ING PRIME RATE TRUST Form N-CSR May 05, 2011

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number: 811-5410

ING Prime Rate Trust

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

7337 E. Doubletree Ranch Rd., Scottsdale, AZ (Address of principal executive offices)

85258 (Zip code)

CT Corporation System, 101 Federal Street, Boston, MA 02110

(Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: 1-800-992-0180

Date of fiscal year end: February 28

Date of reporting period: February 28, 2011

Item 1. Reports to Stockholder	orts to Stockholders	to	Reports	1.	Item
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The following is a copy of the report transmitted to stockholders pursuant to Rule 30e-1 under the Act (17 CFR 270.30e-1):

Funds

Annual Report

February 28, 2011

ING Prime Rate Trust

E-Delivery Sign-up details inside

This report is submitted for general information to shareholders of the ING Funds. It is not authorized for distribution to prospective shareholders unless accompanied or preceded by a prospectus which includes details regarding the fund's investment objectives, risks, charges, expenses and other information. This information should be read carefully.

ANNUAL REPORT

February 28, 2011

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You will be notified by e-mail when these communications become available on the internet. Documents that are not available on the internet will continue to be sent by mail.

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS' REPORT

Dear Shareholders:

ING Prime Rate Trust (the "Trust") is a diversified, closed-end management investment company that seeks to provide investors with as high a level of current income as is consistent with the preservation of capital. The Trust seeks to achieve this objective by investing, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in U.S. dollar denominated floating rate secured senior loans.

PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS AS OF FEBRUARY 28, 2011

A3 01 1 LBRUART 20, 2011	
Net Assets	\$ 893,660,757
Total Assets	\$ 1,299,418,720
Assets Invested in Senior Loans	\$ 1,240,302,306
Senior Loans Represented	523
Average Amount Outstanding per Loan	\$ 2,371,515
Industries Represented	37
Average Loan Amount per Industry	\$ 33,521,684
Portfolio Turnover Rate (YTD)	60%
Weighted Average Days to Interest Rate	
Reset	40
Average Loan Final Maturity	52 months
Total Leverage as a Percentage of Total	
Assets	
(including preferred shares)	22.09%

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The Trust declared \$0.08 of dividends during the fourth fiscal quarter and \$0.32 during the year ended February 28, 2011, including a return of capital of \$0.02 per share and net investment income of \$0.30 per share. Based on the average month-end net asset value ("NAV") per share of \$5.94 for the fourth fiscal quarter and \$5.81 for the year, this resulted in an annualized distribution rate⁽¹⁾ of 5.08% for the fourth fiscal quarter and 5.45% for the year. The Trust's total net return for the fourth fiscal quarter, based on NAV, was 4.93% versus a total gross return on the S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index (the "Index")⁽²⁾ of 3.71% for the same quarter. For the year ended February 28, 2011, the Trust's total return, based on NAV, was 12.32%, versus 10.24% gross return for the Index. The total market value return (based on full reinvestment of dividends) for the Trust's common shares during the fourth fiscal quarter was 5.70% and for the year ended February 28, 2011 was 7.09%.

MARKET AND PORTFOLIO UPDATE

Broadly speaking, the senior loan market performed quite well during the Trust's fiscal year. Underlying returns where buoyed by a sustained albeit slow-moving economic recovery, robust corporate earnings, and strong inflows into the loan asset class. In addition, the supply of new loans, while up substantially from the modest pace seen in fiscal 2010, did not materially add to

- (1) The distribution rate is calculated by annualizing dividends and distributions declared during the period and dividing the resulting annualized dividend by the Trust's average net asset value (in the case of NAV) or the average month-end NYSE Composite closing price (in the case of market). The distribution rate is based solely on the actual dividends and distributions, which are made at the discretion of management. The distribution rate may or may not include all investment income and ordinarily will not include capital gains or losses, if any.
- (2) The **Index** is an unmanaged total return index that captures accrued interest, repayments, and market value changes. It represents a broad cross section of leveraged loans syndicated in the United States, including dollar-denominated loans to overseas issuers. Standard & Poor's ("S&P") and the Loan Syndications and Trading Association ("LSTA") conceived the Index to establish a performance benchmark for the syndicated leveraged loan industry. An investor cannot invest directly in an index.

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS' REPORT (continued)

TOP TEN SENIOR LOAN ISSUERS AS OF FEBRUARY 28, 2011 AS A PERCENTAGE OF:

	TOTAL ASSETS	NET ASSETS
CHS/Community Health		
Systems, Inc.	3.0%	4.4%
Cequel Communications, LLC	2.1%	3.1%
PBL Media	1.8%	2.7%
Univision Communications, Inc.	1.8%	2.6%
Ford Motor Company	1.6%	2.4%
First Data Corporation	1.6%	2.3%
CSC Holdings, Inc.	1.5%	2.2%
Texas Competitive Electric		
Holdings Company, LLC	1.5%	2.2%
HCA, Inc.	1.3%	1.9%
Charter Communications		
Operating, LLC	1.2%	1.7%

Subject to change daily.

the overall stock of outstanding loans in the secondary market due to ongoing refinancing activity and bond-for-loan takeouts. As a result, the market's technical bias (i.e., supply of and demand for loans) remained strong during the year. Moreover, credit fundamentals, as reflected by virtually every measure, particularly trailing default rates, improved noticeably compared to the initial stages of 2010. Despite all these positives, we continue to closely watch developments in other segments of the capital markets, in particular, the market for European government debt. The ongoing uncertainty over the financial health and path of several major European Union members continues to at times rattle credit markets. Although the direct impact on loan returns has been negligible, the indirect impact has been significant over the course of the last year, as evidenced by a negative total return for the Index during May and June. The positive news is that as time passes and unexpected developments are absorbed, fears of a contagion effect, while not gone, appear to be diminishing.

The Trust outperformed the Index for the full year ended February 28, 2011. Favorable results were driven by generally positive issuer selection: three of the top five Index contributors were in the Trust's top ten holdings; the Trust held none of the worst five Index detractors. Also, the Trust continued to avoid the majority of issuers that defaulted during the fiscal year. The Trust had three defaults during the reporting period, whereas the Index had 14. The Trust's allocation to European loans also contributed to relative performance, particularly during the second half of the fiscal year. This allocation ended the fiscal year at approximately 13% of the overall portfolio. Presenting a moderate drag on relative results during the fiscal year was a continued underweight to the riskiest part of the loan market—those issuers rated "CCC" and below by Standard & Poor's, as well as a number of large loans originated prior to the global credit crisis. Both of these sub-segments, which continue to have lower price points than the overall Index, outperformed during the year as investors embraced risk in search for yield. The Trust continued to benefit

from the moderate use of leverage for investment purposes during the period under review.

TOP TEN INDUSTRY SECTORS AS OF FEBRUARY 28, 2011 AS A PERCENTAGE OF:

	TOTAL ASSETS	NET ASSETS
Healthcare, Education		
and Childcare	12.0%	17.4%
North American Cable	7.8%	11.3%
Data and Internet Services	6.7%	9.7%
Retail Stores	6.7%	9.7%
Printing & Publishing	6.3%	9.2%
Chemicals, Plastics & Rubber	4.2%	6.2%
Automobile	3.8%	5.6%
Containers, Packaging & Glass	3.8%	5.5%
Utilities	3.6%	5.3%
Personal, Food & Miscellaneous	3.4%	5.0%

Subject to change daily.

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS' REPORT (continued)

Ratings Distribution as of February 28, 2011

Baa	5.04%
Ва	43.75%
В	39.22%
Caa and below	2.40%
Not rated*	9.59%

Ratings distribution shows the percentage of the Trust's loan commitments (excluding cash and foreign cash) that are rated in each ratings category, based upon the categories provided by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. Ratings distribution is based on Moody's senior secured facility ratings. Moody's ratings classification methodology: Aaa rating denotes the least credit risk; C rating denotes the greatest credit risk. Loans rated below Baa by Moody's are considered to be below investment grade. Ratings can change from time to time, and current ratings may not fully reflect the actual credit condition or risks posed by a loan.

* Not rated includes loans to non-U.S. borrowers (which are typically unrated) and loans for which the rating has been withdrawn.

OUTLOOK

We continue to like the case for floating rate secured loans in today's market environment. Although most higher-quality below investment grade loans now trade very close to par value, yields continue to look reasonably attractive, particularly in light of future credit risk. And, of course, senior loans, given their ultra-short duration profile, represent one of the few mainstream asset classes that provide investors both a form of principal stability and increasing yields when interest rates do begin to rise. At this point, we believe near-term downside risks appears limited, based on both credit fundamentals and market technical factors, although the risk always remains that an exogenous event may shock the financial system and/or dampen investor appetite for riskier asset classes. As always, we continue to seek to actively manage these risks by way of our long-standing focus on traditional secured bank loans and an investment process that centers on rigorous credit research and underwriting and proactive ongoing portfolio monitoring.

Jeffrey A. Bakalar Senior Vice President Senior Portfolio Manager ING Investment Management Co. Daniel A. Norman Senior Vice President Senior Portfolio Manager ING Investment Management Co. 4

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS' REPORT (continued)

	Average Annual Total Returns for the Years Ended February 28, 2011			
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Based on Net Asset Value				
(NAV)	12.32%	7.11%	3.08%	4.36%
Based on Market Value	7.09%	9.76%	4.49%	4.22%
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan				
Index	10.24%	8.73%	5.45%	5.26%
Credit-Suisse Leveraged				
Loan Index	10.37%	7.15%	4.65%	4.89%

The table above illustrates the total return of the Trust against the Indices indicated. An index has no cash in its portfolio, imposes no sales charges and incurs no operating expenses. An investor cannot invest directly in an index.

Total returns based on NAV reflect that ING Investments, LLC (the Trust's "Investment Adviser") may have waived or recouped fees and expenses otherwise payable by the Trust.

Performance data represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value of an investment in the Trust will fluctuate. Shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. The Trust's future performance may be lower or higher than the performance data shown. Please log on to www.ingfunds.com or call (800) 992-0180 to get performance through the most recent month end.

Calculation of total return assumes a hypothetical initial investment at the net asset value (in the case of NAV) or the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") Composite closing price (in the case of Market Value) on the last business day before the first day of the stated period, with all dividends and distributions reinvested at the actual reinvestment price.

Senior loans are subject to credit risks and the potential for non-payment of scheduled principal or interest payments, which may result in a reduction of the Trust's NAV.

This report contains statements that may be "forward-looking" statements. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in the "forward-looking" statements.

The views expressed in this report reflect those of the portfolio managers only through the end of the period of the report as stated on the cover. The portfolio managers' views are subject to change at any time based on market and other conditions.

INDEX DESCRIPTIONS

The **S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index** is an unmanaged total return index that captures accrued interest, repayments, and market value changes. It represents a broad cross section of leveraged loans syndicated in the United States, including dollar-denominated loans to overseas issuers. Standard & Poor's and the

Loan Syndications & Trading Association ("LSTA") conceived the Index to establish a performance benchmark for the syndicated leveraged loan industry. An investor cannot invest directly in an index.

The **Credit-Suisse Leveraged Loan Index** is an unmanaged index of below investment grade loans designed to mirror the investable universe of the U.S. dollar-denominated leveraged loan market. An investor cannot invest directly in an index.

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS' REPORT (continued)

YIELDS AND DISTRIBUTION RATES						
	Prime Rate	NAV 30-day SEC Yield ^(A)	Mkt. 30-Day SEC Yield ^(A)	Annualized Dist. Rate @ NAV ^(B)	Annualized Dist. Rate @ Mkt.(B)	
February						
28, 2011	3.25%	5.42%	5.47%	4.93%	4.98%	
November						
30, 2010	3.25%	5.01%	5.10%	5.32%	5.41%	
August						
31, 2010	3.25%	4.89%	5.08%	5.78%	6.00%	
May 31,						
2010	3.25%	4.91%	5.19%	5.47%	5.78%	

- (A) Yield is calculated by dividing the Trust's net investment income per share for the most recent thirty days by the net asset value (in the case of NAV) or the NYSE Composite closing price (in the case of Market) at quarter-end. Yield calculations do not include any commissions or sales charges, and are compounded for six months and annualized for a twelve-month period to derive the Trust's yield consistent with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") standardized yield formula.
- (B) The distribution rate is calculated by annualizing the last monthly dividend of each quarter and dividing the resulting annualized dividend amount by the Trust's net asset value (in the case of NAV) or the NYSE Composite closing price (in case of Market) at quarter-end.

Risk is inherent in all investing. The following are the principal risks associated with investing in the Trust. This is not, and is not intended to be, a description of all risks of investing in the Trust. A more detailed description of the risks of investing in the Trust is contained in the Trust's current prospectus.

Credit Risk: The Trust invests a substantial portion of its assets in below investment grade senior loans and other below investment grade assets. Below investment grade loans involve a greater risk that borrowers may not make timely payment of the interest and principal due on their loans. They also involve a greater risk that the value of such loans could decline significantly. If borrowers do not make timely payments of the interest due on their loans, the yield on the Trust's common shares will decrease. If borrowers do not make timely payment of the principal due on their loans, or if the value of such loans decreases, the value of the Trust's NAV will decrease.

Interest Rate Risk: Changes in short-term market interest rates will directly affect the yield on the Trust's common shares. If short-term market interest rates fall, the yield on the Trust's common shares will also fall. To the extent that the credit spreads on loans in the Trust experience a general decline, the yield on the Trust will fall and the value of the Trust's assets may decrease, which will cause the Trust's value to decrease. Conversely, when short-term market interest rates rise, because of the lag between changes in such short-term rates and the resetting of the floating rates on assets in the Trust's portfolio, the impact of rising rates will be delayed to the extent of such lag.

Leverage Risk: The Trust borrows money for investment purposes. Borrowing increases both investment opportunity and investment risk. In the event of a general market decline in the value of assets such as those in which the Trust invests, the effect of that decline will be magnified in the Trust because of the additional assets purchased with the proceeds of the borrowings. The Trust also faces the risk that it might have to sell assets at relatively less advantageous times if it were forced to de-leverage if a source of leverage becomes unavailable.

ING Prime Rate Trust

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Shareholders and Board of Trustees ING Prime Rate Trust

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the portfolio of investments, of ING Prime Rate Trust, as of February 28, 2011, and the related statements of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the years in the two-year period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the years in the ten-year period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of February 28, 2011, by correspondence with the custodian and brokers or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies from brokers were not received. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ING Prime Rate Trust as of February 28, 2011, the results of its operations and its cash flows, the changes in its net assets, and the financial highlights, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Boston, Massachusetts April 28, 2011

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES as of February 28, 2011

ASSETS:	
Investments in securities at value (Cost \$1,261,373,643)	\$ 1,268,316,107
Cash	5,027,905
Foreign currencies at value (Cost \$5,027,707)	5,027,722
Receivables:	0,021,122
Investment securities sold	16,573,826
Dividends and interest	4,380,829
Other	10,880
Unrealized appreciation on unfunded commitments	73,453
Prepaid expenses	7,998
Total assets	1,299,418,720
LIABILITIES:	1,200,110,720
Notes payable	187,000,000
Payable for investment securities purchased	114,848,403
Accrued interest payable	179,424
Deferred arrangement fees on senior loans	63,870
Dividends payable preferred shares	3,717
Payable to affiliates	948,981
Payable to custodian	233,709
Accrued trustees fees	6,983
Unrealized depreciation on forward foreign currency	7,22
contracts	2,054,914
Other accrued expenses	417,962
Total liabilities	305,757,963
Preferred shares, \$25,000 stated value per share at	
liquidation value (4,000 shares outstanding)	100,000,000
NET ASSETS	\$ 893,660,757
Net assets value per common share outstanding (net	
assets divided by	
146,953,833 shares of beneficial interest authorized and	
outstanding,	
no par value)	\$ 6.08
NET ASSETS WERE COMPRISED OF:	
Paid-in capital	\$ 1,174,732,118
Distributions in excess of net investment income	(437,241)
Accumulated net realized loss	(285,156,798)
Net unrealized appreciation	4,522,678
NET ASSETS	\$ 893,660,757

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS for the Year Ended February 28, 2011

INVESTMENT INCOME:	
Interest	\$ 55,454,279
Dividends	5,152
Amendment fees earned	669,777
Other	1,896,800
Total investment income	58,026,008
EXPENSES:	
Investment management fees	9,006,401
Administration fees	2,814,500
Transfer agent fees	74,441
Interest expense	2,863,487
Custody and accounting expense	550,075
Professional fees	286,691
Preferred shares dividend disbursing agent fees	320,571
Shareholder reporting expense	191,815
Trustees fees	20,298
Miscellaneous expense	329,456
Total expenses	16,457,735
Net investment income	41,568,273
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS):	
Net realized loss on:	
Investments	(14,421,781)
Forward foreign currency contracts	(821,525)
Foreign currency related transactions	(3,813,214)
Net realized loss	(19,056,520)
Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on:	
Investments	79,051,356
Forward foreign currency contracts	(3,437,384)
Foreign currency related transactions	(390,031)
Unfunded commitments	1,562,032
Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation	76,785,973
Net realized and unrealized gain	57,729,453
DISTRIBUTIONS TO PREFERRED SHAREHOLDERS:	
From net investment income	(423,452)
Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 98,874,274

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

ING Prime Rate Trust

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Year Ended February 28, 2011	Year Ended February 28, 2010
FROM OPERATIONS:		
Net investment income	\$ 41,568,273	\$ 40,578,441
Net realized loss	(19,056,520)	(79,461,767)
Net change in unrealized appreciation		
or depreciation	76,785,973	362,783,607
Distributions to preferred shareholders		
from net investment income	(423,452)	(534,821)
Increase in net assets resulting from	(423,432)	(554,621)
operations	98,874,274	323,365,460
FROM DISTRIBUTIONS TO COMMON SHAI		323,303,400
From net investment income	(43,725,897)	(45,727,025)
From return of capital	(2,667,020)	(10,7,27,020)
Decrease in net assets from	(=,001,0=0)	
distributions to		
common shareholders	(46,392,917)	(45,727,025)
CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS:	•	•
Reinvestment of distributions from		
common shares	392,395	193,985
Proceeds from shares sold	10,002,232	112,650
Net increase from capital share		
transactions	10,394,627	306,635
Net increase in net assets	62,875,984	277,945,070
NET ASSETS:		
Beginning of year	830,784,773	552,839,703
End of year (including undistributed		
(distributions in		
excess of) net investment income of		
\$(437,241) and	¢ 000 000 757	¢ 000 704 770
6,778,574 \$respectively)	\$ 893,660,757	\$ 830,784,773

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the Year Ended February 28, 2011

Interest received \$44,853,265 Dividends received 5,152 Dividends paid to preferred shareholders (424,983) Arrangement fee paid (177,748) Other income received 2,193,690 Interest paid (2,684,063) Other operating expenses paid (13,160,156) Purchases of securities (883,829,543) Proceeds on sale of securities (883,829,543) Proceeds from shareholders (net of reinvested distributions) (46,000,522) Redemption of preferred shares (100,000,000) Proceeds from shares sold (10,002,232 Net increase of notes payable (100,000,000) Proceeds from shares sold (10,002,232 Net increase in cash (31,998,290) Net increase in cash (31,998,290) Net increase in of Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations (31,998,290) Reconciliation of Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations To Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Net increase in net assets resulting from operations (79,051,356) Reconciliation of Net Increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by operating activities: Net increase in net assets resulting from operations (79,051,356) Change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments (1,562,032) Change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on unfunded commitments (1,562,032) Change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on on unfunded commitments (1,562,032) Change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on on unfunded commitments (1,562,032) Change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on on unfunded commitments (1,562,032) Change in unrealized appreciatio	INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
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Net realized loss on sale of investments, forward foreign currency contracts and foreign currency related transactions 19,056,520 Purchases of investment securities (683,829,543)	Accretion of discounts on investments	(10,402,069)
currency contracts and foreign currency related transactions 19,056,520 Purchases of investment securities (683,829,543)	Amortization of premiums on investments	253,220
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contracts and foreign currency related transactions 19,056,520 Purchases of investment securities (683,829,543)	•	
Purchases of investment securities (683,829,543)		19,056,520
, ,		
	Proceeds from disposition of investment securities	, ,

Decrease in other receivables		17,151				
Increase in interest receivable	(452,165)					
Decrease in prepaid expenses		951				
Decrease in deferred arrangement fees on senior loans		(177,748)				
Increase in accrued interest payable		179,424				
Decrease in dividends payable preferred shares		(1,531)				
Increase in payable to affiliates		52,557				
Decrease in accrued trustees fees		(10,645)				
Increase in other accrued expenses		1,191				
Total adjustments		(63,707,144)				
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	35,167,130				
Non Cash Financing Activities						
Reinvestment of distributions	\$	392,395				

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements 11

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Selected data for a share of beneficial interest outstanding throughout each year or period.

Per Share Operating Performance

					Change)					
	Net				in		Distribution				
	asset		Net		net		to			Net	Closir
	value,		realized		asset		Common			asset	mark
	beginning	g Net	and	Distributio	rv alue	Total S	Sharehold @	is tribution	S	value,	price
	of yeari	nvestmer	u nrealize		from	from	from net	from		end of	end o
	or	income	gain				rit nvestment		Total	year or	year (
	period	(loss)	(loss) S	Shareholde	ffæring p	eration	s income	capital d	istribution	speriod	perio
Year or period											
ended	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
ING Prime Rate	9										
Trust											
02-28-11	5.72	0.30	0.38	(0.00)*		0.68	(0.30)	(0.02)	(0.32)	6.08	6.02
02-28-10	3.81	0.28	1.95	(0.00)*		2.23	(0.32)		(0.32)	5.72	5.94
02-28-09	6.11	0.46	(2.29)	(0.06)		(1.89)	(0.41)		(0.47)	3.81	3.50
02-29-08	7.65	0.75	(1.57)	(0.16)		(0.98)	(0.56)		(0.72)	6.11	5.64
02-28-07	7.59	0.71	0.06	(0.16)		0.61	(0.55)		(0.71)	7.65	7.40
02-28-06	7.47	0.57	0.12	(0.11)		0.58	(0.46)		(0.57)	7.59	7.02
02-28-05	7.34	0.45	0.16	(0.05)		0.56	(0.43)		(0.48)	7.47	7.56
02-29-04	6.73	0.46	0.61	(0.04)		1.03	(0.42)		(0.46)	7.34	7.84
02-28-03	7.20	0.50	(0.47)	(0.05)		(0.02)	(0.45)		(0.50)	6.73	6.46
02-28-02											
	8.09	0.74	(0.89)	(0.11)		(0.26)	(0.63)		(0.74)	7.20	6.77

		Total Inv Retu		Ratios to net as	•	Supplemental data			
				Expenses (before					
				interest	Expenses	Expenses	,		
			Total	and other	prior to	net of			
		Total	Investment	fees	fee	fee			
		Investment	Return at	related to	waivers	waivers	Net		
		Return at net	closing	revolving	and/or	and/or i	nvestment	Net assets,	
		asset	market	credit r	ecoupment	s oupment	tsincome	end of year	Portfolio
		value ⁽²⁾	price ⁽³⁾	facility)	if any	if any	(loss)	or period	Turnover
}	ear or period								
e	ended	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(\$000's)	(%)
I	NG Prime Rate	Trust							
	02-28-11	12.32	7.09	1.59	1.93	1.93	4.87	893,661	60
	02-28-10	60.70	81.66	1.77 ⁽⁵⁾	1.99 ⁽⁵⁾	1.93	5.56	830,785	38
	02-28-09	$(31.93)^{(4)}$	$(32.03)^{(4)}$	1.95	3.01	3.01	7.86	552,840	10
	02-29-08	(13.28)	(17.25)	2.20	4.36	4.36	10.35	886,976	60

02-28-07	8.85	13.84	2.21	4.62	4.62	9.42	1,109,539	60
02-28-06	8.53	(0.82)	2.33	4.27	4.27	7.71	1,100,671	81
02-28-05	7.70	2.04	2.29	3.18	3.17	6.04	1,082,748	93
02-29-04	15.72	28.77	2.11	2.40	2.40	6.68	1,010,325	87
02-28-03	0.44	2.53	2.19	2.68	2.68	7.33	922,383	48
02-28-02								
	(3.02)	(9.20)	2.25	3.64	3.64	9.79	985,982	53

⁽¹⁾ Total investment return calculations are attributable to common shares.

- (2) Total investment return at net asset value has been calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value at the beginning of each period and a sale at net asset value at the end of each period and assumes reinvestment of dividends, capital gain distributions and return of capital distributions/allocations, if any, in accordance with the provisions of the dividend reinvestment plan.
- (3) Total investment return at market value has been calculated assuming a purchase at market value at the beginning of each period and a sale at market value at the end of each period and assumes reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, if any, in accordance with the provisions of the dividend reinvestment plan.
- (4) There was no impact on total return due to payments by affiliates.
- (5) Includes excise tax fully reimbursed by the Investment Adviser.

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

^{*} Amount is more than \$(0.005).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

Selected data for a share of beneficial interest outstanding throughout each year or period.

		os to averag ıding Preferı			Ratios to average net assets plus borrowings				
	Expenses				Expenses				
	(before				(before				
	interest		Expenses	,	interest		Expenses	5,	
	and other	Expenses,	net of		and other	Expenses,	net of		
	fees	prior to fee	fee		fees	prior to fee	fee		
	related to	waivers	waivers	Net	related to	waivers	waivers	Net	
	revolving	and/or	and/or	investment	revolving	and/or	and/or	investment	
	credit	recoupments	coupment,	ts,income	credit	recoupmente	çoupmen	itsi,ncome	
	facility)	if any	if any	(loss)	facility)	if any	if any	(loss)	
Year or period									
ended	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	
ING Prime Rate									
Trust									
02-28-11	1.36	1.64	1.64	4.14	1.39	1.68	1.68	4.26	
02-28-10	1.36 ⁽⁶⁾	1.52 ⁽⁶⁾	1.48	4.26	1.67 ⁽⁶⁾	1.87 ⁽⁶⁾	1.81	5.23	
02-28-09	1.54	2.38	2.38	6.22	1.54	2.37	2.37	6.21	
02-29-08	1.54	3.05	3.05	7.23	1.60	3.17	3.17	7.53	
02-28-07	1.57	3.27	3.27	6.68	1.56	3.25	3.25	6.63	
02-28-06	1.64	3.02	3.02	5.44	1.58	2.90	2.90	5.24	
02-28-05	1.60	2.22	2.21	4.21	1.63	2.27	2.26	4.32	
02-29-04	1.45	1.65	1.65	4.57	1.84	2.09	2.09	5.82	
02-28-03	1.49	1.81	1.81	4.97	1.82	2.23	2.23	6.10	
02-28-02									
	1.57	2.54	2.54	6.83	1.66	2.70	2.70	7.24	

Supplemental data

			Asset	•			
		Liquidation	coverage				Common
	Preferred	and market	inclusive of				shares
	Shares	value per	Preferred		Asset		outstanding
	Aggregate	share of	Shares and	Borrowings	coverage		at end of
	amount	Preferred	debt per	at end of	per \$1,000	Average	year or
	outstanding	Shares	share ^(b)	period	of debt ^(b)	borrowings	period
Year or period							
ended	(\$000's)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$000's)	(\$)	(\$000's)	(000's)
ING Prime Rate Trust							
02-28-11	100,000	25,000	102,850	187,000	6,314	122,641	146,954
02-28-10	200,000	25,000	98,400	83,000	13,419	46,416	145,210
02-28-09	225,000	25,000	70,175	81,000	10,603	227,891	145,178
02-29-08	450,000	25,000	53,125	338,000	4,956	391,475	145,094
02-28-07	450,000	25,000	62,925	281,000	6,550	459,982	145,033
02-28-06	450,000	25,000	55,050	465,000	4,335	509,178	145,033

02-28-05	450,000	25,000	53,600	496,000	4,090	414,889	145,033
02-29-04	450,000	25,000	62,425	225,000	7,490	143,194	137,638
02-28-03	450,000	25,000	62,375	167,000	9,218	190,671	136,973
02-28-02							
	450,000	25,000	58,675	282,000	6,092	365,126	136,973

- (a) Ratios do not reflect the effect of dividend payments to Preferred Shareholders; income ratios reflect income earned on assets attributable to Preferred Shareholders; ratios do not reflect any add-back for the borrowings.
- (b) Asset coverage ratios, for periods prior to fiscal 2009, represented the coverage available for both the borrowings and preferred shares expressed in relation to each \$1,000 of borrowings and preferred shares liquidation value outstanding. The Asset coverage ratio per \$1,000 of debt for periods subsequent to fiscal 2008, is presented to represent the coverage available to each \$1,000 of borrowings before consideration of any preferred shares liquidation price, while the Asset coverage inclusive of Preferred Shares, presents the coverage available to both borrowings and preferred shares, expressed in relation to the per share liquidation price of the preferred shares.

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of February 28, 2011

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION

ING Prime Rate Trust (the "Trust"), a Massachusetts business trust, is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), as a diversified, closed-end, management investment company. The Trust invests primarily in senior loans, which generally are not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"), and which contain certain restrictions on resale and cannot be sold publicly. These loans bear interest (unless otherwise noted) at rates that float periodically at a margin above the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") and other short-term rates.

NOTE 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Trust in the preparation of its financial statements. The policies are in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for investment companies.

A. Senior Loan and Other Security Valuation. All Senior loans and other securities are recorded at their estimated fair value, as described below. Senior loans held by the Trust are normally valued at the average of the means of one or more bid and ask quotations obtained from dealers in loans by an independent pricing service or other sources determined by the Trust's Board to be independent and believed to be reliable. Loans for which reliable market value quotations are not readily available may be valued with reference to another loan or a group of loans for which reliable quotations are readily available and whose characteristics are comparable to the loan being valued. Under this approach, the comparable loan or loans serve as a proxy for changes in value of the loan being valued.

The Trust has engaged independent pricing services to provide market value quotations from dealers in loans and, when such quotations are not readily available, to calculate values under the proxy procedure described above. As of February 28, 2011, 99.7% of total loans were valued based on these procedures. It is expected that most of the loans held by the Trust will continue to be valued with reference to quotations from the independent pricing service or with reference to the proxy procedure described above.

Prices from a pricing source may not be available for all loans and the Investment Adviser or ING Investment Management Co. ("ING IM" or the "Sub-Adviser"), may believe that the price for a loan derived from market quotations or the proxy procedure described above is not reliable or accurate. Among other reasons, this may be the result of information about a particular loan or borrower known to the Investment Adviser or the Sub-Adviser believes may not be known to the pricing service or reflected in a price quote. In this event, the loan is valued at fair value, as defined by the 1940 Act, as determined in good faith under procedures established by the Board and in accordance with the provisions of the 1940 Act. Under these procedures, fair value is determined by the Investment Adviser or Sub-Adviser and monitored by the Board through its Compliance Committee.

In fair valuing a loan, consideration is given to several factors, which may include, among others, the following: (i) the characteristics of and fundamental analytical data relating to the loan, including the cost, size, current interest rate, period until the next interest rate reset, maturity and base lending rate of the loan, the terms and conditions of the loan and any related agreements, and the position of the loan in the

borrower's debt structure; (ii) the nature, adequacy and value of the collateral, including the Trust's rights, remedies and interests with respect to the collateral; (iii) the creditworthiness of the borrower and the cash flow coverage of outstanding principal and interest, based on an evaluation of its financial condition, financial statements and information about the borrower's business, cash flows, capital structure and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

NOTE 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

future prospects; (iv) information relating to the market for the loan, including price quotations for, and trading in, the loan and interests in similar loans; (v) the reputation and financial condition of the agent for the loan and any intermediate participants in the loan; (vi) the borrower's management; and (vii) the general economic and market conditions affecting the fair value of the loan. Securities for which the primary market is a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sale price. Securities reported by NASDAQ will be valued at the NASDAQ Official Closing Price. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on a valuation date are valued at the mean between the last reported bid and ask price on such exchange. Securities, other than senior loans, for which reliable market value quotations are not readily available, and all other assets, will be valued at their respective fair values as determined in good faith by, and under procedures established by, the Board. Investments in securities of sufficient credit quality maturing in 60 days or less from the date of acquisition are valued at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

Fair value is defined as the price that the Trust would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Each investment asset or liability of the Trust is assigned a level at measurement date based on the significance and source of the inputs to its valuation. Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities are classified as "Level 1", inputs other than quoted prices for an asset or liability that are observable are classified as "Level 2" and unobservable inputs, including the sub-adviser's judgment about the assumptions that a market participant would use in pricing an asset or liability are classified as "Level 3". The inputs used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. Short-term securities of sufficient credit quality which are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value, are generally considered to be Level 2 securities under applicable accounting rules. A table summarizing the Trust's investments under these levels of classification is included following the Portfolio of Investments.

For the period ended February 28, 2011, there have been no significant changes to the fair valuation methodologies.

B. Security Transactions and Revenue Recognition. Revolver and delayed draw loans are booked on a settlement date basis. Security transactions and senior loans are accounted for on trade date (date the order to buy or sell is executed). Realized gains or losses are reported on the basis of identified cost of securities sold. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis at the then-current interest rate of the loan. The accrual of interest on loans is partially or fully discontinued when, in the opinion of management, there is an indication that the borrower may be unable to meet payments as they become due. If determined to be uncollectable, accrued interest is also written off. Cash collections on non-accrual senior loans are generally applied as a reduction to the recorded investment of the loan. Senior loans are generally returned to accrual status only after all past due amounts have been received and the borrower has demonstrated sustained performance. For all loans, except revolving credit facilities, fees received are treated as discounts and are accreted whereas premiums are amortized. Fees associated with revolving credit facilities are deferred and recognized over the shorter of four years or the actual term of the loan.

- C. Foreign Currency Translation. The books and records of the Trust are maintained in U.S. dollars. Any foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars on the following basis:
- (1) Market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the day.

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ING Prime Rate Trust

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

NOTE 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(2) Purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses at the rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Although the net assets and the market values are presented at the foreign exchange rates at the end of the day, the Trust does not isolate the portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in market prices of securities held. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gains or losses from investments. For securities, which are subject to foreign withholding tax upon disposition, liabilities are recorded on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities for the estimated tax withholding based on the securities current market value. Upon disposition, realized gains or losses on such securities are recorded net of foreign withholding tax.

Reported net realized foreign exchange gains or losses arise from sales of foreign currencies, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions, the difference between the amounts of dividends, interest, and foreign withholding taxes recorded on the Trust's books, and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received or paid. Net unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses arise from changes in the value of assets and liabilities other than investments in securities at fiscal year end, resulting from changes in the exchange rate. Foreign security and currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies and the U.S. government. These risks include, but are not limited to, revaluation of currencies and future adverse political and economic developments which could cause securities and their markets to be less liquid and prices more volatile than those of comparable U.S. companies and U.S. government securities.

- D. Forward Foreign Currency Contracts. The Trust may enter into forward foreign currency contracts primarily to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-U.S. dollar denominated investment securities. A forward foreign currency contract is an agreement between two parties to buy and sell a currency at a set price on a future date. The market value of a foreign currency contract fluctuates with changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Forward foreign currency contracts are marked to market daily and the change in value is recorded by the Trust as an unrealized gain or loss and is reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Realized gains or losses equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time it was opened and the value at the time it was closed are recorded upon delivery or receipt of the currency and are included in the Statement of Operations. These instruments may involve market risk in excess of the amount recognized in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. In addition, the Trust could be exposed to risk if the counterparties are unable to meet the terms of the contracts or if the value of the currency changes unfavorably to the U.S. dollar. Open forward foreign currency contracts are presented following the Portfolio of Investments. For the year ended February 28, 2011, the Trust had an average quarterly contract amount on forward foreign currency contracts to sell of \$123,926,703.
- E. Federal Income Taxes. It is the policy of the Trust to comply with the requirements of subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code that are applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute substantially all of its net investment income and any net realized capital gains to its shareholders. Therefore, a federal income tax or excise tax provision is not required. Management has considered the

sustainability of the Trust's tax positions taken on federal income tax returns for all open tax years in making this determination. No capital gain distributions shall be made until the capital loss carryforwards have been fully utilized or expire.

F. *Distributions to Common Shareholders.* The Trust declares and pays dividends monthly from net investment income. Distributions from capital gains, if any, are declared and paid annually. The

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

NOTE 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Trust may make additional distributions to comply with the distribution requirements of the Internal Revenue Code. The character and amounts of income and gains to be distributed are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, which may differ from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for investment companies. The Trust records distributions to its shareholders on the ex-dividend date.

- G. Dividend Reinvestments. Pursuant to the Trust's Shareholder Investment Program (the "Program"), BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (U.S.) Inc. ("BNY"), the Program administrator, purchases, from time to time, shares of beneficial interest of the Trust on the open market to satisfy dividend reinvestments. Such shares are purchased on the open market only when the closing sale or bid price plus commission is less than the NAV per share of the Trust's common shares on the valuation date. If the market price plus commissions is equal to or exceeds NAV, new shares are issued by the Trust at the greater of (i) NAV or (ii) the market price of the shares during the pricing period, minus a discount of 5%.
- H. *Use of Estimates*. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets from operations during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- I. Share Offerings. The Trust issues shares under various shelf registration statements, whereby the net proceeds received by the Trust from share sales may not be less than the greater of (i) the NAV per share or (ii) 94% of the average daily market price over the relevant pricing period.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS

For the year ended February 28, 2011, the cost of purchases and the proceeds from principal repayment and sales of investments, excluding short-term notes, totaled \$769,323,409 and \$683,719,374, respectively. At February 28, 2011, the Trust held senior loans valued at \$1,240,302,306 representing 97.8% of its total investments. The fair value of these assets is established as set forth in Note 2.

The senior loans acquired by the Trust typically take the form of a direct lending relationship with the borrower, and are typically acquired through an assignment of another lender's interest in a loan. The lead lender in a typical corporate loan syndicate administers the loan and monitors the collateral securing the loan.

Common and preferred shares, and stock purchase warrants held in the portfolio were acquired in conjunction with loans held by the Trust. Certain of these stocks and warrants are restricted and may not be publicly sold without registration under the 1933 Act, or without an exemption under the 1933 Act. In some cases, these restrictions expire after a designated period of time after issuance of the shares or warrants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS (continued)

Dates of acquisition and cost or assigned basis of restricted securities are as follows:

	Date of Acquisition	Cost or gned Basis
Allied Digital Technologies Corporation		
(Residual Interest in Bankruptcy Estate)	06/05/02	\$ 100
Ascend Media (Residual Interest)	01/05/10	
Block Vision Holdings Corporation (719 Common		
Shares)	09/17/02	
Cedar Chemical (Liquidation Interest)	12/31/02	
Enterprise Profit Solutions (Liquidation Interest)	10/21/02	
Euro United Corporation (Residual Interest in		
Bankruptcy Estate)	06/21/02	100
Ferretti SPA (Warrants for 0.111% Participation		
Interest)	09/30/09	
Gainey Corporation (Residual Interest)	12/31/09	
Grand Union Company (Residual Interest in	07/04/00	0.570
Bankruptcy Estate)	07/01/02	2,576
Kevco Inc. (Residual Interest in Bankruptcy	00/05/00	05
Estate)	06/05/02	25
Lincoln Paper & Tissue (Warrants for 291		
Common Shares,	08/25/05	
Expires August 14, 2015) Lincoln Pulp and Eastern Fine (Residual Interest	06/25/05	
in		
Bankruptcy Estate)	06/08/04	
Safelite Realty Corporation (57,804 Common	00/00/04	
Shares)	10/12/00	
Supermedia, Inc. (32,592 Common Shares)	01/05/10	
Transtar Metals (Residual Interest in Bankruptcy	01/03/10	
Estate)	01/09/03	40,230
US Office Products Company (Residual Interest	01/00/00	10,200
in		
Bankruptcy Estate)	02/11/04	
Total Restricted Securities (fair value \$579,655		
was 0.07%		
of net assets at February 28, 2011)		\$ 43,031
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

NOTE 4 MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION AGREEMENTS

The Trust has entered into an investment management agreement ("Investment Advisory Agreement") with the Investment Advisor, an Arizona limited liability company, to provide advisory and management services.

The Investment Advisory Agreement compensates the Investment Adviser with a fee, computed daily and payable monthly, at an annual rate of 0.80% of the Trust's Managed Assets. For purposes of the Investment Advisory Agreement, "Managed Assets" shall mean the Trust's average daily gross asset value, minus the sum of the Trust's accrued and unpaid dividends on any outstanding preferred shares and accrued liabilities (other than liabilities for the principal amount of any borrowings incurred, commercial paper or notes issued by the Trust and the liquidation preference of any outstanding preferred shares).

