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Cohen & Steers Global Income Builder, Inc Form N-CSR March 02, 2015

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-22057

Cohen & Steers Global Income Builder, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

280 Park Avenue, 10th Floor, New York, NY (Address of principal executive offices)

10017 (Zip code)

Tina M. Payne

Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc.

280 Park Avenue

New York, New York 10017 (Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (212) 832-3232

Date of fiscal year December 31

end:

Date of reporting period: December 31, 2014

Item 1. Reports to Stockholders.

To Our Shareholders:

We would like to share with you our report for the year ended December 31, 2014. The net asset value (NAV) at that date was \$11.67 per common share. The Fund's common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and its share price can differ from its NAV; at year end, the Fund's closing price on the NYSE was \$11.74.

The total returns, including income, for the Fund and its comparative benchmarks were:

	Six Months Ended December 31, 2014	Year Ended December 31, 2014
Cohen & Steers Global Income Builder	2000111201 01, 2011	2000111201 01, 2011
at NAV ^a	5.04%	3.81%
Cohen & Steers Global Income Builder at Market		
Value ^a	3.11%	13.36%
MSCI World Index net	1.17%	4.94%
Blended Benchmark 55% CBOE S&P 500		
BuyWrite Index/15% S&P 500		
Index/15% BofA		
Merrill Lynch Fixed-Rate Preferred		
Securities		
Index/15% MSCI EAFE Indexb	0.07%	6.70%
S&P 500 Index ^b	6.12%	13.69%

The performance data quoted represent past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The investment return and the principal value of an investment will fluctuate and shares, if sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. Performance results reflect the effects of leverage, resulting from borrowings under a credit agreement. Current total returns of the Fund can be obtained by visiting our website at cohenandsteers.com. The Fund's returns assume the reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at prices obtained under the Fund's dividend reinvestment plan. Index performance does not reflect the deduction of any fees, taxes or expenses. An investor cannot invest directly in an index. Performance figures for periods shorter than one year are not annualized.

^a As a closed-end investment company, the price of the Fund's NYSE-traded shares will be set by market forces and can deviate from the NAV per share of the Fund.

b The MSCI World Index net is a free float-adjusted market capitalization-weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, net of dividend withholding taxes. The CBOE S&P 500 BuyWrite Index is a benchmark index designed to track the performance of a hypothetical buy-write strategy on the S&P 500 Index. The BofA Merrill Lynch Fixed-Rate Preferred Securities Index tracks the performance of fixed-rate U.S. dollar-denominated preferred securities issued in the U.S. domestic market. The MSCI EAFE Index is a cap-weighted index that monitors the performance of stocks from Europe, Australia, Asia and the Far East. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 large-cap stocks that is frequently used as a general measure of stock market performance.

The Fund implements fair value pricing when the daily change in a specific U.S. market index exceeds a predetermined percentage. Fair value pricing adjusts the valuation of certain non-U.S. equity holdings to account for such index change following the close of foreign markets. This standard practice has been adopted by a majority of the fund industry. In the event fair value pricing is implemented on the first and/or last day of a performance measurement period, the Fund's return may diverge from the relative performance of its benchmark, which does not use fair value pricing.

The Fund makes regular quarterly distributions at a level rate (the Policy). Distributions paid by the Fund are subject to recharacterization for tax purposes and are taxable up to the amount of the Fund's investment company taxable income and net realized gains. As a result of the Policy, the Fund may pay distributions in excess of the Fund's investment company taxable income and net realized gains. This excess would be a return of capital distributed from the Fund's assets. Distributions of capital decrease the Fund's total assets and, therefore, could have the effect of increasing the Fund's expense ratio. In addition, in order to make these distributions, the Fund may have to sell portfolio securities at a less than opportune time.

The Fund's assets are allocated among five proprietary strategies: global large-cap value stocks, global real estate securities, global infrastructure stocks, global preferred securities and closed-end funds. As of December 31, 2014, 73.7% of the Fund's assets were invested in the global large cap value strategy.

Investment Review

Investors entered 2014 with muted expectations. Following a stream of economic data suggesting a global economic recovery had taken hold at last, the Federal Reserve (the Fed) announced in December 2013 that it would wind down its bond-buying program by \$10 billion a month and end it entirely in October 2014. Higher interest rates and more-modest stock market gains appeared inevitable, and sent the yield on 10-year Treasury bills to 3.0%.

But by the end of 2014, the yield had dropped to 2.2%; markets were volatile, but interest rates were not the driver. The uneven global economic recovery, concerns about Russia's incursions into Crimea and Ukraine and a rapid drop in commodity prices, particularly oil, were far more unsettling. Against this shifting backdrop, the U.S. economy strengthened, the dollar soared and markets advanced.

Health Care and Information Technology Stocks Outperformed

Large-cap gains were broad-based in 2014 there was little difference in the performance of value, growth and core strategies. Within the large-cap sector, health care (18.7% total return^c) was the top performer; the increase in patients covered through the Affordable Care Act (ACA) translated into a drop in hospitals' uncompensated care. Information technology (16.7%) rose as increases in hiring and high-profile security breaches triggered a ramp-up in enterprise spending.

Consumer staples (8.1%) strengthened as investors rewarded predictable earnings, strong cash flows and dividends. But recalls by the major automobile manufacturers and swings in the housing recovery dampened consumer discretionary shares (4.5%).

^c Large-cap sector returns are in U.S. dollars.

Within financial services (4.0%), low interest rates put downward pressure on banks' margins. Consumer-oriented companies asset managers and credit card companies, for example were less reliant on higher interest rates to grow earnings. The torrid pace of mergers and acquisitions and initial public offerings was good for capital markets firms, but trading activity was sluggish.

The precipitous drop in crude oil prices arguably the biggest and most surprising investment story of 2014 battered the energy sector (10.9%). As the year progressed, attention pivoted from a drop in demand from slowing Asian and European economies to the fear of oversupply after the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) announced it would not curtail production. The industrials (1.1%) and materials (4.6%) sectors, which tend to move in the same direction as energy, felt the impact of volatile commodity prices among the capital goods, machinery and infrastructure companies that had benefited from the North American energy renaissance.

Global Infrastructure Continued To Outpace Broader Markets

Low interest rates made utilities particularly attractive to yield-focused investors in 2014. Within electric utilities (22.3% total return^d), U.S. integrated utilities saw improved capacity pricing as older coal-fired power plants were retired, while European utilities benefited from lower regulatory and political risks and the apparent end to a years-long decline in earnings. Low interest rates also helped the highly leveraged communications subsector (20.8%). In particular, tower companies rose as wireless carriers upgraded their networks to meet what analysts expect to be an extended period of fast-growing wireless data demand.

Pipelines (22.0%) were top performers in the first three quarters on solid fundamentals and an enhanced growth outlook. But by the fourth quarter, the sharp drop in oil and natural gas liquid prices turned investors away, even though most assets held by midstream energy companies have long-term contracts that minimize their exposure to energy prices. Investors also shunned gas distribution (21.9%) in the fourth quarter, as several of its components have midstream energy businesses. For most of the year, they were valued for their strong cash-flow-growth outlook in the low-interest-rate environment.

Low Interest Rates Boosted REITs

Global real estate securities outperformed against a backdrop of declining bond yields and improving fundamentals. In most markets, REITs enjoyed increasing demand, modest levels of new supply and historically low financing costs. Companies also tapped low-cost equity capital to pursue accretive acquisitions, including several landmark transactions in Europe.

In the United States (30.4%), investors rewarded health care REITs (33.1%) for their attractive income streams. Hotel owners (32.5%) rose with the improving economic outlook, although those with meaningful overseas assets lagged. In the office sector (25.9%), asset values and rent-growth expectations continued to rise, particularly in New York City and certain West Coast markets.

^d Infrastructure sector and country returns are in local currencies. Sector classification of securities in the index determined by investment advisor.

Real estate fundamentals in the U.K. (21.3%) improved, with office, storage, retail and logistics companies seeing the strongest rent growth. By comparison, residential companies struggled because of concerns over housing prices. On the continent, expectations of quantitative easing from the European Central Bank (ECB) late in the year forced sovereign bond yields lower, which was particularly beneficial to real estate companies, which have relatively high dividends and leverage.

In the spring, Japan (2.7%) enacted a big increase in the consumption tax that undercut the economy's growth and led the Bank of Japan to expand its quantitative-easing program. J-REITs rallied, attracting mutual fund investors and regional banks in search of yield. In contrast, developers came under pressure amid negative sentiment arising from the lack of tangible economic progress. Office demand in Hong Kong (13.3%) began to pick up, but retail properties faced headwinds from slowing growth in China, Chinese anti-corruption measures and, in the fourth quarter, widespread student protests. Australian REITs (27.2%) served as a stable safe haven compared with the broader Australian stock market, which struggled as commodity prices tumbled.

Fund Performance

The Fund advanced in the period and outperformed its blended benchmark as measured by market price, but underperformed based on net asset value. At nearly 74% of the Fund's assets, the large-cap value strategy was the main driver of absolute performance. Stock selection in the IT, materials and consumer staples sectors was favorable. Our stock selection and overweight in the energy sector detracted from relative return, as did stock selection in financial services.

Our allocation to global infrastructure and utilities was favorable, with our overweight in pipelines providing the biggest boost to the group's relative performance. Our stock selection in toll roads was also beneficial. Factors that detracted from relative returns included our stock selection in pipelines and our underweight and stock selection in electric utilities.

And within global REITs, our overweight and stock selection in the U.K. gave the Fund a lift, along with our underweight in Japan and overweight in Hong Kong. Stock selection in Japan and the United States detracted from performance.

Impact of Derivatives on Fund Performance

The Fund sold covered call options on an index with the intention of earning option premiums to generate income to pay dividends and reduce the volatility of the Fund's investments. In the 12-month period ended December 31, 2014, the use of these instruments significantly detracted from the Fund's performance.

Impact of Leverage on Fund Performance

The Fund employs leverage as part of a yield-enhancement strategy. Leverage, which can increase total return in rising markets (just as it can have the opposite effect in declining markets), significantly contributed to the Fund's performance for the 12-month period ended December 31, 2014.

Impact of Foreign Currency on Fund Performance

The currency impact of the Fund's investments in foreign securities, particularly in regard to its allocation in global real estate and global infrastructure securities, significantly detracted from absolute performance during the 12-month period ended December 31, 2014. Although the Fund reports its NAV and pays dividends in U.S. dollars, the Fund's investments denominated in foreign currencies are subject to foreign currency risk. The U.S. dollar rose to a nine-year high during the period, and, consequently, this was a headwind for absolute returns as a result of the changes in the exchange rates between foreign currencies and the U.S. dollar.

Investment Outlook

We remain modestly positive in our outlook for global equity markets in 2015, particularly for those that invest in North America. Developments in Europe, Japan and China require monitoring; their recoveries have been uneven, but lower oil prices and central banks' quantitative easing programs may help them achieve sustainable growth. The impact of sharply lower energy prices will be a boon for consumers and for companies and industries, such as airlines, that can lock in low prices for the next 12-18 months.

We do not expect the Fed to raise interest rates while Europe and Japan are in economic doldrums and the U.S. dollar is at current lofty levels. In our view, low interest rates and U.S. economic progress will encourage investors especially yield-oriented and foreign direct investors to remain in U.S. equities.

We are beginning to trim some risk from the Fund's large-cap allocation. Share valuations are above their long-term average, the global economic recovery has slowed and the U.S. dollar continues to rise against the currencies of our trading partners all of which put pressure on export-oriented companies. Our focus in 2015 will again be on companies that can improve their cash flows, raise dividends and return capital to shareholders.

Global infrastructure sectors that are closely tied to the recovering economy, such as transportation, hold the most interest for us. We look for toll roads, airports and marine ports to benefit from lower fuel costs. Toll roads, many of which are domiciled in Europe, are also likely to advance if the Eurozone's economic recovery takes hold. The drop in crude oil and natural gas prices has raised questions about the outlook for the pipelines subsector in 2015.

We believe U.S. REITs continue to offer positive risk-adjusted-return potential, and that the improvement in real estate fundamentals should drive net asset values higher. The U.K. offers attractive opportunities, as new supply is limited in most sectors and we think the current expansion cycle has room to continue. On the continent, we maintain a constructive economic view relative to the market consensus, and believe the ECB will continue its easing cycle in order to avert deflation.

All told, we expect the year to be a volatile one for equities, but we believe the relative attractiveness of U.S. markets will persist. We do anticipate more than a few opportunities to add to quality holdings at discounted prices over the year, which should make 2015 a solid investment opportunity for long-term investors.

Sincerely,

ROBERT H. STEERS JOSEPH M. HARVEY
Chairman Portfolio Manager

RICHARD E. HELM WILLIAM F. SCAPELL Portfolio Manager Portfolio Manager

YIGAL D. JHIRAD DOUGLAS R. BOND Portfolio Manager Portfolio Manager

BEN MORTON JON CHEIGH Portfolio Manager Portfolio Manager

ELAINE ZAHARIS-NIKAS JASON A. YABLON Portfolio Manager Portfolio Manager

The views and opinions in the preceding commentary are subject to change without notice and are as of the date of publication. There is no guarantee that any market forecast set forth in the commentary will be realized. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific point in time, should not be relied upon as investment advice and is not intended to predict or depict performance of any investment.

Visit Cohen & Steers online at cohenandsteers.com

For more information about the Cohen & Steers family of mutual funds, visit cohenandsteers.com. Here you will find fund net asset values, fund fact sheets and portfolio highlights, as well as educational resources and timely market updates.

Our website also provides comprehensive information about Cohen & Steers, including our most recent press releases, profiles of our senior investment professionals and their investment approach to each asset class. The Cohen & Steers family of mutual funds invests in major real asset categories including real estate, infrastructure and commodities, along with preferred securities and other income solutions.

Our Leverage Strategy (Unaudited)

Our leverage strategy utilizes borrowings up to the maximum permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940 to provide additional capital for the Fund, with an objective of increasing the net income available for shareholders. As of December 31, 2014, leverage represented 21% of the Fund's managed assets.

Leverage Facts^{a,b}

Leverage (as a % of managed assets) Current Rate on Debt . 21% 0.9%

The Fund intends to enhance its dividend yield through leverage. The use of leverage is a speculative technique and there are special risks and costs associated with leverage. The net asset value of the Fund's shares may be reduced by the issuance and ongoing costs of leverage. So long as the Fund is able to invest in securities that produce an investment yield that is greater than the total cost of leverage, the leverage strategy will produce higher current net investment income for shareholders. On the other hand, to the extent that the total cost of leverage exceeds the incremental income gained from employing such leverage, shareholders would realize lower net investment income. In addition to the impact on net income, the use of leverage will have an effect of magnifying capital appreciation or depreciation for shareholders. Specifically, in an up market, leverage will typically generate greater capital appreciation than if the Fund were not employing leverage. Conversely, in down markets, the use of leverage will generally result in greater capital depreciation than if the Fund had been unlevered. To the extent that the Fund is required or elects to reduce its leverage, the Fund may need to liquidate investments at times of adverse economic conditions which may result in capital losses potentially reducing returns to shareholders. There can be no assurance that a leveraging strategy will be successful during any period in which it is employed.

- a Data as of December 31, 2014. Information is subject to change.
- b See Note 7 in Notes to Financial Statements.

December 31, 2014

Top Ten Holdings^a (Unaudited)

		% of
		Managed
Security	Value	Assets
Exxon Mobil Corp.	\$7,113,750	2.1
The Kroger Co.	6,566,628	1.9
Tyson Foods, Class A	6,282,103	1.9
CVS Caremark Corp.	6,009,648	1.8
Avago Technologies Ltd. (USD)	5,621,673	1.7
Actavis PLC (USD)	5,225,423	1.5
F5 Networks	4,383,624	1.3
Cigna Corp.	4,130,807	1.2
Novartis AG	3,923,049	1.2
CSX Corp.	3,862,118	1.1

^a Top ten holdings are determined on the basis of the value of individual securities held. The Fund may also hold positions in other types of securities issued by the companies listed above. See the Schedule of Investments for additional details on such other positions.

Country Breakdown

(Based on Managed Assets) (Unaudited) Edgar Filing: Cohen & Steers Global Income Builder, Inc - Form N-CSR

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

December 31, 2014

		Number of Shares	Value
COMMON STOCK	112.5%	oi onares	Value
AUSTRALIA	1.5%		
FINANCIAL BANKS	0.3%		
Australia and New Zealand Banking Group			
Ltd.a,b		33,161	\$ 862,847
MARINE PORTS	0.2%		
Asciano Ltd.b		97,238	476,199
MATERIALS METALS & MINING	0.2%		
BHP Billiton Ltd.a,b		29,287	692,422
PIPELINES C-CORP	0.2%		
APA Group ^b		84,880	513,124
REAL ESTATE RETAIL	0.6%		
Westfield Corp.b		216,833	1,589,464
TOTAL AUSTRALIA			4,134,056
AUSTRIA	0.0%		
AIRPORTS			
Flughafen Wien AG		1,118	103,925
BELGIUM	1.1%		
CONSUMER STAPLES			
Anheuser-Busch InBev NV ^{a,b}		25,100	2,824,787
BERMUDA	0.8%		
REAL ESTATE HOTEL			
Belmond Ltd., Class A (USD)c,d		164,507	2,034,952
BRAZIL	0.1%		
ELECTRIC INTEGRATED ELECTRIC			
Light SA		54,412	348,391
CANADA	3.3%		
FINANCIAL BANKS	0.5%		
Toronto-Dominion Bank (USD)		25,700	1,227,946
MATERIALS CHEMICALS	0.7%		
Potash Corp. of Saskatchewan		54,300	1,919,522
PIPELINES C-CORP	1.4%		
AltaGas Ltd.		14,746	550,087
Enbridge		26,393	1,357,134
See accomp	anying notes to financ	cial statements.	

