UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2006

OR

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File No. 0-23224

GREAT LAKES AVIATION, LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Iowa (State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

42-1135319 (I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

82001

1022 Airport Parkway, Cheyenne, WY

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(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (307) 432-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No $\ddot{}$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes " No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

As of April 30, 2006, 14,071,970 shares of Common Stock of the registrant were issued and outstanding.

GREAT LAKES AVIATION, LTD.

FORM 10-Q

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2006

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Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

In accordance with the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Great Lakes Aviation, Ltd. (Great Lakes, the Company, or we) notes that certain statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and elsewhere are forward-looking and provide other than historical information. The Company s management may also make oral, forward-looking statements from time to time. These forward-looking statements include, among others, statements concerning the Company s general business strategies, financing decisions, and expectations for funding expenditures and operations in the future. The words, believe, plan, continue, hope, estimate, project, intend, and similar expressions reflected in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, and none of the statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or elsewhere should be relied upon as predictions of future events. Such statements are necessarily dependent on assumptions, data, or methods that may be incorrect or imprecise, and may be incapable of being realized. The risks and uncertainties that are inherent in these forward-looking statements could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by these statements.

As more fully described in this report, important factors that could cause results to differ materially from the expectations reflected in any forward-looking statements include:

- 1) the Company's dependence on its code-sharing relationships with United Air Lines, Inc. (United Air Lines or United), which completed its reorganization under the United States Bankruptcy Code on February 1, 2006, and Frontier Airlines, Inc. (Frontier Airlines or Frontier);
- 2) the Company s ability to either:
 - (i) regain and maintain compliance with the Company s existing debt and lease obligations, including those debt and lease obligations that were restructured as of December 31, 2002, or
 - (ii) re-negotiate the Company s debt and lease obligations to a level that the Company can reasonably service, based upon the Company s current and projected cash flows;
- 3) the acceleration of one or more of the Company s debt obligations that would force the Company to seek legal protection or discontinue operations;
- 4) the effect of general economic conditions on business and leisure travel;
- 5) the incidence of domestic and international terrorism and military actions;
- 6) the incidence of pandemic diseases, storms and other natural disasters;
- 7) the level of passenger confidence in the safety of air travel;
- 8) the volatility and level of fuel costs;
- 9) seasonality of passenger traffic;

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- 10) the receipt of economically sufficient Essential Air Service subsidies;
- 11) increases in insurance and security expenses;

12) the possibility of increased competition from other air carriers (including United and Frontier) and from ground transportation; and

13) the level of regulatory and environmental costs.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements contained herein, which speak only as of the date hereof. Changes may occur after that date, and the Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking statements except as required by law in the normal course of its public disclosure practices.

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GREAT LAKES AVIATION, LTD.

Balance Sheets

(unaudited)

| | March 31, | December 31, |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash | \$ 855,548 | \$ 1,907,357 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$10,000, at March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 | 5,585,723 | 5,065,753 |
| Inventories | 1,425,058 | 1,921,514 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 719,243 | 981,413 |
| Total current assets | 8,585,572 | 9,876,037 |
| | | |
| Property and equipment: | | |
| Flight equipment | 111,201,895 | 111,112,718 |
| Other property and equipment | 8,628,689 | 8,583,983 |
| Less accumulated depreciation and amortization | (46,290,442) | (44,869,392) |
| Total property and equipment | 73,540,142 | 74,827,309 |
| Other assets | 1,809,157 | 1,775,477 |
| Total assets | \$ 83,934,871 | \$ 86,478,823 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders Deficit | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Notes payable and current maturities of long-term debt | \$ 19,223,786 | \$ 16,391,173 |
| Long-term debt classified as current | 58,672,920 | 62,512,503 |
| Accounts payable | 5,960,182 | 7,267,480 |
| Accrued interest, unearned revenue and other liabilities | 10,791,005 | 10,313,208 |
| Deferred lease payments | 8,525,596 | 8,276,224 |
| Total current liabilities | 103,173,489 | 104,760,588 |
| Deferred credits | 257,913 | 269,622 |
| Stockholders deficit: | | |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value. | 140,720 | 140,720 |
| Authorized: 50,000,000 shares | | |
| Issued and outstanding: 14,071,970 at March 31, 2006 and at December 31, 2005 | | |
| Paid-in capital | 33,468,644 | 33,468,644 |
| Accumulated deficit | (53,105,895) | (52,160,751) |
| | | |
| Total stockholders deficit | (19,496,531) | (18,551,387) |
| Commitments and Contingencies (Note 8) | | |

Total liabilities and stockholders deficit

\$ 83,934,871 \$ 86,478,823

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

GREAT LAKES AVIATION, LTD.

Statements of Operations

For the Three Months Ended March 31,

(Unaudited)

| | | 2006 | 2005 |
|---|----|-----------|----------------|
| Operating Revenues: | | | |
| Passenger | | 3,718,184 | \$ 11,647,202 |
| Public service | | 6,022,938 | 4,369,902 |
| Freight, charter, and other | | 344,707 | 168,054 |
| Total operating revenues | 2 | 0,085,829 | 16,185,158 |
| | | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | |
| Salaries, wages, and benefits | | 5,093,093 | 5,177,580 |
| Aircraft fuel | | 4,553,711 | 3,369,647 |
| Aircraft maintenance, materials, and repairs | | 3,501,007 | 2,391,600 |
| Commissions | | 39,864 | 46,199 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 1,449,500 | 1,647,685 |
| Aircraft rental | | 440,397 | 440,397 |
| Other rentals and landing fees | | 1,215,988 | 1,173,494 |
| Other operating expenses | | 3,872,246 | 3,305,079 |
| Total operating expenses | 2 | 0,165,806 | 17,551,681 |
| | | | |
| Operating loss | | (79,977) | (1,366,523) |
| Other income (expense): | | | |
| Interest expense, net | | (865,167) | (517,011) |
| Net loss | \$ | (945,144) | \$ (1,883,534) |
| Net loss per share: | | | |
| Basic | \$ | (0.07) | \$ (0.13) |
| Diluted | \$ | (0.07) | \$ (0.13) |
| Weighted average shares outstanding: | | | |
| Basic | 1 | 4,071,970 | 14,071,970 |
| Diluted | 1 | 4,071,970 | 14,071,970 |
| See accompanying notes to financial statements. | | | |

