NII HOLDINGS INC Form 10-O August 11, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-O

b QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-37488

NII HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 91-1671412

(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

incorporation or organization)

1875 Explorer Street, Suite 800

20190 Reston, Virginia (Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

(703) 390-5100

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Accelerated

Large accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer b Smaller reporting filer o

company o

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes o No b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes b No o

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Number of Shares Outstanding

Title of Class on August 5, 2016

Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share 100,827,278

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

NII HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except par values)

Unaudited

	Successor Co	
	June 30,	December
	2016	31, 2015
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$338,060	\$342,184
Short-term investments	91,373	84,317
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$55,286 and \$39,033	167,353	84,317 144,629
Handset and accessory inventory	15,276	24,358
Prepaid expenses and other	312,138	132,534
Total current assets	924,200	728,022
	608,556	555,023
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,047,380	892,622
Intangible assets, net Other assets	266,722	554,241
Total assets	\$2,846,858	•
Total assets	\$2,040,030	\$2,729,900
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$48,913	\$43,765
Accrued expenses and other	282,061	268,858
Deferred revenues	9,152	10,386
Current portion of long-term debt	606,913	582,420
Total current liabilities	947,039	905,429
Long-term debt	99,170	82,647
Other long-term liabilities	110,600	197,837
Total liabilities	1,156,809	1,185,913
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)		
Stockholders' equity		
Undesignated preferred stock, par value \$0.001, 10,000 shares authorized, no shares issued		
or outstanding	_	_
Common stock, par value \$0.001, 140,000 shares authorized, 100,138 shares issued and	100	100
outstanding — 2016, 100,001 shares issued and outstanding — 2015	100	100
Paid-in capital	2,074,017	2,070,497
Accumulated deficit	(327,342)	(280,883)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(245,719)
Total stockholders' equity	1,690,049	1,543,995
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$2,846,858	\$2,729,908
<u> </u>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NII HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

Unaudited

	Successor Company	Predecessor Company	Company	Predecessor Company
	Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended	Six Months Ended	Six Months Ended
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Operating revenues Service and other revenues	\$243,122	\$303,222	\$463,724	\$643,904
Handset and accessory revenues	6,091 249,213	17,081 320,303	12,046 475,770	39,807 683,711
Operating expenses				
Cost of service (exclusive of depreciation and amortization	81,910	125,983	171,934	256,085
included below)		•		•
Cost of handsets and accessories	8,861	65,369	20,027	121,143
Selling, general and administrative	135,922	223,821 29,496	269,333	419,699
Impairment, restructuring and other charges Depreciation	10,557 29,660	60,703	16,472 59,770	36,792 126,789
Amortization	11,054	13,006	21,049	27,089
Amortization	277,964	518,378	558,585	987,597
Operating loss	(28,751)		(82,815)	(303,886)
Other income (expense)	(20,731)	(170,075)	(02,013)	(303,000)
Interest expense, net	(27,181)	(47,547)	(52,403)	(82,820)
Interest income	10,802	8,889	20,526	15,327
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net	43,356	14,560	82,998	(63,948)
Other expense, net	(2,446)	•	(4,942)	(137)
1,	24,531		46,179	(131,578)
Loss from continuing operations before reorganization items and income tax provision	(4,220)		(36,636)	(435,464)
Reorganization items (Note 2)	(223)	1,970,483	(598)	1,956,874
Income tax provision	(353)	(1,128)	(369)	(2,009)
Net (loss) income from continuing operations	(4,796)	1,737,808	(37,603)	1,519,401
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(5,075)	312,224	(8,856)	221,114
Net (loss) income	\$(9,871)	\$2,050,032	\$(46,459)	\$1,740,515
Net (loss) income from continuing operations per common share, basic	\$(0.05)	\$10.04	\$(0.37)	\$8.73
Net (loss) income from discontinued operations per common share, basic	(0.05)	1.80	(0.09)	1.27
Net (loss) income per common share, basic	\$(0.10)	\$11.84	\$(0.46)	\$10.00
Net (loss) income from continuing operations per common share, diluted	\$(0.05)	\$10.03	\$(0.37)	\$8.71
	(0.05)	1.80	(0.09)	1.27

Net (loss) income from discontinued operations per common share, diluted Net (loss) income per common share, diluted) \$11.83) \$9.98 \$(0.10 \$(0.46 Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic 100,013 172,363 100,009 172,363 Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, diluted 100,013 172,575 100,009 172,691 Comprehensive income, net of income taxes Foreign currency translation adjustment \$105,489 \$29,349 \$188,993 \$(205,899) Reclassification adjustment for sale of Nextel Mexico 421,953 421,953 Other (407 2,956 Other comprehensive income 105,489 450,895 188,993 219,010 Net (loss) income (9,871)) 2,050,032 (46,459) 1,740,515 Total comprehensive income \$95,618 \$2,500,927 \$142,534 \$1,959,525 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NII HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (in thousands) Unaudited

	Common	n Stock Amount	Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2015 — Successor Company	100,001	\$ 100	\$2,070,497	\$(280,883)	\$ (245,719)	\$1,543,995
Net loss				(46,459)	_	(46,459)
Other comprehensive income	_			_	188,993	188,993
Share-based compensation activity	137	_	3,520	_		3,520
Balance, June 30, 2016 — Successor Company	100,138	\$ 100	\$2,074,017	\$(327,342)	\$ (56,726)	\$1,690,049

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NII HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

Unaudited

	Company Six Months Ended June 30,	Predecessor Company Six Months Ended June 30, 2015
	2016	
Cash flows from operating activities: Net (loss) income Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating	\$(46,459)	\$1,740,515
activities: Loss (gain) from discontinued operations Amortization of debt (premiums) discounts and financing costs Depreciation and amortization Provision for losses on accounts receivable Foreign currency transaction (gains) losses, net Impairment charges, restructuring charges and losses on disposals of fixed assets Share-based payment expense Reorganization gain in connection with emergence from Chapter 11	8,856 (38) 80,819 38,506 (82,998) 8,573 3,634	31,471 5,239 (1,775,787)
Fresh start adjustments, net Other, net	 1,448	(248,709) (10,178)
Change in assets and liabilities:	1,440	(10,176)
Accounts receivable Prepaid value-added taxes	(30,333) 17,915	(35,013) 50,564
Handset and accessory inventory Prepaid expenses and other Other long-term assets Accrued value-added taxes Other long-term liabilities Accounts payable, accrued expenses, deferred revenues and other	12,239 9,423 (7,051) (4,126) 7,845 (10,223)	7,513 (26,688) 47,253 (7,941) (32,819) 18,565
Total operating cash provided by (used in) continuing operations Total operating cash used in discontinued operations Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities:	8,030 — 8,030	(155,154) (99,603) (254,757)
Capital expenditures Purchases of investments Proceeds from sales of investments Change in restricted cash and other deposits Other, net Total investing cash provided by (used in) continuing operations	(35,662) (504,932) 512,860 33,706 (2,490) 3,482	(88,485) (757,714) 756,546 (57,074) (1,890) (148,617)
Total investing cash provided by discontinued operations Net cash provided by investing activities Cash flows from financing activities:	13,545 17,027	1,176,438 1,027,821
Net proceeds from debtor-in-possession loan	_	340,375

Repayment of debtor-in-possession loan	— (340,375)	
Claims paid to senior noteholders	— (745,221)	
Repayments under equipment financing facility	(24,438) —	
Other, net	(4,142) (6,299)	
Total financing cash used in continuing operations	(28,580) (751,520)	
Total financing cash used in discontinued operations	— (26,711)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(28,580) (778,231)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(601) (9,152)	
Change in cash and cash equivalents related to discontinued operations	— 103,260	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(4,124) 88,941	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	342,184 334,194	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$338,060 \$423,135	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

Unless the context requires otherwise, "NII Holdings, Inc.," "NII Holdings," "we," "our," "us" and "the Company" refer to the combined businesses of NII Holdings, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC. While these financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements, they reflect all adjustments that, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for interim periods. In addition, the year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. We refer to our wholly-owned Brazilian operating company, Nextel Telecomunicações Ltda., as Nextel Brazil. You should read these condensed consolidated financial statements in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes contained in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and the condensed consolidated financial statements contained in our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2016. You should not expect results of operations for interim periods to be an indication of the results for a full year. Our consolidated results from continuing operations in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q include the results of operations of Nextel Brazil and our corporate headquarters.

Revision of Prior Period Financial Statements. In connection with the preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2016, we determined that an error existed in our previously issued financial statements. Specifically, selling, general and administrative expenses for the six months ended December 31, 2015 were understated by \$6.9 million as the result of a failure to properly accrue expenses for services Nextel Brazil received under a management consulting services arrangement. We evaluated this error under the SEC's authoritative guidance on materiality and the quantification of the effect of prior period misstatements on financial statements, and we determined that the impact of this error on our prior period consolidated financial statements is immaterial. However, since the correction of this error in the first quarter of 2016 would have been material to our results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and may be material to our results of operations for the year ending December 31, 2016, we revised our prior period financial statements to correct this error.

As a result of the correction of this error, as of December 31, 2015, accrued expenses and other increased by \$6.8 million, accumulated deficit increased by \$6.9 million and accumulated other comprehensive loss decreased by \$0.1 million. Although not presented herein, for the six months ended December 31, 2015, this error resulted in a \$6.9 million increase to selling, general and administrative expenses, operating loss, loss from continuing operations before reorganization items and income tax benefit, net loss from continuing operations and net loss. In addition, for the six months ended December 31, 2015, the correction of this error resulted in a \$0.07 increase in both net loss from continuing operations per basic and diluted common share and net loss per basic and diluted common share. This error did not relate to any periods prior to the six months ended December 31, 2015.

Sale of Nextel Argentina. On September 11, 2015, two of our indirect subsidiaries entered into a binding agreement with Grupo Clarin S.A., or Grupo Clarin, relating to the sale of all of the outstanding equity interests of Nextel Communications Argentina, S.R.L., or Nextel Argentina, which was completed on January 27, 2016. See Note 4 for more information on this sale. In connection with this transaction, we have presented Nextel Argentina's results for all periods as discontinued operations in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

Reorganization Accounting. In accordance with the requirements of reorganization accounting, NII Holdings adopted the provisions of fresh start accounting as of June 30, 2015 and became a new entity for financial reporting purposes. References to the "Successor Company" relate to NII Holdings on or subsequent to June 30, 2015. References to the "Predecessor Company" relate to NII Holdings prior to June 30, 2015. See Note 2 for more information regarding the implementation of fresh start accounting.

Going Concern. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. These condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the occurrence of the uncertainties described below.

In connection with the agreements governing Nextel Brazil's local bank loans, we are required to meet a net debt financial covenant semiannually. In August 2016, Nextel Brazil secured waivers from the lenders of its local bank loans related to this financial covenant for the June 30, 2016 measurement date. The next measurement date for this financial covenant will be December 31, 2016. Based on our current outlook, which reflects significant uncertainty about the economic and competitive conditions in Brazil that are currently impacting our ability to increase our revenues and generate profitability, we believe it is unlikely that we

will satisfy the applicable financial covenant included in both of Nextel Brazil's local bank loan agreements as of the December 31, 2016 measurement date. If we are unable to develop or implement changes to our business that allow us to meet this covenant, we will need to refinance or negotiate amendments to these loan arrangements or secure additional waivers from the lenders in order to avoid a potential default under the loan agreements. If a default under these local bank loans occurs, the lenders could require us to repay the amounts outstanding under these arrangements, and if they were to do so, the lender of Nextel Brazil's equipment financing facility could accelerate the amount outstanding under that obligation as well. As of June 30, 2016, we had \$280.7 million principal amount outstanding under Nextel Brazil's equipment financing facility. See Note 6 for more information.

Because it is unlikely that we will satisfy the applicable financial covenant included in both of Nextel Brazil's local bank loans as of the December 31, 2016 measurement date, and because of the cross-default provisions included in Nextel Brazil's equipment financing facility as described above, we concluded that the circumstances described above continue to raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern as of June 30, 2016.