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2014

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
Inter Pipeline Ltd.		20,294	\$ 627,790
TransCanada Corp.		26,704	1,312,445
' '		,	3,847,456
RAILWAYS	0.7%		
Canadian National Railway Co.		28,100	1,935,412
TOTAL CANADA			8,930,336
CHINA	0.5%		
GAS DISTRIBUTION	0.2%		
Towngas China Co., Ltd. (Cayman			
Islands) (HKD)b		507,000	513,785
REAL ESTATE RESIDENTIAL	0.3%		
China Vanke Co. Ltd., Class H			
(HKD) ^{b,d}		407,800	902,550
TOTAL CHINA			1,416,335
FRANCE	4.2%		
CONSUMER STAPLES	0.6%		
Danone SA ^{a,b}		25,700	1,680,216
CONSUMER CYCLICAL	0.5%		
APPAREL	0.1%		
Hermes International ^b		360	128,190
DIVERSIFIED	0.4%		
LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton			
SA ^{a,b}		7,400	1,172,172
TOTAL CONSUMER CYCLICAL			1,300,362
ENERGY OIL & GAS	0.4%		
Total SA ^{a,b}		19,281	987,804
FINANCIAL BANKS	1.1%		
BNP Paribas ^{a,b}		51,300	3,028,448
INDUSTRIALS AEROSPACE &			
DEFENSE	0.5%		
Airbus Group NVb		25,500	1,260,669
MATERIALS CONSTRUCTION			
MATERIALS	0.3%		
Lafarge SA ^{a,b}		13,600	954,721
REAL ESTATE DIVERSIFIED	0.4%		
Gecina SA ^b		8,528	1,064,616
Sec	e accompanying notes to	financial statements.	

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
TOLL ROADS	0.4%		
Groupe Eurotunnel SAa,b		80,797	\$ 1,043,103
TOTAL FRANCE			11,319,939
GERMANY	4.6%		
AUTOMOTIVE	0.8%		
Bayerische Motoren Werke AG ^{a,b}		19,900	2,147,572
FINANCIAL	2.1%		
BANKS	0.7%		
Deutsche Bank AGa,b		68,100	2,039,210
INSURANCE	1.4%		
Allianz SE ^{a,b}		22,300	3,693,463
TOTAL FINANCIAL			5,732,673
INDUSTRIALS ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT	0.4%		
Siemens AG ^b		9,800	1,099,598
REAL ESTATE RESIDENTIAL	0.6%		
Deutsche Annington Immobilien SEb		47,589	1,615,726
TECHNOLOGY SOFTWARE	0.7%		
SAP AG ^{a,b}		26,300	1,836,486
TOTAL GERMANY			12,432,055
HONG KONG	3.6%		
ELECTRIC REGULATED ELECTRIC	0.2%		
Power Assets Holdings Ltd.b		56,000	541,049
ENERGY OIL & GAS	0.2%		
CNOOC Ltd.a,b		424,000	573,319
FINANCIAL INVESTMENT			
BANKERS/BROKERS	0.3%		
Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Ltd.a,b		39,000	860,992
HOTEL	0.5%		
Wynn Macau Ltd.b		470,000	1,314,230
INDUSTRIALS DIVERSIFIED	0.8%		
Hutchison Whampoa Ltd.a,b		185,400	2,121,786
	anying notes to 12	financial statements.	

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2014

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
REAL ESTATE	1.3%		
DIVERSIFIED	0.4%		
Kerry Properties Ltd.b		328,500	\$ 1,182,954
Sun Hung Kai Properties Ltd.b		404	6,121
			1,189,075
OFFICE	0.2%		
Hongkong Land Holdings Ltd.			
(USD)b		85,598	576,719
RETAIL	0.7%		
Link REIT		282,000	1,763,716
TOTAL REAL ESTATE			3,529,510
TELECOMMUNICATION			
SERVICES	0.3%		
China Mobile Ltd.a,b		56,500	663,233
TOTAL HONG KONG			9,604,119
IRELAND	2.5%		
HEALTH			
CARE PHARMACEUTICALS			
Actavis PLC (USD)c,d		20,300	5,225,423
Perrigo Co. PLC (USD)		9,400	1,571,304
TOTAL IRELAND			6,796,727
ITALY	0.9%		
COMMUNICATIONS TELECOMM	1UNICAT 10231/ S		
RAI Way S.p.A. ^d		174,850	674,931
ENERGY OIL & GAS	0.6%		
Eni S.p.A. ^{a,b}		99,400	1,741,138
TOTAL ITALY			2,416,069
JAPAN	8.7%		
AUTOMOTIVE	0.5%		
Toyota Motor Corp.a,b		22,000	1,370,981
CONSUMER			
DISCRETIONARY MEDIA	0.8%		
CyberAgent ^{a,b}		54,000	2,024,485
FINANCIAL	1.3%		
DIVERSIFIED FINANCIAL			
SERVICES	0.9%		
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Groupb		111,200	610,958
ORIX Corp. ^{a,b}		140,500	1,767,882
			2,378,840
	See accompanying notes to fin	ancial statements.	

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2014

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
INSURANCE	0.4%		
NKSJ Holdings ^{a,b}		46,250	\$ 1,163,081
TOTAL FINANCIAL			3,541,921
GAS DISTRIBUTION	0.2%		
Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd.b		101,000	544,962
HEALTH			
CARE PHARMACEUTICALS	0.4%		
Astellas Pharma ^{a,b}		81,100	1,129,082
INDUSTRIALS	2.3%		
COMMERCIAL SERVICES &			
SUPPLIES	0.9%		
Secom Co., Ltd.a,b		41,700	2,395,857
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT	1.4%		
Fanuc Ltd. ^{a,b}		11,000	1,813,683
Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd.a,b		17,100	1,865,967
			3,679,650
TOTAL INDUSTRIALS			6,075,507
RAILWAYS	0.3%		
West Japan Railway Co.b		16,400	775,363
REAL ESTATE	1.1%		
INDUSTRIALS	0.7%		
Hulic Co., Ltd. ^{a,b}		187,500	1,874,469
RETAIL	0.4%		
AEON Mall Co., Ltd. ^b		53,600	949,844
TOTAL REAL ESTATE			2,824,313
TECHNOLOGY	1.2%		
ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT &			
INSTRUMENTS	0.7%		
Kyocera Corp. ^{a,b}		26,900	1,230,933
Sony Corp.a,b		40,500	826,575
			2,057,508
OFFICE ELECTRONICS	0.5%		
Canon ^{a,b}		40,900	1,299,955
TOTAL TECHNOLOGY			3,357,463
	See accompanying notes to fir	nancial statements.	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number	
TELECOMMUNICATION CERVICES	0.6%	of Shares	Value
TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES KDDI Corp.a,b	0.6%	26 600	¢ 1671120
TOTAL JAPAN		26,600	\$ 1,671,120 23,315,197
JERSEY	0.8%		23,315,197
CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY MEDIA	0.6 /6		
WPP PLC (GBP) ^{a,b}		97,500	2,027,187
MEXICO	0.8%	97,300	2,027,107
AIRPORTS	0.0%		
Grupo Aeroportuario del Pacifico SAB de CV			
ADR	,	8,656	547,059
CONSUMER NON-CYCLICAL RETAIL	0.3%	0,000	017,000
Wal-Mart de Mexico SA de CV	0.070	410,600	883,053
TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES	0.3%		200,000
America Movil SAB de CV		573,400	638,935
TOTAL MEXICO		·	2,069,047
NETHERLANDS	1.1%		,
MATERIALS CHEMICALS	0.5%		
LyondellBasell Industries NV, Class A			
(USD) ^c		16,200	1,286,118
REAL ESTATE RETAIL	0.6%		
Wereldhave NV ^b		26,051	1,793,745
TOTAL NETHERLANDS			3,079,863
SINGAPORE	2.8%		
REAL ESTATE DIVERSIFIED	0.7%		
City Developments Ltd.b		262,000	2,021,341
TECHNOLOGY SEMICONDUCTORS	2.1%		
Avago Technologies Ltd. (USD) ^c		55,887	5,621,673
TOTAL SINGAPORE			7,643,014
SOUTH KOREA	0.5%		
TECHNOLOGY SEMICONDUCTORS			
Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. GDR, 144Ae		2,000	1,210,000
SPAIN	1.5%		
FINANCIAL BANKS	0.4%		
Banco Santander Central Hispano SAb		135,474	1,137,049
See accomp	anying notes to	financial statements.	
	13		

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2014

		Number of Shares		Value
GAS DISTRIBUTION	0.3%	UI SHales		value
Enagas SAb	0.076	27,096	\$	854,635
TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES	0.5%	27,000	Ψ	001,000
Telefonica SA ^{a,b}	0.070	83,500	1	,198,853
TOLL ROADS	0.3%	00,000	•	,
Ferrovial SAb	0.070	44,313		875,987
TOTAL SPAIN		,	4	,066,524
SWITZERLAND	5.0%			, , -
AIRPORTS	0.3%			
Flughafen Zuerich AGa,b		1,062		710,225
CONSUMER NON-CYCLICAL FOOD	1.2%	·		
Nestle SA ^{a,b}		43,020	3	,136,200
FINANCIAL	1.6%			
BANKS	0.4%			
Credit Suisse Group AGa,b		48,673	1	,222,726
INSURANCE	1.2%			
Zurich Insurance Group AGa,b		10,000	3	,125,023
TOTAL FINANCIAL			4	,347,749
HEALTH CARE PHARMACEUTICALS	1.4%			
Novartis AGa,b		42,300	3	,923,049
INDUSTRIALS ELECTRICAL COMPONENT				
& EQUIPMENT	0.5%			
TE Connectivity Ltd. (USD) ^c		21,364		,351,273
TOTAL SWITZERLAND			13	,468,496
UNITED KINGDOM	7.8%			
COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITES	0.3%			
Inmarsat PLCb		54,021		669,832
CONSUMER STAPLES BEVERAGE	0.7%			
Diageo PLCa,b		67,000	1	,919,353
CONSUMER CYCLICAL RETAIL	0.9%			- 000010
Next PLCa,b	0.00/	23,600	2	,502,943
CONSUMER NON-CYCLICAL	0.9%			
HOUSEHOLD PRODUCTS	0.9%	00.000	_	040.004
Reckitt Benckiser Group PLCa,b	nving notes to fin	29,000	2	,348,824

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number	
PHARMACEUTICALS	0.0%	of Shares	Value
Indivior PLCd	0.0%	29,000	\$ 67,528
TOTAL		29,000	φ 07,520
CONSUMER NON-CYCLICAL			2,416,352
ELECTRIC REGULATED			2,410,002
ELECTRIC	0.2%		
National Grid PLC ^{a,b}	0.2 /0	42,577	604,137
ENERGY OIL & GAS	0.9%	,0	001,101
BP PLCa,b		400,900	2,544,743
FINANCIAL BANKS	1.7%	,	, ,
Barclays PLCa,b		596,700	2,243,193
HSBC Holdings PLCa,b		240,166	2,269,512
			4,512,705
HEALTH			
CARE PHARMACEUTICALS	1.2%		
GlaxoSmithKline PLCa,b		146,800	3,149,388
REAL ESTATE SELF STORAGE	0.4%		
Big Yellow Group PLCb		128,054	1,206,617
WATER	0.6%		
Pennon Group PLCb		62,875	898,275
United Utilities Group PLCb		42,081	597,715
			1,495,990
TOTAL UNITED KINGDOM	00.40/		21,022,060
UNITED STATES	60.4%		
AUTOMOTIVE	0.2%	22.222	500.400
Ford Motor Co.	4.40/	38,200	592,100
COMMUNICATIONS TOWERS	1.1%	10.504	1 0 4 0 7 7 0
American Tower Corp.c		13,584	1,342,778
Crown Castle International Corp.		12,466	981,074
SBA Communications Corp., Class Ac,d		4.964	E00 707
A ^{0,0}		4,864	538,737
CONSUMER			2,862,589
DISCRETIONARY HOTELS,			
RESTAURANTS & LEISURE	0.9%		
Las Vegas Sands Corp.c	0.0 /0	43,200	2,512,512
Las rogus sands sorp.	See accompanying notes to fina		2,012,012
	17		

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number	Value
CONSUMER CYCLICAL	4.9%	of Shares	Value
APPAREL	4.9% 2.1%		
Hanesbrands	Z.I /0	27,700	\$ 3,091,874
VF Corp.c		34,300	2,569,070
VI Golp.		34,300	5,660,944
AUTOMOBILES	0.5%		3,000,344
Harley-Davidson ^c	0.5 /6	18,700	1,232,517
MEDIA	1.0%	10,700	1,202,317
The Walt Disney Co.a	1.070	28,500	2,684,415
RESTAURANT	1.0%	20,000	2,001,110
Starbucks Corp.a,c	1.0 /0	32,800	2,691,240
RETAIL	0.3%	32,000	2,001,210
Ross Stores ^a	0.070	8,600	810,636
TOTAL CONSUMER CYCLICAL		2,000	13,079,752
CONSUMER NON-CYCLICAL	7.0%		-,, -
FOOD PRODUCTS	4.8%		
Kroger Co/Thec		102,268	6,566,628
Tyson Foods, Class Aa		156,700	6,282,103
			12,848,731
RETAIL	2.2%		
CVS Caremark Corp.a		62,399	6,009,648
TOTAL			
CONSUMER NON-CYCLICAL			18,858,379
ELECTRIC REGULATED			
ELECTRIC	0.6%		
CMS Energy Corp.a		19,124	664,559
Duke Energy Corp.		13,052	1,090,364
			1,754,923
ENERGY	3.7%		
OIL & GAS	3.3%		
Anadarko Petroleum Corp.a		22,137	1,826,303
Exxon Mobil Corp.a,c		76,947	7,113,750
			8,940,053
OIL & GAS SERVICES	0.4%		
Baker Hughes		20,171	1,130,988
TOTAL ENERGY			10,071,041
	See accompanying notes to fin	ancial statements.	
	10		

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number	
FINANCIAL	10.0%	of Shares	Value
BANKS	2.7%		
Bank of America Corp. ^a	2.770	197,300	\$ 3,529,697
Huntington Bancshares		117,800	1,239,256
Wells Fargo & Co.a		49,087	2,690,949
Wells I algo & Co."		49,007	7,459,902
CREDIT CARD	1.1%		7,439,902
American Express Co.a		14,700	1,367,688
Discover Financial Services ^c		23,200	1,519,368
		-,	2,887,056
DIVERSIFIED FINANCIAL			, ,
SERVICES	5.0%		
Ameriprise Financiala		19,500	2,578,875
BlackRock ^a		7,223	2,582,656
Citigroupa		58,011	3,138,975
JPMorgan Chase & Co.a		57,394	3,591,717
Morgan Stanley ^c		40,700	1,579,160
			13,471,383
INSURANCE	1.2%		
American International Group ^a		34,076	1,908,597
Prudential Financiala		13,700	1,239,302
			3,147,899
TOTAL FINANCIAL			26,966,240
GAS DISTRIBUTION	0.7%		
Atmos Energy Corp.		10,073	561,469
Sempra Energy ^{a,c}		12,928	1,439,662
			2,001,131
HEALTH CARE	6.8%		
BIOTECHNOLOGY	2.0%		
Amgen ^a		10,700	1,704,403
Gilead Sciences ^{c,d}		38,500	3,629,010
			5,333,413
HEALTH CARE EQUIPMENT &			
SUPPLIES	1.3%		
Zimmer Holdings ^{a,c}		31,600	3,584,072
	See accompanying notes to final 19	ncial statements.	