The Investment Adviser entered into a Sub-Advisory agreement with ING IM, a Connecticut corporation. Subject to such policies as the Board or the Investment Adviser may determine, ING IM manages the Trust's assets in accordance with the Trust's investment objectives, policies, and limitations.

The Trust has also entered into an administration agreement with ING Funds Services, LLC (the "Administrator") to provide administrative services and also to furnish facilities. The Administrator is compensated with a fee, computed daily and payable monthly, at an annual rate of 0.25% of the Trust's Managed Assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

NOTE 4 MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION AGREEMENTS (continued)

The Investment Adviser, ING IM and the Administrator are indirect, wholly-owned subsidiaries of ING Groep N.V. ("ING Groep"). ING Groep is a global financial institution of Dutch origin offering banking, investments, life insurance, and retirement services.

ING Groep has adopted a formal restructuring plan that was approved by the European Commission in November 2009 under which the ING life insurance businesses, including the retirement services and investment management businesses, which include the Investment Adviser and its affiliates, would be divested by ING Groep by the end of 2013. To achieve this goal, ING Groep announced in November 2010 that it plans to pursue two separate Initial Public Offerings: one a U.S. focused offering that would include U.S. based insurance, retirement services, and investment management operations: and the other a European based offering for European and Asian based insurance and investment management operations. There can be no assurance that the restructuring plan will be carried out through two offerings or at all.

The restructuring plan and the uncertainty about its implementation, whether implemented through the planned Initial Public Offerings or through other means, in whole or in part, may be disruptive to the businesses of ING entities, including the ING entities that service the Fund, and may cause, among other things, interruption or reduction of business and services, diversion of management's attention from day-to day operations, and loss of key employees or customers. A failure to complete the offerings or other means of implementation on favorable terms could have a material adverse impact on the operations of the businesses subject to the restructuring plan. The restructuring plan may result in the Investment Adviser's and/or Sub-Adviser's loss of access to services and resources of ING Groep, which could adversely affect their businesses and profitability. In addition, the divestment of ING businesses, including the Investment Adviser and Sub-Adviser, may potentially be deemed a "change of control" of each entity. A change of control would result in the termination of the Fund's advisory and sub-advisory agreements, which would trigger the necessity for new agreements that would require approval of the Board, and may trigger the need for shareholder approval. Currently, the Investment Adviser does not anticipate that the restructuring will have a material adverse impact on the Fund or its operations and administration.

NOTE 5 TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES AND RELATED PARTIES

At February 28, 2011, the Trust had the following amounts recorded in payables to affiliates on the accompanying Statement of Assets and Liabilities:

Accru	ed Investment		Accrued		
Mana	gement Fees	Admir	istrative Fees	Total	
\$	723.033	\$	225.948	\$ 948.981	

The Trust has adopted a Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Plan"), which allows eligible non-affiliated trustees as described in the Plan to defer the receipt of all or a portion of the trustees fees payable. Amounts deferred are treated as though invested in various "notional" funds advised by ING Investments until distribution in accordance with the Plan.

NOTE 6 COMMITMENTS

The Trust has entered into a \$275 million 364-day revolving credit agreement which matures August 17, 2011, collateralized by assets of the Trust. Borrowing rates under this agreement are based on a fixed spread over LIBOR, and a commitment fee is charged on the unused portion. Prepaid arrangement fees are amortized over the term of the agreement. The amount of borrowings outstanding at February 28, 2011, was \$187 million. Weighted average interest rate on outstanding borrowings was 1.68%, excluding fees related to the unused portion of the facilities, and other fees. The amount of borrowings represented 14.39% of total assets at February 28, 2011. Average borrowings for the year ended February 28, 2011 were \$122,641,096 and the average annualized interest rate was 2.33% excluding other fees related to the unused portion of the facilities, and other fees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

NOTE 6 COMMITMENTS (continued)

As of February 28, 2011, the Trust had an unfunded loan commitment pursuant to the terms of the following loan agreement:

inVentiv Health, Inc \$ 1,533,333

The unrealized appreciation on these commitments of \$73,453 as of February 28, 2011 is reported as such on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

NOTE 7 RIGHTS AND OTHER OFFERINGS

As of February 28, 2011, outstanding share offerings pursuant to shelf registrations were as follows:

Registration Date	Shares Registered	Shares Remaining
8/17/09	25,000,000	24,980,237
8/17/09	5,000,000	5,000,000

On November 2, 2000, the Trust issued 3,600 shares each of Series M, Series W and Series F Auction Rate Cumulative Preferred Shares, \$0.01 Par Value, \$25,000 liquidation preference, for a total issuance of \$270 million. Also, on November 16, 2000, the Trust issued 3,600 shares of Series T and Series Th Auction Rate Cumulative Preferred Shares, \$0.01 Par Value, \$25,000 liquidation preference, for a total issuance of \$180 million. The Trust used the net proceeds of the offering to partially pay down the then existing indebtedness and to purchase additional senior loans. Historically, Preferred Shares paid dividends based on a rate set at auctions, normally held every 7 days. In most instances dividends are also payable every 7 days, on the first business day following the end of the rate period. Preferred shares have no stated conversion, redemption or liquidation date, but may be redeemed at the election of the Trust. Such shares may only be redeemed by the Preferred Shareholders if the Trust fails to meet certain credit quality thresholds within its portfolio.

Since early February 2008, the Trust has not received sufficient hold orders or any purchase requests for its preferred shares during their weekly auctions that equaled the full amount of such shares. As a result, under the terms of the preferred shares, the amounts sold, if any, by each selling shareholder are reduced pro rata or to zero. In addition, the dividend rate on such preferred shares, which is normally set by means of a Dutch auction procedure, automatically reset to the maximum rate permitted under the preferred shares program. That maximum rate is 150% of the applicable commercial paper base rate on the day of the auction. While it is possible that the dividend rate for the preferred shares will be set by means of an auction at some future time, there is no current expectation that this will be the case.

Since June 9, 2008, the Trust has announced the approval by the Board of a number of partial redemptions of its outstanding preferred shares. Pursuant to these partial redemptions, as of February 28, 2011, the Trust redeemed \$350 million of its previously outstanding preferred shares and will have \$100 million of

preferred shares still outstanding. The preferred shares were redeemed using proceeds available through the Trust's existing bank loan facility and with cash held by the Trust. Redemption costs and the ongoing costs of obtaining leverage through a bank loan facility may reduce returns to common shares and may be higher or lower than the costs of leverage obtained through the preferred shares. The Trust will continue to monitor the situation and evaluate potential options to restore liquidity to and/or provide additional refinancing options for this market in the context of regulatory guidelines, as well as the economic and tax implications for both its common and preferred shareholders. There can be no assurance that any means for liquidity will be identified, and if they are, it is possible that the Trust's leverage or its benefits from leverage will diminish.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

NOTE 8 CUSTODIAL AGREEMENT

State Street Bank and Trust Company ("SSB") serves as the Trust's custodian and recordkeeper. Custody fees paid to SSB are reduced by earnings credits based on the cash balances held by SSB for the Trust. There were no earnings credits for the period ended February 28, 2011.

NOTE 9 SUBORDINATED LOANS AND UNSECURED LOANS

The Trust may invest in subordinated loans and in unsecured loans. The primary risk arising from investing in subordinated loans or in unsecured loans is the potential loss in the event of default by the issuer of the loans. The Trust may acquire a subordinated loan only if, at the time of acquisition, it acquires or holds a senior loan from the same borrower. The Trust will acquire unsecured loans only where the Investment Adviser believes, at the time of acquisition, that the Trust would have the right to payment upon default that is not subordinate to any other creditor. Subject to the aggregate 20% limit on other investments, the Trust may invest up to 20% of its total assets in unsecured floating rate loans, notes and other debt instruments and 5% of its total assets in floating rate subordinated loans. As of February 28, 2011, the Trust held 0.5% of its total assets in subordinated loans and unsecured loans.

NOTE 10 CAPITAL SHARES

Transactions in capital shares and dollars were as follows:

	Prime Ra	te Trust			
	Year Ended Year Ended February 28, February 28 2011 2010				
Number of Shares					
Reinvestment of distributions from					
common shares	66,580	34,032			
Proceeds from shares sold	1,677,409	19,763			
Net increase in shares outstanding	1,743,989	53,795			
Dollar Amount (\$)					
Reinvestment of distributions from					
common shares	\$ 392,395	\$ 193,985			
Proceeds from shares sold	10,002,232	112,650			
Net increase	\$ 10,394,627	\$ 306,635			

NOTE 11 FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

The amount of distributions from net investment income and net realized capital gains are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, which may differ from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for investment companies. These book/tax differences may be either temporary or permanent. Permanent differences are reclassified within the capital accounts based on their federal tax-basis treatment; temporary differences are not reclassified. Key differences include the treatment of short-term

capital gains, foreign currency transactions, and wash sale deferrals. Distributions in excess of net investment income and/or net realized capital gains for tax purposes are reported as return of capital.

The following permanent tax differences have been reclassified as of February 28, 2011:

		Accumulated
	Undistributed	Net Realized
Paid-in Capital ⁽¹⁾	Net Investment Income	Gains/(Losses)
\$ (97,064,717)	\$ (4,634,739)	\$ 101,699,456

(1) \$97,064,717 relates to the expiration of capital loss carryfowards.

Dividends paid by the Trust from net investment income and distributions of net realized short-term capital gains are, for federal income tax purposes, taxable as ordinary income to shareholders.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

NOTE 11 FEDERAL INCOME TAXES (continued)

The tax composition of dividends and distributions to shareholders was as follows:

Year Ended I	ebruary 28, 2	Year Ended February 28, 2010		
Ordinary Income	Retu	rn of Capital	Ordi	nary Income
\$ 44,149,349	\$	2,667,020	\$	46,261,846

The tax-basis components of distributable earnings and the expiration dates of the capital loss carryforwards which may be used to offset future realized capital gains for federal income tax purposes as of February 28, 2011 were:

Unrealized Appreciation	Post-October Capital Losses Deferred	Post-October Currency Losses Deferred	Capital Loss Carryforwards	Expiration Dates
\$ 5,656,602	\$ (11,408,575)	\$ (2,488,438)	\$ (57,686,392)	2012
			(22,421,058)	2013
			(560,828)	2014
			(41,585,301)	2017
			(125,812,939)	2018
			(24,760,715)	2019
			\$ (272,827,233)	

The Trust's major tax jurisdictions are federal and Arizona. The earliest tax year that remains subject to examination by these jurisdictions is 2006.

As of February 28, 2011, no provision for income tax is required in the Trust's financial statements as a result of tax positions taken on federal and state income tax returns for open tax years. The Trust's federal and state income and federal excise tax returns for tax years for which the applicable statutes of limitations have not expired are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and state department of revenue.

The Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010 (the "Act") was enacted on December 22, 2010. The Act makes changes to several tax rules impacting the Trust. In general, the provisions of the Act will be effective for the Trust's tax year ending February 29, 2012. Although the Act provides several benefits, including the unlimited carryforward of future capital losses, there may be a greater likelihood that all or a portion of the fund's pre-enactment capital loss carryforwards may expire without being utilized due to the fact that post-enactment capital losses are required to be utilized before pre-enactment capital loss carryforwards. Relevant information regarding the impact of the Act on the Trust, if any, will be contained within the "Federal Income Taxes" section of the financial statement notes for the fiscal year ending February 29, 2012.

NOTE 12 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to February 28, 2011, the Trust paid to Common Shareholders the following dividends from net investment income:

er Share Amount	Declaration Date	Record Date	Payable Date
\$ 0.024	2/28/11	3/10/11	3/22/11
\$ 0.026	3/31/11	4/11/11	4/25/11
		22	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

NOTE 12 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

Subsequent to February 28, 2011, the Trust paid to Preferred Shareholders the following dividends from net investment income:

Preferred Shares	otal Per e Amount	Auction Dates	Record Dates	Payable Dates	Average Rate
		03/07/11	03/14/11	03/15/10	
Series M	\$ 5.91	04/18/11	04/25/11	04/26/11	0.17%
		03/01/11	03/08/11	03/09/11	
Series T	\$ 6.21	04/12/11	04/19/11	04/20/11	0.18%
		03/02/11	03/09/11	03/10/11	
Series W	\$ 5.90	04/13/11	04/20/11	04/21/11	0.17%
		03/03/11	03/10/11	03/11/11	
Series Th	\$ 6.86	04/14/11	04/21/11	04/25/11	0.20%
		03/04/11	03/11/11	03/14/11	
Series F	\$ 6.63	04/15/11	04/21/11	04/25/11	0.20%

Subsequent to February 28, 2011, the next quarterly redemption itemized below occured in April 2011, subject to satisfying the notice and other requirements that apply to Auction Rate Preferred Shares ("ARPS") redemptions. Upon completion of such notice and other requirements, the Trust will issue a formal redemption notice to the paying agent and record holders. The amount and timing of redemptions of ARPS will be at the discretion of the Trust's management, subject to market conditions and investment considerations.

Preferred Shares	Total Shares Redeemed	Total Liquidation Preference	Redemption Date
Series F	200	\$ 5,000,000	04/11/11
Series M	200	\$ 5,000,000	04/12/11
Series T	200	\$ 5,000,000	04/13/11
Series W	200	\$ 5,000,000	04/14/11
Series Th	200	\$ 5,000,000	04/15/11
Totals	1,000	\$ 25,000,000	

The Trust has evaluated events occurring after the Statement of Assets and Liabilities date (subsequent events) to determine whether any subsequent events necessitated adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements. Other than the above, no such subsequent events were identified.

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011

				ngs†	<i></i>
Senior Loans*: 138.8%	Е	Borrower/Tranch	(Unau ne	dited)	Fair
Principal Amount		Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Aerospace & Defense: 2.5%		ODI			
		CPI Internationa Inc.	I, Ba2	B+	
\$ 200,000	(5)	Term Loan, maturing February 09, 2017			\$ 202,000
		Delta Airlines, Inc.	Ba2	BB-	
400.750		Term Loan, 8.750%, maturing September			407.004
493,750		27, 2013 Delta Airlines, Inc.	B2	В	497,894
9,297,184	(5)	Term Loan, 3.514%, maturing April 30, 2014			9,195,175
3,201,101	(0)	Forgings Internationa Ltd.	I, NR	NR	0,100,110
740.500		Term Loan, 4.803%, maturing December			007.404
710,526 710,526		18, 2015 Term Loan, 5.303%,			687,434 687,434

Transdigm, Inc. Ba2 BB- Term Loan, maturing February 2,100,000 (5) 14, 2017 2,118, Triumph Group, Inc. Baa3 BB+ Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing	157
Term Loan, maturing February 2,100,000 (5) 14, 2017 2,118, Triumph Group, Inc. Baa3 BB+ Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing	157
Triumph Group, Inc. Baa3 BB+ Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing	
Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing	
June 16, 796,000 2016 800,	075
United	973
Airlines , Inc. Ba3 BB-	
Term Loan, 2.313%, maturing February 3,987,670 03, 2014 3,943,	076
US Airways B3 B+	
Term Loan, 2.762%, maturing March 21, 3,000,000 2,776,0	071
Wesco Aircraft Hardware	
Corporation Ba3 BB- Term Loan, 2.520%, maturing September 1,294,914 30, 2013 1,295,	723
22,203,9 Automobile: 5.6%	939
Avis Ba2 BB Budget Car	

	_			
	Rental, LLC			
3,182,863	Term Loan, 5.750%, maturing April 19, 2014	J		3,204,449
	Dollar Thrifty Automo Group, Inc.	tive B2	B+	
3,221,430	Term Loan, 2.762%, maturing June 15 2013	J		3,202,640
-, , ,	Federal		_	2, 2 ,2 2
	Term Loan, 2.198%, maturing Decemb	J	B+	
2,355,329	28, 2015 Term Loan, 2.198%, maturing Decemb	J		2,295,158
4,616,446	29, 2014			4,498,509
	Ford Motor			
	Compa	ny Baa3	BB+	
	Term Loan, 3.020%, maturing Decemb) er		
7,878,354 (5	5) 16, 2013 Term Loan, 3.020%, maturing Decemb	J		7,881,434
13,255,058 (5		3	B+	13,273,431

5,337,738	Term Loan, 3.020%, maturing October 18, 2013		5,347,271
	Metaldyne Company,		
	LLC B1	B+	
1,496,250	Term Loan, 7.750%, maturing October 28, 2016		1,533,656
,,	Remy		, ,
	International,	5	
1,851,510	Inc. B1 Term Loan, 6.250%, maturing December 16, 2016 See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements	B+	1,870,605

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

	D (T	Bank Lo Rating (Unaudit	s†	Fair
Principal Amount	Borrower/Tranc Description	ne Moody's	S&P	Value
Automobile: (continued)				
	Tomkins,	D-0 D	ND.	
	Inc. Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing September	Ba2 B	B	
\$ 986,621	29, 2015 Term Loan, 6.250%, maturing September		\$	990,784
3,994,614	Transtar Holding Company	Ba3 B	B-	4,040,164
1,075,000				1,096,500
	UCI International Inc.	al, Ba3 B	}	
	Term Loan, 5.500%, maturing July 26,			
500,000	2017		,	503,282
Beverage, Food & Tobacco:	4.3%		4	9,737,883
5 1 3 1 7 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	ARAMARK Corporation		3B	
1,897,903	Term Loan, 2.178%,			1,869,434

	maturing January 26, 2014			
632,780	Term Loan, 2.136%, maturing January 27, 2014			633,176
3,147,614	Term Loan, 2.178%, maturing January 27, 2014			3,149,581
	Term Loan, 3.511%, maturing July 26,			
456,754	2016 Term Loan, 3.553%, maturing July 26,			459,038
6,945,247	2016 Bolthouse Farms, Inc.	B1	В	6,979,973
050.005	Term Loan, 5.501%, maturing February		_	004 070
956,205	11, 2016 Bolthouse Farms, Inc.	Caa1	CCC+	964,373
	Term Loan, 7.500%, maturing August 11,			
2,000,000	2016 Darling			2,029,584
	International	ı l, Ba2	BB+	
226,667	Term Loan, 5.141%,			229,358

				maturing December			
				16, 2016 Del Monte			
				Corporation	Ba3	B+	
	3,000	,000		Term Loan, maturing February 26, 2018			3,023,907
				Iglo Birds	ND	22	
				Term Loan, 5.612%, maturing April 30,	NR	BB-	
EUR	2,125	,000		2016			3,000,181
				Michael Foods	B1	BB-	
				Term Loan, maturing February	D1		
\$	1,200	,000		23, 2018			1,212,250
				Pinnacle Foods Holding	De0	B+	
	7,423	.092		Corporation Term Loan, 2.760%, maturing April 02, 2014	Dao	D+	7,417,992
	7,120	,002		Selecta	NR	NR	7,117,002
				Term Loan, maturing February			
SEK	4,375	,000		07, 2015			618,690
EUR	666.	,192		Term Loan, maturing June 28, 2015			845,981
		,	` '	United Biscuits Holdco,	NR	NR	
GBP	2,671	,660					4,273,298

	Term Loan, 2.869%, maturing December 15, 2014			
	Windsor Quality Foods Company	B1	BB-	
\$ 1,500,000	Term Loan, 5.750%, maturing February 15, 2017			1,511,250
	See Accompanying Notes to Financial 25	Statements		38,218,066

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

		Bank Ratii (Unaud	ngs†	Fair
	Borrower/Tranch	•		
Principal Amount	Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Buildings & Real Estate: 1.8%				
	Armstrong World Industries, Inc.	B1	BB-	
\$ 2,250,000	Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing May 23, 2017			\$ 2,281,770
	Capital Automotive, L.P.	Ba3	В	
2,768,926	Term Loan, 4.750%, maturing December 14, 2012			2,883,144
	CB Richard Ellis	Ba1	BB	
1,496,250	Term Loan, 3.514%, maturing November 06, 2016			1,500,926
1,430,230	Contech Construction Products, Inc.	າ Caa1	В	1,000,020
995,102	Term Loan, 5.250%, maturing January 31, 2013			899,323
993,102	01, 2010	B1	B+	099,323

		Custom Building Products, Inc.			
991,780		Term Loan, 5.750%, maturing March 19, 2015			1,000,458
331,733		Goodman Global, Inc.	B1	B+	1,000,100
3,192,000		Term Loan, 5.750%, maturing October 28, 2016			3,225,416
		JMC Steel Group	B3	В	
		Term Loan, 3.553%, maturing December	Б		
2,269,878		09, 2013			2,263,384
		Realogy Corporation	B1	B-	
		Term Loan, maturing October			
2,000,000	(5)	10, 2013			1,927,678 15,982,099
Cargo Transport: 1.0%					10,002,000
		Baker Tanks, Inc. Term Loan, 4.810%, maturing	B2	В	
1,365,886	(5)	May 08, 2014			1,367,024
		Ceva Group, PLC	B1	В	
2,168,551		Term Loan, 5.262%,			2,146,864

		maturing August 31, 2016			
		Ceva Group, PLC	NR	NR	
702,710	(5)	Term Loan, 5.262%, maturing August 31, 2016			699,197
		Term Loan, 5.303%, maturing August 31,			
869,298	(5)	2016 Dockwise			860,605
		Transport, N.V.	NR	NR	
		Term Loan, 2.053%, maturing January			
481,690		11, 2015			469,648
		Term Loan, 2.928%, maturing January			
481,690		11, 2016 Term Loan, 2.053%, maturing April 10,			469,648
587,791		2015 Term Loan,			573,096
493,871		2.928%, maturing April 10, 2016			481,524
		Inmar, Inc.	B1	В	
744,794		Term Loan, 2.510%, maturing April 29,			731,760

	2013 US Shipping Partners, L.P.	В3	B-	
1,041,390	Term Loan, 9.200%, maturing August 07, 2013			852,204
	See Accompanying Notes to Financial 26	Statements		8,651,570

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

			Loan ings† dited)	Fair
	Borrower/Trancl	•		
Principal Amount	Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Cellular: 0.2%	NTELOS,			
	Inc.	Ba3	BB	
\$ 1,484,990	Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing August 07, 2015	Suo		\$ 1,496,128
Chamicala Planting & Pubbary				1,496,128
Chemicals, Plastics & Rubber: 6.2%				
	AZ Chem US, Inc.	B1	B+	
593,617	Term Loan, 6.750%, maturing November 21, 2016		-	601,161
	Brenntag Holding GmbH & Co. KG	Ba2	BBB-	
695,099	Term Loan, 3.772%, maturing January 20, 2014			700,312
3,542,098	Term Loan, 3.777%, maturing January 20, 2014			3,550,954
	Celanese U.S Holdings, LLC	Ba2	BB+	
3,200,000	Term Loan, 0.260%, maturing April 02,			3,213,779

	2014			
	Chemtura			
	Corporation	Ba1	BB+	
	Term Loan,			
	5.500%,			
	maturing			
765 000	August 27, 2016			772.060
765,000	Cristal			772,969
	Inorganic			
	Chemicals,			
	Inc.	Ba3	BB-	
	Term Loan,	_ 5.5		
	2.553%,			
	maturing			
	May 15,			
2,555,340	2014			2,549,483
	Cristal			
	Inorganic			
	Chemicals,		_	
	Inc.	B3	B-	
	Term Loan,			
	6.053%,			
	maturing November			
984,566	18, 2014			981,489
984,300	Diversey,			901,409
	Inc.	Ba2	BB-	
	Term Loan,			
	5.250%,			
	maturing			
	November			
1,715,831	24, 2015			1,720,120
	General			
	Chemical			
	Corporation	В1	В	
	Term Loan,			
	6.751%,			
	maturing October			
1,122,188	06, 2015			1,140,423
1,122,100	Houghton			1,170,420
	International			
	Inc.	, В1	В	
	Term Loan,	-		
	6.750%,			
	maturing			
	January			
597,427	29, 2016			604,895
	Huntsman	Ba2	BB-	
	International	,		

		LLC			
		Term Loan,			
		2.526%,			
		maturing			
		June 30,			
	5,606,098	2016			5,627,120
		Ineos US			
		Finance,		_	
		LLC	B1	В	
		Term Loan,			
		7.001%,			
		maturing December			
	121,367	14, 2012			126,373
	121,307	Term Loan,			120,373
		7.501%,			
		maturing			
		December			
	1,845,179	16, 2013			1,907,454
	, ,	Term Loan,			, ,
		8.001%,			
		maturing			
		December			
	2,149,532	16, 2014			2,222,078
		ISP			
		Chemco	D-0	DD	
		Inc.	Ba3	BB	
		Term Loan, 1.813%,			
		maturing			
		June 04,			
	1,382,668	2014			1,376,187
	1,002,000	MacDermid,			1,070,107
		Inc.	B2	B+	
		Term Loan,			
		3.071%,			
		maturing			
		April 11,			
EUR	1,627,073	2014			2,186,896
		Term Loan,			
		2.262%,			
		maturing April 12,			
\$	2,391,577	2014			2,366,664
Ψ	2,001,077	Momentive			2,000,004
		Specialty			
		Chemicals,			
		Inc.	Ba3	B-	
	1,140,000	Term Loan,			1,105,800
		2.499%,			
		maturing			

	14 05	
	May 05,	
	2013	
	Term Loan,	
	4.063%,	
	maturing	
	May 05,	
1,164,807	2015	1,166,234
See Acco	ompanying Notes to Financial Statements	
	27	

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

			Bank Loan Ratings† (Unaudited)			
Duin sin al Assa	1	Borrower/Tranc		04.0	Malara	
Principal Amo Chemicals, Pla (continued)	unt astics & Rubber:	Description	Moody's	S&P	Value	
\$	965,000	Term Loan, 4.063%, maturing May 05, 2015			\$ 965,000	
		Term Loan, 4.063%, maturing May 05,				
	1,304,381	2015			1,306,012	
	2,926,060	Term Loan, 4.063%, maturing May 05, 2015			2,929,718	
	1,000,000	Term Loan, 4.063%, maturing May 05, 2015			998,125	
	, ,	Nalco			,	
	997,500	Company Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing October 05, 2017	Ba1	BB+	1 000 120	
	997,300	Omnova Solutions, Inc.	Ba2	B+	1,009,138	
	1,296,750	Term Loan, 5.750%,	שמב	υ⊤	1,315,391	

		maturing May 31, 2017			
		Polypore,			
		Inc.	Ba2	BB-	
3,143,061		Term Loan, 2.270%, maturing July 03, 2014			3,093,950
0,140,001		Rockwood			0,000,000
		Specialties Group, Inc.	Ba1	BBB-	
		Term	Bui	555	
		Loan, 3.750%, maturing February			
1,410,000		09, 2018			1,428,213
		Solutia,			
		Inc.	Ba1	BB+	
1,098,309		Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing March 17, 2017			1,103,458
		Styron S.A.R.L.	B1	B+	
3,400,000		Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing August 02, 2017			3,439,525
		Taminco	NR	NR	
		Term Loan, maturing August 31,			
666,667	(5)	2015			656,667
000 007	(E)	Term Loan, maturing August 31,			050 007
666,667	(5)	2016 Univar,			656,667
		Inc.	B2	В	
2,300,000	(5)				2,311,859

Term Loan, maturing July 03, 2017

55,134,114

				55,134,114
Containers, Packaging & Glass: 5.5%				
		Berry Plastics Corporation B1	В	
4,759,917		Term Loan, 2.314%, maturing April 03, 2015 Bway	J	4,642,242
		Holding Corporation Ba3	В	
2,975,799	(5)	Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing February 17, 2018		2,996,258
		Term Loan, 5.001%, maturing February		
265,390	(5)	17, 2018 Graham Packaging Company, L.P. B1	B+	267,215
		Term Loan, 6.750%, maturing April 05,	<u>-</u> '	
7,690,601		2014 Graphic Packaging International, Inc. Ba3	BB+	7,766,130
4,115,309		Term Loan, 2.303%, maturing May 16,		4,116,737

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	-					
			2014			
			KLEOPATF LUX 2 S.À. R.L	R A NR	NR	
	4,584,264	(5)	Term Loan, 2.957%, maturing January 03, 2016			4,120,107
	.,	(0)	Mivisa Envases SAU	NR	NR	.,,
EUR	1,200,000	(5)	Term Loan, maturing January 30, 2018			1,674,994
			Pro Mach, Inc.	B1	В	
\$	2,292,702		Term Loan, 2.520%, maturing December 14, 2011 Reynolds Group Holdings,			2,258,311
			Ltd.	Ba3	BB	
			Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing February	Buo		
EUR	1,000,000		26, 2018			1,383,751
		ee Accompanying N		Statements		

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

			F	nnk Loan Ratings† naudited)	Fair
			Borrower/Tranche	•	
Principal A			Description Moody	's S&P	Value
(continued)	, Packaging & Glass:)				
\$	8,300,000	(5)	Term Loan, 4.250%, maturing February 09, 2018		\$ 8,362,251
φ	0,300,000	(5)	Smurfit-Stone		Φ 0,302,231
			Container		
	3,875,525		Corporation B2 Term Loan, 6.750%, maturing July 15, 2016	BB+	3,914,280
	,		Xerium		, ,
			Technologies, Inc. Ba3	BB-	
	86,494		Term Loan, 6.500%, maturing November 25, 2014		86,764
	360,390		Term Loan, 6.500%, maturing November		361 516
	201,818		25, 2014 Term Loan, 6.500%, maturing November 25, 2014		361,516 202,449
	115,325		Term		115,685
	-,		Loan,		-,

		6.500%, maturing November 25, 2014			
850,063		Term Loan, 6.500%, maturing November 25, 2014			852,719
		Term Loan, 6.500%, maturing November			
115,782		25, 2014 Xerium Technologic Inc.	es , B3	B+	116,144
		Term Loan, 8.250%, maturing May 25,	БО	БŦ	
6,379,153	(5)	2015			6,384,467
Data and Internet Services: 9.7%					49,622,020
		Activant Solutions, Inc.	B1	B+	
		Term Loan, 4.813%, maturing February	D1	D _T	
2,264,483		02, 2016 Term Loan, 2.813%, maturing May 01,			2,284,297
12,018					12,010
12,010		Z013 Term Loan, 2.313%, maturing			12,010
366,250		Term Loan, 2.313%,			366,021

1,240,625		Term Loan, 6.250%, maturing April 19, 2016 Attachmate Corporation	B1	BB-	1,253,031
1,650,000	(5)	Term Loan, maturing February 24, 2017 Audatex			1,641,750
		North America, Inc. Term	Ba1	ВВ	
		Loan, 2.063%, maturing May 16,			
1,057,724		2014			1,053,096
		AutoTrader.		55	
		Inc. Term Loan, 4.750%, maturing December	Ba3	BB+	
2,100,000	(5)	11, 2016 Avaya, Inc.	B1	В	2,120,116
		Term Loan, maturing			
		October			
2,658,950	(5)	24, 2014 Term Loan, maturing			2,585,553
2,658,950 5,341,050	(5)	24, 2014 Term Loan,	B2	B-	2,585,553 5,246,150

	August 04, 2014		
	CCC Information Services Group, Inc.	B1 B	
750,000	Term Loan, 5.500%, maturing November 11, 2015		759,141
Í	Dealer Computer Services, Inc.	Ba3 BB	
4,807,418	Term Loan, 5.250%, maturing April 21, 2017		4,848,281
	Fifth Third Processing Solutions	Ba3 BB	
	Term Loan, 5.500%, maturing November		
1,200,000	03, 2016 See Accompanying Notes to Financial 29	Statements	1,212,300

		Bank Loan Ratings†	
	(L	Inaudited)	Fair
Principal Amount	Borrower/Tranche Description Mood	dy's S&P	Value
Data and Internet Services: (continued)	·		
	First American Payment Systems B1	B+	
\$ 2,250,000	Term Loan, 6.750%, maturing October 04, 2016 First Data		\$ 2,278,125
	Corporation B1	B+	
4,208,116	Term Loan, 3.012%, maturing September 24, 2014		3,995,320
	Term Loan, 3.012%, maturing September		
14,032,208	24, 2014 Term Loan, 3.012%, maturing September		13,320,956
3,818,611	24, 2014 Information Solutions Company Ba2	BB+	3,625,076
621,875	Term Loan, 4.750%, maturing April 12, 2016		628,482
			-

	Orbitz Worldwide, Inc.	B2	B+	
3,159,183	Term Loan, 3.286%, maturing July 25, 2014			2,959,760
	Property Data I, Inc.	Ba3	B+	
	Term Loan, 7.000%, maturing December			
2,222,222	21, 2016			2,227,778
	Sabre, Inc.	B1	В	
11,844,153	Term Loan, 2.277%, maturing September 30, 2014 SAVVIS			11,132,651
	Communica Corporation		В	
1,995,000	Term Loan, 6.750%, maturing August 04, 2016			2,017,133
1,000,000	Ship US Bidco, Inc.	Ba2	ВВ	2,017,100
	Term Loan, 6.250%, maturing October			
1,900,000	15, 2017 Sungard Data Systems, Inc.	ВаЗ	ВВ	1,919,950
1,440,000	Term Loan, 3.763%,	- 20		1,451,251

			maturing February 26, 2014			
6.5	40,390		Term Loan, 3.933%, maturing February 26, 2016			6,571,339
0,54	40,390		Term			0,571,559
2	41,726		Loan, 2.014%, maturing February 28, 2014			241,056
_	,		Trans			_ 11,000
			Union, LLC	Ва3	BB-	
0.4	00.000		Term Loan, 4.750%, maturing February			2.452.400
3,42	20,000		12, 2018 Transfirst			3,452,490
			Holdings, Inc.	B2	В	
2 5.	46,706	(5)	Term Loan, 3.060%, maturing June 15, 2014			2,502,139
2,0	40,700	(3)	Travelport,			2,002,100
			Inc.	Ba3	В	
			Term Loan,			
			4.803%, maturing August 21,			
1:	36,295		maturing August 21, 2015			132,944
			maturing August 21,			
90	65,000		maturing August 21, 2015 Term Loan, 4.963%, maturing August 21,			941,277
90			maturing August 21, 2015 Term Loan, 4.963%, maturing August 21, 2015			

	August 21, 2015			
				87,009,126
Diversified / Conglomerate Manufacturing: 2.3%				
	Brand Services, Inc.	B1	В	
2,633,981	Term Loan, 2.563%, maturing February 07, 2014			2,594,471
	See Accompanying Notes to Financial 30	Statements		

		Во	prrower/Tranch	(Unau	ngs†	Fair
Principal Amount			Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Diversified / Conglor						
Manufacturing: (con	tinuea)		Term			
\$ 1	,152,204		Loan, 3.563%, maturing February 07, 2014			\$ 1,144,522
			Clopay Ames True Temper Holding Corporation	B1	BB+	
1	,678,750		Term Loan, 7.750%, maturing September 28, 2016			1,687,144
			Edwards (Cayman Islands II), Ltd.	B2	B+	
1	,900,353		Term Loan, 2.294%, maturing May 31, 2014			1,891,643
	· ·		Edwards (Cayman Islands II), Ltd.	В3	B+	,
1	,000,000	(5)	Term Loan, maturing May 31, 2016			996,250
,	,000,000	(0)	EPD, Inc.	NR	NR	000,200

			Term Loan, 2.770%, maturing July 31,			
	1,224,756		2014 Term Loan, 2.770%, maturing July 31,			1,148,974
	175,417		2014 Ferretti, S.P.A.	NR	NR	164,563
			Term Loan, 3.694%, maturing January			
EUR	390,982	(3)	31, 2015 Term Loan, 4.127%, maturing January			372,374
EUR	387,966	(3)	31, 2016 Term			369,502
EUD	05 500	(0)	Loan, 6.627%, maturing January			04 407
EUR	65,586	(3)	31, 2017 Manitowoc Company, Inc.	Ba2	BB	61,107
			Term Loan, 5.313%, maturing November			
\$	525,777		06, 2013 Term			529,391
	265,814		Loan, 8.000%, maturing November 06, 2014			268,914
	200,017		Rexnord Corporation / RBS Global,	Ba3	BB-	200,017

			Inc.			
	044.545		Term Loan, 2.563%, maturing July 19,			040.044
	941,515		2013			942,244
	1,000,000		Term Loan, 2.813%, maturing July 19, 2013			1,000,775
	1,000,000		Sensata Technolog B.V.	jies, B1	BB+	1,000,770
			Term Loan, 2.054%, maturing April 26,	D1	DD+	
	4,995,536		2013			4,993,978
			Wire Rope Corporatio Of America,	on		
			Inc.	Ba3	BB	
	2,000,000	(5)	Term Loan, maturing February 10, 2014			1,990,000
		` ,				20,155,852
Diversifie Service:	ed / Conglomerate 4.3%					
			Affinion Group, Inc.	Ba3	BB-	
			Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing October			
	6,781,250		10, 2016			6,823,634
			AlixPartne LLP	e rs, Ba3	BB	
	2,568,000		Term Loan, 2.310%, maturing			2,548,740

	October 12, 2013			
	Brock			
	Holdings,			
	Inc.	B3	В	
	Term			
	Loan,			
	2.803%,			
	maturing February			
1,480,431	26, 2014			1,473,028
1,100,101	Catalina			1,170,020
	Marketing			
	Corporation	Ba2	BB-	
	Term			
	Loan,			
	3.012%,			
	maturing October			
4,196,269	01, 2014			4,185,778
4,130,203	Coach			4,100,770
	America			
	Holdings,			
	Inc.	Caa1	В	
	Term			
	Loan,			
	3.060%,			
	maturing April 18,			
835,791	2014			763,704
000,701	Term			7 30,7 0 1
	Loan,			
	3.040%,			
	maturing			
470.070	April 20,			100 010
179,279	2014 See Accompanying Notes to Financial S	Statemente		163,816
	See Accompanying Notes to Financial S	otatements		

		Bank Loan Ratings† (Unaudited) Fa Borrower/Tranche	air
Principal Ar		Description Moody's S&P Va	lue
Diversified /	Conglomerate Service: (con		
		Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. Ba1 BBB-	
\$	3,291,750	Term Loan, 5.250%, maturing July 18,	29,098
¥	3,201,700	ISS Holding A/S NR NR	_0,000
EUR	2 022 021	Term Loan, 3.026%, maturing December	SA 661
	3,032,921	Term Loan, 3.026%, maturing December	64,661
EUR	240,402	31, 2013 33 Term Loan, 3.026%, maturing December	30,108
EUR	42,895		58,901
EUR	32,118	31, 2013	44,102
EUR	227,055	3	11,781

		Term Loan, 3.026%, maturing December 31, 2013 Term		
EUR	424,609	Loan, 3.026%, maturing December 31, 2013 ServiceMaster		583,053
		Company B1	B+	
\$	451,383	Term Loan, 2.760%, maturing July 24, 2014	J	445,988
	4,532,638	Term Loan, 2.775%, maturing July 24, 2014		4,478,460
		Valleycrest Companies, LLC B2	В	
	1,660,800	Term Loan, 6.500%, maturing October 05, 2015		1,646,268
		Vertafore,		
		Inc. B1	B+	
		Term Loan, 5.250%, maturing July 29,		
	800,000	2016		808,000
		West Corporation Ba3	BB-	
		Term Loan, 2.737%, maturing October		
	940,091	24, 2013		939,503

2,607,827	Term Loan, 4.590%, maturing July 15, 2016		2,631,569
2,001,021	Term		2,001,000
2 202 592	Loan, 4.612%, maturing July 15, 2016		2 224 600
2,303,582	2016		2,324,699
Diversified Nat'l Rsrcs, Precious Metals & Minerals: 0.9%			38,054,891
	Georgia Pacific, LLC Ba1	BBB+	
	Term Loan, 2.302%, maturing December		
4,335,969	21, 2012		4,344,827
3,798,076	Term Loan, 3.552%, maturing December 23, 2014		3,814,165
3,7 33,37 3			8,158,992
Ecological: 0.1%			0,100,00=
	Synagro Technologies,		
	Inc. B3 Term Loan, 2.270%, maturing April 02,	CCC+	
868,500	2014		813,133
	Synagro Technologies,	000	·
	Inc. Caa3 Term	CCC-	
	Loan, 5.020%, maturing October		
485,000	02, 2014		446,200
			1,259,333

Electronics: 2.8%

Electronics: 2.0%				
	Aeroflex,			
	Inc.	Ba3	BB	
	Term			
	Loan,			
	4.313%,			
	maturing			
	August 15,			
2,945,529	2014			2,955,656
See Accompanyir	g Notes to Financial	Statements		
	32			

