be lower than the estimated value on the trade date because the secondary market price will be reduced by a bid-offer spread, which may vary depending on the aggregate face amount of the securities to be purchased in the secondary market transaction, and the expected cost of unwinding any related hedging transactions. Accordingly, unless market conditions and other relevant factors change significantly in your favor, any secondary market price for the securities is likely to be less than the original offering price.

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If WFS or any of its affiliates makes a secondary market in the securities at any time up to the original issue date or during the 3-month period following the original issue date, the secondary market price offered by WFS or any of its affiliates will be increased by an amount reflecting a portion of the costs associated with selling, structuring, hedging and issuing the securities that are included in the original offering price. Because this portion of the costs is not fully deducted upon issuance, any secondary market price offered by WFS or any of its affiliates during this period will be higher than it would be if it were based solely on WFS's proprietary pricing models less the bid-offer spread and hedging unwind costs described above. The amount of this increase in the secondary market price will decline steadily to zero over this 3-month period. If you hold the securities through an account at WFS or any of its affiliates, we expect that this increase will also be reflected in the value indicated for the securities on your brokerage account statement.

If WFS or any of its affiliates makes a secondary market in the securities, WFS expects to provide those secondary market prices to any unaffiliated broker-dealers through which the securities are held and to commercial pricing vendors. If you hold your securities through an account at a broker-dealer other than WFS or any of its affiliates, that broker-dealer may obtain market prices for the securities from WFS (directly or indirectly), but could also obtain such market prices from other sources, and may be willing to purchase the securities at any given time at a price that differs from the price at which WFS or any of its affiliates is willing to purchase the securities. As a result, if you hold your securities through an account at a broker-dealer other than WFS or any of its affiliates, the value of the securities on your brokerage account statement may be different than if you held your securities at WFS or any of its affiliates.

The securities will not be listed or displayed on any securities exchange or any automated quotation system. Although WFS and/or its affiliates may buy the securities from investors, they are not obligated to do so and are not required to make a market for the securities. There can be no assurance that a secondary market will develop.

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### **Investor Considerations**

We have designed the securities for investors who:

seek leveraged exposure at the upside participation rate to any upside performance of the basket, as measured by the extent (if any) to which the final basket level is greater than the initial basket level, subject to the maximum settlement amount;

desire payment of the face amount at maturity so long as the final basket level is not less than the initial basket level by more than the buffer amount;

desire to moderate any decline from the initial basket level to the final basket level in excess of the buffer amount through the buffer feature;

understand that the ability of the buffer feature to moderate any decline in the value of the basket in excess of the buffer amount is progressively reduced as the final basket level declines because they will be exposed on a leveraged basis to any decline in the value of the basket in excess of the buffer amount;

understand that if the final basket level is less than the initial basket level by more than the buffer amount, they will be exposed to the decrease in the value of the basket from the initial basket level, subject to the buffer feature, and will lose some, and possibly all, of the face amount of the securities;

are willing to forgo interest payments on the securities and dividends on securities included in the basket underliers; and

are willing to hold the securities until maturity.

The securities are not designed for, and may not be a suitable investment for, investors who:

seek a liquid investment or are unable or unwilling to hold the securities to maturity;

are unwilling to accept the risk that the final basket level may decrease from the initial basket level by more than the buffer amount;

seek uncapped exposure to the upside performance of the basket;

seek certainty of receiving the face amount of the securities at stated maturity;

are unwilling to purchase securities with an estimated value as of the trade date that is lower than the original offering price, as set forth on the cover page;

seek current income;

are unwilling to accept the risk of exposure to foreign equity markets;

seek exposure to the basket but are unwilling to accept the risk/return trade-offs inherent in the payment at stated maturity for the securities;

are unwilling to accept the credit risk of Wells Fargo to obtain exposure to the basket generally, or to the exposure to the basket that the securities provide specifically; or

prefer the lower risk of fixed income investments with comparable maturities issued by companies with comparable credit ratings.

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**Terms of the Securities**

<b>Basket:</b>	<b>Basket Underlier</b>	<b>Weight</b>	<b><u>Initial Weighted Value*</u></b>
	EURO STOXX 50 <sup>®</sup> Index	37.00%	37.00
	FTSE <sup>®</sup> 100 Index	23.00%	23.00
	TOPIX <sup>®</sup> Index	23.00%	23.00
	Swiss Market Index (SMI <sup>®</sup> )	9.00%	9.00
	S&P/ASX 200 Index	8.00%	8.00

\* The initial weighted value of each basket underlier is equal to its weight *times* the initial basket level of 100.

**Trade Date:** December 18, 2015.  
**Original Issue Date** December 28, 2015. (T+5)

**(settlement date):**  
**Original Offering** \$1,000 per security.

**Price:**

**Face Amount:** \$1,000 per security. References in this pricing supplement to a security are to a security with a face amount of \$1,000.

**Cash Settlement** On the stated maturity date, you will be entitled to receive a cash payment per security in U.S. dollars equal to the cash settlement amount. The cash settlement amount per security will equal:

**Amount:**

if the final basket level is *greater than* or *equal to* the cap level, the maximum settlement amount;  
 if the final basket level is *greater than* the initial basket level but *less than* the cap level, the *sum* of (i) \$1,000 *plus* (ii) the *product* of (a) \$1,000 *times* (b) the upside participation rate *times* (c) the basket return;  
 if the final basket level is *equal to* or *less than* the initial basket level but *greater than* or *equal to* the buffer level, \$1,000; or  
 if the final basket level is *less than* the buffer level, the *sum* of (i) \$1,000 *plus* (ii) the *product* of (a) the buffer rate *times* (b) the *sum* of the basket return *plus* the buffer amount *times* (c) \$1,000.

**If the final basket level is less than the buffer level, you will lose some, and possibly all, of the face amount of your securities at maturity.**

All calculations with respect to the cash settlement amount will be rounded to the nearest one hundred-thousandth, with five one-millionths rounded upward (e.g., 0.000005 would be rounded to 0.00001); and the cash settlement amount will be rounded to the nearest cent, with one-half cent rounded upward.

**Stated Maturity** The stated maturity date is December 21, 2017. If the determination date is postponed for any basket underlier, the stated maturity date will be the third business day after the final postponed determination date. See Determination Date and Additional Terms of the Securities Market Disruption Events for information about the circumstances that may result in a postponement of

**Date:**

the determination date. If the stated maturity date is not a business day, any payment required to be made on the securities on the stated maturity date will be made on the next succeeding business day with the same force and effect as if it had been made on the stated maturity date. A business day means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law or regulation to close in New York, New York. The securities are not subject to redemption by Wells Fargo or repayment at the option of any holder of the securities prior to the stated maturity date.

**Initial**

100

**Basket Level:**

**Final Basket Level:** The final basket level will be the sum of the products, calculated for each basket underlier, of: (i) the final basket underlier level for that basket underlier *divided by* the initial basket underlier level for that basket underlier *times* (ii) the initial weighted value of that basket underlier.

**Initial Basket**

With respect to each basket underlier, its initial basket underlier level is the closing level of that basket underlier on the trade date.

**Underlier Level:**

The initial basket underlier levels of the basket underliers are as follows: the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index (3,260.72); the FTSE<sup>®</sup> 100 Index (6,052.42); the TOPIX<sup>®</sup> Index (1,537.10); the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>)

(8,608.91); and the S&P/ASX 200 Index (5,106.659).

**Final Basket**

With respect to each basket underlier, its final basket underlier level will be the closing level of that basket underlier on the determination date.

**Underlier Level:**

**Closing Level:**

The closing level of a basket underlier on any trading day means the official closing level of that basket underlier reported by the relevant basket underlier sponsor (as defined below) on such trading day, as obtained by the calculation agent on such trading day from the licensed third-party market data vendor contracted by the calculation agent at such time; in particular, taking into account the decimal precision and/or rounding convention employed by such licensed third-party market data vendor on such date. Currently, the calculation agent obtains market data from Thomson Reuters Ltd., but the calculation agent may change its market data vendor at any time without notice. The foregoing provisions of this definition of closing level are subject to the provisions set forth herein under Additional Terms of the Securities Market Disruption Events, Adjustments to a Basket Underlier and Discontinuance of a Basket Underlier.

**Basket Return:**

The basket return will be the *quotient* of (i) the final basket level *minus* the initial basket level *divided by* (ii) the initial basket level, expressed as a percentage.

**Maximum**

The maximum settlement amount is 124.00% of the face amount per security (\$1,240.00 per security). As a result of the maximum settlement amount, the maximum return on the face amount of the securities at maturity will be 24.00% of the face amount.

**Settlement**

**Amount:**

**Cap Level:**

The cap level is 116, which is 116.00% of the initial basket level.

**Buffer Level:**

85, which is equal to 85% of the initial basket level.

**Buffer Amount:**

15%

**Buffer Rate:**

The buffer rate is equal to the initial basket level divided by the buffer level, or 100 *divided by* 85, which is approximately 1.1765.

**Upside**

1.5

**Participation Rate:**

**Determination**

The determination date is December 18, 2017. If the originally scheduled determination date is not a trading day with respect to a basket underlier, the determination date for such basket underlier will be postponed to the next succeeding trading day for such basket underlier. Notwithstanding the postponement of the determination date for a particular basket underlier due to a non-trading day for such basket underlier, the originally scheduled determination date will remain the determination date for any basket underlier not affected by such non-trading day. The determination date is also subject to postponement due to the occurrence of a market disruption event. See Additional Terms of the Securities Market Disruption Events.

**Date:**

**Trading Day:**

A trading day with respect to the FTSE<sup>®</sup>H00 Index, the TOPIX<sup>®</sup> Index, the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) and the S&P/ASX 200 Index means a day, as determined by the calculation agent, on which (i) the relevant stock exchanges with respect to each security underlying such basket underlier are scheduled to be open for trading for their respective regular trading sessions and (ii) each related futures or options exchange is scheduled to be open for trading for its regular trading session.

A trading day with respect to the EURO STOXX<sup>®</sup>50 index means a day, as determined by the calculation agent, on which (i) the relevant basket underlier sponsor is scheduled to publish the level of such basket underlier and (ii) each related futures or options exchange is scheduled to be open for trading for its regular trading session.

- Relevant Stock Exchange:** The relevant stock exchange for any security underlying any basket underlier means the primary exchange or quotation system on which such security is traded, as determined by the calculation agent.
- Related Futures or Options Exchange:** The related futures or options exchange for any basket underlier means an exchange or quotation system where trading has a material effect (as determined by the calculation agent) on the overall market for futures or options contracts relating to such basket underlier.
- Calculation Agent:** Wells Fargo Securities, LLC

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- No Listing:** The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange or automated quotation system.
- Material Tax Consequences:** For a discussion of the material U.S. federal income and certain estate tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the securities, see United States Federal Tax Considerations.
- Agent:** Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company. The agent may resell the securities to other securities dealers at the original offering price of the securities.
- The agent or another affiliate of ours expects to realize hedging profits projected by its proprietary pricing models to the extent it assumes the risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the securities. If any dealer participating in the distribution of the securities or any of its affiliates conducts hedging activities for us in connection with the securities, that dealer or its affiliate will expect to realize a profit projected by its proprietary pricing models from such hedging activities. Any such projected profit will be in addition to any discount or concession received in connection with the sale of the securities to you.
- Denominations:** \$1,000 and any integral multiple of \$1,000.
- CUSIP:** 94986RB34

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### **Hypothetical Payout Profile**

The following profile is based on a maximum settlement amount of 124.00% of the face amount or \$1,240.00 per security, an upside participation rate of 1.5, a buffer level equal to 85% of the initial basket level, a buffer rate of approximately 1.1765 and a buffer amount of 15%. This graph has been prepared for purposes of illustration only. Your actual return will depend on the actual final basket level and whether you hold your securities to maturity.

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## **Risk Factors**

The securities have complex features and investing in the securities will involve risks not associated with an investment in conventional debt securities. You should carefully consider the risk factors set forth below as well as the other information contained in this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, including the documents they incorporate by reference. As described in more detail below, the value of the securities may vary considerably before the stated maturity date due to events that are difficult to predict and are beyond our control. You should reach an investment decision only after you have carefully considered with your advisors the suitability of an investment in the securities in light of your particular circumstances.

### **You May Lose Up To All Of Your Investment.**

We will not repay you a fixed amount on the securities on the stated maturity date. The cash settlement amount will depend on the direction of and percentage change in the final basket level relative to the initial basket level and the other terms of the securities. Because the level of the basket will be subject to market fluctuations, the cash settlement amount you receive may be more or less, and possibly significantly less, than the original offering price of your securities.

If the final basket level is less than the initial basket level by more than the buffer amount, the cash settlement amount will be less than the face amount per security and you will be exposed on a leveraged basis to the decline in the value of the basket beyond the buffer amount. As a result, you may receive less than, and possibly lose all of, the face amount per security at maturity even if the value of the basket is greater than or equal to the initial basket level or the buffer level at certain points during the term of the securities.

Even if the final basket level is greater than the initial basket level, the amount you receive at stated maturity may only be slightly greater than the face amount, and your yield on the securities may be less than the yield you would earn if you bought a traditional interest-bearing debt security of Wells Fargo or another issuer with a similar credit rating with the same stated maturity date.

### **Your Return Will Be Limited By The Maximum Settlement Amount And May Be Lower Than The Return On A Direct Investment In The Basket Underliers.**

Your return on the securities will be subject to a maximum settlement amount. The opportunity to participate in the possible increases in the levels of the basket underliers through an investment in the securities will be limited because the cash settlement amount will not exceed the maximum settlement amount. Furthermore, the effect of the upside participation rate will be progressively reduced for all final basket levels exceeding the final basket level at which the maximum settlement amount is reached, which we refer to as the cap level.