GREAT LAKES AVIATION, LTD.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Three Months Ended March 31,

(Unaudited)

| | 2006 | 2005 |
|---|--------------|----------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net loss | \$ (945,144) | \$ (1,883,534) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,440,500 | 1,647,685 |
| Gain (loss) on disposition of assets | (440) | 76,171 |
| Change in current operating items: | | |
| (Increase)/Decrease in accounts receivable | (519,970) | 1,334,242 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in inventories | 496,456 | (89,930) |
| Decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets | 228,490 | 133,333 |
| Decrease in accounts payable | (1,307,298) | (660,695) |
| Increase/(Decrease) in accrued liabilities and unearned revenue | (81,193) | 636,788 |
| Increase in deferred lease payments | 249,372 | 435,372 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | (439,227) | 1,629,432 |
| | | |
| CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Purchase of flight equipment and other property and equipment | (152,893) | (424,727) |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities | (152,893) | (424,727) |
| CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Repayment of notes payable and long-term debt | (459,689) | (99,720) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (459,689) | (99,720) |
| NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH | (1,051,809) | 1,104,985 |
| Cash | | |
| Beginning of period | 1,907,357 | 1,111,375 |
| End of period | \$ 855,548 | \$ 2,216,360 |
| Supplementary cash flow information: | | |
| Cash paid during the period for interest | \$ 1,049,967 | \$ 80.485 |
| See accompanying notes to financial statements. | ÷ 1,012,207 | ÷ 00,100 |

Great Lakes Aviation, LTD.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2006

(unaudited)

NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the accompanying unaudited financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the financial statements for the respective periods. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s audited financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2005.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The Company considers its critical accounting policies involving more significant judgments and estimates to be those related to impairment of long-lived assets, deferred income taxes, and depreciation and residual values. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Our financial statements have been prepared assuming we will continue as a going concern. During the quarter ended March 31, 2006, the Company was unable to make the full monthly payments due under the Company s outstanding aircraft debt and lease obligations. As of March 31, 2006, the Company was in arrears with respect to almost all of the Company s aircraft debt and lease obligations. The Company does not believe that it will be able to generate sufficient cash flows to satisfy the outstanding arrearages or regain compliance with the Company s aircraft debt and lease agreements during the remainder of 2006. In the event that the Company is unable to (i) satisfy the outstanding arrearages, negotiate terms for restructuring the arrearages, or obtain alternate debt and lease financing, and (ii) make payments on all debt and lease obligations in a timely manner, the Company is at risk that one or more of the Company s debt obligations will be accelerated, thereby forcing the Company to seek legal protection from its creditors or discontinue operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result if the Company were forced to discontinue operations.

NOTE 2. Stock Based Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*, and related interpretations, or SFAS 123(R), to account for stock-based compensation using the modified prospective transition method and therefore will not restate our prior period results. SFAS 123(R) supersedes Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, or APB No. 25, and revises guidance in SFAS 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. Among other things, SFAS 123(R) requires that compensation expense be recognized in the financial statements for share-based awards based on the grant date fair value of those awards.

SFAS 123R is effective for all stock options we grant beginning January 1, 2006. At December 31, 2005 all outstanding stock options were issued under the 1993 Stock Option Plan or the Great Lakes Aviation, Ltd. 1993 Director Stock Option Plan (collectively, the Plans) and were fully vested. Accordingly, the Company was not required to recognize compensation expense under SFAS 123(R). Pursuant to their terms both Plans expired on October 31, 2003, and no further options may be granted. However, all outstanding options shall remain in effect until such outstanding options have either expired, are exercised, or are cancelled.

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company accounted for stock option awards granted under the Company s Stock Incentive Plan in accordance with the recognition and measurement provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, (APB 25) and related Interpretations, as permitted by SFAS 123. Share-based employee compensation expense was not recognized in the Company s statements of

operations prior to January 1, 2006, as all stock option awards granted had an exercise price equal to or greater than the market value of the common stock on the date of the grant. As permitted by SFAS 123, the Company reported pro-forma disclosures presenting results and earnings per share as if the Company had used the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123 in the Notes to Financial Statements. Stock-based compensation related to non-employees granted was accounted for based on the fair value of the related stock or options in accordance with SFAS 123 and its interpretations.

The fair value of options is determined at the grant date using a Black-Scholes option pricing model, which requires us to make several assumptions. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect for the expected term of the option at the time of grant. The dividend yield on our common stock is assumed to be zero since we do not pay dividends and have no current plans to do so in the future. The market price volatility of our common stock is based on the historical volatility of our common stock over a time period equal to the expected term of the option and ending on the grant date. The expected life of the options is based on our historical experience.

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2005, the Company applied the intrinsic value method of accounting for stock options as prescribed by APB 25 and elected the pro-forma disclosure option under SFAS No. 123. If compensation expense had been recognized based on the estimated fair value of each option granted in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123 as amended by SFAS 148, our net loss and net loss per share would have been reduced by less than \$1,000 and there would be no impact on net loss per share. There were no stock options granted during the quarterly period ending March 31, 2005.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2006, there were no options granted, exercised, cancelled or forfeited. The Company did not realize any tax deductions related to the exercise of stock options during the quarter. The Company will record such deductions to additional paid in capital when realized. There are no shares available for grant under the Plans as of March 31, 2006. The aggregate intrinsic value for options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2006 was \$366,015. There was no unrecognized compensation cost from unvested stock options as of January 1, 2006.

