Michael Kors Holdings Ltd Form 10-Q November 07, 2013 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 28, 2013

or

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-35368

Michael Kors Holdings Limited

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

British Virgin Islands (State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

N/A (I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

c/o Michael Kors Limited

Unit 1902, 19/F, Tower 6,

The Gateway, Harbour City,

Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (852) 3928-5563)

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class Name of Each Exchange on which Registered Ordinary Shares, no par value New York Stock Exchange Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes " No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

 Large accelerated filer
 x
 Accelerated filer
 "

 Non-accelerated filer
 " (Do not check if smaller reporting company)
 Smaller reporting company
 "

 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
 " Yes x No
 "

As of November 1, 2013, Michael Kors Holdings Limited had 203,850,568 ordinary shares outstanding.

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MICHAEL KORS HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	Se	eptember 28, 2013	March 30, 2013
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	618,841	\$ 472,511
Receivables, net		228,850	206,454
Inventories		404,194	266,894
Deferred tax assets		9,381	8,480
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		84,675	34,850
		1 2 4 5 0 4 1	000 100
Total current assets		1,345,941	989,189
Property and equipment, net		284,580	242,113
Intangible assets, net		36,316	20,980
Goodwill		14,005	14,005
Deferred tax assets		7,777	4,389
Other assets		19,155	18,889
Total assets	\$	1,707,774	\$ 1,289,565
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity			
Current liabilities			
Revolving line of credit	\$		\$
Accounts payable		119,420	82,977
Accrued payroll and payroll related expenses		36,746	38,642
Accrued income taxes		7,588	9,074
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		54,444	33,555
Total current liabilities		218,198	164,248
Deferred rent		69,976	56,986
Deferred tax liabilities		19,010	13,163
Other long-term liabilities		14,293	7,922
Total liabilities		321,477	242,319
Commitments and contingencies			
Shareholders equity			
Ordinary shares, no par value; 650,000,000 shares authorized, and 203,846,931 shares issued and outstanding at September 28, 2013, and 201,454,408 shares issued and outstanding at March 30, 2013			
Additional paid-in capital		490,941	424,454
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(1,701)	(3,461)
Retained earnings		897,057	626,253
Total shareholders equity		1,386,297	1,047,246
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$	1,707,774	\$ 1,289,565

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MICHAEL KORS HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

		Three Mor				Six Mont			
	Sep	2013 tember 28,	Sep	tember 29, 2012	Sep	otember 28, 2013	Sep	otember 29, 2012	
Net sales	\$	707,444	\$	513,065	\$	1,323,692	\$	910,435	
Licensing revenue		32,859		19,870		57,470		37,365	
Total revenue		740,303		532,935		1,381,162		947,800	
Cost of goods sold		290,428		217,035		534,016		380,900	
Gross profit		449,875		315,900		847,146		566,900	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		210,358		145,714		394,092		271,716	
Depreciation and amortization		18,057		12,258		34,032		25,313	
Total operating expenses		228,415		157,972		428,124		297,029	
Income from operations		221,460		157,928		419,022		269,871	
Interest expense, net		130		555		300		990	
Foreign currency loss (gain)		18		(275)		276		(650)	
Income before provision for income taxes		221,312		157,648		418,446		269,531	
Provision for income taxes		75,504		59,820		147,642		103,058	
Net income	\$	145,808	\$	97,828	\$	270,804	\$	166,473	
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding:									
Basic	20	02,560,870	19	94,323,935	20	02,686,313	19	93,557,194	
Diluted	20)5,154,692	20	0,192,291	20	05,547,191	19	99,791,708	
Net income per ordinary share: Basic	\$	0.72	\$	0.50	\$	1.34	\$	0.86	
Diluted	\$	0.72	\$	0.49	\$	1.34	\$	0.83	
Statements of Comprehensive Income:									
Net income	\$	145,808	\$	97,828	\$	270,804	\$	166,473	
Foreign currency translation adjustments		6,331		4,744		4,973		1,466	
Net realized and unrealized losses on derivatives		(2,592)				(3,213)			
Comprehensive income	\$	149,547	\$	102,572	\$	272,564	\$	167,939	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MICHAEL KORS HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	Ordinary S	hares	Additional Paid-in	 umulated Other prehensive	Retained	
	Shares	Amounts	Capital	Loss	Earnings	Total
Balance at March 30, 2013	201,454,408	\$	\$ 424,454	\$ (3,461)	\$ 626,253	\$ 1,047,246
Net income					270,804	270,804
Foreign currency translation adjustment				4,973		4,973
Net unrealized loss on derivatives (net of taxes of						
\$0.3 million)				(3,213)		(3,213)
Total comprehensive income						272,564
Issuance of restricted shares	248,515					
Exercise of employee share options	2,144,008		13,043			13,043
Equity compensation expense			13,137			13,137
Tax benefits on exercise of share options			40,307			40,307
Balance at September 28, 2013	203,846,931	\$	\$ 490,941	\$ (1,701)	\$ 897,057	\$ 1,386,297

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MICHAEL KORS HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ende		
	September 28,	September 29,	
Cash flows from operating activities	2013	2012	
Net income	\$ 270,804	\$ 166,473	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 270,001	φ 100,175	
Depreciation and amortization	34,032	25,313	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	1,992	148	
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)	276	(275)	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	373	353	
Amortization of deferred rent	3,561	1,954	
Deferred income taxes	473	(960)	
Equity compensation expense	13,137	9,804	
Tax benefits on exercise of share options	(40,307)	(120,076)	
Non-cash charges for services provided by former parent		255	
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables, net	(20,476)	(59,016)	
Inventories	(135,425)	(91,036)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(13,604)	(5,828)	
Other assets	(3,892)	(138)	
Accounts payable	36,090	20,250	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	18,669	160.120	
Other long-term liabilities	15,783	6,339	
Net cash provided by operating activities	181,486	113,680	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Capital expenditures	(73,580)	(42,841)	
Purchase of intangible assets	(14,688)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(88,268)	(42,841)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayments of borrowings under revolving credit agreement	(18,361)	(25,223)	
Borrowings under revolving credit agreement	18,361	16,280	
Exercise of employee share options	13,043	23,667	
Tax benefits on exercise of share options	40,307	120,076	
Payment of deferred financing costs	(176)	(48)	
	(170)	(10)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	53,174	134,752	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(62)	299	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	146,330	205,890	
Beginning of period	472,511	106,354	
2-2-min 0 - Forrow	172,511	100,554	

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End of period	\$ 618,841	\$ 312,244
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 260	\$ 400
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 139,937	\$ 50,862
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities		
Accrued capital expenditures	\$ 14,477	\$ 12,410
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.		

MICHAEL KORS HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Business and Basis of Presentation

Michael Kors Holdings Limited (MKHL, and together with its subsidiaries, the Company) was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (BVI) on December 13, 2002. The Company is a leading designer, marketer, distributor and retailer of branded women s apparel and accessories and men s apparel bearing the Michael Kors tradename and related trademarks MICHAEL KORS, MICHAEL MICHAEL KORS, KORS MICHAEL KORS and various other related trademarks and logos. The Company s business consists of retail, wholesale and licensing segments. Retail operations consist of collection stores, lifestyle stores, including concessions and outlet stores located primarily in the United States, Canada, Europe and Japan. Wholesale revenues are principally derived from major department and specialty stores located throughout the United States, Canada and Europe. The Company licenses its trademarks on products such as fragrances, cosmetics, eyewear, leather goods, jewelry, watches, coats, men s suits, swimwear, furs and ties.

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) and include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The consolidated financial statements as of September 28, 2013, and for the three and six months ended September 28, 2013 and September 29, 2012, are unaudited. In addition, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted. The interim financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation in conformity with GAAP. The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended March 30, 2013, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 29, 2013, in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for the interim periods should not be considered indicative of results to be expected for the full fiscal year.

The Company utilizes a 52 to 53 week fiscal year ending on the Saturday closest to March 31. As such, the term Fiscal Year or Fiscal refers to the 52-week or 53-week period, ending on that day. The results for the three and six months ended September 28, 2013 and September 29, 2012, are based on a 13-week and 26-week period.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to use judgment and make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The level of uncertainty in estimates and assumptions increases with the length of time until the underlying transactions are completed. The most significant assumptions and estimates involved in preparing the financial statements include allowances for customer deductions, sales returns, sales discounts and doubtful accounts, estimates of inventory recovery, the valuation of share-based compensation, valuation of deferred taxes and the estimated useful lives used for amortization and depreciation of intangible assets and property and equipment. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Store Pre-opening Costs

Costs associated with the opening of new retail stores and start up activities are expensed as incurred.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company uses forward currency exchange contracts to manage its exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency for certain of its transactions. The Company in its normal course of business enters into transactions with foreign suppliers and seeks to minimize risks related to these transactions. The Company employs these forward currency contracts to hedge the Company s cash flows, as they relate to foreign currency transactions, of which certain of these contracts are designated as hedges for accounting purposes, while others are undesignated hedges for hedge accounting purposes. These derivative instruments are recorded on the Company s consolidated balance sheets at fair value, regardless of if they are designated or undesignated as hedges.

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Prior to Fiscal 2013, the Company did not designate these instruments as hedges for hedge accounting purposes. During the third quarter of Fiscal 2013, the Company adopted the provisions of hedge accounting and elected to designate certain contracts entered into during that period as hedges for hedge accounting purposes, and will continue to do so going

forward, for contracts related to the purchase of inventory. Accordingly, the effective portion of changes in the fair value for contracts entered into during the three and six months ended September 28, 2013, are recorded in equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income, and to cost of sales for any portion of those contracts deemed ineffective. The Company will continue to record changes in the fair value of hedge designated contracts in this manner until their maturity, where the unrealized gain or loss will be recognized into earnings in that period. For those contracts entered into prior to adoption of hedge accounting, as well as those that will not be designated as hedges in future periods, changes in the fair value, as of each balance sheet date and upon maturity, are recorded in cost of sales or operating expenses, within the Company s consolidated statements of operations, as applicable to the transactions for which the forward exchange contracts were intended to hedge. During the six months ended September 28, 2013, the net realized gain of \$0.1 million, related to the change in fair value of those contracts designated as hedges for \$3.5 million, was charged to equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income during the six months ended September 28, 2013, amounts related to the ineffectiveness of these contracts were de minimis. The following table details the fair value of these contracts as of September 28, 2013, and March 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	September 28, 2013	March 30, 2013
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 127	\$ 1,367
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ (2.258)	\$ (71)

The Company is exposed to the risk that counterparties to derivative contracts will fail to meet their contractual obligations. In attempts to mitigate counterparty credit risk, the Company enters into contracts with carefully selected financial institutions based upon their credit ratings and certain other financial factors, adhering to established limits for credit exposure. The aforementioned forward contracts generally have a term of no more than 12 months. The period of these contracts is directly related to the foreign transaction they are intended to hedge. The notional amount of these contracts outstanding at September 28, 2013 was approximately \$123.7 million, which was comprised predominately of those designated as hedges.

