

EMAZING INTERACTIVE, INC.  
Form 10-K  
March 31, 2009

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CURRENT REPORT FOR ISSUERS SUBJECT TO THE  
1934 ACT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

FORM 10-K

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, DC 20549

Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2008

EMAZING INTERACTIVE, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada	333-138111	20-4672080
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)	(Commission File Number)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)

101 C North Greenville, Suite 255, Allen, Texas 75002  
(Address of principal executive offices (zip code))

972-983-1453  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former address)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: NONE

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Act of 1934 during the past 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirement for the past 90days Yes  No .

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer .  
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Non-Accelerated Filer  Smaller Reporting Company   
[ ].

Indicate by a check mark whether the company is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act): Yes  No .

Aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of December 31, 2008: \$793,500

Shares of common stock outstanding at December 31, 2008: 5,783,500

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## PART I.

### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This annual report on Form 10-K includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, which we refer to in this annual report as the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which we refer to in this annual report as the Exchange Act. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact but rather reflect our current expectations, estimates and predictions about future results and events. These statements may use words such as “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “predict,” “project” and similar expressions as they relate to us or our management. When we make forward-looking statements, we are basing them on our management’s beliefs and assumptions, using information currently available to us. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including but not limited to, risks, uncertainties and assumptions discussed in this annual report. Factors that can cause or contribute to these differences include those described under the headings “Risk Factors” and “Management Discussion and Analysis and Plan of Operation.”

If one or more of these or other risks or uncertainties materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual results may vary materially from what we projected. Any forward-looking statement you read in this annual report reflects our current views with respect to future events and is subject to these and other risks, uncertainties and assumptions relating to our operations, results of operations, growth strategy and liquidity. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or individuals acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by this paragraph. You should specifically consider the factors identified in this annual report which would cause actual results to differ before making an investment decision. We are under no duty to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this annual report or to conform these statements to actual results.

### ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

We were incorporated on April 21, 2006 in the State of Texas and re-domiciled to become a Nevada corporation in October 2006. In this report, we refer to Emazing Interactive, Inc. as "we," "us", "eMg" or "Emazing" unless we specifically state otherwise or the context indicates otherwise. We are a gaming organization that is working with prominent marketing services connected to the gaming scene. We specialize in providing marketing awareness of products and services of our customers to millions of on-line gaming players and enthusiasts.

To date, our business development activities have primarily been concentrated in web server access and company branding in hosting web based e-games. This activity is structured whereby our partners and sponsors are provided premium web site exposure identifying their company, name, and product offerings.

We generate revenues through our partnerships, sponsors and web server access. Sponsoring Emazing will bring a product and/or brand name into the spotlight of gamers worldwide. Our customer's brand will be synonymous with the youthful intelligent image that pro-gaming has. Our customers have prime advertising space on our website, IRC channel every hour 24/7 and clothes, which we will wear at competitive events all year round. Although our web site creates product awareness for our sponsors and partners, our revenue is generated by fees which our partners and sponsors remit to us for that exposure. In the e-gaming industry, partners and sponsors will pay top dollar for a popular gaming web site as they can maximize their product and name exposure.



We also generate revenue through renting game servers for players to play a computer game of their choice. We rent game servers for over 32 different games, the most popular being Half Life's Counter Strike and variations of this game. We rent by the hour, day or month. This rental program is unique for our type of service as most companies choose to rent by the month. We feel this gives us a competitive advantage over our competition.

During 2006 we filed and had approved form SB-1 to raise funds which we raised in 2006 and 2007. A portion of the proceeds of the offering are being used to further develop e-gaming software and lease server capacity and access through server lease agreements. The development of software is the key aspect of our business model in that it is through the game itself that a company such as ours achieves notoriety and industry following thereby affording us the opportunity to promote our sponsors and partners on a fee structured basis. This software development is the game itself and as it achieves acceptance and favorability (more players playing it) the more our company positions it self as a provider of leading edge e-gaming programs. Part and parcel to this is providing access to the game itself on the World Wide Web. To achieve this, we lease servers or portals, web based access points to allow e-game players to access our web site and therefore our on-line games. These servers are a major source of revenue for us as we charge access fees to these servers.