Reclassifications. We have reclassified some prior period amounts in our condensed consolidated financial statements to conform to our current year presentation.

New Accounting Pronouncements. There were no new accounting standards issued during the three months ended June 30, 2016 that materially impacted our condensed consolidated financial statements or could materially impact our financial statements or related disclosures in a future period.

Note 2. Emergence from Chapter 11 Proceedings and Fresh Start Accounting

On September 15, 2014, we and eight of our U.S. and Luxembourg-domiciled subsidiaries, including NII Capital Corp. and NII International Telecom, S.C.A., or NIIT, filed voluntary petitions seeking relief under Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, which we refer to as Chapter 11, in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York, which we refer to as the Bankruptcy Court. In addition, subsequent to September 15, 2014, five additional subsidiaries of NII Holdings, Inc. filed voluntary petitions seeking relief under Chapter 11 in the Bankruptcy Court. We refer to the companies that filed voluntary petitions seeking relief under Chapter 11 collectively as the Debtors. Nextel Brazil and our previous other operating subsidiaries in Latin America were not Debtors in these Chapter 11 cases.

On June 19, 2015, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order approving and confirming the First Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Proposed by the Plan Debtors and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors, dated April 20, 2015. We refer to this plan, as amended, as the Plan of Reorganization. On June 26, 2015, the conditions of the Bankruptcy Court's order and the Plan of Reorganization were satisfied, the Plan of Reorganization became effective, and we and the other Debtors emerged from the Chapter 11 proceedings. We refer to June 26, 2015 as the Emergence Date.

The significant transactions that occurred on the Emergence Date in connection with the effectiveness of our Plan of Reorganization included the following:

NII Holdings canceled all shares of its common stock, preferred stock and other equity interests that existed prior to June 26, 2015;

NII Holdings amended and restated its Bylaws and filed an Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation authorizing the Company to issue up to 140,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, and up to

10,000,000 shares of undesignated preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share;

NII Holdings issued 99,999,992 shares of new common stock, with a per share value of \$20.68, and distributed cash of \$776.3 million to the holders of claims and service providers in comprehensive settlement of numerous integrated claims and disputes approved by the Bankruptcy Court in connection with the confirmation of the Plan of Reorganization;

In accordance with the Plan of Reorganization, all of the obligations of the Debtors with respect to the following indebtedness were canceled:

\$700.0 million aggregate principal amount of 7.875% senior notes due 2019 issued by NIIT pursuant to an indenture, dated as of May 23, 2013, among NIIT (as issuer), the Company (as guarantor), and Wilmington Trust National Association (as trustee) and all amendments, supplements or modifications thereto and extensions thereof;

\$900.0 million aggregate principal amount of 11.375% senior notes due 2019 issued by NIIT pursuant to an indenture, dated as of February 19, 2013, among NIIT (as issuer), the Company (as guarantor), and Wilmington Trust National Association (as trustee) and all amendments, supplements or modifications thereto and extensions thereof;

\$1.45 billion aggregate principal amount of 7.625% senior notes due 2021 issued by NII Capital Corp. pursuant to an indenture, dated as of March 29, 2011, among NII Capital Corp. (as issuer), each of the guarantors party thereto and Wilmington Savings Fund Society, FSB (as successor trustee) and all amendments, supplements or modifications thereto and extensions thereof:

\$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 8.875% senior notes due 2019 issued by NII Capital Corp. pursuant to an indenture, dated as of December 15, 2009, among NII Capital Corp. (as issuer), each of the guarantors party thereto and U.S. Bank National Association (as successor trustee) and all amendments, supplements or modifications thereto and extensions thereof; and

\$800.0 million aggregate principal amount of 10.0% senior notes due 2016 issued by NII Capital Corp. pursuant to an indenture, dated as of August 18, 2009, among NII Capital Corp. (as issuer), each of the guarantors party thereto and Wilmington Savings Fund Society, FSB (as successor trustee) and all amendments, supplements or modifications thereto and extensions thereof.

In connection with our emergence from Chapter 11, we were required to apply the provisions of fresh start accounting to our financial statements. Because our results of operations during the period from June 26, 2015 to June 30, 2015 were not material, we applied fresh start accounting to our consolidated financial statements as of the close of business on June 30, 2015. Under the principles of fresh start accounting, a new reporting entity is considered to be created, and as a result, we allocated the reorganization value of NII Holdings as of June 30, 2015 to our individual assets based on their estimated fair values at the date we applied fresh start accounting.

The components of our reorganization items were as follows (in thousands):

	Successor Company	Predecessor Company
	Three Six	Three Six Months
	Months Months	Months Ended
	Ended Ended	Ended
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Gain on settlement of liabilities subject to compromise	\$— \$—	\$1,775,787 \$1,775,787
Net gain on fresh start fair value adjustments		261,772 261,772
Reorganization-related professional fees and other costs	(223) (598)	(67,076) (80,685)
Total reorganization items	\$(223) \$(598)	\$1,970,483 \$1,956,874

Note 3. Supplemental Financial Statement Information

Prepaid Expenses and Other.

The components of our prepaid expenses and other current assets are as follows:

	Successor	Company
	June 30,	December
	2016	31,
	2010	2015
	(in thousa	nds)
Cash in escrow	\$173,392	\$6,000
Cash collateral related to performance bonds	54,433	47,450
Value-added taxes	33,554	33,467
Other prepaid expenses	23,924	11,934
Other current assets	26,835	33,683
	\$312,138	\$132,534

Property, Plant and Equipment, Net.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we capitalized immaterial amounts of interest. The components of our property, plant and equipment, net are as follows:

	Successor Company	
	June 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
	(in thousan	ds)
Land	\$3,230	\$2,655
Building and leasehold improvements	13,956	11,765
Network equipment, communication towers and network software	613,537	492,814
Software, office equipment, furniture and fixtures and other	85,334	65,747
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(138,083)	(59,987)
	577,974	512,994
Construction in progress	30,582	42,029
	\$608,556	\$555,023

Intangible Assets Net

intangible Assets, Net.						
Our intangible assets in	nclude the following:					
		Successor Company				
		June 30, 20	16		December	r 31, 2015
	Average Useful Life (Years)	Gross Carrying Value (in thousand	Accumulat Amortizati	('arryıng	Gross Carrying Value	Accumulated Carrying Amortization Value
Amortizable intangible	2					
assets:						
Licenses	26	\$1,028,859	\$ (39,715) \$989,144	\$850,818	\$ (16,314) \$834,504
Tradename	26	38,700	(1,488) 37,212	38,700	(744) 37,956

Customer relationships 4 28,032 (7,008) 21,024 23,042 (2,880) 20,162 \$1,095,591 \$ (48,211) \$1,047,380 \$912,560 \$ (19,938) \$892,622

Based on the carrying amount of our intangible assets as of June 30, 2016 and current exchange rates, we estimate amortization expense for each of the next five years ending December 31 to be as follows (in thousands):

Estimated

Years Amortization

Expense

2016 \$ 45,080

2017 48,062

2018 48,062

2019 44,558

2020 41,054

Actual amortization expense to be reported in future periods could differ from these estimates as a result of additional acquisitions of intangibles, as well as changes in foreign currency exchange rates and other relevant factors.

Restricted Cash.

As of June 30, 2016, \$173.4 million of our restricted cash was classified as prepaid expenses and other in our condensed consolidated balance sheet and the remainder was classified as other assets. As of December 31, 2015, almost all of our restricted cash was classified as other assets in our consolidated balance sheet. The components of our restricted cash are as follows:

	Successor	Company
	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
	(in thousa	nds)
Cash in escrow — Nextel Mexico sale	\$167,392	\$186,593
Brazil judicial deposits	80,035	54,289
Cash in escrow — Nextel Peru sale	34,360	34,353
Cash in escrow — Nextel Argentina sa	1 6 ,000	6,000
	\$287,787	\$281,235

Other Assets.

The components of our other long-term assets are as follows:

	Successor Company	
	Juna 20	December
	June 30,	31,
	2016	2015
	(in thousa	nds)
Restricted cash	\$114,395	\$275,235
Cash collateral related to performance bonds	63,662	94,236
Equity interest in Nextel Argentina		108,148
Other	88,665	76,622
	\$266,722	\$554,241

Accrued Expenses and Other.

The components of our accrued expenses and other are as follows:

	Successor	Company	
	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	
	(in thousands)		
Accrued contingencies	\$58,625	\$49,507	
Network system and information technology	47,767	32,079	
Payroll related items and commissions	39,321	31,734	
Non-income based taxes	31,788	33,097	
Capital expenditures	13,748	25,182	
Other	90,812	97,259	
	\$282,061	\$268,858	

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the tax impact on our accumulated other comprehensive loss was not material. In addition, as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, all of our accumulated other comprehensive loss represented cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment.

Supplemental Cash Flow Information.

Successor Predecessor Company Company Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 2015 (in thousands)

Capital expenditures

Cash paid for capital expenditures, including capitalized interest on property, plant and equipment \$35,662 \$88,485

Change in capital expenditures accrued and unpaid or financed, including interest capitalized (24,531) (19,282) \$11,131 \$69,203

In connection with the completion of the sale of Nextel Argentina to Grupo Clarin in January 2016, the promissory note that was initially issued in connection with this transaction was canceled. See Note 4 for more information. Other than the cancellation of this promissory note in the first quarter of 2016, we did not have any significant non-cash investing or financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

For the six months ended June 30, 2015, we had the following non-cash investing and financing activities: \$2,067.7 million in Successor Company common stock that we issued in partial satisfaction of certain claims that were settled in connection with our emergence from Chapter 11 (see Note 2 for more information); and

• a \$187.5 million increase in restricted cash, which represented cash placed in escrow to secure our indemnification obligations in connection with the sale of Nextel Mexico (see Note 4 for more information). Revenue-Based Taxes. We record certain revenue-based taxes and other excise taxes on a gross basis as a component of both service and other revenues and selling, general and administrative expenses in our condensed consolidated financial statements. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we recognized \$11.5 million and \$25.3 million, respectively, in revenue-based taxes and other excise taxes, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we recognized \$18.7 million and \$39.0 million, respectively, in revenue-based taxes and other excise

taxes, respectively.

Diluted Net (Loss) Income Per Common Share. As presented for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, our calculation of diluted net loss from continuing operations per common share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during those periods and does not include other potential common shares, including shares issuable upon the potential exercise of stock options under our stock-based employee compensation plans or restricted common shares issued under those plans since their effect would have been antidilutive. As presented for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, our calculation of diluted net income from continuing operations per common share includes 0.2 million and 0.3 million restricted common shares, respectively, but does not include any other potential common shares, including shares issuable upon the potential exercise of stock options issued under our stock-based compensation plans since their effect would have been antidilutive.

For both the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we did not include 3.6 million stock options in our calculation of diluted net loss from continuing operations per common share because their effect would have been antidilutive. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we did not include 0.8 million and 0.9 million restricted common shares, respectively, in our calculation of diluted net loss from continuing operations per common share because their effect would have been antidilutive. In addition, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we did not include 4.1 million and 4.8 million stock options, respectively, in our calculation of diluted net income from continuing operations per common share because their effect would have been antidilutive.

Note 4. Discontinued Operations

Sale of Nextel Argentina. On September 11, 2015, NII Mercosur Telecom, S.L.U. and NII Mercosur Moviles, S.L.U., both of which are indirect subsidiaries of NII Holdings, entered into a binding agreement with Grupo Clarin relating to the sale of all of the outstanding equity interests of Nextel Argentina. This agreement provided for aggregate cash consideration of \$178.0 million, of which \$159.0 million was paid at signing in connection with the transfer of a 49% equity interest in Nextel Argentina and the grant of a call option that allowed Grupo Clarin or any of its affiliates to acquire the remaining 51% equity interest in Nextel Argentina upon receipt of required approvals from the regulatory authorities in Argentina. We received the remaining cash consideration in October 2015, including \$6.0 million deposited in escrow to satisfy potential indemnification claims. On January 27, 2016, the agreement was amended to permit Grupo Clarin or any of it affiliates to exercise the right to acquire the remaining 51% equity interest prior to receiving regulatory approval, and Grupo Clarin and its affiliates immediately acquired the remaining 51% of Nextel Argentina for no additional proceeds.