### **No Periodic Interest Will Be Paid On The Securities.**

No periodic payments of interest will be made on the securities. However, if the agreed-upon tax treatment is successfully challenged by the Internal Revenue Service (the IRS), you may be required to recognize taxable income over the term of the securities. You should review the section of this pricing supplement entitled "United States Federal Tax Considerations."

### **The Securities Are Subject To The Credit Risk Of Wells Fargo.**

The securities are our obligations and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. Any amounts payable under the securities are subject to our creditworthiness, and you will have no ability to pursue any securities included in the basket underliers for payment. As a result, our actual and perceived creditworthiness may

affect the value of the securities and, in the event we were to default on our obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the terms of the securities.

**The Estimated Value Of The Securities On The Trade Date, Based On WFS's Proprietary Pricing Models, Is Less Than The Original Offering Price.**

The original offering price of the securities includes certain costs that are borne by you. Because of these costs, the estimated value of the securities on the trade date is less than the original offering price. The costs included in the original offering price relate to selling, structuring, hedging and issuing the securities, as well as to our funding considerations for debt of this type. The costs related to selling, structuring, hedging and issuing the securities include (i) the agent discount (if any), (ii) the projected profit that our hedge counterparty (which may be one of our affiliates) expects to realize for assuming risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the securities and (iii) hedging and other costs relating to the offering of the securities. Our funding considerations are reflected in the fact that we determine the economic terms of the securities based on an assumed funding rate that is generally lower than our secondary market rates. If the costs relating to selling, structuring, hedging and issuing the securities were lower, or if the assumed funding rate we use to determine the economic terms of the securities were higher, the economic terms of the securities would be more favorable to you and the estimated value would be higher.

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**The Estimated Value Of The Securities Is Determined By Our Affiliate s Pricing Models, Which May Differ From Those Of Other Dealers.**

The estimated value of the securities was determined for us by WFS using its proprietary pricing models and related market inputs and assumptions referred to above under Investment Description Determining the estimated value. Certain inputs to these models may be determined by WFS in its discretion. WFS s views on these inputs may differ from other dealers views, and WFS s estimated value of the securities may be higher, and perhaps materially higher, than the estimated value of the securities that would be determined by other dealers in the market. WFS s models and its inputs and related assumptions may prove to be wrong and therefore not an accurate reflection of the value of the securities.

**The Estimated Value Of The Securities Is Not An Indication Of The Price, If Any, At Which WFS Or Any Other Person May Be Willing To Buy The Securities From You In The Secondary Market.**

The price, if any, at which WFS or any of its affiliates may purchase the securities in the secondary market will be based on WFS s proprietary pricing models and will fluctuate over the term of the securities as a result of changes in the market and other factors described in the next risk factor. Any such secondary market price for the securities will also be reduced by a bid-offer spread, which may vary depending on the aggregate face amount of the securities to be purchased in the secondary market transaction, and the expected cost of unwinding any related hedging transactions. Unless the factors described in the next risk factor change significantly in your favor, any such secondary market price for the securities is likely to be less than the original offering price.

If WFS or any of its affiliates makes a secondary market in the securities at any time up to the original issue date or during the 3-month period following the original issue date, the secondary market price offered by WFS or any of its affiliates will be increased by an amount reflecting a portion of the costs associated with selling, structuring, hedging and issuing the securities that are included in the original offering price. Because this portion of the costs is not fully deducted upon issuance, any secondary market price offered by WFS or any of its affiliates during this period will be higher than it would be if it were based solely on WFS s proprietary pricing models less the bid-offer spread and hedging unwind costs described above. The amount of this increase in the secondary market price will decline steadily to zero over this 3-month period. If you hold the securities through an account at WFS or any of its affiliates, we expect that this increase will also be reflected in the value indicated for the securities on your brokerage account statement. If you hold your securities through an account at a broker-dealer other than WFS or any of its affiliates, the value of the securities on your brokerage account statement may be different than if you held your securities at WFS or any of its affiliates, as discussed above under Investment Description.

**The Value Of The Securities Prior To Stated Maturity Will Be Affected By Numerous Factors, Some Of Which Are Related In Complex Ways.**

The value of the securities prior to stated maturity will be affected by the value of the basket at that time, interest rates at that time and a number of other factors, some of which are interrelated in complex ways. The effect of any one factor may be offset or magnified by the effect of another factor. The following factors, which we refer to as the derivative component factors, are expected to affect the value of the securities. When we refer to the value of your security, we mean the value that you could receive for your security if you are able to sell it in the open market before the stated maturity date.

**Basket Performance.** The value of the securities prior to maturity will depend substantially on the value of the basket, which is determined based on the levels of the basket underliers. The price at which you may be able to sell the securities before stated maturity may be at a discount, which could be substantial, from their

original offering price, if the value of the basket at such time is less than, equal to or not sufficiently above the initial basket level.

**Interest Rates.** The value of the securities may be affected by changes in the interest rates in the U.S. markets.

**Volatility Of The Basket Underliers.** Volatility is the term used to describe the size and frequency of market fluctuations. The value of the securities may be affected if the volatility of the basket underliers changes.

**Correlation Among Basket Underliers.** Correlation refers to the extent to which the levels of the basket underliers tend to fluctuate at the same time, in the same direction and in similar magnitudes. The correlation among basket underliers may be positive, zero or negative. The value of the securities may be affected if the correlation among the basket underliers change.

**Time Remaining To Maturity.** The value of the securities at any given time prior to maturity will likely be different from that which would be expected based on the then-current levels of the basket underliers. This difference will most likely reflect a discount due to expectations and uncertainty concerning the value of the basket during the period of time still remaining to the maturity date. In general, as the time remaining to maturity decreases, the value of the securities will approach the amount that could be payable at maturity based on the then-current value of the basket.

**Dividend Yields On The Securities Included In The Basket Underliers.** The value of the securities may be affected by the dividend yields on securities included in the basket underliers.

**Volatility Of Currency Exchange Rates.** Since the level of each basket underlier is based on the value of the securities included in such basket underlier as expressed in a foreign currency, the value of the securities may be affected if the volatility of the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and that foreign currency changes.

**Correlation Between Currency Exchange Rates And The Basket Underliers.** Since the level of each basket underlier is based on the value of the securities included in such basket underlier as expressed in a foreign currency, the value of the securities may be affected by changes in the correlation between the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and that foreign currency and the applicable basket underlier.

In addition to the derivative component factors, the value of the securities will be affected by actual or anticipated changes in our creditworthiness, as reflected in our secondary market rates. You should understand that the impact of one of the factors specified above, such as a change in interest rates, may offset some or all of any change in the value of the securities attributable to another factor, such as a change in the value of the basket. Because several factors are expected to affect the value of the securities, changes in the value of the basket may not result in a comparable change in the value of the securities. We anticipate that the value of the securities will always be at a discount to the maximum settlement amount.

**The Securities Will Not Be Listed On Any Securities Exchange And We Do Not Expect A Trading Market For The Securities To Develop.**

The securities will not be listed or displayed on any securities exchange or any automated quotation system. Although the agent and/or its affiliates may purchase the securities from holders, they are not obligated to do so and are not required to make a market for the securities. There can be no assurance that a secondary market will develop. Because we do not expect that any market makers will participate in a secondary market for the securities, the price at which you may be able to sell your securities is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which the agent is willing to buy your securities.

If a secondary market does exist, it may be limited. Accordingly, there may be a limited number of buyers if you decide to sell your securities prior to stated maturity. This may affect the price you receive upon such sale. Consequently, you should be willing to hold the securities to stated maturity.

**Your Return On The Securities Could Be Less Than If You Owned Securities Included In The Basket Underliers.**

Your return on the securities will not reflect the return you would realize if you actually owned the securities included in the basket underliers and received the dividends and other payments paid on those securities. This is in part because the cash settlement amount payable at stated maturity will be determined by reference to the final basket level, which will be calculated by reference to the prices of the securities in the basket underliers without taking into consideration the value of dividends and other payments paid on those securities. In addition, the cash settlement amount will not be greater than the maximum settlement amount.

**Historical Levels Of The Basket Underliers Should Not Be Taken As An Indication Of The Future Performance Of The Basket Underliers During The Term Of The Securities.**

The trading prices of the securities included in the basket underliers will determine the cash settlement amount payable at maturity to you. As a result, it is impossible to predict whether the closing level of the basket underliers will fall or rise compared to their respective initial basket underlier levels. Trading prices of the securities included in the basket underliers will be influenced by complex and interrelated political, economic, financial and other factors that can affect the markets in which those securities are traded and the values of those securities themselves.

Accordingly, any historical levels of the basket underliers do not provide an indication of the future performance of the basket underliers.

**Changes That Affect The Basket Underliers May Adversely Affect The Value Of The Securities And The Amount You Will Receive At Stated Maturity.**

The policies of a basket underlier sponsor concerning the calculation of the relevant basket underlier and the addition, deletion or substitution of securities comprising such basket underlier and the manner in which a basket underlier sponsor takes account of certain changes affecting such securities may affect the level of such basket underlier and the value of the basket and, therefore, may affect the value of the securities and the cash settlement amount payable at maturity. A basket underlier sponsor may discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of the relevant basket underlier or materially alter the methodology by which it calculates such basket underlier. Any such actions could adversely affect the value of the securities.

**We Cannot Control Actions By Any Of The Unaffiliated Companies Whose Securities Are Included In The Basket Underliers.**

Actions by any company whose securities are included in a basket underlier may have an adverse effect on the price of its security, the closing level of such basket underlier and the final basket level and the value of the securities. We are not affiliated with any company whose security is included in any basket underlier. These unaffiliated companies included in the basket underliers will not be involved in the offering of the securities and will have no obligations with respect to the securities, including any obligation to take our or your interests into consideration for any reason. These companies will not receive any of the proceeds of the offering of the securities and will not be responsible for, and will not have participated in, the determination of the timing of, prices for, or quantities of, the securities to be issued. These companies

will not be involved with the administration, marketing or trading of the securities and will have no obligations with respect to any amounts to be paid to you on the securities.

**We And Our Affiliates Have No Affiliation With Any Basket Underlier Sponsor And Have Not Independently Verified Its Public Disclosure Of Information.**

We and our affiliates are not affiliated in any way with any of the basket underlier sponsors and have no ability to control or predict their actions, including any errors in or discontinuation of disclosure regarding the methods or policies relating to the calculation of any basket underlier. We have derived the information about the basket underlier sponsors and the basket underliers contained in this pricing supplement from publicly available information, without independent verification. You, as an investor in the securities, should make your own investigation into the basket underliers and the basket underlier sponsors. The basket underlier sponsors are not involved in the offering of the securities made hereby in any way and have no obligation to consider your interest as an owner of the securities in taking any actions that might affect the value of the securities.

**Changes In The Levels Of The Basket Underliers May Offset Each Other.**

Fluctuations in the levels of the basket underliers may not correlate with each other. Even if the level of a basket underlier increases, the levels of the other basket underliers may not increase as much or may even decline. Therefore, in calculating the final basket level, increases in the level of a basket underlier may be moderated, or wholly offset, by lesser increases or declines in the levels of other basket underliers. Further, because the basket underliers are unequally weighted, increases in the levels of the lower-weighted basket underliers may be offset by even small decreases in the levels of the more heavily weighted basket underliers.

**An Investment In The Securities Is Subject To Risks Associated With Foreign Securities Markets.**

Each basket underlier includes the stocks of foreign companies and you should be aware that investments in securities linked to the value of foreign equity securities involve particular risks. Foreign securities markets may have less liquidity and may be more volatile than the U.S. securities markets, and market developments may affect foreign markets differently than U.S. securities markets. Direct or indirect government intervention to stabilize a foreign securities market, as well as cross-shareholdings in foreign companies, may affect trading prices and volumes in those markets. Also, there is generally less publicly available information about non-U.S. companies that are not subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and non-U.S. companies are subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements that differ from those applicable to U.S. reporting companies.

The prices and performance of securities of non-U.S. companies are subject to political, economic, financial, military and social factors which could negatively affect foreign securities markets, including the possibility of recent or future changes in a foreign government's economic, monetary and fiscal policies, the possible imposition of, or changes in, currency exchange laws or other laws or restrictions applicable to foreign companies or investments in foreign equity securities, the possibility of imposition of withholding taxes on dividend income, the possibility of fluctuations in the rate of exchange between currencies, the possibility of outbreaks of hostility or political instability and the possibility of natural disaster or adverse public health developments. Moreover, the relevant non-U.S. economies may differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in important respects, such as growth of gross national product, rate of inflation, trade surpluses or deficits, capital reinvestment, resources and self-sufficiency.

The stocks included in each of the basket underliers may be listed on a foreign stock exchange. A foreign stock exchange may impose trading limitations intended to prevent extreme fluctuations in individual security prices and may suspend trading in certain circumstances. These actions could limit variations in the closing level of such basket underlier which could, in turn, adversely affect the value of the securities.

**The Stated Maturity Date Will Be Postponed If The Determination Date Is Postponed.**

The determination date with respect to a basket underlier will be postponed if the calculation agent determines that a market disruption event has occurred or is continuing with respect to that basket underlier on the originally scheduled determination date or if the originally scheduled determination date is not a trading day with respect to that basket underlier. If such a postponement occurs, the stated maturity date will be postponed until three business days after the final postponed determination date.