		Borrower/Tranc	Rati (Unau	Loan ings† idited)	Fair
Principal Amour	nt	Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Electronics: (col	ntinued)	<u>_</u>			
		Brocade Communica Systems, Inc.	ations Ba2	BBB-	
		Term Loan, 7.000%, maturing October			
\$	586,256	07, 2013			\$ 590,506
		FCI Internationa S.A.S.	al B2	NR	
	044.000	Term Loan, 2.802%, maturing September			000 440
	311,229	30, 2012 Term Loan, 2.802%, maturing September			303,448
	284,586	30, 2012			277,471
		Freescale Semicondu	ctor		
		Inc.	B1	B-	
		Term Loan, 4.510%, maturing December	<u>-</u> .		
	9,291,444	01, 2016 Infor Enterprise Solutions Holdings, Inc.	B1	B+	9,297,215

	482,500	Term Loan, 5.020%, maturing July 28, 2015	467,422
	,	Term Loan, 5.821%, maturing July 28,	
EUR	720,000	2015 Term Loan, 6.020%, maturing	978,909
\$	174,334	July 28, 2015	172,482
	350,060	Term Loan, 6.020%, maturing July 28, 2015	346,231
	000,000	Infor Enterprise Solutions Holdings, Inc. Caa2 CCC+	040,201
EUR	500,000	Term Loan, 7.112%, maturing March 02, 2014	593,529
		Intersil Corporation Ba2 BB+	
		Term Loan, 4.750%, maturing April 27,	
\$	497,500	2016 Kronos ,	501,107
		Inc. Ba3 B+ Term Loan, 2.053%, maturing June 11,	
	3,089,434	2014	3,088,763

			Kronos, Inc.	Caa1	CCC+	
	1,766,154	(5)	Term Loan, maturing June 11, 2015			1,753,438
	1,700,104	(5)	Microsemi Corporation	Ba1	BB+	1,700,400
			Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing November			
	1,800,000		02, 2017 Rovi			1,809,000
			Corporation Term Loan, 4.000%, maturing February	Ba1	BB+	
	625,000		07, 2018 Spansion ,			632,422
			LLC	NR	BB-	
	1,046,323		Term Loan, 6.500%, maturing January 08, 2015			1,057,222
5 ' 0.00/	1,010,020		00, 2010			24,824,821
Finance: 3.0%			BNY ConvergEx Group,			
			LLC Term	B1	B+	
			Loan, 5.250%, maturing December			
	864,005		16, 2016 Term			880,205
	2,059,095		Loan, 5.250%, maturing December 19, 2016			2,097,703
			Interactive Data	Ba3	B+	

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	Corporation		
	Term		
	Loan,		
	4.750%,		
	maturing		
	February		
4,975,000	12, 2018		5,028,302
,	LPL		, ,
	Holdings,		
		a3 BB-	
	Term		
	Loan,		
	4.250%,		
	maturing		
	June 25,		
5,325,991	2015		5,355,951
	Term		
	Loan,		
	2.040%,		
	maturing		
	June 28,		
1,692,018	2013		1,698,363
	Term		
	Loan,		
	5.250%,		
	maturing		
	June 28,		
1,927,739	2017		1,953,041
· •	See Accompanying Notes to Financial State	ements	
	33		

			Rati	Loan ings† idited)	Fair
		Borrower/Trance		,	
Principal Amou		Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Finance: (conti	nued)	MOOL	D 0	DD	
		MSCI, Inc. Term	Ba2	BB+	
\$	4,754,200	Loan, 4.750%, maturing June 01, 2016			\$ 4,791,345
*	.,,	Nuveen			4 1,1 0 1,0 10
		Investments	5,		
		Inc.	B3	В	
		Term Loan, 3.303%, maturing November			
	2,256,705	13, 2014			2,198,407
	2,636,835	Term Loan, 5.804%, maturing May 12, 2017			2,636,287
	_,000,000				26,639,604
Gaming: 4.5%					, ,
		Cannery Casino Resorts, LLC	В3	В	
	1,520,283	Term Loan, 4.513%, maturing May 17, 2013			1,512,682
	1,266,624	Term Loan, 4.513%, maturing May 20,			1,260,291

			0010			
			2013	l		
			Fontaineb Las	ieau		
		(2)	Vegas, LLC	NR	NR	
		(2)	Term	INU	IND	
			Loan,			
			6.000%,			
			maturing			
			June 06,			
	535,170	(3)	2014			131,117
	000,170	(0)	Term			101,117
			Loan,			
			6.000%,			
			maturing			
			June 06,			
	1,070,339	(3)	2014			262,233
		` '	Gala			
			Group	NR	NR	
			Term			
			Loan,			
			maturing			
			October			
GBP	1,495,189	(5)	25, 2013			2,288,364
			Term			
			Loan,			
			maturing			
GBP	1,504,811	(5)	October 27, 2014			2,303,090
GBF	1,504,611	(5)	Global			2,303,090
			Cash			
			Access,			
			Inc.	B1	BB-	
			Term			
			Loan,			
			maturing			
			February			
\$	900,000	(5)	17, 2016			910,125
			Golden			
			Nugget,			
			Inc.	Caa3	CC	
			Term			
			Loan,			
			3.270%,			
			maturing			
	1,220,871		June 30, 2014			1,064,701
	2,143,063		Term			1,868,929
	۷,۱۳۵,000		Loan,			1,000,323
			3.270%,			
			maturing			
			atainig			

June 30, 2014 Green Valley Ranch Gaming, С NR (2)LLC Term Loan, 3.507%, maturing August 16, 750,000 (3) 2014 17,822 Harrahs Operating Company, В Inc. **B**3 Term Loan, 3.303%, maturing January 3,156,834 28, 2015 2,939,793 Term Loan, 3.303%, maturing January 28, 2015 2,415,817 2,249,723 Term Loan, 3.303%, maturing January 7,249,697 28, 2015 6,737,041 Term Loan, 9.500%, maturing October 1,540,000 31, 2016 1,637,533 Isle Of Capri Casinos, Inc. B2 B+ Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing November

25, 2013

1,186,457

1,187,728

2,966,142	Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing November 25, 2013			2,969,319
838,117	Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing November 25, 2013			839,014
000,117	Las Vegas Sands, LLC	Ba3	BB-	000,014
1,099,157	Term Loan, 3.040%, maturing November 23, 2016			1,096,683
4,478,638	Term Loan, 3.040%, maturing November 23, 2016			4,467,441
., ., .,	Seminole Tribe Of Florida	Ba1	BBB-	.,
	Term Loan, 1.813%, maturing March 05,			
16,271	2014 See Accompanying Notes to Financial 34	Statements		16,230

				Bank Rati (Unau	ngs†		Fair
			Borrower/Tranc	•	anou,		
Princ	cipal Amount		Description	Moody's	S&P		Value
Gam	ing: (continue	ed)					
			VML US Finance, LLC	Ba3	BB-		
	\$	000 000	Term Loan, 4.790%, maturing May 25, 2012			\$	000 007
	Ф	863,233	Term Loan, 4.790%, maturing May 27,			Φ	866,287
		2,117,891	2013				2,123,186
		1,587,986	Term Loan, 4.790%, maturing May 27, 2013				1,593,606
	thcare, Educadore: 17.4%	ation and				4	0,342,938
			Bausch & Lomb, Inc.	B1	BB-		
		381,410	Term Loan, 3.512%, maturing April 24, 2015				382,690
		1,570,850	Term Loan, 3.543%, maturing April 24, 2015				1,576,122
		.,570,000	_010				.,5.5,122

	Biomet, Inc.	B1 BI	3-
5,903,398	Term Loan, 3.293%, maturing March 25, 2015 Bright Horizons Family Solutions,		5,911,681
	Inc.	Ba2 BI	3-
458,824	Term Loan, 7.500%, maturing May 28, 2015		462,511
	Catalent		
	Pharma		
	Solutions, Inc.	Ba3 BI	-
6,347,556	Term Loan, 2.512%, maturing April 10, 2014		6,284,080
0,017,000	CHG		0,201,000
	Medical Staffing,		
	Inc. Term Loan, 7.250%, maturing October	Ba3 B-	
1,975,000	05, 2016		2,009,563
	CHS/Comn Health Systems,	nunity	
	Inc.	Ba3 BI	3
12,706,050	Term Loan, 3.810%, maturing January 25, 2017		12,765,565
25,274,178	Term		25,116,215
	Loan,		,

	2.560%, maturing			
	July 25, 2014			
	Term Loan,			
	2.560%, maturing			
1,300,424	July 25, 2014			1,292,297
1,000,121	ConvaTec	Ba3	B+	1,202,207
	Term Loan, 5.750%,			
	maturing December			
1,045,000	22, 2016			1,052,393
	Davita, Inc.	Ba2	BB	
	Term Loan,			
	4.500%,			
	maturing October			
1,250,000	20, 2016			1,262,268
	Emdeon Business			
	Services, LLC	Ba3	BB	
	Term	Dao	DD	
	Loan, 2.270%,			
	maturing			
2,247,682	November 18, 2013			2,236,444
	Term			,
	Loan, 4.500%,			
	maturing November			
537,115	18, 2013			541,479
	EMSC, L.P.	Baa3	BB+	
	Term			
	Loan, 3.263%,			
	maturing April 08,			
1,962,500	2015			1,964,341
	Gambro Holding	NR	NR	

			AB			
			Term Loan, 2.563%, maturing June 05,			
	1,670,984		2014 Term Loan, 4.348%, maturing			1,629,209
SEK	2,111,070		June 05, 2014			325,221
			Term Loan, 4.348%, maturing June 05,			
SEK	2,146,343		Term Loan, 3.313%, maturing June 05,			330,655
\$	1,670,984		2015 Term Loan, 5.098%, maturing June 05,			1,629,209
SEK	2,146,343		2015 Term Loan, 5.098%, maturing June 05,			330,655
SEK	2,111,070		2015 Grifols, S.A.	Ba3	ВВ	325,221
\$	2,850,000	(5)	Term Loan, maturing November 23, 2016	Баз	DD	2,889,769
			Harlan Sprague Dawley, Inc.	В3	В	
	2,426,250		Term Loan, 3.790%,			2,270,565

maturing July 11, 2014

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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			Bank Rati (Unau	ngs†	Fair
		Borrower/Tranch	-	,	
Principal Amount	t	Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Healthcare, Educ (continued)	ation and Childcare:				
		HCA, Inc.	Ba3	BB	
\$	5,009,376	Term Loan, 2.553%, maturing November			\$ 5,001,376
Ф		18, 2013 Term Loan, 3.553%, maturing March 31,			
	12,013,480	2017			12,076,286
		Health Management Associates, Inc.	B1	BB-	
	3,569,996	Term Loan, 2.053%, maturing February 28, 2014	J.		3,552,642
		HGI Holding, Inc.	B1	B+	
	2,101,518	Term Loan, 6.750%, maturing September 29, 2016			2,123,409
	, , , , ,	lasis Healthcare, LLC	Ba2	B+	, , ,
	1,241,094	Term Loan, 2.262%, maturing March 14, 2014			1,238,767
	3,585,701	Term Loan, 2.262%,			3,578,978

		maturing March 14,			
		2014 Term Loan, 2.266%,			
		maturing March 14,			
	339,445	2014			338,808
		IM US			
		Holdings, LLC	Ba2	BB	
		Term Loan,	Daz	DD	
		2.262%, maturing			
		June 26,			
	4,357,614	2014			4,339,229
		IM US			
		Holdings,	5 .	_	
		LLC Torm Loon	B1	B-	
		Term Loan, 4.512%,			
		maturing			
		June 26,			
	1,000,000	2015			996,250
		IMS Health, Inc.	Ba3	BB	
		Term Loan,	Вио		
		5.500%,			
		maturing			
EUD	000.010	January 31,			1 000 170
EUR	989,818	2016 Term Loan,			1,380,479
		5.250%,			
		maturing			
		February 26,			
\$	1,980,480	2016			2,003,172
		inVentiv Health, Inc.	Ba3	BB-	
		Term Loan,	Dao	-טט	
		4.750%,			
		maturing			
	0.400.000	August 14,			0.440.000
	2,129,300	2016			2,142,608
		Term Loan, 4.750%,			
		maturing			
	700.007	August 04,			774 450
	766,667	2016			771,458
		Medassets, Inc.	Ba3	BB-	
	1,750,000		_ 0.3		1,766,770

		Term Loan, 5.250%, maturing November 16, 2016 Molnlycke Health Care	ND	ND	
		Group Term Loan, 2.862%, maturing	NR	NR	
EUR	200,000	March 30, 2015			274,996
		Term Loan, 3.112%, maturing March 30,			
EUR	146,261	2016			201,107
GBP	250,000	Term Loan, 2.603%, maturing March 31, 2015			399,328
		Term Loan, 2.853%, maturing March 31,			
GBP	169,203	2016			270,271
		Nyco Holdings 3			
		ApS	NR	NR	
		Term Loan, 4.872%, maturing December			
EUR	504,944	29, 2014			690,564
		Term Loan, 4.872%, maturing December			
EUR	366,234 See Accon	29, 2014 npanying Notes to Financial Sta	atements		500,865

		Bank L Ratin (Unaud	gs†	Fair
		Borrower/Tranche `	,	
Principal Amo		Description Moody's	S&P	Value
Healthcare, Ed	lucation and Childcare: (•		
		Term Loan, 4.872%, maturing		
EUR	51,795	December 29, 2014		\$ 70,835
	·	Term Loan, 4.872%, maturing December		. ,
EUR	81,310	29, 2014		111,200
		Term Loan, 4.872%, maturing December		
EUR	1,317,855	29, 2014		1,802,308
EUR	366,144	Term Loan, 5.372%, maturing December 29, 2015		500,742
EUR	504,819	Term Loan, 5.372%, maturing December 29, 2015 Term Loan,		690,394
EUR	1,317,531	5.372%, maturing December 29, 2015		1,801,865
EUD	04.000	Term Loan, 5.372%, maturing December		444 470
EUR	81,290	29, 2015		111,173
EUR	51,782	Term Loan, 5.372%, maturing December		70,818

			29, 2015			
			Onex Carestream Finance,			
			L.P.	B1	BB-	
\$	4,700,000	(5)	Term Loan, maturing February 25, 2017			4,676,918
Ψ	4,700,000	(3)	Quintiles			4,070,010
			Transnational Corporation		BB	
			Term Loan, 2.310%, maturing March 29,			
	2,877,894		2013			2,874,297
			Rural/Metro Operating Company,	D.	_	
			LLC Town Loon	B1	B+	
			Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing November			
	1,000,000		24, 2016			1,014,167
			Skilled Healthcare Group,	D4	D.	
			Inc. Term Loan,	B1	B+	
	1 0 4 0 0 0 5		5.250%, maturing April 08,			1 0 40 000
	1,240,625		2016 Sterigenics			1,242,693
			International	l .		
			Inc.	., B3	B+	
			Term Loan, 2.560%, maturing November			
	1,573,466		21, 2013			1,541,996
			Sun Healthcare Group, Inc.	Ba2	B+	
	1,483,333		Term Loan, 7.500%, maturing October	Jul		1,497,240

	15, 2016			
	Sunquest Information Systems, Inc.	Ba3	B+	
	Term Loan, 6.250%, maturing December	Dao	UT	
2,666,666	16, 2016			2,681,666
	Surgical Care Affiliates, LLC	Ba3	В	
2,895,000	Term Loan, 2.303%, maturing December 29, 2014			2,847,956
2,093,000	Team			2,047,930
	Health, Inc.	Ba3	BB	
	Term Loan,	Das	DD	
	2.273%, maturing November			
985,073	23, 2012			985,073
	United Surgical Partners International Inc.	l, Ba3	В	
	Term Loan, 2.289%, maturing April 19,	- 117		
1,614,516	Term Loan, 2.270%, maturing April 21,			1,599,380
305,065	2014			302,205
	Universal Health Services, Inc.	Ba2	BB+	
3,125,000	Term Loan, 5.500%, maturing November 15, 2016			3,161,447

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements 37

			Bank L Ratin	gs†		
		Borrower/Tranche	(Unaud	ited)		Fair
Principal Amo	ount		= Moody's	S&P		Value
	ducation and Childcare: (c		woody o	- Cui		Varao
	,	Vanguard Health Holdings Company	Ba2	BB-		
\$	2,233,167	Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing January 29, 2016			\$	2,254,941
Ψ	2,200,107	VWR			Ψ	2,201,011
		International				
		Inc.	B1	B+		
EUD.	0.450.000	Term Loan, 3.362%, maturing June 29,				0.000.005
EUR	2,450,636	2014 Term Loan, 2.762%, maturing June 30,				3,326,235
\$	1,470,382	2014 Warner Chilcott Company,				1,466,706
			Ba3	BB		
	1,052,016	Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing October 30, 2014				1,055,523
	389,032	Term Loan, 6.500%,				392,860

Maturing February 22, 2016 February 22, 2016 February 22, 2016 February 22, 2016 Ferm Loan, 6,250%, maturing April 30, 2015 874,353 Ferm Loan, 6,250%, maturing April 30, 2015 525,080 February 2015 525,080 February 2015 525,080 February 2015 February						
Term Loan, 6.250%, maturing April 30, 2015 866,915 2015 874,353 Term Loan, 6.250%, maturing April 30, 250,613 2015 520,613 2015 525,080 155,715,587 Home & Office Furnishings: 0.9% Global Garden Products Italy, S.P.A. NR NR Term Loan, 3.384%, maturing August 31, 2016 905,596 Term Loan, 3.384%, maturing August 31, 2017 Hilding August 31, 2017 Hilding August 31, 2017 Hilding August 31, 2017 Hilding August 31, 2017 SEK 25,187,946 2015 SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 5.200%, maturing August 31, 2017 Hilding August 31, 2017 SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 5.200%, maturing August 31, 2017 Hilding August 31, 2017 SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, 2015 360,379 National			February			
6,250%, maturing April 30, 2015 874,353 Term Loan, 6,250%, maturing April 30, 2015 525,080 ### Body april 30, 2015 525,080 #### Body april 30, 2015 825,080 #### Body april 31, 2016 905,596 ##### Body april 31, 2016 905,596 ###################################						
Maturing April 30, 2015 874,353						
Second			maturing			
Loan, 6.250%, maturing April 30, 2015 525,080 Factor		866,915	2015			874,353
Maturing April 30, 2015 525,080 155,715,587 155,715,587 155,715,587 155,715,587 155,715,587 155,715,587 160,000			Loan,			
## S25,080			maturing			
Blobal Garden Products Italy S.P.A. NR NR		520,613				
Global Garden Products Hally, S.P.A. NR NR NR NR NR NR NR N	Home & (Office Furnishings: 0.9%				155,715,587
Products Italy, S.P.A. NR NR NR Term Loan, 3.384%, maturing August 31, 2016 905,596 Part S.B. S.		<u> </u>				
S.P.A. NR Term Loan, 3.384%, maturing August 31, EUR 745,552 2016 905,596 Term Loan, 3.384%, maturing August 31, EUR 745,552 2017 905,596 Hilding Anders NR Term Loan, 5.200%, maturing March 31, SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National			Products			
Loan, 3.384%, maturing August 31, 2016 905,596 Term Loan, 3.384%, maturing August 31, EUR 745,552 2017 905,596 Hilding Anders NR NR Term Loan, 5.200%, maturing March 31, SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National			S.P.A.	NR	NR	
EUR 745,552 2016 905,596 Term Loan, 3.384%, maturing August 31, EUR 745,552 2017 905,596 Hilding Anders NR NR Term Loan, 5.200%, maturing March 31, SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National			Loan,			
EUR 745,552 2016 905,596 Term Loan, 3.384%, maturing August 31, EUR 745,552 2017 905,596 Hilding Anders NR NR Term Loan, 5.200%, maturing March 31, SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National			maturing			
Loan, 3.384%, maturing August 31, 2017 905,596 Hilding Anders NR NR Term Loan, 5.200%, maturing March 31, SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National	EUR	745,552	2016			905,596
EUR 745,552 2017 905,596 Hilding Anders NR NR Term Loan, 5.200%, maturing March 31, SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National						
EUR 745,552 2017 905,596 Hilding Anders NR NR Term Loan, 5.200%, maturing March 31, SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National						
Hilding Anders NR NR Term Loan, 5.200%, maturing March 31, SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National	EUR	745,552	•			905,596
Term Loan, 5.200%, maturing March 31, SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National			Hilding	NR	NR	
5.200%, maturing March 31, SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National			Term			
March 31, SEK 25,187,946 2015 3,198,788 Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National			5.200%,			
Term Loan, 4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National	CEV	05 107 046	March 31,			2 100 700
4.263%, maturing April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National	SER	25,167,946	Term			3,190,760
April 25, EUR 322,330 2015 360,379 National			4.263%,			
National			April 25,			
Distriction of the state of the	EUR	322,330	National			360,379
Bedding Company B1 BB-			Bedding Company	B1	BB-	

	· ·	· ·				
			Term			
			Loan,			
			3.813%, maturing			
			February			
\$	934,252		28, 2013			934,252
			Springs			
			Window			
			Fashions, LLC	B2	B+	
			Term	<u> </u>		
			Loan,			
			3.063%,			
			maturing December			
	2,027,488		31, 2012			2,028,705
	, , , , , , ,		- , -			8,333,316
Insurance: 2.3%						
			AmWINS Group,			
			Inc.	B2	B-	
			Term		_	
			Loan,			
			2.816%,			
			maturing June 08,			
	1,898,650		2013			1,895,090
			Applied			
			Systems,	D - 0	Б	
			Inc. Term	Ba3	B+	
			Loan,			
			5.500%,			
			maturing			
	1,955,000		December 08, 2016			1,968,847
	1,933,000		Applied			1,900,047
			Systems,			
			Inc.	Caa1	CCC+	
			Term Loan,			
			9.250%,			
			maturing			
			June 07,			
	400,000		2017			403,000
			C.G. JCF Corporation	1 B2	В	
	2,622,553		Term		_	2,599,606
			Loan,			
			3.270%,			
			maturing			

	See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statement 38	S	
987,500	Term Loan, 6.750%, maturing June 13, 2014		996,758
1,975,737	Term Loan, 2.803%, maturing June 13, 2014		1,975,984
444,113	Term Loan, 2.803%, maturing June 13, 2014		444,168
	Hub International, Ltd. B2	В	, ,
2,486,845	Term Loan, 2.512%, maturing April 03, 2014		2,163,555
	HMSC Corporation B3	B-	
	August 01, 2014		

				Bank Rati (Unau	ngs†	Fair
		Во	orrower/Trancl	•	<i></i>	. 4
Principal Amou			Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Insurance: (co	ntinued)					
			Sedgwick Holdings, Inc.	B2	B+	
Φ.	0.040.500	(5)	Term Loan, maturing December			* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
\$	3,610,500	(5)	30, 2016 Term Loan, 5.500%, maturing May 27,			\$ 3,644,349
	1,389,500		2016			1,397,299
			USI Holdings Corporation	ı B2	B-	
	592,500		Term Loan, 7.000%, maturing April 15, 2014			592,500
	·		Term Loan, 2.760%, maturing May 05,			·
	2,225,608		2014			2,214,480
						20,295,636
Leisure, Amus Entertainment:						
			24 Hour Fitness Worldwide, Inc.	Ва3	B+	
	2,738,750	(5)	Term Loan, 6.750%,		_ ·	2,680,552

	maturing April 22, 2016			
	Alpha D2, Ltd.	NR	NR	
1,221,225	Term Loan, 2.707%, maturing December 31, 2013			1,206,112
824,903	Term Loan, 2.707%, maturing December			814,694
824,903	31, 2013 AMF			814,694
	Bowling			
	Worldwide,			
	Inc.	B2	В	
4 000 070	Term Loan, 2.763%, maturing June 08,			4 074 470
1,820,079	2013 Cedar			1,674,473
	Fair, L.P.	Ba2	BB-	
3,077,294	Term Loan, 4.000%, maturing December 15, 2016			3,110,815
C,C1.,IC.	HIT			3, 110, 210
	Entertainme			
	Term Loan, 5.561%, maturing June 01,	B2	CCC+	
3,370,589	2012			3,311,604
	Live Nation Entertainme Inc.	ent, Ba2	BB-	
992,500	Term Loan, 4.500%,			999,522

			maturing November			
			07, 2016 NEP II,			
			Inc. Term	B1	B+	
			Loan, 2.544%,			
			maturing			
	4,205,581		February 16, 2014			4,174,039
	,,_00,,00 .		Regal			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
			Cinemas Corporation	Ba2	BB-	
			Term Loan,			
			maturing			
	2,600,000	(5)	August 23, 2017			2,616,791
Ladain au 0.50/	_,000,000	(0)				20,588,602
Lodging: 0.5%			Audio			
			Visual Services			
			Corporation	NR	NR	
			Term Loan,			
			2.560%,			
			maturing February			
	967,500		28, 2014 Scandic			822,375
			Hotels AB	NR	NR	
			Term Loan,			
			maturing			
EUR	1,250,000	(5)	July 09, 2015			1,625,088
			Term Loan,			
			maturing			
EUR	1,250,000	(5)	July 09, 2016			1,625,088
		` '				4,072,551
Machinery: 1.0%			Alliance			
			Laundry Systems,	D1	D.	
\$	489,474		LLC Term	B1	B+	494,063
			Loan,			

	6.250%, maturing September 30, 2016		
	Bucyrus International, Inc. Ba2	BB+	
2,977,879	Term Loan, 4.250%, maturing February 19, 2016		2,997,234
	See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statement 39	s	

		Borrower/Tranci	(Unau	ngs†	Fair
Principal Amou	unt	Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Machinery: (co	ntinued)				
		Kion Group GmbH	NR	NR	
		Term Loan, 4.010%, maturing December			
\$	509,578	23, 2014 Term Loan, 4.622%, maturing December			\$ 492,061
EUR	1,262,640	23, 2014			1,712,323
\$	509,578	Term Loan, 4.260%, maturing December 23, 2015			492,061
		Term Loan, 4.872%, maturing December			
EUR	1,167,782	23, 2015 NACCO Materials Handling Group,			1,583,682
		Inc. Term Loan, 2.073%, maturing March 22,	NR	NR	
\$	987,080	2013			974,742 8,746,166

Mining, Steel, Iron & Nonprecious

Metals: 1.2%

Metals: 1.2%						
			Fairmount			
			Minerals,			
			Ltd.	B1	BB	
			Term			
			Loan,			
			6.253%,			
			maturing			
			August 05,			
	1,996,811		2016			2,022,604
			Noranda			
			Aluminum			
			Acquisition		_	
			Corporation	Ba3	B+	
			Term			
			Loan,			
			2.012%,			
			maturing			
			May 18,			
	630,724		2014			629,673
			Novelis,			
			Inc.	Ba2	BB-	
			Term			
			Loan,			
			5.250%,			
			maturing			
	E 47E 000		December			5.040.054
	5,175,000		19, 2016			5,249,851
			Oxbow			
			Carbon,	Dan	DD	
			LLC	Ba3	BB	
			Term			
			Loan,			
			3.948%,			
			maturing			
	3,159,494		May 08, 2016			3,195,038
	3,139,494		2010			11,097,166
Non-North Ame	erican Cable: 3.4%					11,037,100
Non-North Am	ericari Gabie: 5.4/6		Casema			
			Bidco /			
			Serpering			
			Investments	2		
			B.V.	NR	NR	
			Term	7 41 1	1411	
			Loan,			
			maturing			
			March 14,			
EUR	2,000,000	(5)	2016			2,783,605
EUR	24,286	(0)	=0.0			33,750
	,					30,, 30

		Term		
		Loan,		
		4.362%,		
		maturing September		
		14, 2015		
		Term		
		Loan,		
		3.612%,		
		maturing September		
EUR	224,968	15, 2014		312,638
		Term		
		Loan,		
		3.612%, maturing		
		September		
EUR	494,984	15, 2014		687,880
		Term		
		Loan,		
		3.612%, maturing		
		September		
EUR	285,113	15, 2014		396,222
		Kabel	ND	
		Deutschland NR Term	NR	
		Loan,		
		4.862%,		
		maturing		
EUR	2,570,000	December 13, 2016		3,579,891
LOIT	2,370,000	Numericable		3,379,091
		/ YPSO		
		France		
		S.A.S. NR	NR	
		Term Loan,		
		5.122%,		
		maturing		
5115		December		001.000
EUR	234,831	31, 2015 Term		291,839
		Loan,		
		5.122%,		
		maturing		
EUR	441,061	December 31, 2015		548,134
EUR	66,312	Term		82,816
	,-· -	Loan,		,•••
		4.622%,		

		maturing June 16, 2014	
EUR	108,194	Term Loan, 4.622%, maturing June 16, 2014	135,122
EUR	171,831	Term Loan, 4.622%, maturing June 16, 2014	214,597

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements $40\,$

			Borrower/Trancl	(Unau	ngs†		Fair
Pi	rincipal Amo	ount	Description	Moody's	S&P		Value
No		nerican Cable:	Becomplien	wicody c	Cui		raido
			UPC Broadband Holding, B.V.	Ba3	B+		
	\$	644,864	Term Loan, 3.760%, maturing December 29, 2017			\$	646,745
	Φ	256,219	Term Loan, 3.760%, maturing December 30, 2016			Ψ	257,179
			Term Loan, 4.629%, maturing December				
	EUR	5,268,168	31, 2016 Term Loan, 4.879%, maturing December				7,255,424
	EUR	3,648,797	31, 2017 Virgin Media Investment Holdings, Ltd.	Baa3	BBB-		5,031,540
	GBP	5,000,000	Term Loan, 4.528%, maturing December				8,173,398

31, 2015

		31, 2013			00 400 700
Nauth Amaria	on Coblet 11 20/				30,430,780
North Americ	an Cable: 11.3%	Atlantia			
		Atlantic Broadband	Ba3	B+	
\$	2,171,739	Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing November 27, 2015			2,177,394
		Block			
		Communica	ations,		
		Inc.	Ba1	BB	
	950,000	Term Loan, 2.303%, maturing December 22, 2011			928,625
		Bresnan			
		Communica			
		LLC	Ba3	BB+	
	2,200,000	Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing December 14, 2017 Cequel Communica	ations,		2,220,473
		LLC	Ba2	BB-	
	27,876,013	Term Loan, 2.263%, maturing November 05, 2013			27,889,004
		Charter			
		Communica	ations		
		Operating,	_		
		LLC Term Loan, 2.270%, maturing March 06,	Ba1	BB+	
	690,409	2014			689,674
	14,818,592	Term Loan, 3.560%,			14,898,479

		maturing			
		September			
		06, 2016 CSC			
		Holdings,			
		Inc.	Baa3	BBB-	
		Term Loan,			
		2.012%,			
		maturing			
10 627 726		March 29, 2016			19,740,870
19,627,736		Insight			19,740,670
		Midwest			
		Holdings, LLC	Ba3	B+	
		Term	Бао	Бт	
		Loan,			
		2.024%, maturing			
		April 07,			
8,276,372		2014 Knology			8,265,977
		Knology, Inc.	B1	B+	
		Term			
		Loon			
		Loan,			
		maturing February			
1,600,000	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017			1,610,000
1,600,000	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom			1,610,000
1,600,000	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017	, Ba3	BB-	1,610,000
1,600,000	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term		BB-	1,610,000
1,600,000	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan,		BB-	1,610,000
1,600,000	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing		BB-	1,610,000
	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing January		BB-	
1,600,000 8,065,935	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing January 31, 2015		BB-	1,610,000 7,965,111
	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing January 31, 2015 Mediacom LLC	ВаЗ		
	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing January 31, 2015 Mediacom LLC Group		BB-	
	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing January 31, 2015 Mediacom LLC	ВаЗ		
	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing January 31, 2015 Mediacom LLC Group Term Loan, 4.500%,	ВаЗ		
	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing January 31, 2015 Mediacom LLC Group Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing	ВаЗ		
8,065,935 3,980,000	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing January 31, 2015 Mediacom LLC Group Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing October 23, 2017	ВаЗ		7,965,111 3,989,950
8,065,935	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing January 31, 2015 Mediacom LLC Group Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing October 23, 2017 Term	ВаЗ		7,965,111
8,065,935 3,980,000	(5)	maturing February 18, 2017 Mediacom Broadband, LLC Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing January 31, 2015 Mediacom LLC Group Term Loan, 4.500%, maturing October 23, 2017	ВаЗ		7,965,111 3,989,950

March 31, 2017 San Juan Cable, LLC B1 BB-Term Loan, 2.060%, maturing October 1,664,371 31, 2012 1,656,049 See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

	Borrower/Tranc	(Unau	ngs†	Fair
Principal Amount	Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
North American Cable: (continued)	,	ĺ		
	Wideopenw Finance,		5	
4 5.700.057	LLC Term Loan, 2.764%, maturing June 28,	B1	B-	4 5 070 000
\$ 5,702,357	2014			\$ 5,370,908 100,993,064
Oil & Gas: 0.7%				
	CGGVeritas Services, Inc.	Ba1	ВВ	
1,953,550	Term Loan, 5.500%, maturing January 12, 2016			1,968,202
	Hercules Offshore, LLC	Caa1	B-	, ,
	Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing July 11,			
1,151,839	2013 MEG Energy Corporation	n B1	BBB-	1,147,040
3,418,390	Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing April 03, 2016			3,463,966

				6,579,208
Other Broadcasting and Entertainment: 1.8%				
	Getty Images, Inc. Term Loan, 5.250%, maturing November	ВаЗ	BB-	
3,491,250	07, 2016 TWCC Holding			3,543,619
	Corporation	1 Ba3	BB-	
2 000 000	Term Loan, 4.250%, maturing February			0.000.750
2,000,000	13, 2017 Nielson			2,022,750
	Finance, LLC	Ba2	BB-	
4,731,668	Term Loan, 3.764%, maturing May 02, 2016			4,757,300
5,911,642	Term Loan, 4.014%, maturing May 02, 2016			5,955,365
166,624	Term Loan, 2.264%, maturing August			166,772
	09, 2013			16,445,806
Other Telecommunications: 2.8%	Alaska Communica Systems Holdings, Inc.	ations Ba3	BB-	
2,000,000	Term Loan,			2,015,000

			5.500%,			
			maturing October			
			21, 2016			
			Asurion			
			Corporation	n Ba3	B+	
			Term Loan,			
			6.750%,			
			maturing			
	2,500,000		March 31, 2015			2,537,948
	2,300,000		Term			2,337,940
			Loan,			
			3.271%,			
			maturing July 03,			
	5,184,375		2014			5,113,090
			BCM			
			Ireland Holdings,			
			Ltd.	ВЗ	В	
			Term			
			Loan,			
			2.747%, maturing			
			September			
EUR	1,679,980		30, 2014			2,094,442
			Term Loan,			
			2.997%,			
			maturing			
ELID	1 690 061		September			2 004 702
EUR	1,680,261		30, 2015 Consolidate	ed		2,094,793
			Communic	ations,		
			Inc.	B1	B+	
			Term Loan,			
			2.760%,			
			maturing			
\$	1,000,000		December 31, 2014			995,000
Ψ	1,000,000		Hawaiian			300,000
			Telcom			
		(2)	Communication Inc.	ations, NR	NR	
	938,165	(2)	Term	INIL	INIL	957,710
			Loan,			
			9.000%,			
			maturing			

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	November		
	01, 2015		
	U.S.		
	Telepacific		
	Corporation B3	B-	
	Term		
	Loan,		
	maturing		
	February		
3,100,000	(5) 23, 2017		3,126,158
_,	See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements		, -,
	42		
	12		

		E	Borrower/Tranci	(Unau	ngs†	Fair
Principal	Amount	D	Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Other Tel	ecommunications:		,	,		
(continue	d)		NA/: 1			
			Wind Telecommu S.P.A.	nicazioni, Ba2	BB-	
EUR	4,500,000	(5)	Term Loan, maturing December 15, 2017			\$ 6,235,935
Davaanal	9 Nanduvahla Canaumav					25,170,076
Personal Products	& Nondurable Consumer : 2.2%					
			Advantage Sales & Marketing,			
			Inc.	Ba3	B+	
			Term Loan, 5.250%, maturing December			
\$	2,000,000		18, 2017			2,018,564
			Advantage Sales & Marketing, Inc.	В3	B-	
			Term Loan, 9.250%, maturing June 18,	50		
	365,000		2018			373,517
			Bushnell, Inc.	B2	B-	
	2,441,336	(5)	Term Loan, 4.553%, maturing August 24,			2,429,130

	2013		
	Fender Musical Instruments Corporation		
1,003,220	Term Loan, 2.520%, maturing June 09, 2014		945,535
	Term Loan, 2.520%, maturing June 09,		
1,985,839	2014		1,871,653
	Hillman		
	Group, Inc.	Ba3 B+	
	Term	Day D+	
895,500	Loan, 5.500%, maturing May 27, 2016		901,657
	Huish		
	Detergents, Inc.	Ba2 BB	
1,628,285	Term Loan, 2.010%, maturing April 26, 2014		1,612,002
, ,	Information		, ,
	Resources,	D 0 D	
	Inc. Term Loan, 3.318%, maturing May 16,	Ba3 B	
231,997	2014		231,417
	Jarden		
0.040.400	Corporation	Ba1 BB+	
3,613,168	Term Loan, 3.553%, maturing January		3,641,544

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Inc.