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2014

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS & SERVICES	2.5%		
Aetnac		14,200	\$ 1,261,386
Cigna Corp.c		40,140	4,130,807
Universal Health Services, Class B	a	11,800	1,312,868
			6,705,061
HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS	0.5%		
Thermo Fisher Scientifica		11,019	1,380,570
PHARMACEUTICALS	0.5%		
Pfizer ^a		40,984	1,276,652
TOTAL HEALTH CARE			18,279,768
INDUSTRIALS	6.7%		
AEROSPACE & DEFENSE	1.6%		
L-3 Communications Holdings ^c		20,300	2,562,063
Triumph Group ^c		27,634	1,857,557
·			4,419,620
AIRLINES	1.1%		
United Continental Holdingsc,d		42,600	2,849,514
AUTO MANUFACTURERS	0.6%		
PACCAR ^c		23,500	1,598,235
DIVERSIFIED MANUFACTURING	1.4%	·	
General Electric Co.a		107,730	2,722,337
WW Grainger ^c		4,400	1,121,516
			3,843,853
MACHINERY	0.4%		
SPX Corp.c		12,064	1,036,539
ROAD & RAIL	1.6%		
CSX Corp.a,c		106,600	3,862,118
Union Pacific Corp.		4,527	539,302
			4,401,420
TOTAL INDUSTRIALS			18,149,181
MATERIALS CHEMICALS	1.7%		
Ecolab		11,800	1,233,336
Monsanto Co.a		27,400	3,273,478
			4,506,814
	See accompanying notes to fin	ancial statements.	. ,

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2014

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
PIPELINES	2.2%		
PIPELINES C-CORP	1.3%		
Kinder Morgan		23,580	\$ 997,670
Plains GP Holdings LP, Class Ac		14,397	369,715
SemGroup Corp., Class A		14,393	984,337
Williams Cos. (The)		22,635	1,017,217
			3,368,939
PIPELINES MLP	0.9%		
Antero Midstream Partners LPd		12,286	337,865
Dominion Midstream Partners LPd		18,353	719,438
Energy Transfer Equity LP		9,237	530,019
EQT Midstream Partners LPc		6,484	570,592
Summit Midstream Partners LP		8,517	323,646
			2,481,560
TOTAL PIPELINES			5,850,499
REAL ESTATE	2.7%		
DIVERSIFIED	0.2%		
Macquarie Infrastructure Co LLC		8,063	573,199
INDUSTRIALS	1.0%	· ·	·
First Industrial Realty Trust ^c		64,896	1,334,262
Prologis ^c		28,368	1,220,675
Ğ		,	2,554,937
OFFICE	0.2%		, ,
SL Green Realty Corp.c		5,472	651,277
RESIDENTIAL APARTMENT	0.4%	,	,
American Homes 4 Rent, Class Ac		59,616	1,015,260
SELF STORAGE	0.7%		,,
CubeSmart ^c		48,535	1,071,168
Extra Space Storage ^c		13,094	767,832
ı		,	1,839,000
SHOPPING CENTERS REGIONAL			, ,
MALL	0.2%		
CBL & Associates Properties ^c		30,724	596,660
TOTAL REAL ESTATE		,	7,230,333
_	accompanying notes to	financial statements.	,,

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number of Shares	Value
SHIPPING	0.4%	UI SIIdIES	value
Teekay Corp. (Marshall Islands)c	0.170	20,647	\$ 1,050,726
TECHNOLOGY	10.8%		ų .,ooo,. = o
COMPUTERS	1.9%		
Apple ^a		10,900	1,203,142
Hewlett-Packard Co.a		96,000	3,852,480
			5,055,622
COMPUTERS & PERIPHERALS	2.3%		
F5 Networks ^{a,d}		33,600	4,383,624
Western Digital Corp.c		17,400	1,926,180
			6,309,804
INTERNET SERVICE PROVIDER	0.9%		
Google, Class Aa,c		4,600	2,441,036
SEMICONDUCTORS	3.3%		
SanDisk Corp.		37,653	3,689,241
Skyworks Solutions		34,300	2,493,953
Xilinx ^a		62,500	2,705,625
2057111255	0.404		8,888,819
SOFTWARE	2.4%	40.000	0.000.400
Citrix Systems ^{a,d}		40,900	2,609,420
Microsoft Corp.a,c		82,900	3,850,705
TOTAL TECLINOLOGY			6,460,125
TOTAL LINUTED STATES			29,155,406
TOTAL COMMON STOCK			162,921,394
TOTAL COMMON STOCK			000 104 470
(Identified cost \$251,839,615) CLOSED-END FUNDS UNITED			303,184,473
STATES	5.8%		
COVERED CALL	1.3%		
BlackRock Enhanced Capital and	1.0 /6		
Income Fund		24,357	340,267
Eaton Vance Tax-Managed		24,007	040,207
Buy-Write Opportunities Fund ^c		63,893	898,336
Eaton Vance Tax-Managed		33,333	000,000
Diversified Equity			
Income Fund ^c		86,022	960,866
	See accompanying notes to fir 22		

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number of Shares	Value
Eaton Vance Tax-Managed Global Buy-Write			
Opportunities Funda		43,393	\$ 478,191
Eaton Vance Tax-Managed Global Diversified Equity			
Income Funda		101,072	959,173
			3,636,833
ENERGY/ RESOURCES	0.1%	-	0.10.0==
Market Vectors Oil Service ETF	4.00/	5,932	213,077
EQUITY TAX ADVANTAGED	1.3%		
Eaton Vance Tax-Advantaged Dividend Income Fundc		52,622	1,094,538
Eaton Vance Tax-Advantaged		52,022	1,094,556
Global Dividend Income			
Fund		23,789	384,430
Eaton Vance Tax-Advantaged			33.,.33
Global Dividend			
Opportunities Fund		11,428	277,815
Gabelli Dividend & Income Trusta		47,322	1,024,994
John Hancock Tax-Advantaged			
Dividend Income Fund ^c		36,580	814,637
OLODAL LIVERIE (OROMITIL O			3,596,414
GLOBAL HYBRID (GROWTH & INCOME)	0.1%		
Clough Global Opportunities Fund		22,196	284,553
INVESTMENT GRADE	0.1%		
PIMCO Corporate and Income		10 515	004.000
Opportunity Fund MASTER LIMITED		18,515	294,388
PARTNERSHIPS	0.9%		
First Trust Energy Income and	0.976		
Growth Fund		21,229	774,859
Kayne Anderson Energy Total		, -	,
Return Fund ^c		13,990	389,622
Kayne Anderson Midstream/Energy			
Fund		6,900	234,876
Kayne Anderson MLP Investment			
Company		16,974	648,067
Nuveen Energy MLP Total Return		10.070	000 700
Fund		16,376	332,760 2,380,184
MULTI-SECTOR	0.9%		۷,300,10 4
WIGETT-GEGTORE	0.5/0		

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AllianzGI Convertible & Income			
Fund	38,546	363,104	
PIMCO Dynamic Credit Income			
Fund	25,354	523,560	
PIMCO Dynamic Income Fund ^c	20,219	621,532	
PIMCO Income Opportunity Funda	22,400	561,120	
PIMCO Income Strategy Fund II	42,967	421,506	
		2,490,822	
See accompanying notes to financial statements.			
	23		

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number of Shares	Value
MUNICIPAL	0.1%		
PIMCO Municipal Income Fund II		24,625	\$ 292,545
PREFERRED	0.3%		
Nuveen Preferred Income			
Opportunities Fund		72,014	688,454
REAL ESTATE	0.4%		
Alpine Global Premier Properties		40.770	015 000
Fund CBRE Clarion Global Real Estate		43,773	315,603
Income Fund		22.054	207 155
Nuveen Real Estate Income Fund		33,054	297,155
Nuveen Real Estate income Fund		33,283	382,755 995,513
U.S. GENERAL EQUITY	0.3%		990,013
Consumer Discretionary Select	0.3 /0		
Sector SPDR Fund		4,161	300,216
SPDR S&P 500 ETF Trust ^c		2,004	411,822
SI DIT SKI 300 ETI TIUSI		2,004	712,038
TOTAL CLOSED-END FUNDS			712,000
(Identified cost \$14,786,186)			15,584,821
PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25			10,001,021
PAR VALUE	3.1%		
UNITED KINGDOM	1.3%		
BANKS FOREIGN	110,0		
Barclays Bank PLC, 7.10%, Series			
III (USD)		40,000	1,032,400
National Westminster Bank PLC,		2,22	, ,
7.76%, Series C (USD)		40,000	1,044,800
RBS Capital Funding Trust VII,		·	
6.08%, Series G (USD)		60,000	1,463,400
			3,540,600
UNITED STATES	1.8%		
BANKS	0.5%		
PNC Financial Services Group,			
5.375%, Series Q		10,759	257,247
Regions Financial Corp., 6.375%,			
Series B ^c		41,612	1,056,945
			1,314,192
ELECTRIC INTEGRATED	0.3%		
NextEra Energy Capital Holdings,			
5.00%, due 1/15/73		40,000	893,200
INDUSTRIALS CHEMICALS	0.4%		
CHS, 7.10%, Series II ^c		37,738	991,000

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
REAL ESTATE DIVERSIFIED	0.6%		
American Realty Capital Properties,			
6.70%, Series F ^c		45,000	\$ 1,028,250
Colony Financial, 8.50%, Series Aa		28,000	735,840
•		,	1,764,090
TOTAL UNITED STATES			4,962,482
TOTAL PREFERRED			, ,
SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE			
(Identified cost \$8,162,697)			8,503,082
PREFERRED			, ,
SECURITIES CAPITAL			
SECURITIES	2.5%		
AUSTRALIA	0.3%		
INSURANCE-FOREIGN			
QBE Insurance Group Ltd., 6.75%,			
due 12/2/44 (USD)		755,000	759,712
BRAZIL	0.2%	· ·	·
BANKS FOREIGN			
Banco do Brasil SA/Cayman,			
9.00%, 144A (USD) ^e		530,000	495,550
CHINA	0.2%		
BANKS FOREIGN			
Industrial & Commercial Bank of			
China Ltd., 6.00%,			
144A (USD) ^e		650,000	658,938
GERMANY	0.7%		
BANKS FOREIGN			
Deutsche Bank AG, 7.50% (USD)		2,000,000	1,925,000
SWITZERLAND	0.5%		
INSURANCE REINSURANCE FOREIG	N		
Aquarius + Investments PLC, 8.25%			
(USD)		1,310,000	1,445,912
UNITED STATES	0.6%		
BANKS			
Bank of America Corp., 6.50%,			
Series Z		1,037,000	1,058,155
JPMorgan Chase & Co., 6.10%,			
Series X		450,000	450,000
TOTAL UNITED STATES			1,508,155
TOTAL PREFERRED			6,793,267
SECURITIES CAPITAL			
SECURITIES			

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(Identified cost \$6,741,321)

See accompanying notes to financial statements. 25

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Principal Amount	Value
CORPORATE BOND UNITED STATES	0.7%	Amount	Value
INSURANCE PROPERTY CASUALTY	0.1 70		
Liberty Mutual Insurance, 7.697%, due			
10/15/97, 144Ae		\$1,500,000	\$ 1,902,549
TOTAL CORPORATE BONDS		Ψ1,000,000	Ψ 1,002,010
(Identified cost \$1,342,544)			1,902,549
(14611111164 6661 \$\psi\$1,612,611)		Number	1,002,010
		of Shares	
SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	0.7%	or oriares	
MONEY MARKET FUNDS	0.7 70		
State Street Institutional Treasury Money			
Market			
Fund, 0.00% ^f		1,800,000	1,800,000
TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS		1,000,000	1,000,000
(Identified cost \$1,800,000)			1,800,000
TOTAL INVESTMENTS (Identified			1,000,000
cost \$284,672,363)	125.3%		337,768,192
WRITTEN OPTION CONTRACTS	(0.6)		(1,711,200)
LIABILITIES IN EXCESS OF OTHER	(0.0)		(1,711,200)
ASSETS	(24.7)		(66,483,150)
NET ASSETS (Equivalent to \$11.67 per	(= 1.7)		(66, 166, 166)
share based on			
23,104,567 shares of common stock			
outstanding)	100.0%		\$269,573,842
outstanding)	1001070	Number of	Ψ200,010,012
		Contracts	
WRITTEN OPTION		Gonii dolo	
CONTRACTS UNITED STATES	(0.6)%		
S&P 500 Index, Call, USD Strike Price	(010)/0		
2,070,			
expires 1/17/15		920	\$ (1,711,200)
TOTAL WRITTEN OPTION CONTRACTS		<u></u>	+ (1,111,200)
(Premiums received \$2,529,623)			\$ (1,711,200)
,	panying notes to financ	ial statements.	, , , , , , , , , , , ,
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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2014

Glossary of Portfolio Abbreviations

ADR American Depositary Receipt

ETF Exchange-Traded Fund

GBP Great British Pound

GDR Global Depositary Receipt

HKD Hong Kong Dollar

MLP Master Limited Partnership

REIT Real Estate Investment Trust

SPDR Standard & Poor's Depositary Receipt

USD United States Dollar

Note: Percentages indicated are based on the net assets of the Fund.

- ^a All or a portion of the security is pledged as collateral in connection with the Fund's revolving credit agreement. \$138,847,706 in aggregate has been pledged as collateral.
- ^b Fair value security. This security has been valued at its fair value as determined in good faith under procedures established by and under the general supervision of the Fund's Board of Directors. Aggregate fair valued securities represent 40.1% of the net assets of the Fund, all of which have been fair valued pursuant to foreign equity fair value pricing procedures approved by the Board of Directors.
- ^c All or a portion of the security is pledged in connection with written option contracts. \$46,992,600 in aggregate has been pledged to collateral.
- ^d Non-income producing security.
- ^e Resale is restricted to qualified institutional investors. Aggregate holdings equal 1.6% of the net assets of the Fund, of which 0.0% are illiquid.
- f Rate quoted represents the annualized seven-day yield of the Fund.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2014

Conton Cumana and	% of Managed
Sector Summary	Assets 15.4
Financial (Common)	12.1
Technology (Common)	
Health Care (Common)	9.8
Industrials (Common)	8.7
Real Estate (Common)	7.6
Consumer Non-Cyclical (Common)	7.5
Consumer Cyclical (Common)	5.0
Energy (Common)	4.7
Closed-End Funds	4.6
Materials (Common)	2.8
Banks Foreign (Preferred)	1.9
Consumer Discretionary (Common)	1.9
Consumer Staples (Common)	1.9
Pipelines (Common)	1.9
Communications (Common)	1.2
Telecommunication Services (Common)	1.2
Automotive (Common)	1.2
Gas Distribution (Common)	1.2
Pipelines C-Corp (Common)	1.1
Other	1.0
Railways (Common)	1.0
Electric (Common)	1.0
Banks (Preferred)	0.8
Toll Roads (Common)	0.6
Insurance (Corporate Bonds)	0.6
Real Estate (Preferred)	0.5
Water (Common)	0.4
Insurance (Preferred)	0.4
Airports (Common)	0.4
Hotel (Common)	0.4
Shipping (Common)	0.3
Industrials (Preferred)	0.3
Electric Integrated (Preferred)	0.3
Insurance Foreign (Preferred)	0.2
Marine Ports (Common)	0.1
·	100.0

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

December 31, 2014

ASSETS:		
Investments in securities, at value (Identified		
cost \$284,672,363)	\$337,768,192	
Cash	1,821,475	
Foreign currency, at value (Identified cost \$1,609,997)	1,602,639	
Receivable for:		
Investment securities sold	4,441,857	
Dividends and interest	817,783	
Other assets	3,565	
Total Assets	346,455,511	
LIABILITIES:		
Payable for:		
Revolving credit agreement	69,800,000	
Investment securities purchased	4,847,267	
Written option contracts (Premiums		
received \$2,529,623)	1,711,200	
Investment management fees	290,640	
Interest expense	56,015	
Administration fees	23,251	
Directors' fees	308	
Other liabilities	152,988	
Total Liabilities	76,881,669	
NET ASSETS	\$269,573,842	
NET ASSETS consist of:		
Paid-in capital	\$293,343,166	
Accumulated undistributed net investment income	10,077	
Accumulated net realized loss	(77,674,037)	
Net unrealized appreciation	53,894,636	
	\$269,573,842	
NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE:		
(\$269,573,842 ÷ 23,104,567 shares outstanding)	\$ 11.67	
MARKET PRICE PER SHARE	\$ 11.74	
MARKET PRICE PREMIUM TO NET ASSET VALUE		
PER SHARE	0.60%	
See accompanying notes to financial statements.		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Investment Income:	
Dividend income (net of \$347,834 of foreign withholding	
tax)	\$ 9,141,987
Interest income	803,432
Total Investment Income	9,945,419
Expenses:	
Investment management fees	3,564,567
Interest expense	635,709
Administration fees	357,860
Professional fees	106,546
Custodian fees and expenses	72,706
Shareholder reporting expenses	60,712
Transfer agent fees and expenses	19,153
Directors' fees and expenses	15,974
Line of credit fees	15,666
Registration and filing fees	8,748
Miscellaneous	64,077
Total Expenses	4,921,718
Net Investment Income	5,023,701
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss):	
Net realized gain (loss) on:	
Investments	32,951,094
Written option contracts	(17,513,799)
Foreign currency transactions	(70,248)
Net realized gain	15,367,047
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on:	
Investments	(12,526,018)
Written option contracts	3,167,204
Foreign currency translations	(27,945)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(9,386,759)
Net realized and unrealized gain	5,980,288
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 11,003,989
See accompanying notes to financial statements.	
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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Dec	For the Year Ended ember 31, 2014	De	For the Year Ended cember 31, 2013	
Change in Net Assets:		·			
From Operations:					
Net investment income	\$	5,023,701	\$	4,812,375	
Net realized gain		15,367,047		21,752,212	
Net change in unrealized					
appreciation					
(depreciation)		(9,386,759)		21,872,329	
Net increase in net assets					
resulting					
from operations		11,003,989		48,436,916	
Dividends and Distributions					
from:					
Net investment income		(21,589,877)		(16,234,140)	
Return of capital		(4,216,422)		(9,562,342)	
Total dividends and					
distributions to					
shareholders		(25,806,299)		(25,796,482)	
Capital Stock Transactions:					
Increase in net assets from					
Fund share					
transactions		862,609			
Total increase (decrease) in					
net assets		(13,939,701)		22,640,434	
Net Assets:					
Beginning of year		283,513,543		260,873,109	
End of year ^a	\$	269,573,842	\$	283,513,543	
a Includes accumulated undistributed r	et inve	etment income and divi	dends in exces	ss of net investment	

^a Includes accumulated undistributed net investment income and dividends in excess of net investment income of \$10,077 and \$214,142, respectively.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Increase in Cash:	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 11,003,989
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from	
operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Purchases of long-term investments	(268,885,985)
Net purchases, sales and maturities of short-term	
investments	(1,200,000)
Net amortization of premium	30,511
Proceeds from sales and maturities of long-term	000 700 700
investments	309,706,768
Net decrease in dividends and interest receivable and	100.401
other assets	162,431
Net decrease in interest expense payable, accrued expenses and	
other liabilities	(11,591)
Increase in premiums received from written option	(11,001)
contracts	541,535
Net change in unrealized appreciation on written option	,
contracts	(3,167,204)
Net change in unrealized depreciation on investments	12,526,018
Net realized gain on investments	(32,951,094)
Cash provided by operating activities	27,755,378
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	
Dividends and distributions paid	(25,397,932)
Cash used for financing activities	(25,397,932)
Increase in cash	2,357,446
Cash at beginning of year (including foreign currency)	1,066,668
Cash at end of year (including foreign currency)	\$ 3,424,114
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:	

During the year ended December 31, 2014, reinvestment of dividends was \$862,609.