**Our Economic Interests And Those Of Any Dealer Participating In The Offering Are Potentially Adverse To Your Interests.**

You should be aware of the following ways in which our economic interests and those of any dealer participating in the distribution of the securities, which we refer to as a participating dealer, are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the securities. In engaging in certain of the activities described below, our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates may take actions that may adversely affect the value of and your return on the securities, and in so doing they will have no obligation to consider your interests as an investor in the securities. Our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates may realize a profit from these activities even if investors do not receive a favorable investment return on the securities.



***The calculation agent is our affiliate and may be required to make discretionary judgments that affect the return you receive on the securities.*** WFS, which is our affiliate, will be the calculation agent for the securities. As calculation agent, WFS will determine the final basket underlier level of each basket underlier and the final basket level and may be required to make other determinations that affect the return you receive on the securities at maturity. In making these determinations, the calculation agent may be required to make discretionary judgments, including determining whether a market disruption event has occurred with respect to a basket underlier on the scheduled determination date, which may result in postponement of the determination date with respect to that basket underlier; determining the final basket underlier level of a basket underlier if the determination date is postponed with respect to that basket underlier to the last day to which it may be postponed and a market disruption event with respect to that basket underlier occurs on that day; if a basket underlier is discontinued, selecting a successor basket underlier or, if no successor basket underlier is available, determining the final basket underlier level of such basket underlier; and determining whether to adjust the closing level of a basket underlier on the determination date in the event of certain changes in or modifications to such basket underlier. In making these discretionary judgments, the fact that WFS is our affiliate may cause it to have economic interests that are adverse to your interests as an investor in the securities, and WFS's determinations as calculation agent may adversely affect your return on the securities.

***The estimated value of the securities was calculated by our affiliate and is therefore not an independent third-party valuation.*** WFS calculated the estimated value of the securities set forth on the cover page of this pricing supplement, which involved discretionary judgments by WFS, as described under **Risk Factors The Estimated Value Of The Securities Is Determined By Our Affiliate's Pricing Models, Which May Differ From Those Of Other Dealers** above. Accordingly, the estimated value of the securities set forth on the cover page of this pricing supplement is not an independent third-party valuation.

***Research reports by our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates may be inconsistent with an investment in the securities and may adversely affect the levels of the basket underliers.*** Our affiliates or any dealer participating in the offering of the securities or its affiliates may, at present or in the future, publish research reports on the basket underliers or the companies whose securities are included in the basket underliers. This research is modified from time to time without notice and may, at present or in the future, express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding the securities. Any research reports on a basket underlier or the companies whose securities are included in a basket underlier could adversely affect the level of that basket underlier and, therefore, adversely affect the value of and your return on the securities. You are encouraged to derive information concerning the basket underliers from multiple sources and should not rely on the views expressed by us or our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates. In addition, any research reports on a basket underlier or the companies whose securities are included in a basket underlier published on or prior to the trade date could result in an increase in the level of that basket underlier on the trade date, which would adversely affect investors in the securities by increasing the level at which the basket underliers must close on the determination date in order for investors in the securities to receive a favorable return.

***Business activities of our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates with the companies whose securities are included in the basket underliers may adversely affect the levels of the basket underliers.*** Our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates may, at present or in the future, engage in business with the companies whose securities are included in the basket underliers, including making loans to those companies (including exercising creditors' remedies with respect to such loans), making equity investments in those companies or providing investment banking, asset management or other advisory services to those

companies. These business activities could adversely affect the levels of the basket underliers and, therefore, adversely affect the value of and your return on the securities. In addition, in the course of these business activities, our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates may acquire non-public information about one or more of the companies whose securities are included in the basket underliers. If our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates do acquire such non-public information, we and they are not obligated to disclose such non-public information to you.

***Hedging activities by our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates may adversely affect the levels of the basket underliers.*** We expect to hedge our obligations under the securities through one or more hedge counterparties, which may include our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates. Pursuant to such hedging activities, our hedge counterparties may acquire securities included in the basket underliers or listed or over-the-counter derivative or synthetic instruments related to the basket underliers or such securities. Depending on, among other things, future market conditions, the aggregate amount and the composition of such positions are likely to vary over time. To the extent that our hedge counterparties have a long hedge position in any of the securities included in the basket underliers, or derivative or synthetic instruments related to the basket underliers or such securities, they may liquidate a portion of such holdings at or about the time of the determination date or at or about the time of a change in the securities included in the basket underliers. These hedging activities could potentially adversely affect the levels of the basket underliers and, therefore, adversely affect the value of and your return on the securities.

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*Trading activities by our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates may adversely affect the levels of the basket underliers.* Our affiliates or any participating dealer or its affiliates may engage in trading in the securities included in the basket underliers and other instruments relating to the basket underliers or such securities on a regular basis as part of their general broker-dealer and other businesses. Any of these trading activities could potentially adversely affect the levels of the basket underliers and, therefore, adversely affect the value of and your return on the securities.

*A participating dealer or its affiliates may realize hedging profits projected by its proprietary pricing models in addition to any selling concession, creating a further incentive for the participating dealer to sell the securities to you.* If any participating dealer or any of its affiliates conducts hedging activities for us in connection with the securities, that participating dealer or its affiliates will expect to realize a projected profit from such hedging activities. If a participating dealer receives a concession for the sale of the securities to you, this projected hedging profit will be in addition to the concession, creating a further incentive for the participating dealer to sell the securities to you.

**The U.S. Federal Tax Consequences Of An Investment In The Securities Are Unclear.**

There is no direct legal authority regarding the proper U.S. federal tax treatment of the securities, and we do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS. Consequently, significant aspects of the tax treatment of the securities are uncertain, and the IRS or a court might not agree with the treatment of the securities as prepaid derivative contracts that are open transactions for U.S. federal income tax purposes. If the IRS were successful in asserting an alternative treatment of the securities, the tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the securities might be materially and adversely affected. In addition, in 2007 the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of prepaid forward contracts and similar instruments. Any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the securities, including the character and timing of income or loss and the degree, if any, to which income realized by non-U.S. persons should be subject to withholding tax, possibly with retroactive effect. You should read carefully the discussion under United States Federal Tax Considerations in this pricing supplement. You should also consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the securities, as well as tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

**Determining Payment at Stated Maturity**

On the stated maturity date, you will receive a cash payment per security (the cash settlement amount) calculated as follows:

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### Hypothetical Returns

The following table illustrates, for a range of hypothetical final basket levels:

the hypothetical percentage change from the initial basket level to the hypothetical final basket level; and

the hypothetical pre-tax total return.

#### Hypothetical pre-tax total

Hypothetical basket return	return
50.00%	24.000%
40.00%	24.000%
20.00%	24.000%
16.00%	24.000%
10.00%	15.000%
5.00%	7.500%
0.00%	0.000%
-5.00%	0.000%
-10.00%	0.000%
-15.00%	0.000%
-16.00%	-1.176%
-25.00%	-11.765%
-50.00%	-41.176%
-75.00%	-70.588%
-100.00%	-100.000%

The above figures are for purposes of illustration only and may have been rounded for ease of analysis. The actual amount you receive at stated maturity and the resulting pre-tax return will depend on the actual final basket level.

If, for example, the basket return were determined to be -75.00%, the pre-tax return on your securities at maturity would be approximately -70.588%, as shown in the table above. As a result, if you purchased your securities on the original issue date at the face amount and held them to the stated maturity date, you would lose approximately 70.588% of your investment. In addition, if the basket return were determined to be 50.00%, the cash settlement amount that we would deliver on your securities at maturity would be capped at the maximum settlement amount, and the pre-tax return on your securities would therefore be capped at 24.000%, as shown in the table above. As a result, if you held your securities to the stated maturity date, you would not benefit from any basket return in excess of 16.00%.

### Hypothetical Cash Settlement Amounts

Set forth below are five examples of cash settlement amount calculations, reflecting a maximum settlement amount of 124.00% of the face amount or \$1,240.00 per security and assuming final basket underlier levels for each basket underlier as indicated in the examples. These examples are for purposes of illustration only and the values used in the examples may have been rounded for ease of analysis.

The levels in Column A represent the initial basket underlier levels for each basket underlier, and the levels in Column B represent the hypothetical final basket underlier levels for each basket underlier. The percentages in Column C represent the hypothetical final basket underlier levels in Column B expressed as percentages of the corresponding initial basket underlier levels in Column A. The amounts in Column D represent the applicable initial weighted value for each basket underlier, and the amounts in Column E represent the *products* of the percentages in Column C *times* the corresponding amounts in Column D. The final basket level for each example is shown beneath each example, and will equal the *sum* of the five products shown in Column E. The basket return for each example is shown beneath the final basket level for such example, and will equal the *quotient* of (i) the final basket level for such example *minus* the initial basket level *divided* by (ii) the initial basket level, expressed as a percentage.

**Example 1: The final basket level is greater than the cap level.**

Basket Underlier	Column A Initial Basket Underlier Level	Column B Hypothetical Final Basket Underlier Level	Column C Column B / Column A (expressed as a percentage)	Column D Initial Weighted Value	Column E Column C × Column D
EURO STOXX 50 <sup>®</sup> Index	3,260.72	4,565.01	140.00%	37.00	51.80
FTSE <sup>®</sup> 100 Index	6,052.42	8,170.77	135.00%	23.00	31.05
TOPIX <sup>®</sup> Index	1,537.10	2,075.09	135.00%	23.00	31.05
Swiss Market Index (SMI <sup>®</sup> )	8,608.91	11,191.58	130.00%	9.00	11.70
S&P/ASX 200 Index	5,106.659	8,425.987	165.00%	8.00	13.20
				<b>Final Basket Level</b>	138.80
				<b>Basket Return</b>	38.80%

In this example, each of the hypothetical final basket underlier levels is greater than or equal to the applicable initial basket underlier level, which results in the hypothetical final basket level being greater than the initial basket level of 100.00. Because the hypothetical final basket level is 138.80, which is greater than the cap level, the hypothetical cash settlement amount will be capped at the maximum settlement amount of \$1,240.00 per security.

**Example 2: The final basket level is greater than the initial basket level but less than the cap level.**

Basket Underlier	Column A Initial Basket Underlier Level	Column B Hypothetical Final Basket Underlier Level	Column C Column B / Column A (expressed as a percentage)	Column D Initial Weighted Value	Column E Column C × Column D
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		<b>Underlier Level</b>		<b>Value</b>	
EURO STOXX 50 <sup>®</sup> Index	3,260.72	3,423.76	105.00%	37.00	38.85
FTSE <sup>®</sup> 100 Index	6,052.42	6,657.66	110.00%	23.00	25.30
TOPIX <sup>®</sup> Index	1,537.10	1,537.10	100.00%	23.00	23.00
Swiss Market Index (SMI <sup>®</sup> )	8,608.91	8,867.18	103.00%	9.00	9.27
S&P/ASX 200 Index	5,106.659	5,502.425	107.75%	8.00	8.62
				<b>Final Basket Level</b>	105.04
				<b>Basket Return</b>	5.04%

In this example, each of the hypothetical final basket underlier levels is greater than or equal to the applicable initial basket underlier level, which results in the hypothetical final basket level being greater than the initial basket level of 100.00. Because the hypothetical final basket level is 105.04, the hypothetical cash settlement amount per security will equal:

$$\text{Cash settlement amount} = \$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times 150.00\% \times 5.04\%) = \$1,075.60$$

**Example 3: The final basket level is less than the initial basket level but greater than the buffer level.**

	<b>Column A</b>	<b>Column B</b>	<b>Column C</b>	<b>Column D</b>	<b>Column E</b>
	<b>Initial Basket Underlier</b>	<b>Hypothetical Final Basket Underlier</b>	<b>Column B / Column A (expressed as a percentage)</b>	<b>Initial Weighted Value</b>	<b>Column C × Column D</b>
<b>Basket Underlier</b>	<b>Level</b>	<b>Level</b>			
EURO STOXX 50 <sup>®</sup>					
Index	3,260.72	3,295.94	101.08%	37.00	37.40
FTSE <sup>®</sup> 100 Index	6,052.42	5,144.56	85.00%	23.00	19.55
TOPIX <sup>®</sup> Index	1,537.10	1,383.39	90.00%	23.00	20.70
Swiss Market Index (SMI <sup>®</sup> )	8,608.91	8,178.46	95.00%	9.00	8.55
S&P/ASX 200 Index	5,106.659	5,617.325	110.00%	8.00	8.80
				<b>Final Basket Level</b>	95.00
				<b>Basket Return</b>	-5.00%

In this example, even though the hypothetical final basket underlier levels for the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index and the S&P/ASX 200 Index are greater than their initial basket underlier levels, the negative returns of the FTSE<sup>®</sup> 100 Index, the TOPIX<sup>®</sup> Index and the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) more than offset the positive returns on the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index and the S&P/ASX 200 Index, which results in the hypothetical final basket level being less than the initial basket level of 100.00. Since the hypothetical final basket level of 95.00 is greater than the buffer level of 85.00, the hypothetical cash settlement amount will equal \$1,000.00 per security.