Term

Loan,

(5)

3,060,000

3,089,324

B+

Ba3

		maturing Februar			
		15, 2018	3		
		Advanc	e		
		Pierre			
		Foods	B1	B+	
		Term			
		Loan,			
		7.000%			
		maturing			
	2 000 000	Septem			4 006 161
	3,990,000	30, 2016 Burger	0		4,026,161
		King			
			ation Ba3	BB-	
		Term	ation bas		
		Loan,			
		4.500%	,		
		maturing	g		
		October			
	3,440,860	19, 2016	6		3,464,158
		Term			
		Loan,			
		4.750%			
		maturing			
EUR	2 625 000	October 19, 2016			2 654 002
EUN	2,625,000	Dennys			3,654,992
		Inc.	, В1	B+	
		Term	ы	Бт	
		Loan,			
		6.500%			
		maturing			
		Septem	-		
\$	2,016,000	20, 2016			2,037,395
		See Accompanying Notes to Finan	ncial Statements		
		43			

				Bank Rati (Unau	ngs†	Fair
		В	orrower/Trancl	he	•	
Principal Amo			Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
(continued)	od & Miscellaneous:					
(commada)			Dunkin Brands, Inc.	B2	В	
\$	3,520,000	(5)	Term Loan, 4.250%, maturing November 29, 2017 N.E.W. Customer Services Companies,			\$ 3,548,600
			Inc.	Ba3	B+	
	2,573,214		Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing March 23, 2016			2,577,074
			NBTY,	D 0	D D	
	2,898,734		Inc. Term Loan, 6.250%, maturing October 02, 2017	Ba3	BB-	2,936,479
	3,000,000	(5)	Term Loan, maturing October 02, 2017 OSI			3,018,750
			Restaurant Partners, Inc.	B3	B+	
	671,679				_ ,	662,024

		J	J				
				Term Loan,			
				2.560%,			
				maturing June 14,			
				2013			
				Term			
				Loan,			
				2.625%,			
				maturing June 14,			
	(6,714,065		2014			6,617,551
				Seminole			
				Hard			
				Rock Entertainme	ent		
				Inc.	B2	BB	
				Floating			
				Rate Note,			
				2.792%, maturing			
				March 15,			
		750,000		2014			735,000
				Wendys/Arl			
				Restaurants	s, Ba2	BB	
				Term	Duz	00	
				Loan,			
				5.000%,			
				maturing May 24,			
		1,492,500		2017			1,508,825
				Whitelabel			
				IV, S.A.	Ba3	B+	
				Term Loan,			
				6.750%,			
				maturing			
	EUR	583,833		August 11, 2017			822,990
	EUN	363,633		Term			622,990
				Loan,			
				6.750%,			
				maturing August 16,			
	EUR	966,167		2017			1,361,939
		0.00/					44,793,411
Print	ting & Publishir	ng: 9.2%		Black			
				Press,			
				Ltd.	B1	B-	

\$	1,258,990	Term Loan, 2.311%, maturing August 02, 2013			1,196,040
	764,387	Term Loan, 2.311%, maturing August 02, 2013			726,167
	701,007	Caribe Information Investments Inc.		CCC-	720,107
	1.000.444	Term Loan, 2.565%, maturing March 31,			4.055.050
	1,836,411	2013 Cengage Learning, Inc.	B2	B+	1,055,936
		Term Loan, 2.550%, maturing July 03,			
	9,957,998	2014 Cenveo Corporation	Ba3	BB-	9,610,096
		Term Loan, 6.250%, maturing December			
	2,380,000	21, 2016 CW Acquisition Limited Partnership	Ba3	ВВ	2,407,767
		Term Loan, 9.000%, maturing July 13,			
	1,811,204	2016 Dex Media	B1	В	1,863,276

	East, LLC		
2,293,823	Term Loan, 2.810%, maturing October 24, 2014		1,821,951
	Dex		
	Media West, LLC	Ba3 B	
2,069,008	Term Loan, 7.000%, maturing October 24, 2014		1,906,444
	Flint Group Holdings S.A.R.L.	NR NI	
841,151	Term Loan, 2.713%, maturing December 31, 2014		842,728
,	See Accompanying Notes to Financial S	Statements	ĺ

		Bank Loan Ratings† (Unaudited) Fair Borrower/Tranche
Principal Amount		Description Moody's S&P Value
Printing & Publish	ing: (continued)	
\$	353,279	Term Loan, 2.713%, maturing December 31, 2014 \$ 353,942
Ψ	333,279	Term Loan, 2.713%, maturing December
	1,277,104	31, 2015 1,279,499
		Term Loan, 2.713%, maturing May
	2,333,333	29, 2015 2,337,708
EUR	666,667	Term Loan, 3.393%, maturing May 29, 2015 Hanley
		Wood, LLC Caa1 CCC
\$	1,650,026	Term Loan, 2.624%, maturing March 08, 2014 Intermedia
		Outdoor,
	1 271 240	Inc. NR NR Term Loan, 3.053%, maturing January 31,
	1,371,342	2013 1,244,493 Mediannuaire
		Holding NR NR
EUR	1,487,172	Term Loan, 1,596,009 3.279%, maturing October 10,

					2014			
ı	EUR	1,486,320			Term Loan, 3.779%, maturing October 09, 2015			1,595,094
					Merrill Communicati	ions.		
					LLC	B2	B-	
	\$	4,761,595	(1	5)	Term Loan, 7.500%, maturing December 24, 2012			4,761,595
	Ψ	1,701,000	('	0,	Nelson			1,701,000
					Canada	B1	В	
		2,812,546			Term Loan, 2.803%, maturing July 05, 2014			2,559,417
		2,612,546			Pages Jaunes			2,559,417
					Groupe, S.A. Term Loan, 2.674%, maturing November		NR	
F	EUR	800,000			22, 2013	_		1,033,691
					PBL Media	B1	NR	
ı	AUD	24,331,191			Term Loan, 7.325%, maturing February 05, 2013			23,728,571
					Penton			
	•	4.045.55			Media, Inc. Term Loan, 5.006%, maturing August 01,	Caa1	CCC+	4.005 7.15
	\$	1,649,991			2014			1,366,742
					Quad/Graphic Inc.	cs, Ba2	BB+	
					Term Loan, 5.500%, maturing April 14,			
		2,791,000			2016			2,787,511
					R.H. Donnelley Corporation	R1	В	
		4,207,968					_	3,279,585

		Term Loan, 9.000%, maturing October 24, 2014			
		Source Media, Inc.	B1	B+	
1,517,241		Term Loan, 6.500%, maturing January 21, 2017			1,541,897
482,759		Term Loan, 6.500%, maturing January 21, 2017			490,603
402,733		Springer Science + Business Media, S.A.	B1	B+	430,000
		Term Loan, 6.752%, maturing June 17,			
2,000,000		2016 SuperMedia,	DO	B-	2,030,000
6,632,921		Inc. Term Loan, 11.000%, maturing December 31, 2015	B3	D-	4,361,146
0,002,321		Thomas Nelson Publishers	Caa2	CCC	4,001,140
		Term Loan, 9.000%, maturing June 14,			
993,020		2016			968,195
		Tribune Company	NR	NR	
		Term Loan, 3.250%, maturing June 04,			
	(3)	2014	tamants		1,069,954
See Accompany	ıng No	ites to Financial Star 45	tements		

	D	orrower/Tranc	(Unau	ings†	Fair	
Principal Amount	Б	Description	Moody's	S&P	Value	
Printing & Publishing: (continued)			Í			
		Yell Group, PLC	NR	NR		
\$ 1,608,111		Term Loan, 4.113%, maturing July 31, 2014			\$ 747,77	
Radio and TV Broadcasting: 4.8%					82,338,82	3
nadio and TV Broadcasting. 4.0%		Citadel Broadcastir Corporation		BB+		
811,800		Term Loan, 4.250%, maturing December 30, 2016			816,36	6
		CMP KC, LLC	NR	NR		
4 000 000	(0)	Term Loan, 6.250%, maturing May 03,	IVIT	INIT	407.00	0
1,338,663	(3)	2011 CMP Susquehan Corporation		B-	167,33	3
3,517,061		Term Loan, 2.313%, maturing May 05, 2013		_	3,474,19	9
0,017,001		Cumulus Media,	Caa1	B-	0,474,10	

		Inc.	
	3,427,316	Term Loan, 4.012%, maturing June 11, 2014 3,38	4,474
	0,427,010	FoxCo Acquisition, LLC B2 B	7,77
		Term Loan, 7.500%, maturing July 14,	
	1,079,447	Local TV Finance,	1,871
		LLC B2 B- Term Loan, 2.310%, maturing	
	1,803,655	Nexstar Broadcasting,	7,019
		Inc. Ba3 BB- Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing September	
	582,075		3,530
	910,425	30, 2016 91 ProSiebenSat.1 Media AG NR NR	4,977
EUD	220 222	Term Loan, 2.539%, maturing March 02,	2.055
EUR EUR	220,233 798,662		3,855 4,145

		maturing June 26,		
		2015		
		Term		
		Loan,		
		2.582%,		
		maturing		
EUD	04.000	July 02,		05.040
EUR	64,386	2014 Term		85,910
		Loan,		
		2.582%,		
		maturing		
		July 02,		
EUR	1,186,386	2014		1,582,984
		Term Loan,		
		2.957%,		
		maturing		
		July 03,		
EUR	35,934	2015		48,328
		Regent		
		Broadcasting, LLC NR	NR	
		Term		
		Loan,		
		5.250%,		
		maturing		
\$	1,448,581	April 27, 2014		1,419,610
*	1, 110,001	Sinclair		1,110,010
		Television		
		Group,	55	
		Inc. Baa3 Term	BB+	
		Loan,		
		5.500%,		
		maturing		
		October		
	1,145,455	29, 2015		1,160,011
		Spanish Broadcasting		
		Systems Caa1	B-	
		Term		
		Loan,		
		2.060%,		
		maturing June 11,		
	1,949,058	2012		1,907,032
	, -,	Univision B2	В	, ,
		Communications,		

		Inc.			
		Term			
		Loan,			
		4.512%,			
		maturing			
		March 31,			
23,519,693		2017			22,997,039
-,,					42,758,683
Retail Stores: 9.7%					,,
		Amscan			
		Holdings,			
		Inc.	B2	В	
		Term	DE	В	
		Loan,			
		6.750%,			
		maturing			
0.400.050	(5)	December			0.507.444
2,496,250	(5)	04, 2017			2,527,441
		Burlington			
		Coat		_	
		Factory	B3	B-	
		Term			
		Loan,			
		maturing			
		February			
5,000,000	(5)	18, 2017			5,031,250
		Claires			
		Stores,			
		Inc.	Caa1	В	
		Term			
		Loan,			
		4.722%,			
		maturing			
		May 29,			
3,424,091		2014			3,347,662
3,,33		Dollar			0,0 ,00=
		General			
		Corporation	n Ba2	BBB-	
		Term	· DuL		
		Loan,			
		3.030%,			
		maturing			
7.050.440		July 07,			7.070.000
7,256,413	Can Agammarin - NT	2014	totomort-		7,276,600
	See Accompanying No	otes to Financial S	natements		
		.0			

		Borrower/Tranch	(Unau	ngs†	Fair
Principal A	Amount	Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Retail Stor	res: (continued)				
		General Nutrition Centers, Inc.	B1	B+	
\$	2,458,318	Term Loan, 3.296%, maturing September 16, 2013		<u> </u>	\$ 2,455,245
		Guitar Center, Inc.	Caa1	B-	
		Term Loan, 3.770%, maturing October 09,			
	3,782,785	2014 Harbor Freight Tools USA, Inc.	Ba3	B+	3,736,446
	2,000,000	Term Loan, 6.500%, maturing December 22, 2017			2,025,416
	, ,	HEMA Holding, B.V.	NR	NR	
		Term Loan, 3.661%, maturing July 05,			
EUR	1,500,000	2016 Term Loan, 2.911%, maturing July 06, 2015			2,060,746
LOIT	1,000,000	J. Crew	B1	В	2,000,7 40

\$	4,250,000	(5)	Term Loan, maturing January 26, 2018 Leslies Poolmart, Inc.	Ba3	B+	4,256,643
	1,600,000		Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing November 21, 2016			1,618,000
			Maxeda DIY Group, B.V.	NR	NR	
EUD	500,000		Term Loan, 4.212%, maturing June 27,			077 000
EUR	530,263		2016 Term Loan,			677,028
EUR	530,263		3.645%, maturing June 29, 2015			677,028
			Term Loan, 3.638%, maturing August 01,			
EUR	719,737		2015 Term Loan,			918,944
EUR	719,737		4.156%, maturing August 01, 2016			918,944
	,		Michaels	DO	D.	
			Stores, Inc. Term Loan, 2.584%, maturing October 31,	B2	B+	
\$	1,705,830		2013			1,704,092
	2,295,650		Term Loan, 4.834%, maturing July 31, 2016			2,320,760
	. ,		Neiman			. ,
			Marcus Group, Inc.	B2	BB-	
	7,263,834		Term Loan, 4.303%,			7,317,790

			maturing April 06, 2016			
			Petco Animal Supplies, Inc.	B1	В	
	6,200,000	(5)	Term Loan, maturing November 24, 2017			6,234,875
	-,,	(0)	Pets at Home Group, Ltd.	NR	BB-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
ODD	0.500.000		Term Loan, 5.615%, maturing January 24,			4 007 504
GBP	2,500,000		2017 Picard			4,097,501
			Groupe	NR	NR	
EUR	810,628		Term Loan, 5.995%, maturing October 31, 2017			1,131,698
			Term Loan, 5.995%, maturing September			
EUR	189,372		14, 2017 Pilot Travel Centers, LLC	Ba2	BBB-	264,378
Φ	4.450.040		Term Loan, 5.250%, maturing June 30,	Daz	DDD-	4 470 007
\$	1,158,843		2016 Rite Aid	DO	D.	1,172,967
	3,852,438		Corporation Term Loan, 2.020%, maturing June 04, 2014	B3	B+	3,738,791
	1,375,887		Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing June 04, 2014			1,381,046

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	Sally Holding, LLC	B1	BB+	
2,281,384	Term Loan, 2.510%, maturing November 15, 2013			2,287,943
	Savers	Ba3	B+	
1,488,750	Term Loan, 5.750%, maturing March 11, 2016 See Accompanying Notes to Financial S	tatements		1,500,536

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

		Borrower/Tranche	Bank Loan Ratings† (Unaudited)	Fair
Principal Amo	unt		loody's S&P	Value
Retail Stores:		,	Í	
		The Gymboree Corporation B	1 B+	
\$	5,148,000	Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing February 23, 2018		\$ 5,176,958
		Toys "R" Us, Inc. B ⁻	1 BB-	
	3,825,775	Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing September 01, 2016		3,865,230
		Vivarte S.A.S. NI	R NR	
EUR	1,863,011	Term Loan, 3.403%, maturing March 08, 2016		2,504,013
LOIT	1,000,011	Term Loan, 2.778%, maturing March 09,		2,304,010
EUR	1,863,011	2015		2,504,013
Satellite: 0.3%				86,790,730
Jacinic. V.J /0		Intelsat Jackson Holdings, S.A. B ⁻	1 BB-	
\$	3,000,000	Term Loan,		3,028,125

5.250%, maturing April 02, 2018

		2018		
				3,028,125
Telecommun 1.6%	ications Equipment:			
		CommScope,		
		Inc. Ba3	BB	
	1,378,000	Term Loan, 5.000%, maturing January 14, 2018		1,400,679
		Macquarie UK Broadcast Ventures, Ltd. NR	NR	
GBP	4,383,255	Term Loan, 2.615%, maturing December 01, 2014		6,613,702
		Sorenson		
		Communications,	000	
\$	1,241,789	Inc. B1 Term Loan, 6.000%, maturing August 16, 2013	CCC+	1,198,104
•	.,,	Syniverse		.,,
		Holdings,		
		Inc. B1 Term Loan, 5.250%, maturing December	BB-	
	1,270,000	21, 2017		1,286,669
		TDF, S.A. NR	NR	
EUR	1,500,000	Term Loan, 3.112%, maturing January 29, 2016		1,948,072
		,		

EUR	1,500,000	Term Loan, 2.862%, maturing January 30, 2015			1,948,072
					14,395,298
Textiles & Leatl	her: 0.4%				
		Phillips-Van			
		Heusen	D 0	DDD	
		Corporation Term	Ba2	BBB	
		Loan, 5.000%, maturing			
		May 06,			
EUR	650,683	2016			900,383
		Term Loan, 5.250%, maturing May 06,			
\$	1,041,093	2016			1,041,093
		Targus Group, Inc.	B2	CCC	
	2,000,000	Term Loan, 8.750%, maturing November 22, 2012			2,000,000
	2,000,000	<i>LL</i> , <i>LOTL</i>			3,941,476
Utilities: 5.3%					, ,
		EquiPower Resource Holdings,	D-0	DD.	
		Term Loan, 5.750%, maturing January	Ba3	BB-	
	750,000	26, 2018			758,438
		FirstLight Power Resources, Inc.	B1	B+	
	1,669,868	Term Loan, 2.813%,			1,665,693

maturing November 01, 2013

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

		Borrower/Tranc	(Unau	ngs†	Fair
Principal An		Description	Moody's	S&P	Value
Utilities: (co	ntinued)	<u>_</u>			
\$	90,682	Term Loan, 2.813%, maturing November 01, 2013			\$ 90,456
		FirstLight Power Resources		000	
		Inc. Term Loan, 4.813%, maturing May 01,	B3	CCC+	
	610,514	2014 Great Point Power, LLC	Ba1	BB+	576,936
	983,864	Term Loan, 5.500%, maturing March 10, 2017	Ddl	DD+	988,168
		MACH Gen, LLC	Ba3	BB-	
	444,571	Term Loan, 2.303%, maturing February 22, 2013			414,933
	,	New Developme Holdings, LLC	ent Ba3	BB-	,

4.256.414	Term Loan, 7.000%, maturing July 03,			4 411 540
4,356,414	2017 NRG			4,411,549
	Energy,	D 0	DD	
	Inc. Term	Baa3	BB+	
270 540	Loan, 2.038%, maturing February			070.140
372,548	01, 2013 Term			372,149
	Loan, 2.053%, maturing February			
2,892	01, 2013 Term			2,889
	Loan, 3.553%, maturing August			
7,554,620	31, 2015			7,622,294
	Term Loan, 3.553%, maturing August			
1,772,827	31, 2015			1,788,657
	Race Point			
	Power	Ba2	BB	
	Term Loan, 7.750%, maturing November			
3,000,000	09, 2017			3,018,750
	Texas Competitiv Electric Holdings Company, LLC	г е В2	B-	
6,338,938	Term Loan, 3.766%,			5,346,894

		maturing October		
		10, 2014		
		Term		
		Loan, 3.766%,		
		maturing		
	7 007 405	October		C ECO 200
	7,907,425	10, 2014 Term		6,569,338
		Loan,		
		3.766%,		
		maturing October		
	2,915,848	10, 2014		2,464,621
		Term Loan,		
		3.787%,		
		maturing		
	5,805,000	October 10, 2014		4,906,676
	3,003,000	TPF		4,300,070
		Generation		
		Holdings, LLC	Ba3 BB	
		Term	Dao DD	
		Loan,		
		2.303%, maturing		
		December		
	1,431,519	13, 2013 Term		1,432,862
		Loan,		
		2.303%,		
		maturing December		
	1,758,272	15, 2013		1,759,921
		TPF		
		Generation Holdings,		
			В3 В	
		Term		
		Loan, 4.553%,		
		maturing		
	1 500 000	December		4 455 000
	1,500,000	15, 2014 Viridian		1,455,000
		Group,		
GBP	80,000		NR NR	114,852

		Term Loan, 5.115%, maturing October 24, 2012	
EUR	1,072,386	Term Loan, 5.280%, maturing October 24, 2012	1,306,290
			47,067,366
	Sec	Total Senior Loans (Cost \$1,235,716,587) e Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements 49	1,240,302,306

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

		Downway/Transha	Bank Loan Ratings† (Unaudited)	Fair
Principal Amo	nunt	Borrower/Tranche Description M	loody's S&P	Value
	ate Debt: 1.4%	Boompaon	ioody o odi	• arao
Diversified / C				
Manufacturing	g: 0.7%			
		Flextronics		
		International, Ltd. Ba	a1 BB+	
\$	81,095	Term Loan, 2.512%, maturing October 01, 2014		\$ 80,936
Ψ	01,000	Term Loan, 2.513%, maturing October 01,		Ψ 00,000
	2,389,338	2014		2,384,645
	3,346,882	Term Loan, 2.513%, maturing October 01, 2014		3,340,308
Cargo Transp	ort: 0.0%	110		
		US Shipping Partners, L.P. Ca	aa3 CCC-	
	297,646	Subordinated Term Loan, 2.500%, maturing August 07, 2013		55,064
Chemicals, Pl 0.7%	lastics & Rubber:	2010		55,004
		Lyondell Chemical Company B2	2 B	
	5,269,044	Fixed Rate Note, 11.000%,		6,072,573

maturing May 01, 2018

Radio and	TV Broadcasti	na: 0.0%
-----------	---------------	----------

Radio and TV Broadcasting: 0.0%			
	Regent Broadcasting, LLC NR	NR	
404,310	Subordinated Term Loan, 12.000%, maturing October 27, 2014		363,879
	Total Other Corporate Debt (Cost \$11,967,826)		12,297,405

Equities and Other Assets: 1.7%

	Description	Value
), (@),		
(1(R)	Interest in Bankruptcy Estate)	\$
(@), (R)	Ascend Media (Residual Interest)	
(@), (R)	Block Vision Holdings Corporation (719 Common Shares)	
), (@), (2(R)	Cedar Chemical (Liquidation Interest)	
(@) ·	Citadel (44,319 Class B Shares)	1,524,574
(@)	Citadel (53,898 Class A Shares)	1,848,701
(@)	Contech (Residual Interest)	
), (@), (2(R)	Enterprise Profit Solutions (Liquidation Interest)	
	Euro United Corporation (Residual	
), (@),	Interest in	
(4(R)	Bankruptcy Estate)	
(@)	Faith Media Holdings, Inc. (7,725 Class A-1 Shares)	397,817
), (@), (2(R)	Ferretti SPA (Warrants for 0.111% Participation Interest)	
), (@), (2(R)	Gainey Corporation (Residual Interest)	
(@)	Global Garden (138,579 Class A3 Shares)	
(@)	Global Garden (14,911 Class A1 Shares)	
(@)		574,330

	Glodyne Technoserve, Ltd. (92,471 Common Shares)	
	Glodyne Technoserve, Ltd.	
(@)	(Escrow Account)	137,105
	Grand Union Company (Residual	
), (@),	Interest in	
(2(R)	Bankruptcy Estate)	
	See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements	
	50	

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

	Description			Value
(0)	Hawaiian Telcom (31,238		Φ.	000 010
(@)), (@),	Common Shares) Kevco Inc. (Residual Interest in		\$	820,310
(2(R)	Bankruptcy Estate)			25
, ,	Lincoln Paper & Tissue			
) (@)	(Warrants for 291 Common			
), (@), (2(R)	Shares, Expires August 14, 2015)			
(=(11)	Lincoln Pulp and Eastern Fine			
(@),	(Residual Interest in			
(R)	Bankruptcy Estate)			
(@)	Mega Brands Inc. (195,762 Common Shares)			133,048
(6)	Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Inc.			100,010
(@)	(351,820 Common Shares)			8,461,271
(@)	Northeast Biofuels (Residual			
(@)	Interest) RDA Holding Co. (11,497			
(2), (@)	Common Shares)			330,539
(@),	Safelite Realty Corporation			
(R)	(57,804 Common Shares)			305,205
), (@), (2(R)	Supermedia, Inc. (32,592 Common Shares)			274,425
(()	Townsquare Media, LLC			, -
(@)	(314,505 Common Shares)			909,046
(@)	Townsquare Media, LLC (314,505 Preferred Shares)			
), (@),	Transtar Metals (Residual			
(1(R)	Interest in Bankruptcy Estate)			
\ (0)	US Office Products Company			
), (@), (2(R)	(Residual Interest in Bankruptcy Estate)			
(∠ (11)	US Shipping Partners, L.P.			
(2), (@)	(19,404 Common Shares)			
(0) (6)	US Shipping Partners, L.P.			
(2), (@)	(275,292 Contingency Rights) Total for Equities and Other			
	Assets			
	(Cost \$13,689,230)			15,716,396
	Total Investments	141 00/	¢ 1 0	60 216 107
	(Cost \$1,261,373,643)** Other Assets and Liabilities	141.9%	Ф 1,2	68,316,107
	Net	(41.9)	(3	74,655,350)
	Net Assets	100.0%	\$ 8	93,660,757

- * Senior loans, while exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, contain certain restrictions on resale and cannot be sold publicly. These senior loans bear interest (unless otherwise noted) at rates that float periodically at a margin above the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") and other short-term rates.
 - † Bank Loans rated below Baa are considered to be below investment grade.

NR Not Rated

- (1) The borrower filed for protection under Chapter 7 of the U.S. Federal Bankruptcy code.
- (2) The borrower filed for protection under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Federal Bankruptcy code.
- (3) Loan is on non-accrual basis.
- (4) The borrower filed for protection under the Canadian Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act.
- (5) Trade pending settlement. Contract rates do not take effect until settlement date.
- (@) Non-income producing security.
- (R) Restricted security.

AUD Australian Dollar

GBP British Pound Stirling

EUR Euro

SEK Swedish Kronor

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

** For Federal Income Tax purposes cost of investments is \$1,262,294,633.

Net unrealized depreciation consists of the following:

Gross Unrealized Appreciation	\$ 27,234,907
Gross Unrealized Depreciation	(21,213,433)
Net Unrealized Depreciation	\$ 6,021,474

Fair Value Measurements[^]

The following is a summary of the fair valuations according to the inputs used as of February 28, 2011 in valuing the Trust's assets and liabilities:

	Ac fo	oted Prices in tive Markets or Identical ovestments (Level 1)	O	ignificant Other bservable Inputs 'Level 2)				air Value at 02/28/11
Asset Table		,		,	•	,		
Investments,	at va	lue						
Senior								
Loans	\$		\$ 1,2	237,071,504	\$ 3,23	0,802	\$ 1,2	240,302,306
Other								
Corporate								
Debt				11,933,526	36	3,879		12,297,405
Equities								
and Other								
Assets		4,931,596		8,461,271	2,32	3,529		15,716,396
Total								
Investments,	Φ	4 004 500	Ф 4 С	257 400 004	Ф Г О 1	0.010	Φ 4 6	200 040 407
at value		4,931,596	\$ 1,2	257,466,301	\$ 5,91	8,210	\$ 1,2	268,316,107
Other Financi Unfunded	ai in	struments+						
Commitments				73,453				73,453
Total				73,433				73,433
Assets	\$	4,931,596	\$ 1.2	257,539,754	\$ 5,91	8 210	\$ 12	268,389,560
Liabilities Tab	•	4,551,550	Ψ 1,2	-57,555,754	ψ 5,51	0,210	Ψ 1,2	-00,000,000
Other Financi		struments+						
Forward								
foreign								
currency								
contracts	\$		\$	(2,054,914)	\$		\$	(2,054,914)
Total				, , ,			·	, , ,
Liabilities	\$		\$	(2,054,914)	\$		\$	(2,054,914)
				· ·				•

The following is a reconciliation of the fair valuations using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the Trust's assets and liabilities during the year ended February 28, 2011:

Beginning Balance at 02/28/10	Purchases	Sales	Accrued Discounts/ (Premiums)	Total Realized Gain/(Loss)	Total Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)
Senior					
Loans \$ 13,776,000 Other Corporate Debt	\$	\$ (16,400,000)	\$	\$	\$ 2,624,000
Equities and Other					
Assets 5,029,484	1,525,694	(4,153,886)		1,308,361	1,192,738
Total \$ 18,805,484	\$ 1,525,694	\$ (20,553,886)	\$	\$ 1,308,361	\$ 3,816,738
	Transfers Into Level 3	Transfers Out of Level 3	i	Ending Balance : 02/28/11	
Senior Loans	\$ 3,230,802	\$	\$ 3	3,230,802	
Other Corporate Debt	363,879			363,879	
Equities and					
Other Assets	574,330	(3,153,192)		2,323,529	
Total	\$ 4,169,011	\$ (3,153,192)		5,918,210	
	See Acc	companying Notes to Fina 52	ncial Statements		

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS as of February 28, 2011 (continued)

As of February 28, 2011, total change in unrealized gain (loss) on Level 3 securities still held at year end and included in the change in net assets was \$66,172.

- ^ See Note 2, "Significant Accounting Policies" in the Notes to Financial Statements for additional information.
- + Other Financial Instruments are securities or derivatives not reflected in the Portfolio of Investments and may include open forward foreign currency contracts, futures, swaps, unfunded committments and written options. Forward foreign currency contracts, futures and unfunded commitments are reported at their unrealized gain/loss at measurement date which represents the amount due to/from the Trust. Swaps and written options are reported at their fair value at measurement date.

Transfers in or out of Level 3 represents either the beginning value (for transfer in), or the ending value (for transfers out) of any security or derivative instrument where a change in the pricing level occurred fom the beginning to the end of the period. The Trust's policy is to recognize transfers between levels at the end of the reporting period.

At February 28, 2011 the following forward foreign currency contracts were outstanding for ING Prime Rate Trust:

Counterp	oa ©y ırrency Buy/S	Settlement ell Date	In Exchange For	F	air Value	Ap	Inrealized preciation/ preciation)
State Street Bank	Australian Dollar AUD 23,313,000 Sell	US 06/07/11 \$23		\$	23,467,979	\$	(411,189)
State Street Bank	British Pound Sterling GBP 11,530,000 Sell	04/07/11 18.	.667.762		18,751,453		(83,691)
State Street Bank	British Pound Sterling GBP 5,094,000 Sell	05/06/118,1	·		8,281,872		(179,858)
State Street Bank	Euro EUR 63,800,000 Sell	04/07/1186			88,023,514	((1,078,483)
State Street Bank State Street	Euro EUR 4,988,000 Sell Euro Sell EUR	05/06/11 6,8 06/07/11 5,4	•		6,879,295 5,513,911		(56,010) (25,951)

Bank	4,000,000					
	Sweden					
State	Kronor					
Street	SEK					
Bank	23,313,000 Sell	04/07/113,468,888	3,677,194	(208,306)		
State Street	Sweden Kronor SEK					
Bank	5,408,000 Sell	06/07/11838,792	850,218	(11,426)		
		\$ 153,390,522	\$ 155,445,436	\$ (2,054,914)		
See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements 53						

SHAREHOLDER MEETING INFORMATION (Unaudited)

A special meeting of shareholders of the ING Prime Rate Trust Fund was held June 29, 2010, at the offices of ING Funds, 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Road, Scottsdale, AZ 85258.

ING Prime Rate Trust, Common Shares

1 To elect eight members of the Board of Trustees to represent the interests of the holders of Common Shares of the Trust until the election and qualification of their successors.

ING Prime Rate Trust, Preferred Shares

2 To elect two members of the Board of Trustees to represent the interests of the holders of Auction Rate Cumulative Preferred Shares - Series M, T, W, TH and F of the Trust - until the election and qualification of their successors.

			Shares voted		
1	Proposals*	Shares voted for	against or withheld	Shares abstained	Total Shares Voted
Common		voted for	withheld	abstailled	voted
Shares	D.				
Trustees	Baldwin	128,607,418.812	3,271,966.622		131,879,385.434
	Patricia W.		, ,		,
	Chadwick	128,601,576.305	3,277,809.129		131,879,385.434
	Robert W.				
	Crispin	128,587,861.350	3,291,524.084		131,879,385.434
	Peter S. Drotch	128,581,351.045	3,298,034.389		131,879,385.434
	J.	120,001,0011010	0,200,00 11000		101,010,0001101
	Michael				
	Earley	128,653,367.122	3,226,018.312		131,879,385.434
	Patrick W.				
	Kenny	128,654,269.507	3,225,115.927		131,879,385.434
	Shaun P.				
	Mathews	128,563,887.707	3,315,497.727		131,879,385.434
	Sheryl K.				
	Pressler	128,675,735.101	3,203,650.333		131,879,385.434
Preferred Shares	John V.				
Trustees	Boyer	4,256.000	176.000		4,432.000
		4,256.000	176.000		4,432.000

Roger B. Vincent

* Proposals Passed

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (Unaudited)

SHAREHOLDER INVESTMENT PROGRAM

The Trust offers a Shareholder Investment Program (the "Program") which allows holders of the Trust's common shares a simple way to reinvest dividends and capital gains distributions, if any, in additional common shares of the Trust. The Program also offers holders of the Trust's common shares the ability to make optional cash investments in any amount from \$100 to \$100,000 on a monthly basis.

For dividend and capital gains distribution reinvestment purposes, BNY will purchase shares of the Trust on the open market when the market price plus estimated fees is less than the NAV on the valuation date. The Trust will issue new shares for dividend and capital gains distribution reinvestment purchases when the market price plus estimated fees is equal to or exceeds the net asset value on the valuation date. New shares may be issued at the greater of (i) NAV or (ii) the market price of the shares during the pricing period, minus a discount of 5%.

For optional cash investments, shares will be purchased on the open market by BNY when the market price plus estimated fees is less than the NAV on the valuation date. New shares will be issued by the Trust for optional cash investments when the market price plus estimated fees is equal to or exceeds the net asset value on the valuation date. Such shares will be issued at a discount to market, determined by the Trust, between 0% and 5%.

There is no charge to participate in the Program. Participants may elect to discontinue participation in the Program at any time. Participants will share, on a *pro rata* basis, in the fees or expenses of any shares acquired in the open market.

Participation in the Program is not automatic. If you would like to receive more information about the Program or if you desire to participate, please contact your broker or the Trust's Shareholder Services Department at (800) 992-0180.

KEY FINANCIAL DATES CALENDAR 2011 DIVIDENDS:

DECLARATION DATE January 31, 2011	EX-DIVIDEND DATE February 8, 2011	PAYABLE DATE February 23, 2011
February 28, 2011	March 8, 2011	March 22, 2011
March 31, 2011	April 7, 2011	April 25, 2011
April 29, 2011	May 6, 2011	May 23, 2011
May 31, 2011	June 8, 2011	June 22, 2011
June 30, 2011	July 7, 2011	July 22, 2011
July 29, 2011	August 8, 2011	August 22, 2011
August 31, 2011	September 8, 2011	September 22, 2011
September 30, 2011	October 6, 2011	October 24, 2011
October 31, 2011	November 8, 2011	November 22, 2011

November 30, 2011	December 8, 2011	December 22, 2011
December 20, 2011	December 28, 2011	January 12, 2012

Record date will be two business days after each Ex-Dividend Date. These dates are subject to change.

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (Unaudited) (continued)

STOCK DATA

The Trust's common shares are traded on the New York Stock Exchange (Symbol: PPR). Effective March 1, 2002, the Trust's name changed to ING Prime Rate Trust and its CUSIP number changed to 44977W106. The Trust's NAV and market price are published daily under the "Closed-End Funds" feature in Barron's, The New York Times, The Wall Street Journal and many other regional and national publications.

REPURCHASE OF SECURITIES BY CLOSED-END COMPANIES

In accordance with Section 23(c) of the 1940 Act, and Rule 23c-1 under the 1940 Act the Trust may from time to time purchase shares of beneficial interest of the Trust in the open market, in privately negotiated transactions and/or purchase shares to correct erroneous transactions.

NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS

The approximate number of record holders of Common Stock as of February 28, 2011 was 3,896 which does not include approximately 48,249 beneficial owners of shares held in the name of brokers of other nominees.

PROXY VOTING INFORMATION

A description of the policies and procedures that the Trust uses to determine how to vote proxies related to portfolio securities is available (1) without charge, upon request, by calling Shareholder Services toll-free at 1-800-336-3436; (2) on the Trust's website at www.ingfunds.com and (3) on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Information regarding how the Trust voted proxies related to portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available without charge on the Trust's website at www.ingfunds.com and on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

QUARTERLY PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

The Trust files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Trust's Forms N-Q are available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. The Trust's Forms N-Q may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC, and information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling (800) SEC-0330; and is available upon request from the Trust by calling Shareholder Services toll-free at (800) 336-3436.

CERTIFICATIONS

In accordance with Section 303A.12 (a) of the New York Stock Exchange Listed Company Manual, the Trust submitted the Annual CEO Certification on May 26, 2009 certifying that he was not aware, as of that date, of any violation by the Trust of the NYSE's Corporate governance listing standards. In addition, as required by Section 203 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and related SEC rules, the Trust's principal executive and financial officers have made quarterly certifications, included in filings with the SEC on

Forms N-CSR and N-Q, relating to, among other things, the Trust's disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting.

TAX INFORMATION (Unaudited)

The Trust is required by Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to advise within 60 days of the Trust's fiscal year end (February 28, 2011) as to the federal tax status of distributions received by the Trust's shareholders. Accordingly, the Trust is hereby advising you that the following dividends were paid to Common Shareholders during the fiscal year ended February 28, 2011:

		Per Share
Fund Name	Туре	Amount
ING Prime Rate Trust	NII	\$ 0.2979
	ROC	\$ 0.0181

NII - Net investment income

ROC - Return of capital

The Trust is hereby advising you that the following dividends were paid to Preferred Shareholders during the fiscal year ended February 28, 2011:

Preferred Shares	Type of Dividend	Pe	Total r Share mount	Auction Dates	Record Dates	Payable Dates	Average Rate
	Net Investment			03/01/10	03/08/10	03/09/10	
Series M	Income	\$	70.87	02/18/11	02/28/11	03/01/11	0.28%
	Net Investment			03/02/10	03/09/10	03/10/10	
Series T	Income	\$	70.97	02/22/11	03/01/11	03/02/11	0.28%
	Net Investment			03/03/10	03/10/10	03/11/10	
Series W	Income	\$	69.64	02/23/11	03/02/11	03/03/11	0.28%
	Net Investment			03/04/10	03/11/10	03/12/10	
Series Th	Income	\$	72.28	02/24/11	03/03/11	03/04/11	0.29%
	Net Investment			03/05/10	03/12/10	03/15/10	
Series F	Income	\$	71.29	02/25/11	03/04/11	03/07/11	0.28%

Of the ordinary distributions made during the year ended February 28, 2011, 0.15% qualify for the dividends received deduction (DRD) available to corporate shareholders.

For the year ended February 28, 2011, 0.15% of net investment income dividends paid by the Trust are designated as qualifying dividend income (QDI) subject to reduced income tax rates for individuals.

Pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 871(k)(1), the Trust designates 94.81% of net investment income distributions as interest-related dividends.

Above figures may differ from those cited elsewhere in this report due to differences in the calculation of income and gains under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (book) purposes and Internal Revenue Service (tax) purposes.

Shareholders are strongly advised to consult their own tax advisers with respect to the tax consequences of their investments in the Trust. In January, shareholders, excluding corporate shareholders, receive an IRS 1099-DIV regarding the federal tax status of the dividends and distributions they received in the calendar year.

TRUSTEE AND OFFICER INFORMATION (Unaudited)

85258

The business and affairs of the Trust are managed under the direction of the Trust's Board. A Trustee who is not an interested person of the Trust, as defined in the 1940 Act, is an independent trustee ("Independent Trustee"). The Trustees and Officers of the Trust are listed below. The Statement of Additional Information includes additional information about trustees of the Trust and is available, without charge, upon request at (800) 992-0180.

Term of Office Position(s) and Name, held Length Address with of and the Time Age Trust Served(1) Independent Trustees:	Principal Occupation(s) during the Past 5 Years	Number of Funds in Fund Complex Overseen by Trustee ⁽²⁾	Other Board Positions held by Trustee
D. 2007 Baldwin -	r President, Glantuam Partners, LLC, a business consulting firm (January 2009 - Present) and Consultant (January 2005 - t Present).	133	None.
V. 2005 Boyer -	y President and Chief Executive Officer, Bechtler Arts Foundation, an arts and education foundation (January 2008 - t Present). Formerly, Consultant (July 2007 - February 2008); President and Chief Executive Officer, Franklin and Eleanor Roosevelt Institute, a public policy foundation (March 2006 - July 2007); and Executive Director, The Mark Twain House & Museum ⁽³⁾ (September 1989 - March 2006).	133	None.

Age: 57		
Patricia Trustee January Consultant and President, Ravengate W. 2006 Partners LLC, a consulting firm that provides Chadwick - advice regarding financial markets and the 7337 Present global economy (January 2000 - Present). East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 62	133	Wisconsin Energy Corp. (June 2006 - Present) and The Royce Fund (December 2009 - Present).
Peter Trustee October Retired. Formerly, Partner, S. 2007 PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an Drotch - accounting firm, until July 2000. 7337 Present East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 69	133	First Marblehead Corporation (September 2003 - Present).
J. Trustee FebruaryRetired. Formerly, Banking President and Michael 2002 Chief Executive Officer, Bankers Trust Earley - Company, N.A., Des Moines (June 1992 - 7337 Present December 2008). East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 65	133	None.
Patrick Trustee January Retired. Formerly, President and Chief W. 2005 Executive Officer, International Insurance	133	Assured Guaranty Ltd. (April 2004 -

Kenny Society (June 2001 - June 2009). Present).

7337 Present

East

Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite

100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age:

133 Trustee January Consultant (May 2001 - Present). Sheryl Stillwater Mining

2006 Company (May K. 2002 - Present).

Pressler

7337 Present

East

68

Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100

Scottsdale. Arizona 85258 Age:

60

Roger Trustee February President, Springwell Corporation, a 133

corporate finance firm (March 1989 -B. 2002

Vincent Present).

7337 Present

East

Doubletree

Ranch

Rd.

Suite 100

Scottsdale,

Arizona

85258

Age:

65

58

UGI Corporation

(February 2006 -

Present) and UGI

Utilities, Inc. (February 2006 -

Present).

TRUSTEE AND OFFICER INFORMATION (Unaudited) (continued)

Position(s Name, held Address with and the	Length of Time erved ⁽¹⁾	Principal Occupation(s) during the Past 5 Years ested Persons":	Number of Funds in Fund Complex Overseen by Trustee ⁽²⁾	Other Board Positions held by Trustee
Robert Trustee W. Crispin ⁽⁴⁾ 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 64	October 2007 - Present	Retired. Formerly, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, ING Investment Management Co. (July 2001 - December 2007).	133	Intact Financial Corporation (December 2004 - Present) and PFM Group (November 2010 - Present).
Shaun Trustee P. Mathews ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 55	2006	President and Chief Executive Officer, ING Investments, LLC ⁽⁶⁾ (November 2006 - Present). Formerly, Head of ING Mutual Funds and Investment Products (November 2004 - November 2006).	171	ING Capital Corporation, LLC (December 2005 - Present).

⁽¹⁾ Trustees are considered for election by shareholders on an annual basis and serve until their successors are duly elected and qualified. The tenure of each Trustee is subject to the Board's retirement

policy, which states that each duly elected or appointed Trustee who is not an "interested person" of the Fund, as defined in the 1940 Act ("Independent Trustees"), shall retire from service as a Trustee at the conclusion of the first regularly scheduled meeting of the Board that is held after the Trustee reaches the age of 72. A unanimous vote of the Board may extend the retirement date of a Trustee for up to one year. An extension may be permitted if the retirement would trigger a requirement to hold a meeting of shareholders of the Fund under applicable law, whether for purposes of appointing a successor to the Trustee or if otherwise necessary under applicable law, in which case the extension would apply until such time as the shareholder meeting can be held or is no longer needed.