Sale of Nextel Mexico. On April 30, 2015, we, together with our wholly-owned subsidiary NIU Holdings LLC, completed the sale of our Mexican operations to New Cingular Wireless, an indirect subsidiary of AT&T. The transaction was structured as a sale of all of the outstanding stock of the parent company of Comunicaciones Nextel de Mexico, S.A. de C.V., or Nextel Mexico, for a purchase price of \$1.875 billion, including \$187.5 million deposited in escrow to satisfy potential indemnification claims. The net proceeds from this sale were \$1.448 billion after deducting Nextel Mexico's outstanding indebtedness and applying other specified price adjustments. As of June 30, 2016, we paid \$4.2 million out of escrow to settle an indemnification claim, and in exchange, New Cingular Wireless released \$16.0 million of the escrow to us, and agreed to release an additional \$4.0 million by October 31, 2016. As of June 30, 2016, \$167.4 million remained in escrow. Unless there are any additional indemnification claims filed, the remaining amount in escrow is scheduled to be released to us on April 30, 2017.

Sale of Nextel Chile. In August 2014, our wholly-owned subsidiaries NII Mercosur Telecom, S.L., NII Mercosur Moviles, S.L. and NII International Telecom S.C.A. completed the sale of all of the outstanding equity interests in our wholly-owned subsidiary, Nextel Chile, S.A., or Nextel Chile, to Fucata, S.A., a venture comprised of Grupo

Veintitres and Optimum Advisors, for a de minimus amount.

Sale of Nextel Peru. In August 2013, our wholly-owned subsidiaries NII Mercosur Telecom, S.L. and NII Mercosur Moviles, S.L., completed the sale of all of the outstanding equity interests of our wholly-owned subsidiary, Nextel del Peru, S.A., or Nextel Peru, to Empresa Nacional de Telecomunicaciones S.A. and one of its subsidiaries, Entel Inversiones, S.A., which we refer to collectively as Entel. Entel has provided notice of potential claims for amounts greater than the \$34.4 million that remained in escrow as of June 30, 2016 to satisfy these claims. We believe that the requirements for payment of certain indemnification claims have not been met at this time, and we intend to vigorously contest these claims. As of June 30, 2016, we accrued \$10.0 million related to the potential settlement of these claims. The time period for additional claims against the amount held in escrow lapsed in February 2015.

In connection with the sales of Nextel Argentina and Nextel Mexico, we have reported the results of these operating companies as discontinued operations in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q. Accordingly, we reclassified Nextel Argentina's and Nextel Mexico's results of operations for all periods presented to reflect these former operating companies as discontinued operations. Unless otherwise noted, amounts included in these notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements exclude amounts attributable to discontinued operations. The major components of loss from discontinued operations related to Nextel Argentina and Nextel Mexico were as follows (in thousands):

	Successor	Predecessor Succ	cessor Predecessor
	Company	Company Com	pany Company
	Three	Three Six	Civ Months
	Months	Months Mon	Six Months
	Ended	Ended June Ende	Ended June
	June 30,	30, June	30,
	2016	2015 2016	5 2015
Operating revenues	\$—	\$198,577 \$—	\$599,038
Operating expenses	_	(218,661) —	(675,245)
Other expense, net		(18,130) —	(49,974)
Loss before income tax provision		(38,214) —	(126,181)
Income tax provision		(7,858) —	(8,065)
		(46,072) —	(134,246)
(Loss) income on sales of Nextel Argentina, Nextel Mexico, Nextel Chile and Nextel Peru	(5,075)	358,296 (8,85	56) 355,360
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$(5,075)	\$312,224 \$(8,	856) \$221,114

Note 5. Impairment, Restructuring and Other Charges Asset Impairments.

During the second quarter of 2016, we reviewed our Nextel Brazil segment for potential impairment using a probability-weighted cash flow analysis. While we are focused on effectively managing our business in Brazil, we are also considering potential strategic alternatives with third parties. Our estimation of undiscounted future cash flows was partially based on assumptions that we will be able to fund our business plan and that it is not probable that our Nextel Brazil segment will be disposed of. Based on our current estimated undiscounted future cash flows, we determined that the carrying value of our Nextel Brazil segment is recoverable.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, Nextel Brazil recognized \$7.3 million and \$8.2 million, in non-cash impairment charges, respectively, primarily related to the abandonment of certain transmitter and receiver sites that are no longer required in its business. Similarly, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, Nextel Brazil recognized \$23.6 million and \$27.8 million in non-cash asset impairment charges, respectively, the majority of which related to the abandonment of certain transmitter and receiver sites that are no longer required in its business. Restructuring Charges.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we recognized \$1.3 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, in severance and other related costs at the corporate level as a result of the separation of employees in an effort to streamline our organizational structure and reduce general and administrative expenses. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, Nextel Brazil recognized \$2.0 million and \$5.3 million in restructuring charges

primarily related to future lease costs for certain transmitter and receiver sites that are no longer required in its business and certain office closures. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we recognized \$5.4 million in severance and other related costs at the corporate level for both periods as a result of the separation of employees in an effort to streamline our organizational structure and reduce general and administrative expenses.

Total impairment, restructuring and other charges for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows (in thousands):

	Successor	Predecessor	Successor	Predecessor
	Company	Company	Company	Company
	Three	Three	Six	Six Months
	Months	Months	Months	
	Ended	Ended June	Ended	Ended June
	June 30,	30,	June 30,	30,
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Brazil	\$ 9,244	\$ 22,418	\$ 13,509	\$ 28,072
Corporate	1,313	7,078	2,963	8,720
Total impairment, restructuring and other charges	\$ 10,557	\$ 29,496	\$ 16,472	\$ 36,792

As of June 30, 2016, total accrued restructuring charges were as follows (in thousands):

Balance, December 31, 2015 — Successor Compan \$16,859

Restructuring charges 8,250
Cash payments (13,026)
Balance, June 30, 2016 — Successor Company \$12,083

Note 6. Debt

As a result of the implementation of fresh start accounting in connection with our emergence from Chapter 11, we remeasured the components of our debt to their fair values as of June 30, 2015. As a result, the carrying values of our bank loans and equipment financing facility do not represent their respective outstanding principal balances. The components of our debt are as follows:

•	Successor Company		
	June 30,	December	
	2016	31, 2015	
	(in thousands)		
Brazil equipment financing facility	\$315,733	\$339,850	
Brazil bank loans	286,953	240,396	
Brazil capital lease and tower financing obligations	102,841	84,295	
Other	556	526	
Total debt	706,083	665,067	
Less: current portion	(606,913)	(582,420)	
	\$99,170	\$82,647	

Brazil Bank Loans. In connection with the agreements governing Nextel Brazil's local bank loans, we are required to meet a net debt financial covenant semiannually. In August 2016, Nextel Brazil secured waivers from the lenders of its local bank loans related to this financial covenant for the June 30, 2016 measurement date. The next measurement date for this financial covenant will be December 31, 2016, at which point Nextel Brazil must maintain a net debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, ratio over the trailing 12 months of no greater than 3.5. Starting on June 30, 2017, and on each six-month anniversary thereafter, Nextel Brazil must maintain a net debt to EBITDA ratio of no greater than 2.5.

Based on our current outlook, which reflects significant uncertainly about the economic and competitive conditions in Brazil that are currently impacting our ability to increase our revenues and generate profitability, we believe it is

unlikely that we will satisfy the applicable financial covenant included in both of Nextel Brazil's local bank loan agreements as of the December 31, 2016 measurement date. If we are unable to develop or implement changes to our business that allow us to meet this covenant, we will need to refinance or negotiate amendments to these loan arrangements or secure additional waivers from the lenders in order to avoid a potential default under the loan agreements. If a default under these local bank loans occurs, the lenders could require us to repay the amounts outstanding under these arrangements. As a result of this uncertainty, we have continued to classify the amounts outstanding under Nextel Brazil's local bank loans as current liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheet

as of June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2016, we had \$280.7 million principal amount outstanding under Nextel Brazil's local bank loans.

Brazil Equipment Financing Facility. In December 2014, Nextel Brazil and the lender under its equipment financing facility agreed to amend this facility to remove all financial covenants beginning with the December 31, 2014 measurement date through the June 30, 2017 measurement date so that the first measurement date under the amended facility will be December 31, 2017. Because of the uncertainty regarding our ability to meet the financial covenant contained in Nextel Brazil's local bank loans discussed above and certain cross-default provisions that are included in the loan agreement under Nextel Brazil's equipment financing facility, we have continued to classify the amount outstanding under this facility as a current liability in our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2016, we had \$318.0 million in principal amount outstanding under Nextel Brazil's equipment financing facility. We do not have the ability to borrow additional amounts under this facility.

Note 7. Fair Value Measurements

Nextel Argentina.

On September 11, 2015, two of our indirect subsidiaries entered into a binding agreement with Grupo Clarin relating to the sale of all of the outstanding equity interests of Nextel Argentina. In connection with the initial agreement, we issued a non-recourse promissory note in the amount of \$85.0 million and pledged the remaining 51% of the equity interests in Nextel Argentina to Grupo Clarin. As of December 31, 2015, we recorded our retained 51% interest in Nextel Argentina as an equity method investment under the fair value option, which was included as a component of other assets in our consolidated balance sheet. As of December 31, 2015, we estimated the fair value of this investment to be \$108.1 million. In addition, as of December 31, 2015, we recorded the non-recourse promissory note as a component of other long-term liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet at its estimated fair value of \$108.1 million. This fair value estimate was based on the \$178.0 million purchase price paid by Grupo Clarin, as adjusted for changes in excess cash from September 11, 2015 through December 31, 2015. On January 27, 2016, the agreement was amended to permit Grupo Clarin or any of its affiliates to exercise the right to acquire the remaining 51% equity interest prior to receiving regulatory approval, and Grupo Clarin and its affiliate immediately acquired the remaining 51% of Nextel Argentina for no additional proceeds. In connection with the completion of this transaction, the promissory note was canceled on January 27, 2016.

Financial Instruments.

Available-for-Sale Securities.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, available-for-sale securities held by Nextel Brazil included \$77.9 million and \$56.2 million, respectively, in investment funds and \$13.4 million and \$9.3 million, respectively, in certificates of deposit with a Brazilian bank. These funds invest primarily in Brazilian government bonds, long-term, low-risk bank certificates of deposit and Brazilian corporate debentures. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we did not have any material unrealized gains or losses associated with these investments.

We account for our available-for-sale securities at fair value. The fair value of our Brazilian certificates of deposit is based on their current redemption amount, and we classify these certificates of deposit within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of Nextel Brazil's investment funds is measured based on the funds' net asset value as a practical expedient, which is excluded from the fair value hierarchy.

Held-to-Maturity Investments.

We periodically invest some of our cash holdings in certain securities that we intend to hold to maturity. As of December 31, 2015, held-to-maturity investments included \$18.1 million in short-term investments held by NIIT in U.S. treasury notes. We account for held-to-maturity securities at amortized cost, which approximates the fair value observed in the market. As of December 31, 2015, the fair value of our held-to-maturity investments was \$18.0

million. These securities matured in February 2016.

Debt Instruments.

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of our debt instruments are as follows:

Successor Company

June 30, 2016 December 31, 2015

Principal Carrying Amount Carrying Fair Amount Carrying Outstanding Value Outstanding Carrying Carrying Fair Value

(in thousands)

Brazil equipment financing \$318,012 \$315,733 \$315,063 \$342,475 \$339,850 \$340,189 Brazil bank loans and other 281,210 287,509 297,077 234,320 240,922 229,366

\$599,222 \$603,242 \$612,140 \$576,795 \$580,772 \$569,555

Bank loans and other consists primarily of loans with certain banks in Brazil. We estimated the fair value of these bank loans, as well as the fair value of our equipment financing facility in Brazil, utilizing inputs such as U.S. Treasury security yield curves, prices of comparable bonds, LIBOR, U.S. Treasury bond rates and credit spreads on comparable publicly traded bonds. We consider both Nextel Brazil's equipment financing facility and its bank loans and other to be Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

Derivative Instruments.