**Example 4: The final basket level is less than the buffer level.**

	<b>Column A</b>	<b>Column B</b>	<b>Column C</b>	<b>Column D</b>	<b>Column E</b>
	<b>Initial Basket Underlier</b>	<b>Hypothetical Final Basket Underlier</b>	<b>Column B / Column A (expressed as a percentage)</b>	<b>Initial Weighted Value</b>	<b>Column C × Column D</b>
<b>Basket Underlier</b>	<b>Level</b>	<b>Level</b>			
EURO STOXX 50 <sup>®</sup>					
Index	3,260.72	1,369.50	42.00%	37.00	15.54
FTSE <sup>®</sup> 100 Index	6,052.42	4,539.32	75.00%	23.00	17.25
TOPIX <sup>®</sup> Index	1,537.10	999.12	65.00%	23.00	14.95
Swiss Market Index (SMI <sup>®</sup> )	8,608.91	6,628.86	77.00%	9.00	6.93
S&P/ASX 200 Index	5,106.659	3,319.328	65.00%	8.00	5.20
				<b>Final Basket Level</b>	59.87
				<b>Basket Return</b>	-40.13%

In this example, each of the hypothetical final basket underlier levels is less than the applicable initial basket underlier level, which results in the hypothetical final basket level being less than the initial basket level of 100.00. Because the hypothetical final basket level is 59.87 and is less than the buffer level of 85.00% of the initial basket level, the hypothetical cash settlement amount per security will equal:



Cash settlement amount = \$1,000 + [\$1,000 × (100 / 85) × (-40.13% + 15.00%)] = \$704.35

**Example 5: The final basket level is less than the buffer level.**

	<b>Column A</b>	<b>Column B</b>	<b>Column C</b>	<b>Column D Initial</b>	<b>Column E</b>
	<b>Initial Basket Underlier</b>	<b>Hypothetical Final Basket Underlier</b>	<b>Column B / Column A (expressed as a percentage)</b>	<b>Column D Weighted Value</b>	<b>Column C × Column D</b>
<b>Basket Underlier</b>	<b>Level</b>	<b>Level</b>			
EURO STOXX 50 <sup>®</sup> Index	3,260.72	1,304.29	40.00%	37.00	14.80
FTSE <sup>®</sup> 100 Index	6,052.42	6,112.94	101.00%	23.00	23.23
TOPIX <sup>®</sup> Index	1,537.10	1,567.84	102.00%	23.00	23.46
Swiss Market Index (SMI <sup>®</sup> )	8,608.91	11,191.58	130.00%	9.00	11.70
S&P/ASX 200 Index	5,106.659	6,638.657	130.00%	8.00	10.40
				<b>Final Basket Level</b>	83.59
				<b>Basket Return</b>	-16.41%

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In this example, the hypothetical final basket underlier level of the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index is less than its initial basket underlier level, while the hypothetical final basket underlier levels of the other four basket underliers are each greater than their applicable initial basket underlier levels.

Because the basket is unequally weighted, increases in the lower weighted basket underliers will be offset by decreases in the higher weighted basket underliers. In this example, the large decline in the level of the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index results in the hypothetical final basket level being less than 100.00 even though the levels of the other basket underliers increased.

Since the hypothetical final basket level is 83.59 and is less than the buffer level, the hypothetical cash settlement amount per security will equal:

$$\text{Cash settlement amount} = \$1,000 + [\$1,000 \times (100 / 85) \times (-16.41\% + 15.00\%)] = \$983.41$$

To the extent that the final basket underlier levels of the basket underliers and the final basket level differ from the values assumed above, the results indicated above would be different.

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### **Additional Terms of the Securities**

Wells Fargo will issue the securities as part of a series of senior unsecured debt securities entitled Medium-Term Notes, Series K, which is more fully described in the prospectus supplement. Information included in this pricing supplement supersedes information in the prospectus supplement and prospectus to the extent that it is different from that information.

#### **Calculation Agent**

Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, one of our subsidiaries, will act as initial calculation agent for the securities and may appoint agents to assist it in the performance of its duties. Pursuant to the calculation agent agreement, we may appoint a different calculation agent without your consent and without notifying you.

The calculation agent will determine the cash settlement amount you receive at stated maturity. In addition, the calculation agent will, among other things:

determine whether a market disruption event or non-trading day has occurred;

determine if adjustments are required to the closing level of a basket underlier under various circumstances;  
and

if publication of a basket underlier is discontinued, select a successor basket underlier (as defined below) or, if no successor basket underlier is available, determine the closing level of such basket underlier.

All determinations made by the calculation agent will be at the sole discretion of the calculation agent and, in the absence of manifest error, will be conclusive for all purposes and binding on us and you. The calculation agent will have no liability for its determinations.

#### **Market Disruption Events**

A market disruption event means, with respect to the FTSE<sup>®</sup>H00 Index, the TOPIX<sup>®</sup> Index, the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) or the S&P/ASX 200 Index, any of the following events as determined by the calculation agent in its sole discretion:

- (A) The occurrence or existence of a material suspension of or limitation imposed on trading by the relevant stock exchanges or otherwise relating to securities which then comprise 20% or more of the level of such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier at any time during the one-hour period that ends at the close of trading on that day, whether by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by those relevant stock exchanges or otherwise.
- (B) The occurrence or existence of a material suspension of or limitation imposed on trading by any related futures or options exchange or otherwise in futures or options contracts relating to such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier on any related futures or options exchange at any time during the one-hour period that ends at the close of trading on that day, whether by reason of movements in price exceeding

limits permitted by the related futures or options exchange or otherwise.

- (C) The occurrence or existence of any event, other than an early closure, that materially disrupts or impairs the ability of market participants in general to effect transactions in, or obtain market values for, securities that then comprise 20% or more of the level of such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier on their relevant stock exchanges at any time during the one-hour period that ends at the close of trading on that day.
- (D) The occurrence or existence of any event, other than an early closure, that materially disrupts or impairs the ability of market participants in general to effect transactions in, or obtain market values for, futures or options contracts relating to such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier on any related futures or options exchange at any time during the one-hour period that ends at the close of trading on that day.
- (E) The closure on any exchange business day of the relevant stock exchanges on which securities that then comprise 20% or more of the level of such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier are traded or any related futures or options exchange prior to its scheduled closing time unless the earlier closing time is announced by the relevant stock exchange or related futures or options exchange, as applicable, at least one hour prior to the earlier of (1) the actual closing time for the regular trading session on such relevant stock exchange or related futures or options exchange, as applicable, and (2) the submission deadline for orders to be entered into the relevant stock exchange or related futures or options exchange, as applicable, system for execution at such actual closing time on that day.
- (F) The relevant stock exchange for any security underlying such basket underlier or successor basket underlier or any related futures or options exchange fails to open for trading during its regular trading session.

For purposes of determining whether a market disruption event has occurred with respect to the FTSE® 100 Index, the TOPIX® Index, the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) or the S&P/ASX 200 Index:

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- (1) the relevant percentage contribution of a security to the level of such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier will be based on a comparison of (x) the portion of the level of such basket underlier attributable to that security and (y) the overall level of such basket underlier or successor basket underlier, in each case immediately before the occurrence of the market disruption event;
- (2) the close of trading on any trading day for such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier means the scheduled closing time of the relevant stock exchanges with respect to the securities underlying such basket underlier or successor basket underlier on such trading day; provided that, if the actual closing time of the regular trading session of any such relevant stock exchange is earlier than its scheduled closing time on such trading day, then (x) for purposes of clauses (A) and (C) of the definition of market disruption event above, with respect to any security underlying such basket underlier or successor basket underlier for which such relevant stock exchange is its relevant stock exchange, the close of trading means such actual closing time and (y) for purposes of clauses (B) and (D) of the definition of market disruption event above, with respect to any futures or options contract relating to such basket underlier or successor basket underlier, the close of trading means the latest actual closing time of the regular trading session of any of the relevant stock exchanges, but in no event later than the scheduled closing time of the relevant stock exchanges;
- (3) the scheduled closing time of any relevant stock exchange or related futures or options exchange on any trading day for such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier means the scheduled weekday closing time of such relevant stock exchange or related futures or options exchange on such trading day, without regard to after hours or any other trading outside the regular trading session hours; and
- (4) an exchange business day means any trading day for such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier on which each relevant stock exchange for the securities underlying such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier and each related futures or options exchange are open for trading during their respective regular trading sessions, notwithstanding any such relevant stock exchange or related futures or options exchange closing prior to its scheduled closing time.

A market disruption event means, with respect to the EURO STOXX<sup>®</sup>50 index, any of (A), (B), (C) or (D) below, as determined by the calculation agent in its sole discretion:

- (A) Any of the following events occurs or exists with respect to any security included in such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier, and the aggregate of all securities included in such basket underlier or successor basket underlier with respect to which any such event occurs comprise 20% or more of the level of such basket underlier or successor basket underlier:

a material suspension of or limitation imposed on trading by the relevant stock exchange for such security or otherwise at any time during the one-hour period that ends at the scheduled closing time for the relevant stock exchange for such security on that day, whether by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the relevant stock exchange or otherwise;

any event, other than an early closure, that materially disrupts or impairs the ability of market participants in general to effect transactions in, or obtain market values for, such security on its relevant stock exchange at any time during the one-hour period that ends at the scheduled closing time

for the relevant stock exchange for such security on that day; or

the closure on any exchange business day of the relevant stock exchange for such security prior to its scheduled closing time unless the earlier closing is announced by such relevant stock exchange at least one hour prior to the earlier of (i) the actual closing time for the regular trading session on such relevant stock exchange and (ii) the submission deadline for orders to be entered into the relevant stock exchange system for execution at the scheduled closing time for such relevant stock exchange on that day.

(B) Any of the following events occurs or exists with respect to futures or options contracts relating to such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier:

a material suspension of or limitation imposed on trading by any related futures or options exchange or otherwise at any time during the one-hour period that ends at the close of trading on such related futures or options exchange on that day, whether by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the related futures or options exchange or otherwise;

any event, other than an early closure, that materially disrupts or impairs the ability of market participants in general to effect transactions in, or obtain market values for, futures or options contracts relating to such basket underlier or successor basket underlier on any related futures or options exchange at any time during the one-hour period that ends at the close of trading on such related futures or options exchange on that day; or

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the closure on any exchange business day of any related futures or options exchange prior to its scheduled closing time unless the earlier closing time is announced by such related futures or options exchange at least one hour prior to the earlier of (i) the actual closing time for the regular trading session on such related futures or options exchange and (ii) the submission deadline for orders to be entered into the related futures or options exchange system for execution at the close of trading for such related futures or options exchange on that day.

(C) The relevant basket underlier sponsor fails to publish the level of such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier (other than as a result of the relevant basket underlier sponsor having discontinued publication of such basket underlier or successor basket underlier and no successor basket underlier being available).

(D) Any related futures or options exchange fails to open for trading during its regular trading session.

For purposes of determining whether a market disruption event has occurred with respect to the EURO STOXX 50® Index:

- (1) the relevant percentage contribution of a security included in such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier to the level of such basket underlier will be based on a comparison of (x) the portion of the level of such basket underlier attributable to that security to (y) the overall level of such basket underlier, in each case using the official opening weightings as published by the relevant basket underlier sponsor as part of the market opening data;
- (2) the scheduled closing time of any relevant stock exchange or related futures or options exchange on any trading day means the scheduled weekday closing time of such relevant stock exchange or related futures or options exchange on such trading day, without regard to after hours or any other trading outside the regular trading session hours; and
- (3) an exchange business day means any trading day on which (i) the relevant basket underlier sponsor publishes the level of such basket underlier or any successor basket underlier and (ii) each related futures or options exchange is open for trading during its regular trading session, notwithstanding any related futures or options exchange closing prior to its scheduled closing time.

If a market disruption event occurs or is continuing with respect to any basket underlier on the determination date, then the determination date for such basket underlier will be postponed to the first succeeding trading day for such basket underlier on which a market disruption event has not occurred and is not continuing with respect to such basket underlier; however, if such first succeeding trading day has not occurred as of the eighth trading day after the originally scheduled determination date, that eighth trading day shall be deemed to be the determination date with respect to such basket underlier. If the determination date for any basket underlier has been postponed eight trading days for such basket underlier after the originally scheduled determination date and a market disruption event occurs or is continuing on such eighth trading day with respect to such basket underlier, the calculation agent will determine the closing level of such basket underlier on such eighth trading day in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating the closing level of such basket underlier last in effect prior to commencement of the market disruption event, using the closing price (or, with respect to any relevant security, if a market disruption event has occurred with respect to such security, its good faith estimate of the value of such security at (i) with respect to the FTSE® 100 Index, the TOPIX® Index, the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) and the S&P/ASX 200 Index, the scheduled closing time

of the relevant stock exchange for such security or, if earlier, the actual closing time of the regular trading session of such relevant stock exchange or (ii) with respect to the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index, the time at which the official closing level of that basket underlier is calculated and published by the relevant basket underlier sponsor) on such date of each security included in such basket underlier. As used herein, closing price means, with respect to any security on any date, the relevant stock exchange traded or quoted price of such security as of (i) with respect to the FTSE<sup>®</sup> 100 Index, the TOPIX<sup>®</sup> Index, the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) or the S&P/ASX 200 Index, the scheduled closing time of the relevant stock exchange for such security or, if earlier, the actual closing time of the regular trading session of such relevant stock exchange or (ii) with respect to the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index, the time at which the official closing level of such basket underlier is calculated and published by the relevant basket underlier sponsor. Notwithstanding a postponement of the determination date for a particular basket underlier due to a market disruption event with respect to such basket underlier, the originally scheduled determination date will remain the determination date for any basket underlier not affected by a market disruption event.