- (2) For the purposes of this table, "Fund Complex" means the following investment companies: ING Asia Pacific High Dividend Equity Income Fund, ING Emerging Markets High Dividend Equity Fund; ING Emerging Markets Local Bond Fund; ING Equity Trust; ING Funds Trust; ING Global Advantage and Premium Opportunity Fund; ING Global Equity Dividend and Premium Opportunity Fund; ING Infrastructure, Industrials, and Materials Fund; ING International High Dividend Equity Income Fund; ING Investors Trust; ING Mayflower Trust; ING Mutual Funds; ING Partners, Inc.; ING Prime Rate Trust; ING Risk Managed Natural Resources Fund; ING Senior Income Fund; ING Separate Portfolios Trust; ING Variable Insurance Trust; and ING Variable Products Trust.
- (3) Mr. Boyer held a seat on the Board of Directors of The Mark Twain House & Museum from September 1989 to November 2005. ING Groep N.V. makes non-material, charitable contributions to The Mark Twain House & Museum.
- (4) Messrs. Mathews and Crispin are deemed to be "interested persons" of the Fund as defined in the 1940 Act because of their affiliation with ING Groep, N.V., the parent corporation of the Investment Adviser, ING Investments, LLC and the Distributor, ING Investments Distributor, LLC.
- (5) For Mr. Mathews, the Fund Complex also includes the following investment companies: ING Balanced Portfolio, Inc.; ING Intermediate Bond Portfolio; ING Money Market Portfolio; ING Series Fund, Inc.; ING Strategic Allocation Portfolios, Inc.; ING Variable Funds; and ING Variable Portfolios, Inc.
- (6) ING Investments, LLC was previously named ING Pilgrim Investments, LLC. ING Pilgrim Investments, LLC is the successor in interest to ING Pilgrim Investments, Inc., which was previously known as Pilgrim Investments, Inc. and before it was known as Pilgrim America Investments, Inc.

TRUSTEE AND OFFICER INFORMATION (Unaudited) (continued)

Name, Address and Age Shaun P. Mathews 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 55	Position(s) Held with the Trust President and Chief Executive Officer	2006 -	Principal Occupation(s) during the Past 5 Years eresident and Chief Executive Officer, ING Investments, LLC ⁽²⁾ (November 2006 - Present). Formerly, Head of ING Mutual Funds and Investment Products (November 2004 - November 2006).
Michael J. Roland 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 52	Executive Vice President Chief Compliance Officer	2002 - Present March 2011 -	yChief Compliance Officer of the ING Funds, Directed Services LLC ⁽⁴⁾ and ING Investments, LLC ⁽²⁾ (March 2011 - Present) and Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, ING Investments, LLC ⁽²⁾ and ING Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (January 2007 - Present). Formerly, Executive Vice President, Head of Product Management, ING Investments, LLC ⁽²⁾ and ING Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (January 2005 - January 2007).
Stanley D. Vyner 230 Park Avenue New York, New York 10169 Age: 60	Executive Vice President Chief Investment Risk Officer	2003 -	Executive Vice President, ING Investments, LLC ⁽²⁾ (July 2000 - Present) and Chief Investment Risk Officer, ING Investments, LLC ⁽²⁾ (January 2003 - Present).
Todd Modic 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona	Senior Vice President, Chief/Principal Financial Officer and Assistant Secretary	March 2005 - Present	Senior Vice President, ING Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (March 2005 - Present).

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85258 Age: 43		
Kimberly A. Anderson 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 46	Senior Vice President	Novemb&enior Vice President, ING Investments, LLC ⁽²⁾ (October 2003 - 2003 - Present). Present
Robert Terris 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 40	Senior Vice President	May Senior Vice President, Head of Division Operations, ING 2006 - Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (May 2006 - Present). Formerly, Vice Present President of Administration, ING Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (October 2001 - May 2006).
Robyn L. Ichilov 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 43	Vice President	Novemberice President and Treasurer, ING Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ 1997 - (November 1995 - Present) and ING Investments, LLC ⁽²⁾ Present (August 1997 - Present).
Lauren D. Bensinger 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 57	Vice President	August Vice President, ING Investments, LLC ⁽²⁾ and ING Funds 2003 - Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (February 1996 - Present); Director of Present Compliance, ING Investments, LLC ⁽²⁾ (October 2004 - Present); and Vice President and Money Laundering Reporting Officer, ING Investments Distributor, LLC ⁽⁵⁾ (April 2010 - Present);. Formerly, Chief Compliance Officer, ING Investments Distributor, LLC ⁽⁵⁾ (August 1995 - April 2010)
William Evans 10 State House Square Hartford,	Vice President	SeptembSenior Vice President (March 2010 - Present) and Head of 2007 - Manager Research and Selection Group (April 2007 - Present Present). Formerly, Vice President, U.S. Mutual Funds and Investment Products (May 2005 - April 2007).

Connecticut 06103 Age: 38

60

TRUSTEE AND OFFICER INFORMATION (Unaudited) (continued)

Name, Address and Age Maria M. Anderson 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 52	Position(s) Held with the Trust Vice President	Term of Office and Length of Time Served(1 Septem 2004 - Present	blefice President, ING Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (September 2004 - Present).
Denise Lewis 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 47	Vice President	2007 -	Vice President, ING Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (December 2006 - Present). Formerly, Senior Vice President, UMB Investment Services Group, LLC (November 2003 - December 2006).
Kimberly K. Springer 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 53	Vice President	March 2006 - Present	Vice President, ING Investment Management - ING Funds (March 2010 - Present); Vice President, ING Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (March 2006 - Present) and Managing Paralegal, Registration Statements (June 2003 - Present). Formerly, Assistant Vice President, ING Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (August 2004 - March 2006).
Craig Wheeler 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd.	Assistant Vice President	May 2008 - Present	Assistant Vice President - Director of Tax, ING Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (March 2008 - Present). Formerly, Tax Manager, ING Funds Services, LLC ⁽³⁾ (March 2005 - March 2008).

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Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 41			
Huey P. Falgout, Jr. 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 47	Secretary	Aug 2003 - Present	Senior Vice President and Chief Counsel, ING Investment Management - ING Funds (March 2010 - Present). Formerly, Chief Counsel, ING Americas, U.S. Legal Services (October 2003 - March 2010).
Theresa K. Kelety 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 48	Assistant Secretary	Aug 2003 - Present	Vice President and Senior Counsel, ING Investment Management - ING Funds (March 2010 - Present). Formerly, Senior Counsel, ING Americas, U.S. Legal Services (April 2008 - March 2010) and Counsel, ING Americas, U.S. Legal Services (April 2003 - April 2008).
Paul Caldarelli 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 59	Assistant Secretary	June 2010 - Present	Vice President and Senior Counsel, ING Investment Management - ING Funds (March 2010 - Present). Formerly, Senior Counsel, ING Americas, U.S. Legal Services (April 2008 - March 2010) and Counsel, ING Americas, U.S. Legal Services (May 2005 - April 2008).
Kathleen Nichols 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 35	Assistant Secretary	May 2008 - Present	Vice President and Counsel, ING Investment Management - ING Funds (March 2010 - Present). Formerly, Counsel, ING Americas, U.S. Legal Services (February 2008 - March 2010) and Associate, Ropes & Gray LLP (September 2005 - February 2008)
Daniel A. Norman 7337 East	Senior Vice President and Treasurer	April 1995 - Present	Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager ING Investment Management Co. (November 1999 - Present).

Doubletree June
Ranch Rd. 1997 Suite 100 Present

Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 53

Jeffrey A. Senior Vice President Novembeenior Vice President ING Investment Management Co.

Bakalar 1999 - (January 2000 - Present).

7337 East Present

Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 51

ING Prime Rate Trust

TRUSTEE AND OFFICER INFORMATION (Unaudited) (continued)

Name, Address and Age Elliot A. Rosen 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 57	Position(s) Held with the Trust Senior Vice President	Term of Office and Length of Time Served(1) May 2002 - Present	Principal Occupation(s) during the Past 5 Years Senior Vice President, ING Investment Management Co. (February 1999 - Present).
William H. Rivoir III 7337 East Doubletree Ranch Rd. Suite 100 Scottsdale, Arizona 85258 Age: 60	Senior Vice President and Assistant Secretary	Feb 2001 - Present	Senior Vice President ING Investment Management Co. (January 2004 - Present).

- (1) The officers hold office until the next annual meeting of the Trustees and until their successors shall have been elected and qualified.
- (2) ING Investments, LLC was previously named ING Pilgrim Investments, LLC. ING Pilgrim Investments, LLC is the successor in interest to ING Pilgrim Investments, Inc., which was previously known as Pilgrim Investments, Inc. and before that was known as Pilgrim America Investments, Inc.
- (3) ING Funds Services, LLC was previously named ING Pilgrim Group, LLC. ING Pilgrim Group, LLC is the successor in interest to ING Pilgrim Group, Inc., which was previously known as Pilgrim Group, Inc. and before that was known as Pilgrim America Group, Inc.
- (4) Directed Services LLC is the successor in interest to Directed Services, Inc.

(5) ING Investments Distributor, LLC was previously named ING Funds Distributor, LLC. ING Funds Distributor, LLC is the successor in interest to ING Funds Distributor, Inc., which was previously known as ING Pilgrim Securities, Inc., and before that, was known as Pilgrim Securities, Inc., and before that was known as Pilgrim America Securities, Inc.

ING Prime Rate Trust

ADVISORY CONTRACT APPROVAL DISCUSSION (Unaudited)

BOARD CONSIDERATION AND RE-APPROVAL OF INVESTMENT ADVISORY AND SUB-ADVISORY CONTRACTS

Section 15(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act") provides that, after an initial period, ING Prime Rate Trust's (the "Trust") existing investment advisory and sub-advisory contracts will remain in effect only if the Board of Trustees (the "Board") of the Trust, including a majority of Board members who have no direct or indirect interest in the advisory and sub-advisory contracts, and who are not "interested persons" of the Trust, as such term is defined under the 1940 Act (the "Independent Trustees"), annually review and approve them. Thus, at a meeting held on November 18, 2010, the Board, including a majority of the Independent Trustees, considered whether to renew the investment advisory contract (the "Advisory Contract") between ING Investments, LLC (the "Adviser") and the sub-advisory contract ("Sub-Advisory Contract") with ING Investment Management Co., the sub-adviser to the Trust (the "Sub-Adviser").

The Independent Trustees also held separate meetings on October 21 and November 16, 2010 to consider the renewal of the Advisory and Sub-Advisory Contracts. As a result, subsequent references herein to factors considered and determinations made by the Independent Trustees include, as applicable, factors considered and determinations made on those earlier dates by the Independent Trustees.

At its November 18, 2010 meeting, the Board voted to renew the Advisory and Sub-Advisory Contracts for the Trust. In reaching these decisions, the Board took into account information furnished to it throughout the year at regular meetings of the Board and the Board's committees, as well as information prepared specifically in connection with the annual renewal process. Determinations by the Independent Trustees also took into account various factors that they believed, in light of the legal advice furnished to them by K&L Gates LLP ("K&L Gates"), their independent legal counsel, and their own business judgment, to be relevant. Further, while the advisory and sub-advisory contracts for all the Trust were considered at the same Board meeting, the Trustees considered the Trust's advisory and sub-advisory relationships separately.

Provided below is an overview of the Board's contract approval process in general, as well as a discussion of certain specific factors that the Board considered at its renewal meeting. While the Board gave its attention to the information furnished, at its request, that was most relevant to its considerations, discussed below are a number of the primary factors relevant to the Board's consideration as to whether to renew the Advisory and Sub-Advisory Contracts for the one-year period ending November 30, 2011. Each Board member may have accorded different weight to the various factors in reaching his or her conclusions with respect to the Trust's advisory and sub-advisory arrangements.

Overview of the Contract Renewal and Approval Process

Several years ago, the Independent Trustees instituted a revised process by which they seek and consider relevant information when they decide whether to approve new or existing advisory and sub-advisory arrangements for the investment companies in the ING Funds complex under their jurisdiction, including the Trust's existing Advisory and Sub-Advisory Contracts. Among other actions, the Independent Trustees: retained the services of independent consultants with experience in the mutual fund industry to assist the Independent Trustees in working with the personnel employed by the Adviser or its affiliates who administer

the Trust ("Management") to identify the types of information presented to the Board to inform its deliberations with respect to advisory and sub-advisory relationships and to help evaluate that information; established a specific format in which certain requested information is provided to the Board; and determined the process for reviewing such information in connection with advisory and sub-advisory contract renewals and approvals. The end

ING Prime Rate Trust

ADVISORY CONTRACT APPROVAL DISCUSSION (Unaudited) (continued)

result was an enhanced process which is currently employed by the Independent Trustees to review and analyze information in connection with their annual renewal of the ING Funds' advisory and sub-advisory contracts, as well as their review and approval of new advisory relationships.

Since the current renewal and approval process was first implemented, the Board's membership has changed substantially through periodic retirements of some Trustees and the appointment and election of new Trustees. In addition, throughout this period the Independent Trustees have reviewed and refined the renewal and approval process at least annually. The Board also established a Contracts Committee and two Investment Review Committees. Among other matters, the Contracts Committee provides oversight with respect to the contracts renewal and approval process, and the Investment Review Committees jointly provide oversight regarding, among other matters, investment performance. The Investment Review Committees may apply a heightened level of scrutiny in cases where performance has lagged an ING Fund's relevant benchmark and/or selected peer group of investment companies ("Selected Peer Groups").

The type and format of the information provided to the Board or to legal counsel for the Independent Trustees in connection with the contract approval and renewal process has been codified in the ING Funds' 15(c) Methodology Guide. This Guide was developed under the direction of the Independent Trustees and sets out a blueprint pursuant to which the Independent Trustees request certain information that they deem important to facilitate an informed review in connection with initial and annual approvals of advisory and sub-advisory contracts.

Management provides certain of the information requested by the *15(c) Methodology Guide* in Fund Analysis and Comparison Tables ("FACT sheets") prior to the Independent Trustees' review of advisory and sub-advisory arrangements (including the Trust's Advisory and Sub-Advisory Contracts). The Independent Trustees previously retained an independent firm to verify and test the accuracy of certain FACT sheet data for a representative sample of funds in the ING Funds complex. In addition, in recent years the Contracts Committee employed the services of an independent consultant to assist in its review and analysis of, among other matters, the *15(c) Methodology Guide*, the content and format of the FACT sheets, and Selected Peer Groups to be used by the Trust for certain comparison purposes during the renewal process. As part of an ongoing process, the Contracts Committee recommends or considers recommendations from Management for refinements to the *15(c) Methodology Guide* and other aspects of the review process, and the Board's Investment Review Committees review benchmarks used to assess the performance of funds in the ING Funds complex.

The Board employed its process for reviewing contracts when considering the renewals of the Trust's Advisory and Sub-Advisory Contracts that would be effective through November 30, 2011. Set forth below is a discussion of many of the Board's primary considerations and conclusions resulting from this process.

Nature, Extent and Quality of Service

In determining whether to approve the Advisory and Sub-Advisory Contracts for the Trust for the year ending November 30, 2011, the Independent Trustees received and evaluated such information as they deemed necessary regarding the nature, extent and quality of services provided to the Trust by the Adviser and Sub-Adviser. This included information regarding the Adviser and Sub-Adviser provided throughout the year at regular meetings of the Board and its committees, as well as information furnished in connection

with the contract renewal meetings.

The materials requested by and provided to the Board and/or to K&L Gates prior to the November 18, 2010 Board meeting included, among other information, the following items for the Trust: (1) FACT sheets that provided information regarding the performance and

ING Prime Rate Trust

ADVISORY CONTRACT APPROVAL DISCUSSION (Unaudited) (continued)

expenses of the Trust and other similarly managed funds in its Selected Peer Group, as well as information regarding the Trust's investment portfolio, objective and strategies; (2) reports providing risk and attribution analyses of the Trust; (3) the 15(c) Methodology Guide, which describes how the FACT sheets were prepared, including the manner in which the Trust's benchmark and Selected Peer Group were selected and how profitability was determined; (4) responses from the Adviser and Sub-Adviser to a series of questions posed by K&L Gates on behalf of the Independent Trustees; (5) copies of the forms of Advisory and Sub-Advisory Contracts; (6) copies of the Forms ADV for the Adviser and Sub-Adviser; (7) financial statements for the Adviser and Sub-Adviser; (8) a draft of a narrative summary addressing key factors the Board customarily considers in evaluating the renewals of the ING Funds' (including the Trust's) advisory contracts and sub-advisory contracts, including a written analysis for the Trust of how performance, fees and expenses compare to its Selected Peer Group and/or designated benchmark; (9) independent analyses of Trust performance by the Trust's Chief Investment Risk Officer; (10) information regarding net asset flows into and out of the Trust; and (11) other information relevant to the Board's evaluations.

The Trust's common shares were used for purposes of certain comparisons to the funds in its Selected Peer Group. Common shares were selected because they are the only Trust class issued and outstanding. The common shares were compared to the analogous class of shares for each fund in the Selected Peer Group. The mutual funds included in the Trust's Selected Peer Group were selected based upon criteria designed to mirror the Trust share class being compared to the Selected Peer Group.

In arriving at its conclusions with respect to the Advisory Contract, the Board was mindful of the "manager-of-managers" platform of the ING Funds that has been developed by Management. The Board also considered the techniques that the Adviser has developed to screen and perform due diligence on the sub-advisers that are recommended to the Board to manage the investment portfolios of the funds in the ING Funds complex. The Board noted the resources that the Adviser has committed to the Board and the Investment Review Committees with their assessment of the investment performance of the funds in the ING Funds complex (including the Trust) on an on-going basis throughout the year. This includes the appointment of a Chief Investment Risk Officer and his staff, who report directly to the Board and who have developed attribution analyses and other metrics used by the Board's Investment Review Committees to analyze the key factors underlying investment performance for the funds in the ING Funds complex.

The Board also noted the techniques used by the Adviser to monitor the performance of the Sub-Adviser and the proactive approach that the Adviser, working in cooperation with the Investment Review Committees, has taken to advocate or recommend, when it believed appropriate, changes designed to assist in improving the Trust's performance.

In considering the Trust's Advisory Contract, the Board also considered the extent of benefits provided to the Trust's shareholders, beyond advisory services, from being part of the ING family of funds. This includes, in most cases, the right to exchange or transfer investments, without a sales charge, between the same class of shares of the Trust and other funds or among ING Funds available on a product platform, and the wide range of ING Funds available for exchange or transfer. The Board also took into account the Adviser's efforts in recent years to reduce the expenses of the ING Funds through renegotiated arrangements with the ING Funds' service providers. In addition, the Board considered the efforts of the Adviser and the expenses that it incurred in recent years to help make the ING Funds complex more

efficient by combinations of similar funds.

Further, the Board received periodic reports showing that the investment policies and restrictions for the Trust were consistently

ING Prime Rate Trust

ADVISORY CONTRACT APPROVAL DISCUSSION (Unaudited) (continued)

complied with and other periodic reports covering matters such as compliance by Adviser and Sub-Adviser personnel with codes of ethics. The Board considered reports from the Trust's Chief Compliance Officer ("CCO") evaluating whether the regulatory compliance systems and procedures of the Adviser and Sub-Adviser are reasonably designed to assure compliance with the federal securities laws, including those related to, among others, late trading and market timing, best execution, fair value pricing, proxy voting and trade allocation practices. The Board also took into account the CCO's annual and periodic reports and recommendations with respect to service provider compliance programs. In this regard, the Board also considered the policies and procedures developed by the CCO in consultation with the Board's Compliance Committee that guide the CCO's compliance oversight function.

The Board reviewed the level of staffing, quality and experience of the Trust's portfolio management team. The Board took into account the respective resources and reputations of the Adviser and Sub-Adviser, and evaluated the ability of the Adviser and the Sub-Adviser to attract and retain qualified investment advisory personnel. The Board also considered the adequacy of the resources committed to the Trust (and other relevant funds in the ING Funds complex) by the Adviser and Sub-Adviser, and whether those resources are commensurate with the needs of the Trust and are sufficient to sustain appropriate levels of performance and compliance needs. In this regard, the Board considered the financial stability of the Adviser and the Sub-Adviser.

Based on their deliberations and the materials presented to them, the Board concluded that the advisory and related services provided by the Adviser and Sub-Adviser are appropriate in light of the Trust's operations, the competitive landscape of the investment company business, and investor needs, and that the nature and quality of the overall services provided by the Adviser and the Sub-Adviser were appropriate.

Trust Performance

In assessing advisory and sub-advisory relationships, the Board placed emphasis on the net investment returns of the Trust. While the Board considered the performance reports and discussions with portfolio managers at Board and committee meetings during the year, particular attention in assessing performance was given to the FACT sheets furnished in connection with the renewal process. The FACT sheet prepared for the Trust included its investment performance compared to the Trust's Morningstar category median and/or Lipper category median, Selected Peer Group and primary benchmark. The FACT sheet performance data was as of June 30, 2010. In addition, the Board also considered at its November 18, 2010 meeting certain additional data regarding performance and Trust asset level as of September 30, 2010.

The Trust's performance was compared to its Morningstar category median and its primary benchmark, a broad-based securities market index that appears in the Trust's prospectus. With respect to Morningstar quintile rankings, the first quintile represents the highest (best) performance and the fifth quintile represents the lowest performance.

In considering whether to approve the renewal of the Advisory and Sub-Advisory Contracts for the Trust, the Board considered that, based on performance data for the periods ended June 30, 2010: (1) the Trust underperformed its Morningstar category median for all periods presented; (2) the Trust underperformed its

primary benchmark for all periods presented, with the exception of the one-year period, during which it outperformed; and (3) the Trust is ranked in the third quintile of its Morningstar category for the most recent calendar quarter and five-year periods, the fourth quintile for the one-year, three-year, and ten-year periods, and the fifth (lowest) quintile for the year-to-date period.

In analyzing this performance data, the Board took into account: (1) Management's analysis with respect to the composition of the Trust's Morningstar category and the implications for

ING Prime Rate Trust

ADVISORY CONTRACT APPROVAL DISCUSSION (Unaudited) (continued)

purposes of relative performance evaluations; (2) Management's representations regarding favorable Trust performance during certain periods; (3) Management's confidence in the Sub-Adviser's ability to execute the Trust's investment strategy; and (4) that Management would continue to monitor, and the Board or its Investment Review Committee would periodically review, the Trust's investment performance.

Economies of Scale

When evaluating the reasonableness of advisory fee rates, the Board also considered whether economies of scale will be realized by the Adviser if the Trust grows larger and the extent to which any such economies are reflected in contractual fee rates. In this regard, the Board considered the compensation under an Advisory Contract with a level advisory fee rate that does not include breakpoints, taking into account that the Trust is a closed-end fund. The Board also considered the extent to which economies of scale could be realized through waivers, reimbursements or expense reductions. In evaluating fee breakpoint arrangements and economies of scale, the Independent Trustees also considered prior periodic management reports and industry information on this topic.

Information Regarding Services to Other Clients

The Board requested and considered information regarding the nature of services and fee rates offered by the Adviser and Sub-Adviser to other clients, including other registered investment companies and institutional accounts. When fee rates offered to other clients differed materially from those charged to the Trust, the Board considered any underlying rationale provided by the Adviser or Sub-Adviser for these differences. The Board also noted that the fee rates charged to the Trust and other institutional clients of the Adviser or Sub-Adviser (including other investment companies) may differ materially due to, among other reasons: differences in services; different regulatory requirements associated with registered investment companies, such as the Trust, as compared to non-registered investment company clients; market differences in fee rates that existed when the Trust first was organized; differences in the original sponsors of Trust that now are managed by the Adviser; investment capacity constraints that existed when certain contracts were first agreed upon or that might exist at present; and different pricing structures that are necessary to be competitive in different marketing channels.

Fee Rates and Profitability

The Board reviewed and considered the contractual investment advisory fee rate payable by the Trust to the Adviser. The Board also considered the contractual sub-advisory fee rate payable by the Adviser to the Sub-Adviser for sub-advisory services for the Trust. In addition, the Board considered fee waivers and expense limitations applicable to the fees payable by the Trust.

The Board considered: (1) the fee structure of the Trust as it relates to the services provided under the contracts; and (2) the potential fall-out benefits to the Adviser and the Sub-Adviser and their respective affiliates from their association with the Trust.

In considering the fees payable under the Advisory and Sub-Advisory Contracts for the Trust, the Board took into account the factors described above and also considered: (1) the fairness of the compensation under an Advisory Contract with a level fee rate that does not include breakpoints; and (2) the pricing

structure (including the expense ratio to be borne by shareholders) of the Trust, as compared to its Selected Peer Group, including that: (a) the management fee (inclusive of an administration fee) for the Trust is above the median and the average management fees of the funds in its Selected Peer Group; and (b) the expense ratio for the Trust is above the median and the average expense ratios of the funds in its Selected Peer Group.

In analyzing this fee data, the Board took into account Management's representations that

ING Prime Rate Trust

ADVISORY CONTRACT APPROVAL DISCUSSION (Unaudited) (continued)

closed-end funds have unique distribution characteristics and their pricing structures are highly driven by the market and competitive environment at the time of their initial offering when their fee structures were established.

The Board considered information on revenues, costs and profits realized by the Adviser, which was prepared by Management in accordance with the allocation methodology (including related assumptions) specified in the 15(c) Methodology Guide. In analyzing the profitability of the Adviser in connection with its services to the Trust, the Board took into account the sub-advisory fee rate payable by the Adviser to the Sub-Adviser. In addition, the Board considered information that it requested and was provided by Management with respect to the profitability of service providers affiliated with the Adviser and Sub-Adviser.

The Board recognized that profitability analysis is not an exact science and there is no uniform methodology for determining profitability for this purpose. In this context, the Board realized that Management's calculations regarding its costs incurred in establishing the infrastructure necessary for the Trust's operations may not be fully reflected in the expenses allocated to the Trust in determining profitability, and that the information presented may not portray all of the costs borne by Management or capture Management's entrepreneurial risk associated with offering and managing a mutual fund complex in the current regulatory and market environment. In addition, the Board recognized that the use of different methodologies for purposes of calculating profit data can give rise to dramatically different profit and loss results.

In making its determinations, the Board based its conclusions on the reasonableness of the advisory fee of the Adviser. The Board determined that the fees payable to the Adviser and the Sub-Adviser are reasonable for the services that each performs, which were considered in light of the nature and quality of the services that each has performed and is expected to perform.

Conclusion

After its deliberation, the Board reached the following conclusions: (1) the Trust's management fee rate is reasonable in the context of all factors considered by the Board; (2) the Trust's expense ratio is reasonable in the context of all factors considered by the Board; (3) Management would continue to monitor, and the Board or its Investment Review Committee would periodically review, the Trust's investment performance; and (4) the sub-advisory fee rate payable by the Adviser to the Sub-Adviser is reasonable in the context of all factors considered by the Board. Based on these conclusions and other factors, the Board voted to renew the Advisory and Sub-Advisory Contracts for the Trust for the year ending November 30, 2011. During this renewal process, different Board members may have given different weight to different individual factors and related conclusions.

Investment Adviser

ING Investments, LLC

7337 East Doubletree Ranch Road, Suite 100

Scottsdale, Arizona 85258

Sub-Adviser

ING Investment Management Co.

230 Park Avenue

New York, NY 10169

Institutional Investors and Analysts

Call ING Prime Rate Trust

1-800-336-3436, Extension 2217

Administrator

ING Funds Services, LLC

7337 East Doubletree Ranch Road, Suite 100

Scottsdale, Arizona 85258

1-800-992-0180

Written Requests

Please mail all account inquiries and other comments to:

ING Prime Rate Trust Account

c/o ING Fund Services, LLC

7337 East Doubletree Ranch Road, Suite 100

Scottsdale, Arizona 85258

Distributor

ING Investments Distributor, LLC

7337 East Doubletree Ranch Road, Suite 100

Scottsdale, Arizona 85258

1-800-334-3444

Transfer Agent

BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (U.S.) Inc. (formerly, PNC Global Investment Servicing (U.S.) Inc.)

301 Bellevue Parkway

Wilmington, Delaware 19809

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

KPMG LLP

Two Financial Center

60 South Street

Boston, Massachusetts 02111

Custodian

State Street Bank and Trust Company

801 Pennsylvania Avenue

Kansas City, Missouri 64105

Legal Counsel

Dechert LLP

1775 I Street, N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20006

Toll-Free Shareholder Information

Call us from 9:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Eastern time on any business day for account or other information, at (800)-992-0180

For more complete information, or to obtain a prospectus on any ING Fund, please call your Investment Professional or ING Investments Distributor, LLC at (800) 992-0180 or log on to www.ingfunds.com. The prospectus should be read carefully before investing. Consider the Trust's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses carefully before investing. The prospectus contains this information and other information about the Trust.

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Item 2. Code of Ethics.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, Registrant had adopted a code of ethics, as defined in Item 2 of Form N-CSR, that applies to the Registrant s principal executive officer and principal financial officer. There were no amendments to the Code during the period covered by the report. The Registrant did not grant any waivers, including implicit waivers, from any provisions of the Code during the period covered by this report. The code of ethics is filed herewith pursuant to Item 10(a)(1), Exhibit 99.CODE ETH.

Item 3. Audit Committee Financial Expert.

The Board of Trustees has determined that J.Michael Earley and Peter Drotch are an audit committee financial experts, as defined in Item 3 of Form N-CSR. Mr. Earley and Mr. Drotch are independent for purposes of Item 3 of Form N-CSR.

Item 4. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

(a) <u>Audit Fees</u> : The aggregate fees billed for each of the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by KPMG LLP (KPMG), the principal accountant for the audit of the registrant s annual financial statements, for services that are normally provided by the accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for those fiscal years were \$73,500 for year ended February 28, 2011 and \$66,000 for year ended February 28, 2010.
(b) <u>Audit-Related Fees</u> : The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for assurance and related services by KPMG that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit of the registrant s financial statements and are not reported under paragraph (a) of this Item were \$2,150 for the year ended February 28, 2011 and \$2,150 for the year ended February 28, 2010.
(c) <u>Tax Fees</u> : The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by KPMG for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning were \$6,648 in the year ended February 28, 2011 and \$5,315 in the year ended February 28, 2010. Such services included review of excise distribution calculations (if applicable), preparation of the Funds federal, state and excise tax returns, tax services related to mergers and routine consulting.
(d) <u>All Other Fees</u> : None
(e) (1) Audit Committee Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures
2

AUDIT AND NON-AUDIT SERVICES PRE-APPROVAL POLICY

I. Statement of Principles

Under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the Act), the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors or Trustees (the Committee) of the ING Funds (each a Fund, collectively, the Funds) set out on Exhibit A to this Audit and Non-Audit Services Pre-Approval Policy (Policy) is responsible for the oversight of the work of the Funds independent auditors. As part of its responsibilities, the Committee must pre-approve the audit and non-audit services performed by the auditors in order to assure that the provision of these services does not impair the auditors independence from the Funds. The Committee has adopted, and the Board has ratified, this Policy, which sets out the procedures and conditions under which the services of the independent auditors may be pre-approved.

Under Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) rules promulgated in accordance with the Act, the Funds may establish two different approaches to pre-approving audit and non-audit services. The Committee may approve services without consideration of specific case-by-case services (general pre-approval) or it may pre-approve specific services (specific pre-approval). The Committee believes that the combination of these approaches contemplated in this Policy results in an effective and efficient method for pre-approving audit and non-audit services to be performed by the Funds independent auditors. Under this Policy, services that are not of a type that may receive general pre-approval require specific pre-approval by the Committee. Any proposed services that exceed pre-approved cost levels or budgeted amounts will also require the Committee specific pre-approval.

For both types of approval, the Committee considers whether the subject services are consistent with the SEC s rules on auditor independence and that such services are compatible with maintaining the auditors independence. The Committee also considers whether a particular audit firm is in the best position to provide effective and efficient services to the Funds. Reasons that the auditors are in the best position include the auditors familiarity with the Funds business, personnel, culture, accounting systems, risk profile, and other factors, and whether the services will enhance the Funds ability to manage and control risk or improve audit quality. Such factors will be considered as a whole, with no one factor being determinative.

The appendices attached to this Policy describe the audit, audit-related, tax-related, and other services that have the Committee s general pre-approval. For any service that has been approved through general pre-approval, the general pre-approval will remain in place for a period 12 months from the date of pre-approval, unless the Committee determines that a different period is appropriate. The Committee will annually review and pre-approve the services that may be provided by the independent auditors without specific pre-approval. The Committee will revise the list of services subject to general pre-approval as appropriate. This Policy does not serve as a delegation to Fund management of the Committee s duty to pre-approve services performed by the Funds independent auditors.

II. Audit Services

The annual audit services engagement terms and fees are subject to the Committee s specific pre-approval. Audit services are those services that are normally provided by auditors in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements or those that generally only independent auditors can reasonably provide. They include the Funds annual financial statement audit and procedures that the independent auditors must perform in order to form an opinion on the Funds financial statements (*e.g.*, information systems and procedural reviews and testing). The Committee will monitor the audit services engagement and approve any changes in terms, conditions or fees deemed by the Committee to be necessary or appropriate.

The Committee may grant general pre-approval to other audit services, such as statutory audits and services associated with SEC registration statements, periodic reports and other documents filed with the SEC or issued in connection with securities offerings.

The Committee has pre-approved the audit services listed on Appendix A. The Committee must specifically approve all audit services not listed on Appendix A.

III. Audit-related Services

Audit-related services are assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or the review of the Funds financial statements or are traditionally performed by the independent auditors. The Committee believes that the provision of audit-related services will not impair the independent auditors independence, and therefore may grant pre-approval to audit-related services. Audit-related services include accounting consultations related to accounting, financial reporting or disclosure matters not classified as audit services; assistance with understanding and implementing new accounting and financial reporting guidance from rulemaking authorities; agreed-upon or expanded audit procedures relating to accounting and/or billing records required to respond to or comply with financial, accounting or regulatory reporting matters; and assistance with internal control reporting requirements under Form N-SAR or Form N-CSR.

The Committee has pre-approved the audit-related services listed on Appendix B. The Committee must specifically approve all audit-related services not listed on Appendix B.

IV. Tax Services

The Committee believes the independent auditors can provide tax services to the Funds, including tax compliance, tax planning, and tax advice, without compromising the auditors independence. Therefore, the Committee may grant general pre-approval with respect to tax services historically provided by the Funds independent auditors that do not, in the Committee s view, impair auditor independence and that are consistent with the SEC s rules on auditor independence.

The Committee will not grant pre-approval if the independent auditors initially recommends a transaction the sole business purpose of which is tax avoidance and the tax treatment of which may not be supported in the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations. The Committee may consult

outside counsel to determine that tax planning and reporting positions are consistent with this Policy.

The Committee has pre-approved the tax-related services listed on Appendix C. The Committee must specifically approve all tax-related services not listed on Appendix C.

V. Other Services

The Committee believes it may grant approval of non-audit services that are permissible services for independent auditors to a Fund. The Committee has determined to grant general pre-approval to other services that it believes are routine and recurring, do not impair auditor independence, and are consistent with SEC rules on auditor independence.

The Committee has pre-approved the non-audit services listed on Appendix D. The Committee must specifically approve all non-audit services not listed on Appendix D.

A list of the SEC s prohibited non-audit services is attached to this Policy as Appendix E. The SEC s rules and relevant guidance should be consulted to determine the precise definitions of these impermissible services and the applicability of exceptions to certain of the SEC s prohibitions.

VI. Pre-approval of Fee levels and Budgeted Amounts

The Committee will annually establish pre-approval fee levels or budgeted amounts for audit, audit-related, tax and non-audit services to be provided to the Funds by the independent auditors. Any proposed services exceeding these levels or amounts require the Committee specific pre-approval. The Committee considers fees for audit and non-audit services when deciding whether to pre-approve services. The Committee may determine, for a pre-approval period of 12 months, the appropriate ratio between the total amount of fees for the Funds audit, audit-related, and tax services (including fees for services provided to Fund affiliates that are subject to pre-approval), and the total amount of fees for certain permissible non-audit services for the Fund classified as other services (including any such services provided to Fund affiliates that are subject to pre-approval).

VII. Procedures

Requests or applications for services to be provided by the independent auditors will be submitted to management. If management determines that the services do not fall within those services generally pre-approved by the Committee and set out in the appendices to these procedures, management will submit the services to the Committee or its delagee. Any such submission will include a detailed description of the services to be rendered. Notwithstanding this paragraph, the Committee will, on a quarterly basis, receive from the independent auditors a list of services provided for the previous calendar quarter on a cumulative basis by the auditors during the Pre-Approval Period.

VIII. Delegation

The Committee may delegate pre-approval authority to one or more of the Committee s members. Any member or members to whom such pre-approval authority is delegated must report any pre-approval decisions, including any pre-approved services, to the Committee at its next scheduled meeting. The Committee will identify any member to whom pre-approval authority is delegated in writing. The member will retain such authority for a period of 12 months from the date of pre-approval unless the Committee determines that a different period is appropriate. The period of delegated authority may be terminated by the Committee or at the option of the member.

IX. Additional Requirements

The Committee will take any measures the Committee deems necessary or appropriate to oversee the work of the independent auditors and to assure the auditors independence from the Funds. This may include reviewing a formal written statement from the independent auditors delineating all relationships between the auditors and the Funds, consistent with Independence Standards Board No. 1, and discussing with the auditors their methods and procedures for ensuring independence.

Effective April 23, 2008, the KPMG LLP (KPMG) audit team for the ING Funds accepted the global responsibility for monitoring the auditor independence for KPMG relative to the ING Funds. Using a proprietary system called Sentinel, the audit team is able to identify and manage potential conflicts of interest across the member firms of the KPMG International Network and prevent the provision of prohibited services to the ING entities that would impair KPMG independence with the respect to the ING Funds. In addition to receiving pre-approval from the ING Funds Audit Committee for services provided to the ING Funds and for services for ING entities in the Investment Company Complex, the audit team has developed a process for periodic notification via email to the ING Funds—Audit Committee Chairpersons regarding requests to provide services to ING Groep NV and its affiliates from KPMG offices worldwide. Additionally, KPMG provides a quarterly summary of the fees for services that have commenced for ING Groep NV and Affiliates at each Audit Committee Meeting.

Last Approved: September 29, 2010

Appendix A
Pre-Approved Audit Services for the Pre-Approval Period September 29, 2010 through December 31, 2011

Service	The Fund(s)	Fee Range
Statutory audits or financial audits (including tax services associated with audit services)	X	As presented to Audit Committee(1)
Services associated with SEC registration statements, periodic reports and other documents filed with the SEC or other documents issued in connection with securities offerings (<i>e.g.</i> , consents), and assistance in responding to SEC comment letters.	Х	Not to exceed \$9,750 per filing
Consultations by Fund management with respect to accounting or disclosure treatment of transactions or events and/or the actual or potential effect of final or proposed rules, standards or interpretations by the SEC, Financial Accounting Standards Board, or other regulatory or standard setting bodies.	X	Not to exceed \$8,000 during the Pre-Approval Period
Seed capital audit and related review and issuance of consent on the N-2 registration statement	X	Not to exceed \$13,000 per audit

⁽¹⁾ For new Funds launched during the Pre-Approval Period, the fee ranges pre-approved will be the same as those for existing Funds, pro-rated in accordance with inception dates as provided in the auditors Proposal or any Engagement Letter covering the period at issue. Fees in the Engagement Letter will be controlling.

Appendix B Pre-Approved Audit-Related Services for the Pre-Approval Period September 29, 2010 through December 31, 2011

Service	The Fund(s)	Fund Affiliates	Fee Range
Services related to Fund mergers (Excludes tax services See Appendix C for tax services associated with Fund mergers)	X	Х	Not to exceed \$10,000 per merger
Consultations by Fund management with respect to accounting or disclosure treatment of transactions or events and/or the actual or potential effect of final or proposed rules, standards or interpretations by the SEC, Financial Accounting Standards Board, or other regulatory or standard setting bodies. [Note: Under SEC rules some consultations may be audit services and others may be audit-related services.]	x		Not to exceed \$5,000 per occurrence during the Pre-Approval Period
,			
Review of the Funds semi-annual and quarterly financial statements	X		Not to exceed \$2,400 per set of financial statements per fund
Reports to regulatory or government agencies related to the annual engagement	X		Up to \$5,000 per occurrence during the Pre-Approval Period
Regulatory compliance assistance	X	X	Not to exceed \$5,000 per quarter
Training courses		X	Not to exceed \$2,000 per course
For Prime Rate Trust, agreed upon procedures for quarterly reports to rating agencies	X		Not to exceed \$9,450 per quarter

Appendix C

Pre-Approved Tax Services for the Pre-Approval Period September 29, 2010 through December 31, 2011

Service	The Fund(s)	Fund Affiliates	Fee Range
Preparation of federal and state income tax returns and federal excise tax returns for the Funds including assistance and review with excise tax distributions	Х		As presented to Audit Committee(2)
Review of IRC Sections 851(b) and 817(h) diversification testing on a real-time basis	Х		As presented to Audit Committee(2)
Assistance and advice regarding year-end reporting for 1099 s	X		As presented to Audit Committee(2)
Tax assistance and advice regarding statutory, regulatory or administrative developments	x	X	Not to exceed \$5,000 for the Funds or for the Funds investment adviser during the Pre-Approval Period

⁽²⁾ For new Funds launched during the Pre-Approval Period, the fee ranges pre-approved will be the same as those for existing Funds, pro-rated in accordance with inception dates as provided in the auditors Proposal or any Engagement Letter covering the period at issue. Fees in the Engagement Letter will be controlling.