Net Income Per Share

The Company s basic net income per share excludes the dilutive effect of share options and units, as well as unvested restricted shares. It is based upon the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period divided into net income.

Diluted net income per share reflects the potential dilution that would occur if share option grants or any other dilutive equity instruments were exercised or converted into ordinary shares. These equity instruments are included as potential dilutive securities to the extent they are dilutive under the treasury stock method for the applicable periods.

The components of the calculation of basic net income per ordinary share and diluted net income per ordinary share are as follows (in thousands except share and per share data):

		Three Mor	ded	Six Months Ended																													
	September 28, September 29, September 28 2013 2012 2013		1 1 1		1 1 1 1		1 / 1						1 ,		1 ,		1 /		1 ,		1 ,		1 ,		1 ,		, 1 ,		1 / 1		,	Sep	otember 29, 2012
Numerator:																																	
Net Income	\$	145,808	\$	97,828	\$	270,804	\$	166,473																									
Denominator:																																	
Basic weighted average ordinary shares	20	2,560,870	19	4,323,935	202,686,313		193,557,194																										
Weighted average dilutive share equivalents:																																	
Share options and restricted shares/units		2,593,822		5,868,356		2,860,878		6,234,514																									
Diluted weighted average ordinary shares	20	5,154,692	20	0,192,291	20)5,547,191	19	99,791,708																									
Basic net income per ordinary share	\$	0.72	\$	0.50	\$	1.34	\$	0.86																									
Diluted net income per ordinary share	\$	0.71	\$	0.49	\$	1.32	\$	0.83																									

Share equivalents for the three and six months ended September 28, 2013 for 86,516 shares and 75,116 shares, respectively, have been excluded from the above calculation as they were anti-dilutive. Share equivalents for the six months ended September 29, 2012 for 52,878 shares have been excluded from the above calculation as they were anti-dilutive. There were no anti-dilutive shares for the three months ended September 29, 2012.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements The Company has considered all new accounting pronouncements and, other than the new pronouncement described below, has concluded that there are no new pronouncements that have a material impact on results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows, based on current information.

During the fiscal quarter ended September 28, 2013, the company adopted the provisions of Accounting Standard Update 2013-02 Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (ASU 2013-02) which the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued in February 2013. ASU 2013-02 requires an entity to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive for annual periods and interim periods within those periods beginning after December 15, 2012.

3. Receivables, net

Receivables, net consist of (in thousands):

	Sep	tember 28, 2013	March 30, 2013
Trade receivables:			
Credit risk assumed by factors/insured	\$	215,297	\$ 199,677
Credit risk retained by Company		39,393	45,588
Receivables due from licensees		23,507	7,344
		278,197	252,609
Less allowances:		(49,347)	(46,155)
	\$	228,850	\$ 206,454

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The Company has historically assigned a substantial portion of its trade receivables to factors in the United States and Europe whereby the factors assumed credit risk with respect to such receivables assigned. Under the factor agreements, factors bear the risk of loss from the financial inability of the customer to pay the trade receivable when due, up to such amounts as accepted by the factor; but not the risk of non-payment of such trade receivable for any other reason. Beginning

in July 2012, the Company assumed responsibility for a large portion of previously factored accounts receivable balances the majority of which were insured at September 28, 2013. The Company provides an allowance for such non-payment risk at the time of sale, which is recorded as an offset to revenue.

Receivables are presented net of allowances for sales returns, discounts, markdowns, operational chargebacks and doubtful accounts. Sales returns are determined based on an evaluation of current market conditions and historical returns experience. Discounts are based on open invoices where trade discounts have been extended to customers. Markdowns are based on retail sales performance, seasonal negotiations with customers, historical deduction trends and an evaluation of current market conditions. Operational chargebacks are based on deductions taken by customers, net of expected recoveries. Such provisions, and related recoveries, are reflected in net sales.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is determined through analysis of periodic aging of receivables for which credit risk is not assumed by the factors, or which are not covered under insurance, and assessments of collectability based on an evaluation of historic and anticipated trends, the financial conditions of the Company s customers and the impact of general economic conditions. The past due status of a receivable is based on its contractual terms. Amounts deemed uncollectible are written off against the allowance when it is probable the amounts will not be recovered. Allowances for doubtful accounts were \$2.1 million and \$1.1 million, at September 28, 2013 and March 30, 2013, respectively.

4. Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment consist of (in thousands):

	Sep	2013 2013	March 30, 2013
Furniture and fixtures	\$	90,373	\$ 76,336
Equipment		15,098	13,276
Computer equipment and software		33,243	29,429
In-store shops		97,573	78,809
Leasehold improvements		191,227	168,306
		427,514	366,156
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(196,229)	(165,340)
		231,285	200,816
Construction-in-progress		53,295	41,297
	\$	284,580	\$ 242,113

Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment for the three and six months ended September 28, 2013, was \$17.5 million and \$33.1 million, respectively, and for the three and six months ended September 29, 2012, was \$11.9 million and \$24.6 million, respectively.

5. Intangible Assets and Goodwill

The following table discloses the carrying values of intangible assets and goodwill (in thousands):

	September 28, 2013					March 30, 2013		
	Gross				Gross			
	Carrying	Aco	cumulated		Carrying	Ac	cumulated	
	Amount	Am	ortization	Net	Amount	An	nortization	Net
Trademarks	\$ 23,000	\$	12,267	\$ 10,733	\$ 23,000	\$	11,693	\$11,307
Lease Rights	27,960		2,377	25,583	11,548		1,875	9,673
Goodwill	14,005			14,005	14,005			14,005
	\$ 64,965	\$	14,644	\$ 50,321	\$ 48,553	\$	13,568	\$ 34,985

The trademarks relate to the Company s brand name and are amortized over twenty years. Lease rights are amortized over the respective terms of the underlying lease. Amortization expense was \$0.5 million and \$1.0 million for the three and six months ended September 28, 2013, respectively, and \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million, for the three and six months ended September 29, 2012, respectively.

Goodwill is not amortized but will be evaluated for impairment in the last quarter of Fiscal 2014, or whenever impairment indicators exist. As of September 28, 2013, cumulative impairment related to goodwill totaled \$5.4 million. There were no charges related to the impairment of goodwill in the periods presented.

Estimated amortization expense for each of the next five years is as follows (in thousands):

Remainder of Fiscal 2014	\$ 2,060
Fiscal 2015	4,563
Fiscal 2016	4,565
Fiscal 2017	4,565
Fiscal 2018	4,519
Thereafter	16,044
	\$ 36,316

6. Credit Facilities

Secured Revolving Credit Facility

The Company had a revolving credit facility, with a maturity date of September 15, 2015, which it terminated during February 2013 (the 2011 Credit Facility). The 2011 Credit Facility was originally entered into during Fiscal 2007 and was amended on September 15, 2011. Pursuant to such amendment, the Credit Facility provided up to \$100.0 million of borrowings, and was originally set to expire on September 15, 2015. The agreement also provided for loans and letters of credit to the Company s European subsidiaries of up to \$35.0 million. All other terms and conditions under the 2011 Credit Facility remained consistent with the original agreement. The 2011 Credit Facility provided for aggregate credit available equal to the lesser of (i) \$100.0 million, or (ii) the sum of specified percentages of eligible receivables and eligible inventory, as defined, plus \$30.0 million. The terms of the 2011 Credit Facility required all amounts outstanding under the agreement to be collateralized by substantially all the Company s assets throughout the duration of the agreement. The 2011 Credit Facility contained financial covenants which limited capital expenditures to \$110.0 million for any one fiscal year plus additional amounts as permitted, and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 2.0 to 1.0 (with the ratio being EBITDA plus consolidated rent expense to the sum of fixed charges plus consolidated rent expense), restricted and limited additional indebtedness, and restricted the incurrence of additional liens and cash dividends. During the six months ended September 29, 2012 the Company was in compliance with all of the covenants covered under the agreement.

Borrowings under the 2011 Credit Facility accrued interest at the rate per annum announced from time to time by the agent of 1.25% above the prevailing applicable prime rate, or at a per annum rate equal to 2.25% above the prevailing LIBOR rate. For the six months ended September 29, 2012, the weighted average interest rate for the revolving credit facility was 2.82%. The Credit Facility required an annual facility fee of \$0.1 million, and an annual commitment fee of 0.35% on the unused portion of the available credit under the Credit Facility, which was payable quarterly.

At September 28, 2013 there were no amounts outstanding or available related to this agreement.

Senior Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility

On February 8, 2013, the Company terminated the provisions of its existing 2011 Credit Facility and entered into a senior unsecured credit facility (2013 Credit Facility). Pursuant to the agreement the 2013 Credit Facility provides for up to \$200.0 million of borrowings, and expires on February 8, 2018. The agreement also provides for loans and letters of credit to the Company s European subsidiaries of up to \$100.0 million. The 2013 Credit Facility contains financial covenants such as requiring an adjusted leverage ratio of 3.5 to 1.0 (with the ratio being total consolidated indebtedness plus 8.0 times consolidated rent expense to EBITDA plus consolidated rent expense) and a fixed charge coverage ratio of 2.0 to 1.0 (with the ratio being EBITDA plus consolidated rent expense to the sum of fixed charges plus consolidated rent expense), restricts and limits additional indebtedness, and restricts the incurrence of additional liens and cash dividends. As of September 28, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all covenants related to this agreement.

Borrowings under the 2013 Credit Facility accrue interest at the rate per annum announced from time to time by the agent a rate based on the rates applicable for deposits in the London interbank market for U.S. Dollars or the applicable currency in which the loans are made (the Adjusted LIBOR) plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin may range from 1.25% to 2.5%, and is based, or dependent upon, a particular threshold related to the adjusted leverage ratio calculated during the period of borrowing. For the six months ended September 28, 2013, the weighted average interest rate for the revolving credit facility was 1.59%. The 2013 Credit Facility requires an annual facility fee of \$0.1 million, and an annual commitment fee of 0.25% to 0.35% on the unused portion of the available credit under the facility.