### **Adjustments to a Basket Underlier**

If at any time the sponsor or publisher of a basket underlier (each, a basket underlier sponsor ) makes a material change in the formula for or the method of calculating such basket underlier, or in any other way materially modifies such basket underlier (other than a modification prescribed in the formula or method to maintain such basket underlier in the event of changes in constituent stock and capitalization and other routine events), then, from and after that time, the calculation agent will, at the close of business in New York, New York, on each date that the closing level of such basket underlier is to be calculated, calculate a substitute closing level of such basket underlier in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating such basket underlier last in effect prior to the change, but using only those securities that comprised such basket underlier immediately prior to that change. Accordingly, if the method of calculating a basket



underlier is modified so that the level of such basket underlier is a fraction or a multiple of what it would have been if it had not been modified, then the calculation agent will adjust such basket underlier in order to arrive at a level of such basket underlier as if it had not been modified.

### **Discontinuance of a Basket Underlier**

If a basket underlier sponsor discontinues publication of a basket underlier, and such basket underlier sponsor or another entity publishes a successor or substitute equity index that the calculation agent determines, in its sole discretion, to be comparable to such basket underlier (a successor basket underlier ), then, upon the calculation agent's notification of that determination to the trustee and Wells Fargo, the calculation agent will substitute the successor basket underlier as calculated by the relevant basket underlier sponsor or any other entity and calculate the closing level of such basket underlier as described above. Upon any selection by the calculation agent of a successor basket underlier, Wells Fargo will cause notice to be given to holders of the securities.

In the event that a basket underlier sponsor discontinues publication of a basket underlier prior to, and the discontinuance is continuing on, the determination date and the calculation agent determines that no successor basket underlier is available at such time, the calculation agent will calculate a substitute closing level for such basket underlier in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating such basket underlier last in effect prior to the discontinuance, but using only those securities that comprised such basket underlier immediately prior to that discontinuance. If a successor basket underlier is selected or the calculation agent calculates a level as a substitute for such basket underlier, the successor basket underlier or level will be used as a substitute for that basket underlier for all purposes, including the purpose of determining whether a market disruption event exists

If on the determination date the basket underlier sponsor of a basket underlier fails to calculate and announce the level of such basket underlier, the calculation agent will calculate a substitute closing level of such basket underlier in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating such basket underlier last in effect prior to the failure, but using only those securities that comprised such basket underlier immediately prior to that failure; *provided* that, if a market disruption event occurs or is continuing on such day, then the provisions set forth above under Market Disruption Events shall apply in lieu of the foregoing.

Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, discontinuance of the publication of, or the failure by the relevant basket underlier sponsor to calculate and announce the level of, a basket underlier may adversely affect the value of the securities.

### **Events of Default and Acceleration**

If an event of default with respect to the securities has occurred and is continuing, the amount payable to a holder of a security upon any acceleration permitted by the securities, with respect to each security, will be equal to the cash settlement amount, calculated as provided herein. The cash settlement amount will be calculated as though the date of acceleration were the determination date.

### **Hypothetical Historical Performance of the Basket**

The basket will represent a weighted portfolio of the following five basket underliers, with each basket underlier having the weight indicated parenthetically: the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index (37%), the FTSE<sup>®</sup> 100 Index (23%), the TOPIX<sup>®</sup> Index (23%), the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) (9%) and the S&P/ASX 200 Index (8%). The value of the basket will increase or decrease depending upon the performance of the basket underliers. For more information regarding the basket underliers, see The EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index, The FTSE<sup>®</sup> 100 Index, The TOPIX<sup>®</sup> Index, The Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) and The S&P/ASX 200 Index below. The basket does not reflect the performance of all major securities markets.

While historical information on the value of the basket does not exist for dates prior to the trade date, the following graph sets forth the hypothetical historical daily values of the basket for the period from January 1, 2005 to December 18, 2015 assuming that the basket was constructed on January 1, 2005 with an initial basket level of 100 and that each of the basket underliers had the applicable weight as of such day. We obtained the closing prices and other information used by us in order to create the graph below from Bloomberg Financial Markets ( Bloomberg ) without independent verification.

The hypothetical historical basket values, as calculated solely for the purposes of the offering of the securities, fluctuated in the past and may, in the future, experience significant fluctuations. Any historical upward or downward trend in the value of the basket during any period shown below is not an indication that the percentage change in the value of the basket is more likely to be positive or negative during the term of the securities. The hypothetical historical values do not give an indication of future values of the basket.

### **International Index Basket**

### **Hypothetical Historical Performance**

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## The EURO STOXX 50® Index

We obtained all information contained in this pricing supplement regarding the EURO STOXX 50® Index, including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. That information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by, STOXX Limited, the index sponsor (STOXX). STOXX has no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue publication of, the EURO STOXX 50 Index at any time. Neither we nor the agent has independently verified the accuracy or completeness of any information with respect to the EURO STOXX 50 Index in connection with the offer and sale of securities.

### General

The EURO STOXX 50 Index is calculated, maintained and published by STOXX Limited. STOXX Limited is a joint venture between Deutsche Börse AG and SIX Group AG. Publication of the EURO STOXX 50 Index began on February 28, 1998, based on an initial index value of 1,000 on December 31, 1991. The EURO STOXX 50 Index is published in The Wall Street Journal and disseminated on the STOXX website at [www.stoxx.com](http://www.stoxx.com).

**The EURO STOXX 50 Index does not reflect the payment of dividends on the stocks underlying it and therefore the payment on the securities will not produce the same return you would receive if you were able to purchase such underlying stocks and hold them until maturity.**

### Index Composition and Maintenance

The EURO STOXX 50 Index is composed of 50 component stocks of sector leaders from within the EURO STOXX Supersector indexes, which includes stocks selected from 12 Eurozone countries: Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain. The component stocks have a high degree of liquidity and represent the largest companies across all supersectors as defined by the Industry Classification Benchmark.

The composition of the EURO STOXX 50 Index is reviewed annually, based on the closing stock data on the last trading day in August. The component stocks are announced on the first trading day in September. Changes in the composition of the EURO STOXX 50 Index are made to ensure that the EURO STOXX 50 Index includes the 50 market sector leaders from within the EURO STOXX Index.

The free float factors for each component stock used to calculate the EURO STOXX 50 Index are reviewed, calculated and implemented on a quarterly basis and are fixed until the next quarterly review.

The EURO STOXX 50 Index is also reviewed on an ongoing basis. Corporate actions (including initial public offerings, mergers and takeovers, spin-offs, delistings and bankruptcy) that affect the EURO STOXX 50 Index composition are immediately reviewed. Any changes are announced, implemented and effective in line with the type of corporate action and the magnitude of the effect.

### Computation of the EURO STOXX 50 Index

The EURO STOXX 50 Index is calculated with the Laspeyres formula, which measures the aggregate price changes in the component stocks against a fixed base quantity weight. The formula for calculating the EURO STOXX 50 Index value can be expressed as follows:

Index = Free float market capitalization of the

EURO STOXX 50 Index  
Divisor

The free float market capitalization of the EURO STOXX 50 Index is equal to the sum of the products of the closing price, the number of shares, free float factor and the cap factor for each component stock as of the time the EURO STOXX 50 Index is being calculated. The cap factor limits the weight of a component within the EURO STOXX 50 Index to a maximum of 10%.

The EURO STOXX 50 Index is also subject to a divisor, which is adjusted to maintain the continuity of the EURO STOXX 50 Index values across changes due to corporate actions. The following is a summary of the adjustments to any component stock made for corporate actions and the effect of such adjustment on the divisor, where shareholders of the component stock will receive  $B$  number of shares for every  $A$  share held (where applicable).

(1) Special cash dividend

Cash distributions that are outside the scope of the regular dividend policy or that the company defines as an extraordinary distribution.

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Adjusted price = closing price - dividend announced by the company \* (1 - withholding tax, if applicable)

Divisor: decreases

(2) Split and reverse split:

Adjusted price = closing price \* A/B

New number of shares = old number of shares \* B/A

Divisor: no change

(3) Rights offering:

Adjusted price = (closing price \* A + subscription price \* B) / (A + B)

New number of shares = old number of shares \* (A + B) / A

Divisor: increases

(4) Stock dividend:

Adjusted price = closing price \* A / (A + B)

New number of shares = old number of shares \* (A + B) / A

Divisor: no change

(5) Stock dividend from treasury stock (if treated as extraordinary dividend):

Adjusted close = close - close \* B / (A + B)

Divisor: decreases

(6) Stock dividend of another company:

Adjusted price = (closing price \* A - price of other company \* B) / A

Divisor: decreases

(7) Return of capital and share consolidation:

Adjusted price = (closing price - capital return announced by company \* (1 - withholding tax)) \* A / B

New number of shares = old number of shares \* B / A

Divisor: decreases

(8) Repurchase shares / self tender:

Adjusted price = ((price before tender \* old number of shares) - (tender price \* number of tendered shares)) / (old number of shares - number of tendered shares)

New number of shares = old number of shares - number of tendered shares

Divisor: decreases

(9) Spin-off:

Adjusted price = (closing price \* A - price of spin-off shares B) / A

Divisor: decreases

(10) Combination stock distribution (dividend or split) and rights offering:

For this corporate action, the following additional assumptions apply:

Shareholders receive B new shares from the distribution and C new shares from the rights offering for every A shares held

If A is not equal to one, all the following new number of shares formulas need to be divided by A:

If rights are applicable after stock distribution (one action applicable to another):

Adjusted price = (closing price \* A + subscription price \* C \* (1 + B / A)) / ((A + B) \* (1 + C / A))

New number of shares = old number of shares \* ((A + B) \* (1 + C / A)) / A

Divisor: increases

If stock distribution is applicable after rights (one action applicable to another):

Adjusted price = (closing price \* A + subscription price \* C) / ((A + C) \* (1 + B / A))

New number of shares = old number of shares \* ((A + C) \* (1 + B / A))

Divisor: increases

Stock distribution and rights (neither action is applicable to the other):

Adjusted price = (closing price \* A + subscription price \* C) / (A + B + C)

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New number of shares = old number of shares \* (A + B + C) / A

Divisor: increases

### **License Agreement with STOXX Limited**

STOXX Limited ( STOXX ) and its licensors (the Licensors ) have no relationship to Wells Fargo & Company, other than the licensing of the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index and the related trademarks for use in connection with the securities.

### **STOXX and its Licensors do not:**

Sponsor, endorse, sell or promote the securities.

Recommend that any person invest in the securities.

Have any responsibility or liability for or make any decisions about the timing, amount or pricing of the securities.

Have any responsibility or liability for the administration, management or marketing of the securities.

Consider the needs of the securities or the owners of the securities in determining, composing or calculating the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index or have any obligation to do so.

**STOXX and its Licensors will not have any liability in connection with the securities. Specifically,**

STOXX and its Licensors do not make any warranty, express or implied, and disclaim any and all warranty about:

- **The results to be obtained by the securities, the owner of the securities or any other person in connection with the use of the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index and the data included in the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index;**
- **The accuracy or completeness of the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index and its data;**
- **The merchantability and the fitness for a particular purpose or use of the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index and its data;**



**STOXX and its Licensors will have no liability for any errors, omissions or interruptions in the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index or its data;**

**Under no circumstances will STOXX or its Licensors be liable for any lost profits or indirect, punitive, special or consequential damages or losses, even if STOXX or its Licensors knows that they might occur.**

**The licensing agreement between Wells Fargo & Company and STOXX is solely for their benefit and not for the benefit of the owners of the securities or any other third parties.**

#### **Historical Information for the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index**

We obtained the closing levels set forth in the graph below from Bloomberg Financial Markets without independent verification.

The historical performance of the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index should not be taken as an indication of the future performance of the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index during the term of the securities.

The following graph sets forth the daily closing levels of the EURO STOXX 50<sup>®</sup> Index for each day in the period from January 1, 2005 through December 18, 2015. The closing level on December 18, 2015 was 3,260.72.

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**EURO STOXX 50 Index Daily Closing Levels**

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## The FTSE® 100 Index

We obtained all information contained in this pricing supplement regarding the FTSE® 100 Index, including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. This information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by, FTSE International Limited, the index sponsor ( FTSE ). FTSE has no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue publication of, the FTSE® 100 Index at any time. Neither we nor the agent has independently verified the accuracy or completeness of any information with respect to the FTSE® 100 Index in connection with the offer and sale of securities.

### General

The FTSE® 100 Index is an index calculated, published and disseminated by FTSE, a company wholly owned by the London Stock Exchange Group (the LSE ). Publication of the FTSE® 100 Index began in January 1984.

**The FTSE® 100 Index does not reflect the payment of dividends on the stocks underlying it and therefore the payment on the securities will not produce the same return you would receive if you were able to purchase such underlying stocks and hold them until maturity.**

### Index Composition and Maintenance

The FTSE® 100 Index measures the composite price performance of stocks of the largest 100 companies (determined on the basis of market capitalization) traded on the LSE.

The 100 stocks included in the FTSE® 100 Index (the FTSE underlying stocks ) were selected from a reference group of stocks trading on the LSE that were selected by excluding certain stocks that have low liquidity based on public float, accuracy and reliability of prices, size and number of trading days. The FTSE underlying stocks were selected from this reference group by selecting 100 stocks with the largest market value. A list of the issuers of the FTSE underlying stocks is available from FTSE.

The FTSE® 100 Index is reviewed quarterly by the FTSE Russell European, Middle East & Africa Regional Committee (the Index Steering Committee ) in order to maintain continuity in the level. The Index Steering Committee undertakes the reviews of the FTSE® 100 Index and ensures that constituent changes and index calculations are made in accordance with the ground rules of the FTSE® 100 Index. The meetings to review the constituents will be held on the Wednesday after the first Friday in March, June, September and December. Each review will be based on data from the close of business on the Tuesday before the first Friday of the review month. Any constituent changes normally will be implemented on the trading day following the third Friday of the same month.