#### BUSINESS OPERATIONS:

#### GOVERNMENT REGULATION:

At the present time there are no federal government regulations on computer games over the internet or on dedicated servers.

#### OUR QUALIFICATIONS

Our qualifications are our reputation and experience in the industry. G. Edward Hancock, President, and our contract workers and volunteers have over 50 years of experience in the egaming industry between them.

#### INDUSTRY & COMPETITION:

##### Market Analysis Summary:

Gamers are just as fanatical about pro-gaming teams as football fans are with their NFL teams. They watch their matches, attend events, emulate what they wear, buy the hardware they use, and follow the new trends players bring about.

Online gaming has emerged as one of the biggest growing industries in the new millennium. The Far East has played a significant role in paving the way for recognition for online gamers. Multiplayer online games have generated over 1 billion dollars in revenue for the first time, in 2004. A large proportion of this figure has come from player subscription games such as Everquest and Star Wars Galaxies, but a significant amount has also come from the first person shooter game sales. This figure does not include the emergence of sponsored players and teams as has been seen in Asia over the last two to three years with many players earning above \$100,000 in sponsorship deals. These players have become cult figures in their respective countries and "national heroes". The way it stands now, is that this status will start migrating to the already maturing gaming markets such as the US, where global events here now command higher earnings for the winners..

These events have caused an influx from many large companies wanting to gain access to this emerging market. Names such as Nike, Pepsi, Red Bull, and Dust-Off have begun their sponsorship programs globally with an emphasis on the US Market. Gaming leagues and competitions such as WSVG, CPL, ESWC, WCG and WEG have become very popular in the US and the world, culminating in the Asian model for sponsored clans and players increasingly hugely as a result.



## OUR BUSINESS STRATEGY

Emazing is a gaming organization that works with prominent marketing services connected to the gaming scene. Currently, the entire team consists of contract workers including management, sales, technical development, press and our primary team / players department. We comprise of people who have specific gaming experience - a pre-requisite for employment with our company is experience in the gaming world. Combined, our organization holds well over 50 years of experience in management alone.

Management consists of our President and CEO. As CEO, he is responsible for coordinating and leading the entire organization to achieve optimal results and goals. This includes directing contract workers and measuring results. He also manages the budget to satisfy needs for traveling and accommodations to PR events and tournaments. Additionally, our CEO is responsible for strategic thinking and placement within the E-Gaming industry, constantly looking for new opportunities. As such, he is instrumental in building and maintaining sponsor and partner relationships.

The sales department handles contacts to other companies and controls all marketing possibilities. They make proper detailed statistics and documentation on the amount of exposures that the partner in question receives. Also includes the research of the impact of the investments. These workers are on contract and are paid only for hours worked.

The technical development area works with the organizations' technical structure, which includes the website, design material, marketing channels, and technical equipment. Also provides technical solutions and services with the integration of the partners' products and the popularity/demand of the latest hardware. These workers are on contract and are paid only for hours worked.

Press department: Works to provide the public with the latest updates regarding the team and e-sports through our website and other means of communication. Also provides detailed coverage of the teams' progress in tournaments and leagues. These workers are on contract and are paid only for hours worked.

Emazing utilizes their website, [www.emazinggaming.com](http://www.emazinggaming.com), as the portal to which e-games are accessed on the World Wide Web. Through links on the website we are able to better manage our visitors, game selection, and visitor profiles, effectively providing us the ability to ultimately understand our customers and their playing habits from which we can then develop more challenging and exciting game content.

All games currently provided by Emazing are third party developed. Through the proceeds of this offering, we will use a portion of the proceeds to develop our own game portfolio. Game development is a capital and time intensive process, usually taking 18-24 months to take a game from concept form to fee based web play. It is our intent to be an industry leading game developer as well as content provider through our interactive website.