We occasionally enter into derivative transactions for risk management purposes. We have not and will not enter into any derivative transactions for speculative or profit generating purposes. We record all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheet at their fair value. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, Nextel Brazil had an immaterial amount of derivative instruments that were classified as short-term investments in our condensed consolidated balance sheet. We consider this measurement to be Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. Nextel Brazil entered into foreign currency option agreements to manage the foreign currency exposures associated with the forecasted purchase of handsets and other U.S. dollar-denominated payments. We do not apply hedge accounting to these derivative instruments. As a result, we have included all changes in the fair value of these instruments as a component of other (expense) income, net in our condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income (loss). The gains and losses resulting from the changes in the estimated fair value of Nextel Brazil's derivative instruments in the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were not material. Other Financial Instruments.

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable contained in our condensed consolidated balance sheets approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

Note 8. Commitments and Contingencies

Handset, Equipment and Other Commitments.

We are a party to purchase agreements with various suppliers under which we have committed to purchase handsets, equipment and network services that will be used or sold in the ordinary course of business. As of June 30, 2016, we are committed to purchase \$190.3 million under a handset purchase agreement with one of our handset suppliers by September 30, 2016. We do not expect that we will purchase all of the committed devices, but we have not recorded a liability for this contract because we do not believe it is probable that we will incur a loss under this handset purchase agreement.

Brazil Spectrum Commitment.

In December 2015, Nextel Brazil participated in a spectrum auction and was the successful bidder for 30 megahertz, or MHz, of spectrum in the 1.8 gigahertz, or GHz, band for 455.0 million Brazilian reais, or approximately \$116.7

million based on foreign currency exchange rates at the time. Nextel Brazil received the license agreement on February 16, 2016. In July 2016, Nextel Brazil paid 45.5 million Brazilian reais, or approximately \$14.0 million based on foreign currency exchange rates at the time, in connection with the signing of this license agreement. Under the terms of the license agreement, interest is due annually beginning in December 2016, and the remaining 409.5 million Brazilian reais is due in annual installments, beginning in December 2018. If we elect to pay the full amount of the remaining 409.5 million Brazilian reais by December 9, 2016, the Brazilian telecommunciations regulator will waive the first year of interest payments.

Contingencies.

Nextel Brazil has received various assessment notices from state and federal Brazilian authorities asserting deficiencies in payments related primarily to value-added taxes, excise taxes on imported equipment and other non-income based taxes. Nextel Brazil has filed various administrative and legal petitions disputing these assessments. In some cases, Nextel Brazil has received favorable decisions, which are currently being appealed by the respective governmental authority. In other cases, Nextel Brazil's petitions have been denied, and Nextel Brazil is currently appealing those decisions. Nextel Brazil also had contingencies related to certain regulatory, civil and labor-related matters as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, Nextel Brazil had accrued liabilities of \$67.3 million and \$57.7 million, respectively, related to contingencies, of which \$5.2 million and \$5.4 million related to unasserted claims, respectively. We currently estimate the reasonably possible losses related to matters for which Nextel Brazil has not accrued liabilities, as they are not deemed probable, to be approximately \$440.0 million as of June 30, 2016. We continue to evaluate the likelihood of probable and reasonably possible losses, if any, related to all known contingencies. As a result, future increases or decreases to our accrued liabilities may be necessary and will be recorded in the period when such amounts are determined to be probable and reasonably estimable. In addition, as of June 30, 2016, we estimated the reasonably possible losses related to potential indemnification claims in connection with the sales of Nextel Mexico and Nextel Peru for which we have not accrued liabilities, as they are not deemed probable, to be approximately \$35.0 million.

Legal Proceedings.

We are subject to claims and legal actions that may arise in the ordinary course of business. We do not believe that any of these pending claims or legal actions will have a material effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Note 9. Income Taxes

The realization of deferred tax assets is dependent on the generation of future taxable income sufficient to realize our tax loss carryforwards and other tax deductions. Valuation allowances are required to be recognized on deferred tax assets unless it is determined that it is "more-likely-than-not" that the asset will be realized. In 2015, we recorded full valuation allowances on the deferred tax assets of our foreign operating companies, our U.S. parent company and subsidiaries and our foreign holding companies due to substantial negative evidence such as the recent history of cumulative losses and the projected losses for 2016 and subsequent years. We maintained this same valuation allowance position through the first half of 2016.

Note 10. Segment Reporting

We have determined our reportable segment based on our method of internal reporting, which disaggregates our business by geographic location. We evaluate performance and provide resources to it based on operating income before depreciation, amortization and impairment, restructuring and other charges, which we refer to as segment earnings. Nextel Brazil is our only reportable operating segment.

	Nextel Brazil	Corporate and Elimination	ıs	Consolidate	ed
	(in thousands)				
Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 — Successor Company Operating revenues Segment earnings (losses) Less:	\$249,168 \$32,256	\$ 45 \$ (9,736)	\$249,213 \$22,520	
Impairment, restructuring and other charges Depreciation and amortization Foreign currency transaction gains, net Interest expense and other, net				(10,557 (40,714 43,356 (18,825)
Loss from continuing operations before reorganization items and income tax	ζ.			\$(4,220))
provision Capital expenditures	\$3,575	\$ <i>-</i>		\$3,575	,
Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 — Predecessor Company Operating revenues Segment losses	\$320,255 \$(78,757	\$ 48) \$ (16,113)	\$320,303 \$(94,870)
Less: Impairment, restructuring and other charges Depreciation and amortization Foreign currency transaction gains, net Interest expense and other, net				(29,496 (73,709 14,560 (48,032)
Loss from continuing operations before reorganization items and income tax provision	ζ			\$(231,547)
Capital expenditures	\$53,557	\$ 728		\$54,285	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 — Successor Company Operating revenues Segment earnings (losses) Less:	\$475,671 \$36,016	\$ 99 \$ (21,540)	\$475,770 \$14,476	
Impairment, restructuring and other charges Depreciation and amortization Foreign currency transaction gains, net Interest expense and other, net				(16,472 (80,819 82,998 (36,819)
Loss from continuing operations before reorganization items and income tax	(\$(36,636)
provision Capital expenditures	\$11,131	\$—		\$11,131	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 — Predecessor Company Operating revenues Segment losses Less:	\$683,611 \$(75,234	\$ 100) \$ (37,982)	\$683,711 \$(113,216)
Impairment, restructuring and other charges				(36,792)

Depreciation and amortization Foreign currency transaction losses, net Interest expense and other, net)
Loss from continuing operations before reorganization items and income tax provision			\$(435,464)
Capital expenditures	\$68,385	\$ 818	\$69,203	
June 30, 2016 — Successor Company				
Identifiable assets	\$2,258,356	\$ 588,502	\$2,846,858	3
December 31, 2015 — Successor Company				
Identifiable assets	\$1,989,753	\$ 740,155	\$2,729,908	;

Note 11. Subsequent Events

In May 2016, Nextel Brazil entered into an amendment to a nationwide roaming voice and data services agreement with Telefonica Brazil S.A., or Telefonica, to reduce the usage rates for roaming traffic. Concurrently, Nextel Brazil entered into a 10-year radio access network, or RAN, sharing agreement with Telefonica under which Telefonica will permit Nextel Brazil to use its tower and equipment infrastructure to transmit telecommunications signals on Nextel Brazil's spectrum. These agreements require Nextel Brazil to meet certain minimum annual commitments over a five-year period totaling 800 million Brazilian reais, or approximately \$246.2 million based on foreign currency exchange rates at the time, which replaced the remaining commitments under the original roaming agreement. Nextel Brazil is required to prepay 250 million Brazilian reais shortly after the agreements become effective with receipt of regulatory approvals, which occurred in early August 2016. We expect to allocate the aggregate minimum payments on a relative fair value basis to the services being received and recognize these payments as operating expenses on a ratable basis over a period of five years for the amended roaming agreement and eight years for the RAN sharing agreement. We are also evaluating other potential accounting implications that may result from Nextel Brazil's entry into these agreements. In order to reduce future operating expenses, we expect to cease the use of a significant number of our transmitter and receiver sites as a result of the RAN sharing agreement, which would result in material impairment and restructuring charges.

In August 2016, we received approximately \$39.7 million of cash in connection with the release of performance bonds relating to our obligations to deploy spectrum in Brazil.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

INDEX TO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

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Introduction

The following is a discussion and analysis of:

our consolidated financial condition as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and our consolidated results of operations for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015; and

significant factors that we believe could affect our prospective financial condition and results of operations.

You should read this discussion in conjunction with our 2015 annual report on Form 10-K, including, but not limited to, the discussion regarding our critical accounting policies and estimates, as described below. Historical results may not indicate future performance. See "Forward-Looking and Cautionary Statements," "Item 1A. — Risk Factors" in our 2015 annual report on Form 10-K for risks and uncertainties that may impact our future performance. We refer to our remaining operating company as Nextel Brazil.

Nextel Brazil Business Overview

We provide wireless communication services under the NextelTM brand in Brazil with our principal operations located in major urban and suburban centers with high population densities and related transportation corridors of that country where we believe there is a concentration of Brazil's business users and economic activity, including primarily Rio de Janeiro and São Paulo.

In the second half of 2013, Nextel Brazil commercially launched services on its wideband code division multiple access, or WCDMA, network in São Paulo, Rio de Janeiro and surrounding areas and extended those services to other areas in Brazil by expanding the coverage of its network and utilizing roaming services and network sharing arrangements pursuant to agreements that it reached with another network operator in Brazil. Nextel Brazil currently offers services supported by its WCDMA network in approximately 260 cities in Brazil. Our WCDMA network enables us to offer a wide range of products and services supported by that technology, including data services provided at substantially higher speeds than can be delivered on our legacy integrated digital enhanced network, or iDEN.

Prior to the deployment of our WCDMA network, our services were primarily targeted to meet the needs of business customers. With the deployment of our WCDMA network in Brazil, our target market has shifted to individual consumers who use our services to meet both professional and personal needs. Our target subscribers generally exhibit above average usage, revenue and loyalty characteristics. We believe our target market is attracted to the services and pricing plans we offer, as well as the quality of and data speeds provided by our WCDMA network.

We also offer long-term evolution, or LTE, services in Rio de Janeiro and continue to provide services on our legacy iDEN network throughout various regions in Brazil. Our transition to standards-based technologies such as WCDMA also gives us more flexibility to offer customers the option of purchasing services by acquiring the subscriber identity module, or SIM, cards from us separately, and by providing the customer with the option to use the SIM cards in one or more devices that they acquire from us or from other sources.

The services we currently offer include:

mobile telephone voice service;

wireless data services, including text messaging services, mobile internet services and email services;

• push-to-talk services, including Direct Connect®, Prip and International Direct Connect® services, which allow subscribers to talk to each other instantly;

other value-added services, including location-based services, which include the use of Global Positioning System, or GPS, technologies; digital media services; and a wide ranging set of applications available via our content management system, as well as the AndroidTM open application market;

business solutions, such as security, work force management, logistics support and other applications that help our business subscribers improve their productivity; and

voice and data roaming services outside of our coverage areas.

Our goal is to generate higher revenues and increase our subscriber base by providing differentiated wireless communications services that are valued by our existing and potential customers, while managing our capital and operating expenditures in the near term and improving our profitability and cash flow over the long term. Our strategy for achieving this goal is based on several core principles, including:

aligning our costs with our current business through continuous evaluation and streamlining of all capital and operating expenditures;

focusing on higher value customer segments that generate higher average revenue per user, or ARPU, and lower customer turnover;

utilizing the most profitable sales channels;

offering a superior customer experience, including a reliable and high quality wireless network; and building on the strength of the unique positioning of the Nextel brand.