As of September 28, 2013, there were no amounts outstanding under the 2013 Credit Facility, and the amount available for future borrowings was \$189.2 million. The largest amount borrowed during the six months ended September 28, 2013, was \$6.6 million. At September 28, 2013, there were stand-by letters of credit of \$10.8 million.

7. Commitments and Contingencies

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is party to various legal proceedings and claims. Although the outcome of such items cannot be determined with certainty, the Company s management does not believe that the outcome of all pending legal proceedings in the aggregate will have a material adverse effect on its cash flow, results of operations or financial position.

8. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value using a valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The determination of the applicable level within the hierarchy of a particular asset or liability depends on the inputs used in the valuation as of the measurement date, notably the extent to which the inputs are market-based (observable) or internally derived (unobservable). Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs are inputs based on a company s own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

Level 1 Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that a company has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Valuations based on quoted inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly through corroboration with observable market data.

Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The Company has historically entered into forward exchange contracts to hedge the foreign currency exposure for certain inventory purchases from its manufacturers in Europe and Asia, as well as commitments for certain services. The forward contracts that are used in the program mature in twelve months or less, consistent with the related planned purchases or services. The Company attempts to hedge the majority of its total anticipated European and Asian purchase and service contracts. Realized gains and losses applicable to derivatives used for inventory purchases are recognized in cost of sales, and those applicable to other services are recognized in selling, general and administrative expenses (see Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- *Derivative Financial Instruments*, for further detail regarding hedge accounting treatment as it relates to gains and losses). At September 28, 2013, the fair value of the Company s foreign currency forward contracts, the Company s only derivatives, were valued using broker quotations which were calculations derived from observable market information: the applicable currency forward rates at the balance sheet date and those forward rates particular to the contract at inception. The Company makes no adjustments to these broker obtained quotes or prices, but does assess the credit risk of the counterparty and would adjust the provided valuations for counterparty credit risk when appropriate. The fair value of the forward contracts are included in prepaid expenses and other current assets, and in accrued expenses and other current liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets, depending on whether they represent assets or (liabilities) to the Company. All contracts are categorized in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as shown in the following table:

		Fair value at September 28, 2013, using:				
		Quoted prices in active markets for Significant identical other		Significant unobservable		
		assets	obser	vable inputs	inputs	
(In thousands)	Total	(Level 1)	(I	Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Foreign currency forward contracts- Euro	\$ (2,119)	\$	\$	(2,119)	\$	
Foreign currency forward contracts- Canadian Dollar	(139)			(139)		
Foreign currency forward contracts- U.S. Dollar	127			127		
Total	\$ (2,131)	\$	\$	(2,131)	\$	

The Company s cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable, are recorded at carrying value, which approximates fair value. Borrowings under the Credit Facility are recorded at face value as the fair value of the Credit Facility is synonymous with its recorded value as it is a short-term debt facility due to its revolving nature.

9. Other Comprehensive Income- Hedging Instruments

The Company designates certain forward currency exchange contracts as hedges for hedge accounting purposes (see Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- *Derivative Financial Instruments*). The Company employs forward currency contracts to hedge the Company s exposures, as they relate to certain forecasted inventory purchases in foreign currencies, and as such are regarded as cash flow hedges up to such time the forecasted transaction occurs.

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Changes in the fair value of the effective portion of these contracts are recorded in equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income, as of each balance sheet date, and are reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings when the items underlying the hedged transactions are recognized into earnings, as a component of cost of sales within the Company s consolidated statements of operations.

The following table summarizes the impact of the effective portion of gains and losses of the forward contracts designated as hedges for the three and six months ended September 28, 2013:

	Three Months Ended September 28, 2013 Six Months Ended September 28, 2013					r 28, 2013		
		re-Tax (Loss)		Gain		re-Tax Loss)		ain
		cognized		ified from ulated OCI		cognized		fied from lated OCI
	i	n OCI	into I	Earnings	i	n OCI	into E	arnings
	(Effect	tive Portion)	(Effecti	ve Portion)	(Effect	ive Portion)	(Effectiv	e Portion)
Forward currency exchange contracts	\$	(2,892)	\$	227	\$	(3,513)	\$	555
			-					

There were no contracts designated as hedging for hedge accounting purposes prior to and as of September 29, 2012.

10. Share-Based Compensation

The Company issues equity grants to certain employees and directors of the Company at the discretion of the Company s Compensation Committee. The Company has two equity plans, one adopted in Fiscal 2008, the Michael Kors (USA), Inc. Stock Option Plan (as amended and restated, the 2008 Plan), and the other adopted in the third fiscal quarter of Fiscal 2012, the Michael Kors Holdings Limited Omnibus Incentive Plan (the 2012 Plan). The 2008 Plan provided for the granting of share options only and was authorized to issue up to 23,980,823 ordinary shares. Subsequent to the adoption of the 2012 plan, there were no shares available for the granting of equity awards under the 2008 Plan. The 2012 Plan allows for the granting of share options, restricted shares and restricted share units, and other equity awards, and authorizes a total issuance of up to 15,246,000 ordinary shares. At September 28, 2013, there were 11,870,809 ordinary shares available for the granting of equity awards under the 2012 Plan. Option grants issued from the 2008 Plan generally expire ten years from the date of the grant, and those issued under the 2012 Plan generally expire seven years from the date of the grant.

Share Options

Share options are generally exercisable at no less than the fair market value on the date of grant. The Company has issued two types of option grants, those that vest based on the attainment of a performance target and those that vest based on the passage of time. Performance based share options may vest based upon the attainment of one of two performance measures. One performance measure is an individual performance target, which is based upon certain performance targets unique to the individual grantee, and the other measure is a company-wide performance target, which is based on a cumulative minimum growth requirement in consolidated net equity. The individual performance target vests 20% of the total option grant each year the target is satisfied. The individual has ten years in which to achieve five individual performance vesting tranches. The company-wide performance target must be achieved over the ten-year term. Performance is measured at the end of the term, and any unvested options under the grant vest if the target is achieved. The Company-wide performance target is established at the time of the grant. The target metrics underlying individual performance vesting requirements are established for each recipient each year up until such time as the grant is fully vested. Options subject to time based vesting requirements generally become vested in four equal increments on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the date on which such options were awarded.



The following table summarizes the share option activity during the six months ended September 28, 2013, and information about options outstanding at September 28, 2013:

				Weighted Average	Aggregate Intrinsic
		W	eighted	Remaining	Value
	Number of	А	verage	Contractual	(in
	Options	Exer	cise price	Life (years)	thousands)
Outstanding at March 30, 2013	10,381,342	\$	9.21		
Granted	613,381	\$	62.46		
Exercised	(2,144,008)	\$	6.08		
Canceled/forfeited	(3,510)	\$	62.24		
Outstanding at September 28, 2013	8,847,205	\$	13.64	6.64	\$ 538,013
Vested or expected to vest at September 28, 2013	8,493,317	\$	13.64	6.64	
Vested and exercisable at September 28, 2013	2,203,549	\$	7.12	6.21	\$ 148,362

There were 6,643,656 non-vested and 2,203,549 vested outstanding options at September 28, 2013. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended September 28, 2013 was \$128.5 million, and the cash received from options exercised during this period was \$13.0 million. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended September 29, 2012 was \$324.6 million, and the cash received from options exercised during this period was \$23.7 million. As of September 28, 2013, the remaining unrecognized share-based compensation expense for non-vested share options and restricted shares to be expensed in future periods is \$37.4 million, and the related weighted-average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately 3.84 years.

The weighted average grant date fair value for options granted during the three and six months ended September 28, 2013 was \$27.46 and \$24.93, respectively, and for the three and six months ended September 29, 2012 was \$18.20 and \$16.42, respectively. The following table represents assumptions used to estimate the fair value of options:

	Three Mor	ths Ended	Six Months Ended		
	September 28,	September 28, September 29,		September 29,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Expected dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Volatility factor	43.3%	50.2%	46.1%	50.2%	
Weighted average risk-free interest rate	1.5%	0.6%	1.0%	0.6%	
Expected life of option	4.75 years	4.75 years	4.75 years	4.75 years	
Restricted Shares and Restricted Share Units					

The Company grants restricted shares and restricted share units at the fair market value at the date of the grant. Expense for restricted share grants is calculated based on the intrinsic value of the grant, which is the difference between the cost to the recipient and the fair market value of the underlying share (grants are generally issued at no cost to the recipient). Expense is recognized ratably over the vesting period which is generally three to four years from the date of the grant. Similar to share options, restricted share grants generally vest in four equal increments on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the date on which such grants were awarded. With respect to restricted share units, there are two types: performance based vesting grants and time based vesting grants. Share units whose vesting is based on meeting certain performance criteria, vest in full three years from their anniversary date only if certain cumulative performance targets are met at the end of the three year period. Expense related to these grants is recognized ratably over the three year period subject to the probability of the attainment of the related performance targets. Share units that vest based on time generally vest in full on the first anniversary of the date of the grant, and are expensed over a one year period.

The following table summarizes restricted shares under the 2012 Plan as of September 28, 2013 and changes during the fiscal period then ended:

	Number of Unvested Restricted Shares	Aver	eighted age Grant Fair Value
Unvested at March 30, 2013	617,468	\$	23.66
Granted	249,921	\$	62.55
Vested	(888)	\$	38.75
Canceled/forfeited	(1,406)	\$	62.24
Unvested at September 28, 2013	865,095	\$	34.54

The total fair value of restricted shares vested during the six months ended September 28, 2013 was \$0.1 million. There were no restricted shares/units that vested during the six months ended September 29, 2012. As of September 28, 2013, the remaining unrecognized share-based compensation expense for non-vested restricted share grants to be expensed in future periods is \$24.4 million, and the related weighted-average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately 3.01 years.

The following table summarizes restricted share units under the 2012 Plan as of September 28, 2013 and changes during the fiscal period then ended:

	Number of Unvested Restricted Units	Aver	eighted age Grant Fair Value
Unvested at March 30, 2013	27,763	\$	31.12
Granted	174,002	\$	62.64
Vested		\$	
Canceled/forfeited		\$	
Unvested at September 28, 2013	201,765	\$	58.30

As of September 28, 2013, the remaining unrecognized share-based compensation expense for non-vested restricted share units to be expensed in future periods is \$8.9 million, and the related weighted-average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately 2.54 years.