## Industry and Competitors

### The Industry:

The eSports industry is highly competitive. eSports is technologically based and through the medium of the internet is readily accessible to most anyone with a computer and a credit card. Barriers to entry are high due to server costs (owned and/or leased), travel expenses, and general living expenses. The more successful and enthusiastic eSport competitors are reliant on sponsors and partners to generate funds to undergird living, travel and equipment maintenance costs. Although highly competitive, it is also highly fragmented. eSports is worldwide in scope and difficult to assess from a competitive standpoint as games are often hot and therefore streaky in play before another company puts out a more desirable game program. Even so, server capacity, speed and graphics generally determine

the amount of play a game will generate.

Marketing Strategy:

We aim to fit our partners' needs and their marketing strategies when customizing a partnership between eMg and our partners. We are always open to new input and ideas and we put our partners' needs first.

Future products and services:

The Company has gravitated away from leasing servers and owns their own servers. This has enabled the Company to scale operations toward servicing events and competitions and not solely relying on an internet pay-to-play strategy.

Dependence on One or a Few Major Customers:

We rely heavily on sponsors and partners. Sponsors receive greater visibility whereas partners are provided advertising and media coverage. We are not dependent on any one sponsor or partner.

Costs and Effects of Compliance with Environmental Laws:

We are not aware of nor do we anticipate any environmental laws with which we will have to comply.

Number of Employees:

We have one employee, the President. The day to day duties are performed by the President, contract workers and volunteers.

Operations and Technology:

We are highly dependent on technology. Our operations and customer service model is dependent on internet servers, software, computer graphics programs and memory.

Research and Development:

The company has in development numerous products that will require the use of a material amount of the assets of the company. Since inception, the Company has capitalized \$48,888 on software development. The Company expenses research and development costs as incurred. Future expenditures will be dependent on the operating income generated.

ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

The address of the Company's corporate headquarters is 101 C North Greenville, Suite 255, Allen, Texas 75002.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The company is not involved in any legal proceedings.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

On December 29, 2008, at the annual meeting of shareholders, a majority of our shareholders approved the following actions, all as proposed in our Proxy Statement:

1. To re-elect Edward Hancock as our sole director.



PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT’S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDERS MATTERS

The common stock is currently quoted on the over-the-counter Bulletin Board under the symbol "EMZG."

The following table sets forth the quarterly high and low bid prices for the common stock since the quarter ended March 31, 2007. The prices set forth below represent inter-dealer quotations, without retail markup, markdown or commission and may not be reflective of actual transactions.

	High	Low
Quarter ended March 31, 2007	NA	NA
Quarter ended June 30, 2007	NA	NA
Quarter ended September 30, 2007	NA	NA
Quarter ended December 31, 2007	\$0.50	\$1.00
Quarter ended March 31, 2008	\$1.00	\$1.00
Quarter ended June 30, 2008	\$1.00	\$1.00
Quarter ended September 30, 2008	\$1.00	\$1.00
Quarter ended December 31, 2008	\$1.00	\$1.00

At December 31, 2008, the closing price of the common stock was \$1.00 and we had approximately 62 record holders of our common stock. This number excludes any estimate by us of the number of beneficial owners of shares held in names of various security brokers, dealers and registered clearing agencies for which the accuracy cannot be guaranteed. The transfer agent for our common stock is Signature Stock Transfer Inc.

Dividends

We have not paid cash dividends on any class of common equity since formation and we do not anticipate paying any dividends on our outstanding common stock in the foreseeable future.

Warrants

The Company has no warrants outstanding.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Not applicable for smaller reporting companies.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSIONS AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

Certain statements contained herein may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements involve a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially, as discussed more fully herein.

The forward-looking information set forth in this annual report is as of the date of this filing, and we undertake no duty to update this information. More information about potential factors that could affect our business and financial results is included in the section entitled “Risk Factors” of this annual report.



## SUMMARY OF 2008

### Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

**REVENUE:** Revenue (net of refunds) for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$63,470 compared to \$35,089 for the year ended December 31, 2007. The increase is attributable to expanding our market share by targeting events, like state fairs, and having competitions at the events using our servers and equipment, as well as the sale of a team during the first quarter of 2008.