To support our business plan, we have made significant capital and other investments as we deployed our WCDMA network and LTE upgrade. These investments have increased our costs and negatively impacted our profitability and are expected to continue to have that impact as we incur the fixed costs associated with our network while building the subscriber base it serves. However, we believe our investments have enhanced, and will continue to enhance, the competitiveness of our service offerings while continuing to support the differentiated services and superior customer service that have historically been significant factors supporting our business.

We have implemented and will continue to implement changes in our business to better align our organization and costs with our operational and financial results and goals, as well as with the trends in our business. These changes have included changes to our leadership team in Brazil, significant reductions in our headquarters staff through the reorganization of the roles and responsibilities of both our Brazil and corporate teams, and headcount reductions in Brazil, all of which are designed to reduce costs while maintaining the support necessary to meet our customers' needs.

As a result of the sale of Nextel Argentina in September 2015 and Nextel Mexico in April 2015, both of which followed the sale of Nextel Chile in August 2014 and Nextel Peru in August 2013, we allocate almost all of our financial and other resources to our operations in Brazil. While we are focused on effectively managing our business in Brazil, we are also considering potential strategic alternatives with third parties.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of our financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates, assumptions and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Although we believe that our estimates, assumptions and judgments are reasonable, they are based on presently available information. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making those estimates, actual results reported in future periods could differ from those estimates.

As described in more detail in our 2015 annual report on Form 10-K under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," we consider the following accounting policies to be the most important to our financial position and results of operations or policies that require us to exercise significant judgment and/or estimates:

revenue recognition;

allowance for doubtful accounts;

depreciation of property, plant and equipment;

amortization of intangible assets;

valuation of long-lived assets;

foreign currency;

loss contingencies; and

income taxes.

There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to those discussed under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2015 annual report on Form 10-K.

Results of Operations

As a result of the application of fresh start accounting, the Successor Company's financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 are prepared under a new basis of accounting and are not directly comparable to the Predecessor Company's financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S., we translated the results of operations of our Brazilian operating segment into U.S. dollars using the average foreign currency exchange rates for the applicable period. The following table presents the average foreign currency exchange rates we used to translate Nextel Brazil's results of operations, as well as changes from the average foreign currency exchange rates utilized in the prior period.

	Succe	Actu	ıal	
	Comp	Perc	ent	
	Three	Cha	nge	
	Ended	l June 30,	Fron	n
	2016	2015	Prio	r
Brazilian real		2013	Yea	r
	3.51	3.07	(14)%
	Succe	Actu	ıal	
	Comp	D		
	Comp	amympany	Perc	ent
	Six M		Cha	
	Six M			nge
	Six M Ended	Ionths I June 30,	Cha	nge n
	Six M	Ionths I June 30,	Cha Fror	nge n r
Brazilian real	Six M Ended	Ionths I June 30, 2015	Cha Fror Prio	nge n r

During 2015, foreign currency exchange rates in Brazil generally depreciated in value relative to the U.S. dollar. During the first half of 2016, the foreign currency exchange rates appreciated compared to the rate in effect at the end of the prior year. The following table presents the foreign currency exchange rates in effect at the end of each of the quarters in 2015, as well as at the end of the first and second quarters of 2016.

Predecesso Company	^r Successor Comp	oany
2015		2016
Marchune	Septe December	Marcliune
Brazilian real 3.21 3.10	3.97 3.90	3.56 3.21

To provide better insight into Nextel Brazil's results, we present the year-over-year percentage change in each of the line items presented on a consolidated basis and for Nextel Brazil on a constant currency basis in the "Constant Currency Change from Previous Year" columns in the tables below. The comparison of results for these line items on a constant currency basis shows the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (i) by adjusting the relevant measures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 to amounts that would have resulted if the average foreign currency exchange rates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 were the same as the average foreign currency exchange rates that were in effect for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016; and (ii) by comparing the constant currency financial measures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 to the actual financial measures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. This constant currency comparison applies consistent exchange rates to the operating revenues earned in Brazilian reais and to the other components of segment earnings for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015. The constant currency information reflected in the tables below is not a measurement under accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. and should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for, the information contained in our results of operations.

a. Consolidated

a. Consolitated	Successo		Predecessor Company				
	June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	Actual Change from Previous Year		Constant Currency Change from Previous Year	
	(dollars i	in 1	thousands)	Dollars	Percent	Perce	nt
Three Months Ended	(donars)		aro asarras)				
Brazil segment earnings (losses)	32,256			111,013	(141)%	(147)%
Corporate segment losses and eliminations	. ,)		6,377	(40)%	•)%
Consolidated segment earnings (losses)	22,520			117,390	(124)%	-)%
Impairment, restructuring and other charges	(10,557	-		18,939	(64)%	•)%
Depreciation and amortization	(40,714			32,995	(45)%	-)%
Operating loss	(28,751			169,324	(85)%)%
Interest expense, net	(27,181)		20,366	(43)%	-)%
Interest income	10,802		8,889	1,913		39	%
Foreign currency transaction gains, net	43,356	`	14,560	28,796	198 %		%
Other expense, net	(2,446)	(9,374	6,928	(74)%	(70)%
Loss from continuing operations before reorganization	(4,220)	(231,547	227,327	(98)%	(98)%
items and income tax provision	(223	`	1,970,483	(1,970,706)	(100)%	(100	\ <i>01</i> -
Reorganization items Income tax provision	(353)		(1,970,700)) 775	(69)%	-)%)%
Net (loss) income from continuing operations	(4,796	(1,737,808	(1,742,604)		-	*
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income)	1,/3/,000	(1,742,004)	(100)%	(100)%
taxes	(5,075)	312,224	(317,299)	(102)%	(102)%
Net (loss) income	\$(9,871)	\$2,050,032	\$(2,059,903)	(100)%	(100)%
ret (1988) meone	ψ(),071	,	Ψ2,030,032	Ψ(2,03),703)	(100)/c	(100) //
Six Months Ended							
Brazil segment earnings (losses)	36,016) 111,250	(148)%		
Corporate segment losses and eliminations	(21,540)		16,442	(43)%	-)%
Consolidated segment earnings (losses)	14,476			127,692	(113)%		
Impairment, restructuring and other charges	(16,472	-		20,320	(55)%)%
Depreciation and amortization	(80,819	_		73,059	(47)%	-)%
Operating loss	(82,815			221,071	(73)%)%
Interest expense, net	(52,403)		30,417	(37)%	•)%
Interest income	20,526		15,327	5,199		67	%
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net	82,998	,		146,946	(230)%	•)%
Other expense, net	(4,942)	(137) (4,805	NM	NM	
Loss from continuing operations before reorganization items and income tax provision	(36,636)	(435,464	398,828	(92)%	(90)%
Reorganization items	(598)	1,956,874	(1,957,472)	(100)%	(100)%
Income tax provision	(369)	(2,009	1,640	(82)%	-)%
Net (loss) income from continuing operations)	1,519,401	(1,557,004)	(102)%	(102)%
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(8,856)	221,114	(229,970)	(104)%	(104)%

Net (loss) income

\$(46,459) \$1,740,515 \$(1,786,974) (103)% (103)%

NM - Not Meaningful

We define segment earnings (losses) as operating loss before depreciation, amortization and impairment, restructuring and other charges. Consolidated segment earnings recognized during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 were \$22.5 million

and \$14.5 million compared to segment losses of \$94.9 million and \$113.2 million during the same periods in 2015 and include the results of operations of our Brazil segment and our corporate operations, both of which are discussed individually below.

1. Impairment, restructuring and other charges

Consolidated impairment, restructuring and other charges recognized in the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 primarily represented \$7.3 million and \$8.2 million, respectively, in non-cash asset impairment charges related to the abandonment of transmitter and receiver sites in Brazil and \$2.0 million and \$5.3 million, respectively, in restructuring charges related to future lease costs for certain transmitter and receiver sites that are no longer required in Nextel Brazil's business and certain office closures. These charges also included \$1.3 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, in severance and other related costs at the corporate level as a result of the separation of employees in an effort to streamline our organizational structure and reduce general and administrative expenses.

Consolidated impairment, restructuring and other charges recognized in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 primarily consisted of non-cash asset impairment charges related to the shutdown or abandonment of transmitter and receiver sites in Brazil and severance costs incurred at the corporate level resulting from the separation of employees in an effort to streamline our organizational structure and reduce general and administrative expenses.

2. Depreciation and amortization

The \$33.0 million, or 45%, and \$73.1 million, or 47%, decreases in consolidated depreciation and amortization on a reported basis, and the 37% and 35% decreases on a constant currency basis, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015 were primarily the result of decreases in the value of Nextel Brazil's property, plant and equipment resulting from the implementation of fresh start accounting.

3. Interest expense, net

The \$20.4 million, or 43%, and \$30.4 million, or 37%, decreases in consolidated net interest expense on a reported basis, and 36% and 20% decreases on a constant currency basis, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015 were primarily the result of the depreciation in the value of the Brazil real relative to the U.S. dollar and the implementation of fresh-start accounting.

4. Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net

Consolidated foreign currency transaction gains of \$43.4 million and \$83.0 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 were primarily due to the appreciation in the value of the Brazilian real relative to the U.S. dollar on Nextel Brazil's U.S. dollar-denominated net liabilities.

Consolidated foreign currency transaction gains of \$14.6 million during the three months ended June 30, 2015 were largely the result of the impact of the appreciation in the value of the Brazilian real relative to the U.S. dollar during the period on Nextel Brazil's U.S. dollar-denominated net liabilities. Foreign currency transaction losses of \$63.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 were largely the result of the impact of the depreciation in the value of the Brazilian real relative to the U.S. dollar on Nextel Brazil's U.S. dollar-denominated net liabilities.

5. Reorganization items

Reorganization items for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 included all income, expenses, gains and losses that were recognized as a result of the implementation of the Plan of Reorganization in connection with the

Chapter 11 proceedings, including the \$1,775.8 million gain we recognized in connection with the settlement of our liabilities subject to compromise upon our emergence from Chapter 11, a \$261.8 million gain as a result of the implementation of fresh start accounting and \$67.1 million and \$80.7 million in professional fees and other costs, respectively.

b. Nextel Brazil

o. Treater Brazil	Successor Company			Predecessor Company								
	June 30, 2016	% of Nextel Brazil's Operating Revenues		Nextel Brazil's Operating		June 30, 2015	% of Nextel Brazil's Operating Revenues		3		Const Curre Chang from Previo Year Perce	ency ge ous
	(dollars in	thous	ands)				Donais	1 CICCIII	. I CICCIII			
Three Months Ended	(3-3-1111-3-11-		,									
Service and other revenues	\$243,077	98	%	\$303,174	95	%	\$(60,097)	(20)%	(8)%		
Handset and accessory revenues	6,091	2	%	17,081	5	%	(10,990)	(64)%	(59)%		
Cost of handsets and accessories	(8,861	(3)%	(65,369)	(20)%	56,508	(86)%	(85)%		
Handset and accessory net subsidy	(2,770	(1)%	(48,288)	(15)%	45,518	(94)%	(93)%		
Cost of service (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	(81,910	(33)%	(126,012)	(40)%	44,102	(35)%	(26)%		
Selling and marketing expenses	(27,982	(11)%	(56,461)	(18)%	28,479	(50)%	(43)%		
General and administrative expenses	(98,159	(40)%	(151,170)	(47)%	53,011	(35)%	(26)%		
Segment earnings (losses)	\$32,256	13	%	\$(78,757)	(25)%	\$111,013	(141)%	(147)%		
Six Months Ended												
Service and other revenues	\$463,625	97	%	\$643,804	94	%	\$(180,179)	(28)%	(10)%		
Handset and accessory revenues	12,046	3	%	39,807	6	%	(27,761)	(70)%	(62)%		
Cost of handsets and accessories	(20,027	(4)%	(121,143)	(18)%	101,116	(83)%	(79)%		
Handset and accessory net subsidy	(7,981	(1)%	(81,336)	(12)%	73,355	(90)%	(88))%		
Cost of service (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	(171,934)	(36)%	(256,153)	(38)%	84,219	(33)%	(16)%		
Selling and marketing expenses	(50,052	(10)%	(105,357)	(15)%	55,305	(52)%	(41)%		
General and administrative expenses	(197,642)	(42)%	(276,192)	(40)%	78,550	(28)%	(11)%		
Segment earnings (losses)	\$36,016	8	%	\$(75,234)	(11)%	\$111,250	(148)%	(160)%		

We use the term "subscriber unit," which we also refer to as a subscriber, to represent an active subscriber identity module, or SIM, card, which is the level at which we track subscribers. The table below provides an overview of Nextel Brazil's subscriber units in commercial service on both its iDEN and WCDMA networks, as well as Nextel Brazil's customer turnover rates for each of the quarters in 2015 and for the first and second quarters of 2016. We calculate customer turnover by dividing subscriber deactivations for the period by the average number of subscriber units during that period.