Stock options outstanding and currently exercisable at March 31, 2006 are as follows:

Options Outstanding and Exercisable

| | Weighted Average | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|----|------------|
| | Number of | Remaining | | |
| | Options | Contractual Life | | ed Average |
| D | | (******) | | ercise |
| Range of exercise prices | Outstanding | (in years) | - | orice |
| \$0.31 - \$0.40 | 410,000 | 6.8 | \$ | 0.40 |
| \$1.06 - \$1.41 | 40,000 | 4.0 | \$ | 1.21 |
| \$2.75 | 120,000 | 2.4 | \$ | 2.75 |
| | | | | |
| | 570,000 | 5.6 | \$ | 0.95 |

NOTE 3. Aircraft

As of March 31, 2006, the Company s fleet consisted of 25 Beechcraft Model 1900D 19-passenger aircraft and six Embraer Brasilia Model EMB-120ER 30-passenger aircraft.

The following table presents a summary of the Company s aircraft as of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005:

| | March 3 | March 31, 2006 | | 31, 2005 |
|---------------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| | Beechcraft Embra | | Beechcraft Embraer Beechcraft | |
| | 1900D | Brasilia | 1900D | Brasilia |
| Owned | 25 | 4 | 25 | 4 |
| Operating leases | | 2 | | 2 |
| | 25 | 6 | 25 | 6 |
| Leased to another carrier | (2) | | (2) | |
| Available for operations | 23 | 6 | 23 | 6 |

In February 2005, the Company leased two Beechcraft 1900D aircraft to another air carrier pursuant to leases with terms that were extended to August 8, 2006. As permitted under a lease assignment agreement with the Company, on April 21, 2005, Raytheon advised the lessee of these aircraft that an event of default had occurred under financing arrangements between Raytheon and the Company and that the lessee was directed to pay all amounts due and payable under the leases directly to Raytheon.

Note 4. Earnings (loss) per share

The following table shows the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share:

| | Three mo | nths ended | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Mar | March 31, | | |
| | 2006 | 2005 | | |
| Numerator: | | | | |
| Net loss | \$ (945,144) | \$ (1,883,534) | | |
| Denominator: | | | | |
| Weighted average shares outstanding, basic | 14,071,970 | 14,071,970 | | |
| Dilutive effect of employee stock options | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Weighted average shares outstanding, diluted | 14,071,970 | 14,071,970 | | |
| Loss per share, basic | \$ (0.07) | \$ (0.13) | | |
| Loss per share, diluted | \$ (0.07) | \$ (0.13) | | |

For the three months ended March 31, 2006, and March 31, 2005, outstanding options of 570,000 were excluded from the calculation of net loss per diluted common share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

NOTE 5. Notes Payable and Long-Term Debt

At March 31, 2006, the Company was in arrears with respect to almost all of the Company s aircraft debt and lease obligations. Furthermore, the Company does not believe that it will be able to generate sufficient cash flows to satisfy the outstanding arrearages or regain compliance with the Company s aircraft debt and lease agreements during the remainder of the Company s fiscal year 2006. Therefore, the amounts of the Company s long-term debt that would otherwise be contractually due and payable after one year are reflected on the Company s balance sheets as long-term debt classified as current .

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On April 25, 2005, Raytheon notified the Company that due to the Company s current defaults, it intended to reduce its exposure by requiring the Company to return five Beechcraft 1900D aircraft to Raytheon by June 30, 2005. The five aircraft returned may not include either of the two aircraft the Company leases to another airline. Among other things, the notice requested a full monthly payment by April 29, 2005, the return of all six spare engines that had been loaned to the Company, the sale of the Company s owned six spare engines, and the remitting of the proceeds to Raytheon. The Company returned one aircraft in June 2005, returned one aircraft in July 2005, returned two aircraft in August 2005, and returned one aircraft in September 2005 in exchange for the cancellation and extinguishment of five related promissory notes. As a result, the Company reduced the net book value of its owned aircraft by \$12.3 million, reduced its outstanding aircraft debt and accrued interest by \$12.9 million, and recorded gains on cancellation of debt obligations of \$0.6 million in 2005. Upon the return of each aircraft, Raytheon released the Company from all future obligations including past due principal under the related financing. The Company remains obligated to pay Raytheon past due interest obligations of \$0.5 million on the five aircraft.

Since entering into the Restructuring Agreement with Raytheon in December 2002, the Company has been in continual negotiations with Raytheon, its principal aircraft creditor to amend its debt terms; to accommodate changes in fare levels, competition, and the changing strategies of its code sharing partners. Discussions with Raytheon have included proposed modifications of the schedule of debt payments to reflect seasonal cash flows. The Company continues to negotiate with Raytheon, Boeing, CIT Group, and FINOVA to assure availability of sufficient aircraft and to achieve a restructuring of its obligations consistent with reasonably expected future cash flows. The Company does not know whether it will be successful in such negotiations or whether the terms of any restructuring will permit continued operations at the current level.

On April 27, 2005, Boeing Capital Corporation (Boeing) gave the Company a notice of default under its lease agreements pursuant to which the Company leases two Embraer EMB-120ER aircraft, and directed the Company to pay Boeing, within five days, all amounts currently owing under those agreements. The notice stated that failure to do so would cause Boeing to exercise other rights as it deems appropriate. At March 31, 2006, the total amount due under the leases, including installments and penalty interest, was \$9.0 million.

The Company has an Amended Note payable to CIT Group for the financing of three of the Company s Embraer Brasilia aircraft. During the first quarter of 2006, the Company made payments of principal and interest on the Amended Note in the amount of \$0.2 million, but failed to make scheduled payments of \$0.1 million. As of March 31, 2006, the Company was in arrears on payments of principal due under the terms of the Amended Note in the amount of \$1.2 million. The Company continues to engage in negotiations with CIT Group regarding terms of repayment for remaining amounts due. As of March 31, 2006, the total principal amount owed to CIT Group is \$3.2 million, which is collateralized by three Embraer EMB-120ER aircraft.