Service	The Fund(s)	Fund Affiliates	Fee Range
Tax training courses		х	Not to exceed \$2,000 per course during the Pre-Approval Period
Tax services associated with Fund mergers	X	X	Not to exceed \$4,000 per fund per merger during the Pre-Approval Period
Other tax-related assistance and consultation, including, without limitation, assistance in evaluating derivative financial instruments and international tax issues, qualification and distribution issues, and similar routine tax consultations.	х		Not to exceed \$120,000 during the Pre-Approval Period

 $\label{eq:continuous} Appendix\ D$ Pre-Approved Other Services for the Pre-Approval Period September 29 , 2010 through December 31, 2011

Service	The Fund(s)	Fund Affiliates	Fee Range
Agreed-upon procedures for Class B share 12b-1 programs		X	Not to exceed \$60,000 during the Pre-Approval Period
Security counts performed pursuant to Rule 17f-2 of the 1940 Act (<i>i.e.</i> , counts for Funds holding securities with affiliated sub-custodians) Cost to be borne 50% by the Funds and 50% by ING Investments, LLC.	Х	X	Not to exceed \$5,000 per Fund during the Pre-Approval Period
Cost to be bonne 30 % by the Funds and 30 % by 11 to investments, 220.			
Agreed upon procedures for 15 (c) FACT Books	x		Not to exceed \$35,000 during the Pre-Approval Period

Appendix E				
Prohibited Dated:	Non-Audit Services September 29. 2010 to December 31, 2011			
•	Bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements of the Funds			
•	Financial information systems design and implementation			
•	Appraisal or valuation services, fairness opinions, or contribution-in-kind reports			
•	Actuarial services			
•	Internal audit outsourcing services			
•	Management functions			
•	Human resources			
•	Broker-dealer, investment adviser, or investment banking services			
•	Legal services			
•	Expert services unrelated to the audit			
•	Any other service that the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board determines, by regulation, is impermissible			

EXHIBIT A

ING EQUITY TRUST

ING FUNDS TRUST

ING ASIA PACIFIC HIGH DIVIDEND EQUITY INCOME FUND

ING GLOBAL ADVANTAGE AND PREMIUM OPPORTUNITY FUND

ING GLOBAL EQUITY DIVIDEND AND PREMIUM OPPORTUNITY FUND

ING INTERNATIONAL HIGH DIVIDEND EQUITY INCOME FUND

ING INFRASTRUCTURE, INDUSTRIALS, AND MATERIALS FUND

ING RISK MANAGED NATURAL RESOURCES FUNDING INVESTORS TRUST

ING MAYFLOWER TRUST

ING MUTUAL FUNDS

ING PARTNERS, INC.

ING PRIME RATE TRUST

ING SENIOR INCOME FUND

ING SEPARATE PORTFOLIOS TRUST

ING VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

ING VARIABLE PRODUCTS TRUST

(e) (2)	Percentage of services referred to in 4(b) (4)(d) that were approved by the audit committee
	100% of the services were approved by the audit committee.
(f) greater	Percentage of hours expended attributable to work performed by other than full time employees of KPMG if than 50%.
Not app	licable.
with th	Non-Audit Fees: The non-audit fees billed by the registrant s accountant for services rendered to the registrant, ndered to the registrant s investment adviser, and any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control the adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant for each of the last two fiscal years of the registrant 1,084,113 for year ended February 28, 2011 and \$2,011,031 for fiscal year ended February 28, 2010.
or under	<u>Principal Accountants Independence:</u> The Registrant s Audit committee has considered whether the provision -audit services that were rendered to the registrant s investment adviser and any entity controlling, controlled by, er common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant that were not proved pursuant to Rule 2-01(c)(7)(ii) of Regulation S-X is compatible with maintaining KPMG s indence.
	3

Item 5. Audit Committee of Listed Registrants.
 a. The registrant has a separately-designated standing audit committee. The members are J. Michael Earley, Patricia W. Chadwick and Peter S. Drotch.
b. Not applicable.
Item 6. Schedule of Investments
Schedule is included as part of the report to shareholders filed under Item 1 of this Form.
Item 7. Disclosure of Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures for Closed-End Management Investment companies.

ING FUNDS
PROXY VOTING PROCEDURES AND GUIDELINES
Effective Date: July 10, 2003
Revision Date: March 3, 2011

I. INTRODUCTION

The following are the Proxy Voting Procedures and Guidelines (the Procedures and Guidelines) of the ING Funds set forth on *Exhibit 1* attached hereto and each portfolio or series thereof, except for any Sub-Adviser-Voted Series identified on *Exhibit 1* and further described in Section III below (each non-Sub-Adviser-Voted Series hereinafter referred to as a Fund and collectively, the Funds). The purpose of these Procedures and Guidelines is to set forth the process by which each Fund subject to these Procedures and Guidelines will vote proxies related to the equity assets in its investment portfolio (the portfolio securities). The term proxies as used herein shall include votes in connection with annual and special meetings of equity stockholders but not those regarding bankruptcy matters and/or related plans of reorganization. The Procedures and Guidelines have been approved by the Funds Boards of Trustees/Directors(1) (each a Board and collectively, the Boards), including a majority of the independent Trustees/Directors(2) of the Board. These Procedures and Guidelines may be amended only by the Board. The Board shall review these Procedures and Guidelines at its discretion, and make any revisions thereto as deemed appropriate by the Board.

II. COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

The Boards hereby delegate to the Compliance Committee of each Board (each a Committee and collectively, the Committees) the authority and responsibility to oversee the implementation of these Procedures and Guidelines, and where applicable, to make determinations on behalf of the Board with respect to the voting of proxies on behalf of each Fund. Furthermore, the Boards hereby delegate to each Committee the authority to review and approve material changes to proxy voting procedures of any Fund s investment adviser (the Adviser). The Proxy Voting Procedures of the Adviser (the Adviser Procedures) are attached hereto as *Exhibit 2*. Any determination regarding the voting of proxies of each Fund

⁽¹⁾ Reference in these Procedures to one or more Funds shall, as applicable, mean those Funds that are under the jurisdiction of the particular Board or Compliance Committee at issue. No provision in these Procedures is intended to impose any duty upon the particular Board or Compliance Committee with respect to any other Fund.

⁽²⁾ The independent Trustees/Directors are those Board members who are not interested persons of the Funds within the meaning of Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

that is made by a Committee, or any member thereof, as permitted herein, shall be deemed to be a good faith determination regarding the voting of proxies by the full Board. Each Committee may rely on the Adviser through the Agent, Proxy Coordinator and/or Proxy Group (as such terms are defined for purposes of the Adviser Procedures) to deal in the first instance with the application of these Procedures and Guidelines. Each Committee shall conduct itself in accordance with its charter.

III. DELEGATION OF VOTING AUTHORITY

Except as otherwise provided for herein, the Board hereby delegates to the Adviser to each Fund the authority and responsibility to vote all proxies with respect to all portfolio securities of the Fund in accordance with then current proxy voting procedures and guidelines that have been approved by the Board. The Board may revoke such delegation with respect to any proxy or proposal, and assume the responsibility of voting any Fund proxy or proxies as it deems appropriate. Non-material amendments to the Procedures and Guidelines may be approved for immediate implementation by the President or Chief Financial Officer of a Fund, subject to ratification at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Compliance Committee.

A Board may elect to delegate the voting of proxies to the Sub-Adviser of a portfolio or series of the ING Funds. In so doing, the Board shall also approve the Sub-Adviser s proxy policies for implementation on behalf of such portfolio or series (a Sub-Adviser-Voted Series). Sub-Adviser-Voted Series shall not be covered under these Procedures and Guidelines but rather shall be covered by such Sub-Adviser s proxy policies, provided that the Board, including a majority of the independent Trustees/Directors(1), has approved them on behalf of such Sub-Adviser-Voted Series, and ratifies any subsequent changes at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Compliance Committee and the Board.

When a Fund participates in the lending of its securities and the securities are on loan at record date, proxies related to such securities will not be forwarded to the Adviser by the Fund s custodian and therefore will not be voted. However, the Adviser shall use best efforts to recall or restrict specific securities from loan for the purpose of facilitating a material vote as described in the Adviser Procedures.

Funds that are funds-of-funds will echo vote their interests in underlying mutual funds, which may include ING Funds (or portfolios or series thereof) other than those set forth on *Exhibit 1* attached hereto. This means that, if the fund-of-funds must vote on a proposal with respect to an underlying investment company, the fund-of-funds will vote its interest in that underlying fund in the same proportion all other shareholders in the investment company voted their interests.

A fund that is a feeder fund in a master-feeder structure does not echo vote. Rather, it passes votes requested by the underlying master fund to its shareholders. This means that, if the feeder

⁽¹⁾ The independent Trustees/Directors are those Board members who are not interested persons of the Funds within the meaning of Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

fund is solicited by the master fund, it will request instructions from its own shareholders, either directly or, in the case of an insurance-dedicated Fund, through an insurance product or retirement plan, as to the manner in which to vote its interest in an underlying master fund.

When a Fund is a feeder in a master-feeder structure, proxies for the portfolio securities owned by the master fund will be voted pursuant to the master fund s proxy voting policies and procedures. As such, and except as otherwise noted herein with respect to vote reporting requirements, feeder Funds shall not be subject to these Procedures and Guidelines.

IV. APPROVAL AND REVIEW OF PROCEDURES

Each Fund s Adviser has adopted proxy voting procedures in connection with the voting of portfolio securities for the Funds as attached hereto in *Exhibit 2*. The Board hereby approves such procedures. All material changes to the Adviser Procedures must be approved by the Board or the Compliance Committee prior to implementation; however, the President or Chief Financial Officer of a Fund may make such non-material changes as they deem appropriate, subject to ratification by the Board or the Compliance Committee at its next regularly scheduled meeting.

V. VOTING PROCEDURES AND GUIDELINES

The Guidelines that are set forth in *Exhibit 3* hereto specify the manner in which the Funds generally will vote with respect to the proposals discussed therein.

Unless otherwise noted, the defined terms used hereafter shall have the same meaning as defined in the Adviser Procedures

A. Routine Matters

The Agent shall be instructed to submit a vote in accordance with the Guidelines where such Guidelines provide a clear policy (*e.g.*, For, Against, Withhold or Abstain) on a proposal. However, the Agent shall be directed to refer any proxy proposal to the Proxy Coordinator for instructions as if it were a matter requiring case-by-case consideration under circumstances where the application of the Guidelines is unclear, it appears to involve unusual or controversial issues, or an Investment Professional (as such term is defined for purposes of the Adviser Procedures) recommends a vote contrary to the Guidelines.

B. Matters Requiring Case-by-Case Consideration

The Agent shall be directed to refer proxy proposals accompanied by its written analysis and voting recommendation to the Proxy Coordinator where the Guidelines have noted case-by-case consideration.

Upon receipt of a referral from the Agent, the Proxy Coordinator may solicit additional research from the Agent, Investment Professional(s), as well as from any other source or

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Except in cases in which the Proxy Group has previously provided the Proxy Coordinator with standing instructions to vote in accordance with the Agent s recommendation, the Proxy Coordinator will forward the Agent s analysis and recommendation and/or any research obtained from the Investment Professional(s), the Agent or any other source to the Proxy Group. The Proxy Group may consult with the Agent and/or Investment Professional(s), as it deems necessary.

The Proxy Coordinator shall use best efforts to convene the Proxy Group with respect to all matters requiring its consideration. In the event quorum requirements cannot be timely met in connection with a voting deadline, it shall be the policy of the Funds to vote in accordance with the Agent's recommendation, unless the Agent's recommendation is deemed to be conflicted as provided for under the Adviser Procedures, in which case no action shall be taken on such matter (*i.e.*, a Non-Vote).

1. Within-Guidelines Votes: Votes in Accordance with a Fund s Guidelines and/or, where applicable, Agent Recommendation

In the event the Proxy Group, and where applicable, any Investment Professional participating in the voting process, recommend a vote Within Guidelines, the Proxy Group will instruct the Agent, through the Proxy Coordinator, to vote in this manner. Except as provided for herein, no Conflicts Report (as such term is defined for purposes of the Adviser Procedures) is required in connection with Within-Guidelines Votes.

2. Non-Votes: Votes in Which No Action is Taken

The Proxy Group may recommend that a Fund refrain from voting under circumstances including, but not limited to, the following: (1) if the economic effect on shareholders—interests or the value of the portfolio holding is indeterminable or insignificant, *e.g.*, proxies in connection with fractional shares, securities no longer held in the portfolio of an ING Fund or proxies being considered on behalf of a Fund that is no longer in existence; or (2) if the cost of voting a proxy outweighs the benefits, *e.g.*, certain international proxies, particularly in cases in which share blocking practices may impose trading restrictions on the relevant portfolio security. In such instances, the Proxy Group may instruct the Agent, through the Proxy Coordinator, not to vote such proxy. The Proxy Group may provide the Proxy Coordinator with standing instructions on parameters that would dictate a Non-Vote without the Proxy Group s review of a specific proxy.

Reasonable efforts shall be made to secure and vote all other proxies for the Funds, but, particularly in markets in which shareholders rights are limited, Non-Votes may also occur in connection with a Fund s related inability to timely

access ballots or other proxy information in connection with its portfolio securities.

Non-Votes may also result in certain cases in which the Agent s recommendation has been deemed to be conflicted, as described in V.B. above and V.B.4. below.

3. **Out-of-Guidelines Votes:** Votes Contrary to Procedures and Guidelines, or Agent Recommendation, where applicable, Where No Recommendation is Provided by Agent, or Where Agent s Recommendation is Conflicted

If the Proxy Group recommends that a Fund vote contrary to the Guidelines, or the recommendation of the Agent, where applicable, if the Agent has made no recommendation on a matter and the Procedures and Guidelines are silent, or the Agent s recommendation on a matter is deemed to be conflicted as provided for under the Adviser Procedures, the Proxy Coordinator will then request that all members of the Proxy Group, including any members who abstained from voting on the matter or were not in attendance at the meeting at which the relevant proxy is being considered, and each Investment Professional participating in the voting process complete a Conflicts Report (as such term is defined for purposes of the Adviser Procedures). As provided for in the Adviser Procedures, the Proxy Coordinator shall be responsible for identifying to Counsel potential conflicts of interest with respect to the Agent.

If Counsel determines that a conflict of interest appears to exist with respect to the Agent, any member of the Proxy Group or the participating Investment Professional(s), the Proxy Coordinator will then contact the Compliance Committee(s) and forward to such Committee(s) all information relevant to their review, including the following materials or a summary thereof: the applicable Procedures and Guidelines, the recommendation of the Agent, where applicable, the recommendation of the Investment Professional(s), where applicable, any resources used by the Proxy Group in arriving at its recommendation, the Conflicts Report and any other written materials establishing whether a conflict of interest exists, and findings of Counsel (as such term is defined for purposes of the Adviser Procedures). Upon Counsel s finding that a conflict of interest exists with respect to one or more members of the Proxy Group or the Advisers generally, the remaining members of the Proxy Group shall not be required to complete a Conflicts Report in connection with the proxy.

If Counsel determines that there does not appear to be a conflict of interest with respect to the Agent, any member of the Proxy Group or the participating Investment Professional(s), the Proxy Coordinator will instruct the Agent to vote the proxy as recommended by the Proxy Group.

4. Referrals to a Fund s Compliance Committee

A Fund s Compliance Committee may consider all recommendations, analysis, research and Conflicts Reports provided to it by the Agent, Proxy Group and/or Investment Professional(s), and any other written materials used to establish whether a conflict of interest exists, in determining how to vote the proxies referred to the Committee. The Committee will instruct the Agent through the Proxy Coordinator how to vote such referred proposals.

The Proxy Coordinator shall use best efforts to timely refer matters to a Fund s Committee for its consideration. In the event any such matter cannot be timely referred to or considered by the Committee, it shall be the policy of the Funds to vote in accordance with the Agent s recommendation, unless the Agent s recommendation is conflicted on a matter, in which case no action shall be taken on such matter (*i.e.*, a Non-Vote).

The Proxy Coordinator will maintain a record of all proxy questions that have been referred to a Fund s Committee, as well as all applicable recommendations, analysis, research and Conflicts Reports.

VI. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

In all cases in which a vote has not been clearly determined in advance by the Procedures and Guidelines or for which the Proxy Group recommends an Out-of-Guidelines Vote, and Counsel has determined that a conflict of interest appears to exist with respect to the Agent, any member of the Proxy Group, or any Investment Professional participating in the voting process, the proposal shall be referred to the Fund s Committee for determination so that the Adviser shall have no opportunity to vote a Fund s proxy in a situation in which it or the Agent may be deemed to have a conflict of interest. In the event a member of a Fund s Committee believes he/she has a conflict of interest that would preclude him/her from making a voting determination in the best interests of the beneficial owners of the applicable Fund, such Committee member shall so advise the Proxy Coordinator and recuse himself/herself with respect to determinations regarding the relevant proxy.

VII. REPORTING AND RECORD RETENTION

Annually in August, each Fund will post its proxy voting record, or a link thereto, for the prior one-year period ending on June 30th on the ING Funds website. The proxy voting record for each Fund will also be available on Form N-PX in the EDGAR database on the SEC s website. For any Fund that is a feeder in a master/feeder structure, no proxy voting record related to the portfolio securities owned by the master fund will be posted on the ING Funds website or included in the Fund s Form N-PX; however, a cross-reference to the master fund s proxy voting record as filed in the SEC s EDGAR database will be included in the Fund s Form N-PX and posted on the ING Funds website. If any feeder fund was solicited for vote by its underlying master fund during the reporting period, a record of the votes cast by means of the pass-through process described in Section III above will be included on the ING Funds website and in the Fund s Form N-PX.

EXHIBIT 1

to the

ING Funds

Proxy Voting Procedures

ING ASIA PACIFIC HIGH DIVIDEND EQUITY INCOME FUND $\label{eq:partial} \text{ING EMERGING MARKETS HIGH DIVIDEND EQUITY FUND }$ ING EMERGING MARKETS LOCAL BOND FUND

ING EQUITY TRUST

ING FUNDS TRUST

ING GLOBAL ADVANTAGE AND PREMIUM OPPORTUNITY FUND

ING GLOBAL EQUITY DIVIDEND AND PREMIUM OPPORTUNITY FUND

ING INFRASTRUCTURE, INDUSTRIALS AND MATERIALS FUND

ING INTERNATIONAL HIGH DIVIDEND EQUITY INCOME FUND

ING INVESTORS TRUST(1)

ING MAYFLOWER TRUST

ING MUTUAL FUNDS

ING PARTNERS, INC.

ING PRIME RATE TRUST

ING RISK MANAGED NATURAL RESOURCES FUND

ING SENIOR INCOME FUND

ING SEPARATE PORTFOLIOS TRUST

ING VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

ING VARIABLE PRODUCTS TRUST

⁽¹⁾ Sub-Adviser-Voted Series: ING Franklin Mutual Shares Portfolio

EXHIBIT 2
to the
ING Funds
Proxy Voting Procedures
ING INVESTMENTS, LLC,
ING INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT CO.
AND
DIRECTED SERVICES LLC
PROXY VOTING PROCEDURES
I. INTRODUCTION
ING Investments, LLC, ING Investment Management Co. and Directed Services LLC (each an Adviser and collectively, the Advisers) are the investment advisers for the registered investment companies and each series or portfolio thereof (each a Fund and collectively, the Funds) comprising the ING family of funds. As such, the Advisers have been delegated the authority to vote proxies with respect to securities for certain Funds over which they have day-to-day portfolio management responsibility.
The Advisers will abide by the proxy voting guidelines adopted by a Fund s respective Board of Directors or Trustees (each a Board and collectively, the Boards) with regard to the voting of proxies unless otherwise provided in the proxy voting procedures adopted by a Fund s Board.

The following are the Proxy Voting Procedures of ING Investments, LLC, ING Investment Management Co. and Directed Services LLC (the Adviser Procedures) with respect to the voting of proxies on behalf of their client Funds as approved by the respective Board of each Fund.

In voting proxies, the Advisers are guided by general fiduciary principles. Each must act prudently, solely in the interest of the beneficial owners of the Funds it manages. The Advisers will not subordinate the interest of beneficial owners to unrelated objectives. Each Adviser will

vote proxies in the manner that it believes will do the most to maximize shareholder value.

II. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Proxy Coordinator

The Proxy Coordinator identified in *Appendix 1* will assist in the coordination of the voting of each Fund s proxies in accordance with the ING Funds Proxy Voting Procedures and Guidelines (the Procedures or Guidelines and collectively the Procedures and Guidelines). The Proxy Coordinator is authorized to direct the Agent to vote a Fund s proxy in accordance with the Procedures and Guidelines unless the Proxy Coordinator receives a recommendation from an Investment Professional (as described below) to vote contrary to the Guidelines. In such event, and in connection with proxy proposals requiring case-by-case consideration (except in cases in which the Proxy Group has previously provided the Proxy Coordinator with standing instructions to vote in accordance with the Agent s recommendation), the Proxy Coordinator will call a meeting of the Proxy Group (as described below).

Responsibilities assigned herein to the Proxy Coordinator, or activities in support thereof, may be performed by such members of the Proxy Group or employees of the Advisers affiliates as are deemed appropriate by the Proxy Group.

Unless specified otherwise, information provided to the Proxy Coordinator in connection with duties of the parties described herein shall be deemed delivered to the Advisers.

B. Agent

An independent proxy voting service (the Agent), as approved by the Board of each Fund, shall be engaged to assist in the voting of Fund proxies for publicly traded securities through the provision of vote analysis, implementation, recordkeeping and disclosure services. The Agent is Institutional Shareholder Services Inc., a subsidiary of MSCI Inc. The Agent is responsible for coordinating with the Funds custodians to ensure that all proxy materials received by the custodians relating to the portfolio securities are processed in a timely fashion. To the extent applicable, the Agent is required to vote and/or refer all proxies in accordance with these Adviser Procedures. The Agent will retain a record of all proxy votes handled by the Agent. Such record must reflect all the information required to be disclosed in a Fund s Form N-PX pursuant to Rule 30b1-4 under the Investment Company Act. In addition, the Agent is responsible for maintaining copies of all proxy statements received by issuers and to promptly provide such materials to the Adviser upon request.

The Agent shall be instructed to vote all proxies in accordance with a Fund s Guidelines, except as otherwise instructed through the Proxy Coordinator by the Adviser s Proxy Group or a Fund s Compliance Committee (Committee).

The Agent shall be instructed to obtain all proxies from the Funds custodians and to review each proxy proposal against the Guidelines. The Agent also shall be requested to call the Proxy Coordinator s attention to specific proxy proposals that although governed by the Guidelines appear to involve unusual or controversial issues.

Subject to the oversight of the Advisers, the Agent shall establish and maintain adequate internal controls and policies in connection with the provision of proxy voting services voting to the Advisers, including methods to reasonably ensure that its analysis and recommendations are not influenced by conflict of interest, and shall disclose such controls and policies to the Advisers when and as provided for herein. Unless otherwise specified, references herein to recommendations of the Agent shall refer to those in which no conflict of interest has been identified.

C. Proxy Group

The Adviser shall establish a Proxy Group (the Group or Proxy Group) which shall assist in the review of the Agent s recommendations when a proxy voting issue is referred to the Group through the Proxy Coordinator. The members of the Proxy Group, which may include employees of the Advisers affiliates, are identified in *Appendix 1*, as may be amended from time at the Advisers discretion.

A minimum of four (4) members of the Proxy Group (or three (3) if one member of the quorum is either the Fund's Chief Investment Risk Officer or Chief Financial Officer) shall constitute a quorum for purposes of taking action at any meeting of the Group. The vote of a simple majority of the members present and voting shall determine any matter submitted to a vote. Tie votes shall be broken by securing the vote of members not present at the meeting; provided, however, that the Proxy Coordinator shall ensure compliance with all applicable voting and conflict of interest procedures and shall use best efforts to secure votes from all or as many absent members as may reasonably be accomplished. A member of the Proxy Group may abstain from voting on any given matter, provided that quorum is not lost for purposes of taking action and that the abstaining member still participates in any conflict of interest processes required in connection with the matter. The Proxy Group may meet in person or by telephone. The Proxy Group also may take action via electronic mail in lieu of a meeting, provided that each Group member has received a copy of any relevant electronic mail transmissions circulated by each other participating Group member prior to voting and provided that the Proxy Coordinator follows the directions of a majority of a quorum (as defined above) responding via electronic mail. For all votes taken in person or by telephone or teleconference, the vote shall be taken outside the presence of any person other than the members of the Proxy Group and such other persons whose attendance may be deemed appropriate by the Proxy Group from time to time in furtherance of its duties or the day-to-day administration of the Funds. In its discretion, the Proxy Group may provide the Proxy Coordinator with standing instructions to perform responsibilities assigned herein to the Proxy Group, or activities in support thereof, on its behalf, provided that such

instructions do not contravene any requirements of these Adviser Procedures or a Fund s Procedures and Guidelines.

A meeting of the Proxy Group will be held whenever (1) the Proxy Coordinator receives a recommendation from an Investment Professional to vote a Fund s proxy contrary to the Guidelines, or the recommendation of the Agent, where applicable, (2) the Agent has made no recommendation with respect to a vote on a proposal, or (3) a matter requires case-by-case consideration, including those in which the Agent s recommendation is deemed to be conflicted as provided for under these Adviser Procedures, provided that, if the Proxy Group has previously provided the Proxy Coordinator with standing instructions to vote in accordance with the Agent s recommendation and no issue of conflict must be considered, the Proxy Coordinator may implement the instructions without calling a meeting of the Proxy Group.

For each proposal referred to the Proxy Group, it will review (1) the relevant Procedures and Guidelines, (2) the recommendation of the Agent, if any, (3) the recommendation of the Investment Professional(s), if any, and (4) any other resources that any member of the Proxy Group deems appropriate to aid in a determination of a recommendation.

If the Proxy Group recommends that a Fund vote in accordance with the Procedures and Guidelines, or the recommendation of the Agent, where applicable, it shall instruct the Proxy Coordinator to so advise the Agent.

If the Proxy Group recommends that a Fund vote contrary to the Guidelines, or the recommendation of the Agent, where applicable, or if the Agent s recommendation on a matter is deemed to be conflicted, it shall follow the procedures for such voting as established by a Fund s Board.

The Proxy Coordinator shall use best efforts to convene the Proxy Group with respect to all matters requiring its consideration. In the event quorum requirements cannot be timely met in connection with a voting deadline, the Proxy Coordinator shall follow the procedures for such voting as established by a Fund s Board.

D. Investment Professionals

The Funds Advisers, sub-advisers and/or portfolio managers (each referred to herein as an Investment Professional and collectively, Investment Professionals) may submit, or be asked to submit, a recommendation to the Proxy Group regarding the voting of proxies related to the portfolio securities over which they have day-to-day portfolio management responsibility. The Investment Professionals may accompany their recommendation with any other research materials that they deem appropriate or with a request that the vote be deemed material in the context of the portfolio(s) they manage, such that lending activity on behalf of such portfolio(s) with respect to the relevant security should be reviewed by the Proxy Group and considered for recall and/or

restriction. Input from the relevant sub-advisers and/or portfolio managers shall be given primary consideration in the Proxy Group s determination of whether a given proxy vote is to be deemed material and the associated security accordingly restricted from lending. The determination that a vote is material in the context of a Fund s portfolio shall not mean that such vote is considered material across all Funds voting that meeting. In order to recall or restrict shares timely for material voting purposes, the Proxy Group shall use best efforts to consider, and when deemed appropriate, to act upon, such requests timely, and requests to review lending activity in connection with a potentially material vote may be initiated by any relevant Investment Professional and submitted for the Proxy Group s consideration at any time.

III. VOTING PROCEDURES

A.	In all cases, the Adviser shall follow the voting procedures as set forth in the Procedures and Guidelines of the Fund on whose behalf
the A	Adviser is exercising delegated authority to vote.

B. Routine Matters

The Agent shall be instructed to submit a vote in accordance with the Guidelines where such Guidelines provide a clear policy (*e.g.*, For, Against, Withhold or Abstain) on a proposal. However, the Agent shall be directed to refer any proxy proposal to the Proxy Coordinator for instructions as if it were a matter requiring case-by-case consideration under circumstances where the application of the Guidelines is unclear, it appears to involve unusual or controversial issues, or an Investment Professional recommends a vote contrary to the Guidelines.

C. Matters Requiring Case-by-Case Consideration

The Agent shall be directed to refer proxy proposals accompanied by its written analysis and voting recommendation to the Proxy Coordinator where the Guidelines have noted case-by-case consideration.

Upon receipt of a referral from the Agent, the Proxy Coordinator may solicit additional research from the Agent, Investment Professional(s), as well as from any other source or service.

Except in cases in which the Proxy Group has previously provided the Proxy Coordinator with standing instructions to vote in accordance with the Agent s recommendation, the Proxy Coordinator will forward the Agent s analysis and recommendation and/or any research obtained from the Investment Professional(s), the Agent or any other source to the Proxy Group. The Proxy Group may consult with the Agent and/or Investment Professional(s), as it deems necessary.

1. Within-Guidelines Votes: Votes in Accordance with a Fund s Guidelines and/or, where applicable, Agent Recommendation
In the event the Proxy Group, and where applicable, any Investment Professional participating in the voting process, recommend a vote Within Guidelines, the Proxy Group will instruct the Agent, through the Proxy Coordinator, to vote in this manner. Except as provided for herein, no Conflicts Report (as such term is defined herein) is required in connection with Within-Guidelines Votes.
2. Non-Votes: Votes in Which No Action is Taken
The Proxy Group may recommend that a Fund refrain from voting under circumstances including, but not limited to, the following: (1) if the economic effect on shareholders—interests or the value of the portfolio holding is indeterminable or insignificant, <i>e.g.</i> , proxies in connection with fractional shares, securities no longer held in the portfolio of an ING Fund or proxies being considered on behalf of a Fund that is no longer in existence; or (2) if the cost of voting a proxy outweighs the benefits, <i>e.g.</i> , certain international proxies, particularly in cases in which share blocking practices may impose trading restrictions on the relevant portfolio security. In such instances, the Proxy Group may instruct the Agent, through the Proxy Coordinator, not to vote such proxy. The Proxy Group may provide the Proxy Coordinator with standing instructions on parameters that would dictate a Non-Vote without the Proxy Group s review of a specific proxy.
Reasonable efforts shall be made to secure and vote all other proxies for the Funds, but, particularly in markets in which shareholders rights are limited, Non-Votes may also occur in connection with a Fund s related inability to timely access ballots or other proxy information in connection with its portfolio securities.
Non-Votes may also result in certain cases in which the Agent s recommendation has been deemed to be conflicted, as provided for in the Funds Procedures.
3. Out-of-Guidelines Votes: Votes Contrary to Procedures and Guidelines, or Agent Recommendation, where applicable, Where No Recommendation is Provided by Agent, or Where Agent s Recommendation is Conflicted
If the Proxy Group recommends that a Fund vote contrary to the Guidelines, or the recommendation of the Agent, where applicable, if the Agent has made no recommendation on a matter and the Procedures and Guidelines are silent, or the Agent s recommendation on a matter is deemed to be conflicted as provided for under these Adviser Procedures, the Proxy Coordinator will then implement the procedures for handling such votes as adopted by the Fund s Board.
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4.	The Proxy Coordinator will maintain a record of all proxy questions that have been referred to a Fund s Compliance Committee, as well as
all a	applicable recommendations, analysis, research and Conflicts Reports.

IV. ASSESSMENT OF THE AGENT AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

In furtherance of the Advisers fiduciary duty to the Funds and their beneficial owners, the Advisers shall establish the following:

A. Assessment of the Agent

The Advisers shall establish that the Agent (1) is independent from the Advisers, (2) has resources that indicate it can competently provide analysis of proxy issues and (3) can make recommendations in an impartial manner and in the best interests of the Funds and their beneficial owners. The Advisers shall utilize, and the Agent shall comply with, such methods for establishing the foregoing as the Advisers may deem reasonably appropriate and shall do so not less than annually as well as prior to engaging the services of any new proxy service. The Agent shall also notify the Advisers in writing within fifteen (15) calendar days of any material change to information previously provided to an Adviser in connection with establishing the Agent s independence, competence or impartiality.

Information provided in connection with assessment of the Agent shall be forwarded to a member of the mutual funds practice group of ING Investment Management (Counsel) for review. Counsel shall review such information and advise the Proxy Coordinator as to whether a material concern exists and if so, determine the most appropriate course of action to eliminate such concern.

B. Conflicts of Interest

The Advisers shall establish and maintain procedures to identify and address conflicts that may arise from time to time concerning the Agent. Upon the Advisers request, which shall be not less than annually, and within fifteen (15) calendar days of any material change to such information previously provided to an Adviser, the Agent shall provide the Advisers with such information as the Advisers deem reasonable and appropriate for use in determining material relationships of the Agent that may pose a conflict of interest with respect to the Agent s proxy analysis or recommendations. The Proxy Coordinator shall forward all such information to Counsel for review. Counsel shall review such information and provide the Proxy Coordinator with a brief statement regarding whether or not a material conflict of interest is present. Matters as to which a material conflict of interest is deemed to be present shall be handled as provided in the Fund s Procedures and Guidelines.

In connection with their participation in the voting process for portfolio securities, each member of the Proxy Group, and each Investment Professional participating in the voting process, must act solely in the best interests of the beneficial owners of the applicable Fund. The members of the Proxy Group may not subordinate the interests of the Fund s beneficial owners to unrelated objectives, including taking steps to reasonably insulate the voting process from any conflict of interest that may exist in connection with the Agent s services or utilization thereof.

For all matters for which the Proxy Group recommends an Out-of-Guidelines Vote, or for which a recommendation contrary to that of the Agent or the Guidelines has been received from an Investment Professional and is to be utilized, the Proxy Coordinator will implement the procedures for handling such votes as adopted by the Fund s Board, including completion of such Conflicts Reports as may be required under the Fund s Procedures. Completed Conflicts Reports should be provided to the Proxy Coordinator within two (2) business days and may be submitted to the Proxy Coordinator verbally, provided the Proxy Coordinator documents the Conflicts Report in writing. Such Conflicts Report should describe any known conflicts of either a business or personal nature, and set forth any contacts with respect to the referral item with non-investment personnel in its organization or with outside parties (except for routine communications from proxy solicitors). The Conflicts Report should also include written confirmation that any recommendation from an Investment Professional provided in connection with an Out-of-Guidelines Vote or under circumstances where a conflict of interest exists was made solely on the investment merits and without regard to any other consideration.

The Proxy Coordinator shall forward all Conflicts Reports to Counsel for review. Counsel shall review each report and provide the Proxy Coordinator with a brief statement regarding whether or not a material conflict of interest is present. Matters as to which a material conflict of interest is deemed to be present shall be handled as provided in the Fund s Procedures and Guidelines.

V. REPORTING AND RECORD RETENTION

The Adviser shall maintain the records required by Rule 204-2(c)(2), as may be amended from time to time, including the following: (1) A copy of each proxy statement received regarding a Fund s portfolio securities. Such proxy statements received from issuers are available either in the SEC s EDGAR database or are kept by the Agent and are available upon request. (2) A record of each vote cast on behalf of a Fund. (3) A copy of any document created by the Adviser that was material to making a decision how to vote a proxy, or that memorializes the basis for that decision. (4) A copy of written requests for Fund proxy voting information and any written response thereto or to any oral request for information on how the Adviser voted proxies on

behalf of a Fund. All proxy voting materials and supporting documentation will be retained for a minimum of six (6) years, the first two years in the Advisers office.

APPENDIX 1

to the

Advisers Proxy Voting Procedures

Proxy Group for registered investment company clients of ING Investments, LLC, ING Investment Management Co. and Directed Services LLC:

Name	Title or Affiliation
Stanley D. Vyner	Chief Investment Risk Officer and Executive Vice President, ING Investments, LLC
Todd Modic	Senior Vice President, ING Funds Services, LLC and ING Investments, LLC; and Chief Financial Officer of the ING Funds
Maria Anderson	Vice President of Fund Compliance, ING Funds Services, LLC
Karla J. Bos	Proxy Coordinator for the ING Funds and Assistant Vice President Proxy Voting, ING Funds Services, LLC
Julius A. Drelick III, CFA	Vice President, Platform Product Management and Project Management, ING Funds Services, LLC
Harley Eisner	Vice President of Financial Analysis, ING Funds Services, LLC
Theresa K. Kelety, Esq.	Vice President and Senior Counsel, ING Funds

Effective as of January 1, 2010

EXHIBIT 3
to the
ING Funds Proxy Voting Procedures
PROXY VOTING GUIDELINES OF THE ING FUNDS

I. INTRODUCTION

The following is a statement of the Proxy Voting Guidelines (Guidelines) that have been adopted by the respective Boards of Directors or Trustees of each Fund. Unless otherwise provided for herein, any defined term used herein shall have the meaning assigned to it in the Funds and Advisers Proxy Voting Procedures (the Procedures).

Proxies must be voted in the best interest of the Fund(s). The Guidelines summarize the Funds positions on various issues of concern to investors, and give a general indication of how Fund portfolio securities will be voted on proposals dealing with particular issues. The Guidelines are not exhaustive and do not include all potential voting issues.

The Advisers, in exercising their delegated authority, will abide by the Guidelines as outlined below with regard to the voting of proxies except as otherwise provided in the Procedures. In voting proxies, the Advisers are guided by general fiduciary principles. Each must act prudently, solely in the interest of the beneficial owners of the Funds it manages. The Advisers will not subordinate the interest of beneficial owners to unrelated objectives. Each Adviser will vote proxies in the manner that it believes will do the most to maximize shareholder value.

II. GUIDELINES

The following Guidelines are grouped according to the types of proposals generally presented to shareholders of U.S. issuers: Board of Directors, Proxy Contests, Auditors, Proxy Contest Defenses, Tender Offer Defenses, Miscellaneous, Capital Structure, Executive and Director Compensation, State of Incorporation, Mergers and Corporate Restructurings, Mutual Fund Proxies, and Social and Environmental Issues. An additional section addresses proposals most frequently found in global proxies.

General Policies

These Guidelines apply to securities of publicly traded companies and to those of privately held companies if publicly available disclosure permits such application. All matters for which such disclosure is not available shall be considered CASE-BY-CASE.

It shall generally be the policy of the Funds to take no action on a proxy for which no Fund holds a position or otherwise maintains an economic interest in the relevant security at the time the vote is to be cast.

In all cases receiving CASE-BY-CASE consideration, including cases not specifically provided for under these Guidelines, unless otherwise provided for under these Guidelines, it shall generally be the policy of the Funds to vote in accordance with the recommendation provided by the Funds Agent, Institutional Shareholder Services Inc., a subsidiary of MSCI Inc.

Unless otherwise provided for herein, it shall generally be the policy of the Funds to vote in accordance with the Agent s recommendation when such recommendation aligns with the recommendation of the relevant issuer s management or management has made no recommendation. However, this policy shall not apply to CASE-BY-CASE proposals for which a contrary recommendation from the Investment Professional for the relevant Fund has been received and is to be utilized, provided that incorporation of any such recommendation shall be subject to the conflict of interest review process required under the Procedures.

Recommendations from the Investment Professionals, while not required under the Procedures, are likely to be considered with respect to proxies for private equity securities and/or proposals related to merger transactions/corporate restructurings, proxy contests, or unusual or controversial issues. Such input shall be given primary consideration with respect to CASE-BY-CASE proposals being considered on behalf of the relevant Fund.

Except as otherwise provided for herein, it shall generally be the policy of the Funds not to support proposals that would impose a negative impact on existing rights of the Funds to the extent that any positive impact would not be deemed sufficient to outweigh removal or diminution of such rights.