During the year ended December 31, 2014, interest paid was \$633,841.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following table includes selected data for a share outstanding throughout each year and other performance information derived from the financial statements. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto.

		For the Y	ear Ended Dece	mber 31,	
Per Share Operating Performance:	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Net asset value,					
beginning of year	\$12.31	\$11.33	\$10.67	\$11.96	\$11.91
Income (loss) from inve	estment operations				
Net investment					
income	0.22 _a	0.21 _a	0.26	0.33	0.31
Net realized and	0.00	4 00	4.50	(0.50)	0.00
unrealized gain (loss)	0.26	1.89 _b	1.52	(0.50)	0.86
Total from investment	0.48	0.10	1 70	(0.17)	1 17
operations Less dividends and dis		2.10	1.78	(0.17)	1.17
shareholders from:	iributions to				
Net investment					
income	(0.94)	(0.70)	(0.28)	(0.30)	(0.31)
Return of capital	(0.18)	(0.42)	(0.84)	(0.82)	(0.81)
Total dividends and	(0.10)	(31.12)	(0.0.1)	(0.02)	(0.0.7)
distributions to					
shareholders	(1.12)	(1.12)	(1.12)	(1.12)	(1.12)
Anti-dilutive (dilutive)	,	,	,	,	,
effect from the					
issuance					
of reinvested shares	0.00c				0.00_{c}
Anti-dilutive effect					
from the repurchase					
of					
shares				$0.00_{\rm c}$	
Net increase					
(decrease) in net	(2.2.1)			(, ==)	
asset value	(0.64)	0.98	0.66	(1.29)	0.05
Net asset value, end	0.44.0 7	4400 4	0.44.00	# 40.07	44.00
of year	\$11.67	\$12.31	\$11.33	\$ 10.67	\$11.96
Market value, end of	Φ 1 1 7 <i>1</i>	Ф 1 1 О 4	Ф 1 0 00	Φ 0.00	ф 1 1 О 1
year Total not asset value	\$11.74	\$11.34	\$10.32	\$ 9.30	\$11.21
Total net asset value return ^d	3.81%	20.09%	17.80%	0.38%	11.18%
Total market value	J.01 /0	20.03/0	17.00/0	0.30 /6	11.10/0
return ^d	13.36%	21.46%	23.10%	7.36%	9.93%
TGLUTT:	10.00/0	ZI.TU/0	AU. 10 /0	1.00/0	J.JJ /6

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31,

Ratios/Supplemental					
Data:	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Net assets, end of year (in millions)	\$ 269.6	\$ 283.5	\$ 260.9	\$ 245.7	\$276.1
Ratio of expenses to average daily net	4 700/	4.040/	4.040/	0.040/	0.000/
assets ^e	1.72%	1.81%	1.91%	2.01%	2.22%
Ratio of expenses to average daily net assets (excluding interest					
expense) ^e	1.50%	1.57%	1.61%	1.65%	1.71%
Ratio of net investment income to average					
daily net assetse	1.75%	1.78%	2.26%	2.46%	2.51%
Ratio of expenses to average daily managed					
assets ^{e,f}	1.38%	1.44%	1.50%	1.56%	1.70%
Portfolio turnover rate	77%	81%	44%	56%	53%
Revolving Credit Agreen	nent:				
Asset coverage ratio for revolving credit					
agreement	486%	506%	474%	452%	454%
Asset coverage per \$1,000 for revolving credit					
agreement	\$4,862	\$5,062	\$4,737	\$4,521	\$4,539

^a Calculation based on average shares outstanding.

b Includes gains resulting from class action litigation payments on securities owned in prior years. Without these gains, the net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments per share would have been \$1.88 and the total return on an NAV basis would have been 20.05%.

c Amount is less than \$0.005.

^d Total net asset value return measures the change in net asset value per share over the period indicated. Total market value return is computed based upon the Fund's NYSE market price per share and excludes the effects of brokerage commissions. Dividends and distributions are assumed, for purposes of these calculations, to be reinvested at prices obtained under the Fund's dividend reinvestment plan.

^e Does not include expenses incurred by the closed-end funds in which the Fund invests.

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^f Average daily managed assets represent net assets plus the outstanding balance of the revolving credit agreement.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Cohen & Steers Global Income Builder, Inc. (the Fund) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maryland on April 10, 2007 and is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the 1940 Act), as a diversified closed-end management investment company. The Fund's investment objective is total return with an emphasis on high current income.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Fund in the preparation of its financial statements. The Fund is an investment company and, accordingly, follows the investment company accounting and reporting guidance of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946 Investment Companies. The accounting policies of the Fund are in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Portfolio Valuation: Investments in securities that are listed on the NYSE are valued, except as indicated below, at the last sale price reflected at the close of the NYSE on the business day as of which such value is being determined. If there has been no sale on such day, the securities are valued at the mean of the closing bid and ask prices on such day or, if no ask price is available, at the bid price. Exchange traded options are valued at their last sale price as of the close of options trading on applicable exchanges on the valuation date. In the absence of a last sale price on such day, options are valued at the average of the quoted bid and ask prices as of the close of business. Over-the-counter options are valued based upon prices provided by the respective counterparty.

Securities not listed on the NYSE but listed on other domestic or foreign securities exchanges are valued in a similar manner. Securities traded on more than one securities exchange are valued at the last sale price reflected at the close of the exchange representing the principal market for such securities on the business day as of which such value is being determined. If after the close of a foreign market, but prior to the close of business on the day the securities are being valued, market conditions change significantly, certain non-U.S. equity holdings may be fair valued pursuant to procedures established by the Board of Directors.

Readily marketable securities traded in the over-the-counter market, including listed securities whose primary market is believed by Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. (the investment manager) to be over-the-counter, are valued at the last sale price on the valuation date as reported by sources deemed appropriate by the Board of Directors to reflect their fair market value. If there has been no sale on such day, the securities are valued at the mean of the closing bid and ask prices on such day or, if no ask price is available, at the bid price. However, certain fixed-income securities may be valued on the basis of prices provided by a third-party pricing service or third-party broker-dealer when such prices are believed by the investment manager, pursuant to delegation by the Board of Directors, to reflect the fair market value of such securities. The pricing services or broker-dealers use multiple valuation techniques to determine fair value. In instances where sufficient market activity exists, the pricing services or broker-dealers may utilize a market-based approach through which quotes from market makers are used to determine fair value. In instances where sufficient market activity may not

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

exist or is limited, the pricing services or broker-dealers also utilize proprietary valuation models which may consider market transactions in comparable securities and the various relationships between securities in determining fair value and/or characteristics such as benchmark yield curves, option-adjusted spreads, credit spreads, estimated default rates, coupon rates, anticipated timing of principal repayments, underlying collateral, and other unique security features which are used to calculate the fair values.

Short-term debt securities with a maturity date of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Investments in open-end mutual funds are valued at their closing net asset value.

The policies and procedures approved by the Fund's Board of Directors delegate authority to make fair value determinations to the investment manager, subject to the oversight of the Board of Directors. The investment manager has established a valuation committee (Valuation Committee) to administer, implement and oversee the fair valuation process according to the policies and procedures approved annually by the Board of Directors. Among other things, these procedures allow the Fund to utilize independent pricing services, quotations from securities and financial instrument dealers and other market sources to determine fair value.

Securities for which market prices are unavailable, or securities for which the investment manager determines that the bid and/or ask price or a counterparty valuation does not reflect market value, will be valued at fair value, as determined in good faith by the Valuation Committee, pursuant to procedures approved by the Fund's Board of Directors. Circumstances in which market prices may be unavailable include, but are not limited to, when trading in a security is suspended, the exchange on which the security is traded is subject to an unscheduled close or disruption or material events occur after the close of the exchange on which the security is principally traded. In these circumstances, the Fund determines fair value in a manner that fairly reflects the market value of the security on the valuation date based on consideration of any information or factors it deems appropriate. These may include, but are not limited to, recent transactions in comparable securities, information relating to the specific security and developments in the markets.

Foreign equity fair value pricing procedures utilized by the Fund may cause certain non-U.S. equity holdings to be fair valued on the basis of fair value factors provided by a pricing service to reflect any significant market movements between the time the Fund values such securities and the earlier closing of foreign markets.

The Fund's use of fair value pricing may cause the net asset value of Fund shares to differ from the net asset value that would be calculated using market quotations. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different than the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security.

Fair value is defined as the price that the Fund would expect to receive upon the sale of an investment or expect to pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction with an independent buyer in the principal market or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

investment or liability. The hierarchy of inputs that are used in determining the fair value of the Fund's investments is summarized below.

- Level 1 guoted prices in active markets for identical investments
- Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

For movements between the levels within the fair value hierarchy, the Fund has adopted a policy of recognizing the transfer at the end of the period in which the underlying event causing the movement occurred. Changes in valuation techniques may result in transfers into or out of an assigned level within the disclosure hierarchy. As of December 31, 2014, there were \$85,658,635 of securities transferred between Level 1 and Level 2, which resulted from the Fund utilizing foreign equity fair value pricing procedures as of December 31, 2014.

The following is a summary of the inputs used as of December 31, 2014 in valuing the Fund's investments carried at value:

	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Investments (Level 1)	Other Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Common Stock:	4.00.00	A 400.005	Φ.	Φ.
Austria	\$ 103,925	\$ 103,925	\$	\$
Bermuda	2,034,952	2,034,952		
Brazil	348,391	348,391		
Canada	8,930,336	8,930,336		
Hong Kong	9,604,119	1,763,716	7,840,403	
Ireland	6,796,727	6,796,727		
Italy	2,416,069	674,931	1,741,138	
Mexico	2,069,047	2,069,047		
Netherlands	3,079,863	1,286,118	1,793,745	
Singapore	7,643,014	5,621,673	2,021,341	
South Korea	1,210,000	1,210,000		
Switzerland	13,468,496	1,351,273	12,117,223	
United Kingdom	21,022,060	67,528	20,954,532	
United States	162,921,394	162,921,394		
Other Countries	61,536,080		61,536,080	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Investments (Level 1)	Other Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Closed End	rotai	(LCVCI I)	(LCVCI Z)	(LCVCI O)
Funds	\$ 15,584,821	\$ 15,584,821	\$	\$
Preferred Securities \$25 Par Value	8,503,082	8,503,082		
Preferred Securities Capital				
Securities	6,793,267		6,793,267	
Corporate Bonds	1,902,549		1,902,549	
Short-Term Investments	1,800,000		1,800,000	
Total Investments ^a	\$337,768,192	\$ 219,267,914	\$118,500,278	\$
Written option contracts	(1,711,200)	(1,711,200)		
Total Depreciation in Other Financial Instruments ^a	\$ (1,711,200)	\$ (1,711,200)	\$	\$
	,	Φ (1,711,200)		Φ

a Portfolio holdings are disclosed individually on the Schedule of Investments.

Security Transactions and Investment Income: Security transactions are recorded on trade date. Realized gains and losses on investments sold are recorded on the basis of identified cost. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Discounts are accreted and premiums are amortized over the life of the respective securities. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date, except for certain dividends on foreign securities, which are recorded as soon as the Fund is informed after the ex-dividend date. Distributions from Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) and Closed-End Funds (CEFs) are recorded as ordinary income, net realized capital gain or return of capital based on information reported by the REITs, CEFs and management's estimates of such amounts based on historical information. These estimates are adjusted when the actual source of distributions is disclosed by the REITs and CEFs and actual amounts may differ from the estimated amounts. Distributions from Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) are recorded as income and return of capital based on information reported by the MLPs and management's estimates of such amounts based on historical information. These estimates are adjusted when the actual source of distributions is disclosed by the MLPs and actual amounts may differ from the estimated amounts.

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Options: The Fund may purchase and write exchange-listed and over-the-counter put or call options on securities, stock indices and other financial instruments to enhance portfolio returns and reduce overall volatility.

When the Fund writes (sells) an option, an amount equal to the premium received by the Fund is recorded on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as a liability. The amount of the liability is subsequently marked-to-market to reflect the current market value of the option written. When an option

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

expires, the Fund realizes a gain on the option to the extent of the premium received. Premiums received from writing options which are exercised or closed are added to or offset against the proceeds or amount paid on the transaction to determine the realized gain or loss. If a put option on a security is exercised, the premium reduces the cost basis of the security purchased by the Fund. If a call option is exercised, the premium is added to the proceeds of the security sold to determine the realized gain or loss. The Fund, as writer of an option, bears the market risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the underlying index or security. Other risks include the possibility of an illiquid options market or the inability of the counterparties to fulfill their obligations under the contracts.

Put and call options purchased are accounted for in the same manner as portfolio securities. Premiums paid for purchasing options which expire are treated as realized losses. Premiums paid for purchasing options which are exercised or closed are added to the amounts paid or offset against the proceeds on the underlying investment transaction to determine the realized gain or loss when the underlying transaction is executed. The risk associated with purchasing an option is that the Fund pays a premium whether or not the option is exercised. Additionally, the Fund bears the risk of loss of the premium and change in market value should the counterparty not perform under the contract.

Foreign Currency Translation: The books and records of the Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars. Investment securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based upon prevailing exchange rates on the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based upon prevailing exchange rates on the respective dates of such transactions. The Fund does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in market prices of securities held. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gain or loss on investments.

Net realized foreign exchange gains or losses arise from sales of foreign currencies, including gains and losses on forward foreign currency exchange contracts, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions, and the difference between the amounts of dividends, interest, and foreign withholding taxes recorded on the Fund's books and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received or paid. Net unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses arise from changes in the values of assets and liabilities, other than investments in securities, on the date of valuation, resulting from changes in exchange rates. Pursuant to U.S. federal income tax regulations, certain foreign currency gains/losses included in realized and unrealized gains/losses are included in or are a reduction of ordinary income for federal income tax purposes.

Foreign Securities: The Fund directly purchases securities of foreign issuers. Investing in securities of foreign issuers involves special risks not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. issuers. The risks include possible revaluation of currencies, the ability to repatriate funds, less complete financial information about companies and possible future adverse political and economic developments. Moreover, securities of many foreign issuers and their markets may be less liquid and their prices more volatile than securities of comparable U.S. issuers.

Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders: Dividends from net investment income and capital gain distributions are determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations, which may

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

differ from GAAP. Dividends from net investment income, if any, are declared and paid quarterly. Net realized capital gains, unless offset by any available capital loss carryforward, are typically distributed to shareholders at least annually. Dividends and distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date and are automatically reinvested in full and fractional shares of the Fund in accordance with the Fund's Reinvestment Plan, unless the shareholder has elected to have them paid in cash.

Distributions paid by the Fund are subject to recharacterization for tax purposes. Based upon the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2014, a portion of the distributions have been reclassified to return of capital.

Income Taxes: It is the policy of the Fund to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company, if such qualification is in the best interest of the shareholders, by complying with the requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies, and by distributing substantially all of its taxable earnings to its shareholders. Accordingly, no provision for federal income or excise tax is necessary. Dividend and interest income from holdings in non-U.S. securities is recorded net of non-U.S. taxes paid. Security and foreign currency transactions and any gains realized by the Fund on the sale of securities in certain non-U.S. markets are subject to non-U.S. taxes. The Fund records a liability based on any unrealized gains on securities held in these markets in order to estimate the potential non-U.S. taxes due upon the sale of these securities. Management has analyzed the Fund's tax positions taken on federal and applicable state income tax returns as well as its tax positions in non-U.S. jurisdictions in which it trades for all open tax years and has concluded that as of December 31, 2014, no additional provisions for income tax are required in the Fund's financial statements. The Fund's tax positions for the tax years for which the applicable statutes of limitations have not expired are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service, state departments of revenue and by foreign tax authorities.

Note 2. Investment Management Fees, Administration Fees and Other Transactions with Affiliates

Investment Management Fees: The investment manager serves as the Fund's investment manager pursuant to an investment management agreement (the investment management agreement). Under the terms of the investment management agreement, the investment manager provides the Fund with day-to-day investment decisions and generally manages the Fund's investments in accordance with the stated policies of the Fund, subject to the supervision of the Board of Directors.

For the services provided to the Fund, the investment manager receives a fee, accrued daily and paid monthly, at the annual rate of 1.00% of the average daily managed assets of the Fund. Managed assets are equal to the net assets of the common shares plus the amount of any borrowings, used for leverage, outstanding.

Under subadvisory agreements between the investment manager and each of Cohen & Steers Asia Limited and Cohen & Steers UK Limited (collectively, the subadvisors), affiliates of the investment manager, the subadvisors are responsible for managing the Fund's investments in certain non-U.S. real estate securities. For their services provided under the subadvisory agreements, the investment manager (not the Fund) pays the subadvisors. The investment manager allocates 50% of the investment

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

management fee received from the Fund among itself and each subadvisor based on the portion of the Fund's average daily managed assets managed by the investment manager and each subadvisor.