	Predecessor Company			Successor Company								
	Three Months Ended			Three Months Ended								
	March		June 30),	Septemb	er	Decemb	ber	March		June 30),
	31, 2015	5	2015		30, 2015	5	31, 201	5	31, 201	6	2016	
	(subscrib	bei	rs in tho	ousa	nds)							
iDEN subscriber units	2,667.5		2,414.5	5	2,166.2		1,842.0		1,552.0)	1,315.1	
WCDMA subscriber units	1,672.2		1,970.4	1	2,254.2		2,597.7		2,744.7	'	2,708.7	
Total subscriber units in commercial service — beginning of period	4,339.7		4,384.9)	4,420.4		4,439.7		4,296.7	,	4,023.8	J
iDEN net subscriber losses	(194.7))	(189.0)	(208.1)	(211.5)	(195.2)	(149.7)
WCDMA net subscriber additions (losses)	239.9		224.5		227.3		68.5		(77.7)	(29.2)
Total net subscriber additions (losses)	45.2		35.5		19.2		(143.0)	(272.9)	(178.9)
Migrations from iDEN to WCDMA	58.3		59.3		116.2 (1)	ı	78.5		41.7		37.6	
Migrations from IDEN to WCDMA	36.3		39.3		110.2		70.5		41.7		37.0	
iDEN subscriber units	2,414.5		2,166.2	2	1,842.0		1,552.0	1	1,315.1		1,127.8	,
WCDMA subscriber units	1,970.4		2,254.2	2	2,597.7		2,744.7		2,708.7	'	2,717.1	
Total subscriber units in commercial service — enceperiod	l 9f 4,384.9		4,420.4	1	4,439.7		4,296.7		4,023.8	;	3,844.9	1
Total customer turnover	3.15	%	3.34	%	3.54	%	3.74	%	4.34	%	3.99	%
iDEN customer turnover	3.25	%	3.54	%	3.94	%	4.48	%	4.80	%	4.46	%
WCDMA customer turnover	2.99	%	3.13	%	3.21	%	3.27	%	4.10	%	3.78	%

⁽¹⁾ For the three months ended September 30, 2015, migrations from iDEN to WCDMA included approximately 31,000 migrations which were not properly reported in prior quarters. This change in migrations did not impact total subscriber units at the end of any period presented.

The following table represents Nextel Brazil's average monthly revenue per subscriber, or ARPU, for subscribers on both its iDEN and WCDMA networks for each of the quarters in 2015, as well as for the first and second quarters of 2016, in both U.S. dollars (US\$) and in Brazilian reais (BR). We calculate service ARPU by dividing service revenues per period by the weighted average number of subscriber units in commercial service during that period.

	Comp Three	•	Successor Company					
	Months Ended		Three Months	Ended	nded			
	March June		September December	March	June			
	31,	30,	30)	31,	30,			
	2015	2015	2015, 2015	2016	2016			
Total service ARPU (US\$)	23	20	18 16	16	19			
WCDMA service ARPU (US\$)	25	22	19 17	16	20			
iDEN service ARPU (US\$)	22	19	17 15	15	16			
Total service ARPU (BR)	66	62	62 62	62	66			
WCDMA service ARPU (BR)	70	66	66 65	64	70			
iDEN service ARPU (BR)	62	59	58 58	57	56			

The average value of the Brazilian real depreciated relative to the U.S. dollar during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 by 14% and 25%, respectively, compared to the average value that prevailed during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015. As a result, the components of Nextel Brazil's results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, after translation into U.S. dollars, reflect lower revenues and expenses in U.S. dollars than would have occurred if the Brazilian real had not depreciated relative to the U.S. dollar. If the value of the Brazilian real depreciates relative to the U.S. dollar, Nextel Brazil's future reported results of operations will be adversely affected.

The economic environment in Brazil continues to reflect a significant downturn from prior years with low consumer confidence, negative real wage growth, a net loss of jobs and higher unemployment. Consumers in Brazil are also being impacted by rising costs of food and other essentials, with the inflation of food costs significantly exceeding both inflation levels experienced in prior years and the consumer price index. These conditions and trends have resulted in a decline in the amount of consumer

disposable income that is available to purchase telecommunications services and have had an adverse impact on our ability to attract and retain subscribers and on our collection rates. We expect that the current economic conditions and weak foreign currency exchange rates will continue to have a negative impact on Nextel Brazil's reported results of operations through at least the end of 2016.

Nextel Brazil began offering a full range of voice and data services on its WCDMA network in late 2013 and experienced subscriber growth on its WCDMA network and an increase in its WCDMA service ARPU in Brazilian reais through the end of 2014. Although Nextel Brazil's WCDMA subscriber units increased from 337.9 thousand subscribers as of January 1, 2014 to 2.7 million subscribers as of June 30, 2016, Nextel Brazil's WCDMA service ARPU in Brazilian reais decreased slightly throughout the course of 2015 and into the first quarter of 2016, and its WCDMA customer turnover increased significantly in the first half of 2016, as a result of more intense competition in the wireless market and the economic factors discussed above. In addition, the competitive environment in the Brazilian wireless industry was characterized by aggressive pricing and service offerings throughout 2015 and into the first half of 2016. In the second quarter of 2015, Nextel Brazil implemented several new rate plans and promotions to improve the attractiveness of its service offerings, expand targeted customer segments and provide economic incentives to attract customers. Specifically, in June 2015, Nextel Brazil began offering new simplified rate plans that further incentivize subscribers to utilize their existing handsets when purchasing Nextel Brazil's services, which generally result in similar or higher service ARPU levels. In addition, during the fourth quarter of 2015, Nextel Brazil launched promotions to increase prices on certain rate plans, which resulted in higher service ARPU levels for new WCDMA customers during the first and second quarters of 2016 compared to the levels experienced during the fourth quarter of 2015. In addition, during the second quarter of 2016, Nextel Brazil modified its billing process, which resulted in a decrease in certain revenue-based taxes that allows Nextel Brazil to retain a larger portion of its customer billings, which, along with other factors, resulted in a 9% increase in Nextel Brazil's WCDMA service ARPU in local currency compared to the first quarter of 2016.

Nextel Brazil continues to offer services on its iDEN network, which does not support data services that are competitive with the higher speed data services offered by its competitors or available on its WCDMA network. As a result, Nextel Brazil has had to offer iDEN service plans with lower average revenues per subscriber to retain and attract subscribers on its iDEN network and offer incentives to transition those subscribers to services on its WCDMA network. Despite these efforts, Nextel Brazil has experienced net subscriber losses and declines in its average revenue per subscriber on its iDEN network, and we expect that these trends will continue.

As a result of the initiatives discussed above, Nextel Brazil's average revenue per subscriber in Brazilian reais increased by 6% during the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 and was relatively flat during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same period in 2015. However, despite the growth in the number of WCDMA subscriber units from the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 to the same periods in 2016, total subscriber units decreased due to the decline in iDEN subscriber units. The decrease in Nextel Brazil's total subscriber base resulted in decreases of 8% and 10%, respectively, in Nextel Brazil's service and other revenues on a constant currency basis. In addition, the depreciation of the Brazilian real relative to the U.S. dollar over these periods, in combination with the factors discussed above, caused the \$60.1 million, or 20%, and \$180.2 million, or 28%, declines in Nextel Brazil's service and other revenues over the same periods.

In connection with our emergence from Chapter 11, we made a number of changes within our senior management team and modified our business plan to reflect our available cash resources and the impact of the current and expected economic and competitive conditions in Brazil on both our subscriber growth and revenues, and are aligning our costs with this revised outlook. As a result, we are targeting less aggressive subscriber growth than last year with a focus on attracting high value customers while simultaneously reducing selling, general and administrative expenses and handset subsidies.

Despite decreases in local currency operating revenues, Nextel Brazil recognized segment earnings of \$3.8 million and \$32.3 million and segment earnings margins of 2% and 13% during the first and second quarters of 2016 as a result of the execution of initiatives to reduce operating expenses included in our business plan. Nextel Brazil recognized segment earnings of \$32.3 million and \$36.0 million, respectively, during the three and six months ended

June 30, 2016 compared to segment losses of \$78.8 million and \$75.2 million, respectively, during the same periods in 2015 as a result of the following:

1. Service and other revenues

The \$60.1 million, or 20%, and \$180.2 million, or 28%, decreases in service and other revenues on a reported basis during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015 are primarily the result of the impact of weaker foreign currency exchange rates on our reported results and the decline in Nextel Brazil's subscriber base. On a constant currency basis, Nextel Brazil's service and other revenues decreased 8% and 10% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015.

Nextel Brazil's WCDMA subscriber base grew from 2.3 million subscribers as of the end of the second quarter of 2015 to 2.7 million subscribers as of the end of the second quarter of 2016. Nextel Brazil has continued to strategically facilitate the migration of iDEN subscribers to its WCDMA network, which resulted in 37 thousand migrations during the three months ended June 30, 2016. As a result of the overall growth in its WCDMA subscriber base, Nextel Brazil's WCDMA-based service and other revenues increased \$14.9 million and \$15.3 million from the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 to the same periods in 2016, or 25% and 31% on a constant currency basis. These increases were offset by \$75.0 million, or 51%, and \$195.6 million, or 57%, decreases in Nextel Brazil's iDEN-based service and other revenues from the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 to the same periods in 2016, or 44% and 46% on a constant currency basis, driven by a decrease in Nextel Brazil's iDEN subscriber base from 2.2 million subscribers as of the end of the second quarter of 2016 and a decline in its iDEN-based average revenue per subscriber from \$19 for the second quarter of 2015 to \$16 for the second quarter of 2016.

2. Handset and accessory net subsidy

The \$45.5 million, or 94%, and \$73.4 million, or 90%, decreases in handset and accessory net subsidy on a reported basis from the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 to the same periods in 2016 are largely related to an increased emphasis on new service plans under which services are provided to new subscribers using their existing handsets, as well as lower subsidies per handset. As a result of the new service plans, 86% of Nextel Brazil's new WCDMA subscribers during both the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 represented customers who utilized their existing handsets compared to 66% and 57% during the same periods in 2015. These decreases were also impacted by a \$25.3 million charge that Nextel Brazil recognized in the second quarter of 2015 related to certain tax credits generated as a result of handset purchases that we estimated were not probable of being recovered. During the second quarter of 2016, we recovered an immaterial amount of these credits and expect to recover the remaining portion over the course of the next twelve months. On a constant currency basis, Nextel Brazil's handset and accessory net subsidy decreased 93% and 88% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015.

3. Cost of service

The \$44.1 million, or 35%, and \$84.2 million, or 33%, decreases in cost of service on a reported basis from the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 to the same periods in 2016 are partially caused by the impact of weaker foreign currency exchange rates described above. On a constant currency basis, Nextel Brazil's cost of service decreased 26% and 16%, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015 primarily as the result of a decrease in interconnect costs related to the reduced volume of calls on its iDEN network and lower mobile termination rates, as well as the reversal of \$8.1 million in certain non-income based tax-related contingent liabilities in the second quarter of 2016 based on a change in estimate. Also, with the continuing decline in the number of iDEN subscribers in Nextel Brazil's subscriber base, Nextel Brazil's service and repair costs related to its iDEN handset maintenance program continued to decrease. Nextel Brazil's site and switch costs remained relatively stable from the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 to the same periods in 2016 as increases in site rent and energy expenses were offset by decreases in overall maintenance costs.