Compensation expense attributable to share-based compensation for the three and six months ended September 28, 2013 was approximately \$7.6 million and \$13.1 million, respectively. Compensation expense attributable to share-based compensation for the three and six months ended September 29, 2012 was approximately \$4.8 million and \$9.8 million, respectively. Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. The Company estimates forfeitures based on its historical forfeiture rate since the inception of stock option granting. The estimated value of future forfeitures for equity grants as of September 28, 2013 is approximately \$2.7 million.

11. Segment Information

The Company operates its business through three operating segments Retail, Wholesale and Licensing which are based on its business activities and organization. The operating segments are segments of the Company for which separate financial information is available and for which operating results are evaluated regularly by executive management in deciding how to allocate resources, as well as in assessing performance. The primary key performance indicators are net sales or revenue (in the case of Licensing) and operating income for each segment. The Company s reportable segments represent channels of distribution that offer similar merchandise, customer experience and sales/marketing strategies. Sales of the Company s products through Company owned stores for the Retail segment include Collection, Lifestyle including concessions, and outlet stores located throughout North America, Europe, and Japan. Products sold through the Retail segment include women s apparel, accessories (which include handbags and small leather goods such as wallets), footwear and licensed products, such as watches, fragrances and eyewear. The Wholesale segment includes sales primarily to major department stores and specialty shops throughout North America and Europe. Products sold through the Wholesale segment include accessories (which include handbags and small leather goods such as wallets), footwear and women s and men s apparel. The Licensing segment includes royalties earned on licensed products and use of the Company s trademarks, and rights granted to third parties for the right to sell the Company s products in certain geographical regions such as Korea, the Philippines, Singapore, Malaysia, Indonesia, Australia, the Middle East, Russia, Turkey, China, Hong Kong, Macau, Taiwan, Latin America and the Caribbean, and India. All intercompany revenues are eliminated in consolidation and are not reviewed when evaluating segment performance. Corporate overhead expenses are allocated to the segments based upon specific usage or other all

The Company has allocated \$12.1 million and \$1.9 million of its recorded goodwill to its Wholesale and Licensing segments, respectively. The Company does not have identifiable assets separated by segment. The following table presents the key performance information of the Company s reportable segments (in thousands):

	Three Mo September 28, 2013	onths Ended September 29, 2012	Six Mon September 28, 2013	ths Ended September 29, 2012
Revenue:				
Net sales: Retail	\$355,573	\$ 242,280	\$ 681,245	\$ 457,284
Wholesale	351,871	270,785	642,447	453,151
Licensing	32,859	19,870	57,470	37,365
Total revenue	\$ 740,303	\$ 532,935	\$ 1,381,162	\$ 947,800
Income from operations:				
Retail	\$ 103,133	\$ 68,436	\$ 206,247	\$ 128,315
Wholesale	98,531	77,399	179,577	118,117
Licensing	19,796	12,093	33,198	23,439
Income from operations	\$ 221,460	\$ 157,928	\$ 419,022	\$ 269,871

Depreciation and amortization expense for each segment are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	September 28, 2013	1	ember 29, 2012	September 28, 2013	Sep	tember 29, 2012
Depreciation and amortization:						
Retail	\$ 10,716	\$	8,134	\$ 20,433	\$	17,347
Wholesale	7,223		4,032	13,374		7,798
Licensing	118		92	225		168
Total depreciation and amortization	\$ 18,057	\$	12,258	\$ 34,032	\$	25,313

Total revenue (as recognized based on country of origin), and long-lived assets by geographic location of the consolidated Company are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mo	onths Ended	Six Months Ended		
	September 28,	September 29,	September 28,	September 29,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenue:					
North America (U.S. and Canada)	\$618,277	\$ 471,424	\$ 1,169,831	\$ 848,573	
Europe	114,049	56,651	195,528	90,038	
Other regions	7,977	4,860	15,803	9,189	
Total revenue	\$ 740,303	\$ 532,935	\$ 1,381,162	\$ 947,800	

	As of		
	September 28, 2013	March 30, 2013	
Long-lived assets:			
North America (U.S. and Canada)	\$ 238,008	\$ 209,973	
Europe	76,146	46,154	
Other regions	6,742	6,966	
Total Long-lived assets:	\$ 320,896	\$ 263,093	

12. Agreements with Shareholders and Related Party Transactions

From time to time, Sportswear Holdings Limited or its affiliates have provided a plane for purposes of business travel to the directors and senior management of the Company at no charge to the Company. During the six months ended September 29, 2012, \$0.3 million, representing the estimated costs of these services, which are based on allocated or incremental cost, was charged to selling, general and administrative expenses as an offset to contributed capital (additional paid-in capital). There were no amounts recorded to contributed capital related to these services for the six months ended September 28, 2013. The Company or its chief executive officer may arrange a plane owned by Sportswear Holdings Limited or its affiliates to be used for the Company s directors and senior management for purposes of business travel on terms and conditions not less favorable to the Company than it would receive in an arm s-length transaction with a third party. To the extent the Company s chief executive officer enters into such an arrangement for business travel, the Company will reimburse him for the actual market price paid for the use of such plane. During the six months ended September 28, 2013, the Company chartered this plane from Sportswear Holdings Limited for business purposes, the amounts of which were paid in cash and charged to operating expenses. Amounts charged to the Company in connection with these services were approximately \$0.8 million during this period.

The Company's Chief Creative Officer, Michael Kors, and the Company's Chief Executive Officer, John Idol, and certain of the Company's current shareholders, including Sportswear Holdings Limited, jointly own Michael Kors Far East Holdings Limited, a BVI company. During Fiscal 2012, the Company entered into certain licensing agreements with certain subsidiaries of Michael Kors Far East Holdings Limited (the Licensees) which provide the Licensees with certain exclusive rights for use of the Company's trademarks within China, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan, and to import, sell, advertise and promote certain of the Company's products in these regions, as well as to own and operate stores which bear the Company's trademarks. The agreements between the Company and subsidiaries of Michael Kors Far East Holdings Limited expire on March 31, 2041, and may be terminated by the Company at certain intervals if certain minimum sale benchmarks are not met. For the six months ended September 28, 2013, there were approximately \$0.4 million of royalties earned under these agreements. There were no royalties earned during the six months ended September 29, 2012, as the Company was not entitled to royalties under this agreement until the start of its fiscal 2014 year. The Company also provides the Licensees with certain services, including, but not limited to, supply chain and logistics support, and management information system support at the request of the Licensees, for which the Company charges a service fee based on allocated internal costs employed in delivering the services, and includes a contractually agreed upon markup. During the six months ended September 29, 2012, amounts charged to the Licensees for these services totaled \$0.1 million, which was recorded in other selling, general and administrative expenses. There were no services rendered on behalf of the Licensees, and thus no fees were charged, during the six months ended September 28, 2013.

The Company routinely purchases certain inventory from a manufacturer owned by one of its directors. Amounts purchased during the six months ended September 28, 2013, and September 29, 2012, were \$3.4 million and \$3.5 million, respectively.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included as part of this interim report. This report contains forward-looking statements that are based upon current expectations. We sometimes identify forward-looking statements with such words as may, expect, anticipate, estimate, seek, intend, believe or similar words concerning future events. The forward-looking statements contained herein, include, without limitation, statements concerning future revenue sources and concentration, gross profit margins, selling and marketing expenses, capital expenditures, general and administrative expenses, capital resources, new stores, additional financings or borrowings and additional losses and are subject to risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to, those discussed in this report that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results contemplated by these forward-looking statements. We also urge you to carefully review the risk factors set forth under Risk Factors in our Annual report on Form 10-K, (File No. 001-35368), filed on May 29, 2013, with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Overview

Our Business

We are a rapidly growing global luxury lifestyle brand led by a world-class management team and a renowned, award-winning designer. Since launching his namesake brand over 30 years ago, Michael Kors has featured distinctive designs, materials and craftsmanship with a jet-set aesthetic that combines stylish elegance and a sporty attitude. Mr. Kors vision has taken the Company from its beginnings as an American luxury sportswear house to a global accessories, footwear and apparel company with a presence in over 85 countries. As a highly recognized luxury lifestyle brand in North America, with accelerating awareness in targeted international markets, we have experienced exceptional sales momentum and intend to continue along this course as we grow our business.

We operate our business in three segments retail, wholesale and licensing and we have a strategically controlled global distribution network focused on company-operated retail stores, leading department stores, specialty stores and select licensing partners. As of September 28, 2013, our retail segment included 264 North American retail stores, including concessions, and 88 international retail stores, including concessions, in Europe and Japan. As of September 28, 2013, our wholesale segment included wholesale sales through approximately 2,294 department store and specialty store doors in North America and wholesale sales through approximately 1,197 department store and specialty store doors internationally (department stores as they are referred to here are comprised of full-price department stores only). Our remaining revenue is generated through our licensing segment, through which we license to third parties certain production, sales and/or distribution rights. During the first six months of Fiscal 2014, our licensing segment accounted for approximately 4.2% of our total revenue and consisted primarily of royalties earned on licensed products and our geographic licenses.

We offer two primary collections: the *Michael Kors* luxury collection and the *MICHAEL Michael Kors* accessible luxury collection. The *Michael Kors* collection establishes the aesthetic authority of our entire brand and is carried in many of our retail stores as well as in the finest luxury department stores in the world. In 2004, we introduced the *MICHAEL Michael Kors* collection, which has a strong focus on accessories, in addition to offering footwear and apparel, and addresses the significant demand opportunity in accessible luxury goods. Taken together, our two collections target a broad customer base while retaining a premium luxury image.

Certain Factors Affecting Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Disruptions in shipping and distribution. Our operations are subject to the impact of shipping disruptions as a result of changes, or damage, to our distribution infrastructure. During the quarter ended September 28, 2013, we experienced disruptions to the shipping of our products within the U.S. as a result of implementing new material handling equipment and systems for purposes of automating our U.S. distribution facility. The disruption related to this implementation impacted our ability to ship at full capacity during the quarter and may continue to do so for the remainder of this fiscal year. In addition, we expect incremental expenses related to this implementation to be incurred through the end of this fiscal year. Accordingly, these disruptions to our shipping may have an impact on our earnings for the remainder of this fiscal year, with regards to the effects on both our net sales and operating expenses.