**EXPENSES:** Total operating expenses, not including depreciation and amortization expense, for the year ended December 31, 2008 were \$162,317 compared to \$140,680 for 2007. The increase in cost is attributable to an increase in contract services/programming fees of \$58,000 and an increase in audit fees of \$10,000; these cost were partially offset by a decrease in server hosting (\$23,000), travel (\$17,000) and programming (\$5,000). The server hosting cost reduced significantly in 2008 as we now own sufficient servers to host our own events. Depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$25,479 versus \$20,619 in 2007.

We had interest income in 2008 of \$20 and \$1,054 in 2007.

**NET LOSS:** Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$126,931 compared to a loss of \$125,156 for the year ended December 31, 2007.

### ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable for smaller reporting companies.

### ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The financial statements of the Company, together with the independent auditors' report thereon of The Hall Group, CPAs appear on pages F-1 through F-11 of this report.

### ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

### ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of December 31, 2008. This evaluation was accomplished under the supervision and with the participation of our chief executive officer / principal executive officer, and chief financial officer / principal financial officer who concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are not effective to ensure that all material information required to be filed in the annual report on Form 10-K has been made known to them.



Disclosure, controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by in our reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act") is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based upon an evaluation conducted for the period ended December 31, 2008, our Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer as of December 31, 2008 and as of the date of this Report, has concluded that as of the end of the periods covered by this report, we have identified the following material weakness of our internal controls:

- Reliance upon independent financial reporting consultants for review of critical accounting areas and disclosures and material non-standard transaction.
- Lack of sufficient accounting staff which results in a lack of segregation of duties necessary for a good system of internal control.

In order to remedy our existing internal control deficiencies, as our finances allow, we will hire additional accounting staff.

#### Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Our internal control system was designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of inherent limitations, a system of internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate due to change in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting using the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control—Integrated Framework at December 31, 2008. Based on its evaluation, our management concluded that, as of December 31, 2008, our internal control over financial reporting was not effective because of limited staff and a need for a full-time chief financial officer. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to the attestation by the Company's

registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the SEC that permit the Company to provide only management's report in this annual report.

#### Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

We have not yet made any changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report on Form 10-K that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF REGISTRANT

Name	Age	Position
Edward Hancock	22	Director, President, Secretary and Director

Background of the Director and Executive Officer:

G. Edward Hancock, 22, started in eSports at age 13, being a very talented game player at an early age opened doors for him at such an early age for the level of competition offered. From the conception of the most popular game he has been in the in the top 15% of American players. Coupled with his 10 year computer and internet experience and knowledge of Game Servers this helped him to understand all aspects of the online gaming industry, particularly game servers and performance.

In 2001 Mr. Hancock, in conjunction with a few other gamers, opened a game server rental company in Southern California offering game servers to the west coast of United States; this was a very good learning experience. One of the biggest lessons of this venture is the shelf life of the computer equipment and facilities that housed them. If the data center was not set up for online play then the performance suffered, and this business is all about performance.

In 2003 Mr. Hancock helped open a LAN Game Center in Lake Forest, California; this facility offered game play by the hour and was a very profitable business both financially and educationally. This business was sold and Mr. Hancock re-located to Dallas Texas, the home of the biggest online gaming league in the world, CAL, The Cyber Athletic League and CPL , The Cyber Professional League where twice a year teams and players from all over the world come to compete for over 100,000 in money and prizes. Mr. Hancock is now concentrating on managing teams as well as competing as Emazing’s sponsored teams, (called eMg) now represent over 15 teams throughout the world. Most of the teams are in the US and Canada and are supplied game servers from the eMg XDEF network.

In late 2005 Mr. Hancock started up eMg’s XDEF network, a high end gaming server rental company specializing in high performance game servers as well as low cost economical game servers for beginners. Over the next year this business has grown to one of the top US game server rental companies offering the high end consistent service game servers demand.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Following is what our officers received in 2008 and 2007 as cash compensation. He did not receive any non-cash compensation.