The foregoing policies may be overridden in any case as provided for in the Procedures. Similarly, the Procedures provide that proposals whose Guidelines prescribe a firm voting position may instead be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis when unusual or controversial circumstances so dictate.

Interpretation and application of these Guidelines is not intended to supersede any law, regulation, binding agreement or other legal requirement to which an issuer may be or become subject. No proposal shall be supported whose implementation would contravene such requirements.

1. The Board of Directors

Voting on Director Nominees in Uncontested Elections

Unless otherwise provided for herein, the Agent s standards with respect to determining director independence shall apply. These standards generally provide that, to be considered completely

independent, a director shall have no material connection to the company other than the board seat.

Agreement with the Agent s independence standards shall not dictate that a Fund s vote shall be cast according to the Agent s corresponding recommendation. Votes on director nominees not subject to specific policies described herein should be made on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.

Where applicable and except as otherwise provided for herein, it shall generally be the policy of the Funds to lodge disagreement with an issuer s policies or practices by withholding support from a proposal for the relevant policy or practice rather than the director nominee(s) to which the Agent assigns a correlation. Support shall be withheld from nominees deemed responsible for governance shortfalls, but if they are not standing for election (*e.g.*, the board is classified), support shall generally not be withheld from others in their stead. When a determination is made to withhold support due to concerns other than those related to an individual director s independence or actions, responsibility may be attributed to the entire board, a committee, or an individual (such as the CEO or committee chair), taking into consideration whether the desired effect is to send a message or to remove the director from service.

Where applicable and except as otherwise provided for herein, generally vote FOR nominees in connection with issues raised by the Agent if the nominee did not serve on the board or relevant committee during the majority of the time period relevant to the concerns cited by the Agent.

WITHHOLD support from a nominee who, during both of the most recent two years, attended less than 75 percent of the board and committee meetings without a valid reason for the absences. WITHHOLD support if two-year attendance cannot be ascertained from available disclosure. DO NOT WITHHOLD support in connection with attendance issues for nominees who have served on the board for less than the two most recent years.

Unless a company has implemented a policy that should reasonably prevent abusive use of its poison pill, WITHHOLD support from nominees responsible for implementing excessive anti-takeover measures, including failure to remove restrictive poison pill features or to ensure a pill s expiration or timely submission to shareholders for vote. Rather than follow the Agent s practice of withholding support from all incumbent nominees, responsibility will generally be assigned to the board chair or, if not standing for election, the lead director. If neither is standing for election, WITHHOLD support from all continuing directors.

Consider on a CASE-BY-CASE basis any nominee whom the Agent cites as having failed to implement a majority-approved shareholder proposal. Vote FOR if the shareholder proposal has been reasonably addressed. Proposals seeking shareholder ratification of a poison pill may be deemed reasonably addressed if the company has implemented a policy that should reasonably prevent abusive use of the pill. WITHHOLD support if the shareholder proposal at issue is supported under these Guidelines and the board has not disclosed its reasoning for not implementing the proposal.

If the board has not acted upon negative votes (WITHHOLD or AGAINST, as applicable based on the issuer s election standard) representing a majority of the votes cast at the previous annual meeting, consider board nominees on a CASE-BY-CASE basis. Generally, vote FOR nominees when:
(1) The issue relevant to the majority negative vote has been adequately addressed or cured, which may include disclosure of the board s rationale; or
(2) The Funds Guidelines or voting record do not support the relevant issue causing the majority negative vote.
If the above provisions have not been satisfied, generally WITHHOLD support from the chair of the nominating committee, or if not standing for election, consider CASE-BY-CASE.
WITHHOLD support from inside directors or affiliated outside directors who sit on the audit committee.
Vote FOR inside directors or affiliated outside directors who sit on the nominating or compensation committee, provided that such committee meets the applicable independence requirements of the relevant listing exchange.
Vote FOR inside directors or affiliated outside directors if the full board serves as the compensation or nominating committee OR has not created one or both committees, provided that the issuer is in compliance with all provisions of the listing exchange in connection with performance of relevant functions (<i>e.g.</i> , performance of relevant functions by a majority of independent directors in lieu of the formation of a separate committee).
Compensation Practices:
It shall generally be the policy of the Funds that matters of compensation are best determined by an independent board and compensation committee. Votes on director nominees in connection with compensation practices should be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, and generally:
(1) Say on pay. If shareholders have been provided with an advisory vote on executive compensation (say on pay), and practices not supported under these Guidelines have been identified, it shall generally be the policy of the Funds to align with the Agent when a vote AGAINST the say on pay proposal has been recommended in lieu of withholding support from certain nominees for compensation concerns. Issuers receiving negative recommendations on both director nominees and say on pay regarding issues not otherwise supported by these Guidelines will be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.

- (2) <u>Tenure</u>. Where applicable and except as otherwise provided for herein, vote FOR nominees who did not serve on the compensation committee, or board, as applicable based on the Agent s analysis, during the majority of the time period relevant to the concerns cited by the Agent.
- (3) Pay for performance. Consider nominees receiving an adverse recommendation from the Agent CASE-BY-CASE when the Agent has identified a pay practice (or combination of practices) not otherwise supported under these Guidelines that appears to have created a misalignment between CEO pay and performance with regard to

shareholder value. Generally vote FOR nominees if the company has provided a reasonable rationale regarding pay and performance, or has demonstrated that they are reasonably correlated, or when the increased compensation relates solely to a practice or practices (such as an increase in option awards or base salary) not deemed inherently problematic by the Agent. Generally WITHHOLD support from nominees for structuring equity compensation such that pay is unreasonably insulated from performance conditions.

(4) Pay disparity. Generally DO NOT WITHHOLD support from director nominees solely due to internal pay disparity as assessed by the Agent, but consider pay magnitude concerns on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.
Change in control provisions. If the Agent recommends withholding support from nominees in connection with overly liberal change in control provisions, including those lacking a double trigger, vote FOR such nominees if mitigating provisions or board actions (e.g., clawbacks) are present, but generally WITHHOLD support if they are not. If the Agent recommends withholding support from nominees in connection with potential change in control payments or tax-gross-ups on change in control payments, vote FOR the nominees if the amount appears reasonable and no material governance concerns exist. Generally WITHHOLD support if the amount is so significant (individually or collectively) as to potentially influence an executive s decision to enter into a transaction or to effectively act as a poison pill.
(6) Repricing. If the Agent recommends withholding support from nominees in connection with their failure to seek a shareholder vote on plans to reprice, replace, buy back or exchange options, generally WITHHOLD support from such nominees, except that cancellation of options would not be considered an exchange unless the cancelled options were regranted or expressly returned to the plan reserve for reissuance.
(7) <u>Tax benefits</u> . If the Agent recommends withholding support from nominees that have approved compensation that is ineligible for tax benefits to the company (<i>e.g.</i> , under Section 162(m) of OBRA), vote FOR such nominees if the company has provided an adequate rationale or the plan itself is being put to shareholder vote at the same meeting. If the plan is up for vote, the provisions under Section 8., OBRA-Related Compensation Proposals, shall apply.
(8) <u>Director perquisites</u> . If the Agent recommends withholding support from nominees in connection with director compensation in the form of perquisites, generally vote FOR the nominees if the cost is reasonable in the context of the directors total compensation and the perquisites themselves appear reasonable given their purpose, the directors duties and the company s line of business.
(9) <u>Incentive plans</u> . Generally WITHHOLD support from nominees in connection with long-term incentive plans, or total executive compensation packages, inadequately aligned with shareholders because they are overly cash-based/lack an appropriate equity component, except that such cases will be considered CASE-BY-CASE in connection with executives already holding significant equity positions. Generally consider nominees on a CASE-BY-CASE basis in connection with short-term incentive plans over which the nominee has exercised discretion to exclude extraordinary items,

and WITHHOLD support if treatment of such items has been inconsistent (e.g., exclusion of losses but not gains).
(10) Options backdating. If the Agent has raised issues of options backdating, consider members of the compensation committee, or board, as applicable, as well as company executives nominated as directors, on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.
(11) <u>Independence from management</u> . Generally WITHHOLD support from nominees cited by the Agent for permitting named executives to have excessive input into setting their own compensation.
Multiple concerns. If the Agent recommends withholding support from nominees in connection with other compensation practices such as tax gross-ups, perquisites, retention or recruitment provisions (including contract length or renewal provisions), guaranteed awards, pensions/SERPs, severance or termination arrangements, vote FOR such nominees if the issuer has provided adequate rationale and/or disclosure, factoring in any overall adjustments or reductions to the compensation package at issue. Generally DO NOT WITHHOLD support solely due to any single such practice if the total compensation appears reasonable, but consider on a CASE-BY-CASE basis compensation packages representing a combination of such provisions and deemed by the Agent to be excessive.
(13) <u>Commitments.</u> Generally, vote FOR nominees receiving an adverse recommendation from the Agent due to problematic pay practices if the issuer makes a public commitment (<i>e.g.</i> , via a Form 8-K filing) to rectify the practice on a going-forward basis.
(14) Other. If the Agent has raised other considerations regarding poor compensation practices, consider nominees on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.
Accounting Practices:
(1) Generally, vote FOR independent outside director nominees serving on the audit committee.
Where applicable and except as otherwise provided for herein, generally vote FOR nominees serving on the audit committee, or the company s CEO or CFO if nominated as directors, who did noterve on that committee or have responsibility over the relevant financial function, as applicable, during the majority of the time period relevant to the concerns cited by the Agent.
(3) If the Agent has raised concerns regarding poor accounting practices, consider the company s CEO and CFO, if nominated as directors, and nominees serving on the audit committee on a CASE-BY-CASE basis. Generally vote FOR nominees if the company has taken adequate steps to remediate the concerns cited, which would typically include removing or replacing the responsible executives, and if the concerns are not re-occurring and/or the company has not yet had a full year to remediate the concerns since the time they were identified.

(4) If total non-audit fees exceed the total of audit fees, audit-related fees and tax compliance and preparation fees, the provisions under Section 3., Auditor Ratification, shall apply.

Board Independence:
It shall generally be the policy of the Funds that a board should be majority independent and therefore to consider inside director or affiliated outside director nominees when the full board is not majority independent on a CASE-BY-CASE basis. Generally:
(1) WITHHOLD support from the fewest directors whose removal would achieve majority independence across the remaining board, except that support may be withheld from additional nominees whose relative level of independence cannot be differentiated.
(2) WITHHOLD support from all non-independent nominees, including the founder, chairman or CEO, if the number required to achieve majority independence is equal to or greater than the number of non-independent nominees.
(3) Except as provided above, vote FOR non-independent nominees in the role of CEO, and when appropriate, founder or chairman, and determine support for other non-independent nominees based on the qualifications and contributions of the nominee as well as the Funds voting precedent for assessing relative independence to management, <i>e.g.</i> , insiders holding senior executive positions are deemed less independent than affiliated outsiders with a transactional or advisory relationship to the company, and affiliated outsiders with a material transactional or advisory relationship are deemed less independent than those with lesser relationships.
(4) Non-voting directors (<i>e.g.</i> , director emeritus or advisory director) shall be excluded from calculations with respect to majority board independence.
(5) When conditions contributing to a lack of majority independence remain substantially similar to those in the previous year, it shall generally be the policy of the Funds to vote on nominees in a manner consistent with votes cast by the Fund(s) in the previous year.
Generally vote FOR nominees without regard to over-boarding issues raised by the Agent unless other concerns requiring CASE-BY-CASE consideration have been raised.
Generally, when the Agent recommends withholding support due to assessment that a nominee acted in bad faith or against shareholder interests in connection with a major transaction, such as a merger or acquisition, or if the Agent recommends withholding support due to other material failures or egregious actions, consider on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, factoring in the merits of the nominee s performance and rationale and disclosure provided. If the Agent cites concerns regarding actions in connection with a candidate s service on another board, vote FOR the nominee if the issuer has provided adequate rationale regarding the board s process for determining the appropriateness of the nominee to serve on the board under consideration.
Performance Test for Directors

Consider nominees failing the Agent s performance test, which includes market-based and operating performance measures, on a CASE-BY-CASE basis. Input from the Investment Professional(s) for a given Fund shall be given primary consideration with respect to such proposals.

Support will generally be WITHHELD from nominees receiving a negative recommendation from the Agent due to sustained poor stock performance (measured by one- and three-year total

shareholder returns) combined with multiple takeover defenses/entrenchment devices if the issuer:

- (1) Is a controlled company or has a non-shareholder-approved poison pill in place, without provisions to redeem or seek approval in a reasonable period of time; and
- (2) Maintains a dual class capital structure, imposes a supermajority vote requirement or has authority to issue blank check preferred stock.

Nominees receiving a negative recommendation from the Agent due to sustained poor stock performance combined with other takeover defenses/entrenchment devices will be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.

Proposals Regarding Board Composition or Board Service

Generally, except as otherwise provided for herein, vote AGAINST shareholder proposals to impose new board structures or policies, including those requiring that the positions of chairman and CEO be held separately, but vote FOR proposals in connection with a binding agreement or other legal requirement to which an issuer has or reasonably may expect to become subject, and consider such proposals on a CASE-BY-CASE basis if the board is not majority independent or corporate governance concerns have been identified. Generally, except as otherwise provided for herein, vote FOR management proposals to adopt or amend board structures or policies, except consider such proposals on a CASE-BY-CASE basis if the board is not majority independent, corporate governance concerns have been identified, or the proposal may result in a material reduction in shareholders—rights.

Generally, vote AGAINST shareholder proposals:

- Asking that more than a simple majority of directors be independent.
- Asking that the independence of the compensation and/or nominating committees be greater than that required by the listing exchange.
- Limiting the number of public company boards on which a director may serve.
- Seeking to redefine director independence or directors specific roles (e.g., responsibilities of the lead director).
- Requesting creation of additional board committees or offices, except as otherwise provided for herein.
- Limiting the tenure of outside directors or impose a mandatory retirement age for outside directors (unless the proposal seeks to relax existing standards), but generally vote FOR management proposals in this regard.

Generally, vote FOR shareholder proposals that seek creation of an audit, compensation or nominating committee of the board, unless the committee in question is already in existence or the issuer has availed itself of an applicable exemption of the listing exchange (e.g., performance of relevant functions by a majority of independent directors in lieu of the formation of a separate committee).

Stock Ownership Requirements

Generally, vote AGAINST shareholder proposals requiring directors to own a minimum amount of company stock in order to qualify as a director or to remain on the board.

Director and	Officer	Indemnification	and	Liability	Protection

Proposals on director and officer indemnification and liability protection should be evaluated on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, using Delaware law as the standard. Vote AGAINST proposals to limit or eliminate entirely directors—and officers—liability for monetary damages for violating the duty of care. Vote AGAINST indemnification proposals that would expand coverage beyond just legal expenses to acts, such as negligence, that are more serious violations of fiduciary obligation than mere carelessness. Vote FOR only those proposals providing such expanded coverage in cases when a director—s or officer—s legal defense was unsuccessful if:

- (1) The director was found to have acted in good faith and in a manner that he reasonably believed was in the best interests of the company; and
- (2) Only if the director s legal expenses would be covered.

2. Proxy Contests

These proposals should generally be analyzed on a CASE-BY-CASE basis. Input from the Investment Professional(s) for a given Fund shall be given primary consideration with respect to proposals in connection with proxy contests being considered on behalf of that Fund.

Voting for Director Nominees in Contested Elections

Votes in a contested election of directors must be evaluated on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.

Reimburse Proxy Solicitation Expenses

Voting to reimburse proxy solicitation expenses should be analyzed on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, generally voting FOR if associated nominees are also supported.

3. <u>Auditors</u>

Ratifying Auditors

Generally, except in cases of poor accounting practices or high non-audit fees, vote FOR management proposals to ratify auditors. Consider management proposals to ratify auditors on a CASE-BY-CASE basis if the Agent cites poor accounting practices. If fees for non-audit services exceed 50 percent of total auditor fees as described below, consider on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, voting AGAINST management proposals to ratify auditors only if concerns exist that remuneration for the non-audit work is so lucrative as to taint the auditor s independence. For purposes of this review, fees deemed to be reasonable, generally non-recurring exceptions to the non-audit fee category (*e.g.*, those related to an IPO) shall be excluded. Generally vote FOR shareholder proposals asking the issuer to present its auditor annually for ratification.

Auditor Independence

Generally, consider shareholder proposals asking companies to prohibit their auditors from engaging in non-audit services (or capping the level of non-audit services) on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.

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Audit Firm Rotation
Generally, vote AGAINST shareholder proposals asking for mandatory audit firm rotation.
4. Proxy Contest Defenses
Presentation of management and shareholder proposals on the same matter on the same agenda shall not require a Fund to vote FOR one and AGAINST the other.
Board Structure: Staggered vs. Annual Elections
Generally, vote AGAINST proposals to classify the board or otherwise restrict shareholders ability to vote upon directors and FOR proposals to repeal classified boards and to elect all directors annually.
Shareholder Ability to Remove Directors
Generally, vote AGAINST proposals that provide that directors may be removed only for cause.
Generally, vote FOR proposals to restore shareholder ability to remove directors with or without cause.
Generally, vote AGAINST proposals that provide that only continuing directors may elect replacements to fill board vacancies.
Generally, vote FOR proposals that permit shareholders to elect directors to fill board vacancies.
Cumulative Voting

If the company is controlled or maintains a classified board of directors, generally, vote AGAINST management proposals to eliminate

cumulative voting, except that such proposals may be supported irrespective of classification in furtherance of an issuer s plan to adopt a majority

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voting standard, and vote FOR shareholder proposals to restore or permit cumulative voting.

Time-Phased Voting
Generally, vote AGAINST proposals to implement, and FOR proposals to eliminate, time-phased or other forms of voting that do not promote a one share, one vote standard.
Shareholder Ability to Call Special Meetings
Generally, vote FOR management or shareholder proposals that provide shareholders with the ability to call special meetings.
Shareholder Ability to Act by Written Consent
Generally, vote AGAINST shareholder proposals seeking the right to act by written consent if the issuer:
(1) Permits shareholders to call special meetings;
(2) Does not impose supermajority vote requirements; and
(3) Has otherwise demonstrated its accountability to shareholders (<i>e.g.</i> , the company has reasonably addressed majority-supported shareholder proposals).
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Consider management proposals to eliminate the right to act by written consent on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, generally voting FOR if the above conditions are present.
Generally, vote FOR shareholder proposals seeking the right to act by written consent if the above conditions are not present.
Shareholder Ability to Alter the Size of the Board
Generally, vote FOR proposals that seek to fix the size of the board or designate a range for its size.
Generally, vote AGAINST proposals that give management the ability to alter the size of the board outside of a specified range without shareholder approval.
5. <u>Tender Offer Defenses</u>
Poison Pills
Generally, vote FOR shareholder proposals that ask a company to submit its poison pill for shareholder ratification, or to redeem its pill in lieu thereof, unless (1) shareholders have approved adoption of the plan, (2) a policy has already been implemented by the company that should reasonably prevent abusive use of the pill, or (3) the board had determined that it was in the best interest of shareholders to adopt a pill without delay, provided that such plan would be put to shareholder vote within twelve months of adoption or expire, and if not approved by a majority of the votes cast, would immediately terminate.
Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis shareholder proposals to redeem a company s poison pill.
Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis management proposals to approve or ratify a poison pill or any plan or charter amendment (<i>e.g.</i> , investmen restrictions) that can reasonably be construed as an anti-takeover measure, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent's approach to evaluating such proposals, considering factors such as rationale, trigger level and sunset provisions. Votes will generally be cast in a manner that seeks to preserve shareholder value and the right to consider a valid offer, voting AGAINST management proposals in connection with poison pills or anti-takeover activities that do not meet the Agent's standards.

Fair Price Provisions

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Vote proposals to adopt fair price provisions on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.
Generally, vote AGAINST fair price provisions with shareholder vote requirements greater than a majority of disinterested shares.
Greenmail
Generally, vote FOR proposals to adopt anti-greenmail charter or bylaw amendments or otherwise restrict a company s ability to make greenmail payments.
Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis anti-greenmail proposals when they are bundled with other charter or bylaw amendments.
Pale Greenmail
Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis restructuring plans that involve the payment of pale greenmail.
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Unequal Voting Rights
Generally, vote AGAINST dual-class exchange offers and dual-class recapitalizations.
Supermajority Shareholder Vote Requirement
Generally, vote AGAINST proposals to require a supermajority shareholder vote.
Generally, vote FOR management or shareholder proposals to lower supermajority shareholder vote requirements, unless, for companies with shareholder(s) with significant ownership levels, the Agent recommends retention of existing supermajority requirements in order to protect minority shareholder interests.
White Squire Placements
Generally, vote FOR shareholder proposals to require approval of blank check preferred stock issues for other than general corporate purposes.
6. <u>Miscellaneous</u>
Amendments to Corporate Documents
Except to align with legislative or regulatory changes or when support is recommended by the Agent or Investment Professional (including, for example, as a condition to a major transaction such as a merger), generally, vote AGAINST proposals seeking to remove shareholder approval requirements or otherwise remove or diminish shareholder rights, <i>e.g.</i> , by (1) adding restrictive provisions, (2) removing provisions or moving them to portions of the charter not requiring shareholder approval, or (3) in corporate structures such as holding companies, removing provisions in an active subsidiary s charter that provide voting rights to parent company shareholders. This policy would also generally apply to proposals seeking approval of corporate agreements or amendments to such agreements that the Agent recommends AGAINST because a similar reduction in shareholder rights is requested.
Generally, vote AGAINST proposals for charter amendments that support board entrenchment or may be used as an anti-takeover device (or to further anti-takeover conditions), particularly if the proposal is bundled or the board is classified.

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Generally, vote FOR proposals seeking charter or bylaw amendments to remove anti-takeover provisions.

Consider proposals seeking charter or bylaw amendments not addressed under these Guidelines on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.

Confidential Voting

Generally, vote FOR shareholder proposals that request companies to adopt confidential voting, use independent tabulators, and use independent inspectors of election as long as the proposals include clauses for proxy contests as follows:

- In the case of a contested election, management should be permitted to request that the dissident group honor its confidential voting policy.
- If the dissidents agree, the policy remains in place.
- If the dissidents do not agree, the confidential voting policy is waived.

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Generally, vote FOR management proposals to adopt confidential voting.
Proxy Access
Consider on a CASE-BY-CASE basis shareholder proposals seeking access to management s proxy material in order to nominate their own candidates to the board.
Majority Voting Standard
Except as otherwise provided for herein, it shall generally be the policy of the Funds to extend discretion to issuers to determine when it may be appropriate to adopt a majority voting standard. Generally, vote FOR management proposals, provided the proposal contains a plurality carve-out for contested elections, but AGAINST shareholder proposals unless also supported by management, seeking election of directors by the affirmative vote of the majority of votes cast in connection with a meeting of shareholders, including amendments to corporate documents of other actions in furtherance of a majority standard, and provided such standard does not conflict with state law in which the company is incorporated. For issuers with a history of significant corporate governance concerns, consider such proposals on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.
Bundled Proposals
Except as otherwise provided for herein, review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis bundled or conditioned proxy proposals, generally voting AGAINST bundled proposals containing one or more items not supported under these Guidelines if the Agent or an Investment Professional deems the negative impact, on balance, to outweigh any positive impact.
Shareholder Advisory Committees
Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis proposals to establish a shareholder advisory committee.
Reimburse Shareholder for Expenses Incurred
Voting to reimburse expenses incurred in connection with shareholder proposals should be analyzed on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.
Other Business

In connection with proxies of U.S. issuers, generally vote FOR management proposals for Other Business, except in connection v	with a proxy
contest in which a Fund is not voting in support of management.	

Quorum Requirements

Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis proposals to lower quorum requirements for shareholder meetings below a majority of the shares outstanding.

Advance Notice for Shareholder Proposals

Generally, vote FOR management proposals related to advance notice period requirements, provided that the period requested is in accordance with applicable law and no material governance concerns have been identified in connection with the issuer.

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Multip	ole Pr	oposals
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Multiple proposals of a similar nature presented as options to the course of action favored by management may all be voted FOR, provided that support for a single proposal is not operationally required, no one proposal is deemed superior in the interest of the Fund(s), and each proposal would otherwise be supported under these Guidelines.

7. <u>Capital Structure</u>

Common Stock Authorization

Review proposals to increase the number of shares of common stock authorized for issuance on a CASE-BY-CASE basis. Except where otherwise indicated, the Agent s proprietary approach of determining appropriate thresholds and, for requests above such allowable threshold, applying a company-specific, qualitative review (*e.g.*, considering rationale and prudent historical usage), will generally be utilized in evaluating such proposals.

Generally vote FOR:

- Proposals to authorize capital increases within the Agent's allowable thresholds or those in excess but meeting Agent's qualitative standards, but consider on a CASE-BY-CASE basis those requests failing the Agent's review for proposals in connection with which a contrary recommendation from the Investment Professional(s) has been received and is to be utilized (*e.g.*, in support of a merger or acquisition proposal).
- Proposals to authorize capital increases within the Agent s allowable thresholds or those in excess but meeting Agent s qualitative standards, unless the company states that the stock may be used as a takeover defense. In those cases, consider on a CASE-BY-CASE basis if a contrary recommendation from the Investment Professional(s) has been received and is to be utilized.
- Proposals to authorize capital increases exceeding the Agent s thresholds when a company s shares are in danger of being delisted or if a company s ability to continue to operate as a going concern is uncertain.

Generally, vote AGAINST:

- Proposals to increase the number of authorized shares of a class of stock if the issuance which the increase is intended to service is not supported under these Guidelines.
- Nonspecific proposals authorizing excessive discretion to a board.

Consider management proposals to make changes to the capital structure not otherwise addressed under these Guidelines CASE-BY-CASE, generally voting with the Agent s recommendation unless a contrary recommendation has been received from the Investment Professional for the relevant Fund and is to be utilized.

Dual Class Capital Structures

Generally, vote AGAINST proposals to increase the number of authorized shares of the class of stock that has superior voting rights in companies that have dual class capital structures, but consider CASE-BY-CASE if (1) bundled with favorable proposal(s), (2) approval of such

proposal(s) is a condition of such favorable proposal(s), or (3) part of a recapitalization for which support is recommended by the Agent or an Investment Professional.

Generally, vote AGAINST management proposals to create or perpetuate dual class capital structures with unequal voting rights, and vote FOR shareholder proposals to eliminate them, when the relevant Fund owns the class with inferior voting rights, but generally vote FOR management proposals and AGAINST shareholder proposals when the relevant Fund owns the class with superior voting rights. Consider CASE-BY-CASE if bundled with favorable proposal(s), (2) approval of such proposal(s) is a condition of such favorable proposal(s), or (3) part of a recapitalization for which support is recommended by the Agent or an Investment Professional.

Consider management proposals to eliminate or make changes to dual class capital structures CASE-BY-CASE, generally voting with the Agent s recommendation unless a contrary recommendation has been received from the Investment Professional for the relevant Fund and is to be utilized.

Stock Distributions: Splits and Dividends

Generally, vote FOR management proposals to increase common share authorization for a stock split, provided that the increase in authorized shares falls within the Agent s allowable thresholds, but consider on a CASE-BY-CASE basis those proposals exceeding the Agent s threshold for proposals in connection with which a contrary recommendation from the Investment Professional(s) has been received and is to be utilized.

Reverse Stock Splits

Consider on a CASE-BY-CASE basis management proposals to implement a reverse stock split. In the event the split constitutes a capital increase effectively exceeding the Agent s allowable threshold because the request does not proportionately reduce the number of shares authorized, consider management s rationale and/or disclosure, generally voting FOR, but generally not supporting additional requests for capital increases on the same agenda.

Preferred Stock

Review proposals to increase the number of shares of preferred stock authorized for issuance on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, and except where otherwise indicated, generally utilize the Agent's approach for evaluating such proposals. This approach incorporates both qualitative and quantitative measures, including a review of past performance (*e.g.*, board governance, shareholder returns and historical share usage) and the current request (*e.g.*, rationale, whether shares are blank check and declawed, and dilutive impact as determined through the Agent's proprietary model for assessing appropriate thresholds).

Generally, vote AGAINST proposals authorizing the issuance of preferred stock or creation of new classes of preferred stock with unspecified voting, conversion, dividend distribution, and other rights (blank check preferred stock), but vote FOR if the Agent or an Investment Professional so recommends because the issuance is required to effect a merger or acquisition proposal.

Generally, vote FOR proposals to issue or create blank check preferred stock in cases when the company expressly states that the stock will not be used as a takeover defense. Generally vote

AGAINST in cases where the company expressly states that, or fails to disclose whether, the stock may be used as a takeover defense, but vote FOR if the Agent or an Investment Professional so recommends because the issuance is required to address special circumstances such as a merger or acquisition.

Generally, vote FOR proposals to authorize or issue preferred stock in cases where the company specifies the voting, dividend, conversion, and other rights of such stock and the terms of the preferred stock appear reasonable.

Vote CASE-BY-CASE on proposals to increase the number of blank check preferred shares after analyzing the number of preferred shares available for issue given a company s industry and performance in terms of shareholder returns.

Shareholder Proposals Regarding Blank Check Preferred Stock

Generally, vote FOR shareholder proposals to have blank check preferred stock placements, other than those shares issued for the purpose of raising capital or making acquisitions in the normal course of business, submitted for shareholder ratification.

Adjustments to Par Value of Common Stock

Generally, vote FOR management proposals to reduce the par value of common stock.

Preemptive Rights

Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis shareholder proposals that seek preemptive rights or management proposals that seek to eliminate them. In evaluating proposals on preemptive rights, consider the size of a company and the characteristics of its shareholder base.

Debt Restructurings

Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis proposals to increase common and/or preferred shares and to issue shares as part of a debt restructuring plan.

Share Repurchase Programs

Generally, vote FOR management proposals to institute open-market share repurchase plans in which all shareholders may participate on equal terms, but vote AGAINST plans with terms favoring selected parties.
Generally, vote FOR management proposals to cancel repurchased shares.
Generally, vote AGAINST proposals for share repurchase methods lacking adequate risk mitigation or exceeding appropriate volume or duration parameters for the market.
Consider shareholder proposals seeking share repurchase programs on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with input from the Investment Professional(s) for a given Fund to be given primary consideration.
Tracking Stock
Votes on the creation of tracking stock are determined on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.
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8. Executive and Director Compensation

Except as otherwise provided for herein, votes with respect to compensation and employee benefit plans should be determined on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent s approach to evaluating such plans, which includes determination of costs and comparison to an allowable cap.

- Generally, vote in accordance with the Agent s recommendations FOR equity-based plans with costs within such cap and AGAINST those with costs in excess of it, except that plans above the cap may be supported if so recommended by the Agent or Investment Professional as a condition to a major transaction such as a merger.
- Generally, vote AGAINST plans if the Agent suggests cost or dilution assessment may not be possible due to the method of disclosing shares allocated to the plan(s), except that such concerns arising in connection with evergreen provisions shall be considered CASE-BY-CASE, voted FOR if the company has provided a reasonable rationale and/or adequate disclosure regarding the plan as a whole.
- Generally, vote FOR plans with costs within the cap if the primary considerations raised by the Agent pertain to burn rate thresholds set by the Agent or matters that would not result in a negative vote under these Guidelines on a management say on pay proposal or the relevant board or committee member(s).
- Generally, vote AGAINST plans administered by potential grant recipients.
- Generally, vote AGAINST proposals to eliminate existing shareholder approval requirements for material plan changes, unless the company has provided a reasonable rationale and/or adequate disclosure regarding the requested changes.
- Generally vote AGAINST long-term incentive plans that are inadequately aligned with shareholders because they lack an appropriate equity
 component, except that such cases will be considered CASE-BY-CASE in connection with executives already holding significant equity
 positions.
- Generally, vote AGAINST plans that contain an overly liberal change in control definition (e.g., does not result in actual change in control).
- Consider plans CASE-BY-CASE if the Agent raises other considerations not otherwise provided for herein.

Restricted Stock or Stock Option Plans

Consider proposals for restricted stock or stock option plans, or the issuance of shares in connection with such plans, on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, considering factors such as level of disclosure and adequacy of vesting or performance requirements. Plans that do not meet the Agent s criteria in this regard may be supported, but vote AGAINST if no disclosure is provided regarding either vesting or performance requirements.

Management Proposals Seeking Approval to Reprice Options

Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis management proposals seeking approval to reprice, replace or exchange options, considering factors such as rationale, historic trading patterns, value-for-value exchange, vesting periods and replacement option terms. Generally, vote FOR proposals that meet the Agent s criteria for acceptable repricing, replacement or exchange transactions,

except that considerations raised by the Agent regarding burn rate or executive participation shall not be grounds for withholding support.

Vote AGAINST compensation plans that (1) permit or may permit (*e.g.*, history of repricing and no express prohibition against future repricing) repricing of stock options, or any form or alternative to repricing, without shareholder approval, (2) include provisions that permit repricing, replacement or exchange transactions that do not meet the Agent s criteria (except regarding burn rate or executive participation as noted above), or (3) give the board sole discretion to approve option repricing, replacement or exchange programs.

Director Compensation

Votes on stock-based plans for directors are made on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent s quantitative approach described above as well as a review of qualitative features of the plan when costs exceed the Agent s threshold. DO NOT VOTE AGAINST plans for which burn rate is the sole consideration raised by the Agent.

Employee Stock Purchase Plans

Votes on employee stock purchase plans, and capital issuances in support of such plans, should be made on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent s approach to evaluating such plans, except that negative recommendations by the Agent due to evergreen provisions will be reviewed CASE-BY-CASE, voted FOR if the company has provided a reasonable rationale and/or adequate disclosure regarding the plan as a whole.

OBRA-Related Compensation Proposals

Votes on plans intended to qualify for favorable tax treatment under the provisions of Section 162(m) of OBRA should be evaluated irrespective of the Agent s assessment of board independence, provided that the board meets the independence requirements of the relevant listing exchange and no potential recipient under the plan(s) sits on the committee that exercises discretion over the related compensation awards. Unless the issuer has provided a compelling rationale, generally vote with the Agent s recommendations AGAINST plans that deliver excessive compensation that fails to qualify for favorable tax treatment.

Amendments that Place a Cap on Annual Grants or Amend Administrative Features

Generally, vote FOR plans that simply amend shareholder-approved plans to include administrative features or place a cap on the annual grants any one participant may receive to comply with the provisions of Section 162(m) of OBRA.

Amendments to Add Performance-Based Goals

Generally, vote FOR amendments to add performance goals to existing compensation plans to comply with the provisions of Section 162(m) of OBRA.

Amendments to Increase Shares and Retain Tax Deductions Under OBRA

Votes on amendments to existing plans to increase shares reserved and to qualify the plan for favorable tax treatment under the provisions of Section 162(m) should be evaluated on a

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CASE-BY-CASE basis, generally voting FOR such plans that do not raise any negative concerns under these Guidelines.

Approval of Cash or Cash-and-Stock Bonus Plans

Generally, vote FOR cash or cash-and-stock bonus plans to exempt the compensation from taxes under the provisions of Section 162(m) of OBRA, with primary consideration given to management s assessment that such plan meets the requirements for exemption of performance-based compensation.

Shareholder Proposals Regarding Executive and Director Pay

Regarding the remuneration of individuals other than senior executives and directors, generally, vote AGAINST shareholder proposals that seek to expand or restrict disclosure or require shareholder approval beyond regulatory requirements and market practice. Vote AGAINST shareholder proposals that seek disclosure of executive or director compensation if providing it would be out of step with market practice and disruptive to the business.

Unless evidence exists of abuse in historical compensation practices, and except as otherwise provided for herein, generally vote AGAINST shareholder proposals that seek to impose new compensation structures or policies.

Severance and Termination Payments

Generally, vote FOR shareholder proposals to have parachute arrangements submitted for shareholder ratification (with parachutes defined as compensation arrangements related to termination that specify change in control events) and provided that the proposal does not include unduly restrictive or arbitrary provisions such as advance approval requirements.

Generally, vote FOR shareholder proposals seeking double triggers on change in control awards.

Generally vote FOR shareholder proposals to submit executive severance agreements for shareholder ratification, if such proposals specify change in control events, Supplemental Executive Retirement Plans, or deferred executive compensation plans, or if ratification is required by the listing exchange.

Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis all proposals to approve, ratify or cancel executive severance or termination arrangements, including those related to executive recruitment or retention. Generally vote FOR such compensation arrangements if:

(1) propo	The primary considerations raised by the Agent would not result in a negative vote under these Guidelines on a management say on pay sal or the relevant board or committee member(s);
(2)	The issuer has provided adequate rationale and/or disclosure; or
(3)	Support is recommended by the Agent or Investment Professional (e.g., as a condition to a major transaction such as a merger).
single	ever, vote in accordance with the Agent s recommendations AGAINST new or materially amended plans, contracts or payments that include trigger change in control provisions or do not require an actual change in control in order to be triggered, except that plans, contracts or ents with single triggers may be supported if mitigating provisions or board actions (e.g., clawbacks) are present.
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Employee Stock Ownership Plans (ESOPs)
Generally, vote FOR proposals that request shareholder approval in order to implement an ESOP or to increase authorized shares for existing ESOPs, except in cases when the number of shares allocated to the ESOP is excessive (<i>i.e.</i> , generally greater than five percent of outstanding shares).
401(k) Employee Benefit Plans
Generally, vote FOR proposals to implement a 401(k) savings plan for employees.
Holding Periods
Generally, vote AGAINST proposals requiring mandatory periods for officers and directors to hold company stock.
Advisory Votes on Executive Compensation (Say on Pay)
Generally, management proposals seeking ratification of the company s compensation program will be voted FOR unless the program includes practices or features not supported under these Guidelines and the proposal receives a negative recommendation from the Agent. Unless otherwise provided for herein, proposals not receiving the Agent s support due to concerns regarding severance/termination payments, incentive structures or vesting or performance criteria not otherwise supported by these Guidelines will be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, factoring in whether the issuer has made improvements to its overall compensation program and generally voting FOR if the company has provided a reasonable rationale and/or adequate disclosure regarding the matter(s) under consideration. For say on pay proposals not supported by the Agent and referencing incentive plan concerns:
(1) <u>Long-term incentive plans</u> : Proposals will be voted AGAINST if they cite long-term incentive plans that are inadequately aligned with shareholders because they are cash-based or lack an appropriate equity component, except that such cases will be considered CASE-BY-CASE in connection with executives already holding significant equity positions.
(2) Short-term incentive plans: Proposals will be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis if they cite short-term incentive plans over which the board has exercised discretion to exclude extraordinary items, and voted AGAINST if treatment of such items has been inconsistent (e.g., exclusion of losses but not gains).
Generally, vote AGAINST proposals when named executives have material input into setting their own compensation.

Generally, vote AGAINST proposals presented by issuers subject to Troubled Asset Relief Program (TARP) provisions if there is inadequate discussion of the process for ensuring that incentive compensation does not encourage excessive risk-taking.

Frequency of Advisory Votes on Executive Compensation

Generally, support proposals seeking an annual say on pay and oppose those seeking a less frequent say on pay.

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9. State of Incorporation
Voting on State Takeover Statutes
Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis proposals to opt in or out of state takeover statutes (including control share acquisition statutes, control share cash-out statutes, freezeout provisions, fair price provisions, stakeholder laws, poison pill endorsements, severance pay and labor contract provisions, anti-greenmail provisions, and disgorgement provisions).
Voting on Reincorporation Proposals
Proposals to change a company s state of incorporation should be examined on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, generally supporting management proposals not assessed as a potential takeover defense, but if so assessed, weighing management s rationale for the change. Generally, vote FOR management reincorporation proposals upon which another key proposal, such as a merger transaction, is contingent if the other key proposal is also supported. Generally, vote AGAINST shareholder reincorporation proposals not also supported by the company.
10. Mergers and Corporate Restructurings
Input from the Investment Professional(s) for a given Fund shall be given primary consideration with respect to proposals regarding business combinations, particularly those between otherwise unaffiliated parties, or other corporate restructurings being considered on behalf of that Fund.
Generally, vote FOR a proposal not typically supported under these Guidelines if a key proposal, such as a merger transaction, is contingent upon its support and a vote FOR is accordingly recommended by the Agent or an Investment Professional.
Mergers and Acquisitions
Votes on mergers and acquisitions should be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.

Corporate Restructuring

Votes on corporate restructuring proposals, including demergers, minority squeezeouts, leveraged buyouts, spinoffs, liquidations, dispositions, divestitures and asset sales, should be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent s approach to
evaluating such proposals.

Adjournment

Generally, vote FOR proposals to adjourn a meeting to provide additional time for vote solicitation when the primary proposal is also voted FOR.