In 2012, Brazil's telecommunications regulatory agency approved regulations to implement a transition to a cost-based model for determining mobile termination rates. Under the current regulations, the mobile termination rates are being gradually reduced over a transition period ending in 2019, when cost-based rates will take effect. The transition rules also provide for a partial "bill and keep" settlement process that applies to the settlement of mobile termination charges between smaller operators like Nextel Brazil and its larger competitors (who are considered to hold significant market power under the Brazilian regulations), which further reduces mobile termination charges for smaller operators. The lower costs resulting from this partial bill and keep settlement process, which is similar to the

settlement process that has historically applied to termination charges relating to our iDEN services, decline as mobile termination rates are reduced during the transition period, with the bill and keep settlement process terminating when cost-based rates are implemented.

4. Selling and marketing expenses

The \$28.5 million, or 50%, and \$55.3 million, or 52%, decreases in selling and marketing expenses on a reported basis during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015 are partially due to the impact of weaker foreign currency exchange rates described above. On a constant currency basis, Nextel Brazil's selling and marketing expenses decreased 43% and 41% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015 as the result of a reduction in sales and marketing personnel, lower advertising and media expenses resulting from cost reductions and retail store closures, and lower commissions due to decreases in gross subscriber additions.

5. General and administrative expenses

The \$53.0 million, or 35%, and \$78.6 million, or 28%, decreases in general and administrative expenses on a reported basis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015 are partially due to the impact of weaker foreign currency exchange rates described above. On a constant currency basis, Nextel Brazil's general and administrative expenses decreased 26% and 11% over the same periods primarily as a result of lower bad debt expense, lower customer care expenses primarily related to a decrease in the number of calls Nextel Brazil has received in its call centers, and a reduction in payroll costs resulting from fewer general and administrative personnel following reductions in force. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in certain consulting expenses.

c. Corporate

Successor Company	Predecessor Company				
June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	Change from Previous Year Dollars Percent			
(dollars in	thousands)				
\$45	\$ 77	\$(32) (42)%			
(9,781)	(16,190)	6,409 (40)%			
\$(9,736)	\$(16,113)	\$6,377 (40)%			
\$99	\$ 168	\$(69) (41)%			
(21,639)	(39,071)	17,432 (45)%			
\$(21,540)	\$ (38,903)	\$17,363 (45)%			
	Company June 30, 2016 (dollars in 1) \$45 \$ (9,781) \$ (9,736)	Company Company June 30, June 30, 2016 2015 (dollars in thousands) \$45 \$77 8 (9,781) (16,190) \$(9,736) \$(16,113)			

Segment losses decreased \$6.4 million, or 40%, and \$17.4 million, or 45%, in the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to the same periods in 2015 primarily due to a reduction in payroll costs resulting from fewer general and administrative personnel following reductions in force that we implemented in 2015, lower consulting expenses and lower information technology costs.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2016, we had a working capital deficit of \$22.8 million compared to a working capital deficit of \$177.4 million as of December 31, 2015. As of June 30, 2016, our working capital included \$338.1 million in cash and cash equivalents, of which \$1.2 million was held by Nextel Brazil in Brazilian reais, and \$91.4 million in short-term investments, which was also held in Brazilian reais. During the second quarter of 2016, \$56.7 million of net cash was returned to us in connection with the release of performance bonds and related interest income relating to our obligations to deploy spectrum in Brazil. In addition, as of June 30, 2016, we had \$118.1 million of cash collateral securing the remaining performance bonds, of which we recorded \$63.7 million as a component of other assets and the remaining \$54.4 million as a component of prepaid expenses and other in our condensed consolidated balance sheet. As of June 30, 2016, we also had \$207.8 million in cash held in escrow in connection with the sales of Nextel Argentina, Nextel Mexico and Nextel Peru and \$80.0 million in judicial deposits in Brazil, all of which we classified as restricted cash.

A substantial portion of our U.S. dollar-denominated cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments is held in bank deposits, and our cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments held in Brazilian reais are typically maintained in a combination of money market funds, highly liquid overnight securities and fixed income investments. The values of our cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments that are held in Brazilian reais will fluctuate in U.S. dollars based on changes in the exchange rate of the Brazilian real relative to the U.S. dollar. Our current sources of funding

include our cash, cash equivalent and short-term investment balances, as well as restricted cash currently held in escrow to secure our indemnification obligations in connection with the sales of Nextel Argentina, Nextel Mexico and Nextel Peru and the return of cash pledged as collateral to secure performance bonds relating to our obligations to deploy our spectrum in Brazil. In August 2016, we received approximately \$39.7 million of cash in connection with the release of these performance bonds.

Cash Flows

	Successor	Predecessor
	Company	Company
	Six	
	Months	Six Months
	Ended	Ended June
	June 30,	30, 2015
	2016	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	\$342,184	\$334,194
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	8,030	(254,757)
Net cash provided by investing activities	17,027	1,027,821
Net cash used in financing activities	(28,580)	(778,231)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(601)	(9,152)
Change in cash and cash equivalents related to discontinued operations		103,260
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$338,060	\$423,135

The following is a discussion of the primary sources and uses of cash in our operating, investing and financing activities.

Our operating activities provided us with \$8.0 million of cash during the six months ended June 30, 2016, a \$262.8 million increase from the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to decreased operating losses largely resulting from cost reduction efforts and the sale of our Mexican operations.

Our investing activities provided us with \$17.0 million of cash during the six months ended June 30, 2016, primarily due to \$45.6 million of net cash returned to us from the release of performance bonds, \$16.0 million in cash released from escrow and \$7.9 million in net proceeds received from maturities of our short-term investments in Brazil and at the corporate level, partially offset by \$35.7 million in cash capital expenditures and \$11.9 million paid for judicial deposits. Our investing activities provided us with \$1,027.8 million of cash during the first half of 2015, primarily due to the sale of Nextel Mexico for which we received net proceeds of \$1.448 billion, including \$187.5 million in cash deposited in escrow. The net proceeds from the sale of Nextel Mexico were partially offset by \$88.5 million of capital expenditures and \$57.1 million in changes in restricted cash and other deposits, most of which related to deposits to secure certain performance bonds relating to our obligations to deploy our WCDMA network in Brazil.

We used \$28.6 million of cash in our financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016, primarily due to the \$24.4 million semi-annual principal repayment under Nextel Brazil's equipment financing facility. We used \$778.2 million of cash in our financing activities during the first half of 2015 largely due to \$745.2 million of cash distributions paid in settlement of certain claims in connection with our emergence from Chapter 11.

Future Capital Needs and Resources

Over the course of the last several years, our results of operations, including our operating revenues and operating cash flows, have been negatively affected by a number of factors, including significant deterioration in economic conditions in Brazil, increased competitive pressure, the overall depreciation of the value of the Brazilian real relative to the U.S. dollar and the impact of previous delays in the deployment and launch of services on our WCDMA network in Brazil. These and other factors resulted in a reduction in our subscriber growth and revenues at a time when our costs reflected the operation of both of our networks and had a significant negative impact on our results and our ability to grow our revenue base to a level sufficient to reach the scale required to generate positive operating income.

As a result, in 2014, we concluded that we were not able to maintain sufficient liquidity to support our business plan and repay our debts when they come due, including \$4.35 billion of senior notes issued by NII International Telecom, S.C.A., or NIIT, and NII Capital Corp. On September 15, 2014, we and eight of our U.S. and Luxembourg-domiciled subsidiaries, filed voluntary petitions seeking relief under Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, which we refer to as Chapter 11, in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York, which we refer to as the Bankruptcy Court. Subsequent to September 15, 2014, five additional subsidiaries filed voluntary petitions seeking relief under Chapter 11 in the Bankruptcy Court. On June 26, 2015, we and the other Debtors emerged from the Chapter 11 proceedings. Our operating subsidiaries in Brazil, Mexico and Argentina were not debtors in the Chapter 11 cases. See Note 2 to our condensed consolidated financial statements for more information regarding the impact of the implementation of the Plan of Reorganization.

We will use the remainder of the proceeds received from the sales of Nextel Mexico in April 2015 and Nextel Argentina in September 2015, both of which followed the sales of Nextel Chile in August 2014 and Nextel Peru in August 2013, to fund our operations in Brazil. While we are focused on effectively managing our business in Brazil, we are also considering potential strategic alternatives with third parties.

Capital Resources. Our ongoing capital resources depend on a variety of factors, including our existing cash, cash equivalents and investment balances, cash flows generated by our operating activities, cash that we recover from the amounts held in escrow to secure our indemnification obligations in connection with the sales of Nextel Argentina, Nextel Mexico and Nextel Peru, the return of cash pledged as collateral to secure certain performance bonds relating to our obligations to deploy our spectrum in Brazil, external financial sources, other financing arrangements and the availability of cash proceeds from the sale of assets.

Our ability to generate sufficient net cash from our operating activities in the future is dependent upon, among other things:

the amount of revenue we are able to generate and collect from our subscribers, including our ability to increase the size of our subscriber base;

the amount of operating expenses required to provide our services;

the cost of acquiring and retaining customers, including the subsidies we incur to provide handsets to both our new and existing subscribers; and

changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Due to the impact of our recent and projected results of operations and other factors, we expect our access to the capital markets in the near term may be limited. See "— Future Outlook and Liquidity Plans" for more information. Capital Needs and Contractual Obligations. We currently anticipate that our future capital needs will principally consist of funds required for:

operating expenses and capital expenditures relating to our existing network and the planned deployment of LTE in other commercial areas in Brazil;

payments in connection with spectrum purchases, including ongoing spectrum license fees;

debt service requirements;

obligations relating to our tower financing arrangements and capital lease obligations;

eash taxes: and

other general corporate expenditures.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, there were no material changes to our total contractual obligations as described in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

In May 2016, Nextel Brazil entered into an amendment to a nationwide roaming voice and data services agreement with Telefonica Brazil S.A., or Telefonica, to reduce the usage rates for roaming traffic. Concurrently, Nextel Brazil entered into a 10-year radio access network, or RAN, sharing agreement with Telefonica under which Telefonica will permit Nextel Brazil to use its tower and equipment infrastructure to transmit telecommunications signals on Nextel Brazil's spectrum. These agreements require Nextel Brazil to meet certain minimum annual commitments over a five-year period totaling 800 million Brazilian reais, or approximately \$246.2 million based on foreign currency exchange rates at the time, which replaced the remaining commitments under the original roaming agreement. Nextel Brazil is required to prepay 250 million Brazilian reais shortly after the agreements become effective with receipt of regulatory approvals, which occurred in early August 2016. The RAN sharing agreement will allow Nextel Brazil to cease operating a significant number of its transmitter and receiver sites in low-usage areas, which would reduce future operating expenses. In addition, Nextel Brazil will be able to forego construction of new transmitter and receiver sites and utilize the RAN sharing agreement to fulfill regulatory coverage obligations, which would reduce future operating expenses and capital expenditures.

Capital Expenditures. Our capital expenditures, including capitalized interest, were \$11.1 million for the first half of 2016 and \$69.2 million for the same period in 2015. We have reduced our investments in capital expenditures, including making substantial reductions to our investments in network development and deployment. We expect to

continue these efforts to conserve our cash resources.

Our capital spending and related expenses are expected to be driven by several factors, including:

the amount we spend to enhance our WCDMA network in Brazil and deploy our planned LTE upgrade;

the extent to which we expand the coverage of our network in new or existing market areas;

the number of additional transmitter and receiver sites we build in order to increase system capacity, maintain system quality and meet our regulatory requirements, as well as the costs associated with the installation of network infrastructure and switching equipment; and

the costs we incur in connection with non-network related information technology projects.