The Company s creditors have a variety of remedies under the foregoing debt and lease obligations. Raytheon could, among other things, declare all unpaid principal and interest immediately due and payable and take possession of all the Beechcraft 1900D aircraft, one Embraer EMB-120ER aircraft, and other assets of the Company. Boeing could terminate the leases on two Embraer EMB-120ER aircraft and take legal action to recover the past due lease installments and related interest, as well as the stipulated loss value of the aircraft. CIT Group could declare debt obligations due to it from the Company in default and seek to recover amounts the Company owes by the sale of the three owned Embraer EMB-120ER aircraft that collateralize its debt.

The amount of long-term debt classified as current also includes additional amounts of debt recorded pursuant to the provisions of the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 15, *Accounting by Debtors and Creditors for Troubled Debt Restructuring* (SFAS No. 15). This additional debt is being amortized as a reduction of interest expense over the remaining term of the debt.

The following table sets forth, as of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the amounts of the Company s long-term debt, the amounts of current maturities of long-term debt, the amounts of long-term debt classified as current, and the additional amounts of debt carried by the Company on its books pursuant to SFAS No. 15:

| | March 31, | December 31, |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| Long-Term Debt: | | |
| Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation | \$ 66,238,806 | \$ 66,485,046 |
| Additional carrying value under SFAS 15 | 8,377,761 | 8,925,042 |
| Other long-term notes | 3,280,139 | 3,493,588 |
| Total long-term debt | 77,896,706 | 78,903,676 |
| Less: | | |
| Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation current maturities of long term debt and additional carrying value | | |
| under SFAS 15 | (16,798,647) | (14,037,585) |
| Other current maturities of long-term debt | (2,425,139) | (2,353,588) |
| Long-term debt net of current maturities | 58,672,920 | 62,512,503 |
| Less: | | |
| Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation long-term debt reclassified as current and additional carrying value | | |
| under SFAS 15 | (57,817,920) | (61,372,503) |
| Other long-term debt reclassified as current | (855,000) | (1,140,000) |
| Long-term debt classified as current | (58,672,920) | (62,512,503) |
| Net long-term debt | \$ 0 | \$ 0 |

Reduction of Debt Balances. During the first quarter of 2006, the Company made principal payments in the aggregate amount of \$0.5 million against the Company s outstanding debt balances. The Company also reduced the additional carrying value under SFAS 15 by \$0.5 million due to the amortization of the additional carrying value which was \$8.9 million as of December 31, 2005.

NOTE 6. Past Due Amounts to Code Share Partner

In July 2003, the Company negotiated an agreement with United to repay a deferred payable in the amount of \$6.1 million. For the quarter ending March 31, 2006, the Company reduced this payable by \$764,295. On April 4, 2006 the Company made the final payment to United which has eliminated any past due accounts with United.

NOTE 7. Related Parties

As of March 31, 2006, Raytheon owned 5,371,980 shares of Common Stock of the Company, representing an approximate 38.2% interest in the Company s outstanding Common Stock. The Company acquires various aircraft parts from Raytheon for maintenance. Total payments for the various aircraft parts were \$265,000 for the quarter ending March 31, 2006. As of March 31, 2006, Douglas G. Voss, the Company s Chairman and major shareholder, is considered the beneficial owner of 5,879,245 shares of Common Stock, which includes 300,000 shares of Common Stock subject to currently exercisable options and represents 40.9% of the outstanding Common Stock of the Company. Accordingly, Mr. Voss and Raytheon are in a position to control the management and affairs of the Company.

NOTE 8. Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Litigation. The Company is a party to legal claims and assertions arising in the ordinary course of business. Management believes that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

(b) Union Agreements. The Company s pilots are represented by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters. The Company s labor agreement with the pilots became amendable on October 30, 2000, and negotiations are continuing. In March 2002, the Company s pilots voted to authorize a strike in the event that negotiations did not result in an amended contract. The Company is in active negotiations with the pilots. The Company s flight attendants are represented by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, and the Company s agreement with the flight attendants became amendable in April 2002. The Company is in active negotiations with the flight attendants. In 2003, the Company s dispatchers voted to be represented by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters. As of April 30, 2006, the Company and the dispatchers were in active negotiations for an initial labor agreement.

(c) Significant Concentrations. The Company is a regional airline operating as an independent carrier and as a code share partner with United and Frontier. Effective May 1, 2001, the Company and United entered into a code share agreement, which expired on December 31, 2005. The Company and United continue to operate under the renewal provisions of the agreement while they negotiate a new agreement. On May 3, 2001, the Company entered into a similar code share agreement with Frontier, which remains in effect continuously unless terminated by either party.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company

The Company is a regional airline operating as an independent carrier and as a code share partner with United Air Lines, Inc. (United Air Lines or United) and Frontier Airlines, Inc. (Frontier Airlines or Frontier). As of April 30, 2006, the Company is providing scheduled passenger service at 40 airports in ten states with a fleet of Embraer EMB-120 Brasilias and Raytheon/Beech 1900D regional airliners. A total of 198 weekday flights are scheduled daily, including 142 flights at Denver, eight flights at Albuquerque, and 20 flights at Phoenix. All scheduled flights are operated under the Great Lakes Airlines marketing identity in conjunction with code-share agreements with United Airlines and Frontier Airlines at the Denver International Airport and Phoenix International Airport hubs. See Note 1 to the Financial Statements for a discussion of liquidity and the Company s ability to continue as a going concern.

General information about the Company can be found at www.flygreatlakes.com. The Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and Current Reports on Form 8-K, as well as any amendments and exhibits to those reports, are available free of charge through the Company s web site as soon as reasonably practicable after the Company has filed such reports with, or furnished them to, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). Information on the Company s web site is not incorporated into, nor a part of, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or any of the Company s other filings with the SEC.

Current Year Developments

Essential Air Service Contracts. The company is currently involved in the active bidding process with the U.S. Department of Transportation for the renewal of Essential Air Service contracts to provide scheduled air service to Pierre, SD, Grand Island, NB, Kearney, NB, McCook, NB, North Platte, NB, and Scottsbluff, NB.

As of March 31, 2006, the Company provided essential air service to 29 communities that maintain eligibility in the U.S. Department of Transportation Essential Air Service Program and provides scheduled air service to Sierra Vista, AZ. with the assistance of a grant awarded to the Arizona Department of Transportation provided by the DOT Small Community Air Service Development Program.