Name	Capacity Served	Aggregate Remuneration
G Edward Hancock	Director, President, Secretary and Director	2008: \$6,300 2007: \$3,232

As of the date of this filing, our sole officer is our only employee. We have no employment agreements with any officer, director or employee.

ITEM 12.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF MANANGEMENT AND BENEFICIAL OWNERS

9

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As of December 31, 2008 the following persons are known to the Company to own 5% or more of the Company's Voting Stock:

Title / Relationship to Issuer	Name of Owner	Number of Shares Owned	Percent of Total
Director, President, Secretary and Director	G Edward Hancock	5,000,000	86.45%

#### ITEM CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

13.

As of the date of this filing, there are no other agreements or proposed transactions, whether direct or indirect, with anyone, but more particularly with any of the following:

- a director or officer of the issuer;
- any principal security holder;
- any promoter of the issuer;
- any relative or spouse, or relative of such spouse, of the above referenced persons.

#### ITEM PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

14.

##### (1) AUDIT FEES

The aggregate fees billed for professional services rendered by our auditors, for the audit of the registrant's annual financial statements and review of the financial statements included in the registrant's Form 10-K or services that are normally provided by the accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for fiscal year 2008 was \$14,000 and in 2007 was \$13,000.

##### (2) AUDIT-RELATED FEES

The aggregate fees billed for professional services rendered by our auditor include amounts paid for the review of the unaudited financial statements included in the registrant's Form 10-Q were \$2,000 per quarter.

##### (3) TAX FEES

NONE

##### (4) ALL OTHER FEES

NONE

##### (5) AUDIT COMMITTEE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Audit Committee Financial Expert

The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted rules implementing Section 407 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requiring public companies to disclose information about “audit committee financial experts.” As of the date of this Annual report, we do not have a standing Audit Committee. The functions of the Audit Committee are currently assumed by our Board of Directors. Additionally, we do not have a member of our Board of Directors that qualifies as an “audit committee financial expert.” For that reason, we do not have an audit committee financial expert.

(6) If greater than 50 percent, disclose the percentage of hours expended on the principal accountant's engagement to audit the registrant's financial statements for the most recent fiscal year that were attributed to work performed by persons other than the principal accountant's full-time, permanent employees.

Not applicable.

PART IV

ITEM EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K  
15.

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this report: Included in Part II, Item 7 of this report:

Report of Independent Registered Accounting Firm

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2008 and 2007

Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) We filed one 8-K in March 2008 noting that on March 10, 2008, we entered into an Amendment to our Line of Credit, increasing the amount available from \$20,000 to \$40,000. Our President, Mr. Hancock collateralized the Line of Credit with all of his shares of our common stock that he and his father owns (in the Company).

(c)	Exhibits
No.	Description
31.1	Certification of the Company's Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of the Company's Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of the Company's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Annual Report on Form 10-K to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

EMAZING INTERACTIVE, INC.

By: G. Edward Hancock

G. Edward Hancock  
Chief Executive Officer & Chief Financial Officer

Dated: March 24, 2009

EMAZING INTERACTIVE, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2008

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-2
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2008 and 2007	F-3
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007	F-4
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007	F-6
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	F-7 to F-11

F-1

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Management of  
Emazing Interactive, Inc.  
Allen, Texas

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Emazing Interactive, Inc. and subsidiary of December 31, 2008 and 2007 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We were not engaged to examine management's assertion about the effectiveness of Emazing Interactive, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion thereon.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Emazing Interactive, Inc. and subsidiary as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements, the Company has suffered significant losses and will require additional capital to develop its business until the Company either (1) achieves a level of revenues adequate to generate sufficient cash flows from operations; or (2) obtains additional financing necessary to support its working capital requirements. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 9. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ The Hall Group, CPAs

The Hall Group, CPAs  
Dallas, Texas

March 21, 2008



EMAZING INTERACTIVE, INC.  
Consolidated Balance Sheets  
December 31, 2008 and 2007