FTSE prepares information regarding possible companies to be included or excluded from the FTSE Index using the close of business figures from the Tuesday before a review. The review is then presented to the Index Steering Committee for approval.

The FTSE underlying stocks may be replaced, if necessary, in accordance with deletion/addition rules that provide generally for the removal and replacement of a stock from the FTSE® 100 Index if such stock is delisted or its issuer is subject to a takeover offer that has been declared unconditional or it has ceased, in the opinion of the Index Steering Committee, to be a viable component of the FTSE® 100 Index. To maintain continuity, a stock will be added at the quarterly review if it has risen to 90th place or above and a stock will be deleted if at the quarterly review it has fallen to 111th place or below, in each case ranked on the basis of market capitalization. A constant number of constituents will be maintained for the FTSE 100 Index. Where a greater number of companies qualify to be inserted in the index than those qualifying to be deleted, the lowest ranking constituents presently included in the index will be deleted to ensure that an equal number of companies are inserted and deleted at the periodic review. Likewise, where a greater

number of companies qualify to be deleted than those qualifying to be inserted, the securities of the highest ranking companies which are presently not included in the index will be inserted to match the number of companies being deleted at the periodic review.

**Computation of the FTSE® 100 Index**

The FTSE® 100 Index is calculated by (i) multiplying the per share price of each stock included in the FTSE® 100 Index by the number of outstanding shares, (ii) calculating the sum of all these products (such sum being hereinafter the FTSE Aggregate Market Value ) as of the starting date of the FTSE® 100 Index, (iii) dividing the FTSE Aggregate Market Value by a divisor which represents the FTSE Aggregate Market Value on the base date of the FTSE® 100 Index and which can be adjusted to allow changes in the issued share capital of individual underlying stocks including the deletion and addition of stocks, the substitution of stocks, stock dividends and stock splits to be made without distorting the FTSE® 100 Index and (iv) multiplying the result by 1,000. Because of such capitalization weighting, movements in share prices of

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companies with relatively larger market capitalization will have a greater effect on the level of the entire FTSE® 100 Index than will movements in share prices of companies with relatively smaller market capitalization.

### **License Agreement with FTSE International Limited**

We expect to enter into a non-transferable, non-exclusive license agreement with FTSE providing for the license to us, in exchange for a fee, of the right to use the FTSE® 100 Index in connection with the issuance of the securities.

The license agreement between us and FTSE provides that the following language must be stated in this pricing supplement:

**THE SECURITIES ARE NOT IN ANY WAY SPONSORED, ENDORSED, SOLD OR PROMOTED BY FTSE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED OR BY THE LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE GROUP COMPANIES AND NEITHER FTSE, THE LSE MAKES ANY WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION WHATSOEVER, EXPRESSLY OR IMPLIEDLY, EITHER AS TO THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF THE FTSE® 100 INDEX AND/OR THE FIGURE AT WHICH THE SAID INDEX STANDS AT ANY PARTICULAR TIME ON ANY PARTICULAR DAY OR OTHERWISE. FTSE® 100 INDEX IS COMPILED AND CALCULATED BY FTSE. HOWEVER, NEITHER FTSE NOR THE LSE SHALL BE LIABLE (WHETHER IN NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) TO ANY PERSON FOR ANY ERROR IN THE FTSE 100® INDEX AND NEITHER FTSE NOR THE LSE SHALL BE UNDER ANY OBLIGATION TO ADVISE ANY PERSON OF ANY ERROR THEREIN.**

### **Historical Information for the FTSE® 100 Index**

We obtained the closing levels set forth in the graph below from Bloomberg Financial Markets without independent verification.

The historical performance of the FTSE® 100 Index should not be taken as an indication of the future performance of the FTSE® 100 Index during the term of the securities.

The following graph sets forth the daily closing levels of the FTSE® 100 Index for each day in the period from January 1, 2005 through December 18, 2015. The closing level on December 18, 2015 was 6,052.42.

### **FTSE 100 Index Daily Closing Levels**

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## The TOPIX® Index

We obtained all information contained in this pricing supplement regarding the TOPIX® Index, including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. This information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by, the Toyko Stock Exchange, the index sponsor ( TSE ). The TSE has no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue publication of, the TOPIX® Index at any time was developed by the TSE and is calculated, maintained and published by the TSE. Neither we nor the agent has independently verified the accuracy or completeness of any information with respect to the TOPIX® Index in connection with the offer and sale of securities.

### General

The TOPIX® Index (also known as the Tokyo Stock Price Index® ) was developed by the TSE. Publication of the TOPIX® Index began on July 1, 1969, based on an initial Index value of 100 at January 4, 1968, which was reset at 1,000 on April 1, 1998. The TSE is responsible for calculating and maintaining the TOPIX® Index, and can add, delete or substitute the stocks underlying the TOPIX® Index or make other methodological changes that could change the value of the TOPIX® Index. The TOPIX® Index is computed and published every second via TSE's Market Information System, and is reported to securities companies across Japan and available worldwide through computerized information networks.

**The TOPIX® Index does not reflect the payment of dividends on the stocks underlying it and therefore the payment on the securities will not produce the same return you would receive if you were able to purchase such underlying stocks and hold them until maturity.**

### Index Composition and Maintenance

The component stocks of the TOPIX® Index consist of all Japanese common stocks listed on the First Section of the TSE which have an accumulative length of listing of at least six months. The TOPIX® Index measures changes in the aggregate market value of these stocks. The TSE Japanese stock market is divided into two sections: the First Section and the Second Section. Listings of stocks on the TSE are divided between these two sections, with stocks listed on the First Section typically being limited to larger, longer established and more actively traded issues and the Second Section to smaller and newly listed companies. The component stocks of the TOPIX® Index are determined based on market capitalization and liquidity. Review and selection of component stocks is conducted semiannually, based on market data as of the base date for selection.

The underlying stocks may be removed, if necessary, in accordance with deletion/addition rules which provide generally for the deletion of a stock from the TOPIX® Index if such stock ceases to meet the criteria for inclusion. Stocks listed on the Second Section of the TSE may be transferred to the First Section if they satisfy applicable criteria. Such criteria include numerical minimum values for number of shares listed, number of shareholders and average monthly trading volume, among others. Similarly, when a First Section stock falls within the coverage of TSE rules prescribing reassignment thereof to the Second Section, such stock will be removed from the First Section. As of December 2014, stocks of 1,854 Japanese companies were assigned to the First Section of the TSE and stocks of 533 companies were assigned to the Second Section.

### Computation of the TOPIX® Index

The TOPIX® Index is a weighted index, with the market price of each component stock multiplied by the number of shares listed. The TOPIX® Index is not expressed in Japanese Yen, but is presented in terms of points (as a decimal figure) rounded off to the nearest one-hundredth. The TOPIX® Index is calculated by multiplying 100 by the figure obtained by dividing the current free-float adjusted market value (the current market price per share at the time of the

index calculation multiplied by the number of free-float adjusted common shares listed on the First Section of the TSE at the same instance) (the current market value ) by the base market value (*i.e.*, the current market value on the base date) (the Base Market Value ).

The calculation of the TOPIX® Index can be represented by the following formula:

$$\text{Index} = \frac{\text{current market value}}{\text{Base Market Value}} \times 100$$

In order to maintain continuity, the Base Market Value is adjusted from time to time to ensure that it reflects only price movements resulting from auction market activity, and to eliminate the effects of other factors and prevent any instantaneous change or discontinuity in the level of the TOPIX® Index. Such factors include, without limitation: new listings, delistings, new share issues either through public offerings or through rights offerings to shareholders, issuance of

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shares as a consequence of exercise of convertible bonds or warrants, and transfer of listed securities from the First Section to the Second Section of the TSE.

The formula for the adjustment is as follows:

$$\frac{\text{Adjusted Market Value on Adjustment Date}}{\text{Base Market Value before adjustment}} = \frac{(\text{Adjusted Market Value on Adjustment Date} \pm \text{Adjustment Amount})}{\text{Base Market Value after adjustment}}$$

Where Adjustment Amount is equal to the changes in the number of shares included in the calculation of the TOPIX® Index *multiplied* by the price of those shares used for the purposes of the adjustment.

Therefore,

$$\text{New Base Market Value} = \frac{\text{Old Base Market Value} \times (\text{Adjusted Market Value on Adjustment Date} \pm \text{Adjustment Amount})}{\text{Adjusted Market Value on Adjustment Date}}$$

The Base Market Value remains at the new value until a further adjustment is necessary as a result of another change. As a result of such change affecting the current market value or any stock underlying the TOPIX® Index, the Base Market Value is adjusted in such a way that the new value of the TOPIX® Index will equal the level of the TOPIX® Index immediately prior to such change.

No adjustment is made to the Base Market Value, however, in the case of events such as stock splits or decreases in capital without compensation, which theoretically do not affect market value.

### License Agreement

We and the TSE expect to enter into a non-transferable, non-exclusive license agreement with the TSE providing for the license to us, in exchange for a fee, of the right to use the TOPIX® Index in connection with the issuance of the securities.

The license agreement between us and TSE provides that the following language must be stated in this pricing supplement:

The TOPIX® Index Value and the TOPIX® Trademarks are subject to the intellectual property rights owned by the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. and the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. owns all rights relating to the TOPIX® Index, such as calculation, publication and use of the TOPIX® Index Value and relating to the TOPIX® Trademarks.



The Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. shall reserve the rights to change the methods of calculation or publication, to cease the calculation or publication of the TOPIX® Index Value or to change the TOPIX® Trademarks or cease the use thereof.

The Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. makes no warranty or representation whatsoever, either as to the results stemming from the use of the TOPIX® Index Value and the TOPIX® Trademarks or as to the figure at which the TOPIX® Index Value stands on any particular day.

The Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. gives no assurance regarding accuracy or completeness of the TOPIX® Index Value and data contained therein. Further, the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. shall not be liable for the miscalculation, incorrect publication, delayed or interrupted publication of the TOPIX® Index Value.

The securities are in no way sponsored, endorsed or promoted by the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc.

The Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. shall not bear any obligation to give an explanation of the securities or any advice on investments to any purchaser of the securities or to the public.

The Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. neither selects specific stocks or groups thereof nor takes into account any needs of the issuer or any purchaser of the securities, for calculation of the TOPIX Index Value.

Including but not limited to the foregoing, the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. shall not be responsible for any damage resulting from the issue and sale of the securities.

**Historical Information for the TOPIX® Index**

We obtained the closing levels set forth in the graph below from Bloomberg Financial Markets without independent verification.

The historical performance of the TOPIX® Index should not be taken as an indication of the future performance of the TOPIX® Index during the term of the securities.

The following graph sets forth the daily closing levels of the TOPIX® Index for each day in the period from January 1, 2005 through December 18, 2015. The closing level on December 18, 2015 was 1,537.10.

**Tokyo Stock Price Index Daily Closing Levels**

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### **The Swiss Market Index (SMI®)**

We obtained all information contained in this pricing supplement regarding the Swiss Market Index (SMI®), including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. This information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by, SIX Swiss Exchange AG, the index sponsor ( SSE ). SSE has no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue publication of, the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) at any time. Neither we nor the agent has independently verified the accuracy or completeness of any information with respect to the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) in connection with the offer and sale of securities.

**The Swiss Market Index (SMI®) does not reflect the payment of dividends on the stocks underlying it and therefore the payment on the securities will not produce the same return you would receive if you were able to purchase such underlying stocks and hold them until maturity.**

#### **General**

The Swiss Market Index (SMI®) represents approximately 85% of the free float capitalization of the Swiss equity market. The Swiss Market Index (SMI®) is a free-float adjusted market capitalization-weighted price return index of the Swiss equity market. The Swiss Market Index (SMI®) was standardized on June 30, 1988 with an initial baseline value of 1,500 points.

#### **Composition of the Swiss Market Index (SMI®)**

The Swiss Market Index (SMI®) comprises the 20 most highly capitalized and liquid stocks of the Swiss Performance Index®. The Swiss Market Index (SMI®) is updated in real time after each transaction and published every second.

The Swiss Market Index (SMI®) comprises the 20 highest ranked securities traded on the Swiss Performance Index®. The ranking of each security is determined by a combination of the following criteria:

Average free-float market capitalization (compared to the capitalization of the entire Swiss Performance Index®); and

Cumulated on order book turnover (compared to the total turnover of the Swiss Performance Index®)  
The average market capitalization in percent and the turnover in percent are each given a weighting of 50% and yield the weighted market share. A security is admitted to the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) if it ranks 18 or better in the selection list. A share ranked 19 or 20 is admitted only if a share included in the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) meets the exclusion criteria directly (position 23 or lower) and no other share that either meets the admission criteria directly (position 18 or higher) or is rated higher has moved up in its place. A security is excluded from the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) if it ranked 23 or lower in the selection list. A share ranked 21 or 22 is excluded only if a share meets the admission criteria directly (position 18 or higher) and no other share that either meets the exclusion criteria directly (position 23 or lower) or is rated lower has been excluded in its place.

#### **Standards for Admission and Exclusion**

To ensure that the composition of the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) maintains a high level of continuity, the stocks contained within it are subject to a special admission and exclusion procedure. This is based on the criteria of free-float market capitalization and liquidity. The index-basket adjustments which arise from this procedure are, as a rule, made once per year.