Other Essential Air Service Matters. The DOT is required to reimburse subsidized carriers for increases in costs in excess of 10% over those used in determining the subsidy award. Fuel costs have increased beyond the 10% threshold; however, the amount of potential recovery of such costs, if any, is unknown.

Events Related to Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation and Boeing Capital Corporation Subsequent to March 31, 2006. The Company is involved in active negotiations to restructure the debt obligations on 25 Beech 1900D aircraft with Raytheon and the lease obligations on two Embraer EMB-120ER aircraft with Boeing.

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2006 and 2005.

The following table sets forth certain financial information regarding the Company s results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005.

Statement of Operations Data

(dollars in thousands)

| | | For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2006 2005 Cents % Increase C | | | Cents |
|--|----------------|---|------------|----------------|--------|
| | Amount | per | (decrease) | Amount | per |
| | (in thousands) | ASM | from 2005 | (in thousands) | ASM |
| Operating revenues | | | | | |
| Passenger | \$ 13,718 | 19.4¢ | 17.8% | \$ 11,647 | 17.7¢ |
| Public service | 6,023 | 8.5 | 37.8 | 4,370 | 6.6 |
| Other | 345 | 0.5 | 105.4 | 168 | 0.3 |
| | | | | | |
| Total operating revenues | 20,086 | 28.5 | 24.1 | 16,185 | 24.5 |
| | | | | | |
| Salaries, wages, and benefits | 5,093 | 7.2 | (1.6) | 5,178 | 7.9 |
| Aircraft fuel | 4,554 | 6.5 | 35.1 | 3,370 | 5.1 |
| Aircraft maintenance materials and component repairs | 3,501 | 5.0 | 46.4 | 2,392 | 3.7 |
| Commissions | 40 | 0.1 | (13.0) | 46 | 0.1 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,450 | 2.1 | (12.0) | 1,648 | 2.5 |
| Aircraft rental | 440 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 440 | 0.7 |
| Other rentals and landing fees | 1,216 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 1,173 | 1.8 |
| Other operating expense | 3,872 | 5.5 | 17.2 | 3,305 | 5.0 |
| Total operating expenses | 20,166 | 28.6 | 14.9 | 17,552 | 26.6 |
| Operating income (loss) | (80) | (0.1) | 94.1 | (1,367) | (2.1) |
| Interest expense, net | (865) | (1.2) | 67.3 | (517) | (0.8) |
| Net income (loss) | \$ (945) | (1.3)¢ | (49.8)% | \$ (1,884) | (2.9)¢ |

Selected Operating Data

The following table sets forth certain selected operating data regarding the Company s operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005.

| | Increase/ | | |
|--|-----------|------------|-----------|
| | March 31, | (decrease) | March 31, |
| | 2006 | from 2005 | 2005 |
| Selected Operating Data: | | | |
| Available seat miles (in thousands) (1) | 70,584 | 6.7% | 66,128 |
| Revenue passenger miles (in thousands) (2) | 29,946 | 6.4% | 28,149 |
| Revenue passengers carried | 113,957 | 8.9% | 104,663 |
| Departures flown | 15,516 | 14.4% | 13,565 |
| Passenger load factor (3) | 42.4% | -0.5% | 42.6% |
| Average yield per revenue passenger mile (4) | 45.8¢ | 10.6% | 41.4¢ |
| Revenue per available seat miles (5) | 28.5¢ | 16.3% | 24.5¢ |
| Cost per available seat mile (6) | 28.6¢ | 7.5% | 26.6¢ |
| Average passenger fare (7) | \$ 120.38 | 8.2% | \$ 111.28 |
| Average passenger trip length (miles) (8) | 263 | -2.2% | 269 |
| Average cost per gallon of fuel | \$ 2.25 | 24.3% | \$ 1.81 |

(1) Available seat miles or ASMs represent the number of seats available for passengers in scheduled flights multiplied by the number of scheduled miles those seats are flown.

(2) Revenue passenger miles or RPMs represent the number of miles flown by revenue passengers.

(3) Passenger load factor represents the percentage of seats filled by revenue passengers and is calculated by dividing revenue passenger miles by available seat miles.

(4) Average yield per revenue passenger mile represents the average passenger revenue received for each mile a revenue passenger is carried.

(5) Revenue per available seat mile or RASM represents the average total operating revenue received for each available seat mile.

(6) Operating cost per available seat mile represents operating expenses divided by available seat miles.

- (7) Average passenger fare represents passenger revenue divided by the number of revenue passengers carried.
- (8) Average passenger trip length represents revenue passenger miles divided by the number of revenue passengers carried.

Comparison of First Quarter 2006 to First Quarter 2005

Passenger Revenues. Passenger revenues were \$13.7 million in the first quarter of 2006, an increase of 17.8% from \$11.6 million in the first quarter of 2005. The \$2.1 million increase in passenger revenues is primarily attributable to a 6.4% increase in revenue passenger miles during the first quarter of 2006 along with an 10.6% increase in average yield. The Company s available seat mile (ASM) capacity for the first quarter of 2005 as a result of an increase in the number of the Company s regularly scheduled flights.

Public Service Revenues. At March 31, 2006, the Company served 28 communities on a subsidized basis under the U.S. Department of Transportation Essential Air Service Program. Public service revenues collected through the Essential Air Service Program increased 37.8% to \$6.0 million during the first quarter of 2006, as compared to \$4.4 million during the first quarter of 2005. The increase in public service revenue was due primarily to an increase in the number of communities served by the Company under the Essential Air Service Program.

Other Revenues. Other revenues were \$0.3 million during the first quarter of 2006, an increase of 105.4% from the first quarter of 2005. The 105.4% increase was primarily due to rental income from the lease of two excess Beechcraft 1900D aircraft and unrelated contract maintenance services.

Operating Expenses. Total operating expenses were \$20.2 million, or 28.6 cents per ASM, in the first quarter of 2006, as compared to \$17.6 million, or 26.6 cents per ASM in the first quarter of 2005.