ASSETS	2008	2007
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,234	\$ 17,513
Total Current Assets	8,234	17,513
Fixed Assets		
Computer Equipment	27,950	27,950
Less: Accumulated Amortization	(20,533)	(11,216)
Total Fixed Assets	7,417	16,734
Intangible Assets		
Gaming Software	48,488	48,488
Less: Accumulated Amortization	(39,447)	(23,285)
Total Intangible Assets	9,041	25,203
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 24,692</b>	<b>\$ 59,450</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$ 44,693	\$ 42,217
Accounts Payable-Related Parties	7,250	21,500
Accrued Interest	2,625	0
Due to Related Parties	0	5,678
Line of Credit with Related Party	35,000	0
Total Liabilities (All Current)	89,568	69,395
Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)		
Common Stock, \$.001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 5,783,500 and 5,659,500 shares issued and outstanding	5,783	5,659
Additional Paid-In Capital	262,817	190,941
Retained Earnings (Deficit)	(333,476)	(206,545)
Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)	(64,876)	(9,945)
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 24,692</b>	<b>\$ 59,450</b>

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.



EMAZING INTERACTIVE, INC.  
Consolidated Statements of Operations  
For the Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
REVENUES	\$ 63,470	\$ 35,089
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Depreciation & Amortization	25,479	20,619
Marketing Expense	910	5,357
General and Administrative Expenses	161,407	135,323
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	187,796	161,299
NET OPERATING (LOSS)	(124,326)	(126,210)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Interest Expense	(2,625)	0
Interest Income	20	1,054
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)	(2,605)	1,054
NET (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(126,931)	(125,156)
Provision for Income Taxes (Expense) Benefit	0	0
NET (LOSS)	\$ (126,931)	\$ (125,156)
EARNINGS PER SHARE, BASIC AND DILUTED		
Weighted Average of Outstanding Shares, Basic and Diluted	5,733,036	5,573,709
Income (Loss) for Common Stockholders	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.02)

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

EMAZING INTERACTIVE, INC.  
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity  
For the Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Totals
Stockholders' Equity (Deficit) at January 1, 2007	5,350,000	\$ 5,350	36,500	\$ (81,389)	\$ (39,539)
Common Stock Issued for Cash	303,500	303	151,447		151,750
Conversion of Debt for Stock	6,000	6	2,994		3,000
Net Income (Loss)	0	0	0	(125,156)	(125,156)
Stockholders' Equity (Deficit) at December 31, 2007	5,659,500	\$ 5,659	190,941	(206,545)	\$ (9,945)
Common Stock Issued for Cash	34,000	34	16,966		17,000
Common Stock for Services	90,000	90	54,910		55,000
Net Income (Loss)				(126,931)	(126,931)
Stockholders' Equity (Deficit) at December 31, 2008	5,783,500	\$ 5,783	\$ 262,817	\$ (333,476)	\$ (64,876)

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

EMAZING INTERACTIVE, INC.  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
For the Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net (Loss)	\$ (126,931)	\$ (125,156)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Common Stock Issued for Services	55,000	0
Depreciation & Amortization	25,479	20,619
Increase in Accounts Payable	2,476	3,498
(Decrease) in Accounts Payable - Related Parties	(14,250)	0
Increase in Accrued Interest	2,625	0
(Decrease) in Due from Related Parties	(5,678)	(18,269)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(61,279)	(119,308)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Purchase of Fixed Assets	0	(18,000)
Net Cash (Used) by Investing Activities	0	(18,000)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from Line of Credit	35,000	0
Sale of Common Stock for Cash	17,000	151,750
Conversion of Debt to Stock	0	3,000
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	52,000	154,750
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(9,279)</b>	<b>17,442</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>17,513</b>	<b>71</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 8,234</b>	<b>\$ 17,513</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES</b>		
Cash Paid During the Year for Interest Expense	\$ 0	\$ 0
Noncash Investing Activity:		
Conversion of Debt to Stock	\$ 0	\$ 3,000
Common Stock Issued for Services	\$ 55,000	\$ 0

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

EMAZING INTERACTIVE, INC.  
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
December 31, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Activities, History and Organization:

Emazing Interactive, Inc. (The “Company”) operates as an online gaming facilitator through its subsidiary Emazing Gaming, LLC. Online games are rented by the hour, day or month. The Company also generates revenue through partnerships and sponsors.