Appraisal Rights

Generally, vote FOR proposals to restore, or provide shareholders with, rights of appraisal.

Changing Corporate Name

Generally, vote FOR changing the corporate name.

Approving New Classes or Series of Shares Generally, vote FOR the establishment of new classes or series of shares. Authorizing the Board to Hire and Terminate Subadvisors Without Shareholder Approval Generally, vote FOR these proposals. **Master-Feeder Structure** Generally, vote FOR the establishment of a master-feeder structure. **Establish Director Ownership Requirement** Generally, vote AGAINST shareholder proposals for the establishment of a director ownership requirement. The matters below should be examined on a CASE-BY-CASE basis: Election of Directors Converting Closed-end Fund to Open-end Fund **Proxy Contests** Investment Advisory Agreements

Preferred Stock Proposals

1940 Act Policies

11.

Mutual Fund Proxies

- Changing a Fundamental Restriction to a Nonfundamental Restriction
- Change Fundamental Investment Objective to Nonfundamental
- Name Rule Proposals
- Disposition of Assets/Termination/Liquidation
- Changes to the Charter Document
- Changing the Domicile of a Fund
- Change in Fund s Subclassification
- Distribution Agreements
- Mergers
- Reimburse Shareholder for Expenses Incurred
- Terminate the Investment Advisor

12. <u>Social and Environmental Issues</u>

Boards of directors and company management are responsible for guiding the corporation in connection with matters that are most often the subject of shareholder proposals on social and environmental issues: ensuring that the companies they oversee comply with applicable legal, regulatory and ethical standards, effectively managing risk, and assessing and addressing matters that may have a financial impact on shareholder value. The Funds will generally vote in accordance with the board s recommendation on such proposals unless it appears both that the stewardship noted above has fallen short and the issue is material to the company. The former

may be evidenced by the company s failure to align its actions and disclosure with market practice and that of its peers, or the company s having been subject to significant controversies, litigation, fines or penalties in connection with the relevant issue. Such instances will be considered CASE-BY-CASE. The Funds will generally vote AGAINST shareholder proposals seeking to dictate corporate conduct, impose excessive costs or restrictions, duplicate policies already substantially in place, or release information that would not help a shareholder evaluate an investment in the corporation as an economic matter.

13. Global Proxies

Companies incorporated outside the U.S. shall generally be subject to the foregoing U.S. Guidelines if they are listed on a U.S. exchange and treated as a U.S. domestic issuer by the Securities and Exchange Commission. Where applicable and not provided for otherwise herein, certain U.S. Guidelines may also be applied to companies incorporated outside the U.S., *e.g.*, companies with a significant base of U.S. operations and employees. However, the following provide for differing regulatory and legal requirements, market practices and political and economic systems existing in various global markets.

Unless otherwise provided for herein, it shall generally be the policy of the Funds to vote AGAINST global proxy proposals when the Agent recommends voting AGAINST such proposal because relevant disclosure by the issuer, or the time provided for consideration of such disclosure, is inadequate. For purposes of these global Guidelines, AGAINST shall mean withholding of support for a proposal, resulting in submission of a vote of AGAINST or ABSTAIN, as appropriate for the given market and level of concern raised by the Agent regarding the issue or lack of disclosure or time provided.

In connection with practices described herein that are associated with a firm AGAINST vote, it shall generally be the policy of the Funds to consider them on a CASE-BY-CASE basis if the Agent recommends their support (1) as the issuer or market transitions to better practices (*e.g.*, having committed to new regulations or governance codes) or (2) as the more favorable choice when shareholders must choose between alternate proposals.

Routine Management Proposals

Generally, vote FOR the following and other similar routine management proposals:

- the opening of the shareholder meeting
- that the meeting has been convened under local regulatory requirements
- the presence of quorum
- the agenda for the shareholder meeting
- the election of the chair of the meeting

- the appointment of shareholders to co-sign the minutes of the meeting
- regulatory filings (e.g., to effect approved share issuances)
- the designation of inspector or shareholder representative(s) of minutes of meeting
- the designation of two shareholders to approve and sign minutes of meeting
- the allowance of questions
- the publication of minutes

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the closing of the shareholder meeting

Consider proposals seeking authority to call shareholder meetings on less than 21 days notice on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent s approach to consider whether the issuer has provided clear disclosure of its compliance with any hurdle conditions for the authority imposed by applicable law and has historically limited it use of such authority to time-sensitive matters.

Discharge of Management/Supervisory Board Members

Generally, vote FOR management proposals seeking the discharge of management and supervisory board members, unless the Agent recommends AGAINST due to concern about the past actions of the company s auditors or directors or legal action is being taken against the board by other shareholders, including when the proposal is bundled. Generally do not withhold support from such proposals in connection with remuneration practices otherwise supported under these Guidelines or as a means of expressing disapproval of broader practices of the issuer or its board.

Director Elections

Unless otherwise provided for herein, the Agent s standards with respect to determining director independence shall apply. These standards generally provide that, to be considered completely independent, a director shall have no material connection to the company other than the board seat.

Agreement with the Agent s independence standards shall not dictate that a Fund s vote shall be cast according to the Agent s corresponding recommendation. Further, unless otherwise provided for herein, the application of Guidelines in connection with such standards shall apply only when the nominee s level of independence can be ascertained based on available disclosure. These policies generally apply to director nominees in uncontested elections; votes in contested elections, and votes on director nominees not subject to policies described herein, should be made on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with primary consideration in contested elections given to input from the Investment Professional(s) for a given Fund.

For issuers domiciled in Canada, Finland, France, Ireland, the Netherlands, Sweden or tax haven markets, generally vote AGAINST non-independent directors when the full board serves as the audit committee, or the company does not have an audit committee.

For issuers in all markets, including those in tax haven markets and those in Japan that have adopted the U.S.-style board-with-committees structure, vote AGAINST non-independent nominees to the audit committee, or, if the slate of nominees is bundled, vote AGAINST the slate. If the slate is bundled and audit committee membership is unclear or proposed as a separate agenda item, vote FOR if the Agent otherwise recommends support. For Canadian issuers, the Funds U.S. Guidelines with respect to audit committees shall apply; in addition, nominees (or slates of nominees) will be voted AGAINST if they do not comply with regulatory requirements to disclose audit fees broken down by category.

Negative recommendations from the Agent on slate ballots of nominees at Canadian issuers will be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis if the board is classified or the Agent cites other concerns not otherwise supported by these Guidelines, generally voting AGAINST when concerns relate to dual class capital structures or other anti-takeover/entrenchment devices.

Generally, vote FOR non-independent directors when the full board serves as the compensation or nominating committee, or the company does not have a compensation or nominating committee, if the board meets the applicable independence requirements of the relevant listing exchange. Vote FOR non-independent directors who sit on the compensation or nominating committees if such committee meets the applicable independence requirements of the relevant listing exchange.

Generally follow the Agent's recommendations to vote AGAINST individuals nominated as outside/non-executive directors who do not meet the Agent's standard for independence, unless the slate of nominees is bundled, in which case the proposal(s) to elect board members shall be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.

For issuers in tax haven markets, generally withhold support (AGAINST or ABSTAIN, as appropriate) from bundled slates of nominees if the board is non-majority independent. For issuers in Canada and other global markets, generally follow the Agent s standards for withholding support from bundled slates or non-independent directors (typically excluding the CEO), as applicable, if the board does not meet the Agent s independence standards or the board s independence cannot be ascertained due to inadequate disclosure.

For issuers in Japan, generally follow the Agent s recommendations in furtherance of greater board independence and minority shareholder protections, including:

- At listed subsidiary companies with controlling shareholders, if the board after the shareholder meeting does not include at least two directors deemed independent under the Agent standards, generally vote AGAINST reelection of top executives.
- At companies with a three-committee structure, generally vote AGAINST outside director nominees not deemed independent under the Agent s standards; however, generally vote FOR affiliated outsiders if the board after the shareholder meeting is majority independent.

Generally, withhold support (AGAINST or ABSTAIN, as appropriate) from nominees or slates of nominees presented in a manner not aligned with market practice and/or legislation, including:

- Bundled slates of nominees (e.g., France, Hong Kong or Spain);
- Simultaneous reappointment of retiring directors (e.g., South Africa);
- In markets with term lengths capped by legislation or market practice, nominees whose terms exceed the caps or are not disclosed (except that bundled slates with such lack of disclosure shall be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis); or

• Nominees whose names are not disclosed in advance of the meeting (*e.g.*, Austria, Philippines, Hong Kong or South Africa) or far enough in advance relative to voting deadlines (*e.g.*, Italy) to make an informed voting decision.

Such criteria will not generally provide grounds for withholding support in countries in which they may be identified as best practice but such legislation or market practice is not yet applicable, unless specific governance shortfalls identified by the Agent (e.g., director terms longer than four years) indicate diminished accountability to shareholders and so dictate that less latitude should be extended to the issuer.

Generally vote FOR nominees without regard to recommendations that the position of chairman should be separate from that of CEO or otherwise required to be independent, unless other concerns requiring CASE-BY-CASE consideration have been raised. The latter would include former CEOs proposed as board chairmen in markets such as the United Kingdom for which best practice and the Agent recommend against such practice.

When cumulative or net voting applies, generally vote with the Agent s recommendation to support nominees asserted by the issuer to be independent, even if independence disclosure or criteria fall short of Agent s standards.

Consider nominees for whom the Agent has raised concerns regarding scandals or internal controls on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, generally withholding support (AGAINST or ABSTAIN, as appropriate) from nominees or slates of nominees when:

- The scandal or shortfall in controls took place at the company, or an affiliate, for which the nominee is being considered;
- Culpability can be attributed to the nominee (e.g., nominee manages or audits relevant function); and
- The nominee has been directly implicated, with resulting arrest and criminal charge or regulatory sanction.

Consider non-independent nominees on a CASE-BY-CASE basis when the Agent has raised concerns regarding diminished shareholder value as evidenced by a significant drop in share price, generally voting with Agent s recommendation AGAINST such nominees when few, if any, outside directors are present on the board and:

- The founding family has retained undue influence over the company despite a history of scandal or problematic controls;
- The nominees have engaged in protectionist activities such as introduction of a poison pill or preferential and/or dilutive share issuances; or
- Evidence exists regarding compliance or accounting shortfalls.

If the Agent recommends withholding support due to other material failures or egregious actions, the Funds U.S. Guidelines with respect to such issues shall apply.

Consider nominees serving on the remuneration committee on a CASE-BY-CASE basis if the Agent recommends withholding support from nominees in connection with remuneration

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practices not otherwise supported by these Guidelines, including cases in which the issuer has not followed market practice by submitting a resolution on executive compensation.

For issuers in markets in which nominees attendance records are adequately disclosed, the Funds U.S. Guidelines with respect to director attendance shall apply. The same two-year attendance policy shall be applied regarding attendance by directors and statutory auditors of Japanese companies if year-over-year data can be tracked by nominee. For issuers in Canada, generally vote AGAINST a slate of nominees if one or more nominees fail the attendance Guideline, unless the Agent cites compelling reasons for supporting the slate (*e.g.*, the issuer s commitment to replace slate elections with individual elections within a year).

Consider self-nominated director candidates on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent's approach to evaluating such candidates, except that (1) an unqualified candidate will generally not be supported simply to effect a protest vote and (2) cases of multiple self-nominated candidates may be considered as a proxy contest if similar issues are raised (*e.g.*, potential change in control).

Generally vote FOR nominees without regard to over-boarding issues raised by the Agent unless other concerns requiring CASE-BY-CASE consideration have been raised.

In cases where a director holds more than one board seat and corresponding votes, manifested as one seat as a physical person plus an additional seat as a representative of a legal entity, generally vote with the Agent s recommendation to withhold support (AGAINST or ABSTAIN, as appropriate) from the legal entity and vote on the physical person.

Generally, vote with the Agent s recommendation to withhold support (AGAINST or ABSTAIN, as appropriate) from nominees for whom support has become moot since the time the individual was nominated (e.g., due to death, disqualification or determination not to accept appointment).

Generally, vote with the Agent s recommendation when more candidates are presented than available seats and no other provisions under these Guidelines apply.

Board Structure

Generally, vote FOR proposals to fix board size, but also support proposals seeking a board range if the range is reasonable in the context of market practice and anti-takeover considerations. Proposed article amendments in this regard shall be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent s approach to evaluating such proposals.

Director and Officer Indemnification and Liability Protection

Generally, vote in accordance with the Agent s standards for indemnification and liability protection for officers and directors, voting AGAINST overly broad provisions.

Independent Statutory Auditors

With respect to Japanese companies that have not adopted the three-committee structure, vote AGAINST any nominee to the position of independent statutory auditor—whom the Agent considers affiliated, *e.g.*, if the nominee has worked a significant portion of his career for the company, its main bank or one of its top shareholders. Where shareholders must vote on multiple nominees in a single resolution, vote AGAINST all nominees. When multiple slates of statutory auditors are presented, generally vote with the Agent—s recommendation, typically to support nominees deemed to be more independent and/or aligned with interests of minority shareholders.

Generally, vote AGAINST incumbent nominees at companies implicated in scandals or exhibiting poor internal controls.

Key Committees

Generally, except where market practice otherwise dictates, vote AGAINST proposals that permit non-board members to serve on the audit, compensation or nominating committee, provided that bundled slates may be supported if no slate nominee serves on the relevant committee(s). If not otherwise addressed under these Guidelines, consider other negative recommendations from the Agent regarding committee members on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.

Director and Statutory Auditor Remuneration

Consider director compensation plans on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent s approach to evaluating such proposals, while also factoring in the merits of the rationale and disclosure provided.

Generally, vote FOR proposals to approve the remuneration of directors and auditors as long as the amount is not excessive (*e.g.*, significant increases should be supported by adequate rationale and disclosure), there is no evidence of abuse, the recipient s overall compensation appears reasonable, and the board and/or responsible committee meets exchange or market standards for independence.

For European issuers, vote AGAINST non-executive director remuneration if:

- The advance general meeting documents do not specify fees paid to non-executive directors;
- The company seeks to excessively increase the fees relative to market or sector practices without providing a reasonable rationale for the increase; or
- It provides for granting of stock options or similarly structured equity-based compensation.

For Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX) issuers, the Agent s limits with respect to equity awards to non-employee directors shall apply.

Bonus Payments

With respect to Japanese companies, generally follow the Agent s guidelines on retirement and annual bonus payments, which include voting FOR retirement bonus proposals if all payments are for directors or auditors who have served as executives of the company and AGAINST such proposals if any payments are for outsiders, except when deemed appropriate by the Agent, provided that no payments shall be supported unless the individual or aggregate amounts are

disclosed. In all markets, if issues have been raised regarding a scandal or internal controls, generally vote AGAINST bonus proposals for retiring directors or continuing directors or auditors when culpability can be attributed to the nominee (*e.g.*, if a Fund is also voting AGAINST the nominee under criteria herein regarding issues of scandal or internal controls), unless bundled with bonuses for a majority of directors or auditors a Fund is voting FOR.

Stock Option Plans for Independent Internal Statutory Auditors

With respect to Japanese companies, follow the Agent s guidelines with respect to proposals regarding option grants to independent internal statutory auditors or other outside parties, generally voting AGAINST such plans.

Amendment Procedures for Equity Compensation Plans and ESPPs

For TSX issuers, votes with respect to amendment procedures for security-based compensation arrangements and employee share purchase plans shall generally be cast in a manner designed to preserve shareholder approval rights, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent s recommendation.

Compensation Plans and Shares Reserved for Equity Compensation Plans

Unless otherwise provided for herein, votes with respect to equity compensation plans (e.g., option, warrant, restricted stock or employee share purchase plans or participation in company offerings such as IPOs or private placements) or awards thereunder, the issuance of shares in connection with such plans, or related management proposals (e.g., article amendments), should be determined on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent s approach to evaluating such proposals, considering quantitative or qualitative factors as appropriate for the market and utilizing the Agent s methodology, including classification of a company s stage of development as growth or mature and the corresponding determination as to reasonability of the share requests.

Generally, vote AGAINST proposals that:

- Exceed Agent s recommended dilution limits, including cases in which the Agent suggests dilution cannot be fully assessed (e.g., due to inadequate disclosure);
- Provide deep or near-term discounts (or the equivalent, such as dividend equivalents on unexercised options) to executives or directors, unless discounts to executives are deemed by the Agent to be adequately mitigated by other requirements such as long-term vesting or performance requirements (*e.g.*, Japan) or broad-based employee participation otherwise meeting the Agent s standards (*e.g.*, France);
- Are administered with discretion by potential grant recipients, unless such discretion is deemed acceptable due to market practice or other mitigating provisions;

- Provide for retirement benefits or equity incentive awards to outside directors if not in line with market practice (*e.g.*, Australia, Belgium, The Netherlands);
- Permit financial assistance in the form of non-recourse (or essentially non-recourse) loans in connection with executive s participation;
- For matching share plans, do not meet the Agent s standards, considering holding period, discounts, dilution, participation, purchase price and performance criteria;

- Provide for vesting upon change in control if deemed to evidence a conflict of interest or anti-takeover device or if the change in control definition is too liberal (*e.g.*, does not result in actual change in control);
- Provide no disclosure regarding vesting or performance criteria (provided that proposals providing disclosure in one or both areas, without regard to Agent s criteria for such disclosure, shall be supported provided they otherwise satisfy these Guidelines);
- Permit post-employment vesting or exercise if deemed inappropriate by the Agent;
- Allow plan administrators to make material amendments without shareholder approval unless adequate prior disclosure has been provided, with such voting decisions generally based on the Agent s approach to evaluating such plans;
- Provide for contract or notice periods or severance/termination payments that exceed market practice, e.g., relative to multiples of annual compensation; or
- Provide for retesting in connection with achievement of performance hurdles unless the Agent s analysis indicates that (1) performance targets are adequately increased in proportion to the additional time available, (2) the retesting is *de minimis* as a percentage of overall compensation or is acceptable relative to market practice, or (3) the issuer has committed to cease retesting within a reasonable period of time.

Generally, vote FOR such plans/awards or the related issuance of shares that (1) do not suffer from the defects noted above or (2) otherwise meet the Agent s tests if the considerations raised by the Agent pertain primarily to performance hurdles, discretionary bonuses, recruitment awards, retention incentives, non-compete payments or vesting upon change in control (other than addressed above), if:

- (1) The company has provided adequate disclosure and/or a reasonable rationale regarding the relevant plan/award, practice or participation;
- (2) The recipient s overall compensation appears reasonable;
- (3) Potential payments or awards are not so significant (individually or collectively) as to potentially influence an executive s decision-making (*e.g.*, to enter into a transaction that will result in a change of control payment) or to effectively act as a poison pill; and
- (4) The board and/or responsible committee meets exchange or market standards for independence.

Unless otherwise provided for herein, market practice of the primary country in which a company does business or competes for talent, or in which an employee is serving, as applicable, shall supersede that of the issuer s domicile.

Consider proposals in connection with such plans or the related issuance of shares in other instances on a CASE-BY-CASE basis.

Remuneration	Reports	(Advisory	Votes on	Executive	Compensation)
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Generally, withhold support (AGAINST or ABSTAIN as appropriate for specific market and level of concerns identified) from remuneration reports/advisory votes on compensation that include compensation plans that:

(1) Permit practices or features not supported under these Guidelines, including financial assistance under the conditions described above;

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(2)	Permit retesting excessive relative to market practice (irrespective of the Agent s support for the report as a whole);
(3) appropriate eq	Cite long-term incentive plans deemed to be inadequately based on equity awards (e.g., cash-based plans or plans lacking an uity component);
(4)	Cite equity award valuation methods triggering a negative recommendation from the Agent;
(5) disclosure may	Include components, metrics or rationales that have not been disclosed in line with market practice (although retrospective be considered adequate);
(6) approval, but c	For issuers in Australia, permit open market purchase of shares in support of equity grants in lieu of seeking shareholder only if the issuer has a history of significant negative votes when formally seeking approval for such grants; or
	Include provisions for retirement benefits or equity incentive awards to outside directors if not in line with market practice, orts will generally be voted FOR if contractual components are reasonably aligned with market practices on a going-forward basis obligations related to retirement benefits or terms contrary to evolving standards would not preclude support for the report).
herein, reports	ing the Agent's support and not triggering the concerns cited above will generally be voted FOR. Unless otherwise provided for not receiving the Agent's support due to concerns regarding severance/termination payments, leaver status, incentive structures performance criteria not otherwise supported by these Guidelines shall be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, generally
(1)	The company has provided a reasonable rationale and/or adequate disclosure regarding the matter(s) under consideration;
(2)	The recipient s overall compensation appears reasonable; and
(3)	The board and/or responsible committee meets exchange or market standards for independence.
	pically unsupported features may be voted FOR when the Agent recommends their initial support as the issuer or market etter practices (<i>e.g.</i> , having committed to new regulations or governance codes).

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The Funds U.S. Guidelines with respect to such shareholder proposals shall apply.

General Share Issuances

Unless otherwise provided for herein, voting decisions shall generally be based on the Agent's practice to determine support for general issuance requests (with or without preemptive rights), or related requests to repurchase and reissue shares, based on their amount relative to currently issued capital, appropriate volume and duration parameters, and market-specific considerations (*e.g.*, priority right protections in France, reasonable levels of dilution and discount in Hong Kong). Requests to reissue repurchased shares will not be supported unless a related general issuance request is also supported.

Consider specific issuance requests on a CASE-BY-CASE basis based on the proposed use and the company s rationale.

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Generally, vote AGAINST proposals to issue shares (with or without preemptive rights), convertible bonds or warrants, to grant rights to acquire shares, or to amend the corporate charter relative to such issuances or grants when concerns have been identified by the Agent with respect to inadequate disclosure, inadequate restrictions on discounts, failure to meet the Agent s standards for general issuance requests, or authority to refresh share issuance amounts without prior shareholder approval.

Generally, vote AGAINST nonspecific proposals authorizing excessive discretion to a board.

Increases in Authorized Capital

Unless otherwise provided for herein, voting decisions should generally be based on the Agent s approach, as follows. Generally:

- Vote FOR nonspecific proposals, including bundled proposals, to increase authorized capital up to 100 percent over the current authorization unless the increase would leave the company with less than 30 percent of its new authorization outstanding.
- Vote FOR specific proposals to increase authorized capital, unless:
- The specific purpose of the increase (such as a share-based acquisition or merger) does not meet these Guidelines for the purpose being proposed; or
- The increase would leave the company with less than 30 percent of its new authorization outstanding after adjusting for all proposed issuances.
- Vote AGAINST proposals to adopt unlimited capital authorizations.
- The Agent s market-specific exceptions to the above parameters shall be applied.

Preferred Stock

Unless otherwise provided for herein, voting decisions should generally be based on the Agent s approach, including:

• Vote FOR the creation of a new class of preferred stock or issuances of preferred stock up to 50 percent of issued capital unless the terms of the preferred stock would adversely affect the rights of existing shareholders.

- Vote FOR the creation/issuance of convertible preferred stock as long as the maximum number of common shares that could be issued upon conversion meets the Agent s guidelines on equity issuance requests.
- Vote AGAINST the creation of (1) a new class of preference shares that would carry superior voting rights to the common shares or (2) blank check preferred stock unless the board states that the authorization will not be used to thwart a takeover bid.

Poison Pills/Protective Preference Shares

Generally, vote AGAINST management proposals in connection with poison pills or anti-takeover activities (*e.g.*, disclosure requirements or issuances, transfers or repurchases) that do not meet the Agent s standards. Generally vote in accordance with Agent s recommendation to withhold support from a nominee in connection with poison pill or anti-takeover considerations when responsibility for the actions can be reasonably attributed to the nominee. Generally DO NOT VOTE AGAINST director remuneration in connection with poison pill considerations raised by the Agent.

Waiver on Tender-Bid Requirement

Generally, consider proposals on a CASE-BY-CASE basis seeking a waiver for a major shareholder from the requirement to make a buyout offer to minority shareholders, voting FOR when little concern of a creeping takeover exists and the company has provided a reasonable rationale for the request.

Approval of Financial Statements and Director and Auditor Reports

Generally, vote FOR management proposals seeking approval of financial accounts and reports, unless there is concern about the company s financial accounts and reporting, which, in the case of related party transactions, would include concerns raised by the Agent regarding consulting agreements with non-executive directors but not severance/termination payments exceeding the Agent s standards for multiples of annual compensation, provided the recipient s overall compensation appears reasonable and the board and/or responsible committee meets exchange or market standards for independence. Unless otherwise provided for herein, reports not receiving the Agent s support due to other concerns regarding severance/termination payments not otherwise supported by these Guidelines shall be considered on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, factoring in the merits of the rationale or disclosure provided and generally voted FOR if the overall compensation package and/or program at issue appears reasonable. Generally, vote AGAINST board-issued reports receiving a negative recommendation from the Agent due to concerns regarding independence of the board or the presence of non-independent directors on the audit committee. However, generally do not withhold support from such proposals in connection with remuneration practices otherwise supported under these Guidelines or as a means of expressing disapproval of broader practices of the issuer or its board.

Remuneration of Auditors

Generally, vote FOR proposals to authorize the board to determine the remuneration of auditors, unless there is evidence of excessive compensation relative to the size and nature of the company.

Indemnification of Auditors

Generally, vote AGAINST proposals to indemnify auditors.

Ratification of Auditors and Approval of Auditors Fees

For Canadian issuers, the Funds U.S. Guidelines with respect to auditors and auditor fees shall apply.

For other markets, generally, follow the Agent s standards for proposals seeking auditor ratification or approval of auditors fees, which generally indicate a vote FOR such proposals if the level of disclosure and independence meet the Agent s standards. However, if fees for non-audit services (excluding significant, one-time events) exceed 50 percent of total auditor fees, consider on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, and vote FOR ratification of auditors or approval of auditors fees if it appears that remuneration for the non-audit work is not so lucrative as to taint the auditor s independence.

In other cases, generally vote FOR such proposals unless there are material concerns raised by the Agent about the auditor s practices or independence.

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Consider nominees to the audit commission on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with voting decisions generally based on the Agent s approach to evaluating such candidates.

Allocation of Income and Dividends

With respect to Japanese companies, consider management proposals concerning allocation of income and the distribution of dividends, including adjustments to reserves to make capital available for such purposes, on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, generally voting with the Agent s recommendations to support such proposals unless:

- The dividend payout ratio has been consistently below 30 percent without adequate explanation; or
- The payout is excessive given the company s financial position.

Generally vote FOR such proposals by issuers in other markets. In any markets, in the event management offers multiple dividend proposals on the same agenda, primary consideration shall be given to input from the relevant Investment Professional(s) and voted with the Agent s recommendation if no input is received.

Stock (Scrip) Dividend Alternatives

Generally, vote FOR most stock (scrip) dividend proposals, but vote AGAINST proposals that do not allow for a cash option unless management demonstrates that the cash option is harmful to shareholder value.

Debt Instruments

Generally, vote AGAINST proposals authorizing excessive discretion to a board to issue or set terms for debt instruments (*e.g.*, commercial paper).

Debt Issuance Requests

When evaluating a debt issuance request, the issuing company s present financial situation is examined. The main factor for analysis is the company s current debt-to-equity ratio, or gearing level. A high gearing level may incline markets and financial analysts to downgrade the company s bond rating, increasing its investment risk factor in the process. A gearing level up to 100 percent is considered acceptable.

Generally, vote FOR debt issuances for companies when the gearing level is between zero and 100 percent. Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis proposals where the issuance of debt will result in the gearing level being greater than 100 percent, or for which inadequate disclosure precludes calculation of the gearing level, comparing any such proposed debt issuance to industry and market standards, and with voting decisions generally based on the Agent s approach to evaluating such requests.

Financing Plans
Generally, vote FOR the adoption of financing plans if they are in the best economic interests of shareholders.
Related Party Transactions
Consider related party transactions on a CASE-BY-CASE basis. Generally, vote FOR approval of such transactions unless the agreement requests a strategic move outside the company s charter or contains unfavorable or high-risk terms (<i>e.g.</i> , deposits without security interest or guaranty).
Approval of Donations
Generally, vote AGAINST such proposals unless adequate, prior disclosure of amounts is provided; if so, single- or multi-year authorities may be supported.
Capitalization of Reserves
Generally, vote FOR proposals to capitalize the company s reserves for bonus issues of shares or to increase the par value of shares.
Investment of Company Reserves
These proposals should generally be analyzed on a CASE-BY-CASE basis, with primary consideration given to input from the Investment Professional(s) for a given Fund.
Article Amendments
Review on a CASE-BY-CASE basis all proposals seeking amendments to the articles of association.
Generally, vote FOR an article amendment if:

•	Shareholder rights are protected;
•	There is negligible or positive impact on shareholder value;
•	Management provides adequate reasons for the amendments or the Agent otherwise supports management s position;
• or	It seeks to discontinue and/or delist a form of the issuer s securities when the relevant Fund does not hold the affected security type
•	The company is required to do so by law (if applicable).
Generally,	vote AGAINST an article amendment if:
•	It removes or lowers quorum requirements for board or shareholder meetings below levels recommended by the Agent;
•	It reduces relevant disclosure to shareholders;
•	It seeks to align the articles with provisions of another proposal not supported by these Guidelines;
• any positiv	It is not supported under these Guidelines, is presented within a bundled proposal, and the negative impact, on balance, outweighs re impact; or
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It is editorial in nature;

•	It imposes a negative impact on existing shareholder rights, including rights of the Funds, or diminishes accountability to
shareholde	rs to the extent that any positive impact would not be deemed to be sufficient to outweigh removal or diminution of such rights.

With respect to article amendments for Japanese companies:

- Generally vote FOR management proposals to amend a company s articles to expand its business lines.
- Generally vote FOR management proposals to amend a company s articles to provide for an expansion or reduction in the size of the board, unless the expansion/reduction is clearly disproportionate to the growth/decrease in the scale of the business or raises anti-takeover concerns.
- If anti-takeover concerns exist, generally vote AGAINST management proposals, including bundled proposals, to amend a company s articles to authorize the Board to vary the annual meeting record date or to otherwise align them with provisions of a takeover defense.
- Generally follow the Agent's guidelines with respect to management proposals regarding amendments to authorize share repurchases at the board's discretion, voting AGAINST proposals unless there is little to no likelihood of a creeping takeover (major shareholder owns nearly enough shares to reach a critical control threshold) or constraints on liquidity (free float of shares is low), and where the company is trading at below book value or is facing a real likelihood of substantial share sales; or where this amendment is bundled with other amendments which are clearly in shareholders interest.

Other Business

In connection with global proxies, vote in accordance with the Agent s market-specific recommendations on management proposals for Other Business, generally AGAINST.

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Item 8. Portfolio Managers of Closed-End Management Investment Companies.

(a) (1) **Portfolio Management.** The following individuals comprise the investment committee of the Trust and share responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Trust s portfolio:

Daniel A. Norman. Mr. Norman is Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager in the Senior Debt Group, and has served in that capacity since November 1999. Prior to that, Mr. Norman was Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager in the Senior Debt Group (since April 1995). Mr. Norman has managed the Trust since April 1995 and is responsible for the operations, analytics, legal and marketing areas for the Trust. Mr. Norman also serves as Senior Vice President of the Trust, and he serves as Senior Vice President of ING Senior Income Fund, another closed-end fund sub-advised by ING IM that invests primarily in Senior Loans. Mr. Norman co-manages the Trust with Mr. Bakalar.

Jeffrey A. Bakalar. Mr. Bakalar is Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager in the Senior Debt Group, and has served in that capacity since November 1999. Prior to that, Mr. Bakalar was Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager in the Senior Debt Group (since January 1998). Mr. Bakalar has managed the Trust since January 1998 and is responsible for overseeing the portfolio management of the Trust. Before joining ING Groep N.V., Mr. Bakalar was Vice President of The First National Bank of Chicago (from 1994 to 1998). Mr. Bakalar also serves as Senior Vice President of the Trust and as Senior Vice President of ING Senior Income Fund, another closed-end fund sub-advised by ING IM that invests primarily in Senior Loans. Mr. Bakalar co-manages the Trust with Mr. Norman.

(a) (2) (i-iii) Other Accounts Managed

The following table shows the number of accounts and total assets in the accounts managed by the Portfolio Managers as of February 28, 2011.

ING Prime Rate Trust Portfolio Manager	Mutual Funds Registered Investment Companies Number of Accts / Total Assets (rounded to nearest million)	Trusts, Sep Accts and Stable Value Other Pooled Investment Vehicles and Alternative Number of Accts / Total Assets (rounded to nearest million)	Other Accounts, IIM Managed Number of Accts / Total Assets (rounded to nearest million)
Dan Norman	3/\$2,335	10/\$4,028	3/\$2,165
Jeff Bakalar	3/\$2,335	0/\$0	0/\$0

(a) (2) (iv) Conflicts of Interest

A portfolio manager may be subject to potential conflicts of interest because the portfolio manager is responsible for other accounts in addition to the Trust. These other accounts may include, among others, other mutual funds, separately managed advisory accounts, commingled trust accounts, insurance separate accounts, wrap fee programs and hedge funds. Potential conflicts may arise out of the implementation of differing investment strategies for the portfolio manager s various accounts, the allocation of investment opportunities among those accounts or differences in the advisory fees paid by the portfolio manager s accounts.

A potential conflict of interest may arise as a result of the portfolio manager s responsibility for multiple accounts with similar investment guidelines. Under these circumstances, a potential investment may be suitable for more than one of the portfolio manager s accounts, but the quantity of the investment available for purchase is less than the aggregate amount the accounts would ideally devote to the opportunity. Similar conflicts may arise when multiple accounts seek to dispose of the same investment.

A portfolio manager may also manage accounts whose objectives and policies differ from those of the Trust. These differences may be such that under certain circumstances, trading activity appropriate for one account managed by the portfolio manager may have adverse consequences for another account managed by the portfolio manager. For example, if an account were to sell a significant position in a security, which could cause the market price of that security to decrease, while the Trust maintained its position in that security.

A potential conflict may arise when a portfolio manager is responsible for accounts that have different advisory fees — the difference in the fees may create an incentive for the portfolio manager to favor one account over another, for example, in terms of access to particularly appealing investment opportunities. This conflict may be heightened where an account is subject to a performance-based fee.

As part of its compliance program, ING IM has adopted policies and procedures reasonably designed to address the potential conflicts of interest described above.

Finally, a potential conflict of interest may arise because the investment mandates for certain other accounts, such as hedge funds, may allow extensive use of short sales, which, in theory, could allow them to enter into short positions in securities where other accounts hold long positions. ING IM has policies and procedures reasonably designed to limit and monitor short sales by the other accounts to avoid harm to the Trust.

(a) (3) Compensation

Compensation consists of (a) fixed base salary; (b) bonus which is based on ING IM s performance, one- and three-year pre-tax performance of the accounts the portfolio managers are primarily and jointly responsible for relative to account benchmarks and peer universe performance, and revenue growth of the accounts they are responsible for; and (c) long-term equity awards tied to the performance of our parent company, ING Groep.

^{*} Of these other accounts, none have an advisory fee based on performance.

Portfolio managers are also eligible to participate in an annual cash incentive plan. The overall design of the ING IM annual incentive plan was developed to closely tie pay to performance, structured in such a way as to drive performance and promote retention of top talent. As with base salary compensation, individual target awards are determined and set based on external market data and internal comparators. Investment performance is measured on both relative and absolute performance in all areas. ING IM has a defined index, the S&P s LSTA Leveraged Loan Index and, where applicable, peer groups including but not limited to Russell, Morningstar, Inc. (Morningstar), Lipper Analytical Services, Inc. (Lipper) and Lehman and set performance goals to appropriately reflect requirements for each investment team. The measures for each team are outlined on a scorecard that is reviewed on an annual basis. These scorecards reflect a comprehensive approach to measuring investment performance versus both benchmarks and peer groups over one- and three-year periods and year-to-date net cash flow (changes in the accounts net assets not attributable to changes in the value of the accounts investments) for all accounts managed by the team. The results for overall IIM scorecards are calculated on an asset weighted performance basis of the individual team scorecards.

Investment professionals performance measures for bonus determinations are weighted by 25% being attributable to the overall ING IM performance and 75% attributable to their specific team results (60% investment performance and 15% net cash revenue).

Based on job function, internal comparators and external market data, portfolio managers participate in the ING Long-Term Incentive Plan. Plan awards are based on the current year s performance as defined by the ING IM component of the annual incentive plan. The awards vest in three years and are paid in a combination of ING restricted stock, stock options and restricted performance units.

Portfolio managers whose base salary compensation exceeds a particular threshold may participate in ING s deferred compensation plan. The plan provides an opportunity to invest deferred amounts of compensation in mutual funds, ING stock or at an annual fixed interest rate. Deferral elections are done on an annual basis and the amount of compensation deferred is irrevocable.

(a) (4) Ownership of Securities

The following table shows the dollar range of shares of the Trust owned by each team member as of February 28, 2011, including investments by their immediate family members and amounts invested through retirement and deferred compensation plans.

Portfolio Manager	Dollar Range of Trust Shares Owned
Dan Norman	Over \$100,000
Jeff Bakalar	\$50,001-\$100,000

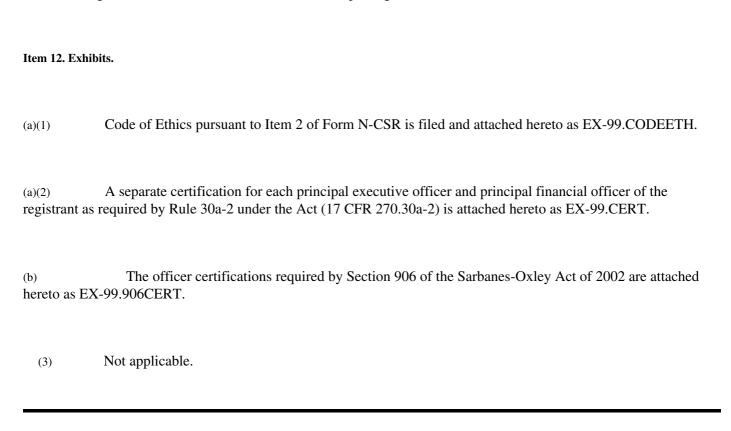
(b) Not applicable.

Item 9. Purchases of Equity Securities by Closed-End Management Investment Company and Affiliated Purchasers
None
Item 10. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.
The Board has a Nominating Committee for the purpose of considering and presenting to the Board candidates it proposes for nomination to fill Independent Trustee vacancies on the Board. The Committee currently consists of all Independent Trustees of the Board (6 individuals). The Nominating Committee operates pursuant to a Charter approved by the Board. The primary purpose of the Nominating Committee is to consider and present to the Board the candidates it proposes for nomination to fill vacancies on the Board. In evaluating candidates, the Nominating Committee may consider a variety of factors, but it has not at this time set any specific minimum qualifications that must be met. Specific qualifications of candidates for Board membership will be based on the needs of the Board at the time of nomination.
The Nominating Committee is willing to consider nominations received from shareholders and shall assess shareholder nominees in the same manner as it reviews its own nominees. A shareholder nominee for director should be submitted in writing to the Fund s Secretary. Any such shareholder nomination should include at a minimum the following information as to each individual proposed for nomination as trustee: such individual s written consent to be named in the proxy statement as a nominee (if nominated) and to serve as a trustee (if elected), and all information relating to such individual that is required to be disclosed in the solicitation of proxies for election of trustees, or is otherwise required, in each case under applicable federal securities laws, rules and regulations.
The Secretary shall submit all nominations received in a timely manner to the Nominating Committee. To be timely, any such submission must be delivered to the Fund's Secretary not earlier than the 90th day prior to such meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of the 60th day prior to such meeting or the 10th day following the day on which public announcement of the date of the meeting is first made, by either disclosure in a press release or in a document publicly filed by the Fund with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
Item 11. Controls and Procedures.
Based on our evaluation conducted within 90 days of the filing date, hereof, the design and operation of the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that material information relating to the registrant is made known to the certifying officers by others within the appropriate entities, particularly during the period in which Forms N-CSR are being prepared, and the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures allow timely preparation and review of the information for the registrant s Form N-CSR and the officer certifications of such Form N-CSR.

There were no significant changes in the registrant s internal controls that occurred during the second

(b)

fiscal quarter of the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant s internal control over financial reporting.



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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

(Registrant): ING Prime Rate Trust

By /s/ Shaun P. Mathews Shaun P. Mathews President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 5, 2011

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By /s/ Shaun P. Mathews Shaun P. Mathews President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 5, 2011

By /s/ Todd Modic Todd Modic Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 5, 2011

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