<u>Salaries</u>, <u>Wages</u>, <u>and Benefits</u>. Salaries, wages, and benefits were \$5.1 million in the first quarter of 2006, a decrease of 1.6% from \$5.2 million in the first quarter of 2005. The decrease in salaries, wages, and benefits is primarily attributable to cost reductions of employee related insurance. These decreases were partially offset by increases resulting from additional cities served and pay rate increases.

<u>Aircraft Fuel Expense</u>. Aircraft fuel expense and into-plane expense was \$4.6 million, or 6.5 cents per ASM, in the first quarter of 2006. In comparison, the Company s aircraft fuel expense and into-plane expense for the first quarter of 2005 was \$3.4 million, or 5.1 cents per ASM. The 35.1% increase in the Company s aircraft fuel expense is attributable to a 24.3% increase in the average cost of fuel per gallon, and a 5.7% increase in consumption as the result of a 6.7% increase in the Company s available seat miles.

The average cost of fuel increased from \$1.81 per gallon in the first quarter of 2005 to \$2.25 per gallon in the first quarter of 2006. The effect of the \$0.44 increase in cost per gallon was an increase in total cost of \$0.9 million in 2006 from price changes only. At current rates of consumption, a one cent increase or decrease in the per gallon price of fuel will increase or decrease the Company s fuel expense by approximately \$79,000 annually.

<u>Aircraft Maintenance, Materials, and Component Repairs</u>. Aircraft maintenance, materials, and component repairs expense was \$3.5 million during the first quarter of 2006, which was a 46.4% increase from \$2.4 million during the first quarter of 2005. The increase is attributable to the installation of previously overhauled engines, propeller overhauls and major aircraft inspections.

<u>Depreciation and Amortization</u>. Depreciation and amortization expense during the first quarter of 2006 was \$1.5 million, or 2.1 cents per ASM, which was a decrease of 12.0% from \$1.6 million, or 2.5 cents per ASM, in the first quarter of 2005. The decrease in depreciation expense is primarily attributable to the return of five surplus Beechcraft 1900D aircraft to Raytheon during the first half of 2005.

<u>Aircraft Rental</u>. Aircraft lease expense was \$0.4 million during the first quarter of 2006, which was at the same level as the first quarter of 2005. There has been no change in the aircraft leases.

<u>Other Rentals and Landing Fees Expense</u>. Other rentals and landing fees expense was \$1.2 million during the first quarter of 2006, which was at approximately the same level as the first quarter of 2005.

<u>Other Operating Expenses</u>. Other operating expenses were \$3.9 million, or 5.5 cents per ASM, during the first quarter of 2006, an increase of 17.2% from \$3.3 million, or 5.0 cents per ASM, during the first quarter of 2005. The increase in other operating expenses is primarily due to an increase of approximately \$93,000 in pilot training and associated lodging expenses as a result of a increase in the number of pilots from the Company s increased operations. Further increasing other operating expenses resulting from increase of approximately \$234,000 in the Company s expense for legal and professional fees and \$240,000 of other expenses resulting from increased operations.

Interest Expense. Interest expense was \$0.9 million during the first quarter of 2006, an increase of 67.3% from \$0.5 million during the first quarter of 2005. The increase was primarily the result of a reduced credit for interest against restructured Raytheon debt in accordance with SFAS No. 15 and Embraer interest accruals for penalty interest. These increases were partially offset by interest on lower principal balances.

Income Tax Expense (Benefit). As of March 31, 2006, the Company has reviewed its net deferred tax assets and has not recognized the potential tax benefits arising therefrom because at this time management believes it is more likely than not that the benefits will not be realized in future years. In making this assessment, management considered the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies. Management has fully reserved the net deferred tax asset at March 31, 2006.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Debt and Lease Payment Obligations. The following table summarizes the Company s major debt and lease payment obligations for periods beginning as of April 1 and ending as of March 31 for each of the designated time periods:

| | | | | After | |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2007 | 2008-2009 | 2010-2011 | 2011 | Total |
| Long-term debt | \$ 17,122,924 | \$ 22,429,417 | \$ 15,448,579 | \$ 14,518,025 | \$ 69,518,945 |
| SFAS 15 amounts | 2,100,862 | 3,365,623 | 2,127,032 | 784,244 | 8,377,761 |
| Total debt | 19,223,786 | 25,795,040 | 17,575,611 | 15,302,269 | 77,896,706 |
| Aircraft lease obligations | 1,741,488 | 3,482,976 | 3,482,976 | 3,192,728 | 11,900,168 |
| Total Obligations | \$ 20,965,274 | \$ 29,278,016 | \$ 21,058,587 | \$ 18,494,997 | \$ 89,796,874 |

Sources and Uses of Cash. As of March 31, 2006, the Company s cash balance was \$0.9 million, a \$1.0 million decrease from the cash balance of \$1.9 million as of December 31, 2005. The Company made partial payments due to its lenders and lessors during the first quarter of 2006 of \$1.7 million. At March 31, 2006, the Company was in arrears on payments due to its lenders and lessors totaling \$23.8 million and owed past due amounts of \$2.8 million under an engine maintenance contract.

<u>Cash Provided by Operating Activities</u>. During the first quarter of 2006, the Company had negative cash flow from operating activities in the amount of \$0.4 million. The Company generated \$0.9 million of net loss for the quarter. Offsetting this were non-cash depreciation and amortization expenses of \$1.4 million. Changes in current operating items used \$0.9 million of cash.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities. The Company experienced a negative cash flow of \$0.2 million from investing activities, primarily due to replacement of aircraft rotable components.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities. With respect to cash flows from financing activities, the Company utilized \$0.5 million of cash to reduce the Company s outstanding notes payable and long-term debt balances.

As of March 31, 2006, the Company had negative working capital of \$94.6 million, as compared to negative working capital of \$94.9 million as of December 31, 2005. The amount of the Company s negative working capital as of March 31, 2006 includes \$58.7 million of long-term debt, which would otherwise be due after one year, that has been reclassified on the Company s balance sheet as long-term obligations classified as current.

Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation. On December 31, 2002, the Company entered into a Restructuring Agreement with Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation (Raytheon) regarding lease and debt financing provided by Raytheon for the Company s Beechcraft 1900C and Beechcraft 1900D aircraft fleet. Throughout the first quarter of 2006, the Company did not make full scheduled payments of principal and interest on the lease and debt financing provided by Raytheon under the Restructuring Agreement. As of March 31, 2006, the aggregate amount of the arrearage for the first quarter of 2006 and all prior periods was \$10.1 million. In addition, the Company was not in compliance with certain other financial covenants contained in the Restructuring Agreement.

Aircraft Debt Financing. During the first quarter of 2006, the Company made principal and interest payments of \$1.1 million on 25 aircraft promissory notes (the Aircraft Debt). Such payments included the pass-through to Raytheon of rental payments that the Company received under the terms of its sublease of

two Beechcraft 1900D aircraft to another airline. In accordance with procedures set forth in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 15, *Accounting by Debtors and Creditors for Troubled Debt Restructurings* (SFAS No. 15), the Company accounted for the scheduled payments of interest as a reduction of the carrying value of the Aircraft Debt on the Company s books. As of March 31, 2006, the outstanding principal amount of the Aircraft Debt was \$53.0 million, while the carrying value of the Aircraft Debt on the Company s books was \$61.3 million.

Non-Aircraft Debt Financing. During the first quarter of 2006, the Company made principal payments of \$112,500 on four non-aircraft promissory notes owed by the Company to Raytheon (the Non-Aircraft Debt). As of March 31, 2006, the outstanding principal amount of the Non-Aircraft Debt was \$13.2 million, which included \$1.9 million of contractually deferred interest, while the carrying value of the Non-Aircraft Debt on the Company s books was \$13.3 million.

Since entering into the Restructuring Agreement with Raytheon in December 2002, the Company has been in continual negotiations with Raytheon, to amend its debt terms to accommodate changes in fare levels, competition, and the changing strategies of its code sharing partners. Discussions with Raytheon have included proposed modifications of the schedule of debt payments to reflect seasonal cash flows.

Boeing Capital Corporation - Aircraft Leases. The Company leases two of the Company s Embraer Brasilia aircraft under aircraft lease agreements with Boeing Capital Corporation (Boeing). During the first quarter of 2006, the Company made partial lease payments on the two Boeing aircraft leases. At March 31, 2006, the Company was in arrears on its aircraft rental obligations under the two Boeing aircraft leases in the aggregate amount of \$7.6 million. The Company has also recorded a liability to Boeing in the amount of \$1.4 million for accrued penalty interest on the missed lease payments.

CIT Group - Aircraft Debt Financing. The Company has an Amended Note payable to CIT Group for the financing of three of the Company s Embraer Brasilia aircraft. During the first quarter of 2006, the Company made payments of principal and interest on the Amended Note in the amount of \$0.2 million, but failed to make scheduled payments of \$0.1 million. As of March 31, 2006, the Company was in arrears on payments of principal due under the terms of the Amended Note in the amount of \$1.2 million. The Company continues to engage in negotiations with CIT Group regarding terms of repayment for remaining amounts due. As of March 31, 2006, the total principal amount owed to CIT Group is \$3.2 million, which is collateralized by three Embraer EMB-120ER aircraft.

FINOVA Capital Corporation.

Settlement Agreement Note. The Company has a debt obligation under a Settlement Agreement with FINOVA Capital Corporation (FINOVA) with respect to amounts owed by the Company upon the return of one leased Embraer Brasilia aircraft. During the first quarter of 2006, the Company made payments of principal and interest on the Settlement Agreement note in the amount of \$54,942. As of March 31, 2006, the Company was current on all payments of principal and interest under the Settlement Agreement.

Outstanding Lease Payments on Expired Aircraft Lease. On November 1, 2003, an operating lease between the Company and FINOVA for a second Embraer Brasilia Model 120 aircraft (the FINOVA Lease) terminated by its own terms. In January 2004, the Company returned the Embraer Brasilia aircraft to FINOVA, but has not paid \$0.2 million to satisfy the aircraft return conditions that are set forth in the FINOVA Lease.

In addition, the Company remains liable for all outstanding lease payments, together with accrued penalty interest, that were due and payable under the terms of the FINOVA Lease. During the first quarter of 2005, the Company made \$0.04 million in payments against the balance of the outstanding lease payments. As of March 31, 2006, the aggregate amount of outstanding lease payments and accrued penalty interest owed by the Company under the FINOVA Lease was \$1.3 million. The Company continues to engage in negotiations with FINOVA regarding potential terms of repayment for these outstanding obligations.

Long-Term Debt Classified as Current

During the quarter ended March 31, 2006, the Company was unable to make the full monthly payments due under the Company s outstanding aircraft debt and lease obligations. As of March 31, 2006, the Company was in arrears with respect to almost all of the Company s aircraft debt and lease obligations.

As of March 31, 2006, the Company was approximately \$23.8 million in arrears with respect to payments due on almost all of the Company s aircraft debt and lease obligations. The arrearage is comprised of \$9.3 million of past-due debt principal payments, \$6.0 million of outstanding accrued interest, and \$8.5 million of deferred lease payments.

The Company does not believe that it will be able to generate sufficient cash flows to satisfy the outstanding arrearages or to regain compliance with the Company s aircraft debt and lease agreements during the remainder of the Company s fiscal year 2006. The Company is at risk that one or more of the Company s debt obligations will be accelerated, thereby forcing the Company to either seek legal protection from its creditors or discontinue operations.

Therefore, as of March 31, 2006, \$58.7 million of long-term debt that would otherwise be due in subsequent years is reflected on the Company s balance sheets as long-term obligations classified as current. In addition to the contractual amounts due the lenders, the amount of long-term debt classified as current includes \$6.3 million of additional carrying amounts under SFAS No. 15.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes in market risk from the information provided in Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company maintains a system of disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) that is designed to provide reasonable assurance that information that is required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management timely. At the end of the period covered by this report, the Company carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Based on that evaluation, the Company s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Company required to be disclosed in the Company s periodic filings with the SEC.