The Company is located in Allen, Texas and was incorporated on April 11, 2006 under the laws of the State of Texas. On October 2, 2006, the Company converted its corporate charter to domicile in Nevada.

Significant Accounting Policies:

The Company’s management selects accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and adopts methods for their application. The application of accounting principles requires the estimating, matching and timing of revenue and expense. The accounting policies used conform to generally accepted accounting principles which have been consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company’s management which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. Management further acknowledges that it is solely responsible for adopting sound accounting practices, establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control and preventing and detecting fraud. The Company's system of internal accounting control is designed to assure, among other items, that 1) recorded transactions are valid; 2) valid transactions are recorded; and 3) transactions are recorded in the proper period in a timely manner to produce financial statements which present fairly the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the respective periods being presented.

Basis of Presentation:

The Company prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. All intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in banks with original maturities of three months or less and are stated at cost which approximates market value, which in the opinion of management, are subject to an insignificant risk of loss in value.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

In accordance with the reporting requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (“SFAS”) No. 107, “Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments” (SFAS No. 107), the Company calculates the fair value of its assets and liabilities which qualify as financial instruments under this statement and includes this additional information in the notes to the financial statements when the fair value is different than the carrying value of those

financial instruments. At December 31, 2008, the Company did not have any financial instruments other than cash and cash equivalents.

F-7

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Fixed Assets:

Fixed Assets are depreciated over their useful lives. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over three years. Repairs and maintenance is charged to expense as incurred.

Website Software Development Costs:

The Company adopted EITF 00-02, "Accounting for website developments costs". In accordance with EITF 00-02, the costs incurred for the (i) website application and infrastructure development; (ii) graphics development; and (iii) content development, which took the website to a functional stage where it could receive server and gaming orders, were capitalized and are being amortized over three years. Maintenance expenses or costs that do not result in new revenue producing features or functions, such as updating information and products or maintenance of the website or promotion of the website using search engines, are expensed as incurred. Prior to this development, Emazing had no website. As of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, \$48,488 and \$48,488 was capitalized and \$385 and \$11,588 was expensed, respectively.

Revenue Recognition:

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements" ("SAB 104"). Revenue will be recognized only when all of the following criteria have been met:

- Ownership and all risks of loss have been transferred to buyer, which is generally upon shipment or at the time the service is provided;
- Persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists;
- The price is fixed and determinable; and
- Collectability is reasonably assured.

Advertising Costs

The Company incurred \$202 and \$54 in advertising costs for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Income Taxes:

Income from the corporation is taxed at regular corporate rates per the Internal Revenue Code. There are no provisions for current taxes due to net available operating losses.

Segment Reporting:

In 2008, the Company operated in one reportable segment under the Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information" ("SFAS No. 131").

Comprehensive Income:

SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income" ("SFAS No. 130"), establishes standards for reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components in a full set of general-purpose financial statements. For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company had no items of other comprehensive income. Therefore, the net loss equals comprehensive loss for the years then ended.

F-8

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## Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

The Company does not expect the adoption of recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flow.

## Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 2 – FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets at December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

	2008	2007
Computer Equipment	\$ 27,950	27,950
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(20,533)	(11,216)
Total Fixed Assets	\$ 7,417	\$ 16,734

Depreciation expense was \$9,317 and \$7,791 for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 respectively.