Administration Fees: The Fund has entered into an administration agreement with the investment manager under which the investment manager performs certain administrative functions for the Fund and receives a fee, accrued daily and paid monthly, at the annual rate of 0.08% of the average daily managed assets of the Fund. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Fund incurred \$285,165 in fees under this administration agreement. Additionally, the Fund pays State Street Bank and Trust Company as co-administrator under a fund accounting and administration agreement.

Directors' and Officers' Fees: Certain directors and officers of the Fund are also directors, officers and/or employees of the investment manager. The Fund does not pay compensation to directors and officers affiliated with the investment manager except for the Chief Compliance Officer, who received compensation from the investment manager, which was reimbursed by the Fund, in the amount of \$4,058 for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Note 3. Purchases and Sales of Securities

Purchases and sales of securities, excluding short-term investments, for the year ended December 31, 2014, totaled \$273,733,252 and \$312,956,377, respectively.

Transactions in written options during the year ended December 31, 2014, were as follows:

	Number	
	of Contracts	Premiums
Written option contracts outstanding at		
December 31, 2013	1,305	\$ 1,988,088
Option contracts written	17,754	43,117,137
Option contracts expired	(3,666)	(6,336,596)
Option contracts terminated in closing		
transactions	(8,654)	(23,048,377)
Option contracts exercised	(5,819)	(13,190,629)
Written option contracts outstanding at		
December 31, 2014	920	\$ 2,529,623
Note 4. Derivative Investments		

The following tables present the value of derivatives held at December 31, 2014 and the effect of derivatives held during the year ended December 31, 2014, along with the respective location in the financial statements. The volume of activity for written option contracts for the year ended December 31, 2014 is summarized in Note 3.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

Assets Liabilities

Derivatives Location Fair Value Location Fair Value

Written

option Payable for written

contracts^a \$ options contracts \$1,711,200

Statement of Operations

Change in

Realized Unrealized

Derivatives Location Loss Appreciation
Written option Net Realized and Unrealized

contracts Gain (Loss) \$(17,513,799) \$ 3,167,204

At December 31, 2014, the Fund's derivative assets and liabilities (by type), which are subject to a master netting agreement, are as follows:

Derivative Financial Instruments Assets Liabilities Written option contracts \$ \$744,000

The following table presents the Fund's derivative liabilities by counterparty net of amounts available for offset under a master netting agreement and net of the related collateral pledged by the Fund, if any, as of December 31, 2014:

	Gross Amount				
	of Liabilities	Financial			
	Presented	Instruments			
	in the Statement	and Derivatives		Net Amount	
	of Assets and	Available	Collateral	of Derivative	
Counterparty	Liabilities	for Offset	Pledgeda	Liabilities ^b	
Morgan Stanley			_		
& Co., Inc.	\$ 744,000	\$	\$ (744,000)	\$	
			` , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

a In some instances, the actual collateral pledged may be more than amount shown.

^a Option contracts executed with Goldman Sachs & Co. are not subject to a master netting arrangement or another similar arrangement.

b Net amount represents the net payable due to the counterparty in the event of default.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 5. Income Tax Information

The tax character of dividends and distributions paid was as follows:

For the Year Ended December 31,

	2014	2013
Ordinary income	\$21,589,877	\$16,234,140
Tax return of capital	4,216,422	9,562,342
Total dividends and distributions	\$25,806,299	\$25,796,482

As of December 31, 2014, the tax-basis components of accumulated earnings and the federal tax cost were as follows:

Cost for federal income tax purposes	\$285,872,556
Gross unrealized appreciation	\$ 60,260,561
Gross unrealized depreciation	(8,364,925)
Net unrealized appreciation	\$ 51,895,636

As of December 31, 2014, the Fund had a net capital loss carryforward of \$75,620,233, which may be used to offset future capital gains. These losses are comprised of short-term capital loss carryovers, of which \$69,059,596 will expire on December 31, 2017 and \$6,560,637 will expire on December 31, 2018. In addition, the Fund incurred short-term capital losses of \$56,436 after October 31, 2014, that it has elected to treat as arising in the following fiscal year.

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Fund utilized net capital loss carryforwards of \$16,872,721.

As of December 31, 2014, the Fund had temporary book/tax differences primarily attributable to wash sales on portfolio securities, unrealized gains of passive foreign investment companies, mark to market on options contracts and partnership investments and permanent book/tax differences primarily attributable to foreign currency transactions, sales of passive foreign investment companies, Fund distributions and prior year income redesignations. To reflect reclassifications arising from the permanent differences, paid-in capital was charged \$16,289,466, accumulated net realized loss was charged \$500,929 and accumulated undistributed net investment income was credited \$16,790,395. Net assets were not affected by this reclassification.

Note 6. Capital Stock

The Fund is authorized to issue 250 million shares of common stock at a par value of \$0.001 per share.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013, the Fund issued 71,994 and 0 shares, respectively, of common stock for the reinvestment of dividends of \$862,609 and \$0, respectively.

On December 9, 2014, the Board of Directors approved the continuation of the delegation of its authority to management to effect repurchases, pursuant to management's discretion and subject to market conditions and investment considerations, of up to 10% of the Fund's common shares outstanding (Share Repurchase Program) as of January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015.

During the year ended December 31, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013, the Fund did not effect any repurchases.

Note 7. Borrowings

The Fund has entered into an \$80,000,000 secured, committed revolving credit agreement (credit agreement) with State Street Bank and Trust Company (State Street). The credit agreement has a 360 day rolling term that resets daily. The Fund pays a monthly financing charge which is calculated based on a LIBOR based or Federal Funds based rate. The Fund also pays a 0.15% per annum fee based on the unused portion of the credit agreement. The Fund is required to segregate portfolio securities as collateral in an amount up to two times the loan balance outstanding (or more depending on the terms of the credit agreement) and has granted a security interest in the securities segregated to, and in favor of, State Street as security for the loan balance outstanding. If the Fund fails to meet certain requirements, or maintain other financial covenants required under the credit agreement, the Fund may be required to repay immediately, in part or in full, the loan balance outstanding under the credit agreement, necessitating the sale of portfolio securities at potentially inopportune times.

As of December 31, 2014, the Fund had outstanding borrowings of \$69,800,000. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Fund borrowed an average daily balance of \$69,800,000 at a weighted average borrowing cost of 0.9%.

Note 8. Other

In the normal course of business, the Fund enters into contracts that provide general indemnifications. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is dependent on claims that may be made against the Fund in the future and, therefore, cannot be estimated; however, based on experience, the risk of material loss from such claims is considered remote.

Note 9. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated events and transactions occurring after December 31, 2014 through the date that the financial statements were issued, and has determined that no additional disclosure in the financial statements is required.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Cohen & Steers Global Income Builder, Inc.

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the schedule of investments. and the related statements of operations, of changes in net assets and of cash flows and the financial highlights present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cohen & Steers Global Income Builder, Inc. (the "Fund") at December 31, 2014, the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended and the financial highlights for each of the periods presented, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements and financial highlights (hereafter referred to as "financial statements") are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits, which included confirmation of securities at December 31, 2014 by correspondence with the custodian and brokers, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP New York, New York February 25, 2015

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(Periods ended December 31, 2014) (Unaudited)

Based on Net Asset Value			Based on Market Value			
		Since Inception			Since Inception	
One Year	Five Years	(07/27/07)	One Year	Five Years	(07/27/07)	
3.81%	10.22%	4.71%	13.36%	11.54%	4.15%	

The performance data quoted represent past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The investment return will vary and the principal value of an investment will fluctuate and shares, if sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. Performance results reflect the effect of leverage from utilization of borrowings under a credit agreement and/or from the issuance of preferred shares. Current total returns of the Fund can be obtained by visiting our website at cohenandsteers.com. The Fund's returns assume the reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at prices obtained under the Fund's dividend reinvestment plan.

TAX INFORMATION 2014 (Unaudited)

Pursuant to the Jobs and Growth Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003, the Fund designates qualified dividend income of \$7,588,576. Additionally, 10.74% of the ordinary dividends qualified for the dividends received deduction available to corporations.

REINVESTMENT PLAN

The Fund has a dividend reinvestment plan commonly referred to as an "opt-out" plan (the Plan). Each common shareholder who participates in the Plan will have all distributions of dividends and capital gains (Dividends) automatically reinvested in additional common shares by Computershare as agent (the Plan Agent). Shareholders who elect not to participate in the Plan will receive all Dividends in cash paid by check mailed directly to the shareholder of record (or if the shares are held in street or other nominee name, then to the nominee) by the Plan Agent, as dividend disbursing agent. Shareholders whose common shares are held in the name of a broker or nominee should contact the broker or nominee to determine whether and how they may participate in the Plan.

The Plan Agent serves as agent for the shareholders in administering the Plan. After the Fund declares a Dividend, the Plan Agent will, as agent for the shareholders, either: (i) receive the cash payment and use it to buy common shares in the open market, on the NYSE or elsewhere, for the participants' accounts or (ii) distribute newly issued common shares of the Fund on behalf of the participants.

The Plan Agent will receive cash from the Fund with which to buy common shares in the open market if, on the Dividend payment date, the net asset value (NAV) per share exceeds the market price per share plus estimated brokerage commissions on that date. The Plan Agent will receive the Dividend in newly issued common shares of the Fund if, on the Dividend payment date, the market price per share plus estimated brokerage commissions equals or exceeds the NAV per share of the Fund on that date. The number of shares to be issued will be computed at a per share rate equal to the greater of (i) the NAV or (ii) 95% of the closing market price per share on the payment date.

If the market price per share is less than the NAV on a Dividend payment date, the Plan Agent will have until the last business day before the next ex-dividend date for the common stock, but in no event more than 30 days after the Dividend payment date (as the case may be, the Purchase Period), to invest the Dividend amount in shares acquired in open market purchases. If at the close of business on any day during the Purchase Period on which NAV is calculated the NAV equals or is less than the market price per share plus estimated brokerage commissions, the Plan Agent will cease making open market purchases and the uninvested portion of such Dividends shall be filled through the issuance of new shares of common stock from the Fund at the price set forth in the immediately preceding paragraph.

Participants in the Plan may withdraw from the Plan upon notice to the Plan Agent. Such withdrawal will be effective immediately if received not less than ten days prior to a Dividend record date; otherwise, it will be effective for all subsequent Dividends. If any participant elects to have the Plan Agent sell all or part of his or her shares and remit the proceeds, the Plan Agent is authorized to deduct a \$15.00 fee plus \$0.10 per share brokerage commissions.

The Plan Agent's fees for the handling of reinvestment of Dividends will be paid by the Fund. However, each participant will pay a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred with respect to the Plan Agent's open market purchases in connection with the reinvestment of Dividends. The automatic reinvestment of Dividends will not relieve participants of any income tax that may be payable or required to be withheld on such Dividends.

The Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan. All correspondence concerning the Plan should be directed to the Plan Agent at 800-432-8224.

OTHER INFORMATION

A description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available (i) without charge, upon request, by calling 800-330-7348, (ii) on our website at cohenandsteers.com or (iii) on the Securities and Exchange Commission's (the SEC) website at http://www.sec.gov. In addition, the Fund's proxy voting record for the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available by August 31 of each year (i) without charge, upon request, by calling 800-330-7348 or (ii) on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Fund's Forms N-Q are available (i) without charge, upon request, by calling 800-330-7348 or (ii) on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov. In addition, the Forms N-Q may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 800-SEC-0330.

Please note that distributions paid by the Fund to shareholders are subject to recharacterization for tax purposes and are taxable up to the amount of the Fund's investment company taxable income and net realized gains. Distributions in excess of the Fund's net investment company taxable income and realized gains are a return of capital distributed from the Fund's assets. To the extent this occurs, the Fund's shareholders of record will be notified of the estimated amount of capital returned to shareholders for each such distribution and this information will also be available at cohenandsteers.com. The final tax treatment of all distributions is reported to shareholders on their 1099-DIV forms, which are

mailed after the close of each calendar year. Distributions of capital decrease the Fund's total assets and, therefore, could have the effect of increasing the Fund's expense ratio. In addition, in order to make these distributions, the Fund may have to sell portfolio securities at a less than opportune time.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with Rule 23c-1 under the 1940 Act that the Fund may purchase, from time to time, shares of its common stock in the open market.

Election of Additional Director

Effective January 26, 2015, the Board of Directors has elected Dean Junkans as director of the Fund to serve until the annual meeting of stockholders in 2017 and until he or his successor is duly elected and qualified.

Prior to becoming a Director of various Cohen & Steers funds, Mr. Junkans was Chief Investment Officer at Wells Fargo Private Bank from 2004 to 2014, and also served as Chief Investment Officer of the Wealth, Brokerage and Retirement group at Wells Fargo & Company from 2011 to 2014. He is currently a member, and former Chair, of the Claritas Advisory Committee at the CFA Institute, and is also a board member and Investment Committee member of Bethel University Foundation. He was a member of the Board of Governors of the University of Wisconsin Foundation, River Falls, from 1996 to 2004, and is a U.S. Army Veteran.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

The business and affairs of the Fund are managed under the direction of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors approves all significant agreements between the Fund and persons or companies furnishing services to it, including the Fund's agreements with its investment advisor, administrator, co-administrator, custodian and transfer agent. The management of the Fund's day-to-day operations is delegated to its officers, the investment advisor, administrator and co-administrator, subject always to the investment objective and policies of the Fund and to the general supervision of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors and officers of the Fund and their principal occupations during at least the past five years are set forth below. The statement of additional information (SAI) includes additional information about fund directors and is available, without charge, upon request by calling 800-330-7348.

				Number of	
				Funds	
				Within	
				Fund	
				Complex	
			Principal Occupation	Overseen	
Name,	Position(s)		During At Least	by	Length
Address ¹	Held		The Past 5 Years	Director	of
and	With	Term of	(Including Other	(Including	Time
Age	Fund	Office ²	Directorships Held)	the Fund)	Served ³
Interested	d Directors ⁴	!			
Robert	Director	Until	Chief Executive Officer of Cohen & Steers Capital	21	Since
H.	and	next	Management, Inc. (CSCM or the Advisor) and its		1991
Steers	Chairman	election	parent, Cohen & Steers, Inc. (CNS) since 2014.		
Age: 61		of	Prior to that, Co-Chairman and Co-Chief		
		directors	Executive Officer of the Advisor since 2003 and		
			CNS since 2004.		
Joseph	Director	Until	President and Chief Investment Officer of CSCM	16	Since
M.	and	next	since 2003 and President of CNS since 2004.		2014
Harvey	Vice	election			
Age: 51	President	of			
		directors			
(table continued on next page)					

(table continued from previous page)

			Principal Occupation	Number of Funds Within Fund Complex Overseen	
	sition(s) Held		During At Least The Past 5 Years	by Director	Length of
		erm of	(Including Other	(Including	Time
		Office ²	Directorships Held)	the Fund)	Served ³
Disinterested		Jilioc	Directorships Field)	the runa)	Octved
	rector Ur ne ele of	ext I ection I	From May 2006 to June 2011, President and Chief Executive Officer of DWS Funds and Managing Director of Deutsche Asset Management.	21	Since 2011
Bonnie Dir Cohen Age: 72	rector Ur ne ele of	ntil (ext lection lection structure)	Consultant. Board Member, DC Public Library Foundation since 2012, President since 2014; Board Member, Telluride Mountain Film Festival since 2010; Trustee, H. Rubenstein Foundation since 1996; Trustee, District of Columbia Public Libraries since 2004.	21	Since 2001
George Dia Grossman Age: 61	ne ele of	ext ection	Attorney-at-law.	21	Since 1993
E. Kroon Age: 72	of dir	ext I ection (rectors I	Member of Investment Committee, Monmouth University since 2004; Former Director, Retired Chairman and Managing Partner of Sprout Group venture capital funds, then an affiliate of Donaldson, Lufkin and Jenrette Securities Corporation from 1981 to 2001. Former chairman of the National Venture Capital Association for the year 2000.	21	Since 2004
(table continued on next page)					

(table continued from previous page)

			Funds Within Fund		
		D: : 10	Complex		
D 111	()	Principal Occupation		Overseen	
Position	` '	During At Least	-	Length	
Name, Held		The Past 5 Years	Director	of	
Address ¹ With		(Including Other	`		
and Age Fund		Directorships Held)	the Fund)S		
Richard Directo J. Norman		Private Investor. Member, Montgomery County, Maryland Department of Corrections Volunteer Corps since February 2010; Liason for Business Leadership,	21	Since 2001	
Age: 71		Salvation Army World Service Organization (SAWSO) since 2010; Advisory Board Member, The Salvation Army since 1985; Prior thereto, Investment Representative of Morgan Stanley Dean Witter from 1966 to 2000.			
Frank K. Director Ross Age: 71		Visiting Professor of Accounting and Director of the Center for Accounting Education at Howard University School of Business since 2004; Board member and member of Audit Committee (Chairman from 2007 to 2012) and Human Resources and Compensation Committee, Pepco Holdings, Inc. (electric utility) from 2004 to 2014; Formerly, Mid-Atlantic Area Managing Partner for Assurance Services at KPMG LLP and Managing Partner of its Washington, DC offices from 1977 to 2003.	21	Since 2004	
(table continued	(table continued on next page)				

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Number of

(table continued from previous page)

Number of Funds Within Fund Complex Principal Occupation Overseen Position(s) **During At Least** by Length Held The Past 5 Years Director Name, of Address¹ With Term of (Including Other (Including Time Office² Directorships Held) the Fund)Served³ and Age Fund C. Director Until next Member of The Board of Trustees of Manhattan College, 21 Since election of Riverdale, New York from 2004 to 2014. Formerly 2004 Edward Ward Jr. Director of closed-end fund management for the New directors York Stock Exchange (the NYSE), where he worked from Age: 68 1979 to 2004.