During the Company s most recent fiscal quarter, there has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There were no new legal proceedings initiated by or against the Company during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

During the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, there were no material developments in any legal proceedings previously reported in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

During the first quarter of 2006, the Company was in default on the following indebtedness:

Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation. As of March 31, 2006, the Company was in arrears on payments of principal and interest on debt financing provided by Raytheon under the Company s 2002 Restructuring Agreement with Raytheon in the amount of \$10.1 million.

Boeing Capital Corporation. As of March 31, 2006, the Company was in arrears on its aircraft rental obligations under two aircraft leases with Boeing Capital Corporation in the aggregate amount of \$7.6 million. The Company has also recorded a liability to Boeing in the amount of \$1.4 million for accrued penalty interest on the missed lease payments.

CIT Group. As of March 31, 2006, the Company was in arrears on payments of principal due under the terms of its Amended Note payable to CIT Group for the financing of three of the Company s Embraer Brasilia aircraft in the amount of \$1.2 million. The total principal amount owed to CIT Group is \$3.2 million, which is collateralized by three Embraer EMB-120ER aircraft.

See Note 5, Notes Payable and Long-Term Debt, and Liquidity and Capital Resources under Item 2, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. EXHIBITS

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation. (1)
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws. (1)
- 4.1 Specimen Common Stock Certificate. (1)
- 10.1 Great Lakes Aviation, Ltd. 1993 Stock Option Plan. (1)
- 10.2 1993 Director Stock Option Plan. (1)
- 10.3 Great Lakes Aviation, Ltd. Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (1)
- 10.4 Restructuring Agreement, dated December 31, 2002, by and between Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation and the Company. (2)
- 10.5 Group A Return Conditions Note, dated December 31, 2002, issued by the Company to Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation. (2)
- 10.6 Form of Promissory Note, dated December 31, 2002, issued by the Company to Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation. (2)
- 10.7 Form of Security Agreement, dated December 31, 2002, by and between Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation and the Company. (2)
- 10.8 Form of First Amendment to Lease Agreement, dated December 31, 2002, by and between Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation and the Company. (2)
- 10.9 Deferral Note, dated December 31, 2002, issued by the Company to Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation. (2)
- 10.10 Senior Note, dated December 31, 2002, issued by the Company to Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation. (2)

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- 10.11 Subordinated Note, dated December 31, 2002, issued by the Company to Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation. (2)
- 10.12 Security Agreement, dated December 31, 2002, by and between Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation and the Company. (2)
- 10.13 Fourth Amendment to Security Agreement, dated December 31, 2002, by and between Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation and the Company. (2)
- 10.14 Amended and Restated Security Agreement, dated December 31, 2002 by and between Raytheon Credit Corporation and the Company. (2)
- 10.15 Form of Lockup Agreement, dated December 31, 2002. (2)
- 10.16 Settlement Agreement and Covenant Not to Execute, dated August 1, 2002, by and between FINOVA Capital Corporation and the Company. (2)
- 10.17 Deferral Agreement, dated November 1, 2002, by and between FINOVA Capital Corporation and the Company. (2)
- 10.18 Employment Agreement, dated December 31, 2002, by and between Douglas G. Voss and the Company. (2)
- 10.19 Employment Agreement, dated December 31, 2002, by and between Charles R. Howell IV and the Company. (2)
- 10.20 Letter Agreement, dated April 11, 2003, by and between Boeing Capital Corporation and the Company. Portions of this Exhibit have been excluded from the publicly available document, and the SEC has granted the Company s application for confidential treatment of the excluded material. (2)
- 10.21 Code Share and Regulatory Cooperation and Marketing Agreement, dated February 1, 2001, by and between United Air Lines, Inc. and the Company. (3)
- 10.22 Code Share Agreement, dated May 3, 2001, by and between Frontier Airlines, Inc. and the Company, as amended on February 8, 2002. Portions of this Exhibit have been excluded from the publicly available document, and the SEC has granted the Company s application for confidential treatment of the excluded material. (3)
- 10.23 Amendment to Code Share and Regulatory Cooperation and Marketing Agreement by and between United Air Lines, Inc. and the Company effective July 18, 2003. Portions of this Exhibit have been excluded from the publicly available document, and the SEC has granted the Company s application for confidential treatment of the excluded material. (4)
- 10.24 Term Cost PlanTM Agreement dated April 1, 2004 by and between Pratt & Whitney Canada Corp. and the Company. Portions of this Exhibit have been excluded from the publicly available document, and the SEC has granted the Company s application for confidential treatment of the excluded material (5)
- 10.25 Group A Engine Overhaul Note executed on December 31, 2003 by the Company and delivered to Raytheon Aircraft Credit Corporation. (5)
- 10.26 Installment Payment Agreement between the Company and the United States Department of Homeland Security Transportation Security Administration dated August 11, 2004. (6)
- 14 Code of Ethics. Available on the Company s web site.

- 31.1 Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer). Filed herewith.
- 31.2 Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting and Financial Officer). Filed herewith.
- 32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, of Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer). Filed herewith.
- 32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, of Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting and Financial Officer). Filed herewith.
- (1) Incorporated by reference to the Company s Registration Statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 33-71180.
- (2) Incorporated by reference to the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002. (File No. 0-23224)
- (3) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2003. (File No. 0-23224)
- (4) Incorporated by reference to the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003. (File No. 0-23324)
- (5) Incorporated by reference to the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2004. (File No. 0-23224)
- (6) Incorporated by reference to the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2004. (File No. 0-23224)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

GREAT LAKES AVIATION, LTD.

- By: /s/ Charles R. Howell IV Charles R. Howell IV Chief Executive Officer
- By: /s/ Michael O. Matthews Michael O. Matthews Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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Dated: May 10, 2006

EXHIBIT INDEX

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E-1