## NOTE 3 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets at December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

	2008	2007
Gaming Software	\$ 48,488	\$ 48,488
Less: Accumulated Amortization	(39,447)	(23,285)
Total Intangible Assets	\$ 9,041	\$ 25,203

Amortization expense was \$16,162 and \$12,828 for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

## NOTE 4 – LINE OF CREDIT

The Company entered into a line of credit ("LOC") in November 2007. This LOC originally had a credit line of \$20,000 and accrues interest at a rate of 10% per annum, compounded monthly. It is secured by 100% of the stock of Amazing Interactive, Inc. that is beneficially owned by the President and his father.

The LOC was increased in March 2008 to \$40,000 and the Company borrowed \$35,000 from this LOC during 2008. Interest expense of \$2,625 has been accrued during 2008, but not paid, as of December 31, 2008. The LOC and all accrued interest are due in full on May 31, 2009.

F-9

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## NOTE 5 – COMMON STOCK

The Company is authorized to issue 50,000,000 common shares at a par value of \$0.001 per share. These shares have full voting rights. At December 31, 2008, there were 5,783,500 shares outstanding, which were issued during the following years:

	Shares
At Inception	5,000,000
During 2006	350,000
During 2007	309,500
During 2008	124,000
Total Shares Outstanding	5,783,500

The Company issued 90,000 shares for consulting services during 2008. The value of these shares ranged from \$.50 to \$1.00. There were no shares issued for services during 2007.

## NOTE 6 – INCOME TAXES

The Company has adopted SFAS No. 109, which requires the use of the liability method in the computation of income tax expense and the current and deferred income taxes payable (deferred tax liability) or benefit (deferred tax asset). Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized be recorded directly to retained earnings and reported as a change in accounting principle.

The cumulative tax effect at the expected tax rate of 25% of significant items comprising the Company's net deferred tax amounts as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

	2008	2007
Net operating loss carryforward	\$ 83,369	\$ 51,636
Less: valuation allowance	(83,369)	(51,636)
Net deferred tax asset	\$ 0	\$ 0

The net deferred tax asset generated by the loss carryforward has been fully reserved. The cumulative net operating loss carryforward is approximately \$333,476 at December 31, 2008, and will expire in the years 2025 through 2028.

The realization of deferred tax benefits is contingent upon future earnings and is fully reserved at December 31, 2008.

## NOTE 7 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During 2008 and 2007, the Company was billed \$12,375 and \$30,341 from entities with common ownership to shareholders of the Company, of which \$7,250 and \$21,500 was in Accounts Payable – Related Parties at December 31, 2008 and 2007.

Amounts due to four different shareholders who have funded operating expenses totaled \$5,678 at December 31, 2007 are reflected as "Due To Related Parties". These amounts were satisfied in full during 2008.



NOTE 8 – FINANCIAL CONDITION AND GOING CONCERN

Emazing has an accumulated deficit through December 31, 2008 totaling \$333,476 and had negative working capital of \$81,334. Because of this accumulated loss, Emazing will require additional working capital to develop its business operations. Emazing intends to raise additional working capital either through private placements, public offerings and/or bank financing. There are no assurances that Emazing will be able to either (1) achieve a level of revenues adequate to generate sufficient cash flow from operations; or (2) obtain additional financing through either private placement, public offerings and/or bank financing necessary to support Emazing's working capital requirements. To the extent that funds generated from any private placements, public offerings and/or bank financing are insufficient, Emazing will have to raise additional working capital. No assurance can be given that additional financing will be available, or if available, will be on terms acceptable to Emazing. If adequate working capital is not available Emazing may not continue its operations.

Emazing faces many factors in its ability to continue as a going concern, including but not limited to, the promotion of its gaming website, competition from larger and better capitalized companies, and its ability to create traffic to its website and virtual store. To date, much of Emazing's activities have been focused on advertising and promotion to create its identity in the community, and its continued existence is dependent upon the gaming public purchasing more time on its gaming servers.

Should the above concerns materialize, it is conceivable that Emazing would have to suspend or discontinue operations. Management believes that the efforts it has made to promote its site will continue for the foreseeable future. These conditions raise substantial doubt about Emazing's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of asset carrying amounts or the amount and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should Emazing be unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 9 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Company borrowed \$5,000 on its existing line of credit on January 12, 2009.