¹ The address for each director is 280 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017.

² On March 12, 2008, the Board of Directors adopted a mandatory retirement policy stating a Director must retire from the Board on December 31st of the year in which he or she turns 75 years of age.

³ The length of time served represents the year in which the director was first elected or appointed to any fund in the Cohen & Steers fund complex.

⁴ "Interested person", as defined in the 1940 Act, of the Fund because of affiliation with CSCM (Interested Directors).

The officers of the Fund (other than Messrs. Steers and Harvey, whose biography is provided above), their address, their ages and their principal occupations for at least the past five years are set forth below.

Name, Address and Age ¹ Adam M. Derechin Age: 50	Position(s) Held With Fund President and Chief Executive Officer	Principal Occupation During At Least the Past 5 Years Chief Operating Officer of CSCM since 2003 and CNS since 2004.	Length of Time Served ² Since 2005
William F. Scapell Age: 46		Executive Vice President of CSCM since 2014. Prior to that, Senior Vice President of CSCM since 2003.	Since 2003
Richard E. Helm Age: 55	Vice President	Senior Vice President of CSCM since 2005.	Since 2005
Yigal D. Jhirad Age: 50	Vice President	Senior Vice President of CSCM since 2007.	Since 2007
Francis C. Poli Age: 52	Secretary	Executive Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel of CSCM and CNS since March 2007.	Since 2007
James Giallanza Age: 48	Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer	Executive Vice President of CSCM since January 2014. Prior to that, Senior Vice President of CSCM since 2006.	Since 2006
Lisa D. Phelan Age: 46	Chief Compliance Officer	Senior Vice President of CSCM since 2008. Chief Compliance Officer of CSCM, the Cohen & Steers funds, Cohen & Steers Asia Limited and CSSL since 2007, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.	Since 2006
Heather Kaden Age: 39	Deputy Chief Compliance Officer	Vice President of CSCM since 2010 and Compliance Officer of Cohen & Steers UK, Limited since 2013. Prior to that, Senior Compliance Associate since 2007.	Since 2014
Tina M. Payne Age: 40	Assistant Secretary	Senior Vice President and Associate General Counsel of CSCM since 2010. Prior to that, Vice President and Associate General Counsel since July 2007.	Since 2007
Neil Bloom Age: 44	Assistant Treasurer	Vice President of CSCM since August 2008.	Since 2009

¹ The address of each officer is 280 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017.

² Officers serve one-year terms. The length of time served represents the year in which the officer was first elected to that position in any fund in the Cohen & Steers fund complex. All of the officers listed above are officers of one or more of the other funds in the complex.

Cohen & Steers Privacy Policy

Facts Why?	What Does Cohen & Steers Do With Your Personal Information? Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.
What?	The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include: • Social Security number and account balances • Transaction history and account transactions • Purchase history and wire transfer instructions
How?	All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons Cohen & Steers chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Does Cohen & Steers share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes	Yes	No
such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or reports to credit bureaus		
For our marketing purposes	Yes	No
to offer our products and services to you		
For joint marketing with other financial companies	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes	No	We don't
information about your transactions and experiences		share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes	No	We don't
information about your creditworthiness		share
For our affiliates to market to you	No	We don't
		share
For non-affiliates to market to you	No	We don't
		share
Questions? Call 800-330-7348		

Cohen & Steers Privacy Policy (Continued)

Who we are

Who is providing this

notice?

Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc., Cohen & Steers Asia Limited. Cohen & Steers UK Limited, Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC, Cohen & Steers Private Funds and Cohen & Steers Open- and Closed-End Funds (collectively, Cohen & Steers).

What we do

protect my personal

information?

How does Cohen & Steers To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings. We restrict access to your information to those employees who need it to perform their jobs, and also require companies that provide services on our behalf to protect your

information.

collect my personal

information?

How does Cohen & Steers We collect your personal information, for example, when you: • Open an account or buy securities from us

• Provide account information or give us your contact information

Make deposits or withdrawals from your account

We also collect your personal information from other companies.

Why can't I limit all

sharing?

Federal law gives you the right to limit only:

• sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes information about your

creditworthiness

• affiliates from using your information to market to you

• sharing for non-affiliates to market to you

State law and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit

sharing.

Definitions

Affiliates

Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial

and nonfinancial companies.

Cohen & Steers does not share with affiliates.

Non-affiliates

Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial

and nonfinancial companies.

Cohen & Steers does not share with non-affiliates.

Joint marketing

A formal agreement between non-affiliated financial companies that together

market financial products or services to you. · Cohen & Steers does not jointly market.

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Cohen & Steers Investment Solutions

COHEN & STEERS GLOBAL REALTY SHARES

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in global real estate equity securities
- Symbols: CSFAX, CSFBX*, CSFCX, CSSPX, GRSRX, CSFZX

COHEN & STEERS INSTITUTIONAL REALTY SHARES

- Designed for institutional investors seeking total return, investing primarily in U.S. real estate securities
- Symbol: CSRIX

COHEN & STEERS REAL ESTATE SECURITIES FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in U.S. real estate securities
- Symbols: CSEIX, CSBIX*, CSCIX, CSDIX, CIRRX, CSZIX

COHEN & STEERS INTERNATIONAL REALTY FUND

- · Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in international real estate securities
- Symbols: IRFAX, IRFCX, IRFIX

COHEN & STEERS REALTY SHARES

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in U.S. real estate securities
- Symbol: CSRSX

COHEN & STEERS INSTITUTIONAL GLOBAL REALTY SHARES

- Designed for institutional investors seeking total return, investing primarily in global real estate securities
- Symbol: GRSIX

COHEN & STEERS GLOBAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in global infrastructure securities
- Symbols: CSUAX, CSUBX*, CSUCX, CSUIX, CSURX, CSUZX

COHEN & STEERS DIVIDEND VALUE FUND

- Designed for investors seeking long-term growth of income and capital appreciation, investing primarily in dividend paying common stocks and preferred stocks
 - Symbols: DVFAX, DVFCX, DVFIX, DVFRX, DVFZX

COHEN & STEERS PREFERRED SECURITIES AND INCOME FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return (high current income and capital appreciation), investing primarily in preferred and debt securities
 - Symbols: CPXAX, CPXCX, CPXIX, CPRRX, CPXZX

COHEN & STEERS REAL ASSETS FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return and the maximization of real returns during inflationary environments by investing primarily in real assets
 - Symbols: RAPAX, RAPCX, RAPIX, RAPRX, RAPZX

COHEN & STEERS MLP & ENERGY OPPORTUNITY FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in midstream energy master limited partnership (MLP) units and related stocks
 - Symbols: MLOAX, MLOCX, MLOIX, MLORX, MLOZX

COHEN & STEERS ACTIVE COMMODITIES STRATEGY FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in a diversified portfolio of exchange-traded commodity future contracts and other commodity-related derivative instruments
 - Symbols: CDFAX, CDFCX, CDFIX, CDFRX, CDFZX

Distributed by Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC.

COHEN & STEERS GLOBAL REALTY MAJORS ETF

- Designed for investors who seek a relatively low-cost passive approach for investing in a portfolio of real estate equity securities of companies in a specified index
 - · Symbol: GRI

Distributed by ALPS Distributors, Inc.

ISHARES COHEN & STEERS REALTY MAJORS INDEX FUND

- Designed for investors who seek a relatively low-cost passive approach for investing in a portfolio of real estate equity securities of companies in a specified index
 - · Symbol: ICF

Distributed by SEI Investments Distribution Co.

* Class B shares are no longer offered except through dividend reinvestment and permitted exchanges by existing Class B shareholders.

Please consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the fund carefully before investing. A summary prospectus and prospectus containing this and other information can be obtained by calling 800-330-7348 or by visiting cohenandsteers.com. Please read the summary prospectus and prospectus carefully before investing.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Robert H. Steers Director and Chairman

Joseph M. Harvey Director and Vice President

Michael G. Clark Director

Bonnie Cohen Director

George Grossman Director

Richard E. Kroon Director

Richard J. Norman Director

Frank K. Ross Director

C. Edward Ward, Jr. Director

Adam M. Derechin
President and Chief Executive Officer

Yigal D. Jhirad Vice President

Richard E. Helm Vice President

William F. Scapell Vice President

Francis C. Poli Secretary

James Giallanza
Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer

Lisa D. Phelan Chief Compliance Officer

Heather Kaden Deputy Chief Compliance Officer

Tina M. Payne Assistant Secretary

Neil Bloom Assistant Treasurer

KEY INFORMATION

Investment Manager

Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. 280 Park Avenue New York, NY 10017 (212) 832-3232

Co-administrator and Custodian

State Street Bank and Trust Company One Lincoln Street Boston, MA 02111

Transfer Agent

Computershare 480 Washington Boulevard Jersey City, NJ 07310 (866) 227-0757

Legal Counsel

Ropes & Gray LLP 1211 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036

New York Stock Exchange Symbol: INB

Website: cohenandsteers.com

This report is for shareholder information. This is not a prospectus intended for use in the purchase or sale of Fund shares. Performance data quoted represent past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results and your investment may be worth more or less at the time you sell your shares.

COHEN & STEERS

GLOBAL INCOME BUILDER

280 PARK AVENUE

NEW YORK, NY 10017

eDelivery NOW AVAILABLE

Stop traditional mail delivery; receive your shareholder reports and prospectus online.

Sign up at cohenandsteers.com

INBAR

Annual Report December 31, 2014

Cohen & Steers Global Income Builder

Item 2. Code of Ethics.

The Registrant has adopted an Amended and Restated Code of Ethics that applies to its Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer. The Code of Ethics was in effect during the reporting period. The Registrant has not amended the Code of Ethics as described in Form N-CSR during the reporting period. The Registrant has not granted any waiver, including an implicit waiver, from a provision of the Code of Ethics as described in Form N-CSR during the reporting period. A current copy of the Code of Ethics is available on the Registrant s website at www.cohenandsteers.com/assets/content/uploads/code_of_ethics_exec_and_senior.pdf. Upon request, a copy of the Code of Ethics can be obtained free of charge by calling 800-330-7348 or writing to the Secretary of the Registrant, 280 Park Avenue, 10th floor, New York, NY 10017.

Item 3. Audit Committee Financial Expert.

The registrant s board has determined that Michael G. Clark and Frank K. Ross, each a member of the board s Audit Committee, are each an audit committee financial expert. Mr. Clark and Mr. Ross are each independent, as such term is defined in Form N-CSR.

Item 4. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

(a) (d) Aggregate fees billed to the registrant for the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by the registrant s principal accountant were as follows:

	2014	2013
Audit Fees	\$ 55,700	\$ 54,080
Audit-Related Fees	\$ 0	\$ 0
Tax Fees	\$ 13,080	\$ 12,700
All Other Fees	\$ 0	\$ 0

Tax fees were billed in connection with the preparation of tax returns, calculation and designation of dividends and other miscellaneous tax services.

(e)(1) The registrant s audit committee is required to pre-approve audit and non-audit services performed for the registrant by the principal accountant. The audit committee also is required to pre-approve non-audit services performed by the registrant s principal accountant for the registrant s investment advisor (not including any sub-advisor whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment advisor) and/or to any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the registrant s investment advisor that provides ongoing services to the registrant, if the engagement for services relates directly to the operations and financial reporting of the registrant.

The audit committee may delegate pre-approval authority to one or more of its members who are independent members of the board of directors of the registrant. The member or members to whom such authority is delegated shall report any pre-approval decisions to the audit committee at its next scheduled meeting. The audit committee may not delegate its responsibility to pre-

approve services to be performed by the reg	istrant s princ	ipal accour	ntant to the inv	nvestment advisor.
(e)(2) No services included in (b) Regulation S-X.	(d) above w	ere approve	ed by the audi	dit committee pursuant to paragraphs (c)(7)(i)(C) of Rule 2-01 of
(f) Not applicable.				
principal accountant for non-audit services r (not including any sub-advisor whose role is	rendered to the s primarily por	registrant tfolio mana	and for non-au agement and is	er 31, 2013, the aggregate fees billed by the registrant s audit services rendered to the registrant s investment advisor is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment with the registrant s investment advisor that provides ongoing
	2014	ļ	2013	3
Registrant Investment Advisor	\$ \$	13,080 15,000	\$ \$	12,700 15,000
(h) The registrant s audit committee considered whether the provision of non-audit services that were rendered to the registrant s investment advisor (not including any sub-advisor whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment advisor) and/or to any entity controlled by or under common control with the registrant s investment advisor that provides ongoing services to the registrant that were not required to be pre-approved pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X was compatible with maintaining the principal accountant s independence.				
Item 5. Audit Committee of Listed Regist	rants.			
				n accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities man), Michael G. Clark, Bonnie Cohen, George Grossman and
Item 6. Schedule of Investments.				
Included in Item 1 above.				

Idam 7. Disalamus of Duam Vating Delicies and Duagedones for Closed End Management

item 7. Disclosure of Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures for Closed-End Management
Investment Companies.
The registrant has delegated voting of proxies in respect of portfolio holdings to Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc., in accordance with the policies and procedures set forth below.
COHEN & STEERS CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, INC.
STATEMENT OF POLICIES AND PROCEDURES REGARDING THE VOTING OF SECURITIES
This statement sets forth the policies and procedures that Cohen & Steers, Inc. and its affiliated advisors (Cohen & Steers , we or us) follow in exercising voting rights with respect to securities held in its client portfolios. All proxy-voting rights that are exercised by Cohen & Steers shall be subject to this Statement of Policy and Procedures
A. General Proxy Voting Guidelines
Objectives
Voting rights are an important component of corporate governance. Cohen & Steers has three overall objectives in exercising voting rights:
• Responsibility. Cohen & Steers shall seek to ensure that there is an effective means in place to hold companies accountable for their actions. While management must be accountable to its board, the board must be accountable to a company s shareholders. Although

effectively communicates with its owners about the company s business operations and financial performance. It is only with effective communication that shareholders will be able to assess the performance of management and to make informed decisions on when to buy, sell or hold a company s securities.

and board are aligned with those of the company s shareholders. In this respect, compensation must be structured to reward the creation of

Rationalizing Management and Shareholder Concerns. Cohen & Steers seeks to ensure that the interests of a company s management

Shareholder Communication. Since companies are owned by their shareholders, Cohen & Steers seeks to ensure that management

accountability can be promoted in a variety of ways, protecting shareholder voting rights may be among our most important tools.

shareholder value.

General Principles

In exercising voting rights, Cohen & Steers shall conduct itself in accordance with the general principles set forth below.

• itself.	The ability to exercise a voting right with respect to a security is a valuable right and, therefore, must be viewed as part of the asset
• shareholde	In exercising voting rights, Cohen & Steers shall engage in a careful evaluation of issues that may materially affect the rights of ers and the value of the security.
• and dilige	Consistent with general fiduciary principles, the exercise of voting rights shall always be conducted with reasonable care, prudence nce.
• constructi	In exercising voting rights on behalf of clients, Cohen & Steers shall conduct itself in the same manner as if Cohen & Steers were the two owner of the securities.
•	To the extent reasonably possible, Cohen & Steers shall participate in each shareholder voting opportunity.
•	Voting rights shall not automatically be exercised in favor of management-supported proposals.
• decision.	Cohen & Steers, and its officers and employees, shall never accept any item of value in consideration of a favorable proxy voting
General (Guidelines
Set forth b	below are general guidelines that Cohen & Steers shall follow in exercising proxy voting rights:
	<u>Prudence</u> . In making a proxy voting decision, Cohen & Steers shall give appropriate consideration to all relevant facts and nees, including the value of the securities to be voted and the likely effect any vote may have on that value. Since voting rights must ed on the basis of an informed judgment, investigation shall be a critical initial step.
	Third Party Views. While Cohen & Steers may consider the views of third parties, Cohen & Steers shall never base a proxy voting olely on the opinion of a third party. Rather, decisions shall be based on a reasonable and good faith determination as to how best to shareholder value.

• Shareholder Value. Just as the decision whether to purchase or sell a security is a matter of judgment, determining whether a specific proxy resolution will increase the market value of a security is a matter of judgment as to which informed parties may differ. In determining how a proxy vote may affect the economic value of a security, Cohen & Steers shall consider both short-term and long-term views about a company s business and prospects, especially in light of our projected holding period on the stock (e.g., Cohen & Steers may discount long-term views on a short-term holding).