Changes to the index-basket composition will be made once a year after prior notice of at least two months on the third Friday in September after close of trading. The number of securities and free-float shares are adjusted on four ordinary adjustment dates a year: the third Friday in March (after close of trading), the third Friday in June (after close of trading), the third Friday in September (after close of trading) and the third Friday in December (after close of trading).

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### Computation of the Swiss Market Index (SMI®)

The Swiss Market Index (SMI®) is calculated using the Laspeyres method with the weighted arithmetic mean of a defined number of securities issues. The index level is calculated by dividing the market capitalizations of all securities included in the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) by a divisor:

$$I_s = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^M p_{i,s} * x_{i,t} * f_{i,t} * r_s}{D_t}$$

where  $t$  is current day;  $s$  is current time on day  $t$ ;  $I_s$  is the current index level at time  $s$ ;  $D_t$  is the divisor on day  $t$ ;  $M$  is the number of issues in the Swiss Market Index (SMI®);  $p_{i,s}$  is the last-paid price of security  $i$ ;  $x_{i,t}$  is the number of shares of security  $i$  on day  $t$ ;  $f_{i,t}$  is the free float for security  $i$  on day  $t$ ; and  $r_s$  is the current CHF exchange rate at time  $s$ .

The divisor is a technical number used to calculate the Swiss Market Index (SMI®). If the market capitalization changes due to a corporate event, the divisor changes while the index value remains the same. The new divisor is calculated on the evening of the day before the corporate event takes effect. Regular cash dividend payments do not result in adjustments to the divisor. Repayments of capital through the reduction of a share's par value, which can take the place of a regular cash dividend or constitute a component of the regular distribution, are treated in the same way as a normal dividend payment (i.e., no adjustment to the divisor). Distributions (e.g., special dividends and anniversary bonuses) that, contrary to a company's usual dividend policy, are paid out or declared extraordinary dividends, are not deemed dividends in the above sense. These distributions are considered corporate events and also result in adjustments to the divisor.

### License Agreement with SIX Swiss Exchange AG

SIX Swiss Exchange AG ( SIX Swiss Exchange ) and its licensors ( Licensors ) have no relationship to Wells Fargo & Company, other than the licensing of the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) and the related trademarks for use in connection with the securities

#### ***SIX Swiss Exchange and its Licensors do not:***

*sponsor, endorse, sell or promote the securities.*

*recommend that any person invest in the securities.*

*have any responsibility or liability for or make any decisions about the timing, amount or pricing of securities.*

*have any responsibility or liability for the administration, management or marketing of the securities.*

*consider the needs of the securities or the owners of the securities in determining, composing or calculating the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) or have any obligation to do so.*

***SIX Swiss Exchange and its Licensors give no warranty, and exclude any liability (whether in negligence or otherwise), in connection with the securities or their performance.***

*SIX Swiss Exchange does not assume any contractual relationship with the purchasers of the securities or any other third parties.*

**Specifically,**

*SIX Swiss Exchange and its Licensors do not give any warranty, express or implied, and exclude any liability for:*

- *The results to be obtained by the securities, the owner of the securities or any other person in connection with the use of the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) and the data included in the Swiss Market Index (SMI®);*
- *The accuracy, timeliness, and completeness of the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) and its data;*
- *The merchantability and the fitness for a particular purpose or use of the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) and its data;*
- *The performance of the securities generally.*

*SIX Swiss Exchange and its Licensors give no warranty and exclude any liability, for any errors, omissions or interruptions in the Swiss Market Index (SMI®) or its data;*

*Under no circumstances will SIX Swiss Exchange or its Licensors be liable (whether in negligence or otherwise) for any lost profits or indirect, punitive, special or consequential damages or losses, arising as a result of such errors, omissions or interruptions in the [relevant index] or its data or generally in relation to the securities, even in circumstances where SIX Swiss Exchange or its Licensors are aware that such loss or damage may occur.*

*The licensing Agreement between the Wells Fargo & Company and SIX Swiss Exchange is solely for their benefit and not for the benefit of the owners of the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) or any other third parties.*

**Historical Information for the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>)**

We obtained the closing levels set forth in the graph below from Bloomberg Financial Markets without independent verification.

The historical performance of the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) should not be taken as an indication of the future performance of the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) during the term of the securities.

The following graph sets forth the daily closing levels of the Swiss Market Index (SMI<sup>®</sup>) for each day in the period from January 1, 2005 through December 18, 2015. The closing level on December 18, 2015 was 8,608.91.

**Swiss Market Index Daily Closing Levels**

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## The S&P/ASX 200 Index

We obtained all information contained in this pricing supplement regarding the S&P/ASX 200 Index, including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. This information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by, S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC. S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC has no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue publication of, the S&P/ASX 200 Index at any time. Neither we nor the agent has independently verified the accuracy or completeness of any information with respect to the S&P/ASX 200 Index in connection with the offer and sale of the securities.

### General

The S&P/ASX 200 Index is designed to be the primary gauge for the Australian equity market. It is recognized as an investable benchmark in Australia. Upon its introduction in April 2000, the S&P/ASX 200 Index replaced the All Ordinaries index as the primary gauge for the Australian equity market. The S&P/ASX 200 Index measures the performance of the 200 largest index-eligible stocks listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (the ASX) by float-adjusted market capitalization, and is widely considered Australia's benchmark index. The index is float-adjusted, covering approximately 80% of Australian equity market capitalization.

**The S&P/ASX 200 Index does not reflect the payment of dividends on the stocks underlying it and therefore the payment on the securities will not produce the same return you would receive if you were able to purchase such underlying stocks and hold them until maturity.**

### Composition of the S&P/ASX 200 Index

The S&P/ASX 200 Index weights companies according to the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS), which creates uniform ground rules for replicable, custom-tailored, industry-focused portfolios. It also enables meaningful comparisons of sectors and industries across regions.

### Standards for Listing and Maintenance

The Index Committee aims to design a highly liquid and tradable index whose total market capitalization is large enough to approximate the market segment it is capturing while keeping the number of stocks at a minimum. Both market capitalization and liquidity are assessed using the previous six months' worth of data. Quarterly review changes take effect the third Friday of March, June, September and December.

The criteria for index additions include, but are not limited to:

*Listing.* Only securities listed in the ASX are considered for inclusion in the S&P/ASX 200 Index;

*Market Capitalization.* The market capitalization criterion for stock inclusion is based upon the daily average market capitalization of a security over the last six months. The stock price history (last six months), latest available shares on issue and the Investable Weight Factor (IWF) are the relevant variables for the calculation. The IWF is a variable that is primarily used to determine the available float of a security for ASX listed securities; and

*Liquidity.* Only securities that are regularly traded are eligible for inclusion in the S&P/ASX 200 Index.



Companies will be removed from the S&P/ASX 200 Index if they substantially violate one or more of the criteria for index inclusion or are involved in acquisitions, mergers and spin-offs, suspension, or bankruptcy such that they no longer meet the inclusion criteria.

**Rebalancing.** Rebalancing of the S&P/ASX 200 Index series occurs on a regular basis. Both market capitalization and liquidity are assessed using the previous six months' worth of data to determine index eligibility. Shares and IWFs updates are also applied regularly.

**Frequency.** The S&P/ASX 200 Index constituents are rebalanced quarterly to ensure adequate market capitalization and liquidity. Quarterly rebalancing changes take effect on the third Friday of March, June, September and December.

**Share Updates.** The share count for all index constituents are updated quarterly and are rounded to the nearest thousand ( 000) for all Australian indices. The update to the number of issued shares will be considered if the change is at least 5% of the float adjusted shares or \$ 100 million Australian dollars. Intra quarter share changes are implemented at the effective date or as soon as reliable information is available; however, they will only take place in the following circumstances:

Changes in a company's float-adjusted shares of 5% or more due to market-wide shares issuance;

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Rights issues, bonus issues and other major corporate actions; and

Share issues resulting from index companies merging and major off-market buy-backs.

Share changes due to mergers or acquisitions are implemented when the transaction occurs, even if both of the companies are not in the same index and regardless of the size of the change.

Notification of intra quarter changes to the number of issued shares generally takes place three business days prior to the index implementation date.

### **Calculation of the S&P/ASX 200 Index**

The S&P/ASX 200 Index is calculated using a base-weighted aggregate methodology so that the level of an index reflects the total market value of all the component stocks relative to a particular base period. The total market value of a company is determined by multiplying the price of its stock by the number of shares available after float (IWF) adjustment. An indexed number is used to represent the result of this calculation in order to make the value easier to work with and track over time. It is much easier to graph a chart based on indexed values than one based on actual market values.

**Investable Weight Factor (IWF).** A stock's weight in an index is determined by the float-adjusted market capitalization of the stock. This is a function of current index shares, the latest available stock price and the IWF. The IWF represents the float-adjusted portion of a stock's equity capital. Therefore any strategic holdings that are classified as either corporate, private or government holdings reduce the IWF which, in turn, results in a reduction in the float-adjusted market capital. Shares owned by founders, directors of the company, trusts, venture capitalists and other companies are also excluded. These are also deemed strategic holders, and are considered long-term holders of a stock's equity. Any strategic shareholdings that are greater than 5% of total issued shares are excluded from the relevant float.

On any given day, the index value is the quotient of the total available market capitalization of the index's constituents and its divisor. Continuity in index values is maintained by adjusting the divisor for all changes in the constituents share capital after the base date. This includes additions and deletions to the index, rights issues, share buybacks and issuances, spin-offs, and adjustments in availability. The divisor's time series is, in effect, a chronological summary of all changes affecting the base capital of the index. The divisor is adjusted such that the index value at an instant just prior to a change in base capital equals the index value at an instant immediately following that change.

### **Index Governance**

**Index Committee.** Each of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC's global indices is the responsibility of an Index Committee that monitors overall policy guidelines and methodologies, as well as additions to and deletions from these indices. S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC chairs the S&P/ASX Index Committee, which is comprised of five members representing both S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC and the ASX.

Decisions made by the Index Committee include all matters relating to index construction and maintenance. The Index Committee meets regularly to review market developments and convenes as needed to address major corporate actions. It is the sole responsibility of the Index Committee to decide on all matters relating to methodology, maintenance, constituent selection and index procedures. The Index Committee makes decisions based on all publicly available information and discussions are kept confidential to avoid any unnecessary impact on market trading.

### **License Agreement with S&P Dow Jones**

We and S&P Dow Jones have entered into a non-transferable, non-exclusive license agreement providing for the license to us, in exchange for a fee, of the right to use the S&P/ASX 200 Index in connection with the issuance of the securities.

The license agreement between us and S&P Dow Jones provides that the following language must be stated in this pricing supplement:

The securities are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by S&P Dow Jones or its third party licensors. Neither S&P Dow Jones nor its third party licensors makes any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the securities or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the securities particularly or the ability of the S&P/ASX 200 Index to track general stock market performance. S&P Dow Jones and its third party licensor's only relationship to Wells Fargo & Company is the licensing of certain trademarks and trade names of S&P Dow Jones and the third party licensors and of the S&P/ASX 200 Index which is determined, composed and calculated by S&P Dow Jones or its third party licensors without regard to Wells Fargo & Company or the securities. S&P Dow Jones and its third party licensors have no obligation to take the needs of Wells Fargo & Company or the owners of the securities into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the S&P/ASX 200 Index. Neither S&P Dow Jones nor its third party licensors is responsible for and has not participated in the determination of the prices and amount

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of the securities or the timing of the issuance or sale of the securities or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the securities is to be converted into cash. S&P Dow Jones has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the securities.

NEITHER S&P DOW JONES, ITS AFFILIATES NOR THEIR THIRD PARTY LICENSORS GUARANTEE THE ADEQUACY, ACCURACY, TIMELINESS OR COMPLETENESS OF THE S&P/ASX 200 INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN OR ANY COMMUNICATIONS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ORAL OR WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS (INCLUDING ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS) WITH RESPECT THERETO. S&P DOW JONES, ITS AFFILIATES AND THEIR THIRD PARTY LICENSORS SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ANY DAMAGES OR LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS OR DELAYS THEREIN. S&P DOW JONES MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WITH RESPECT TO THE MARKS, THE S&P/ASX 200 INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT WHATSOEVER SHALL S&P DOW JONES, ITS AFFILIATES OR THEIR THIRD PARTY LICENSORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, LOSS OF PROFITS, TRADING LOSSES, LOST TIME OR GOODWILL, EVEN IF THEY HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE.

#### **Historical Information for the S&P/ASX 200 Index**

We obtained the closing levels set forth in the graph below from Bloomberg Financial Markets without independent verification.

The historical performance of the S&P/ASX 200 Index should not be taken as an indication of the future performance of the S&P/ASX 200 Index during the term of the securities.

The following graph sets forth the daily closing levels of the S&P/ASX 200 Index for each day in the period from January 1, 2005 through December 18, 2015. The closing level on December 18, 2015 was 5,106.659.

#### **S&P/ASX 200 Index Daily Closing Levels**

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### ERISA Considerations

Each fiduciary of a pension, profit-sharing or other employee benefit plan to which Title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ( ERISA ) applies ( a plan ), should consider the fiduciary standards of ERISA in the context of the plan's particular circumstances before authorizing an investment in the securities. Accordingly, among other factors, the fiduciary should consider whether the investment would satisfy the prudence and diversification requirements of ERISA and would be consistent with the documents and instruments governing the plan. When we use the term holder in this section, we are referring to a beneficial owner of the securities and not the record holder.

Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code prohibit plans, as well as individual retirement accounts and Keogh plans to which Section 4975 of the Code applies (also plans ), from engaging in specified transactions involving plan assets with persons who are parties in interest under ERISA or disqualified persons under the Code (collectively parties in interest ) with respect to such plan. A violation of those prohibited transaction rules may result in an excise tax or other liabilities under ERISA and/or Section 4975 of the Code for such persons, unless statutory or administrative exemptive relief is available. Therefore, a fiduciary of a plan should also consider whether an investment in the securities might constitute or give rise to a prohibited transaction under ERISA and the Code.

Employee benefit plans that are governmental plans, as defined in Section 3(32) of ERISA, certain church plans, as defined in Section 3(33) of ERISA, and foreign plans, as described in Section 4(b)(4) of ERISA (collectively, Non-ERISA Arrangements ), are not subject to the requirements of ERISA, or Section 4975 of the Code, but may be subject to similar rules under other applicable laws or regulations ( Similar Laws ).

We and our affiliates may each be considered a party in interest with respect to many plans. Special caution should be exercised, therefore, before the securities are purchased by a plan. In particular, the fiduciary of the plan should consider whether statutory or administrative exemptive relief is available. The U.S. Department of Labor has issued five prohibited transaction class exemptions ( PTCEs ) that may provide exemptive relief for direct or indirect prohibited transactions resulting from the purchase or holding of the securities. Those class exemptions are:

PTCE 96-23, for specified transactions determined by in-house asset managers;

PTCE 95-60, for specified transactions involving insurance company general accounts;

PTCE 91-38, for specified transactions involving bank collective investment funds;

PTCE 90-1, for specified transactions involving insurance company separate accounts; and

PTCE 84-14, for specified transactions determined by independent qualified professional asset managers.

In addition, Section 408(b)(17) of ERISA and Section 4975(d)(20) of the Code provide an exemption for transactions between a plan and a person who is a party in interest (other than a fiduciary who has or exercises any discretionary authority or control with respect to investment of the plan assets involved in the transaction or renders investment advice with respect thereto) solely by reason of providing services to the plan (or by reason of a relationship to such a service provider), if in connection with the transaction of the plan receives no less, and pays no more, than adequate consideration (within the meaning of Section 408(b)(17) of ERISA).

Any purchaser or holder of the securities or any interest in the securities will be deemed to have represented by its purchase and holding that either:

no portion of the assets used by such purchaser or holder to acquire or purchase the securities constitutes assets of any plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement; or

the purchase and holding of the securities by such purchaser or holder will not constitute a non-exempt prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code or similar violation under any Similar Laws.

Due to the complexity of these rules and the penalties that may be imposed upon persons involved in non-exempt prohibited transactions, it is particularly important that fiduciaries or other persons considering purchasing the securities on behalf of or with plan assets of any plan consult with their counsel regarding the potential consequences under ERISA and the Code of the acquisition of the securities and the availability of exemptive relief.

The securities are contractual financial instruments. The financial exposure provided by the securities is not a substitute or proxy for, and is not intended as a substitute or proxy for, individualized investment management or advice for the benefit of any purchaser or holder of the securities. The securities have not been designed and will not be administered in a manner intended to reflect the individualized needs and objectives of any purchaser or holder of the securities.

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Each purchaser or holder of the securities acknowledges and agrees that:

- (i) the purchaser or holder or its fiduciary has made and shall make all investment decisions for the purchaser or holder and the purchaser or holder has not relied and shall not rely in any way upon us or our affiliates to act as a fiduciary or adviser of the purchaser or holder with respect to (a) the design and terms of the securities, (b) the purchaser or holder's investment in the securities, or (c) the exercise of or failure to exercise any rights we have under or with respect to the securities;
- (ii) we and our affiliates have acted and will act solely for our own account in connection with (a) all transactions relating to the securities and (b) all hedging transactions in connection with our obligations under the securities;
- (iii) any and all assets and positions relating to hedging transactions by us or our affiliates are assets and positions of those entities and are not assets and positions held for the benefit of the purchaser or holder;
- (iv) our interests may be adverse to the interests of the purchaser or holder; and
- (v) neither we nor any of our affiliates is a fiduciary or adviser of the purchaser or holder in connection with any such assets, positions or transactions, and any information that we or any of our affiliates may provide is not intended to be impartial investment advice.

Purchasers of the securities have the exclusive responsibility for ensuring that their purchase, holding and subsequent disposition of the securities does not violate the fiduciary or prohibited transaction rules of ERISA, the Code or any Similar Law. Nothing herein shall be construed as a representation that an investment in the securities would be appropriate for, or would meet any or all of the relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by, plans or Non-ERISA Arrangements generally or any particular plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement.

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### United States Federal Tax Considerations

The following is a discussion of the material U.S. federal income and certain estate tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the securities. It applies to you only if you purchase a security for cash in the initial offering at the issue price, which is the first price at which a substantial amount of the securities is sold to the public, and hold the security as a capital asset within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code ). It does not address all of the tax consequences that may be relevant to you in light of your particular circumstances, including alternative minimum tax consequences, or if you are an investor subject to special rules, such as:

a financial institution;

a regulated investment company ;

a tax-exempt entity, including an individual retirement account or Roth IRA ;

a dealer or trader subject to a mark-to-market method of tax accounting with respect to the securities;

a person holding a security as part of a straddle or conversion transaction or who has entered into a constructive sale with respect to a security;

a U.S. holder (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar; or

an entity classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If an entity that is classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds the securities, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a partner will generally depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. If you are a partnership holding the securities or a partner in such a partnership, you should consult your tax adviser as to your particular U.S. federal tax consequences of holding and disposing of the securities.

We will not attempt to ascertain whether any of the issuers of the underlying stocks of the basket underliers (the underlying stocks ) is treated as a passive foreign investment company ( PFIC ) within the meaning of Section 1297 of the Code. If any of the issuers of the underlying stocks were so treated, certain adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences might apply to you if you are a U.S. holder (as defined below), upon the sale, exchange or other disposition of the securities. You should refer to information filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission or another governmental authority by the issuers of the underlying stocks and consult your tax adviser regarding the possible consequences to you if any of the issuers of the underlying stocks is or becomes a PFIC.

This discussion is based on the Code, administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions and final, temporary and proposed Treasury regulations, all as of the date of this pricing supplement, changes to any of which subsequent to the date of this pricing supplement may affect the tax consequences described herein, possibly with retroactive effect. This discussion does not address the effects of any applicable state, local or non-U.S. tax laws or the potential application of the Medicare tax on investment income. You should consult your tax adviser concerning the application



of U.S. federal income and estate tax laws to your particular situation (including the possibility of alternative treatments of the securities), as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. jurisdiction.

### **Tax Treatment of the Securities**

In the opinion of our counsel, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, which is based on current market conditions, a security should be treated as a prepaid derivative contract that is an open transaction for U.S. federal income tax purposes. By purchasing a security, you agree (in the absence of an administrative determination or judicial ruling to the contrary) to this treatment.

**Due to the absence of statutory, judicial or administrative authorities that directly address the U.S. federal tax treatment of the securities or similar instruments, significant aspects of the treatment of an investment in the securities are uncertain. We do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS, and the IRS or a court might not agree with the treatment described below. Accordingly, you should consult your tax adviser regarding all aspects of the U.S. federal income and estate tax consequences of an investment in the securities. Unless otherwise indicated, the following discussion is based on the treatment of the securities as prepaid derivative contracts that are open transactions.**

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## **Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders**

This section applies only to U.S. holders. You are a U.S. holder if you are a beneficial owner of a security that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

a citizen or individual resident of the United States;

a corporation created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state therein or the District of Columbia; or

an estate or trust the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source.

*Tax Treatment Prior to Maturity.* You should not be required to recognize income over the term of the securities prior to maturity, other than pursuant to a sale, exchange or retirement as described below.

*Sale, Exchange or Retirement of the Securities.* Upon a sale, exchange or retirement of the securities, you should recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale, exchange or retirement and your tax basis in the securities that are sold, exchanged or retired. Your tax basis in the securities should equal the amount you paid to acquire them. This gain or loss should be long-term capital gain or loss if at the time of the sale, exchange or retirement you held the securities for more than one year, and short-term capital gain or loss otherwise. Long-term capital gains recognized by non-corporate U.S. holders are generally subject to taxation at reduced rates. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to certain limitations.

### ***Possible Alternative Tax Treatments of an Investment in the Securities***

Alternative U.S. federal income tax treatments of the securities are possible that, if applied, could materially and adversely affect the timing and/or character of income, gain or loss with respect to them. It is possible, for example, that the securities could be treated as debt instruments issued by us. Under this treatment, the securities would be governed by Treasury regulations relating to the taxation of contingent payment debt instruments. In that case, regardless of your method of tax accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you would be required to accrue income based on our comparable yield for similar non-contingent debt, determined as of the time of issuance of the securities, in each year that you held the securities, even though we are not required to make any payment with respect to the securities prior to maturity. In addition, any gain on the sale, exchange or retirement of the securities would be treated as ordinary income.

Other possible U.S. federal income tax treatments of the securities could also affect the timing and character of income or loss with respect to the securities. In 2007, the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of prepaid forward contracts and similar instruments. The notice focuses in particular on whether to require holders of these instruments to accrue income over the term of their investment. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including the character of income or loss with respect to these instruments; whether short-term instruments should be subject to any such accrual regime; the relevance of factors such as the exchange-traded status of the instruments and the nature of the underlying property to which the instruments are linked; and whether these instruments are or should be subject to the constructive ownership regime, which very generally can operate to recharacterize certain long-term capital gain as ordinary income and impose a notional interest charge. While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the securities, possibly with retroactive effect. You should

consult your tax adviser regarding the possible alternative treatments of an investment in the securities and the issues presented by this notice.

**Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders**

This section applies only to non-U.S. holders. You are a non-U.S. holder if you are a beneficial owner of a security that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

an individual who is classified as a nonresident alien;

a foreign corporation; or

a foreign estate or trust.

You are not a non-U.S. holder for purposes of this discussion if you are (i) an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of disposition or (ii) a former citizen or resident of the United States. If you are or may become such a person during the period in which you hold a security, you should consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the securities.

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*Sale, Exchange or Retirement of the Securities.* You generally should not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax in respect of amounts paid to you, provided that income in respect of the securities is not effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States.

If you are engaged in a U.S. trade or business, and if income from the securities is effectively connected with the conduct of that trade or business, you generally will be subject to regular U.S. federal income tax with respect to that income in the same manner as if you were a U.S. holder, unless an applicable income tax treaty provides otherwise. If you are such a holder and you are a corporation, you should also consider the potential application of a 30% (or lower treaty rate) branch profits tax.

*Tax Consequences Under Possible Alternative Treatments.* If all or any portion of a security were recharacterized as a debt instrument, subject to the discussion below regarding FATCA, any payment made to you with respect to the security generally should not be subject to U.S. federal withholding or income tax, provided that: (i) income or gain in respect of the security is not effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States, and (ii) you provide an appropriate IRS Form W-8 certifying under penalties of perjury that you are not a United States person.

Other U.S. federal income tax treatments of the securities are also possible. In 2007, the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of prepaid forward contracts and similar instruments. Among the issues addressed in the notice is the degree, if any, to which income with respect to instruments such as the securities should be subject to U.S. withholding tax. While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, it is possible that any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues might materially and adversely affect the withholding tax consequences of an investment in the securities, possibly with retroactive effect. If withholding applies to the securities, we will not be required to pay any additional amounts with respect to amounts withheld. Accordingly, you should consult your tax adviser regarding the issues presented by the notice.

### ***U.S. Federal Estate Tax***

If you are an individual non-U.S. holder or an entity the property of which is potentially includible in such an individual's gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes (for example, a trust funded by such an individual and with respect to which the individual has retained certain interests or powers), you should note that, absent an applicable treaty exemption, the securities may be treated as U.S. situs property subject to U.S. federal estate tax. If you are such an individual or entity, you should consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal estate tax consequences of investing in the securities.

### **Information Reporting and Backup Withholding**

Amounts paid on the securities, and the proceeds of a sale, exchange or other disposition of the securities, may be subject to information reporting and, if you fail to provide certain identifying information (such as an accurate taxpayer identification number if you are a U.S. holder) or meet certain other conditions, may also be subject to backup withholding at the rate specified in the Code. If you are a non-U.S. holder that provides an appropriate IRS Form W-8, you will generally establish an exemption from backup withholding. Amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules are not additional taxes and may be refunded or credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided the relevant information is timely furnished to the IRS.

### **FATCA Legislation**

Legislation commonly referred to as FATCA generally imposes a withholding tax of 30% on payments to certain non-U.S. entities (including financial intermediaries) with respect to certain financial instruments, unless various U.S.

information reporting and due diligence requirements have been satisfied. An intergovernmental agreement between the United States and the non-U.S. entity's jurisdiction may modify these requirements. This legislation applies to certain financial instruments that are treated as paying U.S.-source interest or other U.S.-source fixed or determinable annual or periodical income. If the securities were treated as debt instruments, the withholding regime under FATCA would apply to any amounts treated as interest. If withholding applies to the securities, we will not be required to pay any additional amounts with respect to amounts withheld. If you are a non-U.S. holder, or a U.S. holder holding securities through a non-U.S. intermediary, you should consult your tax adviser regarding the potential application of FATCA to the securities.

**The preceding discussion constitutes the full opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP regarding the material U.S. federal tax consequences of owning and disposing of the securities.**

**You should consult your tax adviser regarding all aspects of the U.S. federal income and estate tax consequences of an investment in the securities and any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.**

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