Costs of Manufacturing. Our industry is subject to volatility in costs related to certain raw materials used in the manufacturing of our products. This volatility applies primarily to costs driven by commodity prices, which can increase or decrease dramatically over a short period of time. These fluctuations may have a material impact on our sales, results of operations and cash flows to the extent they occur. We use commercially reasonable efforts to mitigate these effects by sourcing our products as efficiently as possible. In addition, manufacturing labor costs are also

subject to degrees of volatility based on local and global economic conditions. We use commercially reasonable efforts to source from localities that suit our manufacturing standards and result in more favorable labor driven costs to our products.

Establishing brand identity and enhancing global presence. We intend to continue to increase our international presence and global brand recognition through the formation of various joint ventures with international partners, and continuing with our international licensing arrangements. We feel this is an efficient method for continued penetration into the global luxury goods market, especially for markets we have yet to establish a substantial presence.

Demand for Our Accessories and Related Merchandise. Our performance is affected by trends in the luxury goods industry, as well as shifts in demographics and changes in lifestyle preferences. Currently, demand for our products is predicted to grow. According to the *Altagamma Studies**, demand for the worldwide luxury goods industry is predicted to grow from approximately \$251.5 billion in 2011 to between \$314.4 billion and \$327.5 billion in 2015. We believe that we are well positioned to capitalize on the continued growth of the accessories product category, as it is one of our primary product category focuses.

* Comprised of: the Worldwide Luxury Markets Monitor, Spring 2013 update, Luxury Goods Worldwide Market Study, 2012, the Luxury Goods Worldwide Market Monitor, Spring 2012 Update, Luxury Goods Worldwide Market Study, 2011, Luxury Goods Worldwide Market Study Spring 2011 Update, the Luxury Goods Worldwide Market Study, and the Altagamma 2006 Worldwide Markets Monitor (together, the Altagamma Studies). These studies were prepared by the Altagamma Foundation in cooperation with Bain & Company and can be obtained free of charge or at a nominal cost by contacting Bain & Company s media contact at cheryl.krauss@bain.com. While we believe that each of these studies and publications is reliable, we have not independently verified market and industry data from third-party sources. The Altagamma Studies analyze the global luxury goods market, including the market and financial performance of more than 230 of the world s leading luxury goods companies and brands. All figures derived from the Altagamma Studies are based on an exchange rate of \$1.31 to 1.00. Segment Information

We generate revenue through three business segments: retail, wholesale and licensing. The following table presents our revenue and income from operations by segment for the three and six months ended September 28, 2013 and September 29, 2012 (in thousands):

	Three Mo September 28, 2013	onths Ended September 29, 2012	Six Mon September 28, 2013	ths Ended September 29, 2012
Revenue:				
Net sales: Retail	\$ 355,573	\$ 242,280	\$ 681,245	\$ 457,284
Wholesale	351,871	270,785	642,447	453,151
Licensing	32,859	19,870	57,470	37,365
Total revenue	\$ 740,303	\$ 532,935	\$ 1,381,162	\$ 947,800
Income from operations:				
Retail	\$ 103,133	\$ 68,436	\$ 206,247	\$ 128,315
Wholesale	98,531	77,399	179,577	118,117
Licensing	19,796	12,093	33,198	23,439
Income from operations	\$ 221,460	\$ 157,928	\$ 419,022	\$ 269,871

Retail

From the beginning of Fiscal 2007, when we first undertook our major retail growth initiative, through September 28, 2013, we have leveraged our successful retail store formats by opening a total of 342 new stores. During this time period, we have grown our North American retail presence significantly, increasing our North American store count by 254 stores, as well as increasing our international store count by 88 stores.

The following table presents the growth in our network of retail stores during the three and six months ended September 28, 2013 and September 29, 2012:

	Three Mo	onths Ended	Six Months Ended		
	September 28, 2013	September 29, 2012	September 28, 2013	September 29 2012	
Full price retail stores including concessions:					
Number of stores	237	180	237	180	
Increase during period	18	12	36	22	
Percentage increase vs. prior year	31.7%	36.4%	31.7%	36.4%	
Total gross square footage	485,250	369,402	485,250	369,402	
Average square footage per store	2,047	2,052	2,047	2,052	
Outlet stores:					
Number of stores	115	89	115	89	
Increase during period	6	4	12	10	
Percentage increase vs. prior year	29.2%	25.4%	29.2%	25.4%	
Total gross square footage	339,177	245,244	339,177	245,244	
Average square footage per store	2,949	2,756	2,949	2,756	

Wholesale

We sell our products directly to department stores across North America and Europe to accommodate consumers who prefer to shop at major department stores. In addition, we sell to specialty stores for those consumers who enjoy the boutique experience afforded by such stores. We continue to focus our sales efforts and drive sales in existing locations by enhancing presentation, primarily through the creation of more shop-in-shops with our proprietary fixtures that effectively communicate our brand and create a more personalized shopping experience for consumers. We tailor our assortments through wholesale product planning and allocation processes to better match the demands of our department store customers in each local market.

The following table presents the growth in our network of full-price wholesale doors, which include department store and specialty store doors, during the three and six months ended September 28, 2013 and September 29, 2012:

		Three M	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
		September 28,	September 29,	September 28,	September 29	
		2013	2012	2013	2012	
Number of full-	price wholesale doors	3,491	2,883	3,491	2,883	
Increase during period		242	74	242	206	
Percentage incr	ease vs. prior year	21.1%	22.7%	21.1%	22.7%	
7						

Licensing

We generate revenue through product and geographic licensing arrangements. Our product license agreements allow third parties to use our brand name and trademarks in connection with the manufacturing and sale of a variety of products, including watches, fragrances, eyewear and jewelry. In our product licensing arrangements, we take an active role in the design process, marketing and distribution of products under our brands. Our geographic licensing arrangements allow third parties to use our tradenames in connection with the retail and/or wholesale sales of our branded products in specific geographic regions.

Key Performance Indicators and Statistics

We use a number of key indicators of operating results to evaluate our performance, including the following (dollars in thousands):

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Six Months Ended	
	September 28,	September 29,	September 28,	September 29,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Total revenue	\$ 740,303	\$ 532,935	\$ 1,381,162	\$ 947,800
Gross profit as a percent of total revenue	60.8%	59.3%	61.3%	59.8
Income from operations	\$ 221,460	\$ 157,928	\$ 419,022	\$ 269,871
Retail net sales- North America	\$ 294,368	\$ 213,817	\$ 569,738	\$ 405,927
Retail net sales- Europe	\$ 53,228	\$ 23,603	\$ 95,704	\$ 42,168
Retail net sales- Japan	\$ 7,977	\$ 4,860	\$ 15,803	\$ 9,189
Increase in comparable store net sales- North America	20.7%	45.1%	22.6%	41.9
Increase in comparable store net sales- Europe	45.2%	50.3%	49.9%	38.0
Increase in comparable store net sales- Japan	15.3%	17.0%	18.8%	18.4
Wholesale net sales- North America	\$ 291,050	\$ 237,737	\$ 542,623	\$ 405,281
Wholesale net sales- Europe	\$ 60,821	\$ 33,048	\$ 99,824	\$ 47,870
eral Definitions for Operating Results				

General Definitions for Operating Results

Net sales consist of sales from comparable retail stores and non-comparable retail stores, net of returns and markdowns, as well as those made to our wholesale customers, net of returns, discounts, markdowns and allowances.

Comparable store sales include sales from a store that has been opened for one full year after the end of the first month of its operations. All comparable store sales are presented on a 52-week basis.

Licensing revenue consists of fees charged on sales of licensed products to our licensees as well as contractual royalty rates for the use of our trademarks in certain geographic territories.

Cost of goods sold includes the cost of inventory sold, freight-in on merchandise and foreign currency exchange gains/losses related to forward contracts for purchase commitments. All retail store operating and occupancy costs, as well as warehouse and distribution costs, are included in *Selling, general and administrative expenses* (see below), and as a result our cost of goods sold may not be comparable to that of other entities that have chosen to include some or all of those expenses as a component of their cost of goods sold.

Gross profit is total revenue (net sales plus licensing revenue) minus cost of goods sold. As a result of retail store operating and occupancy costs, and warehouse and distribution costs, being excluded from our cost of goods, our gross profit may not be comparable to that of other entities that have chosen to include some or all of those expenses as a component of their gross profit.

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist of warehousing and distribution costs, rent for our distribution centers, store payroll, store occupancy costs (such as rent, common area maintenance, store pre-opening, real estate taxes and utilities), information technology and systems costs, corporate payroll and related benefits, advertising and promotion expense and other general expenses.

Depreciation and amortization includes depreciation and amortization of fixed and definite-lived intangible assets.

Income from operations consists of gross profit minus total operating expenses.

Interest expense, net represents interest and fees on our revolving credit facilities (see Liquidity and Capital Resources for further detail on our credit facilities) and amortization of deferred financing costs, offset by interest earned on highly liquid investments (investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, classified as cash equivalents), the amounts of which are not material for all periods presented.

Foreign currency loss (gain) represents unrealized income or loss from the re-measurement of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of our subsidiaries.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the three months ended September 28, 2013 with the three months ended September 29, 2012

The following table details the results of our operations for the three months ended September 28, 2013 and for the three months ended September 29, 2012, and expresses the relationship of certain line items to total revenue as a percentage (dollars in thousands):

		onths Ended September 29, 2012	\$ Change	% Change Se	% of Total Revenue for the three months ended eptember 28, 201 S ep	% of Total Revenue for the three months ended ptember 29, 2012
Statements of Operations Data:						
Net sales	\$ 707,444	\$ 513,065	\$ 194,379	37.9%		
Licensing revenue	32,859	19,870	12,989	65.4%		
Total revenue	740,303	532,935	207,368	38.9%		
Cost of goods sold	290,428	217,035	73,393	33.8%	39.2%	40.7%
C C						
Gross profit	449,875	315,900	133,975	42.4%	60.8%	59.3%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	210,358	145,714	64,644	44.4%	28.4%	27.3%
Depreciation and amortization	18,057	12,258	5,799	47.3%	2.4%	2.3%
Total operating expenses	228,415	157,972	70,443	44.6%	30.9%	29.6%
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Income from operations	221,460	157,928	63.532	40.2%	29.9%	29.6%
Interest expense, net	130	555	(425)	-76.6%	0.0%	0.1%
Foreign currency loss (gain)	18	(275)	293	-106.5%	0.0%	-0.1%
		. ,				
Income before provision for income taxes	221,312	157,648	63,664	40.4%	29.9%	29.6%
Provision for income taxes	75,504	59,820	15,684	26.2%	10.2%	11.2%
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Net income	\$ 145,808	\$ 97,828	\$ 47,980	49.0%		

Total Revenue

Total revenue increased \$207.4 million, or 38.9%, to \$740.3 million for the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$532.9 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. The increase was the result of an increase in our comparable and non-comparable retail store sales and wholesale sales, as well as increases in our licensing revenue.