Specific Guidelines
Uncontested Director Elections
Votes on director nominees should be made on a case-by-case basis using a mosaic approach, where all factors are considered in director elections and where no single issue is deemed to be determinative. For example, a nominee s experience and business judgment may be critic to the long-term success of the portfolio company, notwithstanding the fact that he or she may serve on the board of more than four public companies. In evaluating nominees, we consider the following factors:
• Whether the nominee attended less than 75 percent of the board and committee meetings without a valid excuse for the absences;
• Whether the nominee is an inside or affiliated outside director and sits on the audit, compensation, or nominating committees;
• Whether the board ignored a significant shareholder proposal that was approved by a majority of the votes cast in the previous year
• Whether the board, without shareholder approval, to our knowledge instituted a new poison pill plan, extended an existing plan, or adopted a new plan upon the expiration of an existing plan during the past year;
• Whether the nominee is an inside or affiliated outside director and the full board serves as the audit, compensation, or nominating committee or the company does not have one of these committees;
• Whether the nominee is an insider or affiliated outsider on boards that are not at least majority independent;
• Whether the nominee is the CEO of a publicly-traded company who serves on more than two public boards;
• Whether the nominee is the chairperson of a publicly-traded company who serves on more than two public boards;
• Whether the nominee serves on more than four public company boards;

•	Whether the nominee serves on the audit committee where there is evidence (such as audit reports or reports mandated under the
Sarbanes	Oxley Act) that there exists material weaknesses in the company s internal controls;

•	Whether the nominee serves on the compensation committee if that director was present at the time of the grant of backdated options
or options	the pricing or the timing of which

we believe may have been manipulated to provide additional benefits to executives;
• Whether the nominee has a material related party transaction or is believed by us to have a material conflict of interest with the portfolio company;
• Whether the nominee (or the overall board) in our view has a record of making poor corporate or strategic decisions or has demonstrated an overall lack of good business judgment, including, among other things, whether the company s total shareholder return is in th bottom 25% of its peer group over the prior five years;
• Material failures of governance, stewardship, risk oversight(1), or fiduciary responsibilities at the company;
Failure to replace management as appropriate; and
• Egregious actions related to a director s service on other boards that raise substantial doubt about his or her ability to effectively oversee management and serve the best interests of shareholders at any company.
Proxy Access
We recognize the importance of shareholder access to the ballot process as a means to ensure that boards do not become self-perpetuating and self-serving. However, we are also aware that some proposals may promote certain interest groups and could be disruptive to the nomination process. We will generally vote against proxy access except in instances where companies have displayed a lack of shareholder accountability and where the proposal is specifically defined (<i>i.e.</i> minimum ownership threshold, duration, etc.).
(1) Examples of failure of risk oversight include, but are not limited to: bribery; large or serial fines from regulatory bodies; significant adverse legal judgments or settlements; hedging of company stock by the employees or directors of a company; or significant pledging of company stock in the aggregate by the officers and directors of a company.
Proxy Contests
Director Nominees in a Contested Election

By definition, this type of board candidate or slate runs for the purpose of seeking a significant change in corporate policy or control. Therefore, the economic impact of the vote in favor of or in opposition to that director or slate must be analyzed using a higher standard such as is normally applied to changes in control. Criteria for evaluating director nominees as a group or individually should also include: the underlying reason why the new slate (or individual director) is being proposed; performance; compensation; corporate governance provisions and takeover activity; criminal activity; attendance at meetings; investment in the company; interlocking directorships; inside, outside and independent directors; number of other board seats; and other

experience. It is impossible to have a general policy regarding director nominees in a contested election.
Reimbursement of Proxy Solicitation Expenses
Decisions to provide full reimbursement for dissidents waging a proxy contest should be made on a case-by-case basis.
Ratification of Auditors
We vote for proposals to ratify auditors, unless an auditor has a financial interest in or association with the company, and is therefore not independent; or there is reason to believe that the independent auditor has rendered an opinion that is neither accurate nor indicative of the company s financial position.
Generally, we vote against auditor ratification and withhold votes from audit committee members if non-audit fees exceed audit fees.
We generally vote against auditor ratification if the fees paid to the audit firm are not disclosed by the company in a timely manner prior to the meeting.
We vote on a case-by-case basis on auditor rotation proposals. Criteria for evaluating the rotation proposal include, but are not limited to: tenure of the audit firm; establishment and disclosure of a renewal process whereby the auditor is regularly evaluated for both audit quality and competitive price; length of the rotation period advocated in the proposal; and any significant audit related issues.
Generally, we vote against auditor indemnification and limitation of liability; however we recognize there may be situations where indemnification and limitations on liability may be appropriate.
Takeover Defenses
While we recognize that a takeover attempt can be a significant distraction for the board and management to deal with, the simple fact is that the possibility of a corporate takeover keeps management focused on maximizing shareholder value. As a result, Cohen & Steers opposes measures that are designed to prevent or obstruct corporate takeovers because they can entrench current management. The following are our guidelines on change of control issues:
Shareholder Rights Plans

We acknowledge that there are arguments for and against shareholder rights plans, also known as poison pills. Companies should put their case for rights plans to shareholders.

We review on a case-by-case basis management proposals to ratify a poison pill. We generally look for shareholder friendly features including a two- to three-year sunset provision, a permitted bid provision and a 20 percent or higher flip-in provision.

Greenmail
We vote for proposals to adopt anti-greenmail charter or bylaw amendments or otherwise restrict a company s ability to make greenmail payments.
Unequal Voting Rights
Generally, we vote against dual-class recapitalizations as they offer an effective way for a firm to thwart hostile takeovers by concentrating voting power in the hands of management or other insiders.
Classified Boards
We generally vote in favor of shareholder proposals to declassify a board of directors, although we acknowledge that a classified board may be in the long-term best interests of the shareholders of a company in certain situations, such as continuity of a strong board and management team or for certain types of companies. In voting on shareholder proposals to declassify a board of directors, we evaluate all facts and circumstances surrounding such proposal, including whether: (i) the current management and board have a track record of making good corporate or strategic decisions, (ii) the shareholder proposing the de-classification has an agenda in making such proposal that may be at odds with the long-term best interests of the shareholders of the company, or (iii) it would be in the best interests of the company to thwart a shareholder s attempt to control the board of directors.
Cumulative Voting
Having the ability to cumulate our votes for the election of directors that is, cast more than one vote for a director about whom they feel strongl generally increases shareholders rights to effect change in the management of a corporation. However, we acknowledge that cumulative votin promotes special candidates who may not represent the interests of all, or even a majority, of shareholders. In voting on proposals to institute cumulative voting, we therefore evaluate all facts and circumstances surrounding such proposal and we generally vote against cumulative voting where the company has good corporate governance practices in place, including majority voting for board elections and de-classified boards.
Shareholder Ability to Call Special Meeting
Cohen & Steers votes on a case-by-case basis for shareholder proposals requesting companies to amend their governance documents (bylaws and/or charter) in order to allow shareholders to call special meetings. We recognize the importance on shareholder ability to call a special meeting and generally will vote for such shareholder proposals where the shareholder(s) making such proposal hold at least 20% of the company s outstanding shares. However, we are also aware that some proposals are put forth in order to promote the agenda(s) of certain special interest groups and could be disruptive to the management of the company, and in those cases we will vote against such shareholder proposals.

Shareholder Ability to Act by Written Consent
We generally vote against proposals to allow or facilitate shareholder action by written consent. The requirement that all shareholders be given notice of a shareholders meeting and matters to be discussed therein seems to provide a reasonable protection of minority shareholder rights.
Shareholder Ability to Alter the Size of the Board
We generally vote for proposals that seek to fix the size of the board and vote against proposals that give management the ability to alter the size of the board without shareholder approval. While we recognize the importance of such proposals, we are however also aware that these proposals are sometimes put forth in order to promote the agenda(s) of certain special interest groups and could be disruptive to the management of the company.
Miscellaneous Board Provisions
Board Committees
Boards should delegate key oversight functions, such as responsibility for audit, nominating and compensation issues, to independent committees. The chairman and members of any committee should be clearly identified in the annual report. Any committee should have the authority to engage independent advisors where appropriate at the company s expense.
Audit, nominating and compensation committees should consist solely of non-employee directors, who are independent of management.
Separate Chairman and CEO Positions
We will generally vote for proposals looking to separate the CEO and Chairman roles. We do acknowledge, however, that under certain circumstances, it may be reasonable for the CEO and Chairman roles to be held by a single person.
Lead Directors and Executive Sessions
In cases where the CEO and Chairman roles are combined, we will vote for the appointment of a lead (non-insider) director and for regular executive sessions (board meetings taking place without the CEO/Chairman present).

Majority of Independent Directors
We vote for proposals that call for the board to be composed of a majority of independent directors. We believe that a majority of independent directors can be an important factor in facilitating objective decision making and enhancing accountability to shareholders.
Independent Committees
We vote for shareholder proposals requesting that the board s audit, compensation, and nominating committees consist exclusively of independent directors.

Stock Ownership Requirements
We support measures requiring senior executives to hold a minimum amount of stock in a company (often expressed as a percentage of annual compensation), which may include restricted stock or restricted stock units.
Term of Office
We vote against shareholder proposals to limit the tenure of outside directors. Term limits pose artificial and arbitrary impositions on the board and could harm shareholder interests by forcing experienced and knowledgeable directors off the board.
Director and Officer Indemnification and Liability Protection
Proposals concerning director and officer indemnification and liability protection should be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.
Board Size
We generally vote for proposals to limit the size of the board to 15 members or less.
Majority Vote Standard
We generally vote for proposals asking for the board to initiate the appropriate process to amend the company s governance documents (charter or bylaws) to provide that director nominees shall be elected by the affirmative vote of the majority of votes cast at an annual meeting of shareholders. We would generally review on a case-by-case basis proposals that address alternative approaches to a majority vote requirement.
Confidential Voting
We vote for shareholder proposals requesting that companies adopt confidential voting, use independent tabulators, and use independent inspectors of election as long as the proposals include clauses for proxy contests as follows: in the case of a contested election, management should be permitted to request that the dissident group honor its confidential voting policy. If the dissidents agree, the policy remains in place. If

the dissidents do not agree, the confidential voting policy is waived.

We also vote for management proposals to adopt confidential voting.

Bundled Proposals

We review on a case-by-case basis bundled or conditioned proxy proposals. In the case of items that are conditioned upon each other, we examine the benefits and costs of the packaged items. In instances where the joint effect of the conditioned items is not in shareholders best interests, we vote against the proposals. If the combined effect is positive, we support such proposals. In the case of bundled director proposals, we will vote for the entire slate only if we would have otherwise voted for each director on an individual basis.

Disclosure of Board Nominees

We generally vote against the election of directors at companies if the names of the director nominees are not disclosed in a timely manner prior to the meeting. However, we recognize that companies in certain emerging markets may have a legitimate reason for not disclosing nominee names. In such a rare case, if a company discloses a legitimate reason why such nominee names should not be disclosed, we may vote for the nominees even if nominee names are not disclosed in a timely manner.

Disclosure of Board Compensation

We generally vote against the election of directors at companies if the compensation paid to such directors is not disclosed in a timely manner prior to the meeting. However, we recognize that companies in certain emerging markets may have a legitimate reason for not disclosing such compensation information. In such a rare case, if a company discloses a legitimate reason why such compensation should not be disclosed, we may vote for the nominees even if compensation is not disclosed in a timely manner.

Date/Location of Meeting

We vote against shareholder proposals to change the date or location of the shareholders meeting. No one site will meet the needs of all shareholders.

Adjourn Meeting if Votes are Insufficient.

Open-end requests for adjournment of a shareholder meeting generally will not be supported. However, where management specifically states the reason for requesting an adjournment and the requested adjournment is necessary to permit a proposal that would otherwise be supported under this policy to be carried out, the adjournment request will be supported.

Disclosure of Shareholder Proponents

We vote for shareholder proposals requesting that companies disclose the names of shareholder proponents. Shareholders may wish to contact the proponents of a shareholder proposal for additional information.

Other Business

Cohen & Steers will generally vote against proposals to approve other business where we cannot determine the exact nature of the proposal to be voted on.
Capital Structure
Increase Additional Common Stock
We generally vote for increases in authorized shares, provided that the increase is not greater than three times the number of shares outstanding and reserved for issuance (including shares reserved for stock-related plans and securities convertible into common stock, but not shares reserved for any poison pill plan).
Votes generally are cast in favor of proposals to authorize additional shares of stock except where the proposal:

- creates a blank check preferred stock; or
- establishes classes of stock with superior voting rights.

Blank Check Preferred Stock

Votes generally are cast in opposition to management proposals authorizing the creation of new classes of preferred stock with unspecific voting, conversion, distribution and other rights, and management proposals to increase the number of authorized blank check preferred shares. We may vote in favor of this type of proposal when we receive assurances to our reasonable satisfaction that (i) the preferred stock was authorized by the board for the use of legitimate capital formation purposes and not for anti-takeover purposes, and (ii) no preferred stock will be issued with voting power that is disproportionate to the economic interests of the preferred stock. These representations should be made either in the proxy statement or in a separate letter from the company to Cohen & Steers.

Pre-emptive Rights

We believe that the governance and regulation of public equity markets allow for adequate shareholder protection against dilution. Further, we believe that companies should have more flexibility to issue shares without costly and time constraining rights offerings. As such, we do not believe that pre-emptive rights are necessary and as such, we generally vote for the issuance of equity shares without pre-emptive rights. On a limited basis, we will vote for shareholder pre-emptive rights where such pre-emptive rights are necessary, taking into account the best interests of the company s shareholders.

We acknowledge that international local practices typically call for shareholder pre-emptive rights when a company seeks authority to issue shares (e.g., UK authority for the issuance of only up to 5% of outstanding shares without pre-emptive rights). While we would prefer that companies be permitted to issue shares without pre-emptive rights, in deference to international local practices, in markets outside the US we will approve issuance requests without pre-emptive rights for up to 100% of a company s outstanding capital.

Dual Class Capitalizations

Because classes of common stock with unequal voting rights limit the rights of certain shareholders, we vote against adoption of a dual or multiple class capitalization structure.

Restructurings/Recapitalizations

We review proposals to increase common and/or preferred shares and to issue shares as part of a debt restructuring plan on a case-by-case basis. In voting, we consider the following issues:

•	dilution	how much	n will ow	nership in	iterest of	existing	sharehold	ers be r	educed,	and how	extreme	will d	lilution t	o any	future	earnings
he?																

change in control will the transaction result in a change in control of the company?

• bankruptcy generally, approve proposals that facilitate debt restructurings unless there are clear signs of self-dealing or other abuses.
Share Repurchase Programs
Boards may institute share repurchase or stock buy-back programs for a number of reasons. Cohen & Steers will generally vote in favor of such programs where the repurchase would be in the long-term best interests of shareholders, and where the company is not thought to be able to use the cash in a more useful way.
We will vote against such programs when shareholders interests could be better served by deployment of the cash for alternative uses, or where the repurchase is a defensive maneuver or an attempt to entrench management.
Targeted Share Placements
These shareholder proposals ask companies to seek stockholder approval before placing 10% or more of their voting stock with a single investor. The proposals are typically in reaction to the placement by various companies of a large block of their voting stock in an ESOP, parent capital fund or with a single friendly investor, with the aim of protecting themselves against a hostile tender offer. These proposals are voted on a case-by-case basis after reviewing the individual situation of the company receiving the proposal.
Executive and Director Compensation
Executive Compensation (Say on Pay)
Votes regarding shareholder—say on pay—are determined on a case-by-case basis. Generally, we believe that executive compensation should be tied to the long-term performance of the executive and the company both in absolute and relative to the peer group. We therefore monitor the compensation practices of portfolio companies to determine whether compensation to these executives is commensurate to the company—s total shareholder return (TSR) (<i>i.e.</i> , we generally expect companies that pay their executives at the higher end of the pay range to also be performing commensurately well).
Further, pay elements that are not directly based on performance are generally evaluated on a case-by-case basis considering the context of a company s overall pay program and demonstrated pay-for-performance philosophy. The following list highlights certain negative pay practices that carry significant weight in this overall consideration and may result in adverse vote recommendations:

Repricing or replacing of underwater stock options/SARS without prior shareholder approval (including cash buyouts and voluntary

surrender of underwater options);

- Excessive perquisites or tax gross-ups;
- New or extended agreements that provide for:
- CIC payments exceeding 3 times base salary and bonus;

- CIC severance payments without involuntary job loss or substantial diminution of duties (single or modified single triggers);
- CIC payments with excise tax gross-ups (including modified gross-ups).

Also, we generally vote for shareholder proposals that seek additional disclosure of executive and director pay information.

Frequency of Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation (Say When on Pay)

We generally vote for annual advisory votes on compensation as we note that executive compensation is also evaluated on an annual basis by the company s compensation committee.

Stock-based Incentive Plans

Votes with respect to compensation plans should be determined on a case-by-case basis. The analysis of compensation plans focuses primarily on the transfer of shareholder wealth (the dollar cost of pay plans to shareholders). Other matters included in our analysis are the amount of the company s outstanding stock to be reserved for the award of stock options or restricted stock, whether the exercise price of an option is less than the stock s fair market value at the date of the grant of the options, and whether the plan provides for the exchange of outstanding options for new ones at lower exercise prices. Every award type is valued. An estimated dollar cost for the proposed plan and all continuing plans is derived. This cost, dilution to shareholders equity, will also be expressed as a percentage figure for the transfer of shareholder wealth and will be considered along with dilution to voting power. Once the cost of the plan is estimated, it is compared to an allowable industry-specific and market cap-based dilution cap.

If the proposed plan cost is above the allowable cap, an against vote is indicated. If the proposed cost is below the allowable cap, a vote for the plan is indicated unless the plan violates the repricing guidelines. If the company has a history of repricing options or has the express ability to reprice underwater stock options without first securing shareholder approval under the proposed plan, the plan receives an against vote even in cases where the plan cost is considered acceptable based on the quantitative analysis.

We vote against equity plans that have high average three year burn rates, unless the company has publicly committed to reduce the burn rate to a rate that is comparable to its peer group (as determined by Cohen & Steers).