Our future capital expenditures may also be affected by future technology improvements, technology choices and our available capital.

Maintenance Covenants Under Financing Agreements. As of June 30, 2016, we had \$280.7 million principal amount outstanding under Nextel Brazil's local bank loans. As discussed in more detail in Note 1 and Note 6 to our condensed consolidated financial statements, we are required to meet a net debt financial covenant semiannually in connection with the agreements governing Nextel Brazil's local bank loans. In August 2016, Nextel Brazil secured waivers from the lenders of its local bank loans related to this financial covenant for the June 30, 2016 measurement date. The next measurement date for this financial covenant will be December 31, 2016. Based on our current outlook, which reflects significant uncertainly about the economic and competitive conditions in Brazil that are currently impacting our ability to increase our revenues and generate profitability, we believe it is unlikely that we will satisfy the applicable financial covenant included in both of Nextel Brazil's local bank loan agreements as of the December 31, 2016 measurement date. If we are unable to develop or implement changes to our business that allow us to meet this covenant, we will need to refinance or negotiate amendments to these loan arrangements or secure additional waivers from the lenders in order to avoid a potential default under the loan agreements. If a default under these local bank loans occurs, the lenders could require us to repay the amounts outstanding under these arrangements. As a result of this uncertainty, we have continued to classify the amounts outstanding under Nextel Brazil's local bank loans as current liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2016.

In December 2014, Nextel Brazil and the lender under the equipment financing facility agreed to amend this facility to remove all financial covenants beginning with the December 31, 2014 measurement date through the June 30, 2017 measurement date so that the first measurement date under the amended facility will be December 31, 2017. As of June 30, 2016, we had \$318.0 million in principal amount outstanding under Nextel Brazil's equipment financing facility. Because of the uncertainty regarding our ability to meet the financial covenant contained in Nextel Brazil's local bank loans discussed above and certain cross-default provisions that are included in the loan agreement under Nextel Brazil's equipment financing facility, we have continued to classify the amount outstanding under this facility as a current liability in our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2016.

Future Outlook and Liquidity Plans. In connection with our emergence from Chapter 11, we made a number of changes within our senior management team and modified our business plan to reflect our available cash resources and the impact of the current and expected economic and competitive conditions in Brazil on both our subscriber growth and revenues, and are aligning our costs with this revised outlook. Our current sources of funding are our cash and investments on hand; the ultimate amount recovered from cash currently held in escrow to secure our indemnification obligations in connection with the sales of Nextel Argentina, Nextel Mexico and Nextel Peru; the return of cash pledged as collateral to secure certain performance bonds relating to our obligations to deploy our spectrum in Brazil; and funds generated from our operations. As of June 30, 2016, assuming the availability of these funding sources, and if we are successful in making the necessary changes to our business that are factored into our revised business plan, we expect to have sufficient liquidity to continue to fund our business through early 2018. If we do not meet the results in our revised business plan, or if anticipated funding sources are not available to us, including the release of cash held in escrow, it is likely that we would need to obtain additional funding in the next twelve months. We believe that the uncertainties relating to our business, together with the restrictions in our current financing arrangements and general conditions in the financial and credit markets, may make it challenging for us to obtain additional funding. In addition, the cost of any additional funding that we may require, if available, could be both significant and higher than the cost of our existing financing arrangements. Our inability to obtain suitable financing if and when it is required for these or other reasons could, among other things, negatively impact our results of operations and liquidity.

In making the assessment of our funding needs and the adequacy of our current sources of funding, we have considered:

cash and cash equivalents on hand and short-term investments available to fund our operations; restricted cash currently held in escrow to secure our indemnification obligations in connection with the sales of Nextel Argentina, Nextel Mexico and Nextel Peru;

the future return of cash pledged as collateral to secure certain performance bonds relating to our obligations to deploy our spectrum in Brazil;

eash proceeds from sales of assets, including the potential sale of additional transmitter and receiver sites in Brazil; expected cash flows from our operation in Brazil;

the cost of purchasing spectrum, the financing available to fund such purchases, and timing of spectrum payments, including ongoing fees for spectrum use;

the anticipated level of capital expenditures required to meet both minimum build-out requirements and our planned deployment of the WCDMA network in Brazil, as well as our planned deployment of LTE in other commercial areas in Brazil;

our scheduled debt service obligations;

our other contractual obligations; and

eash income and other taxes.

In addition to the factors described above, the anticipated cash needs of our business, as well as the conclusions presented herein regarding our liquidity needs, could change significantly:

based on the continued development of our business plans and strategy;

if we decide to expand into new markets or expand our geographic coverage or network capacity in our existing markets beyond our current plans, as a result of the construction of additional portions of our network or the acquisition of competitors or others;

if currency values in Brazil depreciate or appreciate relative to the U.S. dollar in a manner that is more significant than we currently expect and assume as part of our plans;

if economic conditions in Brazil do not improve or worsen;

if competitive practices in the mobile wireless telecommunications industry in Brazil change materially from those currently prevailing or from those now anticipated; or

if other presently unexpected circumstances arise that have a material effect on the cash flow or profitability of our business.

Effect of New Accounting Standards

There were no new accounting standards issued during the three months ended June 30, 2016 that materially impacted our condensed consolidated financial statements or could materially impact our financial statements or related disclosures in a future period.

Forward-Looking and Cautionary Statements

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q may contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Statements regarding expectations, including forecasts regarding operating results, performance assumptions and estimates relating to capital requirements, as well as other statements that are not historical facts, are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are generally identified by such words or phrases as "we expect," "we believe," "would be," "will allow," "expects to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimate," "project" or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty, and a variety of facts could cause our actual results and experience to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in these forward-looking statements. We do not have a policy of updating or revising forward-looking statements except as otherwise required by law.

While we provide forward-looking statements to assist in the understanding of our anticipated future financial performance, we caution readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date that we make them. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to significant risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Except as otherwise required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly release any updates to forward-looking statements to reflect events after the date of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, including

unforeseen events.

Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors that could have a material adverse effect on our operations and results of our business include, but are not limited to:

our ability to attract and retain customers;

our ability to satisfy the requirements of our debt obligations;

our ability to access sufficient debt or equity capital to meet any future operating and financial needs;

our ability to meet established operating goals and generate cash flow;

the availability of other funding sources, including the proceeds from the sales of Nextel Argentina, Nextel Mexico and Nextel Peru held in escrow and proceeds derived from other asset sales;

general economic conditions in Brazil and in the market segments that we are targeting for our services;

the political and social conditions in Brazil, including political instability, which may affect Brazil's economy and the regulatory scheme there;

the impact of foreign currency exchange rate volatility in the local currency in Brazil when compared to the U.S. dollar and the impact of related currency depreciation in Brazil;

our having reasonable access to and the successful performance of the technology being deployed in our service areas, and improvements thereon, including technology deployed in connection with the introduction of digital two-way mobile data or internet connectivity services in our markets;

the availability of adequate quantities of system infrastructure and subscriber equipment and components at reasonable pricing to meet our service deployment and marketing plans and customer demand;

risks related to the operation and expansion of our WCDMA network in Brazil, including the potential need for additional funding to support enhanced coverage and capacity, and the risk that new services supported by the WCDMA network will not attract enough subscribers to support the related costs of deploying or operating the network;

our ability to successfully scale our billing, collection, customer care and similar back-office operations to keep pace with customer growth as necessary, increased system usage rates and growth or to successfully deploy new systems that support those functions;

future legislation or regulatory actions relating to our services, other wireless communications services or *elecommunications generally and the costs and/or potential customer impacts of compliance with regulatory mandates:

the ability to achieve and maintain market penetration and average subscriber revenue levels sufficient to provide financial viability to our network business;

the quality and price of similar or comparable wireless communications services offered or to be offered by our competitors, including providers of cellular services and personal communications services; market acceptance of our new service offerings;

our ability to successfully manage and support our legacy iDEN network in Brazil;

equipment failure, natural disasters, terrorist acts or other breaches of network or information technology security; and other risks and uncertainties described in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors," in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and, from time to time, in our other reports filed with the SEC.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, there were no material changes to our market risk policies or our market risk sensitive instruments and positions as described in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods required by the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As of June 30, 2016, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management teams in the United States and in Brazil. Based on this evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective due to two material weaknesses in Nextel Brazil's internal control over financial reporting. One of the material weaknesses was initially disclosed during the three months ended September 30, 2014 and relates to certain deficiencies in Nextel Brazil's control environment and risk assessment processes, including an organizational structure with insufficiently trained resources and where supervisory roles, responsibilities and monitoring activities were not aligned with financial reporting objectives. While our remediation efforts related to this material weakness are ongoing, we have taken a number of steps to improve our control environment, including:

replacing Nextel Brazil's controller during the second quarter of 2016;

improving the number and quality of other key individuals within Nextel Brazil's accounting function; providing supplemental training on U.S. generally accepted accounting principles throughout Nextel Brazil's finance organization;

improving account reconciliation preparation and review procedures;

redesigning our risk assessment process and, during the first half of 2016, reviewing significant accounting processes for risk points and control gaps; and

implementing new controls in many areas of the organization.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, management identified an additional material weakness in the Company's internal control over financial reporting in Brazil that existed as of December 31, 2015 related to multiple control deficiencies that resulted in certain expenses not being recorded in the fourth quarter of 2015. The control deficiencies include violation of procurement and payment policies, lack of tone at the top, and lack of communication regarding the entry into a significant arrangement by Nextel Brazil senior management. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we disclosed an immaterial error in our prior period financial statements as a result of this material weakness. The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors hired a third party adviser to assess the facts and assist us in the development of a remediation plan to address this material weakness. As a result of this assessment and our own evaluation, we are implementing certain remediation efforts, including:

making changes to modify the reporting structure between Nextel Brazil and our corporate headquarters; providing training to senior leadership in Nextel Brazil related to Sarbanes-Oxley and other SEC rules and regulations; and

implementing new contract and purchase order review and approval processes.

These control deficiencies create a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement to the consolidated financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. As a result, we performed additional procedures to mitigate the impact of these deficiencies on our condensed consolidated financial statements, including reviews and validations performed by staff at our headquarters office who were not part of the financial close process in Brazil.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Other than as described above, there have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially

affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are subject to claims and legal actions that may arise in the ordinary course of business. We do not believe that any of these pending claims or legal actions will have a material effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. For information on our various loss contingencies, see Note 4 and Note 8 to our condensed consolidated financial statements above.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Item 2. Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

(b) The following table presents information related to repurchases of our common stock during the three months ended June 30, 2016:

					Approxim	ate
				Total	Dollar Val	lue
	Total		Average	Number of	of Shares	
Period	Number o	f	Price	Shares	that May	
renou	Shares		Per	Purchased	Yet Be	
	Purchased		Share	as Part of	Purchased	
				Program	Under the	
					Program	
April 1, 2016 - April 30, 2016	_		\$ -			
May 1, 2016 - May 31, 2016	_		_			
June 1, 2016 - June 30, 2016	45,091	(1)	3.00	45,091		
Total	45,091	(1)	_	45,091	\$	_

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to a general authorization, which was not publicly announced, whereby we are authorized to repurchase shares of our common stock to satisfy employee withholding tax obligations related to stock-based compensation.

Item 6.	Exhibits			
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Form	Exhibit	Incorporated by Reference Filing Date
31.1	Statement of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).			-
31.2	Statement of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).			
32.1	Statement of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.			
32.2	Statement of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.			
	The following materials from the NII Holdings, Inc. Quarterly Report on			
	Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2016 formatted in eXtensible			
	Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) Condensed Consolidated			
101	Balance Sheets, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive			
	Income, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in			
	Stockholders' Equity, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash			
	Flows and (v) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.			
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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

B /s:/ TIMOTHY M. MULIERI

Timothy M. Mulieri Vice President, Corporate Controller (on behalf of the registrant and as Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: August 11, 2016

EXHIBIT INDEX

Limbii	I I DEX			
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	Flows and (v) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.			