The following table details revenues for our three business segments (dollars in thousands):

		nths Ended September 29, 2012	\$ Change	n	% of Total Revenue for the three nonths ended tember 28, 201 8	% of Total Revenue for the three months ended eptember 29, 2012
Revenue:			U	C I		1
Net sales: Retail	\$ 355,573	\$ 242,280	\$113,293	46.8%	48.0%	45.5%
Wholesale	351,871	270,785	81,086	29.9%	47.5%	50.8%
Licensing	32,859	19,870	12,989	65.4%	4.4%	3.7%

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Total revenue	\$ 740,303	\$ 532,935	\$ 207,368	38.9%

Retail

Net sales from our retail stores increased \$113.3 million, or 46.8%, to \$355.6 million for the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$242.3 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. We operated 352 retail stores, including concessions, as of September 28, 2013, compared to 269 retail stores, including concessions, as of September 29, 2012. During the three months ended September 28, 2013, our comparable store sales growth increased \$55.1 million, or 22.9%, from the three months ended September 29, 2012. The growth in our comparable store sales was primarily due to an increase in sales of our accessories product line during the three months ended September 28, 2013. In addition, the change to our non-comparable store sales were \$58.2 million during the three months ended September 28, 2013, which was primarily the result of operating 83 additional stores since September 29, 2012.

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Wholesale

Net sales to our wholesale customers increased \$81.1 million, or 29.9%, to \$351.9 million for the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$270.8 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. The increase in our wholesale net sales occurred primarily as a result of increased sales of our accessories line as well as footwear during the three months ended September 28, 2013, as we continue to enhance our presence in department and specialty stores by converting more doors to shop-in-shops, and in continuing our expansion of our European operations. Net sales from our European operations increased approximately 84.0% during the three months ended September 28, 2013 compared to the three months ended September 29, 2012, due largely to an increase in full-price doors to 1,197 from 817 in the same period last year.

Licensing

Revenues earned on our licensing agreements increased \$13.0 million, or 65.4%, to \$32.9 million for the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$19.9 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. The increase in licensing revenue was primarily due to royalties earned on licensing agreements related to sales of watches.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased \$134.0 million, or 42.4%, to \$449.9 million during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$315.9 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. Gross profit as a percentage of total revenue increased to 60.8% during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to 59.3% during the three months ended September 29, 2012. The increase in profit margin resulted primarily from increases in gross profit margin of 60 basis points and 40 basis points from our retail and wholesale segments, respectively. The increase in profit margin on our retail segment resulted primarily from a favorable product sales mix during the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 29, 2012. The increase of which was comprised of a more favorable product sales mix during the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the quarter ended September 29, 2012.

Total Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses increased \$70.4 million, or 44.6%, to \$228.4 million during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$158.0 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. Total operating expenses increased to 30.9% as a percentage of total revenue for the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to 29.6% for the three months ended September 29, 2012. The components that comprise total operating expenses are explained below.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$64.6 million, or 44.4%, to \$210.4 million during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$145.7 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. The increase was primarily due to increases in our retail occupancy and salary costs of \$34.1 million, an increase in corporate employee-related costs of \$13.3 million, and increases in promotional costs (which consist of advertising, marketing and various promotional costs) of \$6.1 million. The increase in our retail occupancy and payroll costs was due to operating 352 retail stores versus 269 retail stores in the prior period. The increase in our corporate employee-related costs was due primarily due to our continuing expansion into new markets, including domestic and international growth. Advertising costs increased primarily due to our continuing expansion into new markets, including domestic and international, as well as social media during the three months ended September 28, 2013. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenue increased to 28.4% during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to 27.3% for the three months ended September 29, 2012. The increase as a percentage of total revenue was primarily due to increases in various warehousing and distribution expenses incurred in the quarter ended September 28, 2013.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization increased \$5.8 million, or 47.3%, to \$18.1 million during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$12.3 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. Increases in depreciation and amortization were primarily due to an increase in the build-out of our new retail locations, new shop-in-shop locations and investments made in our information systems infrastructure to accommodate our growth. Depreciation and amortization increased to 2.4% as a percentage of total revenue during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to 2.3% for the three months ended September 29, 2012.

Income from Operations

As a result of the foregoing, income from operations increased \$63.5 million, or 40.2%, to \$221.5 million during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$157.9 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. Income from operations as a percentage of total revenue increased to 29.9% during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to 29.6% for the three months ended September 29, 2012.

The following table details income from operations for our three business segments (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended					of Net Sales/ Revenue for the three months	% of Net Sales/ Revenue for the three
	September 28,	Sep	ptember 29,	¢ Cl	<i>« α</i>	ended	months ended
Income from operations:	2013		2012	\$ Change	% Change Sep	tember 28, 201 S	eptember 29, 2012
Retail	\$ 103,133	\$	68,436	\$ 34,697	50.7%	29.0%	28.2%
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Wholesale	98,531		77,399	21,132	27.3%	28.0%	28.6%
Licensing	19,796		12,093	7,703	63.7%	60.2%	60.9%
-							
Income from operations	\$ 221,460	\$	157,928	\$ 63,532	40.2%		

Retail

Income from operations for our retail segment increased \$34.7 million, or 50.7%, to \$103.1 million during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$68.4 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. Income from operations as a percentage of net retail sales for the retail segment increased approximately 0.8% as a percentage of net retail sales to 29.0% during the three months ended September 28, 2013. The increase in retail income from operations as a percentage of net sales was due to the increase in gross profit margin during the three months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the three months ended September 29, 2012, as described in the gross profit discussion above.

Wholesale

Income from operations for our wholesale segment increased \$21.1 million, or 27.3%, to \$98.5 million during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$77.4 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. Income from operations as a percentage of net sales for the wholesale segment decreased 0.6% as a percentage of net wholesale sales to 28.0% during the three months ended September 28, 2013. This decrease as a percentage of net sales was primarily the result of an increase in operating expenses of approximately 1.0% as a percent of net wholesale sales during the three months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the three months ended September 29, 2012. This increase was due to expenditures related to distribution, increases in depreciation and amortization as a percentage of net wholesale sales, as well as the aforementioned disruption to our warehouse facility in California during the quarter ended September 28, 2013, as a result of implementation of certain material handling equipment and systems to automate the facility. The expenses related to this disruption included, shipping and handling, additional payroll and consulting fees. We expect to incur additional expenses related to this disruption into our third and fourth fiscal 2014 quarters. These increases in operating expenses as a percentage of net wholesale sales were offset, in part, by the increase in gross profit margin, as described in the gross profit discussion above.

Licensing

Income from operations for our licensing segment increased \$7.7 million, or 63.7%, to \$19.8 million during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$12.1 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. Income from operations as a percentage of licensing revenue for the licensing segment decreased 0.7% as a percentage of licensing revenue to 60.2% during the three months ended September 28, 2013. This decrease as a percentage of licensing revenue was the result of an increase in advertising expenses of \$4.6 million during the three month ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the three months ended September 29, 2012, as we continue to launch new advertising initiatives, including social media and other web-based mediums for increasing brand awareness. The increase in advertising expenses was offset in part by the aforementioned increase in licensing revenue.

Interest Expense, net

Interest expense decreased \$0.4 million, or 76.6%, to \$0.1 million during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. The decrease in interest expense was attributable primarily to a decrease in borrowings during the quarter ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the quarter ended September 29, 2012. The expense for the period was largely comprised of commitment fees and the amortization of deferred borrowing costs.

Foreign Currency Loss (Gain)

Foreign currency loss during the three months ended September 28, 2013 was \$18,000 as compared to foreign currency gain of \$0.3 million during the three months ended September 29, 2012. The loss during the three months ended September 28, 2013 was primarily due to the settling of certain of our accounts payable in currencies other than the functional currency of certain reporting units. The foreign currency gain during the three months ended September 29, 2012 was primarily due to the strengthening of the Japanese Yen relative to the U.S. dollar, which impacted the re-measurement of Yen-denominated intercompany loans with certain of our subsidiaries.

Provision for Income Taxes

We recognized \$75.5 million of income tax expense during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared with \$59.8 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012. Our effective tax rate for the three months ended September 28, 2013 before taking into effect certain discrete items, was 35.4%, compared to 37.9% for the three months ended September 29, 2012. The decrease in our effective tax rate was primarily due to the increase in taxable income in certain of our non-U.S. subsidiaries, which are subject to lower statutory income tax rates, during the three months ended September 28, 2013. Our effective tax rate for the three months ended September 28, 2013 after taking into effect the aforementioned discrete items was 34.1%. These discrete items were primarily comprised of favorable outcomes resulting from certain examinations completed during the fiscal quarter ended September 28, 2013.

Our effective tax rate may fluctuate from time to time due to the effects of changes in U.S. state and local taxes, tax rates in foreign jurisdictions, and certain other nondeductible expenses and income earned in certain non-U.S. entities with significant net operating loss carryforwards. In addition, factors such as the geographic mix of earnings, enacted tax legislation and the results of various global tax strategies, may also impact our effective tax rate in future periods.

Net Income

As a result of the foregoing, our net income increased \$48.0 million, or 49.0%, to \$145.8 million during the three months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$97.8 million for the three months ended September 29, 2012.