Approval of Cash or Cash-and-Stock Bonus Plans

We vote for cash or cash-and-stock bonus plans to exempt the compensation from limits on deductibility under the provisions of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Reload/Evergreen Features

We will generally vote against plans that enable the issuance of reload options and that provide an automatic share replenishment (evergreen) feature.

Golden Parachutes

In general, the guidelines call for voting against golden parachute plans because they impede potential takeovers that shareholders should be free to consider. In particular, we oppose the use of employment contracts that result in cash grants of greater than three times annual compensation (salary and bonus) and generally withhold our votes at the next shareholder meeting for directors who to our knowledge approved golden parachutes.

Voting on Golden Parachutes in an Acquisition, Merger, Consolidation, or Proposed Sale

We vote on a case-by-case basis on proposals to approve the company s golden parachute compensation. Features that may lead to a vote against include:

- Potentially excessive severance payments (cash grants of greater than three times annual compensation (salary and bonus));
- Agreements that include excessive excise tax gross-up provisions;
- Single trigger payments that will happen immediately upon a change in control, including cash payment and such items as the acceleration of performance-based equity despite the failure to achieve performance measures;
- Single-trigger vesting of equity based on a definition of change in control that requires only shareholder approval of the transaction (rather than consummation);
- Recent amendments or other changes that may make packages so attractive as to influence merger agreements that may not be in the best interests of shareholders;
- In the case of a substantial gross-up from pre-existing/grandfathered contract: the element that triggered the gross-up (*i.e.*, option mega-grants at low point in stock price, unusual or outsized payments in cash or equity made or negotiated prior to the merger); or
- The company s assertion that a proposed transaction is conditioned on shareholder approval of the golden parachute advisory vote.

401(k) Employee Benefit Plans

We vote for proposals to implement a 401(k) savings plan for employees.

Employee Stock Purchase Plans

We support employee stock purchase plans, although we generally believe the discounted purchase price should be at least 85% of the current market price.
Option Expensing
We vote for shareholder proposals to expense fixed-price options.
Vesting
We believe that restricted stock awards normally should vest over at least a two-year period.

Option Repricing
Stock options generally should not be re-priced, and never should be re-priced without shareholder approval. In addition, companies should not issue new options, with a lower strike price, to make up for previously issued options that are substantially underwater. Cohen & Steers will vote against the election of any slate of directors that, to its knowledge, has authorized a company to re-price or replace underwater options during the most recent year without shareholder approval.
Stock Holding Periods
Generally vote against all proposals requiring executives to hold the stock received upon option exercise for a specific period of time.
Transferable Stock Options
Review on a case-by-case basis proposals to grant transferable stock options or otherwise permit the transfer of outstanding stock options, including cost of proposal and alignment with shareholder interests.
Recoup Bonuses
We vote on a case-by-case on shareholder proposals to recoup unearned incentive bonuses or other incentive payments made to senior executives if it is later determined that fraud, misconduct, or negligence significantly contributed to a restatement of financial results that led to the awarding of unearned incentive compensation.
Incorporation
Reincorporation Outside of the United States
Generally, we will vote against companies looking to reincorporate outside of the U.S.
Voting on State Takeover Statutes

We review on a case-by-case basis proposals to opt in or out of state takeover statutes (including control share acquisition statutes, control share cash-out statutes, freezeout provisions, fair price provisions, stakeholder laws, poison pill endorsements, severance pay and labor contract provisions, antigreenmail provisions, and disgorgement provisions). In voting on these shareholder proposals, we evaluate all facts and circumstances surrounding such proposal, including whether the shareholder proposing such measure has an agenda in making such proposal that may be at odds with the long-term best interests of the company or whether it would be in the best interests of the company to thwart a shareholder s attempt to control the board of directors.

Voting on Reincorporation Proposals
Proposals to change a company s state of incorporation are examined on a case-by-case basis. In making our decision, we review management rationale for the proposal, changes to the charter/bylaws, and differences in the state laws governing the companies.
Mergers and Corporate Restructurings
Mergers and Acquisitions
Votes on mergers and acquisitions should be considered on a case-by-case basis, taking into account factors including the following: anticipated financial and operating benefits; offer price (cost vs. premium); prospects of the combined companies; how the deal was negotiated; and change in corporate governance and their impact on shareholder rights.
We vote against proposals that require a super-majority of shareholders to approve a merger or other significant business combination. We support proposals that seek to lower super-majority voting requirements.
Nonfinancial Effects of a Merger or Acquisition
Some companies have proposed a charter provision which specifies that the board of directors may examine the nonfinancial effect of a merger or acquisition on the company. This provision would allow the board to evaluate the impact a proposed change in control would have on employees, host communities, suppliers and/or others. We generally vote against proposals to adopt such charter provisions. We feel it is the directors fiduciary duty to base decisions solely on the financial interests of the shareholders.
Corporate Restructuring
Votes on corporate restructuring proposals, including minority squeezeouts, leveraged buyouts, going private proposals, spin-offs, liquidation and asset sales, should be considered on a case-by-case basis.
Spin-offs

Votes on spin-offs should be considered on a case-by-case basis depending on the tax and regulatory advantages, planned use of sale proceeds,

market focus, and managerial incentives.

Asset Sales

Votes on asset sales should be made on a case-by-case basis after considering the impact on the balance sheet/working capital, value received for the asset, and potential elimination of diseconomies.

Liquidations
Votes on liquidations should be made on a case-by-case basis after reviewing management s efforts to pursue other alternatives, appraisal value of assets, and the compensation plan for executives managing the liquidation.
Appraisal Rights
We vote for proposals to restore, or provide shareholders with, rights of appraisal. Rights of appraisal provide shareholders who are not satisfied with the terms of certain corporate transactions the right to demand a judicial review in order to determine a fair value for their shares.
Changing Corporate Name
We vote for changing the corporate name.
Shareholder Rights
Our position on the rights of shareholders is as follows:
• Shareholders should be given the opportunity to exercise their rights. Notification of opportunities for the exercise of voting rights should be given in good time.
• Shareholders are entitled to submit questions to company management.
• Minority shareholders should be protected as far as possible from the exercise of voting rights by majority shareholders.
• Shareholders are entitled to hold company management as well as the legal person or legal entity accountable for any action caused by the company or company management for which the company, company management or legal entity should bear responsibility.
Environmental and Social Issues

We recognize that the companies in which we invest can enhance shareholder value and long-term profitability by adopting policies and procedures that promote corporate social and environmental responsibility. Because of the diverse nature of environmental and social

shareholder proposals and the myriad ways companies deal with them, these proposals should be considered on a case-by-case basis. All such proposals are scrutinized based on whether they contribute to the creation of shareholder value, are reasonable and relevant, and provide adequate disclosure of key issues to shareholders. When evaluating social and environmental shareholder proposals, we tend to focus on the financial aspects of the social and environmental proposals, and we consider the following factors (in the order of importance as set forth below):

•	Whether adoption of the proposal is likely to have significant economic benefit for the company, such that shareholder value is
enhanced o	protected by the adoption of the proposal;

• Whether the issues presented are more appropriately/effectively dealt with through governmental or company-specific action, as many social and environmental issues are more properly the province of government and broad regulatory action;						
•	• Whether the subject of the proposal is best left to the discretion of the board;					
•	Whether the company has already responded in some appropriate manner to the request embodied in the proposal;					
• measured	• Whether the information requested concerns business issues that relate to a meaningful percentage of the company s business as measured by sales, assets, and earnings;					
• vulnerable	The degree to which the company s stated position on the is to a boycott or selective purchasing;	ssues raised in the proposal could affect its reputation or sales, or leave it				
•	Whether implementation of the proposal s request would ac	hieve the proposal s objectives;				
•	Whether the requested information is available to sharehold	ers either from the company or from a publicly available source; and				
• competitive	Whether providing this information would reveal proprietary disadvantage.	or confidential information that would place the company at a				
Item 8. P	ortfolio Managers of Closed-End Investment Companies.					
Informatio	on pertaining to the portfolio managers of the registrant, as of	March 2, 2015, is set forth below.				
Joseph Ha	rvey	President and Chief Investment Officer of Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. (C&S) and President of Cohen & Steers, Inc. (CNS).				
•	Vice president					
•	Portfolio manager since inception					
Jon Cheig	h	Executive vice president of C&S.				
•	Vice president					

Portfolio manager since 2012

Douglas Bond	Executive vice president of C&S.
• Vice president	
Portfolio manager since inception	
William F. Scapell	Executive vice president of C&S.
Vice president	

•	Portfolio manager since inception	
Richard l	Helm	Senior vice president of C&S.
•	Vice president	
•	Portfolio manager since inception	
Yigal D.	Jhirad	Senior vice president of C&S.
•	Vice president	
•	Portfolio manager since inception	
Ben Mor	ton	Senior vice president of C&S.
Ben Mor	Vice president	Senior vice president of C&S.
Ben Mor		Senior vice president of C&S.
•	Vice president	Senior vice president of C&S. Senior vice president of C&S.
•	Vice president Portfolio manager since 2007	
• Elaine Za	Vice president Portfolio manager since 2007 aharis-Nikas	

- Vice president
- Portfolio manager since 2012

C&S utilizes a team-based approach in managing the registrant. Mr. Harvey is the leader of this team and acts in a supervisory capacity. Mr. Cheigh, Mr. Morton, Mr. Bond, Mr. Helm, Mr. Jhirad, Mr. Yablon and Ms. Zaharis-Nikas direct and supervise the execution of the registrant s investment strategy, and lead and guide the other members of the team. Mr. Scapell manages the registrant s preferred securities investments.

Each portfolio manager listed above manages other investment companies and/or investment vehicles and accounts in addition to the registrant. The following tables show, as of December 31, 2014, the number of accounts each portfolio manager managed in each of the listed categories and the total assets in the accounts managed within each category. Three (3) of the 36 other accounts managed by Mr. Harvey, with total assets of \$558.0 million, are subject to performance-based fees. One (1) of the 15 other accounts managed by Mr. Cheigh with total assets of \$377.9 million is subject to performance-based fees. One (1) of the 4 other accounts managed by Mr. Helm with total assets of \$74.3 million is subject to performance-based fees. One (1) of the 7 other accounts managed by Mr. Morton with total assets of \$120.2 million is subject to performance-based fees. One (1) of the 3 other accounts managed by Mr. Yablon with total assets of \$377.9 million is subject to performance-based fees.

Joseph Harvey

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	14	\$ 22,277,646,626
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	29	\$ 16,726,211,000
•	Other accounts	36	\$ 5,335,428,000

Douglas Bond

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	1	\$ 392,432,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	0	\$ 0
•	Other accounts	3	\$ 102,692,000

Jon Cheigh

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	6	\$ 11,484,339,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	22	\$ 3,764,000,000
	•		
•	Other accounts	15	\$ 2,474,109,000

William F. Scapell

		N	T-4-14-
		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	8	\$ 11,639,070,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	4	\$ 11,033,474,000
•	Other accounts	8	\$ 984,722,000

Richard Helm

Number of accounts Total assets

•	Registered investment companies	1	\$ 255,154,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	2	\$ 649,764,000
•	Other accounts	4	\$ 179,088,000

Yigal D. Jhirad

		Number of acco	ounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	1	\$	206,537,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	0	\$	0
•	Other accounts	0	\$	0

Elaine Zaharis-Nikas

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	5	\$ 7,941,768,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	2	\$ 390,235,000
•	Other accounts	6	\$ 585,781,000

Ben Morton

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	5	\$ 4,392,826,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	8	\$ 904,311,000
•	Other accounts	7	\$ 607,398,000

Jason A. Yablon

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	7	\$ 7,941,768,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	0	\$ 0
•	Other accounts	3	\$ 831,520,000

<u>Share Ownership.</u> The following table indicates the dollar range of securities of the registrant owned by the registrant s portfolio managers as of December 31, 2014:

	Dollar Range of Securities Owned
Joseph Harvey	None
Douglas Bond	\$50,001-\$100,000
Jon Cheigh	None
William F. Scapell	None
Richard Helm	None
Yigal Jhirad	None
Elaine Zaharis-Nikas	None
Ben Morton	None
Jason Yablon	None

<u>Conflicts of Interest.</u> It is possible that conflicts of interest may arise in connection with the portfolio managers management of a Fund s investments on the one hand and the investments of other accounts or vehicles for which the portfolio managers are responsible on the other. For example, a portfolio manager may have conflicts of interest in allocating management time, resources and investment opportunities among a Fund and the other accounts or vehicles he advises. In addition, due to differences in the investment strategies or restrictions among a Fund

and the other accounts, a portfolio manager may take action with respect to another account that differs from the action taken with respect to the Fund. In some cases, another account managed by a portfolio manager may provide more revenue to the Advisor or Subadvisors, as applicable. While this may appear to create additional conflicts of interest for the portfolio manager in the allocation of management time, resources and investment opportunities, the Advisor and Subadvisors strives to ensure that portfolio managers endeavor to exercise their discretion in a manner that is equitable to all interested persons. In this regard, in the absence of specific account-related impediments (such as client-imposed restrictions or lack of available cash), it is the policy of the Advisor and Subadvisors to allocate investment ideas pro rata to all accounts with the same primary investment objective.

In addition, certain of the portfolio managers may from time to time manage one or more accounts on behalf of the Advisor or Subadvisors, as applicable, and its affiliated companies (the CNS Accounts). Certain securities held and traded in the CNS Accounts also may be held and traded in one or more client accounts. It is the policy of the Advisor and Subadvisors however not to put the interests of the CNS Accounts ahead of the interests of client accounts. The Advisor and Subadvisors may aggregate orders of client accounts with those of the CNS Accounts; however, under no circumstances will preferential treatment be given to the CNS Accounts. For all orders involving the CNS Accounts, purchases or sales will be allocated prior to trade placement, and orders that are only partially filled will be allocated across all accounts in proportion to the shares each account, including the CNS Accounts, was designated to receive prior to trading. As a result, it is expected that the CNS Accounts will receive the same average price as other accounts included in the aggregated order. Shares will not be allocated or re-allocated to the CNS Accounts after trade execution or after the average price is known. In the event so few shares of an order are executed that a pro-rata allocation is not practical, a rotational system of allocation may be used; however, the CNS Accounts will never be part of that rotation or receive shares of a partially filled order other than on a pro-rata basis.

Because certain CNS Accounts are managed with a cash management objective, it is possible that a security will be sold out of the CNS Accounts but continue to be held for one or more client accounts. In situations when this occurs, such security will remain in a client account only if the portfolio manager, acting in its reasonable judgment and consistent with its fiduciary duties, believes this is appropriate for, and consistent with the objectives and profile of, the client account.

Advisor Compensation Structure. Compensation of the Advisor s portfolio managers and other investment professionals has three primary components: (1) a base salary, (2) an annual cash bonus and (3) annual stock-based compensation consisting generally of restricted stock units of the Advisor s parent, CNS. The Advisor s investment professionals, including the portfolio managers, also receive certain retirement, insurance and other benefits that are broadly available to all of its employees. Compensation of the Advisor s investment professionals is reviewed primarily on an annual basis.

Method to Determine Compensation. The Advisor compensates its portfolio managers based primarily on the total return performance of funds and accounts managed by the portfolio manager versus appropriate peer groups or benchmarks. C&S uses a variety of benchmarks to evaluate each portfolio managers performance for compensation purposes, including the MSCI World Index, the S&P 500 Index and other broad based indexes based on the asset classes

managed by each portfolio manager. In evaluating the performance of a portfolio manager, primary emphasis is normally placed on one- and three-year performance, with secondary consideration of performance over longer periods of time. Performance is evaluated on a pre-tax and pre-expense basis. In addition to rankings within peer groups of funds on the basis of absolute performance, consideration may also be given to risk-adjusted performance. For funds and accounts with a primary investment objective of high current income, consideration will also be given to the fund s and account s success in achieving this objective. For portfolio managers responsible for multiple funds and accounts, investment performance is evaluated on an aggregate basis. The Advisor has three funds or accounts with performance-based advisory fees. Portfolio managers are also evaluated on the basis of their success in managing their dedicated team of analysts. Base compensation for portfolio managers of the Advisor varies in line with the portfolio manager s seniority and position with the firm.

Salaries, bonuses and stock-based compensation are also influenced by the operating performance of the Advisor and CNS. While the annual

salaries of the Advisor s portfolio managers are fixed, cash bonuses and stock based compensation may fluctuate significantly from year to year based on changes in manager performance and other factors.
Item 9. Purchases of Equity Securities by Closed-End Management Investment Company and Affiliated Purchasers.
None.
Item 10. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.
There have been no material changes to the procedures by which shareholders may recommend nominees to the registrant s Board implemented after the registrant last provided disclosure in response to this Item.

Item 11. Controls and Procedures.

- (a) The registrant s principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures are reasonably designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the registrant in this Form N-CSR was recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and forms, based upon such officers evaluation of these controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of this report.
- (b) There were no changes in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the second fiscal quarter of the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant s internal control over financial reporting.

Item 12. Exhibits.

(a)(1) Not Applicable.

(a)(2) Certifications of principal executive officer and principal financial officer as required by Rule 30a-2(a) under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
(a)(3) Not Applicable.
(b) Certifications of chief executive officer and chief financial officer as required by Rule 30a- 2(b) under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

COHEN & STEERS GLOBAL INCOME BUILDER, INC.

By: /s/ Adam M. Derechin Name: Adam M. Derechin

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 2, 2015

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Adam M. Derechin

Name: Adam M. Derechin

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ James Giallanza

Name: James Giallanza

Title: Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: March 2, 2015