Comparison of the six months ended September 28, 2013 with the six months ended September 29, 2012

The following table details the results of our operations for the six months ended September 28, 2013 and for the six months ended September 29, 2012, and expresses the relationship of certain line items to total revenue as a percentage (dollars in thousands):

	Six Mont September 28, 2013	ths Ended September 29, 2012	\$ Change	% Change So	% of Total % of Total Revenue for Revenue for the six the six months ended months endec eptember 28, 201 S eptember 29, 2	d
Statements of Operations Data:						
Net sales	\$ 1,323,692	\$ 910,435	\$ 413,257	45.4%		
Licensing revenue	57,470	37,365	20,105	53.8%		
-						
Total revenue	1,381,162	947,800	433,362	45.7%		
Cost of goods sold	534,016	380,900	153,116	40.2%	38.7% 40.2	%
Gross profit	847,146	566,900	280,246	49.4%	61.3% 59.8	5%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	394,092	271,716	122,376	45.0%	28.5% 28.7	%
Depreciation and amortization	34,032	25,313	8,719	34.4%	2.5% 2.7	%
Total operating expenses	428,124	297,029	131,095	44.1%	31.0% 31.3	%
Income from operations	419,022	269,871	149,151	55.3%	30.3% 28.5	%
Interest expense, net	300	990	(690)	-69.7%	0.0% 0.1	%
Foreign currency loss (gain)	276	(650)	926	-142.5%	0.0% -0.1	%
Income before provision for income taxes	418,446	269,531	148,915	55.2%	30.3% 28.4	%
Provision for income taxes	147,642	103,058	44,584	43.3%	10.7% 10.9	1%
	,		,			
Net income	\$ 270,804	\$ 166,473	\$ 104,331	62.7%		

Total Revenue

Total revenue increased \$433.4 million, or 45.7%, to \$1,381.2 million for the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$947.8 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. The increase was the result of an increase in our comparable and non-comparable retail store sales and wholesale sales, as well as increases in our licensing revenue.

The following table details revenues for our three business segments (dollars in thousands):

	Six Mont September 28, 2013	hs Ended September 29, 2012	\$ Change] th	% of Total Revenue for le six months ember 28, 2018	% of Total Revenue for the six months beptember 29, 2012
Revenue:						
Net sales: Retail	\$ 681,245	\$ 457,284	\$ 223,961	49.0%	49.3%	48.2%
Wholesale	642,447	453,151	189,296	41.8%	46.5%	47.8%
Licensing	57,470	37,365	20,105	53.8%	4.2%	3.9%
Total revenue	\$ 1,381,162	\$ 947,800	\$ 433,362	45.7%		

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Retail

Net sales from our retail stores increased \$224.0 million, or 49.0%, to \$681.2 million for the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$457.3 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. We operated 352 retail stores, including concessions, as of September 28, 2013, compared to 269 retail stores, including concessions, as of September 29, 2012. During the six months ended September 28, 2013, our comparable store sales growth increased \$113.3 million, or 25.0%, from the six months ended September 29, 2012. The growth in our comparable store sales was primarily due to an increase in sales of our accessories product line during the six months ended September 28, 2013. In addition, the change to our non-comparable store sales were \$110.7 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, which was primarily the result of operating 83 additional stores since September 29, 2012.

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Wholesale

Net sales to our wholesale customers increased \$189.3 million, or 41.8%, to \$642.4 million for the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$453.2 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. The increase in our wholesale net sales occurred primarily as a result of increased sales of our accessories line as well as footwear during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as we continue to enhance our presence in department and specialty stores by converting more doors to shop-in-shops, and in continuing our expansion of our European operations. Net sales from our European operations increased approximately 108.5% during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012, due largely to an increase in full-price doors to 1,197 from 817 in the same period last year.

Licensing

Revenues earned on our licensing agreements increased \$20.1 million, or 53.8%, to \$57.5 million for the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$37.4 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. The increase in licensing revenue was primarily due to royalties earned on licensing agreements related to sales of watches.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased \$280.2 million, or 49.4%, to \$847.1 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$566.9 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. Gross profit as a percentage of total revenue increased to 61.3% during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to 59.8% during the six months ended September 29, 2012. The increase in profit margin resulted from increases in gross profit margin of 90 basis points and 150 basis points from our retail and wholesale segments, respectively. The increase in profit margin on our retail segment resulted primarily from a more favorable product sales mix during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012. The increase in grost margin on our wholesale segment largely resulted from a decrease in discounts and allowances given, as well as experiencing a more favorable product sales mix during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012.

Total Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses increased \$131.1 million, or 44.1%, to \$428.1 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$297.0 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. Total operating expenses decreased to 31.0% as a percentage of total revenue for the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to 31.3% for the six months ended September 29, 2012. The components that comprise total operating expenses are explained below.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$122.4 million, or 45.0%, to \$394.1 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$271.7 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. The increase was primarily due to increases in our retail occupancy and salary costs of \$64.4 million, an increase in corporate employee-related costs of \$27.1 million, and increases in promotional costs (which consist of advertising, marketing and various promotional costs) of \$14.1 million. The increase in our retail occupancy and payroll costs was due to operating 352 retail stores versus 269 retail stores in the prior period. The increase in our corporate employee-related costs was due primarily due to our continuing expansion into new markets, including domestic and international growth. Advertising costs increased primarily due to our continuing expansion into new markets, including domestic and international, as well as social media during the six months ended September 28, 2013. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenue decreased to 28.5% during the six months ended September 29, 2012. The decrease as a percentage of total revenue was primarily due to achieving economies of scale during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012, as our revenue is increasing at a greater rate relative to our fixed costs.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization increased \$8.7 million, or 34.4%, to \$34.0 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$25.3 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. Increases in depreciation and amortization were primarily due to an increase in the build-out of our new retail locations, new shop-in-shop locations and investments made in our information systems infrastructure to accommodate our growth. Depreciation and amortization decreased to 2.5% as a percentage of total revenue during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to 2.7% for the six months ended September 29, 2012.

Income from Operations

As a result of the foregoing, income from operations increased \$149.2 million, or 55.3%, to \$419.0 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$269.9 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. Income from operations as a percentage of total revenue increased to 30.3% during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to 28.5% for the six months ended September 29, 2012.

The following table details income from operations for our three business segments (dollars in thousands):

	Six Months Ended September 28, September 29, 2013 2012 \$ Change			% Change S	% of Net Sales/ Revenue for the six months eptember 28, 201 8	% of Net Sales/ Revenue for the six months eptember 29, 2012
Income from operations:					•	
Retail	\$ 206,247	\$ 128,315	\$ 77,932	60.7%	30.3%	28.1%
Wholesale	179,577	118,117	61,460	52.0%	28.0%	26.1%
Licensing	33,198	23,439	9,759	41.6%	57.8%	62.7%
Income from operations	\$ 419,022	\$ 269,871	\$ 149,151	55.3%		

Retail

Income from operations for our retail segment increased \$77.9 million, or 60.7%, to \$206.2 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$128.3 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. Income from operations as a percentage of net retail sales for the retail segment increased approximately 2.2% as a percentage of net retail sales to 30.3% during the six months ended September 28, 2013. The increase in retail income from operations as a percentage of net retail sales was due to the increase in gross profit margin during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012, as described in the gross profit discussion above, as well as to a decrease in operating expenses of approximately 1.3% as a percentage of net retail sales during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012. This decrease occurred primarily due to sales increasing at a greater rate relative to fixed expenses during the period.

Wholesale

Income from operations for our wholesale segment increased \$61.5 million, or 52.0%, to \$179.6 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$118.1 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. Income from operations as a percentage of net sales for the wholesale segment increased 1.9% as a percentage of net wholesale sales to 28.0% during the six months ended September 28, 2013. This increase as a percentage of net sales was primarily the result of the increase in gross profit margin, as described in the gross profit discussion above.

Licensing

Income from operations for our licensing segment increased \$9.8 million, or 41.6%, to \$33.2 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$23.4 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. Income from operations as a percentage of licensing revenue for the licensing segment decreased 4.9% as a percentage of licensing revenue to 57.8% during the six months ended September 28, 2013. This decrease as a percentage of licensing revenue was the result of an increase in advertising expenses of \$9.3 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012, as we launched several new advertising initiatives, including social media and other web-based mediums for increasing brand awareness for our upcoming fiscal year. The increase in advertising expenses was offset in part by the aforementioned increase in licensing revenue.

Interest Expense, net

Interest expense decreased \$0.7 million, or 69.7%, to \$0.3 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$1.0 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. The decrease in interest expense was attributable primarily to a decrease in borrowings during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012. The decrease in borrowings during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012. The decrease in borrowings during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012. The decrease in borrowings during the six months ended September 29, 2012.

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comprised of commitment fees and the amortization of deferred borrowing costs.

Foreign Currency Loss (Gain)

Foreign currency loss during the six months ended September 28, 2013 was \$0.3 million as compared to foreign currency gain of \$0.7 million during the six months ended September 29, 2012. The loss during the six months ended September 28, 2013 was primarily due to the settling of certain of our accounts payable in currencies other than the functional currency of the applicable reporting units. The foreign currency gain during the six months ended September 29, 2012 was primarily due to the strengthening of the Japanese Yen relative to the U.S. dollar, which impacted the re-measurement of Yen-denominated intercompany loans with certain of our subsidiaries. There were no balances on these notes at September 28, 2013.

Provision for Income Taxes

We recognized \$147.6 million of income tax expense during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared with \$103.1 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. Our effective tax rate for the six months ended September 28, 2013, before taking into effect certain discrete items, was 36.0%, compared to 38.2% for the six months ended September 29, 2012. The decrease in our effective tax rate was primarily due to the increase in taxable income in certain of our non-U.S. subsidiaries, which are subject to lower statutory income tax rates, during the six months ended September 28, 2013. Our effective tax rate for the six months ended September 28, 2013, after taking into effect these discrete items, was 35.3%. These discrete items were primarily comprised of favorable results of certain examinations completed during the fiscal quarter ended September 28, 2013.

Our effective tax rate may fluctuate from time to time due to the effects of changes in U.S. state and local taxes, tax rates in foreign jurisdictions, and certain other nondeductible expenses and income earned in certain non-U.S. entities with significant net operating loss carryforwards. In addition, factors such as the geographic mix of earnings, enacted tax legislation and the results of various global tax strategies, may also impact our effective tax rate in future periods.

Net Income

As a result of the foregoing, our net income increased \$104.3 million, or 62.7%, to \$270.8 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, compared to \$166.5 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity

Our primary sources of liquidity are the cash flows generated from our operations, along with borrowings available under our 2013 Credit Facility (see below discussion regarding Senior Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility) and available cash and cash equivalents. Our primary use of this liquidity is to fund our ongoing cash requirements, including working capital requirements, global retail store expansion and renovation, construction and renovation of shop-in-shops, investment in information systems infrastructure and expansion of our distribution and corporate facilities. We believe that the cash generated from our operations, together with borrowings available under our revolving credit facility and available cash and cash equivalents, will be sufficient to meet our working capital needs for the next 12 months, including investments made and expenses incurred in connection with our store growth plans, shop-in shop growth, continued systems development, as well as web based sales and marketing initiatives. We spent approximately \$73.6 million on capital expenditures during the six months ended September 28, 2013 and expect to spend approximately \$160.0 million on capital expenditures during the remainder of Fiscal 2014. The majority of these expected expenditures relate to new retail store openings planned for the year, with the remainder being used for investments in connection with developing new shop-in-shops, build-out of our corporate offices and enhancing our information systems infrastructure. In addition, we plan to spend approximately an additional \$15.0 million during the remainder of Fiscal 2014, on intangible assets related to our European retail store expansion.

The following table sets forth key indicators of our liquidity and capital resources (in thousands):

	As of				
	September 28, 2013	March 30, 2013			
Balance Sheet Data:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 618,841	\$ 472,511			
Working capital	\$ 1,127,743	\$ 824,941			
Total assets	\$ 1,707,774	\$ 1,289,565			
Revolving line of credit	\$	\$			

	Six Mon	Six Months Ended				
	September 28, 2013	mber 29, 2012				
Cash Flows Provided By (Used In):						
Operating activities	\$ 181,485	\$	113,680			
Investing activities	(88,268)		(42,841)			
Financing activities	53,174		134,752			
Effect of exchange rate changes	(62)		299			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 146,329	\$	205,890			

Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities increased \$67.8 million to \$181.5 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to \$113.7 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. The increase in cash flows from operating activities is primarily due to an increase in our net income, an increase in changes to our accounts receivable, offset, in part, by an increase in cash outflows on our inventory during the six months ended September 28, 2013 as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012. The increase in the change to our accounts receivable was largely the result of an increase in the collection frequency of certain of our accounts receivables during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012. The increase in cash outflows on our inventory occurred primarily due the increase in our inventory requirements driven by our increased sales during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended sales during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended sales during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended sales during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended sales during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended sales during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended sales during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to the six months ended September 29, 2012.

Cash Used in Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities increased \$45.4 million to \$88.3 million during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to \$42.8 million during the six months ended September 29, 2012. The increase in cash used in investing activities is primarily the result of the build-out of our new retail stores, which were constructed during the six months ended September 28, 2013, shop-in-shops we installed during the six months ended September 28, 2013, as well as certain technology initiatives undertaken during the six months ended September 28, 2013, which related to distribution system enhancements and various other improvements to our infrastructure. In addition, we acquired approximately \$14.7 million of intangible assets (lease rights) related to certain of our stores opened during the six months ended September 28, 2013.

Cash Provided by Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$53.2 million for the six months ended September 28, 2013, as compared to \$134.8 million for the six months ended September 29, 2012. The cash flows from financing activities during the six months ended September 28, 2013, were primarily comprised of proceeds from the exercise of employee share options of approximately \$13.0 million. Cash flows from financing activities related to the six months ended September 29, 2012, were comprised of net borrowing on our revolving credit facility of \$8.9 million, and proceeds from the exercise of employee share options of approximately \$23.7 million.

Revolving Credit Facility

Senior Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility

On February 8, 2013, we terminated the provisions of our existing 2011 Credit Facility and entered into a senior unsecured credit facility (2013 Credit Facility). Pursuant to the agreement the 2013 Credit Facility provides for up to \$200.0 million of borrowings, and expires on February 8, 2018. The agreement also provides for loans and letters of credit to our European subsidiaries of up to \$100.0 million. The 2013 Credit Facility contains financial covenants such as requiring an adjusted leverage ratio of 3.5 to 1.0 (with the ratio being total consolidated indebtedness plus 8.0 times consolidated rent expense to EBITDA plus consolidated rent expense) and a fixed charge coverage ratio of 2.0 to 1.0 (with the ratio being EBITDA plus consolidated rent expense to the sum of fixed charges plus consolidated rent expense), restricts and limits additional indebtedness, and restricts the incurrence of additional liens and cash dividends. As of September 28, 2013, we were in compliance with all of our covenants covered under this agreement.

Borrowings under the 2013 Credit Facility accrue interest at the rate per annum announced from time to time by the agent a rate based on the rates applicable for deposits in the London interbank market for U.S. Dollars or the applicable currency in which the loans are made (the Adjusted LIBOR) plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin may range from 1.25% to 2.5%, and is based, or dependent upon, a particular threshold related to the adjusted leverage ratio calculated during the period of borrowing. For the six months ended September 28, 2013, the weighted average interest rate for the revolving credit facility was 1.59%. The 2013 Credit Facility requires an annual facility fee of \$0.1 million, and an annual commitment fee of 0.25% to 0.35% on the unused portion of the available credit under the facility.

As of September 28, 2013, there were no amounts outstanding under the 2013 Credit Facility, and the amount available for future borrowings was \$189.2 million. The largest amount borrowed during the six months ended September 28, 2013, was \$6.6 million. At September 28, 2013, there were stand-by letters of credit of \$10.8 million.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

As of September 28, 2013, our lease commitments and contractual obligations were as follows (in thousands):

	Remainder		Fiscal		
	of Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	2019 and	
Fiscal year ending	2014	2015-2016	2017-2018	Thereafter	Total
Operating leases	\$ 57,620	\$ 239,498	\$ 234,481	\$ 480,770	\$ 1,012,368

Operating lease obligations represent the minimum lease rental payments under non-cancelable operating leases for our real estate locations globally. In addition to the above amounts, we are typically required to pay real estate taxes, contingent rent based on sales volume and other occupancy costs relating to our leased properties for our retail stores.

Excluded from the above commitments is \$13.5 million of long-term liabilities related to uncertain tax positions, due to the uncertainty of the time and nature of resolution.

The above table also excludes amounts included in current liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet as of September 28, 2013, as these items will be paid within one year, and non-current liabilities that have no cash outflows associated with them (e.g., deferred taxes).

We do not have any long-term purchase obligations that represent firm commitments at September 28, 2013.

Research and Development, Patents and Licenses, etc.

We do not conduct research and development activities.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

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We have not created, and are not affiliated with, any special-purpose or off-balance sheet entities for the purpose of raising capital, incurring debt or operating our business. We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements or relationships with entities that are not consolidated into our financial statements that have or are reasonably likely to have a material current or future effect on our financial condition, revenues, expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

We have considered all new accounting pronouncements, and other than the recent pronouncement discussed below, have concluded that there are no new pronouncements that have a material impact on our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows based on current information.

During the fiscal quarter ended June 29, 2013, we adopted the provisions of Accounting Standard Update 2013-02 Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (ASU 2013-02) which the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued in February 2013. ASU 2013-02 requires an entity to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. The ASU is effective for annual periods and interim periods within those periods beginning after December 15, 2012. For the three and six months ended September 28, 2013, the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income were \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million, respectively.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to certain market risks during the normal course of our business, such as risk arising from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, as well as fluctuations in interest rates. In attempts to manage these risks, we employ certain strategies to mitigate the effect of these fluctuations. Currently we enter into foreign currency forward contracts to manage our foreign currency exposure to the fluctuations of certain foreign currencies. The use of these instruments helps to manage our exposure to our foreign purchase commitments and better control our product costs. Other than these purchase commitments, we do not use these foreign exchange contracts for any other purposes. In addition, we do not use derivatives for speculative purposes.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

We are exposed to risks on certain purchase commitments to foreign suppliers based on the value of the functional currency relative to the local currency of the supplier on the date of the commitment. As such, we enter into forward currency contracts that generally mature in 12 months or less and are consistent with the related purchase commitments. These contracts are recorded at fair value in our consolidated balance sheets as either an asset or liability, and are derivative contracts to hedge cash flow risks. Certain of these contracts, currently a relatively small portion, are designated as hedges for accounting purposes. Accordingly, the changes in the fair value of the majority of these contracts at the balance sheet date and upon maturity (settlement) are recorded in our cost of sales or operating expenses, in our consolidated statement of operations, as applicable to the transactions for which the forward exchange contracts were established. Regarding those contracts which are designated as hedges for accounting purposes, any portion of those contracts deemed ineffective would be charged to earnings, in the same manner as those contracts charged to earnings above, in the period the ineffectiveness was determined.

We perform a sensitivity analysis, on those contracts not designated as hedges for accounting purposes, to determine the effects of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. For this sensitivity analysis, we assume a hypothetical change in U.S. dollar against foreign exchange rates. Based on all foreign currency exchange contracts outstanding as of September 28, 2013, a 10% devaluation of the U.S. dollar compared to the level of foreign currency exchange rates for currencies under contract as of September 28, 2013 would result in an increase of approximately \$0.3 million of net unrealized foreign currency gains. Conversely, a 10% appreciation of the U.S. dollar would result in an increase approximately of \$0.3 million of net unrealized foreign currency loss.

Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to interest rate risk in relation to our Credit Facility. Our Credit Facility carries interest rates that are tied to LIBOR and the prime rate, among other institutional lending rates (depending on the particular origination of borrowing), and therefore our statements of operations and cash flows are exposed to changes in those interest rates. At September 28, 2013, there was no outstanding balance on our Credit Facility. The balance of our Credit Facility at September 28, 2013, is not indicative of future balances that may be subject to fluctuations in interest rates. Any increases in the applicable interest rate(s) would cause an increase to the interest expense on our Credit Facility relative to any outstanding balance at that date.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, or CEO, and Chief Financial Officer, or CFO, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of September 28, 2013. Based on that evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the three months ended September 28, 2013 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 30, 2013, for a detailed discussion of certain risk factors that could materially adversely affect the Company s business, operating results and/or financial condition. There are no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed, nor has the Company identified any previously undisclosed risks that could materially adversely affect the Company s business, operating results and/or financial condition.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

a. Exhibits

See accompanying Exhibit Index included after the signature page of this report for a list of exhibits filed or furnished with this report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized on November 7, 2013.

MICHAEL KORS HOLDINGS LIMITED

By: /s/ John D. Idol Name: John D. Idol Title: Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

By:/s/ Joseph B. ParsonsName:Joseph B. ParsonsTitle:Executive Vice President, Chief Financial
Officer, Chief Operating Officer and Treasurer

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Chief Executive Officer.
32.2	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Chief Financial Officer.
101.1	The following financial information from the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for the period ended June 29, 2013, formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language: (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity (iv)

(1) Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the Interactive Data Files on Exhibit 101.1 